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JAHR'S NEW MANUAL

OF

HOMŒOPATHIC PRACTICE.

EDITED, WITH ANNOTATIONS,

BY

A. GERALD HULL, M. D.

SECOND AMERICAN, FROM THE THIRD OR PARIS EDITION.

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J. M. D.

The editor verily supposed on the first receipt of the English Translation of this work, that it would only be necessary for him to add somewhat to the Clinical department and ensure to the American physician and student, a careful reprint from that translation. And under this impression he undertook with alacrity a task which could be so easily performed, and prove of so much service to his countrymen. But after the prospectus had been published some weeks, he discovered, to his very great surprise, that the English translation was crowded with defects of such a nature, as not only to render it a treacherous guide to practice, but to make the enormous labor of a complete and critical revision of the work from the French and German of the Author's second and third editions absolutely unavoidable. This has of course delayed the work full two months beyond the time of issue promised by the publisher. —The Editor considers it his duty to warn the beginner against relying on the English Translation in the practice. It is a corruption of Jahr's Compend, and in very many instances, fully perverts the original pathogenetic records. It has no doubt been executed by a "hack" translator, and that without the least supervision. The Student of Homœopathia will be careful to read the INTRODUCTION by Jahr, and to pursue faithfully the method it sets forth. This invaluable essay is wholly omitted in the London translation.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The editor has been materially assisted in this work by JOHN F. GRAY, M. D., the eldest practitioner of Homœopathia in this country, through whose valuable supervision it has not only been greatly enriched, but considerably hastened in its progress through the press.

Dr. Hering's translation, the first American edition, has been occasionally servicable in perfecting this work; and the editor also acknowledges with pleasure the valuable aid he has derived from Mr. *J. C. Peters*, of this city.

MR. WILLIAM RADDE, 322 Broadway, has been appointed Agent of The Central Homœopathic Pharmacy, at Leipsic, the medicines of which we feel assured by experience can be safely trusted. Our friends should be careful to procure such only as are authenticated by the seal of this distinguished association.

PREFACE AND INTRODUCTION.

THE extraordinary success which the *first edition* of this MANUAL has obtained in France, notwithstanding its many imperfections, has inspired us with the hope that the public will not accord a less favorable judgment to this *third edition*, which we have aimed to render as complete and useful as the actual state of the science and restricted form of the work will allow. Those who have had occasion to examine the second edition, which appeared in 1835, in the German language, know that the defects charged upon the first were there avoided, and that it contained much more material. In comparing this with its predecessor they will be equally convinced of the improvements we have here introduced.

We have entitled this edition: A NEW MANUAL OF HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE; because the work appears as an original in French, for the first time, and also, because we have contributed various modifications, which virtually render it a new work, scarcely resembling the two previous except in identity of subject. This work is divided into two entirely distinct parts; the one appropriated to medicines, the other to symptoms; and each one of these is subdivided under special titles. The first volume treats of medicines under the designation of MANUAL OF MATERIA MEDICA, &c. The second volume is denominated, A MANUAL OF SYMPTOMATOLOGY, AND HOMŒOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS. This last requires a special introduction; all that is said here on the use of this Manual only applies to the first part. Our present remarks have the following arrangement: 1st. *On the design and composition of this work.*—2d. *On the symptoms as they are here collated.*—3d. *On the clinical instructions we have given.*—4th. *On the doses to be used.*—5th. *On the repetition of the doses.*—6th. *On the duration of the action of medicines.*—7th. *On analogous medicines and on antidotes.*—8th. *On the arrangement of this work in general.*—9th. *On the manner of using it.*

I.—DESIGN AND COMPOSITION OF THIS WORK.

We clearly indicated the design of this work in its two earlier editions. It is by no means designed to supply the place of the *Materia Medica*, nor to render its study superfluous; but on the contrary, *to facilitate its use and knowledge by a resumé as perfect, and, at the same time, as concise as possible, and to give all the particular indications that clinical experience has developed up to the present day, as an aid in the selection of remedies.* For this purpose, we have laid under contribution all that the works of HAHNEMANN or those of his disciples, whether in Europe or America, include in pure and clinical observations up to the latest moment; and we have also added the results of our own personal experience and experiments, as well as that which has been communicated to us by friends and associates worthy of our confidence. We have carefully studied and compared all these observations with themselves, before reaching that conclusion on which the essential character of the medicine depends. Thus it is that the tableaux we have drawn in this Manual, far from being mere collections of separate facts brought into juxtaposition, good and bad, are much more the result of sober and reflective studies, and the most exact expressions which we could give of that which is really important to be known of the *Materia Medica*.

As we have been especially desirous to make it a practical resumé, we have quoted for each one of our indications the authority on which it rests. The original *Materia Medica* should contain all accessory details, and as that which the French Homœopathists possess does not contain one half the facts we have contributed, we propose to publish hereafter, in addition to our Manual, a much more explicit and voluminous work, which, besides the observations contained in the works of HAHNEMANN, shall give all those of other Homœopathic physicians, as well as our own, in detail. We anticipate the accomplishment of this project when the voice of the Homœopathic physicians shall render it possible by their support; and indeed, this large work would have been published before this, if the time required for its execution would not have too far postponed the publication of this *Manual*, which we have so long promised to the French physicians.

Our first edition included a hundred and forty-five medicines; in the second, the number was advanced to a hundred and seventy-four, and in the present, the medi-

cines number two hundred, exclusive of the *Magnet*. Nevertheless, we do not imagine that this number represents the true state of our *Materia Medica*; in this collection there are not more than eighty or ninety substances which are sufficiently well known to be used habitually to advantage, and perhaps there are more than fifty of which we possess but very insufficient information. We should have omitted these last entirely, if it had not appeared important to gather together, as far as possible, all the fragments of the *materia medica*, which, scattered here and there, would fall into neglect and be lost forever. At the end of this Introduction (Table I.) we have given a list of the medicines contained in this work, indicating those which are more or less known and those which are more or less used. We have also indicated those which were not included in the first edition, that they may be more readily distinguished.

Among the new medicines are included many of the highest importance; of this number we designate, *Ammonium muriaticum*, *Baryta muriatica*, *Brucea*, *Calcarea phosphorata*, *Cistus canadensis*, *Daphne indica*, *Kreosotum*, *Magnesia sulphurica*, *Natrum sulphuricum*, *Nux moschata*, *Prunus spinosa*, etc. There were some also in the second edition published in German, which had an imperfect record of symptoms, but which in the present have received a pathogenesis nearly complete. Of this number are chiefly, *Borax*, *Ignatia*, *Lachesis*, *Moschus*, and several *Antipsorics*, which we have perfected from the second edition of the Chronic Diseases by HAHNEMANN, where the number of their symptoms has been considerably augmented, in some instances to the extent of two thousand, such as *Sulphur*, *Sepia*, *Phosphorus* and others.

The nomenclature which we have employed to designate the medicines, is that used in the most of our pharmacopæias.* We have given this a preference, supposing the majority of Homœopathic physicians are already accustomed to it. But at the end of this work we have given a list of the common names corresponding to the Latin names, so that those who are still unacquainted with our pharmaceutic terminology may be correctly instructed. The medicines are arranged in *alphabetical order*, with the exception of the *Magnet*, which we have placed at the end, and we have also preferred to arrange the acids according

[* The author alludes here of course to the continental pharmacopæias. Ed.]

to their base ; for example : *Mur. ac.*, *Nitr. ac.*, *Phosph. ac.*, *Sulph. ac.*, in place of *Acid nitr.*, *Acid phosph.*, etc.

II.—ON THE SYMPTOMS COLLATED IN THIS WORK.

Our plan of collating the effects of medicaments consists in presenting primarily, *the pure pathogenetic effects* ; and secondarily, as perfecting the former, *the sufferings known from experience to have been cured by them*. In composing the first edition of our work, we took an entirely opposite course, and preferred for our basis the symptoms which, in the practice of medicine, had contributed to indicate the remedies. But reflecting that these symptoms are much less certain than symptoms purely pathogenetic, we changed our course in the second edition, taking the pure *Materia Medica* for the basis. There was a single inconvenience which attended this procedure, that two sets of symptoms were thrown together without distinction. On the other hand, this inconvenience was not, it is true, followed by any serious result ; inasmuch as the direct symptoms indicated the circumstances in which a medicine, according to our principles, ought to act favorably ; whilst the symptoms cured discover those in which the medicine *has acted* with good effect, which for the practice amounts to the same thing, if in relation to these last, it was certain that they had disappeared under the action of the remedy.

For this reason we have endeavoured, in this edition, to distinguish as far as possible the two kinds of symptoms, designating by a zero (°) those which, without having been observed as *pathogenetic symptoms*, have, notwithstanding, been cured by the medicine ; and by an *asterisk* (*) those which have been observed at the same time as *pathogenetic effects* and *clinical indications* ; while those *pathogenetic effects* which have not as yet contributed to any known cases of cure are left without any distinguishing sign. Thus each symptom can be estimated according to its true value, and applied according to the confidence placed in the respective classes which propose to establish. For our own part we are never guided by a *single* symptom ; it is the *general characteristic* resulting from the total pathogenesis, that controls us in our appreciation of particular symptoms of every kind. This is our rule for determining the choice of a medicine ; it is the rule we have observed

in tracing out the *tableaux* of this work ; and it should be that of every Homœopathic physician who would escape deception. For, when some isolate feature fails in exact resemblance to the symptomatology of the *Materia Medica*, the *total physiognomy*, such as results from the *ensemble* of the symptoms, will not on that account be less exact than the best portrait after nature ; and whosoever shall acquire by profound study the truly essential characteristic will be in possession of a science that the knowledge of single features can never give.

That the sphere of action of medicines may be better settled we have given a more extended number of symptoms than in the previous editions. This, it is true, has rendered the *coup d'œil* more difficult ; but the *clinical observations*, which are to be found at the head of the chapters, and the symptoms which are printed in *italics* will prove ample aids to bring them into favourable light and to form a much more concise *resumé* without interfering in the least with the residue. It is not intended, however, that the symptoms marked in *italics* should determine the choice of remedies to the exclusion of the others. EVERY SYMPTOM HAS A RELATIVE VALUE, BUT NO ONE IN AN ABSOLUTE MANNER. That which is characteristic in the pathogenesis of a medicine is only relatively so to the medicines which possess it not ; and the same symptom which, in such or such a series of comparisons, has no distinctive value, because common to them all, acquires the highest importance on comparing this medicine with another.

In this manner we have generally distinguished those phenomena which appeared to predominate over the others in the same organ, or those sensations which seemed to reappear most frequently in organs which were most unlike, &c. We have frequently, also, distinguished, in two *alternating* effects, that which seemed to occur the most frequently, although, in almost every case, the one and other of these effects had an equal importance. Thus it is that *Diarrhœa* and *Constipation* in *Nux vomica*, *thirst* and *thirstlessness* in *Pulsatilla*, *burning pain* and *ice-cold sensation* in *Arsenic*, are one and all alike characteristic for the choice of the medicine, when the rest of the symptoms accord with the disease. There is also a phenomenon more constant than is generally imagined : all medicines, principally the polychrests, which have some well marked symptom, *hold equally in alternation this symptom and the phenomenon opposed to it* ; and it is generally wrong to consider one symptom as *primitive*, and another as *secondary* or *consecu-*

tive: for one or other (according to the individuals) can, in reality, first manifest itself. And is not the same fact observable in a large number of diseases *sui generis*? Does not Typhus, for example, produce incessant sleeplessness and then the most profound coma, or stupidity at times and then delirium, or constipation the most obstinate, or diarrhœa the most violent, according to the constitution of the individual affected? The question of *similia* and *contraria* does not hang on the relation of some isolate symptoms, but on the totality of the phenomena, the general aspect of the disease and the pathogenesis of the medicament. But this is not the place for the discussion of this question, of which we have simply taken note, and to which we have given a passing glance, merely to answer those who have desired to know how we have, among contrary or contradictory effects, distinguished that which is primitive from that which is consecutive.

III. ON THE CLINICAL INSTRUCTIONS WHICH ARE TO BE FOUND AT THE HEAD OF EACH MEDICAMENT.

In the two previous editions, we have occasionally mentioned among the symptoms *some names of diseases* in which a medicine had been employed or recommended. We by no means intended to designate it as a specific against the maladies, to which the most incorrect names are frequently given, but simply to elicit the attention of the physician to investigate the application of a remedy in a given case. Such an experiment as this, provided the name had been misapplied, could seemingly result in no other inconvenience to the physician than a momentary loss of time; but unfortunately this has not always been the case. Imperfectly instructed neophytes, notwithstanding all our rules, have administered medicines according to the *names of diseases alone*; and have of course failed in the treatment.

But *abusus non tollit usum*. For those who follow our principles, and make use of no medicine without consulting the pathogenesis, these indications have an immense advantage in pointing out to them, among two hundred medicines of our materia medica, a limited circle, which will almost always offer the best reason for its selection. On this account we have not hesitated to give an *aperçu* of clinical cases in this edition, but we have placed them, this

time, under the title of CLINICAL REMARKS, at the head of the pathogenesis, giving constant intimation of the limited field for their employment. We have occasionally followed a remark with an interrogation point where a medicine has not remained in use in the case for which it was recommended; while we have designated by *italics* all affections in which the medicine has been more than once employed.

The nosological nomenclature which we have adopted is that of the German school, in which a word has frequently a more extended or restricted sense than in the French. We should have preferred that of the French school, if the French authors themselves were always united in the precise definition of terms. In order to avoid these errors as much as possible, we have given a table (Table IV.) of definitions, to be found at the conclusion of this introduction, for the expressions we have used which may appear in a doubtful sense: and ordinarily we have used the most liberal latitude, since the physician, in consulting the symptoms, will find the means of determining that which is necessarily vague in the general expression. *Nothing is more unimportant than the name given to a disease; the true disciples of HAHNEMANN know it well. Every medicine will cure, if it be indicated by the symptoms; and the first diagnostician in the world will not find, in this science alone, any method of supplying the place of their examination.* It is then to the TABLEAUX OF SYMPTOMS that we definitely refer all those who would have pure and precise indications for special cases. All the quotations contained in the articles of CLINICAL REMARKS, as well as those which rest on proved facts, have no other intention than that of *advising* the Homœopathic physician to examine a medicine, to ascertain if, on investigating it in detail, he shall find it *possibly* indicated. Looking at the subject in another point of view, the consideration of names as infallible indications, and as guides for *determining* a choice, may be considered a most deplorable abuse—an abuse against which we shall ever protest with unabated energy.

IV.—ON THE USE OF THE HOMŒOPATHIC DOSES.

Beside the pathogenesis and *resumé* of clinical cases, some remarks upon the *doses used* and the *duration of their action*, may be found at the head of each medicine.—In re-

gard to the doses, we have selected them as found in authors, regarding them only as historical authority, but in no respect as absolute rules. The question of dilution must always be secondary, relatively to that of the medicine. HAHNEMANN employs the thirtieth in preference, others such as they find in the pharmacopæias, and others pass from one dilution to another, especially in cases of repetition. Dr. MURE, in an article inserted in the *Bibliothèque de Genève*, prefers the use of the first (low) attenuations in acute diseases, and those of the last (high) in chronic maladies. We ourselves, in the preface to our first edition, (Paris translation of 1833,) expressed similar opinions regarding the different dilutions, and virtually retain the same up to the present time in this form: *that if any distinction is to be maintained for practice*, we think that the first attenuations generally answer the best for maladies whose progress is rapid, while the last accord with those whose progress is tedious. But another question arises for information: whether, in cases where the low dilutions seem to be required (such as some *primitive* forms of syphilis, gonorrhœa, &c.), a desirable result cannot be attained by administering the *last* dilutions in reiterated doses, and especially by spoonful doses of a watery solution? For whatever may be the increase of strength which the remedies may acquire by trituration or shaking, it is not the less true that there follows at the same time a loss of power, inasmuch as any quantity of the thirtieth dilution will always prove more feeble than an equal volume of the first. The thing is perfectly evident, if we compare the effects which ten drops of the crude tincture of Arsenic will produce, with those which result from ten drops of the thirtieth. The observation is equally applicable to those substances which are called *inert* in their natural state, in this, that if we take a grain of *Lycopodium*, or of *pure Carbon*, but sufficiently triturated to become active, this grain will act more than an equal volume of the thirtieth dilution of these substances. But on the other hand, it is ascertained that by these dilutions the body of the substance has been dilated or expanded in its surface; and, in this manner, not only affects a greater number of our organs, when taken, but also developes all its atoms, which remain inactive in the compact state, and by consequence, allows a display of their entire action. For example, a hundred drops of the first dilution will produce, *together*, an effect infinitely more decided than can be obtained by a single drop of the crude tincture; yet in the hundred drops of

the first dilution there is not in reality any more medicinal matter than existed in the single drop of the crude tincture. Whence it appears that, while a single drop of the thirtieth in itself, may be more feeble than a drop of the first, a certain number of drops may constitute a dose, which, by the extension of its active atoms, will not only prove equal, but even surpass the power of the first dilutions.

This is not the appropriate place to treat of the preparation of doses, which justly belongs to the pharmacopæias; notwithstanding, we will propose this question: *For the development of the dynamic virtue of a medicine, will it answer to move the atoms of substances, either by shaking or trituration, or will it not be preferable to advance from dilution to dilution to reach the greatest extension possible of the atoms as to surface?* We have seen the ingenious instrument of trituration, invented by MURE, and the really powerful machine with which he effects the dilutions of his medicines; we have used the medicines prepared by these means, and must confess that, in respect to activity, they absolutely leave nothing to be desired, unless that their effects are sometimes in direct proportion to the increased number of shakings they may have received.—The essential requisite is that the mixture shall be as intimate as possible; and to produce this result it is necessary that the substances be agitated up to a certain point; but, for a medicine mixed with alcohol in the proportion of 1 to 100, it is probable that after 50 or 100 shakings, the combination of all the atoms will be effected as completely as possible.—The palpable advantage which a machine offers for shaking, appears in the power of preparing medicines in the proportion of 1 to 1000, and perhaps, also, of 1 to 10,000, advancing even up to the thirtieth. Through a mechanism which will conveniently allow agitation in so large proportions, we can obtain all that is to be coveted in relation to the development of the virtue of medicines.

V.—ON THE REPETITION OF DOSES.

We have treated, at length, of the dilution to be employed, in a separate article, feeling that this question appeared less important for practice than that of the *multiplication* of doses, or of the *repetition* according to the occasion. Give, if you please, during a certain time, 10, 12,

or 15 globules to the sick, and also one entire drop of the *first* dilutions: and *on abstaining from the repetition of the dose* until a new indication supervenes, you will not perceive a more unpleasant aggravation than if you had administered some globules of the *last* dilutions, and in this case, the difference will be, by no means, in proportion to the relative volume of the medical substance taken.

Change your experiment, on the contrary: take a *single globule* of any dilution, whether of the first or of the thirtieth, and dissolve it in 10, 12, or 15 spoonfuls of water, and give the solution to the sick by *spoonfuls*; the aggravations that will follow in particular cases, especially in some *chronic* affections, will be much more violent, and much less easy to combat, than those which appear in consequence of one entire drop, also of the first dilution, when it has been taken at a *single time*. We have remarked this fact more than a hundred times in the course of our observations; and HAHNEMANN himself has given it as his opinion that one or two globules taken at a *single time* form a feeble and most gentle dose, while the same globules dissolved in a quantity of water and taken in *repeated spoonfuls* have a much more decided action upon the organism. Frequently, it is true, a patient may take a spoonful of a like solution for a fortnight, every evening or every morning, without any misadventure; but it is not less frequently the case that, after the use of the solution, an aggravation arises proportionately more violent than the state of the patient had been satisfactory during the taking of the medicament, an aggravation which, in many cases, does not yield to a new dose of the solution, but to return, in consequence, with renewed intensity, resembling in action the relief afforded by palliatives. On this account, however salutary and however preferable this mode of administering medicines in repeated doses may be in many cases, it is nevertheless not always applicable, and demands for its successful employment to be based on fixed principles and rules. These rules, we very well know, cannot be established with any certainty but by comparing a great number of the most contradictory observations; and, if we here essay to express our opinion on this subject, it is only with the intention of presenting some ideas for a more extended examination in the solution of this important question. Our ideas, in other respects, are the same as those we have expressed in our first edition, but more matured.

The principle which, according to our views, and conformably to the basis of our science, should lead to a view

of the question in its true aspect is, *that true, durable and radical cures are never effected by the direct action of a medicine, - BUT BY A REACTION OF NATURE EXCITED BY IT; whence there follows as a first general consequence, that every repetition of doses is at least superfluous, EXCEPT ENTIRELY DISPLACED, whilst this reaction follows its course.* Thus we observe in a large number of *functional lesions not very inveterate*, often the single taking of an appropriate medicine an amelioration established, which, with very unimportant interruptions, continues in general up to the entire cessation of suffering. To administer reiterated doses immediately after, in such cases, or to renew the first taken upon a slight and *sudden* diminution that this amelioration may undergo, would be opposing nature in her efforts, and most certainly retard the cure. Also in some recent and trifling organic lesions a cure may be frequently obtained much more promptly by the administration of a *single dose*. But it is quite the contrary in all very severe cases of organic lesions, especially those which result from the energetic action of some poison, miasm, or medicinal substance. In such instances the disease appears to have its own peculiar vital power, which controls the vital force of the organization, and obstructs or promptly neutralizes the reaction, which requires for its support a new and constant activity sufficient to triumph over the disease. Here we can administer repeated doses, in solutions, with the greatest success, whether the dilutions be the first or *last*, provided they are only continued to the necessary point for establishing the victorious reaction of the vital principle. The same rule applies to all the organic lesions, which, from their nature, maintain a continual focus of irritation in the parts affected, such as inflammations with suppuration, ulcers, some forms of disorganizations, &c.

In some cases of chronic diseases, *characterized by a kind of inertness and want of reaction*, we may have similar recourse to reiterated doses of globules dissolved in water; but this depends upon another reason and in regard to a design quite different from that of the preceding cases. For whilst we struggle to combat the violence of the disease which triumphs over the reaction, we will also endeavour to aggravate the malady, so to speak, before arousing it from its inertness, and thus elicit the reaction of the vitality of the organism. Nevertheless these trials are not always without danger, and it is necessary to proceed with much caution, lest the aggravation, on developing itself, may be so violent as to render insufficient the reaction of

the vital force. Therefore in similar cases we must most cautiously administer the repeated doses at intervals as short as possible, and arrest them on witnessing the super-vention of the first signs of an aggravation.

Finally, there is another case in which we may repeat the doses: it is when, after a time more or less prolonged, the disease improves, and yet the symptoms indicate the same medicine more than any other. But these cases seldom occur, except we have given *a single dose one time for all*, or many spoonfuls to the point of aggravation, the effects of which we await without further action; and then it is essential that we are certain of the cessation of the aggravation before we have recourse to a repetition.

VI. ON THE DURATION OF THE ACTION OF MEDICINES.

What we have said regarding the period when the repetition of a single dose should seem to be indicated, applies equally *to the choice of a new medicine*. For every aggravation, after an appropriate time, is not always a natural aggravation of the disease; frequently, on the contrary, it is dependent upon a new excitement provoked by the medicine which continues to act; and here nothing better can be done than to wait, since it will generally subside in a few days and give place to a much more decided expression. We frequently witness this development, especially in *chronic* diseases, after the administration of a *single dose, one time for all*. Frequently the two and three first days are good; then follows a light aggravation which disappears and renews itself occasionally for some time; so that generally in the first fortnight, and especially during the third week, the number of bad days exceed those of the good, while a change finally takes place at the conclusion of the month; the favourable days now exceeding the bad, a durable benefit is established and continues to the seventh and eighth weeks, an epoch in which the relics of the disease, which have not been completely destroyed, commence their reappearance.—In the mean time, there is a case where the aggravation is only the last effort of the action of the medicine, an effort that does not fail to subside in several days, leaving the disease, if not entirely cured, at least in such a state that no other means offer a more favourable issue. To apply a new medicine in such a case without knowing what might be developed must

frequently annul the whole treatment; while by carefully watching and understanding the progress of the vital reaction, we may frequently obtain in *two months*, with *a single dose* of a single medicine, an acceleration of cure, which could not be done in two years by a continual change of medicines, or by an inappropriate multiplication of doses. Such is our oft-repeated experience in following out the precepts HAHNEMANN gives on this subject in his *Organon*, and in the first volume on *Chronic Maladies*; and to it we seriously call the attention of every Homœopathic physician. It is never necessary, in any *chronic* disease, to change the medicine without having observed, at least during five or six days, the aggravation which seemed to demand it; and, *likewise, those which sometimes occur after the cessation of a medicine administered by spoonfuls ought to be treated after the same manner*, that is to say, to allow the medicine to act so long as there is any room to hope for improvement.

Notwithstanding the indispensable rule that a salutary remedy shall be allowed to expend its entire action, including the occasional momentary aggravation, we must not hesitate to interfere with the medicine we have chosen,—1. *When it produces no effect*; or 2. *When its effect is unfavourable*. The first of these conditions will be revealed to the attentive physician when he observes *no symptom peculiar* to the medicine, and when the state of the disease remains *stationary*, or is *progressively aggravated without amelioration in any respect*, presenting only such symptoms as belong to a more advanced stage of the malady. It is then that the physician will do well to *make an immediate repetition of the medicament administered*, even to the extent of producing some change. If there follows an improvement, even though it be slight, it will be necessary to watch the alternations of good and bad, as we have before indicated; but if, on the contrary, the state be rendered worse after the repetition, we must observe whether the aggravation be salutary, or whether it be owing to a *badly chosen medicine from the prolonged action of which we must expect unfavourable results*. This last may be easily recognized when the supervening aggravation, which may be a contest of the medicinal symptoms, is *neither preceded nor interrupted by a single moment of comfort*, and when, at the same time, the originally manifested disease makes its progress in the fashion of the general symptoms. In this case, the physician ought not fail to replace the acting medicine by one which responds more accurately to the ensemble of

the malady, and which will also cover the symptoms produced by the acting medicine.

We can lay down as a principle that, if the *general state*, and especially the *moral* condition of the patient be ameliorated, the physician should await the action of the medicine, *whatever may be the state of the local signs in other respects* ; but whenever the patient is worse in these respects (the general state including the moral) without any promise of a favourable termination, the medicine should be changed. The time justly required for observation, before deciding for or against, should be at least 5, 6 or 8 days in *chronic* diseases, as we have before stated ; and in *acute* diseases, from 15 to 30 minutes, or from 6 to 12 or 24 hours, according to the degree of violence and the more or less rapid progress of the disease. Thus on examining the state of the invalid, we have frequently witnessed the salutary action of medicines prolonged to 24, 48 and 96 hours, in *acute* diseases, and to 7 and 8 weeks in *chronic* maladies. These are the views we have wished to make known in indicating the duration of the action of each medicine.

VII.—ON ANALOGOUS MEDICINES.

A salutary medicine having expended its action, the disease will be frequently left in a state which is less characterized by the kind of symptoms than by the diminution of their intensity, so that we feel that we should repeat the same medicine. In the mean time, on carefully examining the patient, we shall observe some nuances of variation, even though very delicate ; it is then that another medicine is frequently indicated which in its pathogenesis bears a strong resemblance to the first. On this account, HAHNEMANN has indicated *Calcareo* or *Nitric Acid*, as suitable after *Sulphur Lycopodium, Calcareo, &c.* Doctor HERING has increased these indications, which we have taken pains to add to the descriptions of medicines for facilitating researches of every kind to the physician. And to render useful the other affinities besides those which HAHNEMANN and HERING have indicated, we have given at the head of each medicine, under the rubric, "COMPARE WITH," a list of those which seemed to have the closest analogy, and which, on occasion, could not only be administered after, but also serve as antidotes to this medi-

cine. This list frequently differs from that of Bönninghausen, because the additions which the pathogenesis of many medicines has received in latter times, has also developed their analogies.

The principal advantage which the physician can draw from these indications is in making comparative studies of analogous medicines, the better to establish their points of dissimilarity, and to avoid a multitude of deceptions which cannot fail to arise if they be confused in the administration of one for the other, as for example, *Lachesis* in the place of *Mercury*, *Veratrum* or *China* in that of *Arsenic*, &c. A deplorable abuse of these indications would be, on the contrary, to take them for an absolute guide for a choice, and to give a series of analogous medicines without any other reason than this analogy ; or again, to precede a medicine still indicated by another which is not, only because it has been reputed to be efficacious after the use of the first. The fundamental law for the employment of medicines is always the SIMILITUDE OF SYMPTOMS *and the necessity of allowing the medicine to expend its action*. An analogous medicine cannot be thought of until the action of the first has been expended, and then it should be only used on a comparison of symptoms, and a conviction of the fitness of its indication.

In the article on ANTIDOTES, we have indicated medicines, of which that in question is the antidote itself, persuaded as we are, in many cases, that the antidotal relations of two medicines are *reciprocal*, and that by the one we can relieve the others. Besides, it is necessary in the choice of antidotes, as in that of medicines in general, to follow them in their series. The best antidote will always be that which best answers to the symptoms ; and, in general, it will be much more profitable not to lose time in seeking for an antidote, but to make use of the medicine which most clearly accords with the ensemble of the symptoms which the patient presents. If this medicine partake of both relations (antidotal and homœopathic), so much the better ; but if it possess neither of these, he must not hesitate to search after one that is more suitable.

VIII.—ON THE CONTENTS OF THIS WORK IN GENERAL.

In the translation of the first edition, by Messrs. Mouzin and Noirot, these gentlemen thought proper to add several

articles not our own. In reference to many of these articles, such as the *repetition of doses*, &c., we have given our own opinions; and as to others, such as *notices on Homœopathia, Homœopathic Regimen*, &c., we refer the reader to our treatise entitled, *ELEMENTARY VIEWS ON HOMŒOPATHIA AND ITS MODE OF PRACTICE*; although we are persuaded that a knowledge of the *Organon of Hahnemann* as well as of his *Chronic Diseases* and *Pure Materia Medica*, is indispensably necessary for the successful use of this manual.

The translators of our first edition had added to each medicine some advice as to the mode of preparing it. We hold these instructions to be perfectly useless, since those who do not fear the expense which the preparation of medicines demands, would prefer, without doubt, to procure a *complete pharmacopœia*, such as is to be found in the *translation* of the fifth edition of the *Organon* by Jourdan.

The French expressions we have used to give the meaning of the German words, require the greatest indulgence on the part of the public, an indulgence no one will refuse who weighs the immense difficulties inseparably connected with similar translations. We have frequently consulted Frenchmen well versed in their language, who have rendered us the greatest services; but we have frequently been compelled to have recourse to expressions little used, in order to remain faithful to the original expression which, also in the German, are popular terms that have no equivalents in scientific language. Under the head entitled, "CLINICAL REMARKS," we have continually used the *scientific terms*; but in the running text of *symptoms* we have avoided as far as possible every pathological expression, reserving these names for the denomination of *diseases* which belong to this head.

The order in which the *symptoms* follow is that which we had adopted in the composition of our second edition, according to which the symptoms of the *head* are no longer the first, but the *general symptoms*, followed by those of the *Skin, Sleep, Fever* and *Mind*, after which succeed the residue in their accustomed order. This order is, in general, the same for all the medicines; only, we have sometimes united under the same rubric two or three articles containing a few symptoms; but then we have indicated it by the titles. We have also given at the end of this introduction (Table III.) an *aperçu* of the order we have followed, with the indication which each article contains. The titles selected are as brief as possible, that they may occupy but little space.

IX.—ON THE MANNER OF USING THIS MANUAL.

Having already given instructions for the *practical use* of this Manual, we deem it equally important to make a few remarks on the mode of pursuing the study of the medicines. We should commence by glancing at the *clinical* cases for which the employment of a medicine has been recommended, taking into consideration such cases only as are distinguished by *italics*, and in comparing each one of the cases with the pathogenetic symptoms, which can indicate the medicine in a given case. This investigation once made for the cases which are prominent, the same will answer for the rest, and may be extended to other cases than those we have cited, but which must ever depend on the *ensemble* of symptoms. In this manner we gradually become familiarized with the medicine, and begin to have a sufficient general knowledge thereof. To attain this knowledge it will answer a good purpose to make extracts from this Manual. But if the practitioner be much occupied, he may abridge this labour by underlining, in red, all the clinical cases and such symptoms as we have distinguished by *italics*, and in order to have some guiding marks at once, a frame-work which he can gradually fill up in the course of his practical researches, take pains to underline, in red, the symptoms he may have not so distinguished. A person beginning to act thus respecting the medicines, and comparing the most analogous medicines with each other, will soon find that he has not done enough, but appalled by the mass of the symptoms will feel that he ought have recourse to the *Materia Medica* for the pursuance of these studies, to procure the ample details of symptoms which the last analysis requires.

We have given in the "*Journal de la Doctrine Hahnemannienne*," published by Dr. Molin, (Vol. I. March 1840,) instructions on the best method of studying the *Materia Medica*; we remind our readers that this subject will interest them, and that they will see that the complete knowledge of the *Materia Medica* is not as difficult as has been generally thought, and that all depends upon the manner in which it is undertaken. By proceeding in a methodic manner, and by progressing from generals to particulars, the student cannot fail in the end to master the most complex lessons of this art. The course of study should begin with those medicines which are most useful, and gradually extended step by step down the scale of importance till the remainder are understood also.

The Homœopath, in making choice of a remedy for a case of disease, excludes none of the medicines from the inquest, but takes all under consideration impartially ; and in the practice it is indispensable to take this course.—Whilst in a preparatory study of the *Materia Medica*, it is better to avoid the attempt to form a coup d'œil of all the medicines at once, and to study only one or a few at a time. Finally, that physicians may have the study of the selection of medicines facilitated, we have, in Table I. indicated those which are most used, and after this we have prepared another (Table II.) which contains a classification of the medicines according to their importance. These classes are five in number, each one of which is divided into five parts, except the last, which is composed of medicines almost entirely unknown. At the end of this table will be found a plan of study arranged so that the student who follows it will thoroughly examine the medicines, and very much extend his knowledge of a great number of them. We have divided it into three parts : the first including seven studies of all of the most important, and the two others of eleven each for the details. By devoting a week to each of these studies, in eight months time the student may acquire the contents of our Manual, when he may also undertake the *comparison of analogous medicines*, a labour which, in every case, will prove equally productive with the others.

The new student of Homœopathia should pursue this labour, then, so indispensable to the acquirement of a certain degree of safety in practice. To see all the Homœopathic physicians give that attention to our science which its importance demands, will unquestionably prove a more agreeable recompense than we could have wished, for all the industry and trouble that the new remodelling of our work has necessarily required at our hands.

G. H. G. JAHR.

Paris, May 15, 1840.

TABLES AND EXPLANATIONS.

I. TABLE OF THE MEDICINES

CONTAINED IN THIS WORK,

WITH THEIR ABBREVIATIONS AND SYNONYMES.

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
1 * <i>Acon.</i> — <i>Aconitum napellus.</i>	Aconitum.	
2 ° <i>Act.</i> — <i>Actæa spicata.</i>	Actæa.	Christophoriana.
3 <i>Æth.</i> — <i>Æthusa Cynapium.</i>	Æthusa.	
4 * <i>Agar.</i> — <i>Agaricus muscarius.</i>	Amanita mus. pers.	Amanita.
5 * <i>Agn.</i> — <i>Agnus castus.</i>	Agnus.	Vitex agnus.
6 ° <i>Al.</i> — <i>Aloës gummi.</i>	Aloe.	
7 * <i>Alum.</i> — <i>Alumina.</i>	Alumin. oxydatum.	Argilla.
8 * <i>Ambr.</i> — <i>Ambra grisea.</i>	Ambra.	
9 * <i>Am-c.</i> — <i>Ammonium carbon.</i>	Ammoniæ carbonas.	
10 * <i>Am-m.</i> — <i>Ammonium mur.</i>	Ammoniæ murias.	
11 * <i>Anac.</i> — <i>Anacardium.</i>	Anacardium orientale.	Semecarpus anac.
12 * <i>Ang.</i> — <i>Angustura vera.</i>	Bonplandia angustura.	Galipea officinalis.
13 ° <i>Anis.</i> — <i>Anisum stellatum.</i>	Illicium anisatum.	Illicium.
14 * <i>Ant.</i> — <i>Antimonium crudum</i>	Antim. sulphuret.	
15 * <i>Arg.</i> — <i>Argentum.</i>	Argentum foliatum.	
16 * <i>Arn.</i> — <i>Arnica montana.</i>		
17 * <i>Ars.</i> — <i>Arsenicum album.</i>	Arseniosum acidum.	Arsenicum.
18 ° <i>Art.</i> — <i>Artemisia vulgaris.</i>		
19 <i>Arum.</i> — <i>Arum maculatum</i>	Arum.	
20 * <i>Asa.</i> — <i>Asa fætida.</i>		Ferula asa fætida.
21 * <i>Asar.</i> — <i>Asarum europæum.</i>	Asarum.	Asarabacca.
22 * <i>Aur.</i> — <i>Aurum foliatum.</i>	Aurum.	
23 * <i>Aur-m.</i> — <i>Aurum muriaticum.</i>		

NOTE.—The *asterisk* (*) indicates the medicines respecting which we possess at the same time *clinical* observations and *pathogenetic* symptoms. The cipher (°) indicates those of which we possess only the *clinical* observations.

The medicines whose names are printed in *italics* are those of which *the greatest use* has hitherto been made.—Those which have no distinction are those of which we possess some *pathogenetic* symptoms, but which have hitherto been scarcely ever employed.

The names of the several remedies referred to in this book will be found in the first column. The names of the second and third columns are used in medical works and affixed to imported preparations. The fourth column contains the English, the fifth the German names, and the sixth column the Antidotes.

ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
1 Monk's hood.	Sturmhut Eisenhut.	Acetum, vinum, paris, camph., n-vom.
3 Garden hemlock.	Christophskraut. Gartenschierling.	? ?
4 Bug agaric.	Fliegenpilz.	Camph., coff, tosta, puls., vinum.
5 Chaste tree.	Keuschlamm.	Camph.
6 Aloes.	Aloe.	Camph.
7 Pure clay.	Thonerde.	Bry. camph. cham. ipec.
8 Ambergris.	Grauer Ambra.	Camph., n-vom., puls.
9 Carb. of ammonia.	Kohlensaures Ammon.	Arn., camph., hep. ?
10 Muriate of ammonia.	Salmiak.	Camp. hep. ?
11 Malacca bean.	Malaccanuss.	Camph., juglans. ?
21 Bark of bonplandia trifoliata.	Wahre Angustura.	Coff.
13 Star anise-seed.	Sternanis.	?
14 Crude antimony.	Schwefelspiessglanz.	Hep., merc.
15 Silver.	Silber.	Merc. puls.
16 Leopard's bane.	Wohlverlei.	Camph., ign., ipec.
17 Arsenic.	Weisser Arsenik.	Chin.fer. graph. hep. ipec. kal. n-vom. samb.
18 Mugwort.	Gemeiner Beifuss.	? [veratr.
19 Common arum.	Gefleckter Aron.	?
20 Gum-resin of ferula.	Stinkender Asand.	Caus. chin. electric.
21 Asaret of Europe.	Haselwurz.	Camph. acetum.
22 Metallic gold.	Blattgold.	Bell. chin. cupr. merc.
23 Muriate of gold.		?

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
24 * <i>Bar-c</i> .— <i>Baryta carbonica</i> .	Barytæ carbonas.	
25 <i>Bar-m</i> .— <i>Baryta muriatica</i> .	Barytæ murias.	
26 * <i>Bell</i> .— <i>Belladonna</i> .		Atropa Belladonna.
27 <i>Berb</i> .— <i>Berberis vulgaris</i> .	Berberis.	
28 * <i>Bis</i> .— <i>Bismuthum</i> .	Bismuthi subnitras.	
29* <i>Bor</i> .— <i>Borax veneta</i> .		
30 * <i>Bvs</i> .— <i>Bovista</i> .		Lycoperdon bovista.
31 <i>Bruc</i> .— <i>Brucea anti-dysent</i> .		
32* <i>Bry</i> .— <i>Bryonia alba</i> .	Bryonia.	
33. <i>Cal</i> .— <i>Caladium seguinum</i> .	Caladium.	
34* <i>Calc</i> .— <i>Calcare carbonica</i> .	Calcis carbonas.	
35 * <i>Calc-ph</i> .— <i>Calcar phosph</i> .	Calcis phosphas.	
36* <i>Camph</i> .— <i>Camphora</i> .	Laurus camphora.	
37 * <i>Cann</i> .— <i>Cannabis</i> .	Cannabis sativa.	
33 * <i>Canth</i> .— <i>Cantharis</i> .	Meloe vesicatorius.	Lytta vesicatoria.
39 * <i>Caps</i> .— <i>Capsicum</i> .	Capsicum annum.	
40 * <i>Carb an</i> .— <i>Carbo animalis</i> .		
41* <i>Carb-v</i> .— <i>Carbo vegetabilis</i> .		Carbo ligni fagi.
42 <i>Casc</i> .— <i>Cascarilla</i> .	Croton cascarilla.	
43 <i>Cast</i> .— <i>Castoreum</i> .		
44 * <i>Caus</i> .— <i>Causticum</i> .		Tinct. acris sine kali.
45* <i>Cham</i> .— <i>Chamomilla</i> .		Matricaria chamomilla.
46 <i>Chel</i> .— <i>Chelidonium</i> .	Chelidonium majus.	
47 * <i>Chin</i> .— <i>China officinalis</i> .	Cinchona.	China regia.
48 * <i>Cic</i> .— <i>Cicuta virosa</i> .	Cicuta.	
49 * <i>Cin</i> .— <i>Cina</i> .	Artemisia judaica.	Artemisia santonica.
50 * <i>Cinn</i> .— <i>Cinnabaris</i> .		Hydrargyri sulphuretum rubrum.
51 ° <i>Cinam</i> .— <i>Cinnamomum</i> .		Laurus cinnamomum.
52 * <i>Cist</i> .— <i>Cistus canadensis</i> .		
53 ° <i>Citr</i> .— <i>Citri acidum</i> .		
54 * <i>Clem</i> .— <i>Clematis erecta</i> .		
55 <i>Coccion</i> .— <i>Coccionella</i> .	Coccin.septempunctata.	
56 * <i>Cocc</i> .— <i>Cocculus</i> .	Cocculus suberosus.	Menispermum cocculus.
57* <i>Coff</i> .— <i>Coffea cruda</i> .	Coffea Arabica.	
58 * <i>Coleh</i> .— <i>Colchicum</i> .	Colchicum autumnale.	
59 * <i>Coloc</i> .— <i>Colocynthis</i> .	Cucumis colocynthis.	
60 * <i>Con</i> .— <i>Conium maculatum</i> .	Conium.	

ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
24 Carbonate of barytes	Kohlensaure Schwererde.	Camph. (merc. bell. dulc.) ?
25 Muriate of barytes.	Kochsalzsaure Schwererde.	?
26 Deadly night shade.	Tollkirsche.	[vinum. Coff. hyos. hep. puls.
27 Barberry.	Berberitze.	Camph.
28 Subnitrate of bis- 29 Sub-borate of soda.	Bismuth. Borax, (eine Salzart.)	Calc. caps. (nux vom.) Cham. coff. natr. m.
30 The puff ball.	Bovist.	Camph.
31 False angustura.	Brucea antidysenterica.	Coff.
32 White bryony.	Weisse Zaunrebe.	[rhus. Acon, cham. ign. n-vom.
33 Poisonous pediveaux.	Giftiger Aron.	Carb-veg. merc. ign. zing., (caps. externally when the skin is poisoned)
34 Carbonate of lime.	Kohlensaure Kalkerde.	Camph. nitr-ac. nitr-spir. sulph. ?
35 Phosphate of lime.	Phosphorsaure Kalkerde.	
36 Camphor.	Kampfer.	Op. nitr-spir.
37 Hemp.	Hanf.	Camph.
38 Spanish fly.	Spanische Fliegen.	Camph.
39 Cayenne pepper.	Spanischer Pfeffer.	Camph.
40 Animal charcoal.	Thierkohle.	Camph.
41 Charcoal.	Holzkohle.	Ars. camph. coff. lach.
42 Croton cascarilla.	Cascarille.	?
43 Castor.	Bibergeil.	?
44 Caustic.	Aetzstoff.	Coff. coloc. nitr-spir. n-vom.
45 Common camomile.	Feld-Kamille.	Acon. cocc. coff. ign. n-vom. puls.
46 Great celandine.	Schöllkraut.	Camph.
47 Peruvian bark.	China.	Arn. ars. bell. calc. caps. carb-veg. cin. fer. ipec. merc. natr. natr-m. puls. sep. sulph. veratr.
48 Water hemlock.	Wasser Schierling.	Arn. (when poisoned by it, tabac.)
49 Mugwort of Judea.	Cinasaamen.	Ipec.
50 Red sulphur of mercury.	Zinnober.	?
51 Cinnamon.	Zimmet.	?
52 Rock-rose.	Steinrose.	?
53 Citric acid.	Zitronensäure.	?
54 Upright virgin's bow- er.	Brennwaldrebe.	Bry. camph.
55 Cochineal.	Sonnenkäfer.	?
56 Indian cockel.	Kockelsamen.	Camph. n-vom.
57 Raw coffee.	Kaffee.	Acon. cham. ign. n-vom.
58 Meadow saffron.	Herbstzeitlose.	N-vom. puls. cocc.
59 Bitter cucumber.	Coloquinte.	Camph. caust. cham. coff.
60 Common hemlock.	Fleckenschierling.	Coff. nitr-spir.

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
61 °Conv.—Convolvulus arv.	Convolvulus arvensis.	
62 *Cop.—Copaivæ balsamus.	Copaiba.	Copaifera officinalis.
63 Coral.—Corallia rubra.	Corallia.	Isis nobilis.
64 *Croc.—Crocus sativus.	Crocus.	Crocus sat. orientalis.
65 Crot.—Croton tiglium.	Croton:	Tiglii oleum.
66 °Cub.—Cubeba.		Piper cubeba.
67 *Cupr.—Cuprum.	Cuprum metallicum.	
68 Cyc.—Cyclamen.	Cyclamen europum.	
69 *Daph.—Daphne indica.		
70 *Diad.—Diadema.	Aranea diadema.	Epeira or epeira diad.
71 *Dig.—Digitalis purpurea.	Digitalis.	
72 Dict.—Dictamnus albus.	Dictamnus.	
73 *Dros.—Drosera rotundifolia.	Drosera.	
74 *Dulc.—Dulcamara.		Solanum dulcamara.
75 Eug.—Eugenia jambos.		Jambos.
76 Euph.—Euphorbium officinale.	Euphorbium:	
77 *Euph.—Euphrasia.	Euphrasia officinalis.	
78 Evon.—Evonymus europæus.	Evonymus.	
79 *Fer.—Ferrum.	Ferrum metallicum.	
80 Fer-ch.—Fertum chloratum.		
81 Fer-mg.—Ferrum magn.	Ferri oxydum magnet.	Lapis magneticus.
82 °Fil.—Filix mas.		Aspidium fil. mas.
83 °Frag.—Fragaria ves.		
84 Gran.—Granatum.		
85 *Graph.—Graphites.		Plumbago.
86 *Grat.—Gratioia officinalis.	Gratiola:	
87 *Guai.—Guajacum officinale.	Guajacum.	
88 *Hæm.—Hæmatoxyl. camp.		
89 *Hell.—Helleborus niger.	Helleborus.	
90 *Hep.—Hepar sulphuris calcar.		Calcis sulphuretum.
91 *Hyos.—Hyoscyamus niger.	Hyoscyamus.	
92 °Jalap.—Jalapa.		Convolvulus jalapa.
93 Iatr.—Iatropa.		
94 *Ign.—Ignatia amara.	Ignatii faba.	
95 Ind.—Indigo.	Indigofera tinctoria.	

ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
61 Bind-weed.	Ackerwinde.	?
62 Balsam of copaiva.	Kopaivabalsam.	Camph.
63 Red coral.	Rothe Korallen.	?
64 Saffron.	Saffran.	Op.
65 Purging Croton.	Purgiv-Croton.	?
66 Cubebs.	Kubebenpfeffer.	?
67 Copper.	Kupfer.	Bell. chin. cocc. dulc. hep. ipec. merc. camph ? n-vom.
68 Sow-bread.	Schweinsbrod.	Bry. dig. rhus. sep. silic. zinc.
69 Indian daphne.		Merc.
70 Papal cross spider.	Kreuzspinne.	N-vom. op.
71 Fox-glove.	Fingerhut.	
72 Bastard dittany.	Diptam.	?
73 Sun-dew.	Sonnenthau.	Camph.
74 Bitter-sweet.	Bittersüss.	Camph. ipec. merc.
75 Malabar plum-tree.	Wilder Jambos.	Coff.
76 Spurge.	Wolfsmilch.	Camph. citr.
77 Eye-bright.	Augentrost.	Puls.
78 Spindle-tree.	Pfaffenhütchen.	?
79 Metallic iron.	Eisen.	Arn. ars. bell. chin. hep. ipec. merc. puls. ve- ratr.
80 Chloride of iron.	Eisenchlorür.	?
81 Deutoxide of iron.	Magnetstein.	?
82 Male fern.	Farren.	Camph.
83 Common strawberry.	Erdbeere.	?
84 Bark from the root of pomegranate tree.	Granatenbaum-Rinde.	?
85 Black-lead.	Reissblei.	Ars. n-vom. vinum.
86 Hedge-hyssop.	Gottes-Gnadenkraut.	Camph. ?
87 Resin of guajacum.	Guajakgummi.	Camph. ?
88 Logwood.	Blutholz.	Camph.
89 Christmas rose.	Schwarze Niesswurz.	Camph. chin.
90 Sulphuret of lime.	Schwefelleber.	Acetum bell.
91 Black henbane.	Bilsenkraut.	Bell. camph. chin.
92 Jalap.	Schwarze Jallappe.	Camph. ?
93 Infernal fig.	Schwarze Brechnuss.	?
94 St. Ignatius bean.	Ignaz Bohne.	Arn. camph. cham. cocc. coff. puls.
95 Indigo plant.	Indigo.	Camph ? ,

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
96 * <i>Iod.</i> — <i>Iodium</i> .	Iodum, Iodina.	
97 * <i>Ipec.</i> — <i>Ipecacuanha</i> .		
93 * <i>Kal.</i> — <i>Kali carbonicum</i> .		Potasse carbonas.
99 <i>Kal-ch.</i> — <i>Kali chloricum</i> .		Potasse jodidum.
100 <i>Kal-h.</i> — <i>Kali hydriodicum</i> .		
101 * <i>Kreos.</i> — <i>Kreosotum</i> .		Trigonocephalus Lachesis.
102 * <i>Lach.</i> — <i>Lachesis</i> .		
103 <i>Lac.</i> — <i>Lactuca virosa</i> .	Lactuca.	
104 <i>Lam.</i> — <i>Lamium album</i> .	Lamium.	
105 * <i>Laur.</i> — <i>Laurocerasus</i> .		Prunus Laurocerasus.
106 * <i>Led.</i> — <i>Ledum palustre</i> .	Ledum palustre.	
107 <i>Lyc.</i> — <i>Lycopodium</i> .	Lycopod. clavatum.	
108 <i>Magn.</i> — <i>Magnesia carbonica</i> .	Magnesiæ carbonas.	
109 <i>Magn-m.</i> — <i>Magnesia muriat.</i>	Magnesiæ murias.	
110 <i>Magn-s.</i> — <i>Magnesia sulphur.</i>	Magnesiæ sulphas.	
111 * <i>Mang.</i> — <i>Manganum oxydat.</i>	Manganum.	Manganesii oxydum.
112 <i>Men.</i> — <i>Menyanthes</i> .	Menyanthes trifoliata.	
113 * <i>Meph.</i> — <i>Mephitis putorius</i> .	Mephitis.	
114 * <i>Merc.</i> — <i>Mercurius</i> .	Merc. solubilis Hahnemann.	Hydrargyrum oxydulum nigrum.
115 <i>Merc-c.</i> — <i>Mercurius subl.-corr.</i>	Mercurius sublimatus.	Hydrargyri chloridum corrosivum.
116 * <i>Mez.</i> — <i>Mezereum</i> .		Daphne mezereum.
117 <i>Mil</i> — <i>Millefolium</i> .		Achillea millefolium.
118 * <i>Mosc.</i> — <i>Moschus</i> .	Moschus moschiferus.	
119 * <i>Mur-ac.</i> — <i>Muriatis acidum</i> .		
120 * <i>Natr.</i> — <i>Natrum carbonicum</i> .		Sodæ carbonas.
121 * <i>Natr-m.</i> — <i>Natrum muriatic.</i>		Sodii chloretum.
122 <i>Natr-n.</i> — <i>Natrum nitricum</i> .		Sodæ nitras.
123 <i>Natr-s.</i> — <i>Natrum sulphuricum</i> .		Sodæ sulphas.
124 <i>Nic.</i> — <i>Niccolum</i> .	Niccolum carbonicum.	
125 <i>Nitr.</i> — <i>Nitrum</i> .	Kali nitricum.	Potassae nitras.
126 * <i>Nitr-ac.</i> — <i>Nitri acidum</i> .		
127 ° <i>Nitr-sp.</i> — <i>Nitri spirit. dul.</i>		Spiritus ætheris nitrici.

ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
96 Iodine.	Iodine.	Ars. camph. chin. coff. hep.phos.spong.sulph.
97 Ipecacuanha.	Brechwurzel.	Arn. ars. chin.
98 Sub-carbonate of Potash.	Gewächs-Laugensalz.	Camph. coff nitr-spir.
99 Chloride of Potash.	Chlorsaures Kali.	Bell. puls.
100 Hydriodate of Potash.	Hydriodsaures Kali.	?
101 Kreosote.	Kreosot.	Ars. jod.? cham.? n-vom.
102 Lachesis.	Lachesisschlangengift.	Alum. ars. bell. caps. cham. chin.cocc. hep. merc. natr-m. nitr. n- mos. n-vom. phos-ac. rhus. samb. verat.
103 Strong-scented lettuce.	Giftlattich.	Camph.
104 Dead nettle.	Weissbienensaug.	?
105 Cherry-laurel.	Kirschlorbeer.	Camph. coff. ipec. op.
106 Marsh-tea.	Sumpfsporst.	Camph.
107 Wolf's foot.	Bärlapp.	Camph. puls.
108 Magnesia.	Bittersalzerde.	?
109 Muriate of magnesia	Kochsalzsaure Erde.	Bitter- Camph. ars.
110 Sulphate of magnesia.	Schwefelsaure Erde.	Bitter- ?
111 Manganese.	Braunstein.	Coff.
112 Buck-bean.	Bitterklee.	?
113 The skunk	Stinkthier.	Camph.
114 Mercury.	Schwarzes Quecksilber.	Arn. asa. bell. camph. carb-v. chin. dulc. electric. hip. jod. lach. lyc.mez.nitr-a.op.sass. ? [sep. sil. sulph.
115 Corrosive sublimate	Aetz Sublimat.	
116 Mezereon.	Kellerhals.	Camph. merc.
117 Milfoil. Yarrow.	Schafgarbe.	?
118 Musk.	Moschus.	Camph. n-mos. ?
119 Muriatric acid.	Kochsalzsäure.	Camph. bry.
120 Sub-carbonate of soda.	Mineralisches Laugensalz.	Ars. camph.
121 Muriate of soda.	Kochsalz.	Ars. camph. nitr. spir.
122 Nitrate of soda.	Salpetersaures Natrum.	?
123 Sulphate of soda.	Glaubersalz.	?
124 Nickel.	Nickel.	?
125 Nitrate of Potass.	Salpeter.	Nitr. spir.
126 Nitric acid.	Salpetersäure.	Calc. camph. con. hep. mez. petrol. sulph.
127 Nitrous ether.	Salpeternaphta.	?

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
123* <i>N-mos.</i> — <i>Nux mos-</i> <i>chata.</i>		Myristica.
129* <i>N-vom.</i> — <i>Nux-vom-</i> <i>ica.</i>		Strychnos nux vomica.
130 * <i>Oleand.</i> —Oleander		Nerium oleander.
131 <i>Ol-an.</i> —Oleum anim. æthereum.		
132 ° <i>Ol-jec.</i> —Oleum jec- oris mor.		
133 ° <i>Onis.</i> —Oniscus as- ellus.		
134 * <i>Op.</i> — <i>Opium.</i>		Papaver somniferum.
135 <i>Pæon.</i> — <i>Pæonia.</i>	Pœonia officinalis.	
136 <i>Par.</i> —Paris quadri- folia.	Paris.	
137 * <i>Petr.</i> — <i>Petroleum.</i>		
138 ° <i>Petros.</i> —Petroseli- num.		Apium petroselinum.
139 <i>Phell.</i> —Phellandri- um aquat.		
140* <i>Phos.</i> — <i>Phosphorus</i>		
141* <i>Phos-ac.</i> — <i>Phospho-</i> <i>ri acidum.</i>		
142 ° <i>Pin.</i> —Pinus.		
143 * <i>Plat.</i> — <i>Platina.</i>		
144 <i>Plumb.</i> —Plumbum.	Plumbum aceticum:	
145 * <i>Prun.</i> —Prunus spi- nosa.		
146 * <i>Puls.</i> — <i>Pulsatilla.</i>	Pulsatilla pratensis.	Anemone pratensis.
147 <i>Ran.</i> —Ranunculus bulbosus.		
148 <i>Ran-sc.</i> —Ranuncu- lus sceleratus.		
149 <i>Rat.</i> —Ratanhia.	Krameria triandria.	
150 * <i>Rhab.</i> — <i>Rhabar-</i> <i>bar</i> (Rheum).		Rheum palmatum.
151 * <i>Rhododendron.</i>	Rhod. chrysanthum.	
152 * <i>Rhus.</i> — <i>Rhus. tox-</i> <i>icodendron.</i>	Rhus.	Toxicodendron.
153 <i>Rhus-v.</i> —Rhus ver- nix.		
154. * <i>Rut-g.</i> —Ruta gra- veolens.	Ruta.	
155 * <i>Sabad.</i> —Sabadilla.		Veratrum sabadilla.
156 * <i>Sabin.</i> — <i>Sabina.</i>		Juniperus.
157 * <i>Samb.</i> — <i>Sambucus</i> <i>nigra.</i>	Sambucus.	
158 * <i>Sang.</i> —Sanguin- arius can.	Sang. Canadensis.	
159 ° <i>Sap.</i> —Sapo domes- ticus.		
160 * <i>Sass.</i> — <i>Sassapa-</i> <i>rilla.</i>		Smilax sassaparilla.
161 * <i>Sec.</i> — <i>Secale cornu-</i> <i>tum.</i>		


ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
128 Nutmeg.	Musscatnuss.	Semina. cari. carui.
129 Poison-nut.	Brechnuss Krâhenau- gen.	Acon. alcohol, camph. cham. coff. cocc. puls. vinum.
130 The rose-bay.	Oleander.	Camph. cocc. n-vom. ?
131 Purified animal oil of Dippel.	Hirschhornggeist.	?
132 Oil of cod's liver.	Leberthran.	?
133 Woodlouse.	Kelleresel.	?
134 White poppy.	Mohnsaft.	Camph. calc. con. hep. mez. petr. sulph.
135 Peony.	Gichtrose.	?
136 True love.	Vierblatt-Einbeere.	Acon. ? coff.
137 Stone oil, Naptha.	Bergöl Steinoel.	Acon. n-vom.
138 Parsley.	Petersilie.	?
13 Water-fennel.	Wasserfenchel.	?
140 Phosphorus	Phosphor.	Camph. coff. n-vom. vinum.
141 Phosphoric acid.	Phosphorsæure.	Camph. coff.
142 The pine.	Pinus.	?
143 Platina.	Platina.	Puls.
144 Lead.	Blei.	Alum. bell. hyos. op. plat. stram. and elec- tricity.
145 Sloe tree.	Schlehdorn.	?
146 The wind flower.	Küchenschelle.	Cham. coff. ign. n-vom.
147 Bulbous-rooted crow foot.	Knolliger Hahnēnfuss.	Bry. camph. puls. rhus.
148 Marsh crow-foot.	Böser Hahnenfuss.	Puls. camph. coff. vinum
149 Rhatany root.	Ratanhia.	
150 Rhubarb.	Rhabarber.	Camph. cham. n-vom.
151 Yellow rhododend- [ron.	Sibirische Schneerose.	Rhus.
152 Poison oak.	Gift-Sumach.	Bell. bry. camph. coff. sulph.
153 Japan varnish-tree.	Firniss-Sumach.	Nitr-ac.
154 Garden rue.	Raute.	Camph.
155 Indian caustic barley	Sabadilla-Saamen.	Camph. puls.
156 Savine tree.	Sadebaum.	Camph.
157 Elder-tree.	Flieder.	Ars. camph.
158 Common Blood- root.	Kanadisches Blutkraut.	?
159 Soap.	Seife.	?
160 Sassaparilla.	Sarsaparilla.	?
16 Ergot of rye.	Mutterkorn.	Camph. op. solan-nigr.

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
162 Selen.—Selenium.		
163 *Seneg.—Senega.	Polygala senega.	
164 °Senn.—Senna.		Cassia senna.
165* Sep.— <i>Sepiæ succus</i>		<i>Sepiæ succus</i> .
166 *Sil.— <i>Silicea</i> .	Silica.	
167 °Sol-m.— <i>Solanum mammosum</i> .		
168 °Sol-n.— <i>Solanum nigrum</i> .		
169 *Spig.— <i>Spigelia</i> .		<i>Spigila anthelmia</i> .
170 *Spong.— <i>Spongia</i> .	<i>Spongia marina tosta</i> .	
171 *Squill.— <i>Squilla maritima</i> .	<i>Scilla maratima</i> .	<i>Scilla</i> .
172 *Stann.— <i>Stannum</i> .		
173 *Staph.— <i>Staphysagria</i> .		<i>Delphinium staphysagria</i> .
174 *Stram.— <i>Stramonium</i> .		<i>Datura stramonium</i> .
175 Stront.— <i>Strontiana</i>	<i>Strontiana carbonica</i> .	
176 *Sulph.— <i>Sulphur</i> .		
177* Sulph-ac.— <i>Sulphuris acidum</i> .		
178 Tab.— <i>Tabacum</i> .		<i>Nicotiana tabacum</i> .
179 Tan.— <i>Tanacetum vulgare</i> .	<i>Tanacetum</i> .	
180 Tarax.— <i>Taraxacum</i> .		<i>Leontodon taraxacum</i> .
181 Tart.— <i>Tartarus emeticus</i> .	Ant. & potass. tartras.	<i>Antimonium tartaricum kalinum</i> .
182 Tart-ac.— <i>Tartari acidum</i> .		<i>Acidum vini</i> .
183 Tax.— <i>Taxus baccata</i> .		
184 Tereb.— <i>Terebinthina</i> .		
185 *Teucr.— <i>Teucrium mar. ver.</i>		<i>Marum verum</i> .
186 The.— <i>Thea cæsaria</i>	<i>Thea</i> .	
187 Ther.— <i>Theridion curassavicum</i> .	<i>Theridion</i> .	
188 *Thuj.— <i>Thuya occidentalis</i> .	<i>Thuya</i> .	
189 Tong.— <i>Tongo</i> .	<i>Baryosma tongo</i> .	<i>Coumaronna odorata</i> .
190 °Urt.— <i>Urtica urens</i> .		<i>Dipterix odorata</i> .
191 Uva.— <i>Uva ursi</i> .		<i>Arbutus uva ursi</i> .
192 *Valer.— <i>Valeriana</i> .	<i>Valeriana officinalis</i> .	
193 *Verat.— <i>Veratrum album</i> .	<i>Veratrum</i> .	
194* Verb.— <i>Verbascum thapsus</i> .	<i>Verbascum</i> .	
195° Vinc.— <i>Vinca minor</i>	<i>Vinca</i> .	
196 *Viol-od.— <i>Viola odorata</i> .		
197 *Viol-tr.— <i>Viola tricolor</i> .		
198 *Zinc.— <i>Zincum</i> .		
199 °Zinc-s.— <i>Zincum sulphuricum</i> .		

ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
162 Selenium.	Seelen-Metall.	Ign. puls.
163 Rattlesnake milk-	Senega Wurzel.	Arn. bell. bry. camph.
164 Senna. [wort.	Sennesblätter.	Cham.
165 The juice of the cut-	Sepien-Saft.	Acetum, acon. nitr. spir.
tle-fish.		tart.
166 Silicious earth.	Kieselerde.	Camph. hep.
167 Poison-apple.	Giltapfel.	?
168 Garden night-shade.	Schwarznachtschatten.	?
169 Indian-pink.	Spigelia.	Camph. aur.
170 Burnt sponge.	Röst-Schwamm.	Camph.
171 Sea-onion.	Meerzwiebel.	Camph.
172 Tin.	Zinn.	Coff. puls.
173 Stavesacre.	Stephankörner.	Amb. camph.
174 Thorn-apple.	Stechapfel.	Acetum, bell. citr-ac. n-
175 Strontiana.	Kohlensaurer Strontian.	vom. tab.
176 Brimstone.	Schwefel.	Camph.
177 Sulphuric acid.	Schwefelsäure.	Acon.camph.cham.chin.
178 Tobacco.	Taback.	merc. n-vom.puls.cap.
179 Common tansey.	Gemeiner Rain-farren.	Puls.
180 Dandelion.	Löwenzahn.	Acetum, camph. ipec. n-
181 Tartar emetic.	Brechweinstein.	? [vom.
182 Tartaric acid.	Weinsteinsäure.	?
183 Yew.	Gemeiner Eibenbaum.	?
184 Turpentine.	Terpentin.	?
185 Wall-germander.	Katzenkraut.	Camph.
186 Imperial tea.	Kaiserthee.	Chin. ferr thuy.
187 Theridion of Cura-	Aranja-Spinne.	?
cao.		
188 The tree of life.	Lebensbaum-Saft.	Camph. puls.
189 Tonkin bean.	Tonkobohne.	Acetum.
190 Stinging nettle.	Brennessel.	?
191 Bear's berry.	Bärentraube.	?
192 Valerian.	Baldrian.	Bell. camph. coff. merc.
193 White hellebore.	Weiss-Niesswurz.	Acon.ars.acidum.camph.
194 The yellow mullein.	Königskerze.	coff. chin. merc.
195 The less periwinkle.	Bärwurzel.	Camph.
196 Sweet violet.	Wohlr riechendes Veil-	?
	chen.	
197 Heart's ease.	Stiefmütterchen.	Camph.
198 Zinc.	Zink.	Camph. hep. ign.
199 Sulphate of zinc.		?

REMEDIES.	SYNONYMES.	SYNONYMES.
200 °Zing.—Zingiber.	Zingiber officinale.	
201 Mgs.—Magnes artificialis.		
202 *M-am.—Magnetis polus ambo.		
B. *M-arct.—Magnetis pol. arct.		
C. M-aust.—Magnetis pol. aust.		

ENGLISH.	GERMAN.	ANTIDOTES.
200 Ginger.	Ingwer.	?
201 Artificial magnet.	Magnetstange.	Ign. zinc. and the <i>opposite pole</i> .
202 Both poles of the magnet without distinction.		
B. North pole of the magnet.		Mgs-aus. ign. zinc.
C. South pole of the magnet.		Mgs-arc. ign. zinc.

 To those who search in vain in this table for other medicines, such as: *Alkekengi*, *Aquilega*, *Atriplex olida*, *Cainca*, *Chenopodium*, *Nigella sativa*, *Solanum vesicatorium*, etc., to them we say that all the pretended symptoms of these medicines are but the pure invention of Dr. Fickel, of Leipzig, who had them published to give the death blow to homœopathy. But those who know how to judge of the effects of a medicine by their *ensemble* and by their mutual relation, do not allow themselves to be thus deceived. They soon discovered the imposition, and have thereby afforded a proof of the degree of accuracy at which the science of pathogenesis has arrived, though it has been studied so few years.

II.

A. ORDER OF MEDICINE TO BE STUDIED.

A.) POLYCHREST.—Acon. bell. bry. merc. n-vom. puls.—Arn. ars. cham. lach. rhus. sulph.—Calc. chin. lyc. phos. sep. sil. Carb-v. dulc. hep. hyos. ipec veratr.

B.) SEMI-POLYCHREST.—Caus. cocc. fer. graph. ign. nitr-ac. op. petr. staph.—Aur. bar-c. cann. canth. coloc. con. phos-ac. spig. stram.—Ant. cic. coff. kal. magn. magn-m. plat. stann. tart.—Dig. dros. iod. led. natr. natr-m. n-mos. thuj. zinc.

C.) *Medicines which have been equally often employed.*—Alum. amm. bor. cupr. hell. kreos. mez. mur-ac. spong. sulph-ac.—Am-m. asa. carb-an. cin. euphr. mosch. sabad. sabin. sassap. squil.—Agar. amb. anac. bis. caps. clem. colch. magn. rheum, valer.—Agn. ang. asar. bov. guai. oleand. plumb. prun. rod. rut.

D.) *Medicines which have hitherto been used less extensively or less frequently.*—Bar-m. calc-ph. camph. chel. croc. cyc. euphorb. grat. laur. nitr. samb. sec. seneg. tarax. mgs.—Arg. lam. magn-s. men. meph. natr-s. par. ran. ransc. stront. tabac. teucr. viol-od. viol-tr.—Berb. bruc. cinn. cist. coral. daph. gran. ind. merc-c. nicc. ol-an. phell. sang. selen.—Æth. cal. cast. crot. eug. evon. fer-mg. hæm. kalch. lact. pæon. ratan. tereb. ther. tong.

E.) *Medicines respecting which we possess some notions.*—Act. aloes. anis. artes. arum. aur-m. casc. cinnam. citrac. coccion. convol. cop. cub. diad. dict. fer-ch. fil. frag. ial. iatr. mill. natr-n. nitr-sp. ol-an. ol-jec. onis. petros. pin. rhus-v. sap. senn. sol-m. sol-n. tanac. tart-ac. the. urt. uva. vinc. zinc-s. zing.

B. ORDER OF INSTRUCTION.

FIRST COURSE.—MOST IMPORTANT DISTINCTIONS.

1. Distinction of the *most important* CLINICAL CASES, for the medicines of letters A. and B.

2. Distinction of the *most important* of the GENERAL SYMPTOMS, comprising the SKIN, SLEEP, FEVERS and MIND, for A and B.

3. Study of the *most important* of the symptoms of PARTICULAR ORGANS, singly for A.

4. Same study for B.

5. Same study as that of No. 2, for C. and D.

6, 7. Same studies as 3 and 4, first for C. then for D.

SECOND COURSE.—STUDY IN DETAIL OF THE POLYCHRESTS
A and B.

8. Study of ALL THE CLINICAL CASES, for A. and B.

9. Study of *all the signs* of GENERAL SYMPTOMS, including the MENTAL, for A only.

10–13. Study of *all the signs* of PARTICULAR ORGANS in succession for each one of the four collections contained under A.

14. Same study as that of No. 9, for B.

15–18. Same studies as those of Nos. 10—13, for the four summaries of B.

THIRD COURSE.—STUDY IN DETAIL OF THE OTHER MEDICINES
C AND D.

19–29. Same studies as those of 2d Course, in the same order as for C and D, and the summaries they comprise.

☞ For the comparison of analogous medicines see the list of medicines at the head of the pathogenesis of each substance.

III.

DISTRIBUTION OF MATERIAL

IN THE EXPOSITION OF THE PATHOGENESIS OF MEDICINES.

A. Abbreviation of the name of the medicine.—English names.—Names of the authors who have published the medicines.—Duration of action.

B. *Antidotes* of the medicine, and the substances for which it is the antidote.

C. *Analogous medicines* with indication of those which precede or follow.

CLINICAL REMARKS, containing an enumeration of the affections against which the medicine has been employed or recommended.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS, containing *predominant sensations*; *state of strength*; the phenomena of the *nervous, sanguineous, lymphatic, osseous* systems, &c.; access of restlessness, convulsions, &c.; and predominant circumstances under which the symptoms are aggravated, ameliorated, &c.

SKIN, with lesions of the exterior organs, ulcerations, abscesses, &c.

SLEEP, with *dreams* and *nocturnal sufferings*.

FEVER, with state of the *pulse, perspiration*, &c.

MIND, with symptoms of the *understanding* and *memory*.

- HEAD, with *dizziness, vertigo* and condition of the *scalp*.
 EYES, with symptoms of the *pupils* and *sight*.
 EARS, with symptoms of *hearing* and the *parotids*.
 NOSE, with symptoms of *smelling* and *coryza*.
 FACE, with phenomena of the skin of the *forehead, lips, jaws, and sub-maxillary glands*.
 TEETH, with the *gums*.
 MOUTH, with the *tongue, speech, saliva, &c.*
 THROAT, with *curtains of the palate, palate* and *tonsils*.
 APPETITE, with the defects of *taste, hunger, thirst, aversion to food* or extraordinary *loss of appetite, suffering after meals, or consequence of certain aliment, &c.*
 STOMACH, with *eructations, nausea, vomiting, and symptoms in the precordial region*.
 ABDOMEN, with symptoms of the *liver, spleen, anus* and *inguinal glands, as well as flatulence*.
 STOOLS, with suffering of the *anus, rectum, and perineum*.
 URINE, with affections of the *uninary passages*.
 GENITAL ORGANS, with the *sexual functions of man*.
 MENSTRUATION, with symptoms of the *genital parts of the female, mammae, &c.*, and also the symptoms which are connected with *nursing*.
 LARYNX, with symptoms of *cough*.
 LUNGS, with symptoms of *respiration* and sufferings of the *heart*.
 TRUNK, containing symptoms of the *back, loins, neck, armpit, and skin of the trunk*.
 ARMS, containing symptoms of the *upper extremities*.
 LEGS, containing symptoms of the *lower extremities*.

IV.

EXPLANATION

OF SOME EXPRESSIONS, RESPECTING WHICH, THE SENSE IN WHICH WE USED THEM MIGHT BE DOUBTFUL.

NOTE It appeared superfluous to give the explanation of all the medical expressions that have been used, since physicians know them, and other persons who wish to use this manual will find them in every dictionary. In the CLINICAL chapters of the second volume all the technical expressions of the profession will be defined for the lay reader. Ed.

AGALACTIA.—Failure or suppression of milk in nurses.

AMAUROSIS.—Loss of sight, more or less without perceptible organic injury. Some German authors make a distinction between *Amaurosis* and *Amblyopia amaurotica*, employing the word to designate only the loss of sight, which results from a complete paralysis of the retina or op-

tic nerve. The first degree of this affection receives then the name of *Amblyopia*. But since, in France, the word *amblyopia* often designates merely *weak sight* or *confused sight*, we have preferred the expression *Amblyopia amaurotica* to designate the commencement of amaurosis.

AMBLYOPIA.—See *Amaurosis*.

ANTHROPHOBIA.—The state of one who fears and flees from men. The *Misanthrope*, on the contrary, hates them.

ASPHYXIA.—We have employed this word as synonymous with *apparent death*.

BLENNORRHŒA.—We have employed this word to designate all flowing of mucous matter, without distinction of the organ which is the seat of it.

CATARRHUS.—This word, employed by us in an absolute sense, signifies *rheum in the chest and in the head*.

COLICA.—We have invariably used this word as synonymous with *intestinal pain* in general, with or without diarrhœa.

TEARING, TEARING PAINS.—After the example of the translators of the *materia medica*, we have employed this word to translate the German word *Reissen*, an expression exceedingly vague, which sometimes means simply *pain without any other distinction*, at another time *a sharp pain* still more acute than the *drawing pain*, to which it bears most resemblance. In general, it is a pain more particularly in the affections of the muscles, the serous membranes and the periosteum. The pain called *rheumatism*, such as mercury and especially corrosive sublimate produce, in causing *mercurial rheumatism*, is exactly that which the word *Reissen* most frequently designates; and if the word *rheumatic* had not, at the same time, a vicious sense, there could not have been a better one to substitute constantly for the German word.

DYSMENIA.—We have employed this word to designate the difficult establishment of the menses at the *period of puberty*; while the term DYSMENORRHŒA has been used to designate the ordinary menstrual discharge, when it takes place with difficulty, with pain, and most commonly not in sufficient abundance.

DYSMENORRHŒA.—See *Dysmenia*.

DYSPEPSIA.—Morbid state of the stomach, characterized by a weak, slow, and laborious digestion, accompanied with suffering.

GASTRITIS.—We never use this word in the sense of the physiological school. It is the *gastritis of the ancients* that we intend to designate by it.

MEASLES.—See *Rubeola*.

MEGRIM.—Though this word signifies literally *pain in the side of the head*, we have employed it only to designate those cephalalgias characterized by *partial pains, coming on in periodical attacks, and accompanied at their highest degree, by vomitings, want of rest, &c.*

MISANTHROPY.—See *Anthrophobia*.

MORBILLI.—A disease which is commonly designated by the word *rubeola, measles*, but incorrectly, for these two diseases are quite different. See *Rubeola*.

MORTIFICATION.—We have employed this word to designate the moral emotions which result from *wounded self-love*, and which are characterized rather by profound affliction, than by passion and anger.

NERVOUS.—(WEAKNESS, NERVOUS PAINS, &c.)—The word *nervous* joined to the words *fatigue* and *weakness* designates a state of *fatigue with great susceptibility of the nervous system*.—*Nervous pain* is synonymous with *neuralgia*.—(*Nervous Cephalalgia, Prosopalgia, Odontalgia, &c.*)

PARALYTIC.—This word joined to the denomination of some pain, such as *paralytic tearing, pulling, &c.*, means that these pains are accompanied by a sensation of *paralytic weakness in the parts affected*.

PHTHISIS.—When this word is found without any epithet, we always mean *pulmonary tubercular phthisis*. In all other cases we have added epithets to it, as *laryngeal, mucous, intestinal, phthisis, &c.*

PHLEGM FROM THE STOMACH.—We have employed this expression to translate the German word *Würmerbeseigen*, a word by which HAHNEMANN has designated the *throwing off of a certain quantity of water from the stomach*, without the effort of vomiting, such as sometimes accompanies the morbid state called *pyrosis, or water-brash, black water (fer chaud)*. See this word.

PYROSIS, coming from the Greek word *πυρ* (fire) has been employed by us only to designate the disagreeable sensation of a burning in the epigastrium, and in the œsophagus, accompanied, or not, by a throwing off of serous fluid.

LOINS—PAIN IN THE LOINS.—By this expression we have translated the German word *Kreuzschmerzen*, since, in familiar language, the word has always precisely the same signification as the English phrase, *pain in the loins, pain in the small of the back, &c.*

RUBEOLA (Measles).—We have designated under this name, the disease which much resembles *morbilli*, but which

holds a middle place between that and *scarlatina*, so that the symptoms of the mucous membranes, in the measles, approaching those which are observed in *scarlatina*, the exanthemata will approach that of *morbilli* and *vice versa*. This is not the place to give an entire description of this disease; otherwise we could demonstrate all the injury that has arisen from confounding the measles (*rubeola*) with *morbilli*.

SOMNAMBULISM.—A word which is not intended to designate the state of a person magnetized or in a state of *clairvoyance*, but only the state of one who, during sleep, rises and performs a great number of actions, which he does not commonly perform when awake.

STOMACACE.—Inflammation in the interior of the mouth, with ulceration proceeding sometimes even to gangrene.

TYPHOID—TYPHOID FEVERS.—We have comprised under this name all those that are commonly designated under the name of *malignant*, *pernicious*, *nervous*, *atactic*, *adynamic*, *putrid fevers*, &c.

EXPLANATION OF SIGNS

EMPLOYED TO DESIGNATE THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF SYMPTOMS.

The symptoms which have *no sign* are symptoms purely *pathogenetic*, that is to say symptoms produced by pure experiment.

(*) The *asterisk* designates the *pathogenetic* symptoms which have been confirmed by cures.

(°) The *cipher* indicates the symptoms or the circumstances under the presence of which the medicine has acted favourably, but which have not as yet been observed as *pathogenetic* symptoms.

(-) The *stroke* above is intended to *annul* the indication of the preceding sign. Thus, where this stroke is not found, the last sign of a phrase always influences all the rest. On the contrary, all that comes *after this stroke* is fully equivalent to the symptoms which have no sign and belong to the observations purely *pathogenetic*.

All the signs will be often found in a single phrase, as for instance in the following :

*Itching, *shooting-pains and pressure in the eyes -and in the eye-lids, °especially at night, *or in the evening, -as well as in the morning.*

In this phrase there are first: Itching, shooting pains and pressure, which have been observed, *all three*, as *pathogenetic* symptoms, but of which the two last, *shooting pains* and *pressure*, have been at the same time removed by the medicine in one case of cure, as the *asterisk* (*) indicates. But the *stroke* (-) before *and in the eye-lids* announces at the same time that the cure has as yet been observed only for the *eyes* and not for the *eye-lids*, for which the observation is not *pathogenetic*. Then comes the *cipher* (°) before *especially at night*, which declares that these sensations, in the case cured, had taken place *at night*, but that *at that hour* they had not been observed as pathogenetic effects. But the second *asterisk* (*) before *in the evening*, means that *at that latter period*, these symptoms have taken place, as well in the case of cure, as in quality of pathogenetic effects. The last *stroke* (-) indicates finally that the appearance of these symptoms, *in the morning*, has been hitherto observed only as pathogenetic effects.

The symptoms printed in *italics* are generally those which have been observed or removed more frequently than the others; but this distinction has been made only with relation to the symptoms of the same organ, and often even only for the *kind* of sufferings, so that one *pain* for instance, has been distinguished only with relation to other *pains*, and not with relation to other symptoms of *the same organ*, and still less with relation to all the symptoms of the medicine. It is thus, for instance, that in the following phrase:

Pressure, itching, and *shooting pains in the eyes* and in the eye-lids, the passage printed in *italics* means only that the *shooting pains* have been observed oftener than the itching and the pressure, and that they have taken place more frequently *in the eyes* than in the eye-lids.

Friedman

MANUAL

OF THE

HOMŒOPATHIC MATERIA MEDICA.

I.—ACONITUM NAPELLUS.

ACON.—Monks' Hood.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 8, 16, 24, 48 hours according to circumstances.

ANTIDOTES: Acet. vinum. par.?—*It is used as an antidote against*; Cham. coff. n-vom. petrol. sulf. sep. veratr.

COMPARE WITH: Agar. anac. ant-crud. *arn.* ars. asar. bell. bry. cann. canth. caus. cham. coff. colch. *croc.* dros. *dulc.* graph. hep. hyos. ipec. merc. nitr.-ac. n-vom. *p.* phos. plat. *puls.* rut. sabin. *sep.* spig. spong. stram. sulph. verat.—Aconitum is sometimes indicated as an intermediary remedy, especially after *arn.* and *sulph.*—*Arn.* ars. bell. bry. cann. ipec. spong. sulph. &c., will frequently be found useful after aconitum, whether given from the commencement, or in the course of the treatment.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If indicated by the *totality of the symptoms*, this medicine will sometimes prove useful in some varieties of the following affections (1):—*Acute local inflammations*; rheumatic (and arthritic?) inflammations with swelling; *Affections*, principally of *plethoric* persons, of a *lively character*, *bilious and nervous temperament*, *brown or black hair*, *florid complexion*, &c.; *Active, sanguineous congestions*, neuralgia, and attacks of spasms, principally in young people, and especially in young women of a *sanguine temperament*, and leading a *sedentary life*; *Evil consequences of a chill in a dry cold air* (easterly wind), or from a current of air; *affections in consequence of fright or of anger*. Attacks of convulsions?; Tetanus!; Trismus?; *Fainting fits*; Attacks of catalepsy?; Burns; Miliary eruptions; *Purpura miliaris*; *Morbilli*; Measles; Eruptive period of the small-pox; *Erysipelatous*

(1) Note. In making an enumeration in this place of the diseases in which this medicine has been employed or recommended, we have neither intended to justify the *pathological names* which the authors have used, nor to be responsible, in any way, for the *absolute efficacy* of the medicine in these cases. All that we would say is, that in a similar or corresponding disease, the physician must employ this medicine *not as a specific*, but *solely on ascertaining by a comparison of the symptoms, whether there be a sufficient indication to warrant his having recourse to it or not*; to do otherwise would not only open a certain avenue to failures of cure, but would form a most deplorable perversion of our declaration; AN ABUSE AGAINST WHICH WE PROTEST ONCE FOR ALL, AS WELL AS FOR ALL THE MEDICINES WHICH WE HAVE IN LIKE MANNER ENUMERATED.

inflammations ; Nettle rash ; Inflammatory fevers, even with bilious or nervous symptoms ; Catarrhal fever of inflammatory character ; Somnambulism ? ; Comatose somnolency ? ; Mental alienations with fixed ideas of approaching death ; Cerebral congestion with dizziness ; Sanguineous apoplexy ; Congestive cephalalgia, catarrhal, nervous, &c. ; Megrin ; Encephalitis ; Acute hydrocephalus ; Acute ophthalmia, even that arising from the introduction of foreign bodies ; Congestive or nervous prosopalgia and odontalgia ; Acute angina, phlegmonous or catarrhal ; Scarlatina angina ; Difficult dentition with fever ; Bilious sufferings ; Vomiting of pregnant or hysterical women ; Vomiting of worms ? ; Hæmatemesis ; Icterus ; Hepatitis ; Enteritis ; Peritonitis ; Metrorrhagiæ and too copious menses in consequence of plethora ; Puerperal peritonitis ; Metritis ? ; Strangulated hernia ; Common catarrh and grippe in the inflammatory period ; Croup, first period ; Hooping-cough, first period ; Attacks of congestive asthma ; Asthma of Millar ; Acute laryngitis and bronchitis ; Pleuritis ; Pneumonia ; Hæmoptysis ; Affections of the heart, &c.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Shooting pains, or rheumatic, which are renewed by wine, or other heating articles.—*Sufferings which, particularly at night, seem insupportable, and which generally disappear in a sitting posture.—*Attacks of pain with thirst and redness of the cheeks.—*Distressing sensibility of body and especially of the diseased parts to every movement and to the slightest touch.—Pain as from a bruise and sensation of heaviness in all the limbs.—A sensation of traction with paralytic weakness in the arms and legs —Failure of strength and stability with pains and cracking in the joints, principally of the legs.—Rapid and general decay of strength.—*Attacks of fainting, chiefly when rising from a recumbent posture, and sometimes with congestion of blood to the head, *buzzing in the ears, deadly paleness of countenance and shuddering.—*Uneasiness, as if in consequence of suppressed perspiration, or in consequence of a chill—with pain in the head, buzzing in the ears, colic, and cold in the head.—Sensation of cold and of stagnation of blood in all the vessels.—Shaking in the limbs.—Cataleptic attack with cries, grinding of the teeth and hiccough.—Swelling and blackish colour of the body.*

SKIN.—Crawling sensation on the skin, with itching and desquamation, principally on the parts affected.—**Skin dry and burning.*—Swelling and burning heat of the wounded parts.—**Yellowish colour of the skin.*—Lancinations, with a

sensation of excoriation, here and there.—Spots similar to flea-bites on the hands, body, &c.—Small pimples, red and broad, with itching.—*Morbilli*.—*Purpura miliaris*.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep, even while walking, and principally after dinner.—Drowsiness with anxious thoughts and rapid respiration.—*Confused thoughts and ideas, having the eyes closed, without sleeping.—**Sleeplessness from anxiety, with constant agitation and tossing*.—*Starting in sleep.—Anxious dreams with night-mare.—Clairvoyant dreams.—Light sleep.—*Impossibility of lying on the side.—During sleep, lying on the back, with the hand under the head; or in a sitting posture, with the head inclined forward.

FEVER.—**Dry, burning heat, with extreme thirst, sometimes, especially at the beginning of the disease, preceded by shiverings with trembling*.—**Heat, chiefly of the head and face, with redness of the cheeks, shuddering over the entire body, pressing head-ache, a disposition to cry, low-spirited and contradictory; or a sensation of heat in the whole body, with redness of the cheeks, pain in the head on turning the eyes, and playfulness*.—*Shivering, for the short time that they may be uncovered during the heat*.—Coldness of the whole body with internal heat, cold forehead and hot tips of the ears; or with redness of the cheeks and pains in the limbs; or with stiffness of the whole body, heat and redness of one cheek, and coldness and paleness of the other, open and fixed eyes, pupils contracted and dilating with difficulty.—Cold and shivering of the fingers, followed by cramps in the calves of the legs and in the soles of the feet.—Heat of face with mournful and desperate thoughts, and a desire to vomit, preceded by cold and shiverings of the feet and hands.—Frequent shudderings with burning heat and dryness of the skin.—Continual sweat, especially on parts that are covered.—Sour sweat.—*Pulse hard, frequent and accelerated*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Great agitation and boasting with anguish, discouragement that cannot be consoled, cries, tears, groans, complaints and reproaches*.—**Apprehensions and fear of approaching death*.—*Presentiments, as if in a state of clairvoyance*.—Anthrophobia and misanthropy.—**A great disposition to be angry, to be frightened and to quarrel*.—The least noise, even music, appears insupportable.—Humour changeable, at one time sad, depressed, irritable and despairing; at another time, gay, excited, full of hope, and disposed to sing and dance.—**Alternate paroxysms of laughter and tears*.—**Inquietude under disease, and despair*

respecting a cure.—Fear of spectres.—Disposition to run away from one's bed.—Mind, as it were, paralyzed, with incapability of reflecting, and a sensation as if all the intellectual functions were performed in the region of the stomach.—Attack of folly and madness.—Unsteadiness of ideas.—**Delirium, chiefly at night.*—Weakness of memory.

HEAD.—Head compressed, as if the brain were nailed up, principally in the heat of a room,—**Vertigo, particularly when rising*, or, -perhaps, when getting up from one's seat, when stooping, or moving the head, and often attended with a sensation of intoxication or dizziness in the head, loss of consciousness, -dimness of the eyes, nausea and sensation of weakness in the pit of the stomach.—*Sensation of wavering motion in the brain, increased by the least motion, and even by speaking and drinking.—*Pain in the head with desire to vomit, and vomiting.—Head, as if bruised with sensation of bruising in the limbs.—*Stupifying pain in the head*, with sensation of compression and drawing together as from cramp, principally in the forehead and at the root of the nose.—**Weight and fulness in the forehead and temples, with pressing outward, as if every thing was going to issue forth through them*, -chiefly when stooping forward.—Shooting, **strokes and beatings in the head.*—Drawing cephalalgia, sometimes semi-lateral.—Sensation, as if a ball were mounting in the head, and spreading a coolness over it.—**Congestion of blood to the head*, with heat and redness of face, or with a sensation of heat in the brain, sweat on the shrivelled skin and paleness of the face.—Heat and bubbling in the head, as if there were boiling water in the brain.—A roaring and cracking in the head.—Sensation on the top of the head, as if one were dragged by the hair.—Pain in the head, as if in consequence of cold or suppressed perspiration with a buzzing in the ears, cold in the head and colic.—*Aggravation of the pains in the head by movement, by speaking, by rising from a recumbent position and by drinking; amendment in the open air.

EYES.—**Eyes red and inflamed, with deep redness of the vessels, -and intolerable pains.*—**Profuse lachrymation.*—Heat and burning in the eyes, with *pressive and shooting pains, especially when moving the balls.—Swelling of the eyes.—**Dilated pupils.*—Dryness, heaviness, and *inflammatory swelling of the lids.—*Eyes sparkling*, -convulsed and prominent.—Look fixed.—*Excessive photophobia*, -or a great desire for light.—Black spots and mist before the eyes.—Attacks of sudden blindness.—A sensation of drawing in the eyelids with drowsiness.

EARS.—Tingling and **buzzing in the ears*.—Tickling and sharp pain in the ears.—Sensation, as if something was placed before the ears.—Excessive sensitiveness of hearing; all noise is intolerable.

NOSE.—Stunning compression at the root of the nose.—**Bleeding from the nose*.—Excessive acuteness of smelling.—Violent sneezing with pain in the abdomen and in the left side.—*Coryza* with catarrh, pain in the head, buzzing in the ears and colic.

FACE.—**Face bloated, hot and red, or -bluish, °or alternately red and pale*.—On rising, the face, before red, becomes deadly pale.—Redness of one cheek with paleness of the other, or, **red spots on both cheeks*.—**Sweat on the forehead, upper lip, and on the cheek on which one has laid*.—Distortion of features.—Crawling pain and sensation of swelling in the cheeks.—Pain, as from ulceration in the cheek-bones.—*'Semi-lateral prosopalgia with swelling of the lower jaw*.—**Lips black and dry*.—Burning pains, pricking and shootings, with successive drawings in the jaws.

TEETH.—Lancinating shocks °or *throbbing pains in the teeth*, often with congestion of blood towards the head and heat of the face.

MOUTH.—**Sensation of dryness, or dryness in the mouth and on the tongue*.—*°Tongue white*.—Itching, *prickings and burning sensation of the tongue*, with accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—Paralysis of the tongue.—**Speech tremulous and stammering*.—Pain, as from excoriation in the orifices of the salivary ducts, as if they were ulcerated.

THROAT.—**Pain in the throat with deep redness of the parts affected and difficult deglutition*.—Scraping, itching, sensation of strangling, **burning and pricking in the throat*, chiefly when swallowing.—Sensation of contraction in the throat, as if caused by acrid substances.

APPETITE.—**Taste in the mouth bitter or putrid*.—Taste of all foods and drinks bitter, except water.—*Excessive and unquenchable thirst*, sometimes with a desire for beer.—**Loss of appetite and distaste for food*.—Beer oppresses the stomach like a weight.

STOMACH.—Hiccough.—Ineffectual desire to eructate.—Flowing of water from the stomach like phlegm, with pain in the stomach.—Desire to vomit, as after having eaten something sweetish or fat.—**Bilious vomitings, greenish, or mucous and bloody*.—Vomiting of pure blood.—Vomiting of lumbricoides.—**Pains in the stomach after eating or drinking*.—**Sensation of swelling, tension and pres-*

sure, as from a weight in the precordial region and in the stomach, sometimes with difficult respiration.—Sensation of contraction in the stomach, as if from acrid substances.

ABDOMEN.—Constriction, **tension and pressure in the hypochondriac region*, sometimes with fulness and a sensation of weight.—**Burning pain, lancinations, stitches and *pressure in the hepatic region*, with difficult respiration.—**Painful sensitiveness to touch in the region of the liver*.—**Icterus*.—Drawing pains in the abdomen when sitting down.—Constriction, pinchings and **burnings in the umbilical region*, sometimes with retraction of the navel.—Unbearable cutting pains in bed in the morning.—Tension and painful throbbing in the abdomen, principally in the epigastrium.—**Swelling of the abdomen as in ascites*.—**Painful sensitiveness of the abdomen to the touch and to the least movement*.—Flatulent colic, chiefly at night, with pressure, tension and borborygmus.

FÆCES.—**Suppression of stools*.—**Frequent, soft, small stools with tenesmus*.—**Loose, watery stools*.—*White stools, with red urine*.—Involuntary stools, from paralysis of the anus.—Nausea and sweating before and after loose stools.—Pains in the rectum.—Pressure and pricking in the anus.—Bloody piles.—Diarrhœa with flow of urine and with colic.

URINE.—Suppression of urine, with pressure in the bladder and pains in the kidneys.—A frequent desire to discharge urine with anxiety and pain.—*Flow of urine*, with sweat, diarrhœa and colic.—Involuntary emission of urine, from relaxation of the neck of the bladder.—**Urine scanty, burning, dark red, and with a brick-coloured sediment*.—Bloody sediment in the urine.—Heat and tenesmus at the neck of the bladder.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Venereal inclination alternately increased and diminished.—Amorous paroxysms.—Smarting in the parts.—Pains of contusion in the testicles.—Itching of the prepuce.—Lancinations and pinchings in the glans when making water.—**Menses too abundant*.—Delirium on the appearance of the menses.—Loss of blood from the matrix.—Leucorrhœa viscous and yellowish.—Increase of milk in the breasts.

LARYNX.—Sensation of numbness in the trachea.—Attacks of paralysis in the epiglottis, with a tendency to choking.—**Pain in the larynx*.—A croaking voice.—**A constant desire to cough*, produced by an irritation or a tickling in the larynx.—Cough after drinking or smoking.—**Short and dry cough, principally at night*.—**A convulsive cough, hoarse or croaking, sometimes with danger of*

suffocation and constriction of the larynx.—Expectoration of thick and whitish matter, or of bloody mucus, *or *spitting of blood with the cough*.—*Shootings and pains in the chest *when coughing*.

CHEST.—**Short breathing, chiefly during sleep, and on getting up*.—**Breathing difficult, anxious, and attended with groans, or quick and short, or strong and loud and with the mouth open*.—Breathing slow during sleep.—Breath fetid.—*Constriction and *anxious oppression of the chest*, with difficulty of breathing.—Attacks of suffocation, with anxiety.—Sensation of heaviness and of compression of the chest.—**Painful stitches in the chest, chiefly when breathing, coughing, and moving, even of the arms only*.—**Stitches in the side, with weeping and complaining, soothed, in some degree, by lying on the back*.—Itching in the chest.—Pains as if from a bruise in the sternum and in the sides.—**Sensation of anguish in the chest, which interrupts respiration*.—**Palpitation of the heart with great anxiety, heat of body, chiefly in the face, and great weariness in the limbs*.—Lancinations in the region of the heart when moving or going up stairs.—Sensation of compression and strokes in the region of the heart.

TRUNK.—Pain, as if from a bruise, in the back and loins and in the nape of the neck.—**Painful stiffness in the nape of the neck*, in the kidneys and the coxo-femoral joints.—Boring pain in the back and loins; itching and pricking in the back.—Weakness and pain, as from a bruise, in the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Pain, as from a bruise, and weakness in the arms, principally in the shoulders with swelling.—Heaviness in the arms with numbness of the fingers.—Paralytic weakness of the arm and hand, especially when writing.—A sensation of drawing in the arms.—Hands benumbed.—Swelling of the hands.—Heat in the hands with coldness of the feet.—Cool sweat on the palms of the hands.—Itching in the fingers particularly when writing.—Inflammatory swelling of the elbow with numbness and a paralytic state of the fingers.

LEGS.—Pain, as from a bruise in the coxo-femoral joints, especially after having slept, or having lain down for some time.—A sensation of drawing with paralytic weakness in the legs.—Lancinating pain in the coxo-femoral joint, even to the knee; pain which forces a cry at every step.—*Want of strength and steadiness in the joints of the hip and knee*.—Inflammatory swelling of the knee, with shining redness, shooting pains, stiffness and great sensitiveness to touch.—Sensation of stiffness in the legs when

moving them.—*Pain in the insteps with despair and fear of death.*—Numbness in the legs.—Heaviness of the feet.—Coldness of the feet, chiefly in the toes, and sweat on the soles of the feet.

2.—ÆTHUSA CYNAPIUM.

ÆTH.—Garden hemlock.—HARTL. AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

COMPARE WITH: Cic. con.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Shooting and rheumatic pains in the muscles.—Attacks of stiffness in the body and limbs.—Convulsions with loss of consciousness and raving.—Epileptic convulsions.—Aggravation of suffering in a room, amelioration in the open air.—Great desire to sleep in the day and drowsy heaviness.—Coldness, chiefly in the limbs with shiverings, and inclination for sleep.—Pulse, irregular and small, hard and quick.—Irregular beating of the heart.—Inquietude and anguish.—Humour, slovenly and irritable, especially in the open air.—Loss of consciousness and raving.—Ideas fixed, frantic.—Madness.

HEAD, EYES, &c.—Head compressed, as if the brain were bound.—Dizziness with sleepiness.—Compressive or drawing pain, beatings and dartings in the head, chiefly in the afternoon.—Heat in the eyes, as if from smoke, especially when in a room.—Injection of the veins of the conjunctiva.—Eyes sparkling, prominent, fixed, and, as it were, inanimate.—Fixed, strange look.—Eyeballs convulsed and directed downwards.—Drawing and tearing pains in the ears.—Hardness of hearing with sensation of closing of the ears.—Face wan, pale, disfigured and hollow.—Features which denote anguish and suffering.—Sensation of swelling in the face and head, on entering a room.—Rending and shooting pains in the cheek-bones.—Foaming at the mouth.—Heat in the throat.

ABDOMEN, &c.—*Vomiting* of milk when swallowed, or of milky matter, white and frothy, or of greenish mucus.—Vomiting, with loose stools.—Tearing pain from the pit of the stomach to the œsophagus.—Lancinations in the hypochondrium and in the kidneys.—Sensation of coldness in the abdomen.—Abdomen bloated and very painful when touched, principally in the hepatic region.—Black and bluish swelling of the abdomen.—*Stools*, loose and bilious, greenish or yellowish, and sometimes with cutting pain and tenesmus.—Urine pale and abundant.

CHEST, TRUNK AND LIMBS.—Respiration short, anxious and sobbing.—Tearing pains, and successive drawings in

the nape of the neck.—Compressive pain in the sacrum.—Painful furunculus on the loins.—Stiffness of the arms and in the fingers when bending them.—Sensation of swelling in the hands, after walking.

3.—ACTÆA SPICATA.

ACT.—With the exception of one case of *Protopalgia* cured by Ruckert, observations that we possess on this medicine, are fictitious, being the fabrication of Doctor Fickel (Heyne).

4.—AGARICUS MUSCARIUS.

AMANITA.—Bug agaric.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : 40 days in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. coff. puls. vinum.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. bell. coff. graph. phos. puls.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—The affections in which this remedy has been heretofore used are:—Amblyopia amaurotica; Odontalgia; Weakness from excessive coition; Pains in the bones of the legs; Convulsions and tremblings of the limbs?; Epileptic fits; Miliary eruptions?; Chilblains.

[As the Agaricus causes immensely increased irritability of the whole nervous and sexual systems, with excessive sensitiveness to all sensual impressions, and a condition in which the slightest exercise of the will suffices to produce violent excitation of the nervous and muscular systems, characterized by universal trembling, continual twitching of the tendons, inclination to dance, together with the strangest distortion of the limbs, convulsive motions, excessive sensitiveness of the skin, so that the slightest pressure causes intense and long continued pains, &c. &c.; it promises to prove a most efficient remedy in hysterical chorea, convulsions, and catalepsy; and principally in *neuralgias of the head and sides of the face*. It deserves attention in mental derangement and nervous headaches attended with transient mania. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Painful cramps in the muscles when seated.—Sensation of drawing in the limbs, principally during repose, whether seated or standing, and disappearing when moving.—Symptoms which show themselves across, for instance, in the right arm and in the left leg; amelioration when walking slowly.—Great sensibility in the whole body; the slightest pressure produces long continued pains.—*Pains, as from a bruise in the limbs and in all the joints*, after even moderate exercise.—Piercing pains in different parts of the body, chiefly in the head, with desire

for sleep and faintness when seated.—Great weakness and heaviness in all the limbs.—Trembling.—Convulsions.—Epileptic fits.—Great sensibility in the cool air.

SKIN.—Itching and titillation which force the sufferer to scratch himself.—**Itching, burning pain and redness as from chilblains* in different parts of the body.—**Miliary eruption, whitish and resembling grains, with excessive itching.*

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep in the day, particularly after a meal.—Violent yawning followed by dizziness.—In the morning, one has not slept enough, and has great difficulty in rising.

FEVER.—Disposition to exceeding chilliness, and shiverings in the open air, or on raising the bed-clothes provided that the limbs have been warm.—Violent shivering and trembling over the whole body with heat in the face, and coldness of the hands.—Sweat from even a moderate walk and slight exertion.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Aversion to conversation.—*Dread of labour.*—Inclination to make verses and to prophesy.—Coy mania, or madness with great display of strength.—Anxiousness, fearful reflections upon the present and future.—Utter indifference; mental dissipation; rapture; poetic excitation; fearless and destructive rage, and fury; restlessness; dejection; despair.

HEAD.—Dizziness, as from intoxication, principally in the open air, in the morning and when reflecting. The bright light of the sun instantly produces a dizziness, so as to occasion falling.—Piercing pains in the head when seated.—Dull pain, chiefly in the forehead with drawing of the eyelids.—*Drawing pains in the head, even in the eyes and root of the nose, principally on waking in the morning.*—Pain, as if a nail were driven into the head.—Searching pain and sensation as from a bruise in the brain.—Semilateral cephalalgia, drawing and pressing with confusion in the head.—Beating in the vertex with almost furious desperation.—Pressure in the left temple extending to the bottom of the brain, increased by pressure or touching the hair, and accompanied with complete discouragement.—Sensation of icy coldness, in the head.—*A twitching in the forehead and temples.*—*Headache as if the brain were lacerated*; intermittent rending in the head extending to behind the ear; drawing in all parts of the head, and rending in the head just before going to sleep; pressing rending in the whole left side of the head, and most severely in the left orbit and zygoma; *boiling pain deep in the brain, with sleepiness and relaxation of the whole body.*

EYES.—Itching in the eyes.—Burning sensation in the internal corners of the eye-lids, with pain when touched.—Pressure in the eyes.—Bloodshot redness in the corners of the eyes, and agglutination of the lids.—The cleft of the eye-lids growing narrower.—*Twitching in the eyes and eye-lids.*—*Weakness and confusion of vision as from a mist before the eyes.—**Brownish spots, like flies, before the eyes.*—Myopia.—Diplopia.

EARS.—Otalgia excited and aggravated by the admission of free air.—*Itching in the ears with redness and burning pain, as from chilblains.—Buzzing in the ears.

NOSE.—Excoriation and inflammation of the nostrils with painful sensibility.—Itching in the interior and on the exterior of the nose.—Blood from blowing the nose and bleeding at the nose.—Increased acuteness of smell.—Frequent sneezing without coryza.—Dryness of the nose.—Flow of clear water from the nose without coryza.

FACE.—*Shooting or drawing pains *in the jaws*, cheeks and chin.—Itching, redness and burning in the cheeks, as if from chilblains.—Twitching and pulsations in the cheeks.—Bluish lips.—Burning fissures in the upper lip.—Cramp-like sensation of pulling in the chin and lower jaw.

TEETH.—Tearing pains in the teeth, aggravated by cold.—Gums, swollen, painful and readily bleeding.

MOUTH.—Pain, as from excoriation in the mouth and palate.—Excoriation of the tongue.—After a meal, tongue dotted with apthæ of a dirty yellow, with a sensation as if the skin were going to be taken off.—Ulcer on the frœnum of the tongue.—Offensive smell of the mouth, as if after eating horse-radish.—Foam about the mouth.—Flow of bitter saliva.

APPETITE.—Insipid and fetid taste in the mouth.—Want of appetite for bread.—Hunger with want of appetite.—Attacks of bulimy, chiefly in the evening.—After a meal, pressure in the stomach and the abdomen with fullness.

STOMACH.—Incomplete eructation alternating with hic-cough.—Eructations with the taste of the food that has been eaten.—Nausea with cutting pains.—Desire to vomit immediately after a meal.—Pressure in the stomach, and in the precordial region, after a meal.—Pain resembling cramp and oppressive heaviness in the stomach.

ABDOMEN.—Shootings in the hepatic region.—Prickings in the region of the spleen during and after inspiration.—Cutting and pinching pains in the abdomen as from diarrhœa.—Moving about and rumbling noise in the abdomen.—

Abundant expulsion of flatulency of a fetid odour, like that of garlic.

FÆCES.—*Hard stools of a dark colour after a period of constipation.—Loose stools in the form of pap, with flatulency and violent colic.—During the loose stools, a painful drawing in the stomach and in the abdomen.—Itching in the anus.*

URINE.—*Scanty and seldom.—Urine clear and of a yellow lemon colour.—Flow of viscous mucus from the urethra.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Increase of sexual desire with flaccidity of the penis.—Insufficient emission in coition.—After coition great weakness and nocturnal sweat.—Itching on the genitals.—Drawing in the testes.*

LARYNX.—*Expectoration of small globules of mucus, almost without cough.*

CHEST.—*Respiration, short and oppressive, with difficulty of walking, even slowly.—Respiration difficult, as if the breasts were full of blood.—Constrictive oppression of the chest with a necessity for breathing often and deeply.—Pain, principally in the lower part of the chest, as if every thing were compressed there.—Prickings in the chest.—Painful beatings of the heart.—Copious nocturnal sweat upon the chest.—Itching of the nipples.*

BACK.—*Pain, as from fatigue and dislocation in the back, at the nape of the neck and in the loins, especially when sitting or lying down.—Painful weakness in the muscles of the back.—Paralytic pain in the loins increased by walking or by continued standing.*

ARMS.—*Arms weak and without vigour.—Burning pain in the arms followed by an eruption of small pimples, with scaling off of the epidermis.—Trembling of the hands.—Tearing in the fingers.—Cramp-like pain in the thumb.—Paleness and numbness of the fingers, which are, at the same time, very sensitive to cold.—Itching, burning pain and redness in the fingers, as if from chilblains.*

LEGS.—*Legs heavy and fatigued, especially in the thighs.—Drawing in the legs, as if in the interior of the bone, especially when sitting or standing, and ameliorated by motion.—Painful sensation in the hip on walking.—Drawing in the legs.—Darting pain in the feet and in the toes.—Drawing pressure in the malleolæ.—Burning itching and redness in the toes as if from chilblains.*

5.—AGNUS CASTUS.

AGN.—*The chaste tree.—Archæol. of STARR.—Duration of effect: from 8 to 15 days in some cases.*

ANTIDOTES: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Bov. cupr. natr-mur. nitr-ac. oleand. plat. selen. sep.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—The principal affections in which this medicine has been employed or recommended are:—*Impotence; Secondary gonorrhœa; Suppressed menses; Agalactia; Ulcers in the mouth and gums; Swelling and induration of the spleen; Ascites; Flatulency; Excoriations and chaps of the anus (external application); Swelling and induration of the testicles; Leucorrhœa; Dislocations; Arthritic exostosis; Inflammatory, rheumatic swelling of the joints; Sterility, &c., &c.*

[It deserves attention in hysteria and hypochondria, bordering on deep melancholy, and dependent upon no material cause, but rather upon misdirection and abuse of the mental powers. Also in the melancholy, apathy, self-dissatisfaction, self-contempt, &c. caused by onanism, and attended with coldness and insensibility of the sexual organs, and flow of prostatic fluid. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—A smarting, itching on different parts.—Drowsiness.—Disturbed sleep, and waking with a start.—Anxious or lascivious dreams.—Shiverings with trembling, though the body is hot to the touch.—Shivering without thirst, with coldness of the hands.—In the evening, in bed, transient heat of the body with coldness of the knees.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholy and hypochondriacal humour, with apathy, absence of ideas, and incapacity for doing any thing whatever.—State of exaltation, alternating with self-contempt.—Complete discouragement and desire for death.—*Great sadness with a confirmed idea of approaching death.*—*Great distraction,* absence of mind and stupefaction.—Difficult conception of the discourse of others.—Fits of anguish with weakness, and a sensation as if diarrhœa were about to be established.

HEAD.—Contracting pain in the head, chiefly when reading.—"Headache as when one has remained a long time in a room full of smoke, with a sensation of heaviness, ameliorated by fixing the eyes on any object.—Pressing rending, principally in the forehead and temples, increased by movement.—Contused pain, as if one had received a blow on the temple.—A shooting, smarting sensation in the head as if in the bone, chiefly in the evening, and felt even during sleep.—Itching and a darting titillation in the hairy scalp.—Tension and chilliness in the teguments of the head, which, however, appear warm to the touch.

EYES AND EARS.—Burning sensation in the eyes, when reading, in the evening.—Itching and pricking in the lids and around the eyes.—Pupils greatly dilated.—Tingling and buzzing of the ears.

Nose.—Smell of musk or of herring, before the nose.—Pressure at the root of the nose, relieved by compression.

FACE AND TEETH.—Itching and prurient titillations in the cheeks.—Tearing pain in the lower jaw.—Tooth-ache excited by drinking, or by hot aliments.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth with viscid saliva.—Redness of the palate and velum palati.—A sensation of scraping in the throat which causes coughing, with expectoration of a very viscous mucus.

APPETITE.—Metallic or coppery taste in the mouth.—Hunger and appetite increased.—Absence of thirst and aversion to all sorts of drink.—After dinner, fulness and inflation.—Frequent hiccough with irritability.

ABDOMEN.—Uneasiness, first in the pit of the stomach, then in the abdomen, as if all the entrails were coming down.—Pressure in the hepatic region, increased by touch.—Rumbling noise in the abdomen during sleep.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Loose or soft stools.—Hard stools and constipation.—Stools difficult, without being very hard.—Itching and titillation in the perinæum.—Urine more frequent and more abundant, issuing in a fuller stream.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Weakness of the genital functions.—The genital organs are cold, insensible, and little disposed for coition.—Sensation of traction in the spermatic cord.—^cBlenorrhæic discharge from the urethra, with ^{*}absence of sexual desire and erections.—^{*}Yellowish efflux from the urethra.—Flowing of the prostate fluid during a difficult stool.—Increase of sexual desire, with frequent erections, and accompanied by a kind of madness; alternate effect?—^oMenses suppressed, with drawing pains in the abdomen.

CHEST.—Cough in the evening, in bed, before falling asleep.—Pressure on the sternum, especially when taking a full inspiration.

EXTREMITIES.—Pain as from dislocation of the joints of the shoulder, hand, and knee.—Sensation of drawing in the feet and toes, chiefly when walking.—Tendency to twist the feet when walking on the pavement.—Drawing weight in the feet.—Arthritic swelling and drawing in the joints of the fingers.

6.—ALOEES GUMMI.

AL.—Aloe.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown in homœopathy, but

which has been employed with success against some kinds of *dysentery*.—The primitive symptoms which Fickel (Heyne) published of it have been controverted.

7.—ALUMINA.

ALUMINIUM OXYD.—Argilla—Pure Clay.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: more than 40 days in some cases.

ANTIDOTES: Bry. camph. cham. ipec.

COMPARE WITH: Ars. bar. bell. calc. cham. ign. ipec. lach. led. magn. merc. n-vom. phos. plumb. rhus. sil. sulf.—This medicine answers particularly well after *Bry. lach.* and *sulph.*, while *Bryonia* is often of great use after *alumina*, when it is indicated.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, this medicine will sometimes be found useful in one or other of the following affections:—Intellectual weakness; Congestive, nervous or hysterical cephalalgia with vomiting; Strabismus?; Otorrhœa; *Ozœna*; Odontalgia of pregnant women; Ulceration of the gums; Acute anginæ; Hepatic pains?; Saturnine colic; Constipation of pregnant women and nurses; Flowing of prostatic fluid; *Leucorrhœa*; Chronic coryza; Suffering in consequence of contradictions; Rhagades; Panaris; Moist and gnawing *tetters*; Mercurial sufferings.

[Chronic and obstinate inflammations of the eyes, which are attended with profuse mucous secretion; Paralysis of the eyelids; Inflammation of the bones of the nose; Enlargement and induration of the cervical glands; Obstinate and destructive inflammation of the throat, especially when attended with profuse purulent secretion; Water-brash; Acidity of the stomach; Worm complaints, and the attendant alternation of diarrhœa and constipation; In chronic inflammations of the throat of scrofulous persons, or of children, with enlargement of the tonsils, running from the ears, and catarrh of the nose. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Rending pains in the limbs.—*Sensation of constriction in several organs*.—Aggravation of suffering from potatoes, and often every two days.—*Several sufferings show themselves after dinner* and continue till evening, when they disappear or are replaced by others, which begin only then.—The sufferings which have appeared in the morning, or in the evening, are ameliorated after dinner.—*Sufferings in consequence of vexation*.—*Trembling and *convulsive movements of the limbs*, and even of the head.—Spasms, with alternation of tears and laughter.—Exaltation of the whole nervous system.—Trembling of the whole body, with desire to lie down, which, how-

ever, increases the fatigue.—*Great general fatigue*, even after a short walk on foot, but principally *after speaking*.—*Frequent stretching when sitting*.—*Absence of vital heat*.

SKIN.—*Miliary eruption on the arms and legs, with much itching, and serous bleeding after having been scratched*.—*The slightest injuries of the skin smart and inflame*.—*Leprous pimples*.—*Scurf and running sores, -or itching, chiefly in the evening*.—*Renewal of cutaneous symptoms at every new or full moon*.—**Rhagades (cutaneous fissures)*.

SLEEP.—**Sleep tardy and -wakefulness before midnight*.—*Nocturnal sleep too light, agitated, with frequent starts*.—**Deep sleep, not refreshing, with a desire in the morning to sleep more*.—*Frequent waking in the night*.—**Dreams frequent and -anxious with talking, laughter, tears, lamentations, groans, and somnambulism*.—*Dreams of horses, quarrels, and vexations, of fire, marriages, spectres, death, and robbers*.—*Dreams, with fear of death after waking*.—*Nightmare*.—*During the night, anxiety, agitation, and tossing; or heat, tooth-ache, head-ache, spasms and oppression of the chest, or diarrhæa with pains in the stomach and shiverings*.—*After sleep, on waking in the morning, mind weighed down by vexatious ideas, or nausea with insipidity in the stomach and feverish movements*.

FEVER.—*Shivering, even when near the heat of a stove, and at night, in bed, one is not able to warm oneself*.—*Fever towards the evening, with predominant chilliness*.—**Chilliness immediately after having eaten supper*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Humour morose, -sad, with despair of cure*.—*Involuntary tears*.—**Anguish and anxiety, as if one were threatened with some fatal accident or had committed a crime*.—**Apprehensions*.—*Disposition to be frightened*.—*Countenance, sorrowful and morose*.—*Ill-humour, with unfitness for labour*.—*Disposition to be angry*.—*Obstinacy and contradictory humour*.—*Taking every thing in bad part*.—*Humour changeable, at one time bold, at another timid*.—*Weakness of memory*.—*Distraction, inadvertence, and *incapability of following out an idea*.—**Absence of ideas*.—*One always makes blunders in speaking*.—*Great vivacity of mind, alternating with stupidity and insensibility of sight and hearing*.—*Sensation, as if self-consciousness were without the body*.

HEAD.—**Dizziness, -whirling sensation, most frequently so as to cause falling, sometimes with nausea, or tension in the nape of the neck*.—*State of intoxication after smoking tobacco, or after having taken the weakest spirituous drink, and principally in the morning*.—**Head-ache, as if one*

were dragged by the hair; or smart shootings in the brain, **with desire to vomit*.—Heaviness of the head, with paleness of the face and fatigue.—*Compressive cephalalgia*.—Beatings and pulsations in the head.—Congestion of blood towards the eyes and nose, with *pressure in the forehead and epistaxis.—Head-ache increased while walking in the open air.—The head-ache is ameliorated when, on lying down, the head is softly supported.—*Itching on the forehead.—Pain as from excoriation in the hairy scalp.—Moist crusts on the temples.—Dryness of the hair.—Itching in the hairy scalp, which scales off very much.

EYES.—*Pressure on the eyes*, which renders it impossible to open them.—*Pressure, as from a grain of sand, in the corner of the eye, in the evening.—*Sensation of *burning in the eyes*, with *nocturnal agglutination of the lids* and *diurnal lachrymation*.—Sensation of coldness in the eyes, when walking in the open air.—Paralysis of the upper lid.—Hordeolum; swelling of the eyelids.—Hanging of the brows.—Spasmodic drawing of the lids at night, with pain in the eyes on opening them.—Photophobia.—Confusion of sight as from a mist, and sparkling before the eyes.—Yellow aspect of all objects—Coloured reflection around the candle, in the evening.—Strabismus of both eyes.—Glittering before the eyes on opening them.

EARS.—*Shooting pains in the ears*, principally in the evening or at night.—Itching and sensation of burning in the ears.—Frequently, in the evening, heat and redness of one ear.—Purulent discharge from the ears.—Crackling noise and *buzzing in the ears, chiefly when chewing, but also when swallowing.

NOSE.—Pain in the root of the nose and forehead.—*Pain, swelling, and *redness of the nose*.—Corrosion and scabs in the nose.—Discharge of solid, yellow, greenish substances from the nose.—*Accumulation and *flow of a thick and yellowish matter from the nose*.—Nostrils ulcerated.—Stoppage of the nose.—Furunculus in the nose.—Blood from the nose when blown, and *epistaxis.—Sour smell from the nose.—Smell either exceedingly delicate or *weak.—Coryza with defluxion from one nostril with stoppage of the other.—Coryza alternately dry and flowing.—*Stoppage of the nose.

FACE.—Aspect gloomy, morose.—Rapid alternation of redness and **paleness of countenance*.—Copper-like redness of the cheeks, as in drunkards.—Itching in the face, and tension as if it were covered with white of an egg dried.—Sensation of swelling and of *heaviness of countenance.

—Red, painful spot on the cheek.—Roughness of the skin of the face, especially over the forehead.—Itching, and eruption of small pimples over the face.—Moist scabs on the temples.—*Shooting sensation and traction in the cheek-bones.—Transient heat of the face.—Furunculus on the cheeks.—Leprous tubercles in the face.—Lips dry and cracked with exfoliation of the skin.—Swelling of the lips.—Pimples and moist eruptions on the lips.—Swelling of the jaws with tensive pain on opening the mouth and when chewing.—Shortening of the lower jaw.

TEETH.—*Pains in the teeth when chewing*, or in the evening, in bed.—Tearing in the teeth, as far as the zygomatic bone, and in the forehead and temples.—Piercing pain in the carious teeth.—Ulceration of the roots of the teeth.—Ulcers on the gums.—Swelling of the gums with a tendency to bleed.—Sensation of lengthening of the teeth.—Odonotalgia with nervous irritation, as after cold or after the use of chamomile.

MOUTH.—Pain as from excoriation of the mouth, palate, tongue and gums, which almost prevents eating.—Small ulcers in the mouth.—*Dryness of the mouth, chiefly on waking.—*Accumulation of a sweetish or sour saliva in the mouth*, like actual salivation.—Putrid smell from the mouth.—Tongue loaded with a black or yellowish coating.—Expectoration of bloody mucus.

THROAT.—Sore throat which is aggravated in the evening and at night, and which is ameliorated by taking any thing warm, as well as in the morning.—*Contracting*, or shooting pains in the throat, *chiefly when swallowing*.—*Difficult deglutition, as if from contraction of the throat*.—Cramp-like pressure and squeezing in the œsophagus.—Swelling of the amygdalæ.—Great dryness in the throat.—Accumulation of a thick and viscous mucus in the throat, with difficult expectoration.

APPETITE.—Sweetish taste, or a taste of blood in the mouth.—Rough taste, astringent or bitter and insipid.—**Irregular appetite; at one time too strong, at another too weak*.—*Insipidity of food*, especially in the evening, and principally of bread and meat.—Distaste for food.—Hunger with want of appetite.—Bulimy.—Desire for vegetables, fruits, and aliments.—After having eaten, and chiefly in the evening, hiccough, pressure in the stomach and abdomen, distaste, nausea, and lassitude.—Potatoes excite nausea and bitter eructations.

STOMACH.—**Eructations, sour and acrid, and pyrosis*.—*Chronic tendency to eructation*.—*Frequent eructations.

—**Frequent nausea* and desire to vomit, chiefly when speaking, when re-entering the room after walking, and in the morning.—Pressure in the stomach, chiefly in the evening and after eating.—*Contraction and constriction in the region of the stomach*, often extending as far as the throat and breast and sometimes with oppressed respiration.—*Pain, as from excoriation in the pit of the stomach and hypochondria, principally on returning to bed, or on stooping.

ABDOMEN.—*Painful sensibility of the liver when stooping, followed sometimes by shooting pains.—Colic, after a general chilliness of the body.—*Colic with drawing pains*, principally in the evening, or at night, or after dinner.—**Cutting pains*, chiefly in the morning.—Flatulent colic.—*The colic is ameliorated by external heat*.—Protrusion and incarceration of inguinal hernia.

FÆCES.—*Stools hard, seldom, and not sufficiently copious, sometimes with pain in the anus.—*Constipation and obstruction of the abdomen.—**Difficult stool, from inactivity of the intestines*.—Voiding of much *slimy matter with the stool* during the continuance of colic.—Loose stools with pain in the belly and tenesmus.—Issue of blood during the stools and after them.—Burning and **itching in the anus*.—Piles.—Pressure and shooting pains in the perinæum.

URINE.—*Pain in the kidneys*, principally when walking or stooping.—Sensation of weakness in the bladder and in the genital parts.—Eager desire to make water, with *increased and aqueous evacuation* accompanied sometimes by a sensation of burning.—Urine less copious, with red and sandy sediment.—*Nocturnal urination.—Urine turbid and white, as if chalk had been put into it.—Thick, whitish sediment in the urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Sexual desire increased*, or suppressed.—*Frequent pollutions* and nocturnal erections.—Copious secretion behind the glans.—Excoriation of the prepuce.—Contracting pain in the spermatic cord, with contraction of the testicle.—Hardness and *painful sensibility of one of the testes*.—Flowing of prostate fluid during difficult stools.—Pains in the perinæum, during coition and while the erection continues.—Increase of suffering after pollution.—**Menses not sufficiently copious*, too early and of too short duration.—Menses too copious with inflation of the abdomen.—During the menses, sleep agitated, with many dreams, ebullition of the blood, heat in the face, head-ache and palpitation of the heart.—Before and *during the menses, colics, head-aches and other sufferings.—

After the menses great fatigue.—**Corrosive leucorrhœa* with smarting of the genital parts.—**Leucorrhœa* before or after the menses, and often with trembling, fatigue, and colic.—*Leucorrhœa* flesh-coloured and stiffening the linen.

LARYNX.—*Dry cough*, principally in the morning and sometimes followed by late expectoration.—**Short, dry cough*.—**Cough with impeded respiration*, or with pains in the head and nape of the neck.—**Catarrh* of the larynx and of the bronchia, with scraping sensation in the throat.—Sudden taking cold, with loss of voice, morning and evening.

CHEST.—**Oppression of the chest*.—**Difficulty of breathing* when seated.—*Nocturnal pressure in the chest*.—*Sensation of constriction of the chest*, chiefly when seated in a bending attitude, or when stooping.—Pain, as from excoriation in the chest and pit of the stomach, sometimes with cough.—Palpitations and 'heavy throbs of the heart'.—**Pain in the sternum when touching it*.

TRUNK.—**Pain in the loins* during repose.—*Pain like that of a bruise in the loins*, and in the back.—*Shooting pains in the back*.—Sensation in the back, as if it were pierced with a hot iron.

ARMS.—Pains in the arms while kept hanging down or extended on the bed.—*Tearing in the arms from the shoulder to the fingers*.—Pain, as if burned by a hot iron in the elbows and the fingers.—**Paralytic weight of the arms*.—Swelling of the arm and fingers.—**Tetters and moist sores on the fore-arms*.—Mealy desquamation of the hands.—**Fissures in the hands*, which readily bleed.—Gnawing pain under the nails, sometimes with itching on the arm.—The nails have a tendency to break when they are cut.—**Panaris*.

LEGS.—**Stiffness, numbness, and insensibility of the legs at night*.—Sensation of tearing in almost all parts of the lower limbs.—**Great heaviness and weakness of the legs*, chiefly in the hips.—Drawing pain in the knees when going up stairs.—Tension in the calves when walking, and cramps when crossing the legs and resting the toes on the ground.—Pain as from fatigue in the joints of the feet, when seated.—Pains in the soles of the feet when walking.—Coldness of the feet.—Itching and redness in the toes, as if from chilblains.—Sensation of burning under the toes.

8.—AMBRA GRISEA.

AMB.—Ambergris.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: as long as 40 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Camp. n-vom. puls.— *It is used as an antidote against* • staph. n-vom.

COMPARE WITH : Calc. cham. graph. lyc. n-vom. phos. plus. sabad. sep. staph. veratr. verb.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Taking the *totality of the symptoms* for a guide, this medicine may be consulted in one form or other of the following affections:—Melancholy ; Epistaxis ; Ranula ? ; Hepatic pains ? ; Icterus ? ; Hæmorrhoids ? ; Leucorrhæa ; Sufferings in consequence of suppressed coryza ; Hooping-cough ? ; Convulsive cough, especially in persons of spare habit ; Asthmatic sufferings, especially in children or scrofulous persons ; Diseases of the heart ? ; Sufferings of old men and of persons of a wasted and meagre constitution ; Arthritic and rheumatic pains ? ; Podagra, &c. &c.

[In *asthma hystericum* it ranks almost as a specific ; it deserves attention in hooping-cough, even when attended with the most frightful spasms of the chest ; and also in inveterate catarrhs ; in diseases caused by the suppression of itch or tetters it may be used with advantage, as it often favours their reappearance upon the skin. *Ed.*]

☞ See page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cramps and **sensation of drawing in the muscles*.—*Tearing pains*, chiefly in the joints and often on one side only.—Predisposition to numbness in several parts.—Many of the sufferings appear during sleep, and diminish after rising.—Many of the sufferings are mitigated by walking in the open air or when one has laid upon the diseased part.—In the evening and in the heat, many of the symptoms are aggravated.—**Sensation of drawing through the whole body*.—**Cutting pain in the hands and feet*.—*Inflation and pulsation over the whole body*, with great weakness after walking in the open air.—After having talked much, agitation and trembling all over the body with restlessness.—**Fatigue*, especially in the morning, in bed, and *at night*, on waking.—*Sensation of numbness and of torpor over the whole surface of the body*, chiefly in the morning.

SKIN.—Itching and sensation of burning in several parts of the skin, as from the itch.—Tetters and itchy eruptions appear during the use of this medicine.—**Dryness of the skin*.—Burning tetters.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep in the day.—Restlessness at night.—Agitated sleep, in consequence of coldness of the body and a sensation of drawing in the limbs.—*Sleep full of anxious dreams and crowded thoughts*.—On sleeping, starts with fright.

FEVER.—Shivering, especially in the morning, with fatigue and drowsiness, ameliorated by dinner.—Feverish shivering in different parts, followed by heat in the face.—*Transient heat, sometimes with anxiety at the heart.—Constant sweat during the day, especially in the abdomen and legs, when walking.—Nocturnal sweat, particularly on the diseased side, after midnight.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Inconsolable sadness*.—Anxiety, especially in the evening.—Timidity.—Despair and disgust of life.—Repugnance to laughter and conversation.—Excitation, agitation, and precipitation, chiefly during intellectual labours.—Imagination occupied with grimacing forms and wanton images.—Absence of ideas.—Difficult conception.

HEAD.—Attack of dizziness, especially on walking in the open air.—Vertigo, which compels one to lie down, with a sensation of weakness in the stomach.—In the morning, head-ache as after a nocturnal debauch.—Sensation of weakness in the head, with external shivering.—*Pressing pain in the head*, every two days, with heat in the head, burning in the eyes and paleness of the face.—Pressure in the forehead, with fear of losing one's reason.—Pressing squeezing, with perplexity, principally in the forehead and occiput.—*Congestion of blood to the head*, especially on hearing music.—Acute sensation of drawing in the head, with ulcers on the hairy scalp.—Pain on the exterior of the head, as if caused by a strain from lifting a weight.—**Pain in the hairy scalp when touched*, with falling out of the hair.

EYES.—Pressure on the eyes with heaviness, and a sensation as if the eyes were too deep in the head, with a difficulty of opening them in the morning.—Insufferable tickling round the eyes.—Itching in the eyelid, as if a sty were being formed.—*Inflammatory redness of the sclerotic, with injection of the vessels.—*Confusion of sight—like a mist, and obscurity before the eyes.

EARS.—Acute sensation of drawing in the ears.—Tension in the ears.—Itching and tickling in the interior of the ears.—*Tingling and buzzing before the ears.

NOSE.—Spasms in the wings of the nose.—**Nasal hæmorrhage*, principally in the morning.—Scurf of dried blood in the nose.—Frequent sneezing.—Dryness and **obstruction of the nose*, with pain as from excoriation.—*Dry coryza.—Chronic suppression of the nasal mucus.

FACE.—Redness and *heat*, sometimes transient, of the face.—Jaundiced face.—Tickling and itching titillation in

the face, with eruption of pimples; the same in the forehead and in the region of the whiskers.—Red spot on the cheeks, cramps in the lips.—Hot lips.

TEETH.—*Drawing, shooting pains*, chiefly in the carious teeth, and especially in the open air, increased by taking any thing hot.—Bleeding of the teeth and gums.—Painful swelling of the gums.

MOUTH.—In the morning, on waking, dryness and sensation of numbness in the mouth, tongue, and lips.—Itching and smarting in the mouth.—Vesicles in the mouth, with burning pain.—Nodosities, with pain like excoriation below the tongue.—Tongue loaded with a coating, white or yellowish.—Offensive smell from the mouth.

THROAT.—Sensation as if there were a plug in the throat, with difficulty of swallowing.—*Contraction in the throat, when swallowing food.—*Corrosion *and scratching in the throat.—Accumulation of grayish mucus in the throat, with desire to vomit and vomiting when hawking.—*In the morning hawking up of mucus.

APPETITE.—*Insipid or rancid taste.—*Want of appetite.—*Sourness in the mouth after taking milk.—After eating, pressure at the pit of the throat, as if a piece had stopped there.

STOMACH.—*Imperfect eructations.—*Frequent eructations and often sour, or with the taste of what has been taken.—Hiccough after having smoked tobacco.—*Pyrosis*, principally in the evening or on walking in the open air.—*Nausea and vomiting.—Pressure and cramp-like pain in the stomach.—Sensation of burning in the stomach and precordial region.

ABDOMEN.—*Hepatic pains, most frequently pressing.—Pressing pain in the epigastrium and abdomen.—*Heaviness in the belly.—Tension and *inflation of the belly, principally after eating and drinking.—Compression in the belly, sometimes in the morning. Cutting pains in the evening, after midnight, and in bed in the morning, with diarrhæa.—*Pain, as from a wound in the abdominal muscles, when coughing and turning the body.—*Sensation of coldness in the belly, sometimes of one side only.—In the evening, sensation of drawing in the abdominal muscles.—*Obstructed flatulency.—Flatulent colic in the night.

FÆCES.—Constipation and tardy stools.—Fruitless desire to go to stool, with anxiety and incapability of enduring the approach of any person.—*Irregular intermittent stools, often, only every two days.—Soft, loose, clear-brown stools.—After the stool, pressure in the abdomen.—Flowing

of blood with the stool.—Hæmorrhoidal excrescences about the anus.—Itching and tickling in the anus and rectum.

URINE.—In the morning, after getting up, an urgent desire to make water.—*Increased secretion of urine*, chiefly at night and in the morning.—Urine yellowish brown and turbid, with brown sediment.—Reddish cloud in the urine.—Urine tinged with blood.—*Acid smell from the urine.—Burning in the orifice of the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Lively sensation of pleasure and itching in the genital parts*, without external excitement.—Burning in the region of the spermatic vesicles.—Erections in the morning, with numbness of the genital parts.—*Menses* too early.—Discharge of blood between the periods.—During the menses, swelling of the veins, with pressure in the legs.—**Leucorrhœa* -thick slimy, preceded by shooting pains in the vagina.—Running of white, bluish matter from the vagina.—The leucorrhœa is more abundant at night.—*Burning*, pain of excoriation and itching in the sexual parts of women.

LARYNX.—Cough with coryza and expectoration of a whitish and salt mucus.—*Nocturnal cough*, excited by vehement tickling in the gullet.—Cough in the evening, with pain in the left side, as if something were torn away.—*Convulsive cough*, -with eructations and hoarseness.—*On coughing, pressing head-ache in the temples.—Voice hoarse, harsh, with an accumulation of much thick mucus in the air-ducts.

CHEST.—**Breathing short*.—**Oppression of breathing*.—Breath fetid, in the morning after waking.—Wheezing in the chest —**Painful oppression in the chest* and back.—Pressure in the breast, chiefly in the region of the heart.—**Sensation of rawness in the chest*.—*At night, trembling in the breast.—*Beating of the heart*, frequently when walking in the open air, with paleness of face and pressure in the breast as from a weight.—Rheumatic pain, as from a bruise in the breast.

TRUNK.—Shooting pain in the loins.—**Stiffness in the loins* after sitting long.—Heaviness in the back, with pain in the belly, as if the intestines were compressed.—Pressing, pulling pain in the nape of the neck and back.

ARMS.—**The arms become easily numbed*, whether they are leant upon or when carrying something, or even in the night, with sensation of torpor.—*Paralytic drawing*, as from dislocation, in the shoulder joints, elbows, front part of the arms, and hands.—**Trembling of the arms*.—*Pain in the bone of the elbow when touched.—*Cramps in the

in the hands on taking hold of any thing.—Prolonged coldness of the hands.—Contraction of the fingers.—In the evening, attack of trembling in the thumb.—In the morning, the skin at the extremity of the fingers is wrinkled.—Nocturnal weakness of the fingers.—Itchy tetter between the fingers.

LEGS.—Sensation of numbness in the legs with unsteady walk.—Heaviness, tightness and relaxation of the legs.—Cramps in the legs, and at night, in the calves of the legs.—*Acute drawing pains in the legs*, from the os sacrum to the feet, with incapability of supporting the foot on the ground; the affected leg seems shorter than the other.—Excoriation in the hams, with pain, principally in the evening.—Tingling of the calves of the legs and feet.—Arthritic pains in the joints of the feet, and in the great toes.—*Tightness in the joints of the feet.—*Pain as from ulceration in the soles of the feet, when walking.—*Burning in the soles of the feet.—*Swelling of the feet.—Shooting pains in the chilblains of the toes.—Pain, as from excoriation in the corns.

9.—AMMONIUM CARBONICUM.

AMM.—Carbonate of ammonia.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: as long as 40 hours in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Arn. camph. hep.

COMPARE WITH: Am-mur. arn. ars. bell. bry. chin. fer. graph. hep. kal. laur. lyc. magn. merc. n-vom. phos. puls. rhus. sil. sulf.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, this medicine will be found worthy of attention in the following affections:—Megrin?; Cephalalgia produced by congestion of blood; Nasal catarrh; Hordeolum; Amblyopia amaurotica; Myopia; Parotis?; Eruptions and tetter in the face; Ozæna!; *Scorbutic state of the gums*; Dyspepsia; Gastralgia; Hæmatemesis; Hepatic pains; Piles; Pains in the testes; Dysmenorrhæa; Sterility; Leucorrhæa; Hæmoptysis; Asthmatic sufferings; Hydrothorax; Goitre; Podagra?; *Pains in consequence of dislocation*; Convulsions?; Tetanus?; Local inflammations?; Scrofula; Rachitis; Miliary eruptions; Scarlatina; Warts; Mealy tetter?; Typhus fever? &c. &c.

[Carb. ammonia deserves attention in the sudden and often fatal sinking turns which occur during scarlet fever, forming the neuro-paralytic variety of scarlet fever of the Germans. As a palliative during the paroxysms of asthma it is to be recommended. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pains, as of ulceration in different parts, with *shootings and acute pulling*, mitigated by the heat of the bed.—Pains, as from dislocation, *pulling and tension of the joints, -as if from contraction of the tendons.—The right side of the body appears to be more affected than the left.—The greater part of the sufferings appear, either in the evening and at night, or in the morning.—*General restlessness of the body in the evening*.—Inclination to stretch out the arms and legs.—Great fatigue felt from speaking much and from listening to another.—Weariness, fatigue, and **great weakness in the limbs*, chiefly when walking in the open air, -or in the evening, and sometimes with an inclination to lie down.—*Repugnance to exercise.—Convulsions.—Local inflammations.—Tetanus.—Scorbutic dyscrasia.—Tendency of the blood to decomposition.—*Emaciation*.—Great sensitiveness to cold.

SKIN.—Violent itchings here and there, with burning vesicles and pimples after scratching.—*Miliary, °chronic eruptions.—Redness, like scarlatina, on all the upper part of the body.—*Scarlatina*.—°Ephelides.—Burning, acute shootings and pullings in the corns.—Excoriation of the skin, between the legs, in the anus, and in the genital parts.—Ganglia.—Swelling of the glands.—Rachitis.

SLEEP.—*Sleepiness in the day-time*.—*Sleeplessness, and -late sleep, especially after going to bed late.—*Nightmare when falling asleep.—Frequent waking with fright and difficulty in going to sleep again.—Sleep, full of dreams, both anxious and romantic, historical and lascivious.—*Dreams of spectres, of death, of vermin and of quarrels*.—Disturbed and unrefreshing sleep.—*At night attacks of anguish*; vertigo, congestion of blood in the head, cephalalgia, tooth-ache, nausea, *gastralgia*, colic, desire to make water, spitting of slimy matter, pains in the great toes and in the ganglia, shocks in the body, pains in the limbs, itching and pricking in the skin, restlessness, *ebullition of the blood*, dry heat, sweat, especially in the legs; shivering and cold.

FEBRILE SYMPTOMS.—**Attacks of shivering in the evening*.—Violent shivering with trembling before going to sleep.—*Feverish heat in the head, with cold in the feet.—Sweats, every night and towards the morning.

MENTAL AFFECTIONS.—Sadness, with tearful humour, *apprehensions and anguish*, which often disappear towards the evening.—*Inquietude in the evening.—*Anxiety with weakness, -and nightmare.—Timidity of character.—*Dis-

gust of life.—*Ill-humour*, in the morning, and when it is bad weather.—Morose and passionate humour.—Character disobedient and difficult to guide.—Excessive gaiety.—Heedlessness.—*Great distraction* and want of memory.—Tendency to make mistakes in speaking, in writing, in calculating.—*Diminution of the intellectual faculties.

HEAD.—*Vertigo, 'when sitting and reading, -or in the morning, or in the evening, sometimes with nausea.—°Obstinate head-ache.—*Head-ache with nausea.—The head-aches often appear in the evening, after walking in the open air, or in the morning, or after a meal.—Pain, as if from ulceration in the head, chiefly when moving the head or on pressing it.—*Hammering, -pressure and beatings in the head, with *sensation, as if its contents were going to start through the forehead, -or that the head was on the point of bursting.—Shootings in the recesses of the brain.—Head-ache, as if from carbonic gas.—Sensation, as if the brain were loosened.—Pain in the hairy scalp and in the hair.—Itching in the head.—*Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—*Burning in the eyes*, -principally in the evening, or in the morning, with photophobia.—°Sensation of cold in the eyes.—Hordeolum.—Nocturnal agglutination of the pupils.—*Dry blearedness in the eyelids.—Inability to move the eyes.—*Confused sight, with sparkling before the eyes.—°Myopia.—°Cataract.—Diplopia.—*Black spots and bright bands before the eyes.—Weeping.

EARS.—Buzzing in the ears, particularly at night.—*Roaring and tingling in the ears.—*Hardness of hearing, with suppuration and itching of the ears.—*Hard swelling of the glands of the neck, -and of the parotids.

NOSE.—Heaviness in the extremity of the nose, on stooping, as if from congestion of blood.—*Itching and purulent pimples in the nose.—Furunculus at the extremity of the nose.—Swelling, sensation of excoriation and painful sensibility of the nostrils.—Discharge of pus from the nose.—Excretion of sanguineous mucus.—*Bleeding of the nose, particularly in the morning on washing, or -after a meal.—°Obstinate dryness of the nose.—*Obstinate coryza.—*Dry coryza, and stoppage of the nose, chiefly at night, with danger of suffocation.

FACE.—Face pale and bloated, with nausea and fatigue of body and mind.—Sickly complexion.—Heat in the face during intellectual labour.—Tension and *acute pullings, with lancinating pains in the right side of the face.—°Tension in the skin of the face, as if the face were swollen.—Hard swelling of the cheeks.—Distortion of the features.—

*Eruptions on the face, with itching.—Furunculi on the cheeks.—Ephelides.—Tettery eruptions, with desquamation of the skin, on the cheeks, round the mouth and on the chin.—*Lips, dry, cracked, burning and bleeding.*—Painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache on compressing the teeth*, or after lying down in the evening, or when the air has penetrated to them, or during the catamenia; the pains are, for the most part, *pulling or starting*, or lancinating, or like those of ulceration, and they frequently extend into the cheeks and ears.—Obstinate, lancinating pain in the teeth.—Carries, elongation, and *chronic loosening of the teeth.—Inflammatory swelling, suppuration and easy bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—Redness, inflammation, pain as from excoriation, and *sensation of swelling in the interior of the mouth.*—Eruption of vesicles in the mouth and on the tongue.—Difficulty of speech, as if from weakness of the organs.—Great dryness of the mouth, chiefly at night.—Accumulation of saliva in the mouth, and constant spitting.—Offensive smell from the mouth, perceptible to oneself.

THROAT.—*Sore throat, as if something were lodged in it*, principally in the morning and evening.—*Pain, as from excoriation and scraping in the throat.—Swelling of the amygdalæ, with difficulty in swallowing.—The anterior muscles of the neck suffer spasmodic contraction after drinking.

APPETITE.—Taste of blood in the mouth.—*Bitter taste, chiefly after eating, or after waking in the morning.—Acid taste of food, and after having taken milk.—Metallic taste of food.—*Constant thirst.—Inability to eat without drinking.—Excessive hunger and appetite.—*Want of appetite in the morning.—When eating, one is soon satiated.—Repugnance to milk.—*Excessive desire for sugar.—*Dizzy vertigo, and heat in the face when eating.—*After a meal, pyrosis, with scraping in the throat, and desire to sleep.

STOMACH.—*Sour, or empty, or abortive eructations.—*Eructations, with taste of undigested food.—*Pyrosis.—*Eructations and vomitings.—*Nausea and vomiting every time that one eats*, with pressure in the pit of the stomach.—*Gastralgia.—*Contractive pain in the pit of the stomach, when stretching.—Heat and sensation of burning in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure, pain as from excoriation and burning in the hepatic region.—Piercing shootings in the liver, when seated in the evening.—*Pain in the abde-

men, with diarrhæa.—*Contractive, spasmodic colics*, with nausea, and accumulation of water in the mouth.—Pain, as from commotion in the abdomen, when walking.—**Rumbling in the abdomen*.—Elastic swelling in the groin, like flatulent hernia.—Flatulent, painful colic.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*.—**Difficult evacuations*.—*Slow, hard evacuations*, in small pieces.—Soft or loose, slimy evacuations, followed or preceded by cuttings.—*After and during the evacuation, discharge of blood from the anus*.—**Hæmorrhoids in the anus*, sometimes bleeding, with smarting pains.—Appearance of hæmorrhoids from the rectum, during the evacuation, with much pain afterwards.—Nocturnal burning and **itching* in the anus.—Excoriation between the legs, and of the anus.

URINE.—Constant desire to make water, even at night, with scanty emission.—Frequent and copious emission of urine in the evening.—**Making water at night*.—Wetting the bed.—White, sandy urine.—Reddish urine, like water mixed with blood.—Emission of blood from the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Strong sexual desire, without lascivious ideas or erections; or **want of sexual desire and repugnance to the other sex*.—**Frequent pollutions*, and contraction, drawing, and heaviness in the testes.—Discharge of prostatic fluid, after a difficult evacuation.—Swelling, itching and burning in the genital parts of the female.—**Excoriation of the skin of the parts and of the anus*.—*Premature and too copious catamenia* with discharge of black and acrid blood.—Before and **during the catamenia, colic and pain in the loins*.—**During the catamenia, toothache, pressure on the matrix, cuttings, acute pullings in the back and in the genital parts, desire to lie down, paleness of the face, shivering, coryza and sadness*.—Discharge of serum from the matrix.—**Acrid, corrosive, or burning leucorrhæa*.

LARYNX.—Roughness and hoarseness, with difficulty of speech.—Catarrh, with hardness of hearing and burning in the stomach.—**Cough, with hoarseness*.—Dry cough, as if from a plug in the throat.—*Cough, with asthmatic oppression*, particularly when in bed, in the evening.—**Tickling cough, with expectoration*.—*Cough, only at night, or only by day, or in the evening before going to sleep, or in the morning towards three or four o'clock*.—*When coughing, shootings in the loins, in the sternum, or in the pit of the stomach*.—*Cough, with mucous and sanguineous expectoration*, shortness of breath, and sensation of a weight in the chest.—Expectoration of pure blood with cough.

CHEST.—*Short breath, -with choking, principally on going up stairs.—*Asthmatic difficulty of respiration*, and dyspnæa, chiefly in the heat of a room, as well as after any exertion whatever, sometimes with palpitation of the heart.—Nocturnal dyspnæa.—Painful sensation of spasmodic asthma, with short and dull cough.—**Darting pains in the chest and in the sides*, particularly when breathing, singing, stooping, walking, or at night, with inability to lie for any time on the diseased side.—Feeling of fatigue in the chest.—°*Congestion to the chest*.—Sensation of heaviness in the chest.—Burning in the chest.—Stitch in the heart frequently.—*Palpitation of the heart*, chiefly after exertion, and sometimes with retraction of the epigastrium, and weakness in the pit of the stomach.

TRUNK.—Shootings in the integuments of the chest.—Purple miliaria and furunculi on the chest.—*Pains in the small of the back*, and **pains in the nape of the neck*, mostly drawing.—*Drawing tension in the back and in the loins.—°Acute pullings from the side to the scapulary joint.—*Painful swelling of the glands of the neck and of the axillary glands.—Ganglion.

ARMS.—*Arms and fingers dead and stiff*, at night, as well as in the morning, and when grasping any thing.—Heaviness and paralytic weakness of the arms.—Acute pulling in the joints of the arms, of the hands, and of the fingers, ameliorated by the heat of the bed.—*Pain, as from a sprain in the wrist*.—*Attacks of trembling in the hands*.—Swollen veins and bluish colour of the hands, after having washed them in cold water.—Exfoliation of the skin of the hands.—The skin of the hands becomes hard and cracked.—Cramps in the fingers.—*Numbness of the fingers.—°Swelling of the hands when the arms are suffered to hang down.—Swellings of the joints of the fingers.

LEGS.—Tension of the legs, as if the tendons were too short.—Starting and contraction of the legs.—*Great fatigue in the legs.—*Pain, as from fatigue in the coxo-femoral joint, and the thighs*, particularly in bed in the morning, ameliorated by walking.—*Cramps in the feet, -in the calves of the legs and in the tibiae.—*Jerking in the knees* and in the legs.—*Drawing pain in the legs, when seated.—Acute pulling in the joints of the feet, ameliorated by the heat of the bed.—Ulcerative pains and *lancinating in the heels.—Sensation of burning in the feet.—*Swelling of the feet.—*Sweating of the feet.—Cold and shivering in the feet, chiefly on going to bed, in the evening.—**Pain, as from dislocation in the great toe*, principally in bed at

night, when moving it.—Redness, heat and swelling of the great toe, as if from chilblains, in the evening.

10.—AMMONIUM MURIATICUM.

AMM-MUR.—Muriate of Ammonia.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : for 7 weeks, in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES:—Camph. hep.?

COMPARE WITH:—Amm. arn. ars. bell. bry. chin. fer. graph. hep. kal. laur. lyc. mang. merc. n-vom. phos. puls. rhus. sil. sulp.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, appear to be:—Melancholy; Megrim; Amblyopia amaurotica; Hæmorrhoids; Dysmenorrhæa; Chronic cough; Pains as from dislocation; Enlarged glands; Scorbutic state of the gums?; Podagra?; Panaris?; &c. &c.

[In tubercular phthisis attended with a most violent dry cough, the muriate of ammonia deserves attention. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Ulcerative pains in different parts, or *acute shooting and pulling*, becoming better in the heat of the bed.—Pain as from dislocation, or pulling and tension in the joints, as from contraction of the tendons.—The right side of the body appears to be more affected than the left.—The majority of the sufferings appear either in the evening and at night, or in the morning.—*In the evening, general agitation in the body.*—Desire to stretch the arms and the legs.—Excessive fatigue on speaking much and on listening to another.—Fatigue, sinking, *and *great weakness of the limbs*, chiefly when walking in the open air, or in the evening, and sometimes with an inclination to lie down.—*Repugnance to walking.—Convulsions.—Local inflammations.—Tetanus.—Scorbutic dyscrasia.—Disposition of the blood to decompose.—*Emaciation.*—Great sensibility to cold.

SKIN.—Itching and titillation, with desire to scratch, followed by eruption of pimples.—Miliary eruption.—Vesicular eruptions which form scurf.—Exfoliation of the skin in several places.

SLEEP.—Diurnal drowsiness, with indolence and a dread of exertion.—Early in the evening, desire to sleep.—Restlessness before midnight.—Waking too early.—Many *anxious dreams, terrific or lascivious.*—At night, cutting pains, frequent sneezing, itching in the throat, weight and pressure on the chest (nightmare?), *violent suffering in the loins, and pains in the trunk and in the limbs*, cold feet, heat in the head, shivering and itching in the skin.

FEVER.—*Cold shivering, most frequently in the evening, about six o'clock.—Heat with thirst, and bloated face.—*Nocturnal sweat, °after midnight.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Great anguish, and melancholic condition as from vexation or care, *with inclination to shed tears.—*Morose, apathetic humour -with repugnance to conversation.—Irritability and disposition to be angry.—Antipathy to certain persons.*

HEAD.—Dizziness and vertigo, which mostly disappear in the open air.—Sensation of *fulness in the head*, and *weight over the forehead*, chiefly in the morning on rising.—Pressure in the forehead towards the root of the nose, with a sensation as if the brain were bruised.—Acute semi-lateral sensation of drawing in the head and in the face.—Congestion of blood to the head with internal heat.—Itching in the hairy scalp, which forces one to scratch constantly.

EYES.—*Burning in the eyes*, and in the corners of the eyes, in the evening, in the twilight, or in the morning, with *photophobia*.—Twitching of the eye-lids.—Confused sight, as from a mist.—*Fluttering spots and points before the eyes*, °in the day, and in the evening by candle light.—Yellow spots before the eyes when looking steadfastly at any object.

EARS.—Shooting in the ears from the inside outwards, especially in the open air.—Pulling and piercing sensation in the ears.—Eruption about the ears.—Running from the ears.—Hardness of hearing.—*Tingling and buzzing before the ears.

NOSE.—Swelling of the nose and painful sensibility to the touch with ulcerative pain and bloody scabs in the nostrils.—Sneezing with shooting in the nape of the neck and as far as the shoulders.—Coryza with stoppage of the nose and loss of smell.—Flow of clear, corrosive water during the coryza.

FACE.—Acute, violent drawing pain in the zygomatic bones.—Burning heat in the face.—Eruptions in the face.—**Ulcerations about the corner of the mouth*, -and on the upper lip.—Lips shining, as if greasy.—Lips dry, wrinkled, chapped and excoriated with burning heat.—Tensive heat in the sub-maxillary joint when chewing and on opening the mouth.—Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands, with throbbing pain.

TEETH.—Acute drawing in the teeth.—Swelling of the gums with lancinating pain.

MOUTH.—Burning blisters on the point of the tongue —Lancinating pain in the throat on swallowing.—Tenacious mucus in the throat, chiefly in the morning.

APPETITE.—Bitter taste in the mouth, chiefly in the morning, with bitter eructations and anxiety.—Absence of appetite and hunger.—Much thirst, chiefly in the evening.—After every meal, nausea, flow of water from the mouth, with horripilation, diarrhæa with colic and pains in the limbs, and sometimes with throbbing in the chest, heat in the face, and inquietude.

STOMACH.—**Eructations*, mostly *bitter*, or imperfect.—Regurgitation of what has been taken, or of a bitter and acid water.—Frequent violent hiccough, often with shootings in the breast.—Phlegm from the stomach.—Drawing or gnawing pains in the stomach, as if from worms.—Sensation of burning in the stomach and in the precordial region.

ABDOMEN.—**Shooting pains in the region of the spleen*, chiefly in the morning on waking, with dyspnœa which causes one to rise.—Inflation of the belly.—Pinching in the belly.—Tension and swelling in the groins.—*Sensation of swelling and ulcerative pain in the groins when touched.

FÆCES.—*Constipation.—Hard stools, or frequent and soft.—Diarrhæa with pain, as if caused by excoriation, or by a bruise in the belly.—Loose, slimy, greenish stools.—Before the stool, pain in the belly about the navel.—*Discharge of blood with the stool.—Pain, as from excoriation in the rectum when sitting.—Pain in the perinæum when walking.

URINE.—Evacuation of urine, increased principally in the night.—Reddish, clear urine, without sediment.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Cutting and throbbings in the spermatic cord.—Frequent erections.—*Menses too early and too copious*, **with pain in the loins*, and *pains*, compressive or drawing, *in the back*.—⁶During the menses, vomiting and diarrhæa, drawing in the feet, or discharge of blood with the stool.—Leucorrhœa, with inflation of the belly; or like the white of an egg, preceded by pinchings round the navel; or slimy and brown, discharged after making water.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness, with sensation of burning in the larynx.—**Violent cough*, chiefly in the evening and at night, when lying on the bed.—**Dry cough* in the morning, with expectoration of whitish and thick matter.—The cough is aggravated after a meal, as well as after a cold drink, and when lying with the head low.—Cough when breathing deeply, especially when lying on the right side.—When coughing, shootings in the chest and in the hypochondrium.—Spitting of blood, preceded by tickling in the throat.

CHEST.—Asthmatic state when moving the arm strongly,

and when stooping.—*Weight and oppression on the chest, with difficulty of breathing, chiefly in the open air or at night.*—Pressure and darting in the chest.—‘Throbbing in the chest when standing.

TRUNK.—Tension and pain as from fatigue in the exterior of the chest.—‘Eruption and red spots, burning and itching on the chest.—*Pains, as from fatigue, in the loins, principally at night, when lying down, when walking, or after stooping.*—*Painful stiffness in the loins, which forces one to stoop in walking.—*Shootings in the shoulder-blades, especially when breathing.—Acute drawing pains in the sides of the neck and in the collar-bone.—Stiffness of the neck with pain on moving it, from the nape of the neck to the shoulders.

ARMS.—Dull and stiff, as if paralyzed.—During the night, acute drawing in the arms, as if it were in the bones.—Drawing in the shoulders—Swelling of the wrists, with drawing pain.—Blisters on the wrist which form scurf.—Pain, as from dislocation in the wrist.—Jerking, drawing and darting, throbbing, itching, and *ulcerative pain at the tips of the fingers.*—Exfoliation of the skin between the fingers.

LEGS.—Tension in the hips and the hams.—‘Lancinating pain as if dislocated, and *drawing in the hip.—Contraction of the tendons of the hams, and heaviness in the joint of the knee.—At night, acute pulling in the legs, as if in the bone.—Shooting pain in the calves of the legs, after having walked long.—Legs dead and insensible.—Ulcerative pain and drawing in the heels.—*Cold feet.*—Fetid sweat in the feet.—Starting sensation of pulling, or shootings, throbbing and itching in the extremity of the toes.

11.—ANACARDIUM ORIENTALE.

ANAC.—Malacca bean.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* 30 days in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES.—Camph. juglans?

COMPARE WITH: Acon. ars. calc. oleand.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, it will be advisable to have recourse to this medicine against:—*Alienation of mind*, and insanity, proceeding even to fury; Melancholy; Imbecility!; Hysteria and hypochondria!; Cephalalgia, arising from too fatiguing intellectual labours; Amblyopia, when the pupils dilate and contract alternately; when rending pains in the balls and sockets of the eyes; a re-

splendence around the candle, which appears to flare and flicker widely; and one can only convince oneself that it burns quietly by straining and resolutely fixing the sight; and dimness of vision, and short-sightedness, threads and black spots set in. Hardness of hearing; Otorrhœa; *Dyspepsia*; Hæmorrhoids; Chronic coryza; Nervous and physical weakness?; Hooping cough?; Asthmatic complaints?; Paralysis; Evil effects from the abuse of coition?; Sufferings in consequence of vexation? &c. &c.

[Anacardium appears to act powerfully upon the nerves, as it produces partial amaurosis, difficulty of hearing and even actual loss of hearing, and partial paralysis of the arms and legs. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pressive pains, as from a plug in several places.—Sufferings appear for the most part periodically.—The majority of sufferings disappear during dinner; but a short time after they return, and many others make their appearance with them.—The least movement occasions much fatigue.—Great fatigue, **trembling and extreme weakness in the limbs and principally in the knees*, -increasing even to paralysis.—Great weariness on walking and on going up stairs.—*Strong disposition to chilliness*, and great sensibility to cold and a current of air.

SKIN.—Burning, itching, increased by scratching.—Skin difficult to excite by irritating applications.—Pain, as from an abscess in the diseased parts.

SLEEP.—Comatose somnolency, night and day.—Desire to sleep early, with disturbed sleep in the night.—**Sleep*, slow in its approach.—**Anxious dreams*, -disgusting or horrible, with cries; lively dreams with meditation and activity of mind, followed by a pain as from a bruise in the head after waking.—Dreams of projects, of fire, of diseases, of deaths, and of dangers.—At night, tooth-ache, pains in the limbs and in the bones, diarrhœa, cramps in the calves of the legs, and twitching of the mouth and of the fingers during sleep.

FEVER.—**Strong disposition to shivering*, -and constant shudderings even in the heat of a room.—Cold and trembling, with sensation of pulling in the head, ill-humour and agitation, every second day.—Internal cold with external heat—*Heat in the face*, every afternoon, towards four o'clock, with nausea and fatigue.—**Sweat during the day when sitting*.—*Nocturnal sweat*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Hypochondriacal sadness*, -and melancholy ideas.—*Anthropophobia*.—**Anxiety*, apprehension

and fear of approaching death.—Fear and mistrust of the future, with discouragement and despair.—Disposition to take every thing amiss, to contradict, and to fly into a rage.—Manners awkward, silly.—Disposition to laugh at serious things, and to maintain a serious demeanour when any thing laughable occurs.—State, as if there were two wills, one of which rejects what the other requires.—Want of moral sentiment, wickedness, impiety, hardness of heart, cruelty.—Irresistible desire to blaspheme and to swear.—Sensation, as if the mind were separated from the body.—*Weakness of mind and of memory.*—Absence of ideas.

HEAD.—Head perplexed.—Fits of giddiness.—Vertigo when walking, as if all objects were too distant, or undulating.—Whirling dizziness with obscuration of the eyes when stooping.—Head-ache from noise and at every (false) step.—Head-ache with giddiness and vertigo aggravated by movement.—*Head-ache in consequence of intellectual labour*, with pain as from a bruise in the brain, or tractive pressure on the forehead.—*Pressing pains, principally in the temples.*—Constrictive pains in the head.—Sensation of drawing in the head, chiefly on the right side, and often as far as the face and neck, followed by buzzing in the ears.—In the evening, sensation of searching in the head, disappearing with sleep.—Itching in the hairy scalp.

EYES.—Painful pressure on the eyes.—Photophobia.—Contraction of the pupils.—*Weakness and confusion of sight.*—Myopia.—Threads and black spots appear before the eyes.—Resplendence round the candle in the evening.

EARS.—Shooting and pulling otalgia.—Painful pressure in the ears.—*Pain as of ulceration in the ears*, principally on drawing the teeth close, and on swallowing.—Brownish discharge from the ears.—Itching in the ears.—*Hardness of hearing.*—Buzzing and roaring in the ears.

NOSE.—Epistaxis.—Anosmia.—Constant smell before the nose as if of pigeons' dung, or burnt tinder.—Stoppage of the nose with sensation of dryness in the nostrils.—Coryza, and discharge of mucus from the nose, both acute and chronic.—Violent coryza with catarrhal fever, tension in the calves of the legs and in the legs, and palpitation of the heart.

FACE.—*Pale, sickly face*, with hollow eyes, sunk and surrounded by circles.—Pressure on the eye-balls.—Rough spots, scurfy and mealy, round the mouth and on the cheeks, with creeping sensation of itching.—Burning sensation round the chin.

TEETH.—Drawing, jumping, extending odontalgia, prin-

cipally on taking any thing very warm in the mouth.—Tensive, cramp-like pains in the teeth extending as far as the ears, most frequently in the evening towards ten o'clock.—Swelling of the gums and tendency to bleed.

MOUTH.—**Offensive smell from the mouth*, not observed by oneself.—Heaviness and swelling of the tongue, with difficulty of speech.—Tongue white and rough.—**Accumulation of water in the mouth*.—Dryness in the mouth and in the throat.

APPETITE.—Insidious taste of all food.—Bitter taste with dryness of the mouth and throat.—Fetid taste in the mouth.—Violent and constant thirst, with choking sensation when drinking.—**Want of appetite*.—*Weakness of digestion*.—*After a meal, hypochondriacal humour*, heat of face, pressure and tension in the precordial region in the stomach and in the belly, desire to vomit or to go to stool, repugnance to exertion, *great fatigue and desire to sleep*.

STOMACH.—In the evening, phlegm in the stomach and vomiting followed by sourness in the mouth.—**Nausea in the morning*.—*Pressure in the stomach*, chiefly after a meal, as well as when engaged in thought and mental exertion.—°In the morning, when waking, pressure in the precordial region.—Shootings in the pit of the stomach, chiefly on breathing.—Clucking noise and fermentation at the pit of the stomach.—After a meal, commotion in the precordial region at every step.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Pressure in the liver*.—Colic in the umbilical region, mostly pressive, or dull and shooting, and aggravated by respiration, cough and external pressure.—**Hardness of the abdomen*.—Flatulent colic with pinching, and *rumbling noise in the abdomen* and a desire to go to stool.

FÆCES.—*Fruitless desire to go to stool*.—*Difficult evacuation even of soft stools*, from inactivity of the rectum.—Stools of a pale colour.—°*Evacuation of blood with the stools*.—°*Painful piles in the anus*.—**Itching in the anus*.—°*Oozing of moisture from the rectum*.

URINE.—Frequent discharge of clear, watery urine.—Making water in the night.—Sensation of burning in the gland during the evacuation of urine and afterwards.—Turbid, clay-coloured urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—°*Causeless erection during the day*.—Pollutions.—Voluptuous itching in the scrotum.—Increased or inexcitable sexual desire.—°*Want of enjoyment during coition*.—*Flowing of prostate fluid during the stools*

and after having made water.—*Leucorrhæa*, with itching and excoriation in the parts.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness and sensation of excoriation in the throat, principally after a meal.—Cough with tickling in the throat and choking.—Cough after a meal with vomiting of what has been taken, or in the evening, in bed, with congestion of blood to the head —*Shaking cough*, like *hooping-cough*, chiefly *at night*, or from speaking.—*Cough (short) with expectoration of *purulent matter*.—Expectoration of blood with the cough.—On coughing, pain in the head.—Yawning after a violent fit of coughing.

CHEST.—*Breath short, and respiration* asthmatic.—Oppression of chest, with internal heat and anguish, which causes one to seek the open air.—*Pressure* and sensation of excoriation in the chest.—*Prickings in the region of the heart* — Rattling in the trachea, when lying on the left side.—Uneasiness in the heart.

TRUNK.—*Pains in the back and between the shoulder-blades*, for the most part *drawing and shooting* or pressing.—Itching between the shoulder-blades.—Pressure upon the shoulder, as if from a weight.—Stiffness at the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—*Weakness and tensive pain in the arms.—*Trembling of the hand and of the arms.—Pressive pains in the muscles and in the bones of the arms, with fatigue.—*Shooting and heaviness in the fore-arm.—Cramp-like pains in the bones, and in the joints of the hands and of the fingers.—Sensation of dryness in the hands and in the fingers.—Clammy sweat in the palms of the hands.—Torpor of the fingers.

LEGS.—Stiffness of the legs as if they were bandaged, with painful uneasiness of the same.—Trembling, *pulling and jerking in the knees* and in the thighs, as if the legs were fatigued from walking.—Quivering pressure in the thighs.—Sensation of paralysis in the knees.—Itchy eruption round the knee, as far as the calves of the legs.—Jerking and *cramp-like pressure in the calves of the legs* and in the legs.—Tensive pain in the calves of the legs, during the day, on walking, and at night in bed with restlessness.—*Burning in the soles of the feet, and in the legs.—*Coldness of the feet when walking*, particularly in the morning.

12.—ANGUSTURA.

ANG.—*Angustura vera* (bark of *Bonplandia trifoliata*).—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: sometimes for 4 days.

ANTIDOTE: *Coff.*

COMPARE WITH: *Canth. coff. bruc. carb-an. plat.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—[In Africa, the West India islands, and some parts of South America, where the Angustura is indigenous, the natives prefer it to Cinchona for the cure of fever and ague, and dysentery.—Niel and Brande have used it with benefit in inveterate diarrhœas. It promises aid in palpitation of the heart dependent upon a nervous affection; in convulsive diseases, and especially in convulsions of the chest, and perhaps in Epilepsia thoracica. ED.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Sensation of weakness and of stiffness in the whole body.—*Stiffness and extension of the limbs.*—Tension in the muscles while walking.—Paralysis of different parts.—*Convulsive starts.*—*Attacks of tetanus*, excited mostly by touch, while drinking and by noise.—*Convulsions*, terminating in blueness of the cheeks and of the lips, difficult and panting respiration, groaning and closing of the eye-lids.—Commotion of the trunk, as from an electric shock.—Cracking in the joints.—Caries and painful ulcers, which attack the bones and perforate them, even to the marrow.

SLEEP.—In the evening, great desire to sleep, followed by restlessness before midnight.—Sleep disturbed by frequent dreams.

FEVER.—Shuddering in the diseased part.—Heat, with perplexity and pain in the head, in the evening and at night.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Timidity of character and tendency to be frightened.—Pusillanimity and *want of self-confidence.*—Ill-humour and discontent, with great susceptibility to offence.—*Extreme excitement and elated gaiety.*—Distraction and musings.—Vivacity of mind, chiefly in the afternoon.

HEAD.—Head bewildered and confused, as if after intoxication.—Dizziness in the open air and when passing through a current of air.—In the evening, *pressive headache* with heat in the face.—Pain as of a bruise in the brain.—*Cramp-like pains in the head.*—Piercing in the temples.—The head-aches appear mostly in the twilight and continue till sleep succeeds.—Sensation of torpor in the temporal muscles, with tension on opening the mouth.

EYES.—*Tension and pressure in the eyes*, as if from too strong a light.—Sensation of dryness and pain as from excoriation of the eye-lids.—Redness, heat and *burning in the eyes*, with nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Spasmodic stretching open of the lids.—Eyes fixed, prominent, immovable.—Sight confused, as if by a mist, or as if the cornea were obscured.—Myopia.

EARS.—*Cramp-like pain* in the ears.—Jerking and pulling before and in the ears.—Sensation, as if something were placed in or before the ears.—Heat in the ears.—Diminution of hearing.

FACE.—Heat and bluish redness of the face.—Tension of the facial muscles.—*Cramp-like pains in the cheek-bones and in the masseters*.—*Trismus*, with the lips strongly separated.—After the spasms, the face and lips remain still bluish for some time.—Exostosis of the lower jaw.

TEETH.—Drawing odontalgia.—Throbbing in the hollow teeth.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth and lips.—In the evening, viscous, insipid and putrid mucus in the mouth, with constant desire to drink.—Tongue white, and, as it were, rough.—Sensation of burning in the tongue.

APPETITE.—*Bitter taste*, principally after dinner and after smoking tobacco.—Thirst for cold drinks, or sensation of thirst without a desire for drink.—*Disgust at food*, principally *solid food*, with irresistible desire to take coffee, or with insatiable hunger.—Disgust at pork.—Imperfect eructations after eating, with a sensation of fullness in the chest.

STOMACH.—Bilious eructations.—Nausea while dining, or walking in the open air, with uneasy sensation of faintness.—Cutting and excoriating pain in the stomach, particularly at the beginning of a meal.—*Cramp-like pain in the pit of the stomach*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain, as from a blow in the abdomen.—*Cramp-like colic*.—*Cutting pains*, chiefly after having taken milk (hot) —Lancinating pain in the abdomen.—Rumbling noise and fermentation in the abdomen, as if a forerunner of diarrhœa.

FÆCES.—Frequent, abundant stools.—Slimy diarrhœa, with cutting pains.—Pressive and contractive pain the anus, with swelling of the hæmorrhoids.—Burning in the anus during the stool.

URINE.—Frequent desire to make water, with scanty evacuation, or frequent evacuation of abundant urine, preceded by pressure on the bladder and followed by tenesmus.—Urine of an orange colour and soon becoming turbid.—Violent itching in the genital parts.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness from mucus in the air passages.—Voice weak and *timid*.—*Dry cough*, with rattling and scraping in the chest.—Violent, deep cough, with expectoration of yellowish mucus.

CHEST.—*Respiration convulsive*, intermittent.—*Oppres-*

sion of the chest, on walking quick and ascending.—*Cutting shocks* or *shooting in the chest*, and in the region of the heart.—Violent throbbing of the heart, when seated and leaning forward, or in the evening, in bed, when lying on the left side.—*Palpitation of the heart with anguish.—Sensation of painful contraction in the heart.—Cramp in the chest, with painful spasms of the muscles of the chest.

TRUNK.—Pain like that of a bruise in the muscles of the chest on moving the arms.—Pain in the loins, as if bruised, mostly at night, and particularly towards four o'clock in the morning.—Painful heaviness in the nape of the neck, and between the shoulder-blades, in bed, in the morning.—*Opisthotonus*.—Violent itching along the back.

ARMS.—Arms tired and heavy, as if paralyzed, with stiffness in the elbow.—Paralytic weakness of the elbows and of the hands.—*Cramp-like tractions* in the fore-arm, the hands, and the fingers.—Cold in the fingers.

LEGS.—Pain, as of dislocation, or of cramp in the coxo-femoral joints, also in the legs and in the feet.—Pain, as from fatigue in the thighs and in the legs, when walking, as if they were going to break.—Pressive pulling in all parts of the lower extremities.—Pain in the joint of the foot on putting it down, which causes lameness.—Paralysis of the joints of the feet.

13. ANISUM STELLATUM.

ANIS.—Aniseed.—A remedy, the primitive effects of which are not yet known, but which even in a homœopathic dose, frequently affords instantaneous relief in *colic caus'd by flatulency*.

14. ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM.

ANT CRUD.—Crude antimony.—HAUNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : as long as 4 weeks and even longer in chronic diseases.

ANTIDOTES : Hep. merc.

COMPARE WITH : Acon. ars. asa. cham. coff. hep. ipec. merc. n. vom. puls. sep. sulph.—*Puls.* and *merc.* especially, answer well sometimes after antimony, if they are indicated.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, it will be seen that this medicine may be employed against :—Rheumatic inflammations of the muscles ; Arthritic affections, with swelling and even with exostosis ; Fungus articulatus ; Dropsical affections ? ; Sleepy drowsiness ; Ulcerated fistula ; Miliary eruptions and nettle-rash ? ; Conoid varices ? ; *Intermittent fevers* ; Gloomy melancholy ? ; Blepharophthalmia ; Odontalgia ; *Distressing consequences of indigestion* ; *Chronic anorexia* ; *Gastric and*

bilious sufferings; Acute gastritis?; *Gastralgia*; Enteritis; Colic; Constipation, alternating with diarrhæa in aged persons; Diarrhæa of puerperal women; Blenorrhæa of the rectum and of the bladder; Aphonia; *Asthmatic sufferings*; *Corns and callous indurations in the feet*; Fungus of the knee? &c. &c.

[Antim. crud. is an indispensable remedy in inflammations of the tendons; and deserves especial attention in inflammations with swelling of the epiglottis.—It has been used with much success in the dropsy (anasarca) which so often occurs after scarlet fever; and deserves attention in apoplexy attended with derangement of the stomach.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Rheumatic pains and **inflammation of the tendons* with redness and contraction of the part affected.—**Drawing, darting and tension*, principally in the limbs.—The symptoms are aggravated in the heat of the sun, after having drunk wine, *after a meal*, night and morning; amelioration during repose in the fresh air.—**Great sensibility to cold*.—Heaviness of all the limbs.—General weakness, especially at night, on waking.—*Emaciation*, or great obesity.—*Dropsical swelling of the whole body*.

SKIN.—Itching, especially in the neck, chest, back, and limbs.—Eruptions which appear chiefly in the evening, or which itch in the heat of the bed and prevent sleep.—*Miliary eruptions and nettle rash*.—*Lumps and blisters*, as if from the stings of insects.—*Eruptions, similar to conoid varices*, with shooting pain on pressing them from above.—Pustules with yellowish or brown scurf.—Freckles.—Hepatic spots.—*Fistulous ulcers*.—Corns and callous excrescences on the feet.—Nails discoloured and deformed.—Red and hot swellings.—Degenerating of the skin.

SLEEP.—Strong desire to sleep during the day, and **sleepiness*, chiefly in the evening or morning.—Drowsiness with delirium.—Waking with fright in the night.—Dreams, anxious, horrible, voluptuous or oppressive, and full of quarrelling.

FEVER.—**Intermittent fever*, with *gastric or bilious affections*, principally with *disgust, nausea, vomiting*, eructations, loaded tongue, *bitterness of the mouth and moderate thirst*, diarrhæa, tension and pressure at the pit of the stomach with cutting pains.—**Tertian fever*.—Hot sweat, early in the morning every second day.—Pulse irregular, sometimes quick, sometimes slow.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sorrowful reflections upon one's

condition.—Disgust of life with an inclination to blow one's brains out or to drown oneself.—Tendency to be frightened.—*Peevish humour, ill-humour.—Disinclination to be looked at and to be touched (by a child).—Desire and love increased.—Dull intellect, imbecility.—*Madness.*

HEAD.—Perplexity of head, as after long labour in the cold.—Intoxication.—*Dizziness with nausea.*—Attack of apoplexy with frothy salivation.—Cephalalgia, after bathing in running water.—Cephalalgia with dizziness from the smoke of tobacco.—Sensation, as if the forehead were going to burst.—Dull pain in the sinciput and crown of the head, increased by going up stairs.—Cramp-like pain in the head, ameliorated by walking in the open air—Piercing pain in the forehead and in the temples.—**Congestion to the head*, painful and followed by epistaxis.—Pain in the bones at the vertex, as if from swelling the periosteum.—Teasing itching in the head, with falling off of the hair.

EYES.—*Shooting in the eyes.*—**Red, inflamed eye-lids.*—*Inflammation of the eyes*, with itching and nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Slight oozing from the skin near the external angle of the eye.—*Redness in the corners of the eyes*—Enlargement of the eyes.—Sensibility of the eyes to the light of day.—Blindness.

EARS.—Shooting in the ears.—Redness, swelling, and heat in the ear.—Croaking and tingling in the ears.—*Deafness*, as if one had a band over the ears.—*Buzzing in the ears.*

NOSE.—Eruption in the nose.—**Excoriation of the nostrils*, and of the corners of the nose.—*Nostrils chapped and scurfy.*—**Stoppage of the nose.*—Bleeding at the nose, especially in the evening.—Dryness of the nose, chiefly on waking in the open air.—Accumulation of thick yellowish mucus in the nostrils.

FACE.—*Heat in the face, and chiefly in the cheeks with itching.—Red burning, *suppurating eruptions on the face*, with yellowish scurf.—Lumps and blisters in the face, as if from the stings of insects.—Granular eruptions, yellow as honey, on the skin of the face.—Eruption, like conoid varices, on the face and on the neck.—Sensation of excoriation in the chin.—*Painful fissures at the commissures of the lips.*—Pimples on the upper lip.—Dryness of the lips.

TEETH.—**Pains in the carious teeth*, with dull pricking, successive pullings and gnawing, even in the head, renewed after every meal, increased by cold water and mitigated in the open air.—Darting tooth-ache in the

evening, in bed, and after a meal.—Grinding of the teeth, while sleeping.—*Bleeding of the teeth* and of the gums, which become detached.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth*.—Accumulation of water on the tongue and in the mouth.—Salivation.—Tongue loaded with a white coating.—Pain, as from excoriation of the edges of the tongue.—Blisters on the tongue.—Soreness of the throat, as if there were a plug in it.—Inability to swallow.—Dryness and scraping, or an accumulation of viscous mucus in the throat.

APPETITE.—*Bitter taste*.—*Thirst* chiefly in the night.—**Loss of appetite*, sensation of hunger and of emptiness in the epigastrium, in the morning especially, and insatiability while eating.—After a meal, dejection, lassitude, fulness and tension in the abdomen.

STOMACH.—**Eructations with taste of food*, -or very acrid.—Regurgitation of a watery fluid.—Hiccough when smoking tobacco.—*Disgust, nausea, and desire to vomit, as if caused by indigestion.—Nausea after taking wine.—*Vomiting of mucus and of bile, -sometimes accompanied by diarrhœa, great anxiety and convulsions—Pain, burning and **cramp-like in the pit of the stomach*, sometimes with despair and desire to drown oneself.—Tension and pressure in the pit of the stomach.—Painful sensation, as if the stomach were overloaded *with food*.—Pain in the region of the stomach when touched.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Inflation of the abdomen with a sensation of fullness*, chiefly after a meal.—**Violent cutting pains*, sometimes with want of appetite, red urine, and hard stools.—Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen, as after violent diarrhœa.—Sensation of swelling and of hardness in the inguinal region, when touched or pressed.—*Accumulation of flatulency in the abdomen with borborygmi*.

FÆCES.—Difficult evacuation of hard stools.—Urgent desire to go to stool.—Stool of the consistence of thick milk.—*Diarrhœa with cutting pains*, generally watery.—*Constant secretion of yellowish-white slime from the anus*.—Flow of black blood from the anus.—*Hæmorrhoidal excrescences*, blind and flowing, with burning and itching.—Hot itching and fissures in the anus.—Expansive pressure in the rectum and the anus.—Burning furunculus in the perinæum.

URINE.—Frequent desire to make water, with scanty emission.—**Frequent and abundant emission of urine*, 'with abundant flow of mucus, and burning in the urethra, accompanied by pains in the loins'.—When coughing, involuntary

emission of urine.—Urine aqueous, or of a gold colour, or reddish brown and sometimes mixed with small red corpusculæ.—Incisive pain in the urethra, on making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Excitement of sexual appetite* and great lasciviousness.—Pollutions.—Metrorrhagia.—Sharp and corrosive discharge from the vagina.

LARYNX.—Great heat in the throat, while moving in the open air.—Great weakness, or entire loss of voice, chiefly when becoming warm.—*Sensation as if a foreign substance were in the larynx*, with inability to expectorate.—Violent spasm in the larynx, with sensation of excoriation.—Cough, with burning in the chest.—Morning cough, dry and shaking.

CHEST.—*Stifling oppression* and paralytic orthopnæa.—Respiration deep and heavy.—*Shootings in the chest*, when drawing breath and at other times.—Pain, as of contusion in the pectoralis major, on raising the arm and on pressure.

TRUNK.—Cramp-like drawing in the muscles of the neck and of the nape of the neck.—*Rheumatic pains in the nape of the neck.*—Miliary eruption on the nape of the neck, *in the shoulder blades, and behind the ears.

ARMS.—*Rheumatic pains* in the arms.—Red vesicles on the arms, with itching.—Painful inflammation of the tendons near the elbow, with great redness and crooking of the arm.—*Hot and red swelling of the fore-arm, with shooting tension.—Sensation of drawing in the front of the arm, the fingers and the joints of the fingers.—*Arthritic pains in the joints of the fingers.*—Painful sensibility of the skin under the nails, and slow growth of the nails themselves.

LEGS.—*Sensation of drawing in the lower limbs*, especially in the coxo-femoral joint.—Lumps with red spots on the buttocks and legs.—Violent pain in the lower extremities.—*Numbness of the legs after sitting for some time.—Shooting pain in the knee and in the tibia.—Painful stiffness of the knee, which does not allow the leg to be extended.—Vesicles on the knee after scratching it.—Sensitiveness of the soles of the feet, when walking on the pavement.—*Red swelling of the heel*, with burning shootings, which are aggravated by walking.—*Corns on the soles of the feet, and *callous excrescences* on the tips of the toes.—Pressive pain in the corns.—Burning in the fleshy part of the great toe.—*Callous excrescence under the nail of the great toe.

15.—ARGENTUM.

ARG.—Silver.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 2 to 5 weeks in chronic diseases.

ANTIDOTES: *Merc. puls.*?

COMPARE WITH: *Asa. aur. chin. merc. nitr-ac. n-vom. puls. plat. stann.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto employed only against *angina caused by the use of mercury*.

[It deserves attention in chronic inflammation of the stomach; in induration of the testicles; in many chronic affections of the larynx and bronchiæ, and especially in phthisis pituitosa, in epilepsy, risus sardonius, and in syphilitic rheumatic pains, even after the free use of mercury. ED.]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cramp-like pressure, pulling principally in the limbs and in the bones.—Tearing pain, chiefly in the sacrum and the joints of the lower limbs.—Sensation of excoriation in the skin and internal organs.—Sensation of numbness and stiffness in the limbs.—Attacks of epilepsy.—Aggravation of the symptoms every day in the afternoon.—Burning itching in different parts of the skin.—Eruption of pimples, with burning pain, as from excoriation.—Anxious dreams.—Shuddering and coldness, especially in the afternoon and at night.—Nocturnal sweat.—Inquietude which forces one to walk quickly.—Ill-humour and aversion to talking.

HEAD.—Dulness and sensation of emptiness in the head.—Darkness, as if caused by smoke, and sensation of intoxication with itching in the head.—Dizziness with obscurity of vision, or with heaviness and falling of the eye-lids.—Drawing and pressive pain in the occiput, as if caused by a foreign substance, with a sensation of stiffness in the nape of the neck.—Benumbing pressure in the sinciput.—Attack of compression in the brain, with nausea and burning in the epigastrium, when reading and stooping for any time.—*Cramp-like pains and shootings in the head.—Pain, as from excoriation in the hairy scalp, on the slightest pressure.—Cramp-like and pressive pains in the bones of the head.—Painful darting in the muscles of the temples and in the forehead.—Pimples on the temples, with ulcerative pain.

EYES.—Itching in the eyes and principally in the corners.—Swelling and redness of the edge of the eye-lids.

EARS.—Shootings in the ears, with cutting pain which extends to the bottom of the brain.—Gnawing sensation of itching in the external ear, requiring the part to be scratched till it bleeds.—Sensation of stoppage of the ears.

NOSE.—Epistaxis, after blowing the nose, or preceded by itching and tickling in the nose.—Stoppage of the nose with itching in the nostrils.—Violent flowing coryza, with

frequent sneezing.—Flowing of purulent matter, mixed with clots of blood, from the nose.

FACE.—Redness of the face.—Gnawing, cramp-like, and pressive pains in the bones of the face.—Swelling of the upper lip, immediately under the nose.

TEETH.—Pain in the teeth, as if they were being extracted.—Painful sensibility of the gums when touched.—Gums loosened and readily bleeding.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth.—Sensation of dryness on the tongue, though it is moist.—Accumulation of a clammy saliva in the mouth, with shuddering.—Vesicles on the tongue, with burning excoriating pain.

THROAT.—Soreness in the throat, as if forerunning a tumour in the gullet, with difficulty of swallowing.—Hoarseness and scraping in the throat.—Inflammation of the throat, with sensation of excoriation, when swallowing and breathing.—Piercing and raking in the throat.—Accumulation of grayish and slimy mucus in the throat with easy expectoration.

APPETITE.—Repugnance to all food, even when thinking of it, with prompt satiety.—Decided appetite, even when the stomach is loaded.—Gnawing hunger which cannot be appeased by food.

STOMACH.—Pyrosis.—Hiccough when smoking tobacco.—Constant nausea and uneasiness.—Desire to vomit, and vomiting of acrid matter, of a disagreeable taste, and which leaves in the throat a sensation of scraping and burning.—Pressure in the epigastrium.

ABDOMEN.—Violent pressure on the entire abdomen, as far as the pubis, appearing as soon as one begins to eat, aggravated by breathing and mitigated by rising up.—*Pressive and painful inflation of the abdomen.*—Cutting pains.—Contraction of the muscles of the abdomen when walking.—Loud borborygmi.

FÆCES.—Frequent desire to go to stool, with small evacuation of soft matter.—Dry, sandy stool.—Vomitings during the stool.—Pain as from contraction of the abdomen, after a stool in the morning.

URINE.—Frequent desire to make water, with abundant emission.—Pain, as from a bruise in the testes.—Pollutions.

LARYNX.—Pain as from excoriation in the larynx, especially when coughing.—Accumulation of mucus in the trachæa, which detaches itself when one stoops, laughs, or ascends stairs, and which is easily expelled.—Abundant accumulation of mucus in the chest.—Cough excited by cutting pain in the trachea with expectoration of serous

matter.—Attacks of short cough, and rattling during the day, with easy expectoration of thick and whitish matter.

CHEST.—Pressure in the chest.—Pressure and shooting in the sternum and in the ribs.—Cutting pain in the sides of the chest, when breathing and on stooping forward.—Cramp-like pain in the muscles of the chest and in the sides.

TRUNK.—Pains, as from rending or drawing in the loins.—Cramp-like pains in the shoulders and in the shoulder-blade.

ARMS.—Tension and acute drawing, cramp-like and pressive pains in the arms and hands.—Cramp-like, pressive pains in the bones, and in the joints of the hands and fingers.—Contraction of the fingers.

LEGS.—Lancinating, pressive, and, as it were, paralytic pain in the coxo-femoral joint when walking.—Jerking in the muscles of the thighs.—Cramp-like, acute and cutting pains in the knees and in the ankle-bones.—Cramp in the calves of the legs, with sensation of contraction of the muscles, on going down stairs.—Rending and throbbing pain in the joints of the feet.—Cramp-like pain in the bones and in the joints of the feet and toes.—Sensation of numbness in the heel and in the tendo Achilles.

16.—ARNICA MONTANA.

ARN.—German, Leopard Bane.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: as long as 12 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. ign.—*It is used as an antidote against*: Amm. chin. cic. fer. ipec. seneg.—*Wine aggravates the sufferings.*

COMPARE WITH: Acon. amm. ars. bell. bry. cann. caps. cham. chin. cic. cin. coloc. euphras. fer. hep. ign. ipec. merc. natr. n-vom puls. rhus. rut. samb. sabin. seneg. staph. sulf-ac veratr.—This medicine, when indicated, will be often found of the greatest utility after acon. ipec.—Acon. ipec. rhus. sulp-ac. are sometimes suitable after arnica.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Affections, especially of *plethoric persons with red face*, or also lymphatic or exhausted persons, with pale, yellowish, earthy complexion; *Rheumatic or arthritic affections*, with inflammatory and erysipelatic swelling of the parts affected; Atrophy in children!; *Affections in consequence of mechanical injuries* (falls, commotion, blows, &c.); Wounds, principally those inflicted by blunt instruments; Bites; Excoriation of bed-ridden patients; *Bruises, dislocations, sprains and fractures*; Accidents resulting from a strain; Epilepsy in consequence of mechanical injuries!; Trismus; Tetanus; Traumatic convulsions; *Contusions*; *Stings of in-*

sects; Furunculi; Corns, by an external application of it, after having pared them; Cachexia from the abuse of Cinchona bark; Apoplectic paralysis; Intermittent fever; Traumatic fever; Typhus fever?; Mental alienation; Cerebral congestion, with dizziness and loss of consciousness; Sanguineous apoplexy; Congestive cephalalgia; Nervous cephalalgia; Megrin?; Disturbance of the brain and of the spinal marrow; Acute hydrocephalus?; Traumatic opthalmia; Hæmorrhage from the nose and mouth; Odontalgia with swelling of the cheek; Hæmatemesis; Splenalgia; Colics, also those from the effects of a strain; Puerperal peritonitis?; Diarrhœa; Lienteria?; Inflammatory swelling of the testes; Hæmatocele; Pains after accouchement; Inflammation of the genital parts, in consequence of a difficult accouchement; Erysipelatous inflammation of the breasts and excoriation of the nipples; Hooping-cough?; Griping?; Pleurodynia; Pleurisy?; Hæmoptysis; Inflammatory swelling of the joints, chiefly in the knees and feet; White swelling?; Podagra, &c. &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Acute drawing; *crawling, pricking, or paralytic pains and sensation, as from a bruise in the limbs and the joints, as well as in the injured parts.*—**Pains, as from dislocation.*—*Rheumatic and arthritic pains.—Uneasiness in the diseased parts, which causes one to move them constantly.—*Aggravation of pains in the evening and at night, as well as from movement and even from noise.—Unsettled pains which pass rapidly from one joint to the other—Soreness of the whole body, with itching.—Stiffness of the limbs after exertion.—Muscular starting.—Stiffness and *weariness of all the limbs.—*Sensation of agitation and trembling in the body, as if all the vessels were in a state of pulsation.—*Extreme sensibility of the whole body, chiefly of the joints and of the skin.*—*Boiling of the blood.—*Congestion to the head, with heat and burning in the upper parts of the body, and coldness or chilliness in the lower parts.*—*Fainting fit with loss of consciousness, in consequence of mechanical injuries.—Convulsions, traumatic trismus and tetanus.—General prostration of strength.—Paralytic state, on the left side, in consequence of apoplexy.

SKIN.—**Many small furunculi*—*Hot, hard, and shining swellings of the parts affected.—*Red, bluish and yellowish spots, as if from contusions.*—Miliary eruption.

SLEEP.—*Great sleepiness during the day, without being able to sleep.*—Desire to sleep, early in the evening.—

Comatose sleep with delirium.—Sleep, not refreshing and full of *anxious and terrible dreams*, and waking with starts and fright.—Dreams of death, of mutilated bodies, of reproaches, of indecision.—During sleep, groaning, talking, snoring, *involuntary stools and urine*.—State of giddiness on walking.

FEBRILE SYMPTOMS.—**Shivering*, principally in the evening, and sometimes with a sensation as if one were sprinkled with cold water.—*Heat in the evening or at night*, with shiverings on merely raising slightly the bed clothes, and frequently a pain in the back and in the limbs.—**Fever with much thirst*, even before the shiverings.—Before the fever, traction in all the bones.—During the apyrexia, pain in the stomach, want of appetite and disgust for food.—Nocturnal acid sweat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Hypochondriacal anxiety* with fear of dying and *careless humour*.—Great agitation and anguish with groans.—Unfitness for exertion and indifference to business.—Apprehension and despair.—Over-excitement and excessive moral sensibility.—Tendency to be frightened.—Irritable, quarrelsome humour.—Tears.—**Obstinate resistance*.—Foolish gaiety, levity and wickedness.—Absence of ideas.—Distraction and musing.—Loss of consciousness.—Delirium.

HEAD.—**Whirling giddiness* with obscuration of the eyes, chiefly *when getting up*, moving the head, or walking.—**Giddiness with nausea*.—**Pressive pains in the head*, principally in the forehead.—**Cramp-like compression in the forehead*, as if the brain were contracted into a hard mass, chiefly when near the fire.—Pain, as if a nail were driven into the brain.—**Dartings, traction and shootings in the head*, principally in the temples.—Incisive pain across the head.—Pain in the head over one eye, with greenish vomiting, after a strain.—**Heat and burning in the head*, with lack of heat in the body.—Heaviness and weakness of the head.—Aggravation and appearance of pains in the head, chiefly when walking, ascending, meditating and reading, *as well as after a meal.—Itching on the top of the head.—Fixedness and immovableness of the hairy scalp.

EYES.—**Pain like excoriation in the eyes and eye-lids*, with difficulty of moving them.—°*Red inflamed eyes*.—Burning in the eyes and flowing of burning tears.—Eye-lids swollen, and ecchymosed.—**Pupils contracted*.—Eyes dull, troubled and downcast.—**Eyes prominent*, or half open.—Fixed, anxious look.—Obscuration of vision.

EARS.—Pain, as from contusion in the ears.—Acute pulling in the ears.—*Shootings in and behind the ears.*—Hardness of hearing and buzzing before the ears.

Nose.—Pain, as from contusion of the nose.—Itching in the nose.—*Nose swollen and ecchymosed.—*Nasal hæmorrhage.*—Ulcerated nostrils.—Coryza with burning in the nose.

FACE.—**Face pale and hollow, or yellow and bloated.*—Heat in the face without heat in the body.—Hard swelling, shining redness and heat in one cheek with throbbing pain.—Itching round the eyes, in the cheeks and in the lips.—Pustulous eruption on the face, chiefly round the eyes.—Dryness, burning heat, swelling and fissures in the lips.—Ulceration of the corners of the mouth.—Paralytic state of the lower jaw.—Painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands and those of the neck.—*Trismus with the mouth closed.

TEETH.—Pain in the teeth, with swelling of the jaw and itching in the gums.—Sensation of traction in the teeth when eating.—Loosening and lengthening of the teeth.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth with thirst.—Saliva mixed with blood.—Sensation of excoriation and itching in the tongue.—**Tongue dry, or loaded with a white coating.*—*Putrid smell from the mouth in the morning.*

THROAT.—Sensation, as if there were something hard in the throat.—Deglutition prevented by a kind of nausea.—Noise while swallowing.—Burning in the throat, with uneasiness, as if from internal heat.—Bitter mucus in the throat.

APPETITE.—**Taste putrid or bitter, or slimy.*—Thirst for water, or desire for drink, with repugnance to all drink.—**Disgust for food, principally (milk ?) meat, broth and tobacco.*—Liking for vinegar.—Want of appetite, with tongue loaded with a white or yellowish coating.—In the evening, immoderate appetite, with sensation of fulness and cramp-like pressure in the abdomen, immediately after a meal.—Irritable and tearful humour, after a meal, in the evening.

STOMACH.—**Putrid or bitter eructations, or violent and abortive, or imperfect.*—Rising of a bitter mucus or of saltish water.—*Nausea with desire to vomit, chiefly in the morning.—**Desire to vomit, even in the night with pressure in the precordial region.*—**Vomiting of dark coagulated blood.*—*After drinking, or eating, vomiting of what has been taken, often mixed with blood.—Pressure, fulness, *contraction and cramp-like pain in the stomach and in the precordial region.—Shootings in the pit of the sto-

mach, with pressure even to the very bone, and tightness of the chest.

ABDOMEN.—*Shootings in the region of the spleen, with difficulty of breathing.—Pressure in the hepatic region.—*Abdomen, hard and swollen, with cutting excoriating pain in the sides, mitigated by the emission of wind, chiefly in the morning.—Pain in the umbilical region when moving.—Shocks across the abdomen.—Pain, as from contusion in the sides.—Flatulence with the smell of rotten eggs.—Colic with ischuria.*

ANUS.—**Constipation with ineffectual urging to stool.—Pappy stools, of an acid odour.—Diarrhœa with tenesmus.—Frequent small slimy stools.—*Involuntary stools, chiefly in the night.—*Stools of undigested matter.—Purulent, bloody stools.—Hæmorrhoids.—Pressure in the rectum.—Tenesmus.*

URINARY PASSAGES.—*Tenesmus.—Spasmodic retention of urine, with pressure in the bladder.—Ineffectual desire to make water.—Tenesmus.—Involuntary emission of urine, at night in bed, and in the day when running.—*Urine of a brownish red with brick coloured sediment.—Evacuation of blood.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Bluish red swelling of the penis and of the scrotum.—Inflammatory swelling of the testes, in consequence of contusion.—Hydrocele.—Painful swelling of the spermatic cord, with shooting in the testes, even to the abdomen.—Sexual desire increased, with erections, pollutions, and seminal emission on the slightest amorous excitement.—Discharge of blood from the uterus, between the periods, with nausea.—Excoriation and ulceration of the breasts.*

RESPIRATORY ORGANS.—**Dry short cough, produced by a titillation in the larynx.—Cough at night during sleep.—Paroxysm of cough announcing itself by tears, and *cough with children after having wept and sobbed from caprice and waywardness.—Even yawning provokes a cough.—*Cough with expectoration of blood; the blood is clear, frothy, mixed with coagulated masses and mucus.—Even without cough, expectoration of black, coagulated blood after every corporeal effect.—Inability to expectorate the mucus; one is forced to swallow what the cough has detached.—On coughing, shooting pains in the head, or a pain as from a bruise in the chest.*

CHEST.—**Respiration, short, panting, difficult, and anxious.—Rattling in the chest.—*Oppression of the chest and difficulty of breathing.—Respiration frequently slow and*

deep.—Breath of a putrid smell.—**Shootings in the chest and sides*, with difficulty of respiration, aggravated by coughing, breathing deeply, and by movement.—**Pain, as of a bruise and of compression in the chest*.—Beating and palpitation of the heart.—**Painful prickings in the heart, with fainting fits*.

TRUNK.—*Pains, as from a bruise, and dislocation in the back, in the chest and in the loins*.—Itching on the back.—Weakness of the muscles of the neck; the head falls backwards.—Painful swelling of the glands of the neck.

ARMS.—*Pain, as if from fatigue, with crawling in the arms and hands*.—Pain, as of dislocation in the joints of the arms and hands.—Darting in the arms.—Veins of the hands swollen, with full and strong pulse.—Want of strength in the hands on seizing any thing.—Cramps in the fingers.

LEGS —*Pains, as if from fatigue or from dislocation, or acute traction in the different parts of the lower limbs*.—*Painful paralytic weakness in the joints, chiefly of the hip and knee*.—Want of strength in the knee, with knuckling inwards of the same when walking.—Tension in the knee, as if from contraction of the tendons.—Pale swelling of the knee.—*Inflammatory, erysipelatous swelling of the feet with pain, and aggravation of the pain by movement*.—*Hot, painful, hard and shining swelling of the great toes*.—Itching in the feet.

17.—ARSENICUM ALBUM.

ARS.—Arsenic.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 36 to 40 days in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Chin. fer. hep. ipec. n-vom. samb. veratr.—*Against poisoning by strong doses*: The oxyhydrate of iron, or a solution of sulfuretum calcis, rich milk taken in abundance, carbonate of potash mixed with oil, soap-lather —*Arsenic is used as an antidote against*: Carb. veg. chin. graph. ipec. lach. vetr.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. arn. bell. bry. calc. carb-r. cham. chin. coff. dig. aule. fer. graph. hell. hep. iod. ipec. lach. lyc. merc. natr-m. n-vom. phos. puls. rhus. samb. sep. sulf. veratr.—It is particularly after: Acon. arn. bell. chin. ipec. lach. veratr. that arsenic, when indicated, does good.—Chin. ipec. n vom. sulp. veratr. will be sometimes found beneficial after arsenic.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will appear to be:—Affections, especially of *exhausted persons, of nervous, or of leucophlegmatic constitution, with tendency to catarrhs and to blenorrhœa, or to dropsical affections*; or also affections of persons of *lymphatic constitution, with tendency to eruptions, tetters, ulcerations, and suppurations*; or persons of

bilious constitution, of choleric and lively temperament, or with a tendency to melancholy, &c. ; Suffering of drunkards ; Evils effects of a chill in the water ; Cachexia from the abuse of quinine or of iodium ; Atrophy of scrofulous infants and atrophy of grown persons ; Scrofulous affections ; Icterus ; Chlorosis ? ; Dropsical affections ; Nervous weakness of hysterical persons with fainting fits ; Spasms and convulsions ; Epileptic convulsions ; Paralysis ! ; Muscular weakness with trembling of the limbs ; Trembling of drunkards ; Miliary eruptions, nettle-rash and itchy eruptions ; Plectonoides and furfuraceous tetter ; Gnawing tetter ; Putrid, cancerous and gangrenous ulcers ; Carbuncles ; Sanguineous pemphigus ; Varioloid diseases and small-pox ; Warts ? ; Chilblains ? ; Varices ; Coma vigil and coma somnolentum ; Intermittent fevers, even those from the abuse of quinine, and chiefly tertian and quartan fevers ; Typhus fevers with symptoms of putridity ; Inflammatory fevers with bilious or mucous state ; Slow, hectic fevers ; Gastric fevers ; Religious melancholy ; Gloomy melancholy, even with inclination to suicide ; Mental alienation of drunkards ; Madness ? ; Imbecility ; Softness of the brain ? ; Megrim ; Scald-head with swelling of the glands of the nape of the neck, and of the neck ; Ophthalmia (arthritic ?), Rheumatic ? ; Ophthalmia in consequence of griping, or of a chill in the water ; Specks and ulcers of the cornea ; Cancer in the nose, in the face and in the lips ; Milky scurf ; Red pimples in the face ; Mealy tetter in the face ; Prosopalgia ; Chronic coryza ; Enlargement of the sub-maxillary glands ; Stomacace ; Aphtha in the mouth ; Inflammatory swelling of the tongue ; Angina, even that caused by the small-pox ; Gangrenous angina ? ; State of indigestion in consequence of a chill of the stomach from ice, acids, &c. ; Sea-sickness ; Sufferings in consequence of bathing in the sea ; Dyspepsia with vomiting of food ; Hæmatemesis ; Vomiting of drunkards and of pregnant women ; Gastric and bilious affections ; Melæna ; Acute gastritis ; Scirrhus in the stomach ? ; Choleric ; Asiatic cholera ; sufferings in consequence of cholera ; Colic ; Spasmodic colic ; Abdomino-glandular obstruction of children ; Ascites ; Scrofulous buboes ; Diarrhœa, also that of children during dentition, and in consequence of the small-pox ; Dysentery ; Lienteria ? ; Hæmorrhoidal sufferings ; Ischuria ; Paralysis of the bladder ; Dysuria ; Inflammation and swelling of the genital parts ; Erysipelas of the scrotum ? ; Amenorrhœa ; Leucorrhœa ; Cancer and scirrhus of the uterus ? ; Nausea and vomiting of pregnant women ; Gripe ; Acute and chronic laryngitis ;

Hooping-cough; Hæmoptysis?; Phthisical symptoms; *Hydrothorax*; *Asthmatic affections*; *Spasmodic asthma*; *Asthma of Millar*; *Angina of the chest*; *Organic affections of the heart*; *Nostalgia*; *Sciatica*; *Ulcers of the legs*; *White swelling?*; *Phlegmonous inflammation of the feet*; *Coxalgia*; *Discoloured nails*; *Gout in the feet*.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Attacks of suffering with anxiety, coldness, rapid failure of strength, and wish to lie down.—**Burning, chiefly in the interior of the parts affected, or sharp and drawing pains.*—**Nocturnal pains* which are felt even during sleep, and which are so unbearable that they excite to despair and fury.—*Aggravation of suffering on hearing one speak, as well as after a meal, in the morning on rising, in the evening in bed, on lying on the part affected, or during repose, after long exercise; mitigation by external heat, as well as on remaining standing, or by walking and movement of the body.—**Appearance of sufferings at intervals, or by periodical attacks.*—**Edematous swellings, with burning pain in the parts affected.*—*Excessive indolence and dread of all exertion.*—**Want of strength, excessive weakness, and complete asthenia, even to prostration, sometimes with paralysis of the lower jaw, eyes dull and sunken, and mouth open.*—**Rapid failure of strength, and sensation of weakness as if from want of food.*—**Inability to walk, and wish to remain lying down.*—**When lying down, one feels stronger, but on rising, sinks from weakness.*—**Emaciation and atrophy of the whole body with colliquative sweats, great weakness, face earthy, and eyes sunken, and a dark ring under them.*—**Attacks of violent convulsions, spasms and tetanus.*—**Fits of epilepsy, preceded by burning in the stomach, pressure and heat in the back, which ascend even to the nape of the neck and to the brain, with dizziness.*—**Edematous inflation and swelling of the whole body, chiefly of the head and face, with enlargement of the abdomen, and engorgement of the glands.*—**Trembling of the limbs, chiefly in the arms and legs.*—**Stiffness and fixedness of the limbs, sometimes with sharp rheumatic pains.*—**Paralysis and contraction of the limbs.*—**Fainting fits, sometimes with dizziness and swelling of the face.*—**Sensation of torpor in the limbs, as if they were dead.*

SKIN.—Scaling off of the skin from the body.—**Skin dry as parchment, or cold and bluish.*—**Yellowish colour of the skin.*—**Prickings, hot itching, and violent burning in the skin.*—**Reddish or bluish spots in the skin.*—**Petechia.*—**Inflamed spots, as from morbilli, chiefly in the head, face*

and neck.—*Miliary eruptions, red and white.*—Conical pimples, whitish or reddish, *with burning itching.*—**Nettle-rash.*—**Eruption of painful black pustules.*—Eruption of itchy pimples, small and tickling.—Eruption of small red pimples, which increase and change into corroding ulcers, covering themselves with a scurf.—°*Pustules filled with blood and pus.*—°*Tettery spots covered with phlyctena and furfur, with burning nocturnal pains.*—**Ulcers with raised and hard edges, surrounded by a red and shining halo ; having a cherry or a blackish blue base, and with burning pains or lancinating, principally when the parts affected are cold.*—**Fetid smell, ichorous suppuration, ready bleeding, putridity and bluish or greenish colour of the ulcers.*—Thin scurf or proud flesh on the ulcers.—Want of secretion in the ulcers.—Inflammatory tumours with burning pains.—Warts.—°*Ulcers in form of a wart.*—Chilblains.—**Varices.*—Discoloured nails.

SLEEP.—Constant desire to sleep, with strong and frequent yawnings.—**Nocturnal sleeplessness with agitation and constant tossing.*—Sleepiness in the evening.—**Coma vigil, often interrupted by groans and grinding of the teeth.*—Sleep not refreshing ; in the morning, it seems as if one had not slept enough.—*During sleep, starting up in fright, groaning, talking, quarrelling, grinding of the teeth, convulsive movements of the hands and fingers, sensation of general uneasiness with tossing about.*—In sleep, one lies on the back, with the hand under the head.—Light sleep ; the slightest noise is heard, though one dreams continually.—*Frequent dreams, full of cares, threats, apprehensions, repentance and inquietude ; anxious, horrible, fantastic, lively and angry dreams ; dreams of storm, of fire, of black waters and of darkness ; dreams with meditation.*—°*In the night, jerking of the limbs, heat and agitation, burning under the skin, as if there were boiling water in the veins, or coldness with impossibility of warming oneself ; choking in the larynx, asthmatic attacks, great agitation and anguish at the heart.*—Frequent waking in the night, with difficulty in sleeping again.

FEVER.—**Coldness over the whole body, sometimes with cold and clammy sweat.*—**Shiverings and shuddering, chiefly in the evening in bed, or when walking in the open air, or after having drunk or eaten, and often with appearance of other sufferings, such as sharp pains in the limbs, pendiculations, head-ache, oppression on the chest and difficulty of respiration, drawing in the limbs, anxiety and inquietude.*—*Universal heat, principally at night, and often with anxiety, inquietude,*

delirium, heaviness and confusion in the head, dizziness, vertigo, oppression and pricking in the chest, redness of the skin, &c.—**Febrile attacks*, mostly in the morning or evening, often with shivering and heat slightly developed, burning thirst, or perfect adipsia, quartan or tertian, or sometimes daily fever ; sufferings before the attack and sweats after, on going to sleep ; apyrexia, or cold or hot stage, with great weakness, dropsical affections, pains in the regions of the liver and of the spleen, dull or shooting headache, sharp and drawing pains in the limbs, in the back and in the head, pressure, fulness, tension, and burning in the stomach and in the epigastrium, stitches in the chest and in the sides, difficulty of breathing, anxiety, puffed and earthy face, &c.—**Pulse irregular*, or quick, weak, small and frequent, or suppressed and trembling.—**Frequent, colliquative sweats*, or cold and clammy ; **sweat at night* or in the evening on going to sleep, or in the morning on waking ; partial sweat, chiefly on the face and legs.—Perspiration, which imparts a yellow colour to the linen and to the skin.—During the sweat, heaviness in the head, buzzing in the ears and trembling of the limbs.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy*, sometimes with religious notions, sadness, care, vexation, cries and complaints.—**Anxiety, inquietude* and *excessive anguish* which allows no rest, principally in the evening in bed, or in the morning on waking, and often with trembling, cold sweat, oppression of the chest, difficulty of breathing and fainting fits.—**Anxiety of conscience*, as if one had committed a crime.—*Inconsolable anguish with complaints and lamentations*.—*Hypochondriacal humour*, with inquietude and anxiety.—**Fear of solitude, of spectres and of robbers, with desire to conceal oneself*.—Indecision and changeable humour, which demands this at one time, that at another, and rejects every thing after having obtained it.—**Discouragement, despair, weariness of life, inclination to suicide*, or **excessive fear of death*, which is sometimes believed to be very near.—**Too great sensibility and scruples of conscience*, with gloomy ideas, as if one had offended all the world.—*Ill-humour, impatience, vexation, inclination to be angry, repugnance to conversation, desire to criticise, and great sensitiveness*.—*Caustic and jesting spirit*.—*Extreme irritability of all the organs* ; noise, conversation, and bright lights are insupportable.—*Great apathy and indifference*.—*Great weakness of memory*.—*Stupidity and imbecility*.—*Delirium*, with great flow of ideas.—*Loss of consciousness and of sense ; raving ; actions of a maniac and frenzy*.

HEAD.—**Heariness, sensation of weakness and confusion in the head, -chiefly in a room, mitigated in the open air.—Stupor and dizziness.—Vertigo, principally in the evening, when shutting the eyes, when walking, or in the open air, and sometimes with tottering and danger of falling, intoxication, loss of sense, obscuration of the eyes, desire to vomit, and head-ache.—*Pains, throbbing, oppressive, stunning or drawing, shooting or burning in the head, often on one side only, and chiefly above one eye, or at the root of the nose, or in the occiput, -and sometimes with desire to vomit, and buzzing in the ears.—Tension, tightness and pain as from a bruise in the head.—*The pains in the head often appear periodically, and especially after each meal, in the morning, at night, and in the evening in bed, and sometimes they are insupportable, with tears and wailings, -being mitigated, for a moment, by cold water, and returning much more severely afterwards.—Sensation, when moving the head, as if the brain struck against the cranium.—Cracking or buzzing in the head.—*Pain of the hairy scalp and of the integuments of the head, as if they were ulcerated or bruised, immensely increased by the slightest touch.—Excessive swelling of the head and of the face.—Gnawing or burning itching, *scurfy eruptions, pustules, and corroding ulcers in the hairy scalp.*

EYES.—*Pressive, burning and shooting pains in the eyes, aggravated by light, *as also by moving the eyes, and sometimes with a desire to lie down, -or with anguish which does not permit one to rest in bed.—*Eyes inflamed and red, with redness of the conjunctiva, or of the sclerotica, and injection of the veins of the conjunctiva.—Swelling of the eyes.—Inflammatory or œdematous swelling of the eyelids.—Great dryness of the eyelids, chiefly in the edges, and when reading by the light (of a candle).—*Corrosive tears.—*Agglutination of the eyelids.—Spasmodic closing of the eyelids, sometimes from the effect of light,—*Excessive photophobia.—Specks and ulcers on the cornea.—Eyes convulsed and protruded; look fixed and furious.—Pupils contracted.—Yellowish colour of the sclerotica.—Yellow colour, spots, or white points and sparks before the eyes.—Weakness, obscuration, and loss of sight.—Eyes dull and sunken.*

EARS.—Squeezing, sharp pains, shootings, voluptuous itching and burning in the ears.—Tingling, roaring, buzzing, and sound of bells in the ears.—Sensation, as if the ears were stopped, and hardness of hearing, especially the human voice.

Nose.—Aching pains in the nose.—Swelling of the

nose.—*Profuse bleeding of the nose.*—Peeling off of the skin of the nose in fursurs.—Knotty tumours in the nostrils.—Ulceration at the top of the nostrils, with flow of fetid and bitter ichor.—Smell of pitch or sulphur before the nose.—Violent sneezing.—Great dryness of the nostrils.—**Fluent coryza* with stuffed nose, burning in the nostrils, and secretion of thin and corrosive mucus.

FACE.—*Face pale, hollow, and cadaverous.*—**Yellowish, bluish, or greenish colour* of the face.—*Leaden and earth-coloured tint*, with greenish and bluish spots and streaks.—**Face disfigured*, with distortion of features, or with *sunken eyes having a dark mark under them*, and nose peaked.—**Redness and swelling* of the face.—*Hard and elastic swelling of the face*, chiefly below the eyelids, and especially in the morning.—Swelling of the face, with fainting-fits and vertigo.—Papulæ, pimples, **scurfy ulcers.*—Red pimples, and mealy tetters in the face.—Blackish tint round the mouth.—**Lips bluish or black, dry and chapped.*—Brownish band in the red part of the lips.—Skin rough and tettery round the mouth.—**Eruption* on the mouth and on the lips, at first on the red part.—**Hard knots and cancerous ulcers* with thick scurf and porky base on the lips.—Lips excoriated, with itching.—Swelling and bleeding of the lips.—**Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands, with confused pain*, and soreness when touched.—Paralysis of the lower jaw.

TEETH.—Sharp, pressive pains, or successive pullings in the teeth and gums, chiefly *at night*, extending sometimes to the cheek, to the ear, and to the temples, with swelling of the cheek and *insupportable pains*, which impel to furious despair, or *which are aggravated when one lies on the diseased side*, and which are mitigated by the heat of the fire.—Gnashing of the teeth.—Sensation of elongation and painful loosening of the teeth, with swelling and bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—Offensive smell from the mouth.—*Great dryness of the mouth*, accumulation of saliva, sometimes bitter or bloody.—**Tongue bluish or white.*—Torpor and insensibility of the tongue, as if it were burnt.—*Tongue brownish or blackish, dry, cracked and trembling.*—Bright red tongue.—Ulceration of the tongue on the anterior edge.—Thrush of the mouth.—Speech rapid, precipitate.

THROAT.—**Scraping, sharp pain and burning in the throat.*—Inflammation and gangrene of the throat.—*Spasmodic constriction of the throat and of the œsophagus*, with inability to swallow.—Painful and difficult deglutition, as

if from paralysis of the œsophagus.—Sensation of great dryness in the throat and in the mouth, which forces one to drink continually.—*Accumulation of grayish or greenish mucus—of a salt or bitter taste in the throat.

APPETITE.—*Bitter taste in the mouth, particularly after drinking or eating, or also in the morning.—Astringent, or putrid, or acid taste in the mouth.—Acid taste of food.—Insipid or too salt taste of food.—Insipidity of food.—*Bitter taste of food, particularly of bread and beer.—*Complete adypsia, or violent burning, choking and unquenchable thirst, with inclination to drink constantly, but little at a time.—*Desire for cold water, for acids, for brandy, for coffee and milk.—Want of appetite and of hunger, frequently with burning thirst.—Insurmountable dislike to all food, chiefly meat and butter.—*Every thing that is eaten causes a pressure in the œsophagus, as if it had stopped there.—Continual hunger, with want of appetite and prompt satiety.—*After a meal, nausea, vomiting, eructations, pains in the stomach, colic, and other sufferings.—*After drinking, shivering or shuddering, renewal of vomiting and of diarrhœa, eructations and colic.

STOMACH.—Frequent eructations, particularly after drinking or eating, mostly abortive, acid or bitter.—Regurgitation of acrid matter, or of bitter, greenish mucus.—Frequent and convulsive hiccoughs, particularly in the night.—Frequent and excessive nausea, sometimes mounting even to the throat, with inclination to vomit, desire to lie down, sleep, swooning, trembling, shuddering or heat, pains in the feet, &c.—Flow of water from the stomach, like phlegm.—*Vomitings, sometimes very violent, and principally after drinking and eating, or at night, or towards the morning; *vomiting of food and of drink, or of mucous, bilious, or serous matter, of a yellowish, greenish, brownish, or blackish colour; vomiting of sanguineous matter.—When vomiting, violent pains in the stomach, sensation of excoriation in the abdomen, cries, burning internal heat, diarrhœa, and fear of death.—*Inflation and tension of the precordial region and of the stomach.—Excessive pain in the epigastrium and in the stomach, chiefly when touched.—*Pressure in the stomach as from a stone, or as if the heart would burst, and excessive anguish in the precordial region, with complaints and lamentations.—*Sensation of constriction, cramp-like pains, pulling, piercing, and gnawing in the stomach.—Sensation of cold, or insupportable heat and burning in the precordial region, and in the stomach.—*The pains in the stomach manifest themselves

mostly *after a meal*, or at night.—Tetters on the pit of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure in the region of the liver.—Swelling of the spleen.—**Excessive pains in the abdomen*, principally in the left side; often great anguish in the abdomen.—*Inflation of the abdomen.—*Swelling of the abdomen as in ascites.—*Violent cutting pains, cramp-like pains, raking, pulling, tearing and gnawing in the abdomen.—*Attacks of colic, chiefly *after eating and drinking*, or in the night, and often accompanied with vomiting, or diarrhœa, with coldness, internal heat, or cold sweat.—*Sensation of coldness, or insupportable burning in the abdomen.—Pain, as from a wound in the abdomen, chiefly when coughing and laughing.—Swelling and induration of the mesenteric glands—Much flatulency, with grumbling and rumbling in the abdomen.—Flatulency of a putrid odour.—Painful swelling of the inguinal glands.—Ulcer above the navel.

FÆCES.—*Constipation, with frequent but ineffectual desire to evacuate—Tenesmus, with burning in the anus.—Involuntary and unnoticed evacuations.—*Violent diarrhœa, with frequent evacuations, nausea, vomiting, thirst, great weakness, colic and tenesmus.—Nocturnal diarrhœa, and renewal of the diarrhœa after eating and drinking.—*Burning, and corrosive evacuations; fæces slimy, bilious, sanguineous, serous, &c., &c., of greenish, yellowish, whitish colour, or *brownish and blackish; *fetid and putrid evacuations; evacuations of undigested substances.—Discharge of mucus from the anus with tenesmus.—Prolapsus of the rectum, with much pain.—*Itching, pain as from excoriation and burning in the rectum and in the anus, as well as in the hæmorrhoidal tumours, chiefly at night.—Shootings in the hæmorrhoidal tumours.

URINE.—*Retention of urine, as if from paralysis of the bladder.—Frequent desire to make water, even at night, with abundant emission.—Inability to retain the urine and involuntary flow, even, at night, in bed.—Difficult and painful emission of urine.—Scanty urine of a deep yellow colour.—Urine aqueous, greenish, brownish, or turbid, with slimy sediment.—*Sanguineous urine.—*Burning in the urethra when making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Itching, shooting and burning in the glands and in the prepuce.—Inflammation, painful and gangrenous swelling of the genital parts.—Glands swollen, cracked and bluish.—Swelling of the testes.—Nocturnal pollutions.—Flowing of the prostatic fluid during loose

stools.—Sexual desire in women.—**Catamenia too early and too copious*, with much suffering.—Catamenia suppressed, with pains in the sacrum, and in the shoulders.—**Leucorrhæa acrid, corrosive, -thick and yellowish.*

LARYNX.—Catarrh, with *hoarseness*, coryza and restlessness.—Voice rough and hoarse.—Voice trembling or unequal, at one time strong, at another weak.—**Tenacious mucus in the larynx* and chest.—*Sensation of dryness and burning in the larynx.—"Spasmodic constriction of the larynx.—**Dry cough*, sometimes deep, fatiguing and concussive, principally *in the evening, after lying down*, or at night, with a wish to rise, or in the morning, also *after drinking*, when *in the fresh and cool air*, when moving, or *breathing*, and often *with difficulty of respiration, choking*, contractive pain, or sensation as of excoriation in the pit of the stomach and the chest; pain, as from a bruise in the abdomen, cutting in the hypochondrium, in the epigastrium, and in the chest, &c.—Cough excited by a sensation of constriction in stifling in the larynx, as if caused by the vapour of sulphur.—Attacks of periodical cough.—*Cough with expectoration of sanguineous -mucus, "sometimes with burning heat over the whole body.—Difficult expectoration or scanty and frothy.

CHEST.—**Breathing short; difficult, stifling dyspnœa*, and attacks of suffocation, sometimes with cold sweat, spasmodic °constriction of the chest or of the larynx, anguish, great weakness, coldness of the body, pain in the pit of the stomach and paroxysms of cough.—Appearance of sufferings chiefly *in the evening in bed*, or at night, when lying down, in windy weather, in the fresh and cold air, or "in the heat of the room, or when warmly clothed, -when fatigued, when angry, *when walking, when moving, and even when laughing.—**Respiration anxious, stertorous and wheezing.*—Oppression of the chest, when coughing, when walking, and when going up stairs.—**Constriction and compression of the chest*, sometimes with great anxiety, inability to speak and fainting fits.—Tension and pressure in the chest.—**Shooting pains in the chest and in the sternum.*—Shivering, or great heat and burning in the chest.—Violent and insupportable throbbings of the heart, chiefly when lying on the back and especially at night.—*Irregular beatings of the heart, sometimes with anxiety.

TRUNK.—Yellowish spots on the chest.—Violent and burning pain in the back, severely aggravated by pressure.—Acute drawing pains in the back and between the shoulder-blades, with wish to lie down.—Edematous, painless

swellings of the neck and of the lower jaw.—Tetters between the shoulder-blades.

ARMS.—Acute drawing pains in the arms and in the hands.—*Swelling of the arms with blackish pustules* of a putrid smell.—^{*}At night, acute drawing pains, beginning in the neck and extending to the arm-pits.—Acute pulling and shooting in the wrists.—Cramps in the fingers.—At night, sensation of fulness and swelling in the palms of the hands.—Excoriation between the fingers.—Hard swelling of the fingers with pain in the bones of the same.—^oUlcers at the extremities of the fingers with burning pain.—Discoloured nails.

LEGS.—Cramp in the legs.—^a*Acute drawing pains in the hips*, as far as the groins, the thighs, and extending sometimes even to the ankle-bones, with uneasiness which obliges one to move the limb constantly.—Rheumatic pain in the legs, and especially in the tibia.—Paralytic weakness of the thigh.—^{*}Pain, as from a bruise in the knee joint.—Contraction of the tendons of the ham.—^{*}Tetters on the ham.—Cramps in the calves of the legs.—*Burning and shooting ulcers* in the leg.—^o*Fatigue in the legs and in the feet.*—*Swelling of the foot, burning, hard and shining* with burning blisters of a blue-blackish colour on the instep.—Gnawing and ulcerous blisters on the soles of the feet and on the toes.—Pains in the fleshy part of the toes, as if they were galled by walking.

18.—ARTEMISIA VULGARIS.

ARTEM.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been used with much success against a kind of *Epilepsy produced by the effect of fright in pregnant women*.

[This remedy has been highly recommended by Burdach in epilepsy—especially in those cases in which paroxysms occur every day, or even from three to fifteen times, and are so violent and frequent as to leave but little time for the patient to be restored to consciousness. Also in those cases attended with morning and evening paroxysms; and in epilepsy of young females from 12 to 15 years of age, and prior to the establishment of menstruation, as the catamenia generally set in, and the epilepsy disappeared. While it has been found to aggravate epilepsy occurring as a disease of growth in young and very robust persons, from 17 to 22 years old; and it has also proved injurious in epilepsia nocturna, with paroxysms occurring every five, ten, or fifteen days, and generally about

midnight. It also enjoys a high reputation in the ecclampsia of young children. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Gums easily bleeds.—Pain in the throat with difficult deglutition, as if from *obstruction of the œsophagus*, and desire to swallow constantly.—Anxious pressure in the abdomen, which extends to the chest and to the neck.—Clear watery urine, exhaling a smell of burnt horn and depositing a cloudy sediment.—Great fatigue and weakness.—*Invincible desire to sleep after a meal*, and face redder during sleep.

19.—ARUM.

AR.—Common arum.—HERING.—A remedy as yet very little known.

[Dioscorides has praised its virtues in chronic inflammations of the lungs, and asthma; Gessner and Frost, in true consumptions, and in Angina pectoris. *Ed.*]

20.—ASSA FŒTIDA.

ASSA.—Gum-resin of ferula.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 4 to 6 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTILOTES: Caus. chin. electric.—It is used as an antidote against Merc. puls?

COMPARE WITH: Ant. aur. caus. chin. coff. con. merc. n-vom. phos. plat. puls. rhus. rut. thu', tart. —Assa fœtida, when indicated deserves a preference particularly after *thui.* and *puls.*—*Puls.* and *caus.* are sometimes useful after assa fœtida.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Considering the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine should be employed are:—*Scrofulous and rickety affections*; Inflammations, softening, deviation, suppuration, and caries of the bones; *Ichorous suppurations*; Tumefaction of the glands; Hysterical and hypochondriacal complaints; Hæmorrhagia; Serious consequences from the abuse of mercury; Dance of St. Guy (St. Vitus's dance); Otorrhœa and hardness of hearing after abuse of mercury; Ophthalmia, ozæna, phlegmon in the nose of scrofulous children; Gastric and bilious complaints; Gastritis?; Œsophagitis?; Obstruction in the abdomen?; Ascites with general dropsy, from organic affections in the abdomen; Asthmatic affections of scrofulous persons, excited by exertion, coition, or excess in eating; Organic affections and palpitation of the heart, &c. &c.

[This remedy is also a valuable palliative in whooping-cough—in spasmodic cough—in *Asthma hystericum*, and *pituitosum*, especially when attended with violent congestion to the chest and head; in congestion to the liver it

also deserves attention; and in *Asthma infantum spasmodicum Millari* it is an invaluable, often indispensable remedy. It is also a valuable palliative in the flatulence of the stomach and bowels, so common in hysterical and hypochondriacal persons, and in *Asthma flatulentum*. Ed.]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Jerking, regular and inter-mitting pains*, mostly drawing, acute, with successive pullings, or pressive with dull shootings, or else sharp pains, which *manifest themselves from the inside outwards*, mitigated or changing their nature by pressure, and accompanied with a sensation of numbness.—Pains in the flexor muscles.—The symptoms appear when seated, and are mitigated by exercise in the open air.—*Involuntary twitching and quivering of certain muscles and muscular fibres*.—Scraping and piercing in the periosteum.—Painful inflammation and ulceration of the bones.—Caries.—Hot and red swelling of the parts affected.—*Swelling of the glands.—Sensation of heaviness in the whole body.

SKIN.—Ulcers with hard edges, bluish and very sensitive to the touch.—*Serous, fetid and purulent pus.

SLEEP.—*Strong inclination to sleep*.—Abundance of dreams, generally lively.—Sleep not refreshing with tossing and frequent waking.

FEVER.—Sensation of heat in the face, after a meal, without thirst, with anguish and desire to sleep.—Transient shuddering.—Quick pulse.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Inquietude and hysterical and hypochondriacal anxiety*.—Versatility.—Ill-humour and distaste for labour.—Great irritability with indifference to every thing.

HEAD.—Confusion and *whirling in the head*.—Perplexity of the head, with strong pressure and difficulty in thinking.—Dullness of the senses without loss of consciousness.—Head-ache, which changes its nature or departs under the influence of touch.—Stunning tension in the head.—Obtuse shootings or pressure in the sides of the head, the temples, and the forehead, like that of a plug which presses from the outside inwards.—Constrictive pains in the head.—Congestion in the head with throbbing.—Cramp-like pains in the forehead above the eye-brows.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes, as if there were sand in them, with a sensation of cold.—*Burning in the eyes*, with drawing of the eye-lids, as if from sleep.—Painful sensation of dryness, or real dryness in the eyes.—Trembling of the eye-lids.—Obscuration of the sight when writing.

EARS.—Pressive pains in the ears.—*Hardness of hearing, with purulent discharge from the ears.*

NOSE.—Pressive pains in the nose, and principally in the wings of the nose.—*Tension with sensation of numbness in the bones of the nose.—Flow of purulent, fetid, greenish matter from the nose.*

FACE.—Pains in the face, generally tensive, with *sensation of numbness in the bones of the face*, principally in the cheek bone.—Sensation of pressive fulness in the face.—*Numbing pressure on the chin.*—Acute drawing pains in the lower jaw.

MOUTH.—Lips swollen with burning, darting sensations.—Dryness of the mouth, with sensation of burning and pain, as if excoriated.—Sensation of dryness, although the mouth is moist.

THROAT.—Pain in the throat, *as if a foreign substance were ascending in the œsophagus*, with pressure.—Sensation of burning, of dryness and of excoriation in the throat, with tension while swallowing.

APPETITE.—Taste generally bitter or rancid, as if from grease.—Insipid taste, and disgust, as after indigestion caused by fat meat.—Aversion to beer which seems to have a slimy taste.

STOMACH.—Eructations as after having eaten garlic or also with an acrid and rancid taste.—*Pressure on the stomach* with tension and sensation, as if something were ascending in the œsophagus, even after a meal.—Cramp-like, contractive pains in the stomach.—Pain, as from a bruise, and *sensation of fulness in the region of the stomach.*—Sensation of burning in the stomach and in the diaphragm.—Visible and sensible *pulsation* in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Hepatic pains, generally pressing, or shooting.*—Piercing shootings in the hypochondria, tending towards the outside, on breathing.—Pain in the abdomen, with great uneasiness in the hypogastrium, and anxious inquietude.—*Pressure and shooting in the sides of the abdomen.*—Great inflation of the abdomen.—*Heaviness in the abdomen*, with cold in the interior, chiefly after drinking.—Shootings in the umbilical regions.—*Flatulent colic with griping.*

FÆCES.—Constipation with abundant discharge of fetid flatulence—Urgent desire to go to stool, with constipation, and slow, hard and difficult stools.—*Loose stools* of the consistence of pap, brownish, or yellowish and fetid, mostly accompanied by *pains in the abdomen* and abundant discharge of wind.—Pressure in the perinæum.

URINE.—Urine brownish with an acrid, pungent smell.—*Cramps in the bladder during the emission of urine and afterwards.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—Sensation, as if every thing were pressing towards the genital parts, with pain in the testes.—Catamenia too early and too scanty.—Pressure towards the uterus like labour pains.

CHEST.—Short, hoarse cough, with a sensation of vapour in the bronchia.—*Oppression of the chest*, chiefly when lying down and after a meal, with *quick breathing* and small pulse.—Attacks of spasmodic asthma, as if the lungs were unable to dilate themselves sufficiently.—Pressure upon the chest, with piercing, especially when lying down, with difficult and sobbing respiration.—*Pressure in the thorax*.—Shootings outward in the chest.—Pulsation and *beating in the chest*.—*Palpitation of the heart*.

BACK AND EXTREMITIES.—Very violent pains in the loins.—Shooting pain in the lumbar muscles.—*Frequent startings in the muscles of the arms and of the hands*.—Stiffness and torpor of the hands.—*Starting of the muscles of the legs and feet*.—Stiffness and torpor of the feet.—*Cold swelling round the ankles*.—Very sensible pulsation in the great toe.

21.—ASARUM EUROPÆUM.

ASAR.—Asarum of Europe.—HAINEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : as long as 15 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES.—Camph. acetum.

COMPARE WITH : Accn. hep. puls. sep. stram.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—On studying the symptoms, it will appear, whether this medicine may be employed against some cases of megrim ; Ophthalmia ; *Gastric and bilious affections* ; Helminthiasis ; Lienteria, &c., &c.

[Asarum deserves attention in chronic diarrhœas, when prostration and hectic appear ; and also in the diarrhœa in the last stages of phthisis ; also in chronic vomiting dependent upon chronic inflammation of the stomach, or merely upon an affection of the ganglionic system ; it also deserves consideration in cases with inveterate and profuse secretion of mucus from the stomach and bowels, pyrosis, &c. ; and in the diarrhœa of teething children.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Excessive susceptibility of the whole nervous system.—Acute drawing pains, successive pullings and cramp-like traction, chiefly in the limbs.—Great dejection, especially after dinner, with care-

lessness and aversion to labour.—Weakness in the evening and inclination to vomit with desire to lie down.—*Great activity and lightness of all the limbs* ; one appears to fly instead of walking.—The sufferings relieved by washing the face with cold water.—Desire to sleep during the day.—Inability to sleep in the evening in consequence of the ebullition of the blood.—Distressing, disagreeable dreams.—Coldness, shivering and shuddering.—Alternation of coldness and burning heat.—Captious, melancholy humour.—Sadness, with inclination to shed tears.

HEAD.—*Pressive confusion*, with tension and dulness of the head and incapacity for labour.—*Ideas are lost*.—Dizziness, as if from drunkenness, on rising from one's chair or on walking.—Pains in the head provoked or aggravated by intellectual labour.—Stunning traction, or *pressure on the head*, and chiefly in the temples, in the forehead and above the root of the nose.—Compression in the sides of the head.—Attack of cephalalgia on the left side of the head, every day towards five o'clock in the evening.—Pulsations and throbbings in the head and especially the forehead, on stooping.—Tension of the hairy scalp, with tenderness of the hair.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, as if the eyelids were powerfully forced asunder, on reading.—Sharp, throbbing pains in the eyes.—Sense of coldness in the eyes.—Sensation of dryness in the eyes, or *burning and lachrymation*, especially in the evening in a room.—Eyes inflamed with abundant lachrymation.—Cold air benefits the eyes ; but the wind and the light of the sun are insupportable.—Fixedness of the eyes.—Eyes dull and dejected.—*Twitching of the eyelids*.—Obscuration of the sight.—Redness of the conjunctiva with piercings in the corners of the eyes.

EARS.—Painful, pressive tension in the orifice of the auditory duct.—Ear hot on the outside.—*Hardness of hearing*, as if from obstruction or contraction of the auditory duct.

MOUTH.—Sensation of cold in the (upper) incisor teeth.—Burning heat in the mouth and on the tongue.—Contraction in the mouth with *accumulation of cool, serous saliva*.—Accumulation of viscous mucus in the mouth and in the throat.

STOMACH.—*Bread and tobacco taste bitter*.—Flatulent and void eructations.—Hunger with sensation of fulness in the stomach.—Putrid eructations.—Pyrosis with sour eructations, which set the teeth on edge.—*Nausea* with disgust and shuddering.—Desire to vomit with pressure in the forehead and copious accumulation of water in the mouth.

—*Violent desire to vomit*, with aggravation of all the symptoms.—*Vomiting with violent effort* and pains in the stomach, in the epigastrium and in the head, with great anguish.—*Pinchings in the stomach*.—*Pressure in the region of the stomach and in the epigastrium*.—*Constriction in the region of the diaphragm*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Inflation of the abdomen*, with sensation of fulness.—*Smarting and pain as from a wound in the spleen*.—*Pinching in the left side of the abdomen*, which extends as far as the back.—*Cutting pains in the upper part of the abdomen*.—*Colic with vomiting*.—*Inguinal hernia*.

FÆCES.—*Painful loose evacuations of white viscous slime*, with *expulsion of ascarides*.—*Whitish gray fæces*, the colour of ashes.—*Discharge of thick, black blood during the stool*.—*Diarrhœa*, with evacuation of undigested substances, principally after having eaten potatoes.—*Cutting pains before the stool*.—*Prolapsus of the rectum during the stool*.—*After the stool, pressure on the rectum*, with flow of tenacious, whitish, and sanguineous slime.

URINE.—*An almost constant desire to make water*.—*Pressure on the bladder during the emission of urine and afterwards*.—*Catamenia too early*, and of too long duration, with flow of black blood.—*On the appearance of the catamenia violent pains in the loins*, which interrupt respiration.

CHEST.—*Cough excited by a tickling in the throat*, with copious expectoration of mucus.—*Breathing short*, from constriction of the throat.—*Difficulty of breathing*, as if from suffocation.—*Pressure on the chest*.—*Constriction in the lungs*.—*Lancination in the lungs on breathing*.—*Successive jerkings of the muscles of the collar-bone*.

TRUNK.—*Pains, as from a bruise*, and sensation of paralytic weakness in the loins, in the back and in the shoulder-blades.—*Cramp-like contraction in the neck and in the nape of the neck*.—*Cramps in the muscles of the neck which cause one to carry the head on one side*.

ARMS.—*Pain, as from a sprain in the scapulary joint*, on moving the arm.—*Drawing, with sensation of paralytic weakness in the joints of the hand and of the fingers*.

LEGS.—*Pressive, obtuse pain in the coxo-femoral articulation and in the thigh*, chiefly when resting on the foot and when walking.—*Cramps in the thighs*.—*Traction in the knee and in the tendons of the ham*.—*Fatigue of the thighs and of the knees with tottering gait*.—*Successive jerkings in the calves of the legs*.—*Lancinations in the instep*.

22.—AURUM.

AUR.—Metallic gold.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: as long as 40 days in some cases.

ANTIDOTES: Bell. chin. cupr. merc.—It is used as an antidote against: Merc. spig.

COMPARE WITH: Asa. bell. chin. cupr. merc. nitr-ac. puls. spig.—Gold is most suitable, if it be indicated, after *bell. chin. puls.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—A total consideration of the pure effects of aurum bespeaks our earnest attention to it in the following cases:—*Mercurial* (and syphilitic) sufferings; Convulsions and hysterical spasms; Nodous gout?; Scrofulous affections; Dropsical affections?; *Inflammation and caries of the bones, chiefly from the abuse of mercury*; Rhagades; Religious melancholy; Hypochondria; Hysteria; Hysterical pains in the head; Fatigue in the head from intellectual labour; Megrin; *Exostosis of the cranium*; Scrofulous ophthalmia?; Spots on the cornea?; Amblyopia amaurotica; Otorrhœa from caries of the bones of the auditory organs; Ozæna, with caries of the bones of the nose; Cancerous affection of the nose; Swelling and ulceration of the nose and of the lips, chiefly in scrofulous subjects; Inflammatory prosopalgia from the abuse of mercury; Ulceration and caries of the palate; Congestive odontalgia; Hernia in children; Ischuria; Orchitis; Induration of the testes; Prolapsus and induration of the matrix; congestive asthma; Hydrothorax and organic affections of the heart, principally those arising from the abuse of mercury, &c., &c.

[It is one of the best remedies, in the frightful pains in the bones, caused by syphilis or the abuse of mercury; in *osteomalacia*; in enlargement and induration of the prostate gland and the difficulties of the bladder and rectum dependent upon it. In many hysterical and nervous affections it deserves particular attention, viz.: In *Colica hysterica*; hysterical one-sided head-ache; *Asthma hysterica*, which often obstinately withstands the use of every other remedy; in congestion to the head, palpitation of the heart, and pulsation of all the arteries, attended with languid hysterical prostration. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Pain, like that of a bruise, acute traction* and paralytic weakness in the limbs in general, and chiefly in the joints, especially on uncovering the part affected, in the morning on waking and during repose, disappearing when one rises.—*Darting pains* in the limbs with great dejection.—*Inflammation of the bones* with nocturnal pains.—**Exostosis of the head, of arms and of*

legs.—Great acuteness and delicacy of sensation, with *excessive sensibility to the least pain*.—*Hysterical spasms*, sometimes with alternate tears and laughter.—*Great sensibility to cold*, or strong desire to go into the open air even in bad weather, because it is found to be a relief.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep after a meal.—Nocturnal sleep till four o'clock in the morning only.—In the morning, on walking, fatigue and weakness.—Restless sleep with *anxious dreams*.—Nocturnal raving in the form of questions.

FEVER.—*Febrile shiverings over the whole body, in bed in the evening*, followed neither by heat nor thirst.—*Coldness of the entire body with bluish colour of the nails*, nauseous taste and desire to vomit, sometimes followed by an increase of heat.—Heat of the face, with coldness of the hands and feet.—Copious general perspiration, early in the morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy with inquietude* and desire for death.—*Irresistible desire to weep*.—Desire to see one's relations, a sort of nostalgia.—**Great anguish, which advances even as far as disposition to suicide*, with cramp-like contractions in the abdomen.—Excessive scruples of conscience.—*Despair of oneself and of others*.—Ill-humour and aversion to conversation.—Peevish, quarrelsome humour.—*Anger and passion*.—Alternation of gaiety, irritability and of *melancholy*.—Hypochondriacal humour.—Weakness of the intellectual faculties.—Weakness of the memory.

HEAD.—*Fatigue of the head from intellectual labour*.—Sudden stupefaction with loss of sense.—*Pain like that of a bruise in the brain*, especially in the morning or during *intellectual labour*, and sometimes proceeding so far as to render the ideas confused.—**Pain in the head as if the air passed over the brain*, when it is not kept very warm.—Acute drawing pains in the head.—Beating and hammering pain on one side of the head.—**Congestion of blood to the head*.—**Buzzing in the head*.—Pain in the bones of the cranium, especially when lying down.—Exostosis of the cranium.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes aggravated by touch, as if the ball of the eye were pressed inwards.—*Tension in the eyes*, with diminution of sight.—Burning pain and redness in the eyes.—**Obscuration of the sight*.—**Black spots before the eyes*.—*Eyes very prominent*.—Flames and sparks before the eyes.—Hæmiopia; objects are seen cut in horizontal lines.

EARS.—Pain in the ears, like internal tension.—*Carries*

of the mastoid apophysis.—Flow of fetid pus from the ears.—Hardness of hearing from hypertrophy of the amygdalæ, with embarrassed speech.—**Buzzing in the ears.*

Nose.—Pain in the nasal bones on being touched.—Gnawing prickings in the nose.—Inflammatory swelling and redness of the nose followed by desquamation.—*Caries of the bones of the nose.*—Nasal cavities ulcerated and covered with thick scab.—Running from the nose, of a fetid, greenish-yellow matter.—*Stoppage of the nose.—*Flowing coryza.—Furfuraceous desquamation of the epidermis of the nose.—Increased sensibility or absence of smell—Sweetish, putrid smell, or smell of brandy before the nose.

FACE.—Face puffed, and shining as if from sweat.—Inflammation of the bones of the face.—Swelling of the cheeks.—Swelling of the bones of the forehead, of the upper jaw and of the nose.—Red eruption, which peels off, on the forehead, and on the nose.—Traction in the jaws with swelling of the cheeks.—Tensive pain in the upper jaw.—Pain in the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—Odontalgia with heat and congestion to the head.—Looseness of the teeth.—Ulcers in the gums with swelling of the cheeks.

MOUTH.—Fetid smell of the mouth, as if from strong cheese—Piercing pain in the velum palati.—*Caries* of the palate, with ulcers of a bluish colour.—Tonsils swollen and ulcerated.—Drinks find a passage through the nostrils.

APPETITE.—Milky, or sweetish taste.—Dislike to food and especially to meat.—Great desire for coffee.—Excessive hunger and thirst.

STOMACH.—Pain in the stomach, as if proceeding from hunger.—Sensation of indescribable uneasiness in the epigastrium.—Swelling of the epigastrium and of the hypochondria, with lancinating pains when touched.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Colic with sensation of great uneasiness and desire to evacuate—Tensive pressure and fulness in the abdomen.—Abdomen inflated.—Exostosis in the pelvis.—*Tendency of hernia to protrude, sometimes with cramp-like pains and confinement of flatulency.—*Flatulent colic at night*, with pinching, grumbling, and rumbling.—Frequent emission of very fetid wind.

FÆCES — *Copious evacuation.*—Nocturnal diarrhœa.

URINE — *Painful retention of urine*, with urgent desire to make water and pressure on the bladder.—Frequent emission of watery urine.—Urine turbid, like whey, with slimy, thick sediment.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Sexual desire greatly increased.—The whole genital system is strongly affected —*Nocturnal erections and pollutions*.—Flow of prostatic fluid, with flaccidity of the penis.—**Swelling of the testes*, with aching pain when touched and rubbed.—Induration of the testes.—Pains in the abdomen, as if the catamenia were coming.—Prolapsus and induration of the matrix.

LARYNX.—Accumulation of mucus in the trachea and in the chest, which is expectorated with difficulty in the morning.—Voice nasal.—Cough from want of breath at night.

CHEST.—Great difficulty of respiration at night and on walking in the open air, requiring deep inspirations.—Suffocating attacks with constrictive oppression of the chest, falling, loss of sense, and bluish colour of the face.—Pain, as if there were a plug placed under the ribs.—Permanent pressure in the left side of the chest.—Cutting pain and obtuse shootings near the sternum.—Active congestion of the chest.—Beatings of the heart, irregular, or by fits, sometimes with anguish and oppression of the chest.

TRUNK.—Pains in the back, generally aching, or drawing, and acute, chiefly in the morning, and sometimes so violent that one cannot move a limb.

ARMS.—Aching pains in the arms and in the fore-arms.—Cramp-like and acute drawing pains in the bones of the carpus and of the metacarpus.—*Acute drawing pains*, and paralytic weakness in the bones and *joints of the fingers*.

LEGS.—Sharp pains in the thighs, especially morning and evening.—Paralytic and painful weakness of the knees, as if a band were tightly compressed above them; they are feeble and they bend.—Drawing pains and acute pullings, with paralytic weakness *in the bones and the joints of the toes*.

23.—AURUM MURIATICUM.

AUR-M.—Muriate of gold.—HAHNEMANN.—This medicine is employed against *ulcerations in the nostrils and lips*, and also against a kind of *syphilitic laryngitis*; but the few *primitive symptoms* belonging to it, that we are acquainted with, are found equally in *aurum foliatum*, so that it is still impossible to establish a distinction between these two preparations of gold. It has also been used with success in *scirrhus* and *cancer*; in some forms of *lepra*; in *scrofulous tumefaction* of the upper lip; in *scrofulous*, thick, slightly inflamed but extremely sensitive nose.

24.—BARYTA CARBONICA.

BARYT.—Carbonate of baryt.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: for several weeks in the case of some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES : Camph. (merc. bell. dulc.)

COMPARE WITH : Alum. bell. calc. cham. chin. dule. magn. mere. natr. sep. sil. sulph. tart.—Tart. especially is often used with much success after baryt. and before it, provided, however, the symptoms of the disease indicate it.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases against which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Physical and nervous weakness, and other complaints of children or of old men: *Sufferings after a chill*; *Scrofulous affections*; *Tumefaction and induration of the glands*; Atrophy of scrofulous children; Encysted tumours; Steatoma; Comatose somnolency; Apoplexy, principally in old men, but also in drunkards; *Scald-head*; Alopecia; Ophthalmia and blepharitis of scrofulous persons; Inflammatory prosopalgia; Facial tetters; Crusta lactea!; Odontalgia, especially that caused by a chill; Phlegmonous anginae; Tonsil angina, with suppuration; *Angina caused by a chill*; Angina during the small-pox; Dyspepsia; Scirrhus in the stomach!; Catarrh of the respiratory organs; Paralytic orthopnea of old men (after having given tart), &c. &c. [It deserves particular attention in dry *tinea capitis*; fissures and crusty eruptions of the face; in rickets; in worm complaints, especially when attended with frequent slimy, sour-smelling diarrhœas; in chronic predisposition to inflammation of the throat, in scrofulous persons; also in painful hæmorrhoids, and affections of the chest caused by retrocession of the piles; in phthisis from congestion to the chest, occasioned by suppression of the menses; and in *Marasmus senilis*.—Ed.]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pains in the joints and in the hollow bones.—Cramp-like pressure or pulling, with paralytic weakness, also tension, as if from contraction of the tendons, in different parts.—Acute drawing pains in the limbs, with shuddering.—At night, *jerking of the muscles*.—*Trembling* and jerking of some limbs and of the whole body, during the day.—The symptoms exhibit themselves particularly in the left side when one is seated; they disappear when moving or in the open air.—*Swelling and induration of the glands.—*Heaviness in the whole body*.—Great uneasiness and over-excitability of all the senses.—Great weakness, which does not permit one to remain standing.—*Desire to lie down*, or to be seated.—**Intellectual, nervous and physical weakness*.—**Emaciation*, or 'bloating of the body and of the face, with inflation of the abdomen'.—**Great tendency to catch cold*, with inflammation of the throat.

SKIN.—Sensation in different parts, like the pricking of burning needles, itching, and crawling at night, intolerable itching and crawling over the whole body.—*Excoriation and running* in several parts of the skin.—Injuries in the skin are healed with difficulty.—Warts.—Panaris (whit-loes).

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep in the day.—**Sleepy drowsiness night and day*.—Nocturnal sleep disturbed by frequent waking and anxious dreams.—At night, agitation of the blood, strong beatings of the heart, and sensation in the heart, as if it were excoriated, with great anxiety and inability to lie on the left side.—*Sleep with many unquiet dreams.

FEVER.—*Strong disposition to chilliness*.—Shuddering with corrugated skin, and hair standing on end, or with tension of the face.—Shuddering which runs over the whole body, beginning at the face or at the epigastrium, followed by a transient heat over the whole body.—**Night sweats*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearful humour.—*Repugnance to strangers or to society*.—Anxious inquietude about one's domestic affairs.—Scrupulous, irresolute, suspicious spirit, with mistrust of oneself.—Fear and cowardice.—Aversion to play (in children).—Sudden fits of passion from trifling causes.—*Incessant activity*.—Great weakness of memory, so as to forget easily.—Children are inattentive to their studies.

HEAD.—**Vertigo with nausea*, -and head-ache *on stooping.—Pressive pains in the head, principally in the forehead, **over the eyes*, -and the root of the nose, or with tension in the occiput, towards the nape of the neck.—Shooting pains in the head, especially from the heat of a stove.—Seething in the head with a sensation of looseness of the brain.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp.—Tendency to take cold in the head.—Itching and gnawing in the hairy scalp.—*Eruptions and humid or dry scabs on the head.—*Baldness*.

EYES.—**Pressure and burning pain in the eyes*, especially on fatiguing the sight.—*Inflammations of the ball of the eye and of the eye-lids, with pain as of excoriation, sensation of dryness and photophobia.—Swelling of the eyes in the morning.—**Agglutination of the eye-lids*.—Confusion of sight which prevents one's reading.—Specks flying about, and black spots before the eyes.—Sparks before the eyes in the dark.—Dazzling of the eyes by the light.

EARS.—Itching in the ears.—Nocturnal pulsation in the

ears or when they are laid upon.—**Eruptions on the ears or behind the ears.*—Parotids swollen and painful.—Hardness of hearing.—**Tingling and roaring in the ears.*—*Crackling in the ears on swallowing, sneezing, or walking quickly.*

Nose.—*Epistaxis*, especially after having blown the nose.—*Scabs below the nose.*—Very acute sense of smell.—*Fluent coryza* with abundant secretion of thick mucus.—**Painful dryness of the nose.*

FACE —*Face deep red*, with purple lips, and strong agitation of the blood.—Sensation of swelling and *tension in the face*, as if it were covered with cobwebs.—**Pains in the face with tensive swelling.*—**Eruption on the face.*—Lips dry and cracked.—Acute pain in the joint on closing the jaws.—*Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.*

TEETH.—Tooth-ache only in the evening, in bed.—Traction, beatings and *shocks in the teeth, advancing even to the ear and the temple.—**Burning shootings in the carious teeth, excited by contact with any thing hot.*—**Tooth-ache before the catamenia with pale-red swelling of the gums and of the cheek.*—Bleeding of the teeth and of the gums.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth.*—Accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—Offensive smell from the mouth.—Inflamed blisters in the mouth and on the tongue.—*Cracks in the tongue*, with burning pain as of excoriation.

THROAT.—**Sore throat with swelling of the palate, and of the amygdalæ, which suppurate.*—Sensation, as if one had a plug in the throat.—Suffocation and contraction in the throat.—*Shootings and pain, as of excoriation in the throat, especially during the act of deglutition.*

APPETITE.—*Disagreeable, or bitter, taste*, generally in the morning with tongue greatly loaded.—*Sour taste*, especially before, and not after a meal.—Continual thirst.—*Appetite weak, and soon satisfied, although the food pleases the palate.*—**After dinner pains in the stomach, uneasiness, indolence and aversion to labour.*—**Weakness of digestion.*

STOMACH.—**Eructations after a meal.*—Frequent eructations, abortive, or *sour.—**Discharge of slime from the stomach.*—Vomiting of mucus.—**Nausea*, chiefly in the morning, when fasting, and sometimes as if in consequence of indigestion.—**Pains in the stomach, when fasting, after a meal, or on pressing upon the epigastrium.*—Sensibility and pain in the epigastrium at every step that one takes.—**Heaviness, fulness, and pressure in the stomach and epigastrium, even after having eaten but little.*—**Pain, as of excoriation in the region of the stomach, with a sensation when eating, as if the parts through which the food passes were sore.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain in the abdomen, relieved by eructation or by external heat.—Painful tension and inflation of the abdomen.—Colic with drawing back of the navel.—Pinchings and *cuttings in the abdomen* with desire to evacuate, as if under the influence of diarrhœa.—Accumulation of flatulence in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Evacuations difficult, "knotty, *or hard and "insufficient.—*Frequent desire to evacuate, with a sensation of anxious uneasiness in the region of the loins*, shiverings running over the thighs, and *evacuations soft and loose*.—*Urgent desire to evacuate*, which can scarcely be repressed.—Voiding of lumbrici.—Appearance of hæmorrhoidal excrescences, with shooting pain.—*Itching, sensation of burning, *excoriation and oozing at the anus*.

URINE.—*Frequent desire to make water with *abundant discharge*.—Urgent desire to make water; it can hardly be retained.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Diminution of sexual desire and weakness of the genital functions*.—Falling asleep during coition, without the emission having taken place.—Excoriation and running between the scrotum and the thighs.—*Diminution of sexual desire in women.—Catamenia too feeble and of too short duration.—°Leucorrhœa, a little before the catamenia.

LARYNX.—Catarrh with cough, voice hollow and low, and fluent coryza.—*Hoarseness and loss of voice*, from an accumulation of slimy mucus in the throat and chest, with dry cough, chiefly at night, in the evening or in the morning.

CHEST.—Difficulty of respiration, and shortness of breath, with sensation of fulness in the chest.—Pains in the chest, mitigated, partly by eructations and partly by external heat.—Fulness and pressive heaviness on the chest,*especially when ascending, with shooting in the act of respiration.—*Very violent beatings of the heart*.—*Beating of the heart*, excited by lying on the left side or renewed by thinking of it.

TRUNK.—*Pains in the loins, -more violent when sitting than when in motion.—*Tensive stiffness in the loins, aggravated in the evening to such an extent that one cannot get up from one's chair nor stand up straight.—Tension in the shoulder-blades, the nape of the neck and the muscles of the neck, especially in a sharp and cold air.—Burning pain and *throbbing sensation in the back*, especially after mental emotion.—*Stiffness in the nape of the neck.—Shootings in the nape of the neck.—*Aching pains in the nape of*

the neck.—Steatoma in the nape of the neck, with burning pain in the bottom of it.—*Swelling and hardness of the glands of the neck.*—Encysted tumour under the arm-pit.

ARMS.—Swellings of the arms, with *pain of the axillary glands.*—Pain in the deltoid muscle, on raising the arm.—*The arm becomes numbed when one lies down.—Hands cold with bluish spots.—Swollen veins and redness of the hands.—Hands dry as parchment.—Trembling of the hand when writing.—Violent crawling and gnawing in the palm of the hand, with desire to scratch.—Peeling off of the skin of the back of the hand, and of the tops of the fingers.—*The fingers are numbed.—Panaris.

LEGS.—*Pain, as of dislocation or of stiffness of the coxo-femoral joint.*—*Tension in the legs, as if the tendons were too short.*—**Drawings and acute pains in the legs, as if in the bones.*—Itching in the thighs, even at night.—Shootings in the joints of the knee.—Tension in the tibia and in the calves of the legs.—Cramps in the calves of the legs and in the toes on stretching out the limbs.—Inquietude and trembling in the legs and feet.—Pain in the joints of the foot, as if from a sprain.—°*Fetid sweat of the feet.*—Ulcers on the feet.—Lymphatic and painful swelling in the fleshy part of the great toe.—Pain like that of a corn, in the callous part of the sole of the foot, especially when walking.—*Corns, with burning shootings and pinchings.*

25.—BARYTA MURIATICA.

BAR-M.—Muriate of Baryta.—PERRING.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—On studying the following symptoms, it will be seen that this medicine may be used against one or other of the following affections:—*Affections of the glands*; Scrofula; Scabby eruptions; Gastritis; Enteritis; Diabetes?; Chronic gonorrhœa; Humid asthma; Dropsy after scarlatina, &c. &c.

[This may be employed with benefit in some of the worst forms of scrofula, characterized by extreme weakness of digestion, aching in the stomach after partaking of solid food, great tenderness of the stomach, continual nausea, profuse mucous secretion from the stomach, with affections of the liver, and obstinate constipation alternating with slimy diarrhœa, enlargement and induration of the glands of the neck and abdomen; swelling and inflammation of the eyelids; suppuration of the axillary and inguinal glands; yellowish, scaly eruptions of the skin, general emaciation, &c. It is particularly suitable for

persons with a milk-white skin and bluish tinge, with delicate and flabby muscles, and very irritable nervous system, with acute and active mind. It deserves attention in *Phthisis meseraica*; in induration and swelling of the testicles; in tedious cases of *dysenteria alba*; in paralysis attended with flabbiness, powerlessness and wasting away of the parts; in chronic dropsy of the chest; in chronic predisposition to inflammation of the throat and to salivation; in swellings and soreness of the gums, even when caused by mercury; and in affections caused by the suppression of itch. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Great weakness which forces one to lie down.—Weakness and prostration amounting almost to paralysis.—Syncope.—Stiffness and insensibility of the body, with periodical convulsions.—General heaviness.—Trembling of the limbs.—Convulsive trembling.—Jerking in the face, in some of the limbs, or in the whole body.—Periodical attacks of convulsions with jerking and excessive tossings.

SKIN.—Pricking in the skin.—Burning and pricking in excoriated places.—Small, itchy eruptions on the head, nape of the neck, abdomen and thighs.—Glands inflamed and ulcerated.—Hæmorrhagia.

FEVER—General dry heat, night and day.—Redness and heat of the face.—Pulse frequent and full.—*Tertian fever*.—Increased perspiration.—Cold Sweat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Great anxiety, with gastralgia, nausea, and desire to vomit.

HEAD.—Vertigo, swimming before the eyes.—Head confused and heavy.—Head-ache with vomitings.—Very purulent eruptions on the hairy scalp.—Eruptions, with scab on the head and on the neck.—Eruption on the nape of the neck.

EYES AND EARS.—Eyes fixed and immovable.—Pupils dilated and insensible with fixed look.—Blenorrhœa of the eyes, ears and nose.—Deafness when vomiting.

FACE AND TEETH—Tractive pains in the muscles of the face.—Painful nodosity at the point of the nose, with slight pricking.—Shooting, throbbing pains in the teeth, especially on waking, after midnight.—Looseness of the teeth.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Swelling of the salivary glands and of the palate.—Tongue loaded.—Tongue and mouth dry.—Fetor of the mouth, as if from mercury.—Putrid taste of the mouth and of food.—Loss of appetite.—Thirst.—Difficult deglutition.

STOMACH AND ABDOMEN.—*Desire to vomit*.—Inclination

to vomit.—Vomiting in the morning with anxiety.—Vomiting of a small quantity of water with nausea.—Pain in the stomach.—Pressure in the stomach with spasm.—Sensation of burning, ascending from the stomach to the chest and head.—Burning pain in the stomach with vomiting.—The membranes of the stomach are of a blue-red, with red spots on the muscular part—*The base of the stomach is inflamed*, with isolated ecchymoses.—Uneasiness, as if from worms.—Burning pains in the abdomen.—Enlargement of the liver.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Fæces slimy.—Easy evacuation.—Tedious diarrhœa, without pain.—Urine frequent, involuntary and painful.—Flow of urine.—Whitish sediment of urine.—Swelling of the testes.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Frequent emissions of semen.—Catamenia too early.—Pains, as from a bruise in the cavity of the pelvis.

CHEST.—Catarrh with heat.—Heat in the upper part of the chest.—Oppression.—Cough.—Beating of the heart accelerated.—Palpitation of the heart.—The heart beats even after death, and for a long time.—The cavity of the heart is filled with coagulated blood.

TRUNK AND MEMBERS.—Pains in the bones.—Cramp in the toes.—Drawing pains in the thighs.—Swelling of the hands and of the feet.

26.—BELLADONNA (ATROPA).

BELL.—Deadly Nightshade.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 4 to 5 days in acute affections, and as long as 8 weeks in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Coff. hyos. hep. vinum. (to counteract poisoning in strong doses; Coffea. tosta.).—The application of vinegar aggravates the sufferings. Belladonna is an antidote against: *Acon. cupr. fer. hyos. merc. plat. plumb.*

COMPARE WITH: *Acon. agar. alum. amm. arn. ars. aur. bar. calc. canth. caus. cham. chin. cin. coff. coloc. con. cupr. dig. dulc. fer. hep. hyos. lach. merc. nitr-ac. op. phos. phos-ac. plat. plumb. puls. rhus. seneg. sep. sil. stram. sulph. valer*—This medicine is often particularly suitable after *hep. lach. mer.* and *nitr-ac.*—After Belladonna the following medicines are sometimes appropriate: *Chin. con. dulc. hep. lach. rhus. seneg. stram. valer.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If we are guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the particular cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—Affections, principally of persons of *lymphatic* or of a *plethoric* constitution, with tendency to enlargement of the glands, or to *phlegmonous inflammations*; Diseases of children and of women, as well as persons of a mild tem-

perament, with blue eyes, light hair, fine complexion and delicate skin, &c., &c. ; *Sufferings resulting from a chill* ; Affections after fear, fright or vexation ; Evil effects from the abuse of valerian, mercury, chamomile, or opium ; *Rheumatic and arthritic affections*, even with inflammatory fever and swelling ; *Sanguineous congestions* ; *Tumefaction of the glands with suppuration* ; *Scrofulous and rickety affections* ; Atrophy of scrofulous children ; Cachexia from the abuse of quinine ; Icterus ; Ergotism ; Cramps, convulsions, tetanus ; Hysterical spasms ; Eclampsia ; Epilepsy ; St. Vitus' dance and other *spasmodic affections* ; Paralysis ; Scirrhus and cancerous affections ; Scrofulous and mercurial ulcers ; Carbuncles ; Furunculi ; Chilblains ; Stings of insects ; Pemphigus ? ; *Simple and phlegmonous erysipelas* ; Vesicular erysipelas (before rhus) ; *Scarlatina* ; Purple miliaria (after aconit.) ; Measles ; Metastasis of the small-pox upon the membranes of the brain ; Lethargy ; Sleeplessness ; *Inflammatory fevers*, with nervous, gastric, or rheumatic affections ; Intermittent fevers ; Slow fevers ; Typhus fevers ; Imbecility ; *delirium tremens*, mental alienation, melancholy, madness and other mental affections, even those resulting from fright, or vexation, or other causes ; *Hydrophobia* ; *Cerebral congestion, with vertigo* ; Sanguineous apoplexy ; *Encephalitis*, first stage ; Acute hydrocephalus ; Cephalalgia, even that arising from a chill ; Megrin ; Ophthalmia, even in scrofulous or arthritic persons ; Hæmorrhage of the eyes ; Ophthalmospasms ; Strabismus ? ; Spots and ulcers on the cornea ; Medullary fungus in the eyes ; Amaurotic amblyopia, from over-exerting the eyes ; Otitis ; Parotitis ; Hardness of hearing, caused by a chill ; Phlegmonous inflammation of the nose ; Nasal hæmorrhage ; Nervous prosopalgia ; Eruption of pimples on the face of children and of adults ; Erysipelas of the face ; Crusta lactea ; Scirrhus induration of the lips ; Odontalgia, chiefly in women, and especially in pregnant women ; Difficult dentition of children ; Salivation from the abuse of mercury ; Trismus ; Glossitis ; Stammering ; Phlegmonous angina ; Tonsillary, pharyngeal and uvular angina ; Anorexia, dyspepsia, vomiting and other gastric affections ; Convulsive hiccough ; Hæmatemesis ? ; Gastralgia ; Hepatitis ; Icterus ; Spasmodic and flatulent colic ; Enteritis ; Peritonitis ? ; Diarrhœa, even that with vomiting, in consequence of colds ; Dysentery ; Hæmorrhoids ; Nephritis ; Metritis ; Dysmenorrhœa ; Metrorrhagia ; Prolapsus, scirrhus induration, and cancerous affection (?) of the womb ; Sufferings arising from a miscarriage ; Moral affections, odontalgia, gas-

tralgia and colic of pregnant women; Spasms of lying-in women; Adhesion of the placenta; White swelling, nymphomania and other affections of lying-in women; *Puerperal peritonitis*, especially that caused by mental emotions, or suppression of milk; Milk fever; Galactorrhœa and sufferings from weaning; *Erysipelas of the breasts*, chiefly arising from weaning; Swelling, induration (and cancer?) of the mammary glands; Ophthalmia, cries, convulsions and other sufferings of new-born infants; Catarrhal affections of the respiratory organs; Aphonia; Grippe; Cough, even nervous and convulsive; Hooping-cough; Croup!; Pneumonia; Spasmodic, hysterical, congestive asthmas, &c., &c.; Hæmoptysis; Rheumatic stiffness of the nape of the neck; Coxalgia, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Shooting, or tearing, aching pains in the limbs.—Pains, as from a bruise in the joints and bones.—The pains are aggravated, chiefly, *at night*, and in the afternoon towards three or four o'clock.—The least contact, and sometimes also the slightest movement aggravates the sufferings.—Some of the sufferings are aggravated, or appear after having slept.—Twitchings of the limbs, muscular jerkings and shocks of the tendons.—Sensation in the muscles, as if a mouse were running over them.—**Cramp, spasms, and convulsive movements and violent contortion of the limbs; attack of convulsions, with cries and loss of consciousness; *epileptic convulsions, °drawing-back of the thumbs.—*Attacks of immovableness and of spasmodic stiffness of the body, or of some limbs, sometimes with insensibility, swelling of the veins, bloatedness and redness of the face, full and quick pulse, with copious sweat.—*Attacks of tetanus even with the head bent back.—*Attacks of spasms, with involuntary laughter.—°Before the attack of convulsion, formication, with a sensation of swelling and stiffness in the limbs; or colic and pressure in the abdomen, extending as far as the head; after the attack, oppression of the chest, as if from a heavy weight.—The attacks are renewed by the slightest touch, as well as by the slightest contradiction.—Great inquietude in the head and limbs, chiefly in the hands.—**Trembling of the limbs*, with fatigue and lassitude.—*Heaviness in the limbs, with weariness, great indolence and dread of every movement and of all exertion.—*Failing of strength, paralytic weakness and *paralysis of the limbs*.—*Paralysis and insensibility of the entire of one side of the body.—Attacks of swooning and of syncope, with loss of all sen-*

sation and of all motion, as in death.—^oAgitation of blood, with congestion of the head, and fatigue even to fainting.—Over-excitement and too great sensibility of all the organs.—*Tendency to be chilled easily, with great sensibility to cold air.*—*Formication in the limbs.

SKIN.—**Swelling with heat and scarlet redness* of the whole body, or of *several parts*, chiefly, the face, the neck, the chest, the abdomen, and the hands.—**Erysipelatous inflammations*, with phlegmon, -which sometimes turns to gangrene.—Gangrene and sphacelus of several parts.—**Red places, inflamed and scarlet spots on several parts of the body*, -sometimes with small, quick pulse, difficulty of respiration, violent cough, delirium, memory more vivid, desire to rub the nose, and the pupils dilated.—Red spots, the colour of blood, over the whole body, principally on the face, neck and chest.—*Eruption resembling morbilli.—Eruption of petechiæ, with itching and redness of the whole body.—*Blisters which discharge abundance of serum*, and are so painful that they force one to cry out and to groan.—^oEruption of pustules with whitish edges, with black slough, and œdematous swelling of the diseased part.—Red, scaly eruption on the lower part of the body.—Tumours and cold and painful knots.—Pain, as from excoriation, *burning* and pulling in the ulcers, principally when touched, during motion and in the night.—**Red, hot and shining swelling of the diseased parts.*—The ulcers secrete a purulent and sanguineous matter.—*Furunculi.—Chilblains.—*Painful swelling of the glands.

SLEEP.—**Constant desire to sleep* sometimes with stupefaction, pendiculations, and yawning, and chiefly towards the evening.—**Attacks of somnolent drowsiness and of lethargy*, with profound sleep, immovableness of body, -jerking of the tendons, pale and cold face and hands, small, hard and quick pulse.—**Drowsiness interrupted by momentary wakings, with furious looks.*—After the fit of coma, great hunger, burning heat and dryness of the mouth.—Drowsy sleep at night, with frequent waking and convulsive movements.—**Nocturnal sleeplessness*, sometimes with desire to sleep, and fruitless efforts to go to sleep, mostly in consequence of excessive anguish or great agitation.—**When sleeping, frequent starts with fright, groans, cries, jerking of the limbs, carpalogy, aggravation of pains, singing, talking, delirium, and continual dreams.*—*Dreams anxious, -terrible, frightful, vivid; dreams of burning, of robbers and assassins; dreams with thoughtfulness.—*When closing the eyes, in order to go to sleep, frightful visions and drawings in the*

limbs.—On waking, head-ache, and aggravation of sufferings.

FEVER.—*Coldness over the entire body, with paleness of face, or coldness of the extremities, with bloatedness and redness of the face.—*Shiverings and partial shuddering, chiefly in the back or in the pit of the stomach, or in the arm, and sometimes with heat in other parts, chiefly in the head, or followed by universal shivering.—The shiverings appear mostly in the evening, sometimes with nausea; pain as from fatigue and drawing in the back and limbs, stitches in the chest and obscuration of the sight.—*Attacks of fever composed of shiverings alternating with heat, or of shiverings followed by heat, with aggravation at night or in the evening of type of quotidian, or double quotidian, or tertian with complete adipsia, or burning and inextinguishable thirst.—*Dry burning heat, often with swelling of the veins, pulsation of the carotids, heat, redness and bloatedness of the face, burning thirst, agitation, furious delirium, and shivering on being uncovered in the least.—Pulse, strong and quick, or full and slow, or small and slow, or small and quick, or hard and tense.—Sweat during the fever or after it; copious sweat during the night, or in the morning; sweat of the parts that are covered only; sweat when asleep; sweat of an empyreumatic smell, which imparts a yellow colour to the sheets.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy with sadness, hypochondrical humour, moral dejection and discouragement.—*Great agitation, with continual tossing, inquietude and anguish chiefly at night, and in the afternoon, sometimes with head-ache and redness of face.—Desire to die and inclination to commit suicide.—*Lamentations, groans, cries and tears.—Mischievous propensity, with weeping (in children).—*Timidity, fearfulness, mistrustful, and suspicious, apprehensive and inclination to run away.—Fear of approaching death.—Excess of mental excitement, with too great sensibility to every impression, immoderate gaiety, and disposition to be easily frightened.—Idiocy, delirium and madness, with groaning, disposition to dance, to laugh, to sing and to whistle; *madness with groaning, or with involuntary laughter; nocturnal delirium; *delirium with murmuring; *delirium, during which, wolves, dogs, fires, &c. &c. are seen; delirium by fits, and sometimes with fixed look.—Great apathy and indifference, desire for solitude, dread of society and of noise.—Repugnance to conversation.—Ill-humour, irritable, and sensitive disposition, with a disposition to get angry and to offend.—Folly,*

with pleasant and ridiculous drolleries, gesticulations, acts of insanity, impudent manners.—**Fury and rage* with desire to strike, to spit, to bite and to tear every thing, sometimes with growling and barking like a dog.—Dejection and weakness of mind and body—*Dread of all exertion and of every movement.*—**Madness*, to such an extent as no longer to know one's friends; *illusions of the senses and frightful visions.*—*Complete loss of reason, stupidity, inadvertence and distraction; inaptitude for thought, and *great weakness of memory.*

HEAD.—Confusion of the head, *obscurity and state of intoxication*, chiefly after having eaten and drunk, or also in the morning.—**Attacks of vertigo*, with tottering, swimming of the head, dulness, giddiness, nausea, trembling of the hands, anxiety, and sparkling before the eyes; chiefly in the morning when getting up, *when standing upright or when stooping.*—**Vertigo with anguish and falling, with loss of consciousness*, -or with weariness and fatigue before and after the attack.—**Stupor and loss of consciousness*, "so as to know one's friends only by hearing them, sometimes with dilated pupils and mouth and eyes half open.—**Fulness, heaviness and violent pressure on the head*, chiefly in the forehead, above the eyes and nose, -or on one side of the head, *and sometimes with dizziness, stupor and sensation *as if the cranium were going to burst*, -or with ill-humour and groaning, *drawing of the eyelids* and desire to lie down.—Sensation of inflation and *pressive expansion in the brain.*—Sharp drawing and shooting pains in the head.—**Dartings into the head as if from knives.*—**Violent throbbings in the head.*—**Strong pulsation of the arteries of the head.*—**Ebullition and congestion of blood to the head* -chiefly when stooping.—*Sensation of coldness or of heat in the head.—*Sensation of fluctuation in the brain as if there were water in it.—Sensation during the pains as if the cranium were too thin.—**Sensation of a balancing in the brain and throbbing in the head*, chiefly when walking quickly or ascending.—**Daily pains in the head* from about four o'clock in the afternoon till towards three o'clock the following morning, aggravated by the heat of the bed and by a recumbent posture.—*The pains in the head are generally aggravated by movement, especially that of the eyes, by shaking, by contact, by free air and a draught of air; -they are mitigated by holding the head back and by supporting it.—Cramp-like pain in the hairy scalp—**Copious sweat in the hair.*—**Shaking or bending the head backwards.*—**Boring with the head into the pillow while sleeping.*—Swelling of the head and of the face.

EYES.—Heat and burning in the eyes, or irritation as if from sand.—**Itching pains in the eyes and the sockets, extending into the head.*—*Heaviness of the eye-lids which close involuntarily.—*Quivering of the eye-lids.—Falling down of the eye-lids, as if from paralysis.—*Shooting in the eyes and in the corners with itching.—**Eyes red, sparkling and convulsed, or fixed, glistening and prominent, or dull and turbid.*—**Look fixed, furious and uncertain.*—*Spasms and convulsive movements of the eyes.—Pupils dilated.—*Inflammation of the eyes, with injection of the vessels and redness of the conjunctiva and of the sclerotica.—Inflammatory swelling and suppuration of the lachrymal points in the corner of the eye.—Softening of the sclerotica.—Spots and ulcers on the cornea.—°Medullary fungus in the eye.—°Swelling and retroversion of the eye-lids.—*Yellowish colour of the sclerotica.—°Eyes, as if ecchy-mosed, and *hæmorrhagia of the eyes.*—Sensation of burning dryness in the eyes, or flow of acrid and (salt) corrosive tears.—**Pupils immovable* and generally dilated, but sometimes also contracted.—Agglutination (nocturnal) of the eye-lids.—°Desire for light, or °*photophobia* °with convulsive movements of the eyes when the light strikes them.—*Confused and weak sight*, or obscuration and entire loss of sight.—*Presbyopia.*—Mist, flames and sparks before the eyes.—*Expansion of the light of candles, which appear to be surrounded by a coloured halo.—White stars and silvery clouds before the eyes, especially on looking at the ceiling of the room.—**Objects appear double, or reversed, or of a red colour.*—°Nocturnal blindness as soon as the sun sets.—Trembling and sparkling of the letters when reading.

EARS.—Piercing, pressure, sharp pain, pinching, squeezing, and shooting in the ears.—Flow of matter from the ears.—*Tingling, roaring and buzzing in the ears.—Great acuteness of hearing.—*Hardness of hearing, sometimes as if there were a skin before the ears.—*Swelling of the parotids*, *with shooting and drawing pains °which sometimes extend even to the throat.

NOSE.—*Pains, as from a bruise in the nose, especially on touching it, °and sometimes with burning.—*Nocturnal shootings in the nose.—°Swelling, *redness and burning at the point of the nose.—*Painful ulceration of the nostrils.—Nose very cold.—*Bleeding of the nose, chiefly night and morning.—°Nasal and buccal hæmorrhage.—°Great dryness of the nose.—**Smell either too acute, especially for tobacco-smoke, or diminished.*—*Putrid smell from the nose.—Fluent coryza of one nostril, or alternating

with stoppage of the nose.—Smell of herrings in the nose, during the coryza.

FACE.—* *Face pale*, sometimes suddenly alternating with red.—* *Face hollow*, with restless features and wandering air.—*Burning heat of the face*, sometimes without redness.—* *Glowing redness and bloated appearance of the face*, as if from having drunk wine.—* *Dark or scarlet, or bluish redness of face*.—*Hard swelling and bluish redness of face*, principally (of one) of the cheeks, and sometimes with burning, shooting, piercing and pulsation.—Spots of a scarlet or deep red colour, on the face.—* *Eruption of red pimples on the temples, in the corners of the mouth, and on the chin*.—* *Purulent and scabby pimples, chiefly on the cheeks and on the nose*.—Thickening of the skin of the face.—Cramp-like pressure, sharp and drawing pain in the cheek bones.—Nervous, violent, cutting pain in the face, following the course of the infra-orbital nerve.—* *Muscular twitchings and convulsive movements of the face, chiefly of the mouth, which is drawn towards the ear*.—Induration and * *swelling of the lips, with shootings in rough weather*.—* *Deep redness and dryness of the lips*.—* *Pimples, scabs, and ulcers, with a red areola, on the lips and in the corners of the mouth*.—* *Convulsive tightening of the jaws, which renders it impossible to open the mouth*.—Sensation, as if the lower jaw were drawn back.—* *Sharp pains in the jaws; shooting and tension in the sub-maxillary joints*.—* *Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands, and of those of the neck, with nocturnal (shooting) pains*.

TEETH.—Violent grinding of the teeth.—*Sharp and drawing pains, or successive pullings in the teeth, sometimes with pain in the ears, chiefly at night or in the evening, or during intellectual labour, or even after having eaten*.—*The touch and the open air aggravate the tooth-ache*.—Tooth-ache with flow of saliva.—Piercing in the carious teeth and flow of blood on sucking them.—Painful swelling of the gums, with heat, itching and throbbing, or with ulcerative pain when touched.—Bleeding of the gums.—Blisters on the gums with burning pain.

MOUTH.—* *Sensation of great dryness, or actual and excessive dryness and choking in the mouth*.—* *Foam before the mouth, sometimes of a reddish colour, or of the smell of rotten eggs*.—* *Accumulation and flow of saliva, clammy, thick and whitish*.—* *Immense accumulation of clammy, whitish mucus in the mouth and in the throat*.—Offensive smell in the mouth, chiefly in the morning.—Inflammatory swelling and redness of the buccal cavity and of the back

of the throat.—*Violent hæmorrhage from the mouth.*—*Excoriation of the interior of the cheek; the orifices of the salivary ducts are as if ulcerated.—Sensation of coldness, of torpor and of numbness of the tongue.—°*Tongue red, hot, dry *and cracked, *or loaded with whitish mucus or yellowish or brownish; 'redness of the edges of the tongue.*—Inflammatory swelling and redness of the papillæ of the tongue.—Phlegmonous inflammation of the tongue.—**Soreness of the tongue*, especially when touched, -with a sensation as if it were covered with blisters.—°*Heaviness, trembling, and paralytic weakness of the tongue, with difficult and stammering speech.*—Dumbness.—*Voice weak, squeaking and nasal.

THROAT.—**Excoriating, scraping and shooting pains in the throat and in the tonsils, principally when swallowing, °and sometimes extending to the ears.*—*Great dryness and burning in the throat and tongue.—**Inflammation and swelling of the throat, of the velum palati, °of the uvula, *and of the tonsils.*—*Suppuration of the tonsils.*—*Painful and difficult deglutition.—Complete inability to swallow, even the least liquid, °which frequently is forced out through the nostrils.—*Constant desire to swallow -with a sensation as if one would be suffocated in the event of not succeeding.—*Sensation of choking, and spasmodic constriction in the throat.—*Sensation, as if there were a tumour in the throat or a plug which cannot be detached.—Paralytic weakness of the organs of deglutition.

APPETITE.—*Loss of taste.—Insipidity, or too salt a taste of food.—*Putrid, or insipid, or slimy, or bitter taste in the mouth.—°Acid taste of rye bread.—*Want of appetite and distaste for all food, chiefly for meat, acids, coffee, milk and beer.—*Burning, excessive and intolerable thirst, often with dread of all drink; or constant desire to drink, with inability to swallow a single drop of liquid.—Drinking with trembling precipitation.—°Great and insupportable hunger.—After having eaten, intoxication, colic, pains in the stomach, heat and thirst.

STOMACH.—*Frequent eructations, often bitter, or putrid, or sour and burning.—Pyrosis.—Obstructed and abortive eructations.—*Nausea and desire to vomit, chiefly at the moment of eating; or in the open air, or after breakfast, sometimes with burning thirst.—*Inclination to vomit, and violent vomitings, -principally in the evening or at night; *inclination to vomit with entire inability to vomit, vomiting of food, or of mucous or of bilious matter, °or acid and serous matter; °vomiting with diarrhœa, or with vertigo,

heat and sweat.—**Spasmodic hiccough*, sometimes with sweats and convulsions.—**Pressure, cramp-like and contractive pains*, sensation of fulness and inflation in the stomach and in the epigastrium, principally after having eaten or when eating.—Shootings, beatings, pulsations and burning in the stomach and in the precordial region.—Inflammation of the stomach and of the duodenum.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Colic with constipation, abundant flow of urine, eructations and desire to vomit.—"Violent pain in the abdomen which allows no rest whatever.—Shootings in the left side of the abdomen, when coughing, when sneezing, and on being touched.—Pains and burning in the hypochondria.—**Pressure in the abdomen, as if from a stone*, chiefly in the lower part of the abdomen and in the groins.—**Inflation and tension of the abdomen*, chiefly in the hypochondria.—**Cramp-like, contractive and constrictive pains and pinching in the abdomen*, and especially around the navel or in the hypogastrium, with a sensation as if one or other of the parts were squeezed or seized with the nails; the pains force one to bend himself, and are sometimes accompanied by vomiting or by inflation and protrusion of the transverse colon in the form of a pad.—" Darting in the abdomen.—Cutting and darting in the abdomen, as if from knives.—Heat and great anguish in the abdomen.—Rumbling in the abdomen with frequent escape of flatulence without smell.—**Soreness of the whole abdomen, as if every thing in it were excoriated to the quick*, and painful sensibility of the integuments of the abdomen when touched.—Shootings in the groins.—"Itching on the abdomen.

FÆCES.—**Suppressed evacuations and constipation* sometimes with inflation of the abdomen, heat of the head and copious sweats.—Hard and insufficient evacuations.—Frequent desire to evacuate with tenesmus, but without result.—Frequent small evacuations, often with tenesmus.—Evacuations, whitish like chalk, or greenish, watery or slimy.—Loose evacuations, with desire to vomit, and pressive pains in the stomach.—**Involuntary evacuations*, from paralysis of the sphincter of the anus.

URINE.—Frequent desire to make water.—**Frequent discharge of urine, copious, pale and watery*; sometimes with profuse perspiration, thirst, increased appetite, diarrhoea, and obscuration of sight.—Difficulty of retention and involuntary emission of urine, even in the night and during sleep.—Paralysis of the neck of the bladder.—**Urine turbid, yellow, or clear, gold or citron colour*; or scanty

and a *brownish-red*, or a *blood* or bright red colour.—Red, or whitish and thick sediment in the urine.—Sensation of motion in the bladder, as from a worm.—Nocturnal pressure in the bladder.—Shooting, burning pains in the renal region.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Sharp and drawing pain in the spermatic cords, chiefly, when making water.—Retraction of the prepuce.—Soft and painless swelling of the glans.—Shootings in the testes which are retracted.—Pollutions, with flaccidity of the penis.—Nocturnal sweat of the genital parts.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—Sexual desire diminished, with perfect indifference to all voluptuous excitement.—**Violent pressure towards the genital parts, as if all were going to fall downwards*, principally when walking or sitting upright.—*Shooting in the internal genital parts.—°Great dryness of the vagina.—°Prolapsus and induration of the womb.—*Catamenia too copious and too early*, or too tardy.—°*Catamenia too pale*.—Before the catamenia, fatigue, colic, loss of appetite and confused sight.—During the catamenia, nocturnal sweat on the chest, with yawning, and transient shiverings, colic, or anguish of heart, burning thirst, sharp and cramp-like pains in the back and in the arms, &c., &c.—°Flow of blood at a time different from the catamenia.—**Metrorrhagia* °of clear red blood, with a discharge of fetid clots.—Leucorrhœa with colic.—°Diminished lochia.—*Flow of milk from the breast.

LARYNX.—*Catarrh, with cough, coryza, hoarseness and tenacious mucus in the chest.—**Voice weak, hoarse, squeaking and nasal*.—**Loss of the voice*.—°*Great soreness of the larynx, with danger of suffocation when feeling the gullet*, as well as when coughing, speaking or breathing.—Attack of *spasmodic constriction of the larynx*.—Cough, as if one had swallowed dust, or as if there were some foreign body in the larynx, or in the pit of the stomach, which excited the cough; *chiefly at night, or in the ^{after}noon, in the evening in bed, and even during sleep; *the cough is mostly dry, short, °and sometimes convulsive, fatiguing and shaking, °or hollow and °barking.—Before the cough, tears, or pains in the stomach; *when coughing, cutting in the abdomen, or inclination to vomit, or pain as from a bruise in the nape of the neck; after the paroxysm, sneezing.—*The least movement, when in bed at night, renews the cough.—*Cough, with rattling in the chest, or with catarrh, and shootings in the sternum, °or with head-ache and redness of face.—*Expectoration of thick and pus-like mucus with the cough.—Cough with spitting of blood.

CHEST.—*Noise, rattling and crepitation in the bronchia.—*Oppression of the chest, difficult respiration, dyspnœa and short breath, sometimes with anxiety, and chiefly in the evening in bed, or after drinking (coffee).—*Irregular respiration, 'at times short and quick, at others slow and profound.—*Respiration short, anxious and rapid.—In the morning after rising, want of breath, relieved in the open air.—When waking, cramp-like oppression of the chest, with desire to fetch a long breath.—*Pressure on the chest, with pain in the shoulder-blades and short breath.—Tension in the chest.—*Shootings in the chest, sometimes as if from knives, and chiefly when coughing and yawning.—Great inquietude and *beatings in the chest*.—*Violent beatings of the heart, sometimes felt even in the head.—Palpitation of the heart when ascending.—'Trembling of the heart, *with anguish 'and pressive pain.

TRUNK.—Painful blisters, filled with water, or small spots of a deep red colour on the chest.—Pain, as from dislocation, rheumatic and drawing pains in the back and between the shoulder-blades.—Furunculus on the shoulders.—Dartings, as if from knives, in the bones of the spine.—Gnawing in the dorsal spine, with cough.—Painful heaviness and cramp-like pains in the sacral regions and in the back.—*Painful swelling and stiffness of the neck and the nape*.—Painful swelling in the glands of the neck and in those of the nape.—Veins in the neck swollen.—Sour sweat, on the neck only.—Severe pains in the arm-pits.—Red and purulent pimples on the back and the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Arms numbed and painful.—*Drawing pressure, with sensation of torpor and sharp pains in the arms.—Desire to stretch the arms.—Torpor and heaviness of the arms.—*Swelling and scarlet redness of the arms and of the hands.—*Drawing and aching pain in the shoulder running rapidly from the top to the bottom of the arms, and occurring particularly at night, diminished by external pressure, excited by motion.—*Painful jerkings, cramp and convulsions in the arms and hands.—Trembling of the hands.—Pressure, with sharp pains in the bones of the carpus and the metacarpus.—Arthritic stiffness of the joints of the hand.—Frequent dislocation of the joints of the fingers.—Drawing back of the thumbs.

LEGS.—Shootings and burning pains in the coxo-femoral joint, aggravated by fits, more unbearable at night, and increased by the slightest touch.—Stiffness in the hip, after sitting for some time, with difficulty in rising again.—Pain

in the hip, which causes lameness.—Trembling of the knees.—Drawing pains in the legs, especially in the knees.—*Heaviness and paralysis of the legs and of the feet.—Bending of the knees and feet in walking.—Tension of the tendons of the ham.—Swelling of the feet.—Crawling sensation in the feet.

27.—BERBERIS VULGARIS.

BERB.—Barberry.—HESSE.—*Duration of effect* : several weeks.

ANTIDOTE : Camph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—The *totality of the symptoms*, show that this medicine may be used against :—Rheumatic affections of the extremities and other parts ; Cephalalgia and opthalmia, caused by disorder of the abdominal functions, or having a relation to arthritic and rheumatic affections ; gastric complaints ; Diarrhœa ; Affections of the liver and hæmorrhoidal complaints ; Affections of the urinary organs and of the genital parts, especially when they arise from weakness or atony, &c., &c.

[According to Hesse, Berberis, acts principally upon the nervous system, and upon the mucous membranes of the eye, the digestive and urinary organs ; and also upon the fibrous and muscular tissues. The affections of the head caused by it seem to depend upon venous congestion. It promises to effect much in arthritic diseases.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tractive, shooting, and gnawing pains ; or pains in the limbs as from being bent, aggravated or excited by movement.—Muscular twitching.—Paralytic weakness in some parts.—Lymphatic swellings.—Great lassitude, increased by walking, or long standing.—Sinking after the slightest effort.—Faintness, even to the extent of trembling.—Fainting weakness, with vertigo, when walking or standing for some time.—After walking a fainting-fit, with ebullition of blood, sweat and heat of the upper part of the body, paleness of face, hollow cheeks, and oppression of the chest before going to rest.—Fainting after having been in a carriage.

SKIN.—Small pustules, red, burning, itching or shooting, and sensitive to pressure, on the skin over the whole body, which change into brownish spots like large freckles.

SLEEP.—Sleepiness during the day, especially in the morning and afternoon.—Restless sleep, disturbed by burning itchings in the skin, or by anxious dreams.—Waking

in the morning between two and four o'clock, without being able to go to sleep again, with tension and congestion in the head and thirst.—Very long sleep, with bruised pain and pressure on the head, loins and thighs.—Frequent waking and fatigue as if one had not slept.

FEVER.—Shiverings before dinner, and sometimes after, with feet icy-cold, mouth dry and clammy, and pains in the left side of the epigastrium.—Shiverings in the morning, in the back, arms and thighs, followed by burning heat, with stunning and violent shooting pains in the head, and sore throat; on the third day, sweat, smelling like urine.—Heat in the hands and head in the afternoon, continuing for several days.—Disposition to sweat on the least exertion, especially in the afternoon, with anxiety and thirst, with dry mouth, especially in the afternoon.—Pulse slow and weak.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Careless, apathetic humour.—Ill-humour, distaste for life.—Melancholy, with dislike to conversation.—Anxiety, great fear and disposition to be frightened.—In the twilight, all objects seem larger than they really are.—Intellectual labours are undertaken with difficulty and prove fatiguing, especially in the morning.

HEAD.—Vertigo, with sensation of fainting and great weakness.—Vertigo when stooping and using of the arms.—Intoxication and stunning.—Confusion and heaviness of the head, often with pressure, dejection, ill-humour and shiverings, commencing in the morning, after waking.—Head confused, as before coryza.—Sensation, as if the size of the head were increased.—Sensation of swelling in the head.—Pressive, tensive pains in the forehead, temples and eyes.—Cephalalgia in the forehead and in the temples, with pressure from the inside outwards.—Acute, shooting pains in the forehead and in the temples.—Teguments of the head, as if it were stretched and swollen.—Heat in the head after dinner and in the morning.—Sweat after exertion, when stooping, and standing for any time.—Small red spots in the forehead and in the cheeks.—Itching or gnawing shootings in the teguments of the head and of the face.—Pustules in the teguments of the head and in the face.

EYES.—Eyes sunken, with a blue or dirty-grey circle.—*Pressure and sensation of burning in the eyes.—Painful sensibility of the eyes when reading by candle-light.—Sensation of stiffness, with pressure in the eyes.—Shootings in the eyes, originating in other parts, for instance, the forehead, and extending towards the eyes, and thence to the forehead.—Burning and dryness in the eyes, which are

dull.—Redness of the conjunctiva with confused sight, as if there were a veil before the eyes, in the morning after rising.—Indistinct sight, better near than at a distance.—Sensibility of the eyes to the brightness of the sun.—Sharp pains in the ball of the eye and in the eye-lids —Heaviness in the eye-lids during motion.—Burning or gnawing pains in the eye-lids.—Convulsive movement of the eye-lids when reading by candle-light.

EARS.—Itching, sometimes gnawing, sometimes burning, sometimes shooting, sometimes with small pustules in the external ears.—Small tumours under and behind the ear (subcutaneous glands !)—Acute and shooting pains in the interior of the ear and in other parts.

Nose.—Dryness in the nose.—Coryza, with secretion, at first of yellowish serum, afterwards of purulent, whitish, yellowish, or greenish mucus, especially in the morning.—Crawling or gnawing pains in the nostrils.

FACE.—Bluish colour of the internal part of the lower lip.—Dryness of the lips and exfoliation of the epidermis, with flat, brownish scab, upon the edges.—Sensation of burning in the exterior of the lips.—Sensation of crawling in the lips.—Small pustules in the lips.—Acute-pressive or acute-shooting pains in the cheek-bone and in the jaw.—Great paleness of face, dirty-gray complexion, with hollow cheeks, and sunken eyes; surrounded by a bluish or dark-gray circle.—Aspect very much dejected, for a long time.

TEETH.—Acute, drawing pains and shootings in the teeth, with a sensation as if the teeth were set on edge or too large, as well as with great sensibility of the teeth to the fresh air, especially in the afternoon and at night.—Ulcers in the gums.—Small white knots in the gums without pain.—Dirty-red colour of the edges of the gums.—Bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—Painful sensibility of the tongue when touched and on moving it.—Stiffness and sensation of swelling at the end of the tongue.—Sensation of dryness, clammy taste in the mouth, more disagreeable in the morning after rising, with harshness of the mucous membranes and white tongue.—Diminution of the secretion of saliva, or viscous saliva, frothy, like cotton.—Painful white vesicles on the end of the tongue.

APPETITE.—Acid, bitter taste, especially after a meal.—Burning and sharp taste in the mouth and in the throat, as if from pyrosis.—Excessive appetite, almost like bulimia.—Want of appetite, with bitter, bilious taste.—Insipidity of food.

STOMACH.—Nausea and inclination to vomit before dinner.—Eructations alternately with yawning.—Bilious eructations.—Shiverings in the epigastrium.—Pressure with shooting pains in the epigastrium.—Burning, shooting pains in the stomach, sometimes even up the pharynx.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Cramp-like pains under the navel.—Shooting, pressive pains in the hepatic region, increased by pressure.—Drawing, acute and shooting pains in the region of the left hypochondrium.—Sensation of tension in the groins, as if hernia were likely to ensue, especially when walking and standing.—Pressive pains in the region of the inguinal glands, which are painful to the touch, as if they were going to swell.—Pain, with throbbing shootings in the groins, especially when walking and standing, extending to the testes, the thighs and the loins.—Varicose veins in the groins.

URINE.—Cutting pains in the urethra, even when not in the act of voiding water.—Smarting pain in the urethra, with sensation of excoriation, even during the emission of semen in coition.—Motion excites and aggravates the sufferings of the urethra.—Burning pains in the urethra when making water, and afterwards, but especially at other times.—Shooting pains in the urethra extending to the bladder.—Pressive pains in the region of the bladder, even when it is empty, and after making water.—Contractive, drawing, acute, cutting and cramp-like pains in the bladder.—Shooting, violent pains in the loins, extending to the bladder.—Sensation of burning in the bladder.—Pressure on making water.—Great desire to make water, especially in the morning after rising.—Increased secretion of urine, which is clear as water.—Urine pale-yellowish, with slimy, gelatinous, mealy or white, grayish-white, or reddish sediment.—Urine thick, yellowish, like whey or barley-water.—Urine of a deep yellow with abundant sediment.—Urine reddish, as if inflamed, with abundant sediment.—Urine reddish, sanguineous, with slimy, mealy and abundant sediment of a bright-red colour.—*The emission of urine is often accompanied by pains in the thighs and in the loins.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—Burning, smarting pains in the glans.—Sensation of cold in the glans and in the prepuce, sometimes with sensation of torpor.—Sensation of weakness and insensibility in the external genital parts.—The penis seems to be *hardened and drawn back*.—Pressive, drawing, contractive pains in the testes and in the spermatic cords, with contraction of the scrotum, which appears cold and hard.—Pains, as from excoriation in the scrotum.—Move-

ment excites or aggravates the majority of the affections of the genital parts.—Smarting, burning, shooting, drawing, or squeezing pains in the spermatic cords, extending onwards to the testes.—Swelling of the spermatic cord, with pains verging towards the testes.—Sensation of great weakness of the genital parts after coition.—Diminution of sexual desire.—Premature discharge in coition.—Tardy enjoyment of females during coition, and often accompanied with cutting, or even shooting pains.—Sensation of burning and excoriation in the vagina, as far as the labia.—Pale catamenia, composed of serous blood.—During the catamenia, pains in the genital parts and in the loins, or violent pains in the head, with sensation of fainting.—Catamenia insufficient, with acute, drawing pains in the whole body, painful inflation of the abdomen, pain in the loins, shootings in the chest, dejected air and violent pains in the head; or with ill-humour, disgust of life, dejection, smarting pains in the vagina, sensation of burning and excoriation in the anus, and pains in the arms, as far as the shoulders and the nape of the neck.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—Hoarseness, with soreness or inflammation of the glands of the neck.—Sensation of excoriation in the chest.—Oppression of the chest, especially at night, with violent flowing coryza.—Shooting pains in the centre of the chest, increased by deep breathing, with dry, short cough.—Painful shootings in the left side of the chest.—Squeezing, with shootings in the region of the heart.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK.—Shooting pains between the shoulder-blades, increased by deepbreathing.—Acute, drawing pains in the dorsal spine.—Pustules in the back.—Sensation of tension, of heaviness and of torpor in the loins, as if they were swollen or numbed.—Pressive, tensive, acute drawing, or shooting pains in the loins.—Sensation of tensive pressure in the loins, often with heaviness, heat, or torpor of these parts, especially in the morning on waking, aggravated by sitting or lying, sometimes diminished by evacuation, or by the emission of flatulence.—Drawing, acute, rheumatic pains in the nape of the neck.—Pustules in the nape of the neck, in small groups, especially near the hairy scalp.

ARMS.—Sensation of lassitude, of paralysis and of bruising in the arms, especially when in motion, excited or aggravated by pressure.—Acute pains in the arms.—Pains in the shoulder, as if from sub-cutaneous ulceration.—Marbled spots on the arms, with burning itching, cramp-like pains in the fore-arm.—Drawing, acute pains in the fore-

arm and in the bones, as far as the hand and the joints of the fingers, with heaviness and weakness of the arm.—Burning or smarting pains in the fore-arm, aggravated by friction or scratching, and sometimes followed by a red spot.—Small itching spots, like petechiæ, on the fore-arm and in the back of the hand near the wrist.—Lymphatic swelling of the fore-arm, with spots like petechiæ and burning pains in the skin.—Drawing, acute pains in the joints of the hand and of the fingers.—Pressive, searching, violent pains in the back of the hand, with sensation of heaviness.—Urticarial spot in the back of the hand.—Small warts in the fleshy part of the hand, under the thumb.—Sensation in the extremity of the finger, as if caused by sub-cutaneous ulceration.—Flat wart on the finger.—Redness of the hands, with itching, as if from chilblains.

Legs.—Sensation of weariness and pain, as from fatigue in the legs, sometimes with stiffness, heaviness and a sensation of paralysis, as if after a very long walk, or as if from dislocation of the parts affected, especially in the soft parts, but likewise in the bones, and easily excited by movement.—Great weakness of the legs during a walk.—Sensation in the legs, as if they were wasted away.—Tensive pains in the thighs, in the calves of the legs and in the knees, as if the tendons were too short.—Drawing tense pains in the legs.—Jerking of the muscles of the leg.—Sensation of coldness on the outside of the legs, as if from quicksilver circulating under the skin.—Sensation of weariness, of bruising, and of paralysis in the knees, while walking, and afterwards, as well as on rising after having been seated a long time.—Lymphatic swelling of the tendon Achilles, with pains on lifting the foot, and a sensation as if the foot were bearing a heavy load.—Swelling of the foot after movement, with sensation of burning, swelling of the heel and cramp in the foot.—Sensation of dislocation in the joints of the toes.—Burning pain in the soles of the feet, especially in the evening.—Drawing, acute, or burning pains in the toes.—Pain of excoriation in the toes, with redness as if from chilblains.

28.—BISMUTHUM.

BIS.—Bismuth.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from four to five weeks.

ANTIDOTES: Calc. caps. (*nux-vom.*)

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Hitherto this powerful medicine has been used only in some cases of *Gastralgia*.

[It also deserves attention in spasms of the stomach; in chronic vomiting in consequence of morbid irritability of the nerves of the stomach; in palpitation and even in dilatation of the heart; also in chronic inflammation of the stomach, throat, mouth, and gums; and finally in old chronic catarrhs, and Asthma convulsiva. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cramp-like contractions in all the muscles.—Pains pressive, or pressive and drawing at the same time.—Great sleepiness in the morning after rising.—Sleep, from which one wakes with a start and in a fright.—Voluptuous dreams.—Lassitude when one wakes in the night.—Burning smarting in the skin.—External coldness of the whole body.—Great heat.—Intermittent, small pulse.—Discontent, morose humour and complaints.—Inconstancy.—Aversion to solitude.—Delirium.—*Delirium tremens*.—Loss of consciousness.—Apathy and moral insensibility.

HEAD AND EYES.—Stunning sensation in the morning.—Vertigo, as if the brain were turning.—Stupor with mist before the eyes.—Head-ache, chiefly in the sinciput, and extending even to the eyes.—Pressive heaviness on the head, especially on the forehead, above the root of the nose and in the temples.—Constant seething and piercing in the forehead, which extends to the eyes and point of the nose.—Burning contraction in the head, especially in the forehead and in the eyes.—Pressure at the pupils.—Blearedness in the corners of the eyes.

FACE.—Earth-coloured, sickly and wan, with livid circle round the eyes.—Pressive pain in the cheek-bones.—Face pale and cold.

TEETH.—Pressive, drawing odontalgia.—Gums swollen with pain like excoriation.—Painful sensibility of the interior of the mouth, as if from excoriation.—Constant secretion of a brownish, thick saliva, of a metallic taste.—Inflammation of the entire throat.—Burning pain in the throat, sometimes insupportable.—In the morning taste of blood in the mouth, with spitting of sanguineous mucus.—In the evening, tongue white and loaded.—In the evening, great thirst for cold drinks.

STOMACH AND ABDOMINAL REGION.—Nausea, with desire to vomit, especially after having eaten.—Violent eructating of a putrid odour.—Strong inclination to vomit, with violent vomiting.—Vomiting of brownish matter.—Cramp-like and pressive pains in the stomach, especially after having eaten.—Borborygmi and rumbling in the abdomen.—Colic with pinching, pressure and a desire to evacuate.—

Great inflation of the abdomen.—Painful sensibility of the abdomen, to the touch.

FÆCES AND URINE.—In the evening, ineffectual urging to evacuate.—Aqueous diarrhœa of a putrid smell.—Frequent and copious emission of aqueous urine.—Urine entirely suppressed.—Pressive pains in the testes.—Nocturnal pollutions without dreams.

CHEST.—Cough, day and night, with copious expectoration.—Pressure and squeezing across the chest, in the region of the diaphragm.—Hot, burning contraction of the chest, with difficulty of respiration and of speech.—Burning and piercing in the chest and in the back.—Beating of the heart.

LIMBS.—Pressive and drawing pain, with paralytic weakness in the fore-arms and in the bones of the wrist.—Trembling of the hands after having eaten.—Acute drawing pains under the nails of the fingers.—Excessive dryness of the palms of the hands and of the soles of the feet.—Cramp-like contraction of the hands and of the feet.—Sharp and pressive pains in the bones of the foot.—Itching and gnawing in the tibia and in the back of the foot, increased by scratching.—Thighs and feet bluish.

29.—BORAX VENETA.

BOR.—Sub-borate of soda.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: four weeks, in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES.—Cham. coff.

COMPARE WITH: Cham. coff. merc. natr. puls. sulph. &c.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Until the present day, this powerful medicine has as yet been employed only against some cases of *stomacace* and of *aphthæ*.

[We have applied this drug with success in cholera infantum in the last stage. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Shooting and drawing pains.—*Appearance and aggravation of sufferings from bad and damp weather*, or during a meal, and afterwards.—Sufferings from riding in a carriage or from eating fruit.—Inquietude in the whole body, which does not permit one to remain long in the same place.—*Inquietude*, trembling, nausea, stunning, and vertigo after an animated conversation or when thinking.—*Want of strength*, especially in the joints.—Attacks of syncope with formication, trembling of the feet and nausea.

SKIN.—*Skin difficult to heal*; every injury tends to ulceration.—Erysipelatic inflammations, with swelling and

tension of the part affected, and fever.—Tendency of old wounds to suppurate.—Whitish pimples, with red areola.—Herpetic eruptions.—Purulent and phagedænic blisters.

SLEEP.—*Desire to sleep long before the usual hour and late sleep in the morning.*—Restless sleep, in consequence of ebullition of blood, of colics and of diarrhœa.—Waking too early, with difficulty of going to sleep again, from heat and too great a flow of ideas.—*Inxious cries of children, during sleep, with convulsive movements of the hands.*

FEVER.—*Shivering, shuddering, or cold with trembling, heaviness and weakness, or with cephalalgia and pains in the periosteum of the femur followed by heat.*—*Coldness, most frequently in the afternoon ; afterwards heat with head-ache or pain in the hypochondrium, sometimes followed by sweat.*—*Thirst before or during the chill, or else after the sweat.*—*Heat in the evening in bed, with shivering on being in the least uncovered.*—*Moisture of the body during the night.*

MENTAL AFFECTIONS.—*Great anxiety, especially when riding in a carriage or descending a mountain.*—*Fear of being infected by some contagious disease.*—*Strong tendency to be frightened.*—*Irritability.*—*Disposition to be angry, with ill-humour and passion.*—*Dread of exertion.*

HEAD.—*Attack of vertigo with fainting.*—*Vertigo, with fulness in the head, especially when going up stairs, or when on any elevation.*—*Head-ache with shootings in the ears.*—*Head-ache with nausea and desire to vomit, mostly at ten o'clock in the morning.*—*Fulness in the head and pressure above the eyes.*—*Pressive and drawing pains in the forehead, and as far as the root of the nose and the nape of the neck, increased by writing, by reading and by stooping.*—*Successive drawing pains in the forehead with nausea and acute drawing pains in the eyes.*—*Shootings in the head, especially above the eyes and the temples*—*Congestion to the head, especially in the occiput, with pulsating pains.*—*Sensibility of the teguments of the head to cold and to bad weather.*—*Hair entangled, as in plica polonica.*

EYES.—*Pressure on the eyes.*—*Itching in the eyes.*—*The eyes burn and are contracted, when putting on spectacles.*—*Inflammation of the eyes, especially in the canthi, with excoriation of the edges of the eye-lids, trichiasis, and nocturnal agglutination.*—*Sparkling before the eyes when writing.*—*Too great sensibility of the eyes to candle-light.*

EARS.—*Shootings in the ears, with pain as of excoriation.*—*Inflammation and swelling of the ears, with discharge of pus and shooting cephalalgia.*—*Attack of stoppage of the*

ears, and of deafness.—*Burning and roaring* in the ears, with acute, drawing pains in the top of the head.

Nose.—Itching in the nose, with formication.—Nostrils ulcerated with swelling and pain, as of excoriation at the point of the nose.—Dry scabs in the nose.—Blood flows on blowing the nose.—Nasal hæmorrhagia, with pulsative pains in the head.—Sneezing with violent shootings in the right side of the chest.—Accumulation of thick and greenish mucus in the nose.

FACE.—Complexion (in a nurse) wan, pale, and earth-coloured.—Sensation in the right side of the face, as if it were covered with cobweb.—Muscular twitching of the corners of the mouth.—*Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the cheeks*, with acute, drawing pains in the cheek bone, aggravated by laughter.—Eruption of pimples on the face, the nose, and the lips.—Smarting in the lips.—Tettery spots round the mouth and scabs on the upper lip.—Swelling of the lower lip, with burning and pain as of excoriation.

TEETH.—Pressive and cramp-like pain in *the carious teeth*, especially in damp weather, sometimes with ptyalism, or swelling of the gums.—Acute drawing pains in the carious teeth, spreading over the head, when they are touched with the tongue, or when cold water is applied to them.—Pressive formication in the teeth, immediately after supper, or breakfast, relieved by smoking tobacco.—Shooting pains in the carious teeth, with shootings in the ears and head-ache.—*Ulcers in the gums*, with flow of saliva.—Bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—**Aphæ in the mouth and on the tongue*, which bleed easily.—Spasmodic stiffness and torpor of the tongue.—Skin of the palate hard and wrinkled.—Dryness in the throat.—*Tenacious mucus* in the throat, with difficult expectoration.

APPETITE.—Bitter taste in the mouth when eating, or when swallowing the saliva.—Loss of taste.—Thirst in the morning.—Desire for acid drinks.—*Appetite moderate*, especially at supper.—Nausea and inquietude during a meal.—After every meal, *inflation of the abdomen*, with diarrhœa and colic.—Fulness and pressure in the stomach, with uneasiness and ill-humour, after having eaten fruit (pears and apples).—Colic with tendency to diarrhœa after smoking tobacco.

STOMACH.—*Nausea with desire to vomit*, when riding in a carriage.—*Vomiting of sour mucus*, when fasting in the morning or after breakfast.—*Pressure in the stomach after*

every meal.—*Contractive pains in the stomach*, or a sensation as if having suffered a strain in the loins, with shootings in the vertebral column and loins.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pain in the hypochondrium*, mostly pressive and in the left side, and especially when riding in a carriage.—Pressure and shootings in the lumbar region.—Pains in the hypochondrium and in the lower part of the abdomen, as if hard and cutting bodies were moving in them.—*Pinching in the abdomen* with diarrhœa.—Accumulation of flatulency in the abdomen and frequent escape of wind.

FÆCES.—Evacuations frequent, *soft or loose*, with pinching and borborygmi in the abdomen.—Greenish evacuations (in children).—Slimy diarrhœa.—*Abundant flow* of pale, yellowish, or brownish *slime*, and of blood from the anus, with pains in the loins.—Itching, contraction and shootings in the anus and in the rectum.

URINE.—Ineffectual urgency to urinate with cutting pains in the urethra, and swelling in the lumbar region.—Urgent desire to urinate.—Frequent emission of urine even in the night.—*Acrid fetor* of urine.—Soreness in the urethra after micturition, and especially when touched, even when not making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Absence of sexual desire.*—Erections with painful tension, on waking in the morning.—*Catamenia premature and too copious*, of a pale-red colour.—During the catamenia pulsative pains in the head, buzzing in the ears, nausea with pains in the stomach and in the loins, or shootings and pressure in the groin.—*Leucorrhœa, corrosive*, and thick like starch.—**Sterility.*—Pain in the breasts, when suckling.—*Flow* of milk, which curdles speedily.

LARYNX.—Acute drawing pains in the larynx, even into the chest, with desire to cough.—Hoarseness in the throat, with drawing shootings on coughing and sneezing.—*Dry cough*, caused by a tickling and scraping in the throat, with pressure on the chest.—Dry, hectic cough, with shootings in the right side of the chest, and the groins, relieved by washing with cold water, increased by drinking wine.—Nocturnal cough.—Cough with expectoration, of the smell and taste of mould.—*Expectoration of mucus with streaks of blood.*

CHEST.—*Difficult respiration*, with *desire to draw a deep breath*, and shootings in the right side of the chest.—Constrictive oppression of the chest, especially in going up stairs.—Short breath after having ascended the stairs, with shootings in the chest, on speaking.—Choking with heavi-

ness in the chest.—*Shootings in the chest, especially in the right side, and principally when yawning, when coughing, or breathing deeply, or running, and from every physical exertion.—Drawing shootings in the intercostal muscles of the right side, even into the groins, augmented by the least movement of the chest or arms, with inability to remain lying on the side affected.—Pains in the chest mitigated, especially when lying quietly on the back, or walking slowly, and pressing with the hand on the diseased part.—Sensation as if the heart were on the right side and were going to be crushed.*

TRUNK.—Itching and crawling in the sacrum.—Pressive and burning *pains in the loins*, especially when seated and when stooping.—*Sharp and drawing pains between the shoulder-blades, on the shoulder, and in the nape of the neck with inability to stoop.—Furunculus in the arm-pit.*

ARMS.—Sensation in the hands, as if they were covered with cobweb.—Pulsative pains in the extremity of the thumb, day and night, preventing sleep.—*Burning pains, heat and redness of the fingers*, like chilblains.—Pustules in the fingers, with swelling and suppuration of the affected limb.

LEGS.—Gnawing blisters, with sub-cutaneous ulceration in the buttocks.—Burning pain in the thighs.—*Erysipelatic inflammation and swelling of the leg and of the foot*, principally after having danced a long time, and sometimes with drawing pains, burning and tensive, especially when touched.—Shootings in the soles of the feet.—Pain, as from excoriation of the heel.—*Burning pains, heat and redness of the toes*, as if from chilblains.—*Shooting piercing in the corns, especially in rainy weather.*

30.—BOVISTA.

BVS.—The puff ball.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—*Duration of effect*: as long as 30 days in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Bell bry: carb-a. carb-veg. kal. merc. puls. sep. sil. spig. stront. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been employed against *Tetters, ulcers in the lips, and whitlows*, and in these affections it has been often found very efficacious, when the rest of the symptoms indicate it.

[Bovista deserves attention in chronic enlargement and induration of the cervical glands; in ovarian tumours; in chronic rigidity of the spine; in chronic gleet; in strictures; in obstinate leucorrhœa, acrid and fetid, and coupled with hæmorrhage; in organic affections of the uterus, and in amenorrhœa and dysmenorrhœa.—*Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Great lassitude and want of strength, especially in the joints.—Ebullition of blood.

SKIN.—Skin flabby; blunt instruments leave a deep impression in it.—Itching, especially when one is warm, and of that kind which receives no relief from scratching.—Pimples and miliary eruption, with burning itching.—Running eruptions and with a thick scab.—Humid tetters.—Panaris.—Warts.—Violent shootings in the corns.

SLEEP.—Great sleepiness in the morning and early in the evening.—Nocturnal sleep, agitated by anxious and frightful dreams.

FEVER.—Shivering with thirst, even near the fire, and at night in bed.—Heat with thirst, anguish, agitation, and oppression of the chest.—Sweat in the morning, especially on the chest.—In the evening, fever with shivering and shuddering in the back, with drawing pains in the abdomen.

MENTAL AFFECTIONS.—Dejection and sadness, when one is alone.—Placid melancholy, with inquietude and sombre thoughts.—Great sensitiveness.—Great loquacity and unreserved conversation.—Weakness of memory.—Abstraction.—Awkwardness; allowing every thing that one holds to fall.—Misapplication of words in speaking and writing.

HEAD.—Intoxication after having drunk, even very little wine.—Stunning dizziness, with loss of sense.—Pains in the centre of the brain, with a sensation as if the head were enlarged.—Head-ache when walking, as if after too long a sleep.—Stunning head-ache, with heat in the eyes.—Nocturnal cephalalgia, with insupportable pain, when one raises the head.—Pressive pains in the head with beatings, as in an abscess.—Compressive cephalalgia.—Sharp pains in the head with heaviness and a sensation of bruising.—Excessive sensibility in the hairy scalp when touched.—Falling off of the hair.—Excoriated spots on the hairy scalp.

EYES.—Painful swelling of the eyes, with excessive pressure in the sockets.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Eyes dull, without brightness and animation.—Objects seem to be nearer than they really are.

EARS.—Ulcers in the ears, with pain on swallowing.—Scabby and humid eruption in the ears.—Flow of fetid pus from the ears.—Diminution and hardness of hearing with frequent mistakes.

NOSE.—Excoriation in the nostrils.—Nostrils scabby with burning pain.—Stoppage of the nose, which impedes respiration.—Fluent coryza with secretion of serous mucus and confusion in the head.

FACE.—Heat in the cheeks, as if they were going to burst.—Face alternately pale and red.—Extreme paleness on getting up in the morning.—Piercing and crawling in the cheek-bones.—Large and pale swelling of the upper lip, of the nose and of the cheeks.—Lips cracked.—Corners of the mouth ulcerated.—Rheumatic pains in the lower jaw, with swelling and pulsative pains in the sub-maxillary gland.

TEETH.—Pains in the upper incisor teeth, followed by swelling of the upper lip.—Drawing odontalgia, especially in the hollow teeth, in the evening and at night, mitigated by heat and walking in the open air.—Piercing and crawling in the teeth.—The gums bleed easily at night, or on sucking them.

MOUTH.—Accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—Sensation of torpor in the buccal cavity.—Stammering.—Cutting pains in the tongue.—Ulcers on the edges of the tongue, with pain like excoriation.—Putrid smell of the mouth.—Sore throat, with scraping and burning pains.

APPETITE.—Putrid taste in the mouth.—Taste of blood.—Desire for cold drinks, especially in the afternoon and evening.—Eager and continual hunger, even after a meal.—Great sleepiness after having eaten, especially after dinner and in the evening.—Hiccough before and after a meal.

STOMACH.—Nausea, with chilly disposition from morning till noon.—Sensation of coldness in the stomach, as if from a piece of ice.—Pressure and fulness in the precordial region, with tension in the temples and anxiety.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the umbilical region after having eaten, as if the abdomen were cut by knives.—Violent cutting, aggravated by repose.—Painful sensibility of the exterior and interior of the abdomen.—Violent colic with coldness, to such an extent as to make one tremble and to cause the teeth to chatter, especially after evacuation.—Pains of ulceration and shooting in the abdomen.—Frequent escape of fetid wind.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—Hard and compact fæces.—Diarrhœa with colic, cuttings, and ulcerative pain in the abdomen.

URINE.—Frequent desire to make water.—Ulcerative pain in the urethra when making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Increase of sexual desire.—Frequent pollutions.—After coition, staggering, confusion in the head, and numbness.—Hard, painful, and suppurating node on the penis.—Burning pains in the genital parts.—Catamenia, premature and too copious.—Catamenia flow

only in the night.—Flow of blood during the intervals.—Acrid and corrosive leucorrhœa.—Excoriation in the inguinal fold during the catamenia.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness in the morning and speaking through the nose, as if from coryza.—Scraping and excoriation in the throat with accumulation of tenacious mucus.—Dry cough produced by a tickling in the throat and in the chest.

CHEST.—Difficult and short respiration during manual labour.—Constrictive oppression of the chest; every thing seems to be too tight.—Stitches in the chest.—Beating of the heart, with inquietude, trembling, vertigo, nausea and head-ache.

TRUNK.—Sweat of a strong smell under the arm-pits.—Swelling of the glands of the neck, with tensive and drawing pains.—*Pain in the back with heaviness after stooping.

ARMS.—Paralytic weakness and pains of dislocation in the joints of the arms and hands.—Tension in the shoulder joints, as if the tendons were too short.—Sensation of paralysis in the artery of the fore-arm.—Cramp-like drawing in the joints of the hands.—Shooting pains in the joints of the hands on laying hold of any thing.—Want of strength in the hands, so that they allow the lightest objects to fall from them.—Humid tetters on the back of the hands.

LEGS.—Formication and numbness in the legs, with inability to stand upright.—Shootings in the joints of the knees and of the feet.—Strong tension in the calves of the legs, and in the legs, as if the tendons were too short.—Cramps in the calves of the legs, in bed, in the morning.—Miliary eruption on the legs.

31.—BRUCEA ANTI-DYSENTERICA.

BRUC.—False angustura.—HERING.—A medicine as yet very little known. The Brucea is similar in its action to *Nux vomica*, and has been used with success in paralysis, in lead poisoning, in withering of the limbs.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Painful sensation of fatigue in the extremities.—Pinching in several parts of the limbs.—In the evening, stiffness in the joints, and acute drawing pains in the limbs, with shootings in the head, in the ears and in the chest.—Dejection.—Disposition to stretch the limbs and to yawn.—Great weariness when walking.—In the evening, nervous excitement, trembling and tottering when walking.—Irritability, augmented in the evening.

FEVER.—Chilly disposition and aversion to the open air.—Shivering and excessive coldness.—Sweat when

walking, notwithstanding the shiverings which appear, chiefly during repose.

SLEEP.—Sleepiness during the entire day, especially when seated, in the morning, after dinner, and in the highest degree in the afternoon.—Sleepiness early in the evening.—Sleep, full of dreams, with ebullition of blood.—Sleep, troubled with confused or frightful, terrifying dreams.—Sleepiness, alternately with want of appetite.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Spirit dejected, with want of sleep.—Taciturnity and hypochondria.—Gloomy, melancholy humour, with indolence and lassitude.—Sad, and gloomy humour on waking in the morning.

HEAD AND EYES.—Heaviness and confusion in the head, with sleepiness, disappearing in the evening.—Vertigo, which causes one to fall in the evening.—Searching, crawling in the top of the head.—*Head-ache in the evening after having walked long in the sun.*—Cephalalgia behind the eye-brows, which seem to be swollen.—Shootings in the head, aggravated by walking, especially in the sun.—Head-ache aggravated by sitting, as well as after eating.—Eye dull and swollen.—Eyes, red in the corners, in the evening.—Itching in the eye-lids.—Eyes red and burning in the morning.—Painful sensation in the eyes, as if from sand, forcing one to rub them.

FACE AND MOUTH.—Mealy, itching tetter on the face, followed by peeling off of the skin.—Paleness in the face.—Slight convulsive, rapid movements in the lips.—Acute pains in the teeth and in the gums, especially on drinking cold water.—Accumulation of saliva in the mouth, forcing one to spit continually.—Dryness and burning pain in the throat, as if from swallowing rancid fat.

STOMACH.—Small appetite, with insipidity of food at dinner and at breakfast.—Clammy taste.—Abortive risings.—Sensation in the stomach, as if one had eaten nothing for a long time.—Sensation of burning and of heat in the pit of the stomach.—*Sensation of throbbing in the pit of the stomach and in the entire abdomen.*—Pressure at the stomach, immediately after eating or drinking.—After a meal, violent beating of the heart, aggravation of head-ache, fermentation in the intestines, and desire to evacuate.—In the evening attack of nausea, with cramp-like pains in the abdomen, vomiting of food, and loose evacuation with great dejection.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Painful pinching in the abdomen.—Squeezing, as if from claws in the abdomen followed by frequent, small, slimy evacuations.—Borborygmi in the

abdomen.—The pains in the abdomen cease after the first evacuation.—Evacuations too soft, in too small quantity, and of too light a colour.—Cuttings in the umbilicus after the evacuations.—Loose evacuations, followed by fainting which forces one to lie down.—Strong disposition to loose evacuations with colic and flatulency.—Loose evacuations in the morning and in the evening.—Itching in the anus, in the evening.

CHEST.—When breathing, sensation of great weight on the whole chest.—Oppression of the chest, with chilly disposition and great sensibility to the open air.—In the morning, on waking, pain as from a bruise on the outside of the chest, with tensive pains on breathing deeply.—Pains like excoriation in the interior of the chest, especially in bed at night, most severe when lying on the side.

EXTREMITIES.—Sensation of squeezing in the back.—Pains as from fatigue in the thighs and in the loins.—Cramp-like pain in the back of the hand.—Red miliary eruption, raised, and itching on the back of the hand and of the body.—In the evening, sensation of paralysis in the thigh.—Weariness in the knees.—Curvature of the joint of the foot, so that one walks almost on the ankle-bone.—Sensation of burning in the corns.

32.—BRYONIA ALBA.

BRY.—Bryony.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from four till five days in acute affections; thirty days in some chronic diseases.

ANTIDOTES: Acon. cham. ign. n-vom.—Bryony is an antidote against: Alum. clem. rhus. mur-ac. seneg.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. alum. arn. ars. cham. chin. clem. ign. led. lyc. merc. mur-ac. nux-vom. op. phos. puls. rhus. squil. seneg.—Bryonia, when indicated is of especial use after *acon. nux-vom. op. and rhus.*—*Alum. and rhus.* will sometimes be found suitable after bryonia.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the particular cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—Affections, chiefly of adults, of a *nervous*, or of a *dry, meager, and bilious temperament*, complexion dark, brown or black eyes and hair, irritable character, with a disposition to *membranous inflammations*, &c., &c.—Rheumatic and arthritic affections, even with inflammatory fever and swelling; Arthritic nodosities; Dropsical affections; Local inflammations, acute (and chronic); Complaints caused by a chill from a dry, cold (east wind; Distressing consequences from rage, physical exertions (and straining the back, &c.), and from a sedentary life; Spontaneous dislocations; Hysterical convulsions and spasms!; Tetanus

and trismus?; Active congestion; Paralysis; Inflammatory tumours; Scrofulous affections; Tumefaction and induration of the glands?; Icterus; Dropsical affections; Phlyctænoidal eruptions; Furfuraceous tetter; Petechiæ (morb. maculos.); Measles and affections resulting from that disease; Symptoms preceding the small-pox and varioloid diseases; Bad effects of suppressed scarlatina; Erysipelatous inflammations in the joints; Miliary eruptions of children and of parturient women; Somnambulism; *Inflammatory fevers*, with nervous, gastric, or bilious affection, and *strong excitement of the sanguineous and nervous system*; Intermittent fevers; Typhoid fevers in the inflammatory period; Cephalalgia, caused by mental emotions, or after a chill; Megrin; Encephalitis (and meningitis?) also when they arise from taking cold; Cerebral affection, in consequence of cholera; Coryza and chronic obstruction of the nose; Epistaxis, even that caused by menostasis; Inflammatory prosopalgia; Ptyalism; Scrofulous swelling of the lips; Convulsive hiccough; Chronic anorexia and dyspepsia, also with vomiting; Pituïta; Gastralgia; Gastritis?; Contraction of the cardia?; Gastric and bilious affections, with fever; Hepatitis; Enteritis; Peritonitis; Abdominal affections, in consequence of a sedentary life; Ascites; Diarrhœa, chiefly that caused by a chill; Obstinate constipation; Diarrhœa, alternating with constipation; Amenorrhœa; Metrorrhagia; Hysterical, abdominal spasms; Colic of pregnant or lying-in women; *Puerperal fever*; Phlegmon of the breasts; Induration of the breasts; Milk fever; Galactorrhœa, and sufferings in consequence of weaning; Constipation, ophthalmia, and miliary eruption of new-born infants; Catarrh of the respiratory organs, even caused by measles, or by a chill; Grippe; Catarrhal, nervous, or convulsive cough, &c.; Hæmoptysis; *Acute and chronic bronchitis*; *Parenchymatic pneumonia*, acute, or chronic; *Pleuritis*, principally in aged persons, and after having used aconitum; *Pleurodynia*; Griping; Hydrothorax; Asthmatic complaints; Carditis; Lumbago; Phlegmonous inflammation of the feet; Psoitis; Coxalgia; Spontaneous dislocation, rheumatic inflammation of the knee; Podagra, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tension, drawing pains, acute drawings, and stinging, especially in the limbs, and chiefly during movement, with insupportable pains on being touched; sweat of the part affected, and trembling of that

part when the pains diminish.—Stiffness and stinging in the joints, on being touched and moved.—In the evening, pain as from fatigue in the limbs, with paralytic weakness.—*Torpor and numbness of the limbs with heaviness and pain of fatigue.—*Pale, tense, hot swelling.*—**Red, shining swelling* of some parts of the body, with lancinations during movement.—Pain as from a bruise, or sub-cutaneous ulceration, or as if the flesh were detached from the bones.—Drawing aching in the periosteum.—*Swelling and induration of the glands.*—Hard nodosities, in several parts of the skin, like small indurated glands.—**Pain with shivering, and coldness in the body.*—Startings of the muscles and of the limbs.—Convulsions.—*Aggravation of the pains and sufferings, at night, or in the evening, towards nine o'clock, also after having eaten, and from movement; amelioration during repose.—General uneasiness, sensation of squeezing, with shiverings caused by the pressure of the clothing.—Drawing through the whole body.—Trembling of the limbs, after having been lying down.—Want of strength in the extremities on being seated after a walk.—Great weariness and weakness, especially in the morning or on walking in the open air.—Desire to remain in a recumbent posture.—Syncope.—Sensation of weakness, especially in walking in the air.

SKIN.—Yellow colour of the skin.—Skin moist and clammy.—Burning and pricking over the whole body, as if from nettles, after slight emotions.—*Erysipelatous inflammation, especially in the joints.—Nettle rash.—**Miliary eruption*, especially in children, and lying-in women.—*Phlyctenoidal eruptions*, with gnawing or burning itching.—*Furfuraceous tetter*, with burning itching.—**Petechiæ.*—Ulcers, with sensation of cold, or with pulsative or smarting pains.—Chilblains,—Corns, with pressure, or burning shootings, or pains as of excoriation on being touched.

SLEEP.—Constant inclination to yawn.—Great sleepiness during the day, especially after dinner.—*Drowsy sleepiness*, interrupted by anxious delirium.—*Restlessness, especially before midnight, caused by heat, agitation of blood and anxiety, especially in the chest.—*Sleep, disturbed by thirst, with bitter taste in the mouth when waking.—Inability to remain lying on the right side.—Starts, with fright when going to sleep, and during sleep.—Unquiet sleep, with confused dreams, and rapid flow of ideas.—On going to sleep, cries and delirium as soon as the eyes are closed.—*Disagreeable, vexatious dreams.*—

Vivid dreams of the transactions of the day.—*Nocturnal delirium*, and visions with the eyes open.—Groans, especially towards midnight.—**Somnambulism*.—Nightmare.

FEVER.—*Cold and shivering* in the body, even *in bed*, in the evening, or accompanied by pains in all the limbs and cold sweat on the forehead.—**Shiverings with trembling*, often with *heat in the head*, *redness of the face* and *thirst*; or followed by heat with sweat and thirst.—*Before the shiverings, vertigo and cephalalgia*; then shivering with tension and drawing in the limbs.—°Dislike for food and drink during the shiverings.—Heat at first alternately with chills, then burning heat and thirst, afterwards copious sweat.—**Universal dry heat*, external and internal, almost always with a great desire for cold drinks.—*During the fever vertigo and cephalalgia*.—Attack of fever with coldness, predominant shivering (type tertian); nausea, and desire to remain in the recumbent posture; or with shooting pains in the side and in the abdomen, and thirst during the shiverings and the heat.—At the termination of the fever, dry cough, with vomiting, shootings and oppression in the chest.—Cold sweat on the forehead and on the head.—Copious sweat while walking in the open air.—Greasy sweat day and night.—*Sweat*, with anxiety and inquietude, sigh-like breathing, short cough and pressure in the chest.—**Sweat*, abundant *night and morning*, sometimes of a sour smell.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety and *inquietude*, with *fear of the future*.—*Frequent tears*.—Despair of being cured, with fear of death.—*Fear, with desire to run away.—°*Discouragement*.—*Aversion to conversation*.—**Irascibility and passion*.—Want of memory.—Momentary absence of mind.—Stupidity.—Desire for things which one has not, and which are rejected when obtained.—*Delirium with ravings about the transactions of the day.

HEAD.—*Confusion, stupidity and dulness of the head.—Staggering and drunkenness, as if from congestion of the head.—Dizziness of the head.—Vertigo, similar to staggering.—*Vertigo only when one stoops*.—*Swimming in the head*, especially on rising from one's seat, or on getting up after having been lying down.—Cephalalgia, as if after a nocturnal debauch.—*Head-ache after every meal.—Attack of head-ache, with vomiting, nausea and desire to lie down.—Head-ache in the morning, as soon as the eyes are open.—**Great fulness and heaviness of the head* with *raking pressure towards the forehead*, and when stooping, a sensation as if every thing were going to fall out through the

forehead.—*Expansive pressure*, or *compression* of the brain.—*Shootings in the head, sometimes on one side only.—*Pulsative starting pains*, increased by movement, with pressure in the eyes.—Congestion of the head, with heat in the brain.—Burning pain in the forehead.—**Head-ache aggravated by movement*, or rapid walking, or when the eyes are opened.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp as if from excoriation.—Drawing and starting pains in the head, from the cheek bone to the temple, increased by contact.—Burning, external heat of the head.—Cold sweat on the forehead.—Hair very greasy.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes on moving them.—Pressure in the eyes, as if they were going to start out of the head.—*Pressure in the eyes as if from sand, especially morning and evening.—Shooting and drawing pains in the eyes.—Burning pain in the eyes.—Inflammation of the eyes and of the eye-lids, with redness.—Painful swelling of the eyes, with suppuration, and swollen and red conjunctivæ.—Red swelling of the eye-lids, especially of the upper lids, with pressive pains.—°*Furfuraceous tetter* on the eye-lids with burning itching.—Stye on the eye-lid.—Abscess in the internal corner of the eye.—Nocturnal *agglutination* of the eye-lids, with tearfulness during the day, especially in the sun, and with confused sight.—Eyes dull, glassy, turbid, or sparkling, and as it were drowned in tears.—Presbyopia.—Confusion of the letters when reading.—Blackness or flames before the eyes.—Photophobia.

EARS.—Contractive pains in the ears, with diminution of hearing.—Shootings in the ears, while walking in the open air, and afterwards.—Hard tumefaction before and behind the ear.—Bleeding from the ears.—*Sensation in the ears, as if they were stopped.—**Buzzing in the ears*.—°*All noise is insupportable to the ears*.

NOSE.—*Swelling of the nose, with painful sensibility to the touch and obstruction of the nose.—*Inflammation and ulceration of the nostrils.—Ulcer in the nostrils with gnawing pain.—*Frequent bleeding of the nose*, sometimes in the morning, or when the catamenia are suppressed, or even when sleeping.—*Dryness and obstruction of the nose, sometimes obstinate.—Flowing coryza with stinging pressure on the forehead.—*Dry coryza, sometimes obstinate.—Hard mucus, drying in scabs.

FACE.—*Face of a pale, yellow, earth-coloured hue.—*Face red and burning.—Red spots on the face.—Hot, bluish, and brownish swelling of the face.—Pains in the face, mostly pressive, mitigated by external pressure.—

**Swelling of the face, sometimes on one side only, or under the eyes and at the root of the nose.—Swelling of the cheek, close to the ear.—Small nodosities and indurations in the face, like sub-cutaneous glands.—*Lips swollen and cracked, with bleeding and sensation of burning when touched.—*Lips dry.—Eruption on the lips with burning smarting.*

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache, with desire to lie down, increased at night by hot applications; aggravated by continued lying on the sound side, mitigated by lying on the part affected.—Jerking, drawing tooth-ache, with a sensation as if the teeth were too long, or that they were loose, especially during a meal and afterwards.—Pains as of excoriation in the gums, with loosening of the teeth.—Gums spongy.*

MOUTH.—**Dryness of the mouth, with burning thirst.—Accumulation of a soapy and frothy saliva in the mouth.—Salivation.—Putrid smell of the mouth.—Tongue dry, *loaded with a white dirty, or yellow coating.—Dark colour and wrinkled state of the tongue.—Burning blisters on the edge of the tongue.—Speech indistinct, from dryness of the throat.*

THROAT.—**Sore throat, with hoarseness and difficult deglutition.—Pain as of excoriation in the throat, during empty deglutition.—*Sensation of dryness and great dryness in the throat.—Pressure in the pharynx, as if from a hard and pointed body.—*Shootings in the throat when touched, both on turning the head and on swallowing.—Tenacious mucus in the throat, which is not detached without some effort.*

APPETITE.—**Loss of appetite.—Insidid, clammy, and putrid taste.—Insipidity of food.—Sweetish taste.—Bitter taste of all food, or only after meal-time, or at other times, as well as in the morning.—*Burning thirst, sometimes after a meal, increased by taking beer.—Drink seldom called for, but much at a time.—Great desire for wine, for acid drinks, for coffee, and *even for things which he does not like when well.—Morbid hunger, which forces one to eat often, though little at a time.—Bulimia, often with absence of appetite, or with thirst and transient heat, sometimes also in the night.—Loss of appetite after the first morsel eaten.—*Repugnance and disgust for food.—After every meal, eructations with pressure in the stomach and in the epigastrium; colic or vomiting, principally after having eaten bread.*

STOMACH.—*Eructations, especially after having eaten, mostly bitter or sour with a taste of the food.—*Empty*

eructations.—**Regurgitation of the food after every meal.*—*Hiccough.*—**Nausea and desire to vomit, especially after eating food which has pleased the palate, or when one rises after having been lying down.*—**Nausea, with desire to vomit and anxiety, when sitting, or on forcing oneself to drink.*—*Nausea in the morning.*—**Inclination to vomit with flow of saliva.*—**Vomiting as soon as one has drunk, and especially on drinking after a meal.*—*In the evening, vomiting of slimy matter.*—*Vomiting of food, with hiccough and inclination to vomit, or vomiting of bitter water, or of bile, even at night.*—°*Vomiting of blood.*—*Shootings in the left side of the abdomen, during vomiting.*—**Pressure as if from a stone in the stomach, especially after a meal, or when walking, sometimes with ill-humour.*—*Cutting pains in the pit of the stomach, as if from knives.*—*Contracting pains in the stomach, sometimes with vomiting of food.*—*Squeezing in the pit of the stomach and painful tension on being touched, with sensation of heat.*—**Shootings in the stomach, when lying on the side, as well as in the pit of the stomach, during movement, stepping up, or making a false step.*—°*Pain as of excoriation in the pit of the stomach, sensible to the touch, or on coughing.*—°*The least pressure on the pit of the stomach is insupportable.*—°*Sensation of burning in the pit of the stomach and in the stomach, especially when moving.*—*Sensation of swelling in the pit of the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—°*Pains in the liver, mostly shooting, tensive, or burning, especially when touched, on breathing or coughing.*—°*Tractive pains in the hypochondrium, as far as the stomach and the back, in the morning and after dinner, and sometimes with vomiting.*—*Hard swelling in the hypochondriac and umbilical regions.*—*Lancinations in the region of the spleen.*—**Colic with tension of the abdomen, and flowing of water, like saliva.*—**Inflation of the abdomen, with pressure in the epigastrium, especially after dinner.*—°*Tearing in the abdomen, from the hips to the pit of the stomach.*—**Cramp-like pains, pinching, or cuttings and shootings in the abdomen, chiefly after having eating or drunk (especially hot milk), sometimes with loose evacuations.*—*Hard swelling round the navel.*—**Dropsical swelling of the abdomen.*—*Grumbling and borborygmi in the abdomen with escape of flatulency; sometimes only in the evening, in bed.*

FÆCES.—**Constipation.*—**Fæces abundant, with difficult evacuation.*—**Fæces not abundant, but hard and as if burnt.*—*Diarrhœa with colic, sometimes alternately with*

constipation and gastralgia.—Loose evacuations of a putrid smell, as if from putrid cheese, or evacuations of undigested substances.—Diarrhœa in the morning.—Nocturnal diarrhœa, with burning pain in the anus.—Debilitating diarrhœa.—Constrictive colic, in the act of evacuation.—Loose and frequent evacuations, of a brownish colour (in case of nursing).

URINE.—°Urine scanty, reddish, brownish and *hot.—Urgent desire to make water, without power of retention.—Frequent discharge of aqueous urine.—Desire to make water, with suspended respiration when lifting loads.—Desire to make water at night.—Involuntary emission of hot urine when moving.—Sensation of burning and cutting pains in the urethra, before making water.—Sensation of contraction of the urethra.—Shooting and burning pains in the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Red itching miliary eruption in the glans.—Shootings in the testes.—°*Catamenia suppressed*.—°*Catamenia premature*.—°Acute, tractive pains in the limbs, during the catamenia.—Flow of blood at a time different from the catamenia.—°*Metrorrhagia* of a deep red blood, with pain in the loins and in the head.—°Burning pains in the fundus uteri, during pregnancy, increased by movement, diminished by pressure and repose.—Swelling of the labium, with a black and hard pustule.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness, with disposition to perspiration, cough and rattling in the chest.—Desire to cough, as if from slimy matter; afterwards pains as from excoriation in the larynx, aggravated by speaking, or by smoking tobacco.—Cough, mostly dry, excited by a tickling in the throat, or as if caused by smoke in the larynx, with a necessity for rapid breathing.—Cough, as if from irritation in the stomach.—*Cramp-like, suffocating cough, especially after midnight, or after having eaten or drunk, and often with vomiting of food.—Cough in the morning, with flow of water like salivation.—*Cough which seems to bruise the chest.—*Cough, with stinging in the sides of the chest, or with aching pains in the head, as if it were going to split, with shooting pains in the pit of the stomach, or pains in the hypochondrium.—°Cough, with expectoration of mucus of a dirty-reddish colour.—*Cough, with yellowish expectoration.—°Cough, with expectoration of pure blood, or of phlegm with streaks of blood.—On coughing, excoriating pain in the pit of the stomach.—Attack of choking before the paroxysm of nocturnal cough.

CHEST.—°Respiration difficult, short, rapid and anxious,

or sighing.—Oppression with fits of choking.—**Respiration impeded by stings in the chest.*—Respiration deep and slow, especially while making any exertion.—Constant occasion to make a deep inspiration.—*Attack of difficult respiration*, at night, sometimes with shooting colic and desire to evacuate.—Pressure on the chest, as if from a weight, with oppression.—Contractive pain in the chest, excited by the cold air.—Tension in the chest on walking.—**Stings in the chest and in the sides*, as if from an ulcer, especially when coughing or breathing deeply, obliging one to remain seated, allowing one to lie only on the back, and aggravated by any movement whatever.—*Heat and burning pain in the chest, with anxiety and tightness.—Sensation in the chest as if all there were detached and were falling into the abdomen.—**Beatings of the heart*, frequently very violent with oppression.

TRUNK.—*Pain in the loins, like a painful weight*, which does not allow one to walk upright.—During rest, pain as if caused by a bruise in the loins.—Contractive, cramp-like pain all over the back.—Burning and tractive pains in the back.—*Shootings in the loins and in the back.*—Shootings under the left shoulder-blade, as far as the heart, greatly aggravated by cough and respiration.—Pressure on the shoulder, with shootings when breathing deeply.—**Rheumatic heaviness and tension in the nape of the neck and in the neck.*—Red spots on the side of the neck.—Red miliary eruption on the neck, with violent itching.—Sweat in the arm-pits.

ARMS.—**Tractive pains in the joints of the shoulders and the arms, with tension, stinging, and shining red swelling.*—Tractive pains in the whole arm and to the ends of the fingers.—**Convulsive movements, jerkings, and trembling of the arms.*—Burning pains with weariness in the arms.—Constant trembling of the arms and of the fingers.—*Swelling of the arm, round the elbow.*—Stings in the joints of the elbow and of the hand, with heaviness of the hands.—Red miliary eruption on the fore-arm.—*Pain of dislocation in the joints of the hands on moving them.*—At night, inflammation in the back of the hand, with burning pain.—*Swelling of the hands.*—Sensation of torpor in the palms of the hands.—Shooting pains in the fingers, when writing.—Hot and pale swelling of the joints of the fingers.—Jerking of the fingers when moving the hands.

LEGS.—*Drawing pains in the thighs.*—*Shootings in the lower limbs, from the buttock to the ankles, with insupportable pain, when touched, and during movement, with sweat*

over the whole body.—*Weariness and want of stability in the legs*, especially on going up stairs.—Paralysis of the limbs.—**Tensive and painful stiffness of the knees*.—Red and shining swelling of the knees, with violent shootings, especially in walking.—Staggering and bending of the knees, in walking.—*Tensive stings and cramp-like pains in the knees with *tension as far as the calves of the legs*.—*Sharp pains in the knees, extending to the tibia*.—*Tensive and drawing stings in the calves of the legs as far as the ankles*, with red shining swelling of the parts affected.—Cramp in the calves of the legs, night and morning.—Lassitude of the legs when walking and standing for any time.—**Swelling of the legs, extending to the feet*.—**Pain as of dislocation in the foot when walking*.—**Swelling of the feet, with redness and heat, pain as from a bruise on stretching the feet, tension on moving them, and pains as from ulceration on being touched*.—Stings in the feet, the soles of the feet, and the toes, especially when resting on the foot.—Corns with pressure, or with burning stings, or with pain of excoriation on being touched.

33.—CALADIUM SEGUINUM.

CALAD.—Poisonous Pediveaux.—HERING.—*Duration of effect*: 30 days.

ANTIDOTES: Carb-seg. hyd. ig. zing. caps. (ext.)

COMPARE WITH: Caps. carb-veg. chin. graph. ign. merc. nitr-ac. phosph.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Aversion to every movement, with constant desire to remain in a recumbent posture.—Slight attacks of syncope after writing or thinking, as well as in rising from a recumbent posture.—Diminution of all the symptoms after a short sleep during the day, and disappearance of pain, during perspiration.—Burning heat of small portions of the skin, with desire to touch them with the fingers.—Painful sensibility to the stings of insects.—Hard granulous eruption on the fore-arm and on the chest, with itching and heat alternately with oppression.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep, also to lie down during the day, without being able to sleep, and with shuddering and confusion of the head.—Drowsiness and sleep, during which all is remembered that had been forgotten when awake.—Sleep too light during the night.—Groans and anxious sobs, with violent convulsive movements in the limbs.

FEVER.—Fever, with pains in the ears and swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.—Fever with coldness and thirst, panting respiration, cold in the head and pulsation in the chest.—*In the evening, fever with sleep, from which he awakes*

on the disappearance of the fever.—After the heat, sweat which strongly attracts the flies.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Uneasy fear, especially respecting the health.—Anguish, before going to sleep in the evening.

HEAD.—EYES, &c.—Head confused, with turning and nausea.—When lying down, or on closing the eyes, vertigo, as from rocking.—After lying down, cephalalgia in the side, on which one has rested.—Heat in the head, which ascends from below upwards.—Burning smarting in the eyes.—Hearing extremely sensitive, especially when about falling asleep.—Slight and transient attack of deafness.—Cold in the head in the evening, with burning pain in the nose and sneezing.

APPETITE.—Clammy, herbaceous taste in the mouth.—Want of thirst, with aversion to cold water, and dryness of the pharynx and of the œsophagus.—Sensation of emptiness in the stomach, without hunger, but which forces one to eat hastily.

STOMACH.—Ineffectual eructations.—Eructations, impeded by pains in the stomach.—Nausea in the morning with vertigo, and shootings in the pit of the stomach.—Sensation of emptiness in the stomach.—Burning and smarting in the stomach.—Pressure and gnawing in the cardia.—Cuttings across the epigastrium—Shootings in the epigastrium, and retraction of the pit of the stomach, with weakness and nausea.—Pulsative and fatiguing pains in the epigastrium, after walking.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—URINE.—Cramp-like cuttings in the umbilical region.—Beating and pulsations, or *burning pains* in the epigastrium.—Escape of slight flatulencies of a putrid smell.—Evacuations of the consistence of pap, and in small quantity.—Painful sensation of fulness in the bladder, without desiring to make water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Weakness of the genital functions.—Puffed, flabby, and perspiring genitals.—Swelling and excoriation of the prepuce, with retraction after coition.—Dryness and redness of the glans, which is, as it were, mottled with small red spots.—Want of enjoyment and of emission during coition, or premature emission without erection.

LARYNX.—Trachea and larynx, as if contracted, with wheezing on breathing deeply.—Cough which appears to originate in the upper part of the larynx.—Cough, with difficult respiration, caused by pressure in the epigastrium, or impeded by a sensation of heaviness in that part.—Dull and weak nocturnal cough, which hinders sleep, also in the morning.

CHEST.—Oppression, especially during the burning pains in the stomach.—*Chest as if empty*, especially after the expectoration of slimy matter.—Pulsation below the heart.—In the morning, on getting up, pain as from a bruise in the sides and in the loins.

34.—CALCAREA CARBONICA.

CALC —Carbonate of lime.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 50 days in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. nitr-ac. nitr-spir. sulph.—Calcarea is, in its turn, an antidote against *bis. chin.* quinine, and *nitr-ac.*

COMPARE WITH: Anac. aluin. *arn.* ars bar. bell. bis. chin. cupr. graph. kal. lyc. magn. merc. nitr-ac. *nux-rom.* phos. puls. sep. sil. sulf. veratr.—Calcarea when indicated, does much good after *chin. cupr. nitr-ac.* and *sulf.*—After calcarea *lyc. nitr-ac. phos.* and *sil.* will be found most suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Indications derived from the ensemble of symptoms: For persons of a plethoric or lymphatic constitution, with a disposition to blenorrhagia, cold in the head, and diarrhœa; or else for individuals of a weak, sickly constitution.—Sufferings caused by a chill in the water; Different affections of children and of women who have copious catamenia; Evil effects from lifting a weight; Suffering arising from abuse of cinchona; *Sufferings of drunkards*; Gouty nodosities and other arthritic complaints; St. Vitus' dance?; *Epileptic convulsions* (after the action of cuprum); Hysterical spasms; Obesity in young persons; Physical and nervous weakness in consequence of masturbation; Muscular weakness, difficulty of learning to walk, *atrophy* and other *sufferings of scrofulous children*; Tumefaction and suppuration of the glands; Caries, softening, curvature, and *other affections of the bones*; *Rickety affections*; Spontaneous dislocations; *Arthrocace*?; *Polypus*; Encysted tumours; Chronic eruptions; *Scabby and humid tetters*; Scrofulous eruptions; *Fistulous ulcers*; Warts; *Chronic urticaria*.—Intermittent fevers, and fatal consequences from the suppression of those fevers by cinchona; Slow fevers; Melancholy; Hypochondria and hysteria; *Delirium tremens*; Drunkenness; Megrin; Cephalalgia from chill, or after injury from lifting; Fatigue of the head, in consequence of intellectual labour; Scald-head; Falling off of the hair, also in parturient women, or caused by severe acute diseases; Fontanelles of children, remaining open too long; Ophthalmia, even that arising from the introduction of a foreign substance, or in scrofulous persons, or in new-born infants; Blepharophthalmia; Spots, ulcers, and obscuration in the

cornea; Fungus hæmatodes of the eye?; Amblyopia; Lachrymal fistula; Hæmorrhage of the eyes?; Otitis?; Purulent otorrhœa, also that proceeding from caries in the auditory organs; Polypus in the ear; Hardness of hearing, also that caused by suppression of an intermittent fever by cinchona; Parotitis; Scrofulous swelling of the nose; Nasal polypus; Anosmia; Cancer in the nose?; Coryza, with slow establishment of the catarrhal flux; Coryza and chronic obstruction of the nose; Prosopalgia; Tetters and other facial eruptions; Crusta lactea; Odontalgia, also that of pregnant women, or of those who have too copious catamenia; *Difficult dentition in children*, with convulsions; Fistulous ulcers in the gums; Ranula; Amagdalitis and other phlegmonous anginæ; Goitre; Anorexia; Dyspepsia, vomitings, sourness, pyrosis, and other gastric affections; *Induration and other diseases of the liver*; Tænia; Colic; Abdominal spasms; Scrofulous buboes; Obstinate constipation; Diarrhœa of scrofulous children, or else during dentition; Diarrhœa of phthisical persons; Chronic disposition to evacuate often in the day; Verminous affections; Hæmorrhoidal sufferings and bad consequence of the suppression of the hæmorrhoidal flux; Catarrh of the bladder; Hæmaturia?; Polypus of the bladder; Urinary calculus; Weakness of the genital functions, dysmenorrhœa, and amenorrhœa of plethoric persons; Leucorrhœa; Metrorrhagia; Chlorosis; Sterility; Abortion; Cutting pains, too long continued after accouchement; Weakness, falling out of the hair, and other complaints of parturient women; Odontalgia of pregnant women; Milk fever; Excoriation of the breasts; Galactorrhœa or agalactia; Ophthalmia, muscular weakness and acidity in nurses; Chronic laryngitis with ulceration; Chronic catarrh and blenorrhœa of the lungs; *Phthisical symptoms* (tuberculous phthisis); Curvature of the spine; Coxalgia; Spontaneous dislocation; Gout in the hands and in the feet, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Cramps and contractions of the limbs, especially of the fingers and toes.—Wrenching pains.—Pulsative pains.—*Stingings and *drawing pains in the limbs*, chiefly at night, or in summer, and on change of weather.—Turns of torpor and paleness of some parts of the body, which appear as if dead.—Great tendency to suffer from lifting, which is often followed by pain in the neck, or stiffness and swelling of the nape, with head-ache.—Tendency of the limbs to numbness.—*Agitation of

blood, mostly in plethoric individuals, often in the head and in the chest.—Jerking in different limbs.—**Epileptic convulsions*, also at night with cries.—The symptoms are aggravated or renewed after *washing and labouring in the water*, as well as in the evening, at night, in the morning, after a meal, and every second day.—Periodical and intermittent complaints.—*Great uneasiness, which forces one to move constantly and to walk much.—Frequent trembling of the whole body, increased in the open air.—*Pain as from a bruise in the arms and in the legs, and also in the loins, especially on moving and going up stairs.—General uneasiness in the evening, as a forerunner of an attack of intermittent fever.—**Want of strength, dejection*, chiefly in the morning early.—Fatigue and nervous weakness, often with paleness of the face, palpitation of the heart, vertigo, shivering, pain in the loins, &c.—*Fainting, especially in the evening, with obscuration of the eyes*, sweat on the face, and coldness of the body.—*Great fatigue after speaking, or after a moderate walk, in the open air, as well as after the least exertion, with easy and abundant perspiration.—*Excessive dejection*, sometimes with violent attack of spasmodic laughter.—Bloating of the body and of the face, with enlargement of the abdomen, in children.—Emaciation, though one eats with good appetite.—^oGreat plumpness and excessive obesity.—*Great tendency to take cold and great sensibility to cold and damp air*.—On walking in the open air, sadness with tears, head-ache, inflation of the abdomen, palpitation of the heart, sweat, great fatigue and many other sufferings.

SKIN.—Visible quivering of the skin from head to foot, followed by giddiness.—Burning, biting itching.—Ephelis.—**Nettle rash*, chiefly disappearing in the fresh air.—Eruption of lenticular red, and raised spots, with great heat, much thirst, and want of appetite.—Skin hot and dry when moving.—Skin of the body rough, *dry, and as if covered with a kind of miliary eruption.—Furfuraceous coating of the skin.—**Humid, scabby eruptions and tetters*, with burning pains.—Itching pemphigus over the whole body.—Skin excoriated in several places.—Skin unhealthy; every injury tends to ulceration.—Erysipelatous inflammations.—*Furunculi.—Warts.—Corns, with excoriation and burning pain.—*Encysted tumours*, which are renewed and suppurate every month.—*Swelling and induration of the glands, with or without pain.—*Varices.—*Arthritic nodosities*.—Swelling and deviation of the curvature bones.—Ulceration of the bones.—Panaris.—Marks.

SLEEP.—**Desire to sleep in the day and early in the evening.*—*Retarded sleep*, and **restlessness from flow of ideas*, or *in consequence of voluptuous or frightful images*, which appear as soon as the eyes are shut.—**During sleep, talking, groans, cries, and starts, with anxiety which continues after waking, or movements of the mouth, as if one were chewing or swallowing.*—*Snoring during sleep.*—**Dreams, frequent, vivid, anxious, fantastic, confused, frightful, and horrible; or dreams of the sick and dead.*—**Sleep disturbed, with frequent waking.*—*Sleep of too short duration, from 11 in the evening till 2 or 3 in the morning only.*—*Waking too early, sometimes even at midnight.*—**At night, agitation, asthmatic suffering, anxiety, heat, pains in the stomach and in the precordial region, thirst, beatings of the heart, tooth-ache, vertigo, head-ache, ebullition of blood, fear of losing one's reason, pains in the limbs, and many other sufferings.*—*On waking, lassitude, exhaustion and desire to sleep, as if one had not slept at all.*

FEVER.—*Excessive internal coldness.*—*Shivering and shuddering, principally in the evening*, or **in the morning, after rising.*—*Heat with thirst.*—*Frequent attacks of transient heat, with anguish and beating of the heart.*—*Heat in the evening, or in bed at night.*—*Quotidian fever towards 2 o'clock in the afternoon, with yawning and cough, followed by general heat, with desire to lie down, at least during three hours, after which the hands become cold: all with absence of thirst.*—**Tertian fever in the evening, commencing with heat of face, followed by shivering.*—**Profuse sweat by day after moderate corporeal exercise.*—**Sweat with anxiety.*—*Nocturnal sweat chiefly over the chest.*—*Morning sweat.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Melancholy, -dejection and sadness.*—*Disposition to weep, even about trifles.*—*Vexation and lamentation, on account of old offences.*—**Anxiety and anguish, excited by frightful ideas or stories, or also with shuddering and dread during the twilight or at night.*—*Excessive anguish, with palpitations of the heart, general throbbing and jerkings in the epigastrium.*—*Anxious disquietude, admitting of no rest.*—**Disposition to be frightened.*—**Sadness, with heaviness in the limbs.*—*Apprehensions.*—*Despair in consequence of the ruinous condition of the health; or hypochondriacal humour, with fear of being ill or unfortunate, of experiencing fatal accidents, of losing the reason, of being infected by contagious diseases.*—*Discouragement and fear of death.*—*Impatience, excessive excitability and excessive liability to mental impressions;*

the least noise fatigues.—Excessive ill humour and mischievous inclination, with *obstinacy and a disposition to take every thing in bad part.*—*Indifference, apathy, and repugnance to conversation.—Aversion to others.—Solitude is insupportable.—*Disgust and aversion to all labour whatever.*—Absence of volition.—Great weakness of memory and of conception, with difficulty in thinking.—Tendency to make mistakes in speaking and to take one word for another.—Loss of sense and errors of imagination — Delirium with visions of fires, murders, rats and mice.

HEAD.—*Head compressed, as if by a vice.*—*Dizziness, after scratching behind the ear, or else before breakfast, with trembling.*—*Vertigo, sometimes with obscuration of the eyes, when mounting to a great height, or only a flight of stairs, -on walking in the open air, on turning the head briskly, or after being angry.*—*Vertigo at night, in the evening, or in the morning.*—*Head-ache from lifting a weight, or from having wrapped up the head in a handkerchief, or *in consequence of a chill.*—*Head-ache every morning on waking.*—*Attacks of lateral head-ache with eructations and nausea* — *Pains in the head stunning, *pressive or pulsative*, aggravated especially by reading, writing, or any other intellectual labour, as well as by spirituous drinks, or by stooping.—*Fulness and heaviness of the head, especially of the forehead, with shutting of the eyes, aggravated by movement and corporeal exertion.*—*Pressive pains on the top of the head, appearing in the open air.*—*Tensive and cramp-like pain, with pressure outwards, commencing from the temples and extending to the top of the head.*—*Drawing pains in the right side of the forehead; the part is painful, when touched.*—*Shooting pains in the head.*—**Piercing in the forehead, as if the head were going to burst.*—**Hammering pains in the head, which force one to lie down, and which appear especially after a walk in the open air.*—**Icy coldness in and on the head, *especially at the right side.*—*Congestion of the head.*—*Buzzing and pains in the head.*—*Movement of the brain on walking.*—*Immense size of the head, with open fontanels in children.*—°*Sweat on the head in the evening.*—*Strong disposition to chilliness in the head.*—**Scabs on the hairy scalp* —*Scaling off of the skin of the hairy scalp.*—*Painful sensibility in the roots of the hair.*—**Falling off of the hair.*—**Tumours in the hairy scalp; which tend to suppuration.*

EYES.—**Pressure in the eyes.*—**Itching and shooting in the eyes.*—*Smarting, burning, and cutting pains in the eyes and the eye-lids, especially when reading during the day, or*

by candle light.—Sensation of coldness in the eyes.—Eyes inflamed, with redness of the sclerotica and abundant secretion of mucus.—Ulcers, spots, and opacity of cornea.—Flow of blood from the eyes.—Inflammation and swelling of the corners of the eyes.—Lachrymal suppurating fistula.—Lachrymation, especially in the open air, or early in the morning.—*Quivering in the eye-lids.—**Red and thick swelling of the eye-lids*, with abundant secretion of mucus and nocturnal *agglutination*.—Closing of the eye-lids in the morning.—**Pupils nearly dilated.*—**Confusion of sight, as if there were a mist, a veil, or down before the eyes*, chiefly when reading or when observing an object attentively.—*Obscuration of the sight when reading or after a meal.—A dark spot is seen before the eyes when reading, and seems to accompany the letters.—*Great photophobia and dazzling from too strong a light.—**Presbyopia.*

EARS.—Shootings in the ears.—Pulsation, *beating*, and heat *in the ears*.—Internal and external inflammation and swelling of the ear.—**Purulent discharge from the ears.*—Humid eruption upon and behind the ears.—**Polypus in the ears.*—*Humming, buzzing, tingling, or thundering, sometimes alternately with music in the ears.—*Cracking and *detonation* in the ears, when swallowing and chewing.—Attacks of sensation as of shutting up of the ears, and of *hardness of hearing*.—Inflammatory swelling of the *parotids*.

NOSE.—Inflammation of the nose, with redness and swelling, chiefly at the extremity.—**Ulcerated and scabby nostrils.*—**Epistaxis*, chiefly morning and night, and sometimes even to fainting.—*Fetid smell from the nose.—*Smell dull, or exceedingly sensitive.—**Painful dryness in the nose.*—**Obstruction of the nose*, with yellowish and fetid matter.—Dry coryza, also in the morning with frequent sneezing.—Excessive flowing coryza.—Coryza alternately with gripings.—Fetid odour before the nose, as if from a dunghill, rotten eggs or gunpowder.

FACE.—*Yellow colour of the face.*—*Face pale and hollow, with eyes sunken and surrounded by a livid circle.—Red spots on the cheeks.—Heat, redness and puffing of the face.—Erysipelas in the cheek.—Ephelis on the cheeks.—*Itching and eruption on the face, chiefly on the forehead, in the cheeks, and in the region of the whiskers, sometimes humid and scabby, with burning heat.—**Crusta lactea.*—**Acute pains in the face* and the bones of the face.—Swelling of the face without heat.—Eruptions and scabs on the lips and round the mouth.—Lips cracked.—**Swell-*

ing of the upper lip.—Fissures in the ulcerated lips.—Attacks of torpor and paleness in the lips, which appear as if dead.—*Painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.*

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache, aggravated or excited by a current of air, or by cold air, or by taking any thing hot or cold, or by noise, or else during and after the catamenia; the pains are, for the most part, shooting, piercing, contractive, pulsative, or gnawing and searching, with a sensation as of excoriation.*—Tooth-ache at night, as if from congestion of blood.—Sensation of lengthening and loosening of the teeth.—Fetid odour of the teeth.—Painful sensibility of the gums, with shootings —Readily bleeding and *swelling of the gums*, with beatings and pulsations.—Fistulous ulcers in the gums of the lower jaw.

MOUTH.—Accumulation of mucus in the mouth.—Constant spitting of acid saliva.—Blisters in the mouth and on the tongue.—Spasmodic constriction of the mouth.—*Dryness of the tongue* and of the mouth, chiefly at night and in the morning on waking.—Swelling of one side of the tongue.—Tongue loaded with a white coating.—Burning and pain as of excoriation on the tongue and in the mouth.—Tongue difficult to move, with embarrassed and indistinct speech.—*Ranula under the tongue.*

THROAT.—Sore throat, as if from a plug or a swelling in the gullet.—Constriction in the throat, and *cramp-like contraction of the gullet.*—Excoriation of the gullet with shooting and pressure in swallowing.—Inflammatory *swelling of the gullet and of the uvula*, which are of a deep-red colour, and covered with blisters.—Swelling of the tonsils, with sensation of contraction in the throat on swallowing.—Pain in the throat after injury from lifting.

APPETITE.—**Unpleasant taste in the mouth, mostly bitter, or sour, or metallic, especially in the morning.*—Insipidity, or insipid, or sour taste of food.—Burning and continual thirst, especially for cold drinks, and often with *total absence of appetite.*—**Hunger, a short time after having eaten.*—*Bulimia*, generally in the morning.—**Prolonged distaste for meat and hot food.*—**Repugnance to tobacco-smoke; desire for salt things, wine, and dainties.*—*Weakness of digestion.*—*After having taken milk, nausea or acid regurgitations.*—*After a meal, heat or inflation of the abdomen, with nausea and head-ache, pain in the abdomen or in the stomach, or else saivary flow, or dejection and desire to sleep.*—Eructations, with taste of undigested, bitter, or sour food.

STOMACH.—*Water-brash with every meal, and noisy and*

constant eructations.—*Regurgitation of sour substances.*—*Frequent nausea*, especially in the morning, in the evening, or at night, sometimes with shuddering, obscuration of sight and fainting.—*Sour vomitings.*—**Vomiting of food*, or of bitter slime, often with gripings and cramp-pains in the abdomen.—Black or sanguineous vomiting.—**Flow of saliva from the stomach*, even after a meal.—The vomitings appear chiefly in the morning, at night, or after a meal.—**Pressive pain*, or pinching in the stomach, or *cramp-like* and contractive pains, chiefly *after a meal*, and *often vomiting of food.*—Cramps in the stomach at night.—Pressure in the stomach, also when fasting, or with coughing, or with pressure in the hypochondrium, or also with squeezing as if from a claw, on walking.—Pinching, cutting, and pressure at night in the epigastrium.—Inflation and swelling of *the epigastrium* and of the region of the stomach, with painful sensibility of these parts to the touch.—Pain as of excoriation and burning in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains generally *shooting*, or *tensive*, or aching with swelling and induration of the *hepatic region.*—Painful traction from the hypochondrium and the back, with vertigo and obscuration of sight.—**Tension in the two hypochondria.*—*Inability to wear tight clothes round the hypochondria.*—Tension and inflation of the abdomen.—^o*Frequent gripings and shootings in the sides of the abdomen*, in children.—Colic, with *cramp-like*, and gnawing contractive *pains*, especially in the afternoon and sometimes with vomiting of food.—**Frequent attacks of cutting*, chiefly in the epigastrium.—**Stinging*, or *punching aching in the abdomen*, even without diarrhœa.—The pains in the abdomen appear chiefly in the morning, in the evening, or at night, as well as after a meal.—**Sensation of cold in the abdomen.*—Pain as of excoriation and burning in the abdomen.—^o*Swelling and induration of the mesenteric glands.*—**Enlargement and hardness of the abdomen.*—**Incarceration of flatulency.*—**Pressure of wind towards the inguinal ring*, as if a hernia were about to be established, with loud rattling and croakings.—Painful pressure, startings, cuttings and shootings, or heaviness and traction in the groins.—*Swelling and painful sensibility of the inguinal glands.*

FÆCES —**Constipation.*—*Evacuations interrupted*, sometimes hard and scanty, and often of undigested substances.—Ineffectual efforts to evacuate, sometimes with pain.—Difficult evacuation and only every two days.—*Relaxation of the abdomen*, frequent or continual; two evacuations a day.—Evacuations like clay, in small quantity, knotty, or

serous, or in the form of pap.—*White evacuations*, sometimes with streaks of blood and hepatic pains awakened by external touch or by respiratory efforts.—*Diarrhœa* during dentition.—Involuntary and frothy evacuations.—*Diarrhœa*, of a sour smell, fetid, or yellowish, in infants.—Escape of ascarides and of tenia.—Prolapsus of the rectum during evacuation.—Before the evacuation great irascibility.—After the evacuation, dejection and pain as of fatigue in the limbs.—Loss of blood from the anus during the evacuation and at other times.—Swelling, and **frequent appearance of hæmorrhoidal excrescences*, especially during the evacuation, with burning heat.—Cramps, tenesmus, and contraction of the rectum.—Burning in the rectum and in the anus, with itching and *°crawling*.—Burning eruption in the form of a cluster near the anus.—Excoriation of the anus, and between the buttocks and thighs.

URINE.—Tenesmus of the bladder.—*Too frequent discharge of urine*, even in the night.—Wetting the bed.—Deep-coloured urine, without sediment.—*Urine* fetid with white and mealy sediment.—*Discharge of blood instead of urine*.—Flow of blood from the urethra.—Abundant discharge of mucus with the urine.—*°Polypus* in the bladder.—**Burning in the urethra*, when making water and at other times.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Inflammation of the prepuce with redness and burning pain.—Aching and pain as from a bruise in the testes.—**Weakness of the genital functions*, and absence of sexual desire.—**Increase of sexual desire with voluptuous and lascivious ideas*.—*°Absence of pollutions*, or **too great frequency of them*.—**Erections of too short continuance*, and emission of semen too slow and too feeble during coition.—*°Lancinations and burning in the genital parts during the emission of semen in coition*.—After coition confusion of the head and weakness.—Flow of prostatic fluid, after evacuation of urine.—**Catamenia premature and too copious*.—*°Before the catamenia*; breasts swollen and painful, fatigue, head-ache, disposition to be frightened, colic and shivering.—**During the catamenia*; congestion of the head, with internal heat, or cuttings in the abdomen, and cramp-like pains in the kidneys, or vertigo, head-ache, *tooth-ache*, nausea, colic, and other sufferings.—**Miscarriage*.—*Voluptuous sensation in the genital parts, with emission*.—**Flux of blood at a time different from the catamenia*.—**Metrorrhagia*.—**Shootings in the orifice of the womb and aching pain in the vagina*.—Prolapsus

uteri, with bearing down.—*Itching in the womb.—Inflammation and swelling of the womb, with redness, purulent discharge and burning pain.—*Varices in the labia majora. *Leucorrhœa before the catamenia.*—*Leucorrhœa itching burning: also a leucorrhœal discharge of a milky appearance which passes in making water.*—Pain as of excoriation and ulceration in the breasts.—Swelling of the breasts.

LARYNX.—Ulceration of the larynx.—*Frequent or long continued hoarseness.—*Abundant collecting of mucus in the larynx and in the bronchiæ.—Cough, without expectoration, excited by a tickling in the throat, and often accompanied by vomiting.—Short cough in the day, as if from down in the throat.—Cough excited by playing the piano, also by eating.—*Cough in the evening, in bed, or at night, when asleep, or in the morning, and generally violent and *dry, sometimes even spasmodic.—Cough, with expectoration of thick mucus, or yellowish and fetid, generally at night or in the morning.—*Expectoration of purulent matter by coughing.—*Cough with expectoration of blood, pain of excoriation in the chest, vertigo, and unsteady walk.—*On coughing, pressure in the stomach, shootings or shocks in the head or pains in the chest.

CHEST.—Obstructed breathing on stooping, walking in the wind, or on lying down.—Disposed to take deep inspirations.—Sensation as if respiration were obstructed between the shoulder-blades.—Oppression of the chest, as if from congestion of blood, with tension, mitigated by bringing the shoulder-blades together.—Wheezing respiration.—Short breath, chiefly on ascending.—Anxious oppression of the chest, as if it were too tight, and could not be sufficiently dilated.—Great difficulty of respiration.—Sensation of fatigue in the chest after speaking.—Anxiety in the chest.—Pressure on the chest.—*Shootings in the chest and the sides, especially during movement, on breathing deeply, and when lying on the side affected.—Shocks in the chest.—Sensibility and pain as from excoriation in the chest, especially on breathing and being touched.—*Burning in the chest.—*Palpitation of the heart; also at night, or after a meal, sometimes with anxiety and trembling movements of the heart.—Lancinations, aching and contraction in the region of the heart.—Pricking shootings in the muscles of the chest.

TRUNK.—*Pains as of dislocation in the loins and back; and in the neck, as if caused by lifting a weight.—Shooting pains in the loins, back and shoulder-blades.—Nocturnal pains in the back.—Pains in the lumbar region, when riding in a carriage.—Drawing between the shoulder-blades, or aching

pain with obstruction of breath.—*Swelling, and curvature of the spine.*—*Stiffness and rigidity in the neck.—Hard and strumous swelling of the thyroid gland.—*Hard and painful swelling of the glands of the neck.*—Tumour between the shoulder-blades.—Suppuration of the axillary glands.

ARMS.—**Drawing pains in the arms, also at night.*—Cramps and cramp-like pains in the arms, hands and fingers.—*Sudden attacks of paralytic weakness in the arms.*—Acute, cramp-like pains in the fore-arms.—Boils on the fore-arm.—Pains as of dislocation in the wrist.—*Swelling of the hands.—**Sweating of the hands.*—*Arthritic nodosities; swelling of the wrist, and the joints of the fingers.*—Swelling of the veins of the hands.—Trembling of the hands.—**Hands and fingers as if dead, even in the warmth, and especially on taking hold of any thing.*—Warts on the arms and on the hands.—Boils on the hands and the fingers.—**Formication in the fingers, as when they are asleep.*—*Frequent paralytic weakness in the fingers.—Unwieldy movement of the fingers.—Contraction of the fingers.—*Panaris.*

LEGS.—*Drawing lancinations, or cutting, acute pains in the hips and in the thighs, chiefly when resting upon them.—Lameness, which results from stepping on the toes in walking.—**Weight and stiffness of the legs.*—**Cramps in the legs.*—Pain as of dislocation in the joints of the hips, the knees, and the feet.—The legs go to sleep on sitting.—Itching in the thighs and the feet.—*Varices on the legs—Drawings, *shootings, and acute pains in the knees, especially when standing, or sitting, or else when walking.—**Swelling of the knees.*—Tension in the ham, on squatting down.—**Cramps in the hams, the calves of the legs, the soles of the feet and the toes, chiefly on extending the legs, putting on the boots, and during the night.*—*Red spots in the leg.—*Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the legs.*—*Ulcers on the legs.—*Swelling of the malleoli and of the soles of the feet.—Inflammatory swelling of the instep.—Boils on the feet and legs.—**Burning in the soles of the feet.*—**Sweating of the feet.*—*In the evening coldness and numbness of the feet.*—*Painful sensibility of the great toe.*—**Corns on the feet with burning pain as of excoriation.*—Contraction of the toes.

35.—CALCAREA PHOSPHORATA.

CALC.—PH.—Phosphate of lime.—HERING.

N. B.—The preparation from which the following symptoms were obtained was procured by treating lime-water with phosphoric acid. WHEN IT IS TO BE APPLIED AS A REMEDY IT SHOULD OF COURSE BE PROCURED IN THE SAME MODE.

[CLINICAL REMARKS.—This remedy deserves attention in chronic rheumatism, and in head-ache dependent upon, or attended with accumulation of flatulence in the bowels. Administered internally it increases incontestably the presence of calcareous salts in the bowels, the blood, and the urine; and it has been administered with success, with the view of promoting the deposition of bone-earth in the bones. *Ed*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Rheumatic sufferings of every kind.—Pains in different parts of the body, which traverse the muscles into the very joints.—The loins, knees and thumbs are principally attacked.—Sleep early in the evening, with frequent waking during the night.—Restlessness for two or three hours after midnight.—Frequent dreams, sometimes with reflections; dreams of dangers and fires.—Transient, frequent shuddering.—Veins swollen.—The heat of the room appears insupportable.—Burning itching over the whole body.—Crawling over the whole body.—Ulcers.—Caries.—Sentimentality which causes one to be easily affected.—Ill-humour and aversion to labour.

HEAD—THROAT.—Vertigo with nausea.—Head-ache, with flatulency in the abdomen.—Head compressed, heavy and painful, on waking in the morning.—Painful sensation of fulness in the head, as if the brain were pressed against the cranium, increased by movement and by change of position, mitigated by lying still and quiet.—During the head-ache, face and head hot, with indolence and ill-humour.—The head-ache is aggravated in the open air, and by stooping.—Itching on the hairy scalp every evening.—°Redness in the face; red pimples, filled with a yellowish pus, with shooting pains on being touched.—Pain in the eyes and in the nose, as if foreign bodies were introduced into them.—Frequent sneezing, with flow of mucus from the nose, and salivation.—Blood follows blowing of the nose.—Accumulation of acid saliva in the mouth.—Sensation of contraction in the throat.—Sore throat, on waking in the morning, aggravated by swallowing.

STOMACH—URINE.—Nausea with vertigo, perplexity of the head, and confusion of ideas.—After taking coffee, nausea, pyrosis, head compressed and painful, and excessive ill-humour.—*Acute pains in the stomach, with great weakness, head-ache and diarrhœa; the least morsel, that is eaten, renews the pains in the stomach.*—Violent colic with inflation of the abdomen and great accumulation of flatulency, or with head-ache.—Difficult escape of wind,

without mitigation.—*Evacuations with abundant flatulency.*—Diarrhœa, with evacuations of purulent matter (!).—Diarrhœa, very fetid.—Frequent and copious emissions of urine, with lassitude and fatigue.—Urine deep-coloured and sometimes hot.—After evacuation of fæces and emission of urine, the genital parts feel relaxed.—Increase of sexual desire, in the morning with extraordinary enjoyment in coition.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES.—Deep and sighing respiration.—Crackling in the sternum.—Pain in the loins, on the least corporeal exertion, sometimes so violent as to cause one to cry out —**Rheumatic pains in the shoulder and in the (left) arm, also with swelling of the diseased part and febrile heat.*—Soreness, torpor, and *paralysis of the (left) arm.*—Paralysis of the joints of the hand and of the fingers.—Pain in the joints of the hands and of the fingers, *especially in the thumbs*, sometimes from a chill.—*Violent pains in the knees*, in the hips, and in the loins, aggravated by movement and especially by walking.

36.—CAMPHORA.

CAMPH. — Camphor. — HAHNEMANN. — *Duration of effect*: frequently for some minutes only.

ANTIDOTES: Op. nitr. spir.

COMPARE WITH: *Canth. cham. cocc. hyos. kal. laur. op. puls. rhus. stram. veratr.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto used against a few diseases only, such as *cholera*, *grippe*, some cases of *epilepsy*, *dropsical* affections, *typhus fever* (after *rhus.*) *encephalitis* (from a stroke of the sun?), and palliative as an antidote to several vegetable substances.—Against the poisonous effects of *opium*, *cocculus*, *cantharides*, and *musk*, and also of *spongia*, it appears to have a specific virtue.—The effects of *nitre* appear to be increased by the use of *camphor*.—Camphor has been heretofore recommended against *cramps in the chest caused by the vapour of arsenic* and that of *copper*, as well as against some kinds of *pneumonia caused by a chill*, &c., &c. [It deserves attention in *Erysipelas of the face*; *Putrid and black small pox*; *Putrid and nervous scarlet fever*, attended with violent inflammation and threatening gangrene of the throat. In *Apoplexia nervosa*; *nervous debility*, and excessive nervous irritation, especially from impotence.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Convulsions and cramps of different kinds.*—**Tetanus*, with loss of consciousness

and vomiting.—°Attacks of epilepsy with rattling in the throat, red and puffed face, convulsive movements of the limbs and even of the tongue, eyes, and muscles of the face, with hot and clammy perspiration on the hairy scalp and forehead; after the fit, drowsy sleepiness.—*Uncasiness, relaxation and heaviness over the whole body.—Sinking of all strength.—Fainting fits.—Cracking in the joints.—Rheumatic lancinations in the muscles.—Difficulty in moving the limbs.—Painful sensibility of the periosteum of all the bones.—Sufferings in consequence of a chill.—The majority of the *symptoms appear during motion*, or else at night, or are *aggravated by cold*, the open air and touch.—The symptoms often disappear as soon as attention is called to them.

SKIN.—Skin acutely sensitive, even to the slightest touch.—*Erysipelatous inflammations*.—*Skin bluish and cold with cold body.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep in the day.—*Drowsy sleepiness*, with incoherent words.—*Nocturnal sleeplessness* from nervous excitement.—Snoring and tossing during sleep.

FEVER.—*Excessive sensibility to fresh air*, and tendency to take cold.—*Coldness over the whole body, with deadly paleness of face, shivering and chattering of the teeth.—Heat of the body, with redness of face, especially in the cheeks, and in the lobe of the ear.—General heat, which becomes excessive on walking.—Pulse remarkably small and slow, or excessively quick and full.—Sensation of dryness on the whole cutaneous surface.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety with disposition to weep.—Quarrelsome and opposing humour.—Dulness of the senses.—*Loss of consciousness*.—*Delirium*.—Rage.—Loss of memory.

HEAD.—*Dizziness as from intoxication*, especially on walking.—*Vertigo and heaviness of the head, which obliges one to bend backwards.—Head-ache, as if the brain were bruised, or sore from a wound.—Dull head-ache above the os frontis with desire to vomit.—*Constricting head-ache*, especially in the occiput and above the root of the nose, greatly aggravated on stooping, lying, or when touched, and disappearing *as soon as one thinks of the pain*.—Cutting strokes in the head after one has lain down.—Pulsative head-ache at night, with shootings in the forehead and heat of body.—*Congestion of the head*.—*Inflammation of the brain*.—*Spasms which draw the head to one side*.

EYES.—Inflammation of the eyes.—Red spots on the eye-lids.—Trembling of the eye-lids.—*Eyes haggard and*

convulsed upwards.—Contraction of the pupils.—Obscuration of the sight.—Visions of strange objects.—*Photophobia.*—Every thing appears too bright and too brilliant.

EARS.—Heat and redness of the ears, especially in the lobes.—*Abscess in the auditory miatus*, with deep redness and pressive shooting pain.

FACE.—*Face deadly pale or deep red.*—*Erysipelas of the face.*—Convulsive distortion of the features.—*Convulsive tightening of the jaws.*

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache, as if from swelling of the sub-maxillary glands*, with sensation of lengthening of the teeth.—Acute blows in the roots of the incisor teeth.—Painful loosening of the teeth.

MOUTH.—Breath fetid in the morning.—*Foam at the mouth.*—Abundant accumulation of a clammy and slimy saliva.

THROAT.—Sore throat on swallowing, as if from excoriation of the throat; and causing itself to be felt even at night.—*Burning heat in the throat, from the palate to the stomach.*—More decided relish for all food and especially for broth.—*Bitter taste of tobacco and of food*, especially of meat.—Dislike and repugnance to tobacco smoke.—*Excessive thirst.*

STOMACH.—Desire to vomit followed by attacks of vertigo.—*Vomiting of bile or of blood*—At the conclusion of the vomiting, cold sweat, chiefly on the face.—Sensation of *burning and heat in the stomach.*—Pain as from a bruise in the epigastrium.—*Strong pressure in the epigastrium.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Cramps in the abdomen.—Drawing pain as from a bruise on the entire of the right side of the abdomen.—Sensation of fulness in the abdomen.—Sensation of coldness or of burning heat in the epigastrium and in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Constipation.*—Difficult evacuation as if from inactivity of the intestines, or from contraction of the rectum.—Blackish fæces.

URINE.—*Retention of urine.*—Urine flowing slowly and in a small stream.—Yellowish green, turbid and mouldy urine.—*Hæmaturia.*—Burning pain during the emission of urine.—Urine thick and red, with turbid and thick sediment.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Absence of sexual desire; impotence.*

CHEST.—Respiration deep and slow.—*Suffocating oppression of the chest, and constriction of the larynx, as if from the vapour of sulphur.—Excessive accumulation of mucus in the respiratory organs.—Cramps in the chest.—

Lancinations in the chest.—Palpitation of the heart, which can be heard striking against the sides, especially after a meal.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Tension and stiffness of the neck on moving it.—Drawing lancinations between the shoulder-blades while moving the arms.—Convulsive movement of the arms, which describe circles.—Pressure and acute drawing in the arm and fore-arm.—Pains as from contusion in the thighs and in the knees.—Cramp-like pains and acute drawings in the legs and in the instep.—*Cramps in the calves of the legs*.—Acute drawing in the extremity of the toes and under the nails in walking.

37.—CANNABIS SATIVA.

CANN.—Hemp.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : 2 or 3 days in acute diseases : 2 to 3 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTE : Camph.

COMPARE WITH : Arn. bry. canth. nux-vom. op. petrol. puls. stann.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the totality of symptoms, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be :—Hysterical complaints ? ; Complaints in consequence of fatigue and physical exertion ? ; Mania and other mental affections ? ; Scrofulous ophthalmia ! ; Cataract ; Obscuration and specks on the cornea ; Gastric and bilious affections ? ; Gastralgia ? ; Induration of the liver ; Colic ; Encysted ascites ? ; Obstinate constipation ; Cystitis, nephritis, dysuria, hæmaturia, and other affections of the urinary organs ; Urinary calculus ; *Acute Gonorrhœa* ; Leucorrhœa ? ; Sterility ; Abortion ; Catarrhal affections of the respiratory organs ; *Pneumonia* ; Asthmatic complaints ; Carditis, &c., &c.

[It deserves attention in congestion of the head ; in violent and exhausting hæmorrhage from the nose ; in profuse menstruation ; in weakness of vision dependent upon congestion of blood to the head ; in stammering ; chronic bilious vomiting, and enlargement of the prostate gland. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Acute drawing, and contractive pressive pains, *with sensation of paralysis* or blows and *deep shootings* in different parts, or else a sensation, as from being pinched with the fingers.—Rheumatic pulling during movement, as if it were in the periosteum.—*General dejection, with tottering and soreness of the knees*.—*Great fatigue from having spoken or written*.—Tetanus, chiefly in the upper limbs and in the trunk.—Several symptoms are

aggravated or provoked by the touch, the open air, and heat, as well as at night and after midnight.

SLEEP.—*Invincible desire to sleep during the day.*—Sensation of greater fatigue on waking in the morning, than when going to bed in the evening.—*Nocturnal sleeplessness.*—*Great anxiety of heart*, at night pricking and sensation of burning over the whole skin, as if from boiling water.

FEVER.—*Shuddering and shivering with thirst.*—*Uneasiness and external coldness.*—Coldness of the body, with heat in the face.—Pulse slow and scarcely perceptible.—Burning heat over the whole body at night.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sadness and indifference.—One is greatly offended by the least word.—Disposition to be easily frightened.—*Mania*, sometimes gay, sometimes serious or furious.—Irresolution and uncertainty in consequence of too fickle an imagination.—Frequently writing wrong.—*Vanishing of thoughts.*—Want of words.

HEAD.—Attacks of vertigo on walking, or when standing for some time, to such an extent as to cause one to fall.—Head-ache, as from a stone pressing upon it.—Pressure and tension in the temples.—Compression in the *sinciput*, from the margins of the orbit to the temples.—*Congestion of the head, with beatings in the brain*; cheeks red and hot.—Sensation in the hairy scalp, as if something were creeping on it, and frequent sensation, as if drops of cold water were falling on the head.

EYES.—Pressive pain in the balls of the eyes.—Cramp-like traction in the eyes.—Weakness and confusion of sight, on viewing objects either distant or near.—**Specks and opacity of the cornea.*—Appearance of a denticulated circle of whitish flames before the eyes.

EARS.—*Beating and pressure in the ears.*—Buzzing in the ears and sensation as if there were a film before them.

NOSE.—Swelling of the nose with copper-like redness.—*Heat and dryness of the nose.*—*Epistaxis*, preceded by a sensation of burning in the nose.

FACE.—Paleness of the face.—Crawling, itching, and soreness in the face, as if from salt.—Palpitation of the muscles of the face.—Heat of the face and redness of the cheeks.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth, with clammy saliva, and absence of thirst.—*Embarrassed speech*; at one time words are wanting, at another the voice fails.—Great anxiety produced when speaking, by pains in the back.

STOMACH.—Ineffectual eructations.—Regurgitation of

acid substances of a bitter sourness.—Nausea with desire for food.—Vomiting with sensation of strangulation, from the epigastrium to the throat.—*Vomiting of green bile.*—*Pain in the stomach, when touched, as if it were ulcerated.*—Attack of violent cramps in the stomach, with paleness and sweat of the face, pulse almost extinct, and respiration rattling.—Pressure, pinchings, and cuttings in the epigastrium and in the upper part of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain as from a bruise in the intestines.—Hard and painful swelling of the hepatic region.—Cramp-like pains in the epigastrium.—*Pulsation of the abdomen, as if from within outwardly.*—Painful jerks in the abdomen, as if it contained some living thing.—Shaking of the intestines, as if they were detached, in moving the arms.—Partial swelling of the abdomen, as if from encysted ascites.—Blows and pressure from within outwards, in the region of the groins.

FÆCES.—*Diarrhæa, accompanied by cramp-like pains in the abdomen.*—Pressure in the rectum towards the outside.—Sensation as if of a running of cold water from the anus.—*Constipation and hard fæces.

URINE.—*Urgent desire to make water, with pressive pain.*—Difficulty of making water, as from paralysis of the bladder; nocturnal strangury.—°Obstinate retention of urine.—Stoppage of the urinary ducts by mucus and pus.—Inability to retain the urine.—*Stream of water scattered.—°Emission, drop by drop, of a scanty and sanguinolent urine.—**Burning pain in the urethra and in the bladder, before and during the emission of urine.*—*Urethra inflamed and painful to the touch.—*Yellow and mucous discharge from the urethra.—Escape of a stone on making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Genital parts cold.—Itching and inflammatory swelling of the prepuce, glans and penis, with deep redness, and °phymosis.—Pressure in the testes and tension in the spermatic chord, when standing upright.—Swelling of the prostate gland.—*Erections with tensive pains.—Repugnance to coition, or strong excitement of sexual desire.—Sterility.—*Miscarriage with convulsions.*

LARYNX.—Accumulation of tenacious mucus in the larynx, with scraping, and difficulty of respiration.—Cough, violent and dry.—*Cough, with greenish and clammy expectoration.*—*Difficulty of respiration, as if there were a weight on the chest, with wheezing in the bronchia.*—Respiration short and oppressed.—*Respiration difficult, and possible, only when standing upright.—*Difficulty of respiration and*

oppression of the chest, with uneasiness in the throat.—
Respiration rattling.

CHEST.—**Shooting* in the bottom of the chest, especially when breathing or speaking, or during movement.—*Inflammation of the lungs, with greenish vomiting and delirium.—Painful strokes in the region of the heart.—Painful constraint and tension in the heart with *palpitation of the heart* and anxiety.—Beatings of the heart felt lower than in their ordinary place.

TRUNK.—*Pains in the back which impede speech and suspend respiration*—Shooting pain between the shoulder-blades.—Pressure towards the outside in the sacral region and coccyx.

ARMS.—Pain as from a bruise in the shoulder and in the fore-arm during movement.—*Cramps in the hands and the fingers*.—Sudden paralytic weakness of the hand, with trembling on laying hold of an object, and inability to hold it firmly.

LEGS.—*Cramps in the thighs, the calves of the legs and hams*.—Weakness, staggering, and pains in the knees.—Displacement of the knee-pan on going up stairs.—Pulsation and stretching pain in the feet, and in the joints of the foot, as if after a long walk.—Spasmodic contraction of the tendon of Achilles with violent pains.

38.—CANTHARIS.

CANTH.—Spanish fly.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : as long as — 30 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTE : Camph.

COMPARE WITH : Acon. hel. cann. camph. caps. chin. coff. coloc. laur. led. lyc. puls. rhus. seneg.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, will be found to be :—Dropsical affections ; Convulsions ; Icterus ? ; Madness, hypochondria, mania, and other mental affections ? ; Encephalitis, gastritis, hepatitis and other local inflammations ! ; Amygdalitis and other phlegmonous anginae ? ; Nephritis, cystitis, urethritis, hæmaturia, and other affections of the urinary ducts ; Gonorrhœa ; Chordee ; Satyriasis ! ; Priapismus ? ; Coxalgia ? ; Intermittent fevers, &c., &c.

[In strict accordance with the Homœopathic law, Cantharides, Phosphorus, Rhus, &c., &c., should form the main reliance of the physician in the cure of acute inflammation. It deserves attention in fever and ague with inflammation of the urethra ; in dentition-diarrhœas of children ; in ery-

sipelatous inflammations of the mucous membranes; in enteritis and peritonitis and other inflammations when they bear an erysipelatous character, and threaten to pass over into gangrene; in putrid and typhus fevers; in hectic fever from ulceration of the bowels; it is particularly indicated in inflammation of the womb and ovaries; it is of immense value in true erysipelas, especially when it threatens to pass over into ulceration or gangrene; in ulcers; pemphigus and other vesicular eruptions; in hydrophobia; acute inflammations of the eyes; in red shining and burning inflammation of the nose; in acute and intense and disorganization of the lips, mouth, tongue, throat, stomach, &c.; suppuration of the bladder; in acute catarrh, bronchitis and pneumonia; acute gout, rheumatism, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Burning pains, as if from excoriation* in all the cavities of the body.—Acute shootings towards the interior in the different parts.—*Drawing arthritic pains in the limbs, with affection of the urinary ducts, mitigated by rubbing.—Violent pains, with groans and lamentations.—Sensation of dryness in the joints.—Want of flexibility in the whole body.—Dejection and weakness, with excessive sensibility of all parts of the body; trembling and desire to lie down.—Prostration of strength, proceeding even to paralysis.—Convulsions, tetanus.—The sufferings show themselves chiefly on the right side, and are mitigated in a recumbent posture.—The symptoms are renewed every seven days.

SKIN.—Itching blisters, with burning pain on being touched.—Erysipelatous inflammations.—Ulcers with acute drawing pains, with profuse suppuration.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep, especially in the afternoon, with yawnings and stretching.—Sleeplessness without apparent cause.—At night, half sleep, with frequent waking.

FEVER.—Fever which manifests itself only by cold.—Coldness and shivering, *cutis anserina* and paleness of the face.—Thirst only after the shivering.—Sweat of the smell of urine:

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Dejection and disposed to weep.—Anxious inquietude, with agitation which forces one to keep constantly in motion.—Want of confidence in oneself.—Pusillanimity and timidity.—Disposition to be angry, and to fly into a rage.—Paroxysms of rage, with cries, blows and barkings, renewed on disturbing the throat and

at the sight of water.—Delirium.—Vesania.—Mania, with extravagant acts and gestures.

HEAD.—Vertigo with loss of consciousness, and mist before the sight, chiefly in the open air.—Head-ache which interrupts sleep at night.—Pressive lancinations in the head, which disappear in walking.—Acute drawing pains in the head, with vertigo.—Congestion of the head.—Beating in the brain and heart which mounts to the head.—Sensation of burning in the head, as if the interior were raw and sore, and inflammation of the brain.—Drawing, jerking and gnawing in the bones of the head.—Head-ache as if the hair were pulled.—Hair standing on end.—Head-ache proceeding from the nape of the neck and penetrating through to the forehead.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, with sensation as if the eyelids were excoriated, chiefly when they are opened.—Inflammation of the eyes with burning smarting.—Yellowish colour of the eyes.—Prominence and convulsive movements of the eyes.—The objects seem to be tinged with a yellow hue.

EARS.—Inflammation and burning heat of the ears.

NOSE.—Swelling of the nose, also in the interior, with redness and burning heat.—Fetid and sickly smells.—Coryza of long duration and catarrh, with copious flow of viscous mucus from the nose.

FACE.—Paleness of the face.—Face hollow, hippocratic, with features which express anguish and despair.—Yellowish colour of the face.—Erysipelatous inflammation and scaling off from the cheeks.—Burning redness and swelling of the face.—Swelling of one side of the face (the right side) with tension.—Swelling and inflammation of the lips.—Fissure and exfoliation of the lips.—Trismus.

TEETH.—Tooth-ache, generally drawing, aggravated by eating.—Fistula in the gums.—Ulceration of the gums.

MOUTH.—Taste of cedar-pitch in the mouth.—Inflammation of the mucous membrane of the mouth.—Phlegmonous inflammation of the interior of the cheek.—*Aphthæ* in the mouth.—Frothy salivation with streaks of blood.—Foam at the mouth.—Coagulated blood from the mouth.—Inflammatory swelling and suppuration of the tongue.—Weakness of the organs of speech, and languid speech.

THROAT.—Sore throat in swallowing.—Difficult deglutition, with strangulation in the throat, and nocturnal regurgitation of food.—Impeded deglutition, especially of liquids.—Burning in the throat in swallowing.—Inflammation and ulceration of the tonsils and of the throat.—Burning pains in the throat aggravated by drinking water.

APPETITE.—Loss of taste.—Taste of pitch in the mouth and in the throat.—Thirst, from dryness of the lips, with repugnance to all drinks.—Want of appetite, with disgust and repugnance to all sorts of food.

STOMACH.—Eructations, with burning sensation as from pyrosis, aggravated by drinking.—Sob-like eructations, which seem to take an inverse direction and to return towards the stomach.—Vomiting of undigested food.—Vomiting of bilious and slimy substances, or of blood.—Great sensibility of the precordial region.—Pressive fulness, with anxiety and inquietude in the stomach.—Smarting and burning pains in the stomach.—Inflammation of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Inflammation of the liver.—Stinging and contraction in the right hypochondrium.—Great sensibility of the abdomen to the touch.—Burning pain in the abdomen, also from the gullet to the rectum.—Burning pain above the navel on coughing, sneezing or blowing the nose, with yellowish spots on the part affected.—Inflammation of the intestines.—Dropsical swelling of the abdomen.—Incarceration of flatulency under the hypochondria.

FÆCES.—Constipation and hard fæces.—Diarrhœa, with evacuation of frothy matter or greenish mucus, with cuttings after the evacuation and burning pain in the rectum.—Dysenterical diarrhœa, with nocturnal evacuation of whitish mucus, and of solid pieces like false membranes, with streaks of blood.—Sanguineous evacuations.

URINE.—Retention of urine with cramp-like pains in the bladder.—*Urgent and ineffectual effort to make water, -with painful emission drop by drop.—*Difficult emission of urine, -in a weak and scattered stream.—Increased secretion of urine.—Urine pale yellow, or *of a deep and red colour.—Flow of sanguineous mucus from the vesica.—*Emission of blood, drop by drop.—Purulent urine.—*Burning smarting on making water.—*Cutting pains in the front part of the urethra, during the emission of urine and afterwards.—*Sharp, tearing, and cutting pains, -successive pullings and pulsations in the urinary organs.—*Inflammation and ulceration of the kidneys, of the vesica and of the urethra.—*Exceedingly painful sensibility of the region of the vesica, on being touched.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Draggings in the spermatic chord when making water.—Inflammation and gangrene of the genital parts.—Painful swelling of the testes.—Sexual desire greatly increased, with erections painful, frequent and of long continuance ; priapismus.—Ready emission, during

amorous caresses.—Spermatorrhœa.—After coition, burning pain in the urethra.—Catamenia premature and too copious, with black blood and pains during the flow.—Escape of mola, of fœtus, and of the placenta.—*Swelling of the neck of the matrix.—Corrosive leucorrhœa, with burning when making water and excitement of sexual desire.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness, with painful rattling of viscous mucus, copious, and coming from the chest, and with cutting shootings in the trachea.—Inflammation of the larynx.—Sensation of excessive weakness in the organs of respiration, when speaking and breathing deeply.—Voice feeble, timid, and trembling.

CHEST.—Respiration difficult and oppressed, by constriction of the throat, and dryness of the nose.—Suspension of respiration when going up a hill, with rattling in the chest and nausea.—Shootings in the chest and in the sides.—Burning pains in the chest, from whence small clots of blood are at times detached.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Acute drawing pains in the back.—Sensation of constriction in the spine.—Emprostotonos and opisthotonos.—Acute tractive pains in the arms.—Want of strength in the hands.—Pains in the hips with spasmodic sufferings in the urinary organs.—Acute tractive, piercing pains in the legs, from the feet to the hips.—Trembling of the legs.

39.—CAPSICUM ANNUUM.

CAPS.—Cayenne pepper.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: for 20 days, in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.—Capsicum is an antidote against *calad.* and *chin.*

COMPARE WITH: *Arn. bell. calad. chin. cin. ign. n-vom. puls. veratr.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—The cases in which this medicine may be employed appear from the ensemble of the symptoms to be:—Affections of persons of a *phlegmatic temperament*; Nostalgia; Megrim and hysterical cephalalgia?; Facial neuralgia?; Stomacace; Dysentery; Diarrhœa; Catarrhal cough; *Intermittent fevers*; effects of the abuse of Cinchona, &c., &c.

[It deserves attention in flatulent colic; in blind piles with intense burning smarting pains; in dysentery with violent tenesmus and profuse evacuation of blood; in hæmorrhoids; in chronic inflammation of the bladder; in excessive over-irritation of the mind, with fearfulness and caprice, loss of memory and mental confusion. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Aching pains*.—Drawing pains in the limbs excited by motion.—*Pain as from dislocation, with stiffness and crackling in the joints*, often at the beginning of a walk.—*Cramps in the body, with stiffness of the arms and legs and crawling and sensation of giddiness*.—*Repugnance to movement*.—The symptoms show themselves chiefly *in the evening and at night*, and are aggravated by the open air, contact and cold, as well as by beginning to move, and after having drunk or eaten.—Great sensibility to fresh air and to a current of air.—Sleeplessness without apparent cause.—Sleep full of dreams.

FEVER.—*Fever chills and coldness over the whole body, with ill-humour increasing with the cold, or else with anxiety, dizziness and dulness of the head*.—Shivering, coming from the back.—*Cold and shivering every time after drinking*.—**Fever with predominance of cold and with thirst, burning heat and mucous sufferings*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Aptness to be frightened*.—Discontent.—*Obstinate resistance*.—Strong disposition to take every thing in bad part, to fly into a rage, even on account of pleasantries, and to utter reproaches.—Capricious and exceedingly changeable humour.—Dulness of all the senses.—Want of reflection and awkwardness.—*Nostalgia with redness of the cheeks and sleeplessness*.—Disposition to jest and to utter witticisms.

HEAD.—Bewilderment of the head—*Intoxication, as if from spirituous liquors*.—*Head-ache as if the cranium were going to burst*, when walking or moving the head.—*Attack of one-sided head-ache, pressive, and shooting, with nausea, vomiting, and loss of memory, aggravated by movement of the eyes*.—Shooting, or acute drawing pains, especially in the sides of the head.—Pain of pressive severing in the brain, as if from fulness.—*Pulsative head-ache*.—Gnawing itching in the hairy scalp, with pain at the roots of the hair, after having scratched.

EYES.—Pressure in the eyes, as if from a foreign substance being introduced into them.—Inflammation of the eyes, with redness, burning pain, and lachrymation.—*Eyes prominent*.—*Confusion of sight*, especially in the morning, as if something were swimming on the cornea, admitting of momentary mitigation by rubbing.—Sight entirely extinct, as if from amaurosis.

EARS.—Acute drawing pains in the ears.—Itching and pressure in the bottom of the auditory tube.—Painful swelling behind the ear.—Diminution of hearing.

Nose.—*Epistaxis*, especially in bed, in the morning.—Painful pimples under the nostrils.—Dry coryza, with crawling and tickling in the nostrils.

FACE.—*Redness of the face*, often alternating with paleness.—Many small red spots on the face—Gnawing, itching tetter on the forehead.—*Pains in the face*, in the bones, when they are aggravated by the touch, or in the nerves, when they are aggravated during sleep.—*Dull pressure on the cheek-bone*.—Swelling of the lips.—Ulcerated eruptions and fissures on the lips.—Swelling of the lips.

TEETH.—Pains in the teeth as if they were set on edge or elongated.—Traction in the teeth and in the gums.—Swelling of the gums.

THROAT.—Burning blisters in the mouth and on the tongue.—Slimy saliva in the mouth.—Sore throat with painful deglutition and drawing in the pharynx.—Cramp-like contraction of the throat.

APPETITE.—Aqueous and insipid taste.—*Sour taste in the mouth*, and also a taste of broth.—Absence of appetite.—Desire for coffee, with inclination to vomit before or after having taken it.—*Pyrosis*.—*Desire to vomit*, felt generally in the epigastrium, with pressure on the part.

STOMACH.—Pain in the stomach, which is inflated.—Sensation of coldness in the stomach.—*Burning pain in the stomach and epigastrium*, especially immediately after a meal.—Shootings in the epigastrium, when breathing rapidly and deeply, when speaking and on being touched.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Abdomen inflated, almost to bursting, with pressive tension* and suspension of respiration.—Draggings and moving in the abdomen.—Strong pulsations in the abdomen.—*Flatulent colic*.—Protrusion, flatulent hernia in the inguinal ring.

FÆCES.—*Tenesmus*.—*Small dysenteric evacuations*, with discharge of slimy and sanguineous matter, preceded by flatulent colic.—Nocturnal diarrhœa, with burning pains in the anus.—Blind hæmorrhoids, with pains while evacuating.

URINE.—*Tenesmus of the bladder*.—Frequent,* urgent and almost useless efforts to make water.—*Burning pains when making water*.—Cramp-like and cutting contractions in the neck of the vesica.—Cutting and shooting pains in the urethra, also when not urinating.—Purulent running from the urethra, like a gonorrhœa.—*Flow of blood from the urethra*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Impotence and coldness of the genital*

parts.—Violent erections in the morning.—Trembling of the whole body during amorous caresses.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness.—*Cough more violent in the evening and at night, -with pains in other parts of the body, especially in the head and in the bladder, as if they were going to burst, or with pressure in the throat and ears, as if an abscess were about to open in them.—Cough after taking coffee.—Cough with fetid breath, and disagreeable taste in the mouth.

CHEST.—Inclination to breathe deeply.—Oppressed respiration, sometimes as if proceeding from the stomach.—Constrictive pain in the chest.—Shootings in the chest when breathing.—Pulsative pain in the chest, which suspends respiration, and which is increased by motion.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Acute drawing pains in the bones.—Stiffness of the neck.—Tension in the knees and heaviness in the calves of the legs when walking.—Stiffness of the arms and legs with formication as when they are asleep.

40.—CARBO ANIMALIS.

CARB-AN.—Animal charcoal —HAHNEMANN.—Duration of effect : for 40 days, in some cases of chronic diseases.

ANTIDOTE : Camph. (see carb-veg.)

COMPARE WITH : Carb-veg., and the medicines which are enumerated, under that title.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been as yet employed only against some species of *Gastralgia*, *Induration of the glands*, *Metrorrhagia*, *Arthritic nodosities*, &c.

[It has been used with success in scirrhus of the lips, thyroid glands, and those of the breasts and uterus; against enlargements and indurations of the parotid glands; coppery eruptions of the face and nose; it is said to reproduce milk in the breasts after weaning; it has been given with benefit against painful lumps in the female breasts, erysipelatous inflammation of the mammæ, and even against open cancer of the breast and womb; in induration with pain of the glands of the groin, arm-pits, neck, &c.; in habitual erysipelas of the face; induration and engorgement of the liver; *fistula in ano*; chronic constipation; vesical fistula; incipient laryngeal phthisis; induration of the pancreas, &c., &c. *Lil.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pressive pains in the joints, and the muscles of the limbs.—Burning pains.—Nocturnal pains in the joints.—Pains as from a bruise, want of strength, and crackling in the joints, which bend easily.—

° *Arthritic Stiffness* and gouty nodosities in the joints.—Tension in some limbs, as if from contraction of the tendons.—Spasmodic contraction of several parts.—*Tendency to suffer a strain from lifting a weight*.—Torpor of all the members, especially of the head.—Great fatigue and indolence in the morning.—*Great fatigue and weakness, produced especially by walking, with easy perspiration, chiefly when eating or walking in the open air.—° *Excessive sensibility to the open air*, and especially to the cold air of winter.—Ebullition of blood, and tendency to become easily overheated.

SKIN.—Itching over the skin of the whole body, especially in the evening in bed.—Erysipelatous inflammations.—° *Chilblains*.—* *Hard and painful swelling of the glands*.—Swelling of the external parts, with burning pain.

SLEEP.—*Late falling asleep*, and nocturnal sleeplessness, caused by *inquietude, anguish*, ebullition of blood, and fear of being stifled.—Frightful visions before going to sleep.—*Sleep, with many unquiet dreams, tears, talking, and hollow groans*.

FEVER.—*Shiverings*, especially in the evening, in bed, with perspiration during sleep.—*Excessive coldness of the feet and hands in the evening*.—Nocturnal heat.—* *Easy perspiration during the day, especially at a meal, or when walking*.—*Debilitating, and fetid sweat*, especially at night and in the morning, principally on the thighs.—Sweat which stains the linen a yellow colour.

MORAL SYMPTOMS —*Nostalgia* and mournful feeling of desertion, with *tears*.—Fear and terror, especially in the evening.—* *Discouragement and despair*.—* *Disposition to be frightened*.—Alternate feeling of gaiety and gloom, or of irascibility and ill-humoured taciturnity.—Confusion of ideas and dulness, especially in the morning.

HEAD.—* *Vertigo, especially in the evening or in the morning*, and sometimes with nausea on rising, after remaining long in a recumbent posture, or else with obscuration of the eyes, when moving the head.—Head-ache in the morning, as after a debauch.—*Head-ache in the open air and aggravated by damp weather*.—*Heaviness, especially in the occiput, with bewilderment*.—*Pressive head-ache*, even after a meal, and which forces one to close the eye-lids.—* *Congestion and internal heat of the head*.—Sensation of waving in the brain, at every movement.—Sensation of torpor in the head.—Acute, drawing pains in the integuments of the right side of the head.—Tension of the skin of the forehead and of the crown of the head.—Sensibility of the

hairy scalp to the pressure of the hat.—**Scabs and eruptions on the head.*

EYES.—Sensation as if the ball of the eye were detached from the socket with weakness of sight.—*Presbyopia with dilation of the pupils.*

EARS.—*Running from the ears.*—Confusion of hearing; sounds reach the ears indistinctly.—**Buzzing in the ears.*—Swelling of the periosteum behind the ear.—Swelling of the parotids.

NOSE.—End of the nose red and cracked, with burning pain.—Nose swollen with scabby pimples (as at the commencement of a cancer?).—Scaling off of the skin of the nose.—Painful sensibility of the bones of the nose.—Epistaxis, preceded by vertigo, or pressive head-ache.—**Stoppage of the nose.*—**Dry coryza.*—Fluent coryza, with loss of smell, sneezing and frequent yawning.

FACE.—Spots in the face, which are smooth, thickened and rose-coloured.—Shootings in the cheek-bones, in the teeth and jaws.—Painless copper-coloured eruption on the face.—*Erysipelas of the face.*—Swelling of the mouth and of the lips, with burning pain.—Blisters on the lips.—Lips cracked and bleeding.

TEETH.—Pulling odontalgia when eating bread, or with dull pulsation after drinking any thing cold.—Excessive looseness of the teeth.—Tractive pains in the gums.—Red and painful swelling and bleeding of the gums.—*Purulent blisters on the gums.*

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Fetid smell from the mouth.—Burning blisters in the mouth and on the tongue.—**Dryness of the tongue and of the palate.*—Sore throat, as if from excoriation, with scraping and shooting from the throat and the stomach.—Accumulation of mucus in the throat, with coughing and rattling.

APPETITE.—**Bitterness in the mouth, especially in the morning.*—Acid and mucous taste.—Repugnance to fat and tobacco-smoke, which cause nausea.—**Great weakness of digestion, to such an extent that almost all food causes sufferings.*

STOMACH.—Eructations with taste of food, or else *acid.—**Abortive eructations with pain.*—Pyrosis, with scraping in the throat.—**Hiccough after a meal.*—Flow of sour water from the mouth.—**Nausea, also at night.*—**Inspidity in the stomach, as if one were going to fall from weakness.*—Saliva from the stomach.—**Pressure in the stomach, as if from a weight, when fasting and in the evening, after lying down.*—**Cramp-like or contractive pains in the stomach.*—

*Burning pains in the stomach.—°*Squeezing in the stomach, as if with claws.*—Noisy grumbling in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain in the liver, as if from excoriation, when touched.—*Pressure and cuttings in the hepatic region.—Abdomen inflated and extended.—Constriction and squeezing, as if with claws, in the abdomen.—Cuttings and shootings in the groins.—*Inguinal hernia.*—**Loud rumbling* in the abdomen.—**Incarceration of flatulency.*—Fetid flatulency.

FÆCES.—*Ineffectual efforts to evacuate*; discharge of wind only.—Fæces hard and knotty.—*Frequent evacuations during the day.—Before the evacuation, drawing pain from the anus to the vulva.—Pain in the kidneys during the evacuation.—Burning, hæmorrhoidal tumours in the anus.—Burning pains and **shooting in the anus*, and in the rectum.—Excoriation and oozing from the anus.—Discharge of tenia.—Slimy oozing from the perinæum.—When riding on horseback one is easily galled.

URINE.—Urgent desire to make water, with more abundant emission.—Emission of urine at night.—Involuntary emission of urine.—Fetid urine.—Burning urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Absence of sexual desire.—Frequent pollutions, followed by weakness and anxious inquietude.—*Premature catamenia.*—**Leucorrhœa* burning, smarting, or which imparts a yellow tinge to the linen.—Serous and fetid lochia.—*Painful nodosities and indurations in the mamillary glands.—°Erysipelatous inflammation of the breasts.

LARYNX.—Oppression of the chest, especially in the evening and at night.—Aphonia at night.—Morning hoarseness.—Hoarse cough with pain as of excoriation in the throat.—*Dry cough at night.*—*Suffocating cough*, especially in the evening, after having slept.—Morning cough with expectoration, excited by a sensation of dryness in the throat.—Cough, with purulent expectoration, and shootings in the right side of the chest.

CHEST.—Panting respiration.—Rattling in the throat, in bed in the evening.—Oppressed respiration, especially in the morning and after a meal.—Suffocating constriction of the chest, especially in the morning, in bed.—Shootings in the chest, as if from an abscess, especially when breathing.—Sensation of coldness in the chest.—**Palpitation of the heart*, in the morning, evening, and when singing in the church.

TRUNK.—Nocturnal pains in the back.—Pressure and *shooting in the kidneys* especially when breathing deeply.—

Burning in the coccyx, when touched.—Burning pain in the back.—*Induration of the glands of the neck with shooting pain.*—Tetters under the arm-pit.—Moisture in the arm-pit.—*Induration of the axillary glands.*

ARMS.—Aching in the bones, raking pains in the arms—Pressure on the shoulders.—Pain as from dislocation of the wrist.—Torpor and numbness of the hands and of the fingers.—Painful tension and *arthritic stiffness of the joints of the fingers.*—Shootings in the fingers.

LEGS.—**Shooting pain in the hip*, which forces one to limp, attended with stitches.—Tension and contraction in the groins, which does not permit the legs to be stretched.—Tension in the hams and the instep, with contraction of the parts.—Pain as from excoriation in the knees.—Cramps in the calves of the legs, the legs and the toes.—**Pullings and shootings in the legs.*—Easy spraining of the feet and of the toes, when walking.—Coldness of the feet.—*Inflammatory swelling of the feet and of the toes*, as if they had been frozen, with heat and burning.—Burning pain in the toes.

41.—CARBO VEGETABILIS.

CARB-V.—Vegetable charcoal.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: for 40 days, in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Arsen. camph. coff. lach.—This medicine is an antidote against Chin. lach. merc. vinum.

COMPARE WITH: Ant. arsen. calc. carb-an. chin. coff. fer. graph. kal. lach. lyc. merc. natr. n-vom. puls. rhod. sep stram. Zinc.—This carbon, when indicated, will do good after: kal. lach. sep n-vom.—After this carbon: ars. kal. merc. will sometimes be found suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will appear to be:—*Evil effects* from the abuse of mercury, or of cinchona; Scorbutic affections; Weakness in consequence of loss of temper or in consequence of severe acute diseases; Nervous torpor, with want of reaction of the vital force (against the medicines); Paralysis; Ill-effects from lifting a heavy weight or from riding in a carriage; *Sufferings caused by warm* (and damp) *weather*; *Sensibility to changes of weather*; Rheumatic affections; Varices; Chilblains?; Induration of the glands?; *Miliary* or humid, *scabies*; Nettle rash; Putrid ulcers; Lymphatic abscess; Marks at the birth; Aneurisms; Icterus; Typhus fever, last stage, with almost complete extinction of vital force; Intermittent fevers, even those which the abuse of cinchona has rendered obstinate; Cephalalgia, especially that caused by a debauch, or by being

over-heated; Megrim; Falling off of the hair, in consequence of severe acute diseases; Ophthalmia, from having fatigued the sight too much.—Hæmorrhagia of the eyes; Purulent otorrhœa; Epidemic parotitis; Fluent coryza; Epistaxis; Humid tetters on the face; Pimples on the face, in young persons; Scorbutic affection of the gums; Stomacace; Angina in consequence of morbilli; Gastric uneasiness, in consequence of a debauch; Gastralgia of nurses; Gastralgia with sourness, or produced by stagnation of blood in the system of the vena portæ (after the use of nux-vom.); Asiatic cholera, with total absence of pulse; Colic, from the motion of a carriage; *Flatulent*, or *hæmorrhoidal colic*; Putrid or mucous diarrhœa; Blind or fluent hæmorrhoids; Wetting the bed, in children; Diabetes?; Menstrual colic; Leucorrhœa; Disposition to miscarriage, with varices in the parts; Inflammation of the breasts; *Catarrh and hoarseness*, also in consequence of morbilli; Grippe; Chronic *laryngitis* (with ulceration); Convulsive cough; *Flatulent asthma*; Paralytic Orthopnœa; Tuberculous phthisis (first stage); Chronic pneumonia?

[This remedy cannot be too highly recommended in chronic and obstinate intermitting fever of years standing; in tubercular and herpetic eruptions; chronic disgust for meat; suppuration of the bronchial glands, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Pains with anxiety*, heat and complete discouragement, or with dejection after the paroxysm.—*Acute pullings and arthritic pains*, with paralytic weakness, chiefly *in the limbs*, and sufferings from flatulency, or with difficulty of respiration, when the chest is attacked.—*Pain as from dislocation in the limbs*, or pain as if caused by a strain.—**Burning pains* in the limbs and in the back.—**Pulsation* in different parts of the body.—°*Trembling and jerkings* in the limbs by day.—**Ready numbness of the limbs*.—The majority of symptoms appear while walking in the open air.—*Emaciation*, especially of the face.—**Soreness of all the limbs*, especially *in the morning*, when one has just risen.—Great weakness of the flexors.—**Excessive dejection*, frequently proceeding to fainting, even *in the morning* in bed, or else at the beginning of a walk.—*Sudden prostration of the physical powers*.—General dejection towards noon, with desire to support the head and to repose oneself.—°*Paralysis and total absence of pulse*.—**Liability to take cold*.

SKIN.—Sensation of crawling over the skin of the whole body.—General itching in the evening and on becoming warm in bed.—*Burning sensation in different parts of the skin.*—**Eruption of small pimples like miliary scabies.*—**Nettle rash.*—*Tetters.*—Reddish brown streaks.—Ulcers, without pain, in the extremities of the fingers and of the toes.—**Fetid ulcers and easily bleeding, with burning pains, and discharge of a corrosive and bloody pus.*—*Chilblains.*—°*Varices.*—°*Plexus of the veins, formed by a dilation of the capillary vessels, with violent hæmorrhages, after the slightest injury.*—*Lymphatic swellings, with suppuration and burning pains.*—°*Induration of the glands.*

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep during the day, -disappearing when moving.*—**Sleep in the morning, or early in the evening.*—*Comatose sleep, with rattling in the throat.*—*Retarded sleep and *sleeplessness caused by uneasiness in the body.*—At night, or in the evening, when in bed, *head-ache, anguish, with oppression of the chest, jerkings and pains in the limbs, coldness in the hands and in the feet, &c.*—**Dreams frequent, fantastical, anxious and terrible, with talking, or with starts and fright.*

FEVER.—**Shivering and coldness in the body.*—*Febrile shivering in the evening and at night, followed by transient heat.*—**Nocturnal sweat.*—**Acid sweat in the morning.*—°*Cold sweat on the limbs and face.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Inquietude and anxiety, especially in the evening.*—*Fear of spectres, especially at night.*—Timidity, irresolution, and embarrassment in society.—Despair with tearful humour, and discouragement with desire for death, and tendency to suicide.—**Disposition to be frightened.*—*Irrascibility and passion.*—Sudden, and periodical weakness of memory.—*Slowness of the march of ideas.*—*Fixed ideas.*—°*Aversion to exertion.*

HEAD.—*Vertigo, after the slightest movement of the head, or after having slept, as well as when stooping and walking.*—*Vertigo with nausea, obscuration of the eyes, trembling, buzzing in the ears, and even loss of consciousness.*—*Head-ache from being overheated.*—*Head-ache with trembling of the jaw.*—*Nocturnal head-ache.*—*Cramp-like tension in the brain, or sensation, as if from contraction of the teguments of the head.*—**Heaviness of the head.*—*Pressive head-ache, especially above the eyes, in the temples and occiput.*—*Drawing pain in the head, coming from the nape, with nausea.*—*Shootings in the crown of the head.*—*Beating and pulsation in the head, especially in the even-*

ing, or after a meal, with *congestion of blood*, and heat or burning sensation in the head.—The head-ache frequently extends from the nape of the neck to the brain, and is sometimes aggravated after a meal.—*Acute, tractive pains in the teguments of the head, especially in the occiput and in the forehead*, often extending from the limbs.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp to external pressure (for instance, that of the hat).—*Readiness to take cold in the head.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—*Pains in the eyes, after having fatigued the sight*.—Pains in the muscles of the eyes, when looking into the air.—Itching, smarting, heat, **pressure and burning pain in the eyes*, and in the corners of the eyes.—*Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids*.—°*Bleeding of the eyes*, often with strong congestion to the head.—Shivering and trembling of the eye-lids.—*Myopia*.—"Insensible pupil.

EARS.—Otalgia in the evening.—In the evening, redness and heat, of the external ear.—*Want of cerumen*.—*Flow of fetid pus from the ear.—Obstruction of the ears.—Tingling and buzzing in the ears.—Swelling of the parotids.

NOSE.—**Itching in the nose*, with tickling and crawling in the nostrils.—Scabs at the point of the nose.—°*Obstruction of the nose*, especially towards evening, or serous flow, without coryza.—**Violent coryza*, with hoarseness and raucity of the chest, crawling and tickling in the nose, and ineffectual desire to sneeze.—**Frequent and continued epistaxis*, especially at night and in the morning, with paleness of the face, or else after having stooped, or after straining to evacuate.

FACE —**Paleness of the face*.—*Complexion yellow, grayish —°Face hippocratical.—Tractive pains, acute pullings, piercings, and burning pains in the bones of the face.—Swelling of the face and of the cheeks —°Tetters in the face.—Furunculi before the ear and under the jaw.—°Red pimples on the face (in young persons).—Swelling of the lips.—°*Lips cracked*.—Purulent blisters on the lips.—Fissures of ulcerated lips.—Eruptions, like tetters, on the commissuræ of the lips.—Twitching of the upper lip.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache*, with pulling or drawing pains; acute, or **contractive*, gnawing or pulsative pains, °provoked by taking any thing hot or cold, -as well as by too salt food.—°*Obstinate looseness of the teeth*.—*Opening, retraction, excoriation, and ulceration of the gums.—**Bleeding of the gums, and of the teeth*.

MOUTH.—Heat and **dryness*, or accumulation of water in

the mouth.—Roughness in the mouth and on the tongue.—Excoriation of the tongue, with difficulty of moving it.

THROAT.—Sore throat, as if from interior swelling.—Sensation of constriction in the throat, with impeded deglutition.—Smarting, **scraping and burning pain in the throat, the palate and the gullet.*—Soreness in the throat when coughing, blowing the nose, and swallowing.—**Rattling from much phlegm in the throat which is easily detached.*

APPETITE.—**Bitter taste.*—*Salt taste in the mouth and of food.*—Absence of appetite, or thirst and immoderate hunger.—*Chronic dislike to meat, milk and fat.*—Desire for salt food, or food sweetened with sugar.—**After a meal, -but especially after taking milk, great inflation of the abdomen, *sourness in the mouth, and sour risings.*—**Sweat, especially during a meal.*—Great heat after drinking wine.—After dinner, confusion of the head and pressure on the stomach, or head-ache, heaviness in the limbs and mental anxiety.

STOMACH.—**Empty or bitter risings.*—*Rising of food, and especially of fat food.*—**Sour risings, especially after a meal.*—Pyrosis.—*Illicough after every movement.*—Nausea, especially in the morning, after a meal, or at night.—**Continual Nausea.*—**Flow of water from the stomach, like saliva, even in the night.*—Vomiting of blood.—Heaviness, fulness and tension in the stomach.—**Cramps in the stomach, contractive, or pressive and burning, with accumulation of flatulency and great sensibility of the epigastrium.*—Sensation of scraping and of trembling in the stomach.—*'The pains in the stomach are aggravated or renewed by fright, opposition, or a chill, as well as after a meal, or at night, and especially after having taken flatulent food, *or else also by lactation.*—**Pressure in the pit of the stomach, as if the heart were going to be crushed, especially in nurses.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Pain in the hypochondria like that of a bruise, and especially in the hepatic region, principally when touched.*—*Shooting pain in the sides.*—**Tension, pressure, and shootings in the hepatic region.*—*Shootings in the spleen.*—*Pressure of the clothes on the hypochondria.*—*'Pains in the umbilical region when touched.*—Heaviness, fulness, **inflation and tension of the abdomen, -with heat in the whole body.*—Colic, from the motion of a carriage.—Pressure and cramps in the abdomen.—**Pain in the abdomen, as if from lifting a weight or from dislocation.*—Burning pain and great anguish in the abdomen.—Pinching in the abdomen, coming from the left side and extending towards the right side, with sensation of paralytic weakness

in the thigh.—*Production of much flatulency*, especially after a meal, and sometimes with sensation or torpor in the abdomen.—*Flatulent*, cramp-like colic, even at night.—*Borborygmi* and movements in the abdomen.—**Immoderate discharge of flatulency*, of a putrid smell —*°Aggravation of the abdominal sufferings* after the smallest particle of food.—The pains in the abdomen are often accompanied by inquietude and tears.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*.—Insufficient evacuations.—*Difficult evacuations*, without being hard, with urgent desire, burning pain in the anus, and pains similar to those of parturition, in the abdomen.—**Evacuations liquid*, pale or mucous.—Discharge of mucus and of blood instead of fæces, with crying of children during the evacuation.—*°Involuntary evacuation of putrid substances*.—Discharge of blood from the anus, with every evacuation.—After the evacuation, pressive pain in the abdomen.—**Large*, painful hæmorrhoidal tumours of a deep blue colour.—Fluent hæmorrhoids.—Shooting, **itching and burning pain in the anus*.—Discharge of tænia.—Discharge of a viscous and corrosive serum from the anus and rectum, especially at night.—Excoriation and oozing from the perinæum.

URINE.—**Diminution of the secretion of urine*.—**Frequent, anxious and urgent desire to make water*, day and night.—*°Wetting the bed*—Urine red, and very deep coloured, as if it were mixed with blood.—Copious urine, of a clear yellow colour, or thickish and whitish.—Smarting on making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*°Extraordinary flow of voluptuous thoughts*.—**Pollutions too frequent*.—**Too speedy emission in coition*.—Smooth, red, and running spots on the glans.—Discharge of prostatic fluid during defecation.—Itching and moisture on the thigh near the scrotum.—*°Pressure in the testes*.—**Premature and too profuse catamenia*, or too small, with discharge of pus.—Before the catamenia cramps in the abdomen and head-ache.—During the catamenia, vomiting, and pains in the teeth, head, kidneys and abdomen.—**Itching, burning, excoriation, aphthæ and °swelling of the vulva*.—Milk-white, thick and yellowish, greenish and corrosive discharge from the vagina.—Leucorrhœa before the catamenia.—Inflammation of the breasts.

LARYNX.—**Prolonged hoarseness and raucity of the voice*, especially towards the evening.—**In the morning and in the evening, hoarseness*, aggravated by prolonged conversation, and chiefly in cold and damp weather.—Scraping, crawling, and tickling in the larynx.—Cough excited by

a crawling in the throat, or with burning pain and sensation of excoriation in the chest.—**Cramp-like cough*, also with inclination to vomit and vomiting, three or four times a day, or else in the evening for a long time successively.—Cough in the evening before lying down or in bed.—When coughing, painful shootings in the head.—*Cough, with expectoration of greenish mucus, or of a yellowish pus.—Cough, with spitting of blood and burning pain in the chest.

CHEST.—*Dyspnœa* on walking.—*Great difficulty of respiration and *oppression of the chest*.—Fits of choking, caused by flatulency.—Painful beating in the head when breathing.—Frequent inclination to take deep inspiration.—Want of breath, especially in the evening in bed.—**Burning pain*, shootings, and *pressure on the chest*.—Compression and cramp-like constriction in the chest.—Tightness of the chest with a sensation of fulness and anxiety.—**Pain as from excoriation of the chest*.—Sensation of fatigue in the chest, and violent palpitation of the heart.—Rheumatic, drawing pains, acute pullings and pressure on the chest.

TRUNK.—*Rheumatic drawing pains*, acute pulling and shootings in the back, the nape of the neck, and the muscles of the neck.—Continual shootings in the loins, especially on making a false step.—Rigidity of the spine.—Itching pimples on the back.—Itching, excoriation and moisture under the arm-pits.—**Rigidity of the nape of the neck*.

ARMS.—Acute drawing and burning pains in the muscles and joints of the shoulder.—**Pullings and acute drawing pains in the fore-arms*, the wrist, and the fingers.—Relaxation of the muscles of the arms and of the hands, when laughing.—Tension in the joints of the hand as if they were too short.—Cramp-like contraction of the hands.—*Heat of the hands.—*Paralytic weakness of the wrists and of the fingers*, especially when laying hold of an object.—Fine, granulated, and itching eruption on the hands.—Ulceration of the extremities of the fingers.

LEGS.—Torpor and insensibility of the legs and feet.—*Drawing and paralytic pain in the legs*.—Acute pulling and drawing burning pains in the hip and knees.—Strong tension and cramp-like pains in the coxo-femoral joints, the thighs and the knees.—Inquietude and heaviness of the legs.—Tension and *numbness of the knees.—°Aneurism in the ham, with tensive pain, and pulsation.—Tetters in the knee.—*Cramps in the legs and in the soles of the feet*, and *at night, in the calves of the legs.—*Fetid and easi-

ly bleeding ulcers, in the legs.—Obstinate torpor in the feet.—**Perspiration of the feet.*—*Redness and swelling of the toes*, with shooting pain, as if they had been frozen.—Ulceration of the extremities of the toes.

42.—CASCARILLA.

CASC.—Croton Cascarilla.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—*Heat, with thirst and desire for warm drinks.*—Buzzing in the ears.—Internal and external heat of the ears.—Sore throat on swallowing, as if from an internal swelling.—Roughness of the tongue.—Bitter taste of the mouth and of tobacco smoke, for which one feels a repugnance.—Abortive eructations.—*Pressure in the stomach* as if from fulness.—*Pain in the stomach* as from concussion.—Heat in the stomach and burning pain in the epigastrium.—Tension and pressure in the hypochondria.—Movement in the abdomen, as if hot water were undulating there.—*Flatulent, pressive colic.*—*Evacuations, difficult, hard, broken, and covered with mucus, preceded by pinchings in the abdomen.*—Discharge of clear blood, with the evacuations.—Frequent emission of urine, even at night.—After the emission of urine, pain resembling excoriation, in the glands.

[It deserves attention in febris mucosa.—*Ed.*]

43.—CASTOREUM

CAST.—Fib. Castor.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—Medicine as yet very little known.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto employed only against some cases of *vomiting in pregnant women.*

SYMPTOMS.—Restless sleep at night, with *anxious agitation and starts with fright.*—Succussions of the limbs, after one has gone to sleep.—Anxious and frightful dreams.—*Predominance of cold* and shuddering.—Fits of shivering with icy coldness in the back.—Great sadness and excessive susceptibility with inclination to cry.

HEAD.—*Pain on the crown of the head, and beating in the head as if there were an ulcer in the brain, aggravated by touch and external pressure.*—Fulness and heaviness of the head as if it were going to burst.—Acute drawing pains in the forehead and temples.

EYES.—Pressure in the eyes, in the evening, with weakness of sight.—*Burning pain in the eyes, on viewing fixedly a distant object.*—Nocturnal lachrymation and agglu-

tion of the eyes.—Stars, clouds, and on viewing fixedly a distant object, mist before the sight.—Susceptibility of the eyes to the light of the sun and to that of candles.

EARS.—Acute dragging in the ears.—Tingling, buzzing and gurgling in the ears, dispersing as soon as the ear is stirred with the finger.

Nose.—Obstruction of the nose.—Flow of aqueous, acrid, corrosive mucus from the nose.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache* when eating, *excited by cold and relieved by hot things*.—Odontalgia, with acute drawing pains, or successive pullings excited or aggravated by touch.—Swelling of the gums at night, with acute pulling in the temples.

MOUTH.—Fetid odour from the mouth, perceptible to oneself.—Pulling and jerking in the tongue.—*Burning pain in the throat, as if from pyrosis*.

STOMACH.—*Burning thirst*.—Bitter eructations.—Regurgitation of a bitter sourness.—Disgust and constant nausea.—Vomiting of white, bitter mucus.—*Sensation of fulness and heaviness in the stomach*.—Sensation of numbness in the stomach.—Sensation of contraction and *pain as of ulceration in the epigastrium*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Most violent colic, with redness of the face and yawnings mitigated by external heat and by bending oneself double.—*Fulness and painful inflation of the abdomen, especially after a meal*.

FÆCES.—Urgent desire to evacuate.—*Diarrhœa* accompanied by shivering and by yawning, with *burning in the anus*, and preceded by pain in the abdomen with grumbling and borborygmi.—Evacuations of sanguineous mucus.

URINE.—*Frequent discharge of urine*, with burning thirst, day and night.—After the emission of urine, desire to vomit and disgust.—*Premature catamenia*, with pains in the head and in the loins, and pale and sickly complexion.—*Burning leucorrhœa*.

CHEST.—*Respiration difficult, deep, and slow*, or short and oppressed.—Short breath when ascending.—Pressure in the chest.—*Sensation of heaviness in the chest, especially when taking a full inspiration*.

EXTREMITIES.—Pain, as if from excoriation in the *sacral region* and back.—Drawing pains in the nape of the neck.—*Nocturnal dragging* in the shoulders and the arms.—Hot hands, with swelling of the veins.—Weakness of the lower limbs.

44.—CAUSTICUM.

CAUS.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: for 30 days in chronic diseases.

ANTIDOTES.—Coff. coloc.—n-vom. nitr-spir.—This remedy is an antidote against asa. coloc.—*Coffea tasta* and *phos* aggravate its sufferings.

COMPARE WITH: Amm. asa. bell. calc. cham. coff. coloc. ign. lyc. merc. natr. n-vom. phos. phos-ac. rhus. sep. sulph. veratr.—Causticum, when indicated, is of especial benefit after *asa. cupr.* and *sep.*—*sep.* and *stann.* will sometimes be found suitable after causticum.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used will be found to be:—Rheumatic and arthritic affections, especially *chronic arthritis*, spasms and convulsions of children and of hysterical persons; Epileptic convulsions (after the use of *cuprum*); St. Vitus's dance; *Paralysis*, especially that which manifests itself only on one side, or that which is the result of a suppression of some morbid secretion, or of some eruption, such as scabies, &c.; Encysted tumours; Warts; Excoriations of the skin; Scabies; Humid tetters; Varices; Melancholy, hypochondria, and hysteria; Megrin; Ophthalmia, also in scrofulous persons; Blepharophthalmia; Amblyopia amaurotica; Cataract; Otitis and purulent otorrhœa; Hardness of hearing; Chronic coryza, with obstruction of the nose; Prosopalgia; Paralysis of the face; Rheumatic and arthritic odontalgia; Scorbutic affection of the gums; Fistula of the gums; Paralysis of the organs of speech and dumbness; Paralysis of the organs of deglutition; Gastric obstruction, in consequence of indigestion; Hæmatemesis?; Gastralgia; Enlargement of the abdomen in children; Constipation; *Hæmorrhoides*; Fistula in the rectum; Incontinence of urine; Dysmenorrhœa; Hysterical spasms; Leucorrhœa; Excoriation of the breasts; Agalactia; Excoriation and convulsions of children; Catarrh and obstinate hoarseness; Aphonia; Chronic laryngitis (with consumption); Grippe; Spasmodic asthma?; Organic affections of the heart; Goitre; Weakness of the legs in children; Contraction and induration of the muscles, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Arthritic and rheumatic drawing and tearing pains*, especially in the limbs.—*Acute and violent pulling in the joints* and the bones, mitigated by heat and in bed —*Contraction of the tendons*, and stiffness in the flexors of the limbs.—Cramp-like contraction of several limbs.—Torpor and paleness of some parts or of the entire left side of the body.—*Paralysis*.—**Jerking and convulsive movements*.—*Convulsive attacks*, "with

cries, violent movement of the limbs, grinding of the teeth, smiles or tears, eyes half-closed, fixed look, and involuntary emission of urine; the fits are renewed by cold water, and are preceded by pain in the abdomen and in the head, frequent emission of urine, irascibility, and tears; after the fit the eyes are closed.—**Epileptic convulsions*.—Aggravation of the symptoms, generally in the evening, or in the open air, while those which have appeared in the open air disappear in a room.—*Coffee seems also to aggravate all the symptoms*.—The primitive symptoms are longer in showing themselves, than is the case with other medicines of long-continued action.—One-side sufferings.—**Insupportable inquietude in the whole body in the evening*, and when seated, with uneasiness in the heart.—*In the evening, great dejection and oppression of the whole body*.—**Paralytic weakness with trembling and tottering of the limbs*.—*Great sensibility to a current of air, *and to cold*.

SKIN.—Violent itching, especially in the back and in the calves of the legs.—Eruptions resembling scabies.—Miliary eruptions and urticaria.—Itching and humid *tetters*.—Gnawing blisters.—**Excoriation in children*.—Painful corns on the feet.—**Warts, -also with pain and inflammation*.—Panaris.—**Painful varices*.

SLEEP.—*Desire to sleep in the day*, like comatose somnolency.—Nocturnal restlessness, caused by anxiety, inquietude, dry heat and other inconveniences, with frequent starts.—Starts on going to sleep.—Frequent movement of the arms and legs during sleep.—**Anxious dreams*, about grievous things, or about quarrels, or confused and voluptuous, with talking and laughing.—At night, vertigo, pains in the head, dryness of the mouth, and painful heaviness of the legs.

FEVER.—**Violent shivering*.—Nocturnal shivering with pains in the back and followed by general sweat.—*Copious sweat, while walking in the open air*.—**Nocturnal sweat, sometimes of an acrid smell*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy and vexatious thoughts, by day and night, with tears*.—**Hypochondriac sadness*.—*Inquietude, apprehension and great anguish*.—Anxiety of heart.—Fear, especially at night.—Mistrust of the future.—**Discouragement*.—**Irascibility and passion*, with strong susceptibility of character.—Quarrelsome and cavilling spirit.—Little inclination for exertion.—**Disposition to be frightened*.—Weakness of memory.—Distraction.—Tendency to make mistakes when speaking.

HEAD.—*Confusion in the head*, as if it were compress-

ed.—Intoxication, feeling as if momentarily on the point of falling.—*Vertigo, with sensation of weakness in the head, and anxiety.*—Attacks of head-ache with nausea.—Head-ache in the morning sometimes on waking, with sensation as from a bruise in the brain.—Nocturnal pain in the head, as if from an abscess in the brain.—Dull and pressive *head-ache*, which renders one gloomy, and is felt chiefly in the forehead and in the occiput.—*Shooting pains, especially in the temples.*—Searching and sudden strokes in the head.—Congestion to the head, with ebullition and internal noise.—Tensive or compressive pains in the head.—The head-ache sometimes exhibits itself only on one side (the left).—Heat and sensation of burning in the head.—**Tightness and shootings in the head.*—Tension in the hairy scalp.—Sensation of torpor in the occiput.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, as if the pupil were dilating.—*Pressure in the eyes*, as if from sand, sometimes aggravated by touch.—Itching, smarting and burning pain in the eyes.* *Inflammation of the eyes and of the eye-lids.*—*Ulceration of the eyes.*—Lachrymation.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Difficulty in opening the eyes, with a sensation as if the eye-lids were swollen.—Visible tremor of the eye-lids.—Obscuration of the eyes, often sudden, and sometimes as if the eyes were covered by a skin.—*Sight confused, as if a gauze or mist were before it.*—**Darkness, which seems to dance before the eyes.*—*Lights and sparks before the eyes.—Photophobia.—Inveterate warts in the eye-brows.

EARS.—*Otalgia*, with outward pressing pain.—Shootings and pain as of excoriation in the ears.—*Swelling of the external ears*, with shooting and burning pain.—Discharge of fetid pus from the ear.—Itching in the lobe of the ear, as if from a tetter.—Loud resounding of noises in the ear, with hardness of hearing.—**Rumbling and buzzing, rolling and *roaring in the ears and in the head.*—Sensation of stoppage in the ears.

NOSE.—Itching on the point and wings of the nose.—**Eruption on the point of the nose.*—Inveterate warts on the nose.—Blowing of blood from the nose, every morning.—Epistaxis.—Loss of smell.—*Obstruction of the nose.—Dry chronic *coryza*.—Fluent *coryza*, with nocturnal cough, rough hoarseness and head-ache.—Discharge of fetid mucus from the nose.—Sneezing in the morning.

FACE.—*Yellow colour of the face*, especially in the temples, with bluish lips.—Burning sensation in the cheeks and especially in the cheek-bones.—Arthritic and tensive pains in the bones of the face, the cheek bones and jaws

—Swelling of the cheeks with pulsative pains.—Sensation of tension and of swelling under the jaw, which hinders one from opening it.—*Eruption of red pimples on the face.*—One-side paralysis of the face, from the forehead to the chin.—Cramps in the lips.—Excoriation and eruption on the lips and at the commissuræ of the lips.—Tetter on the lower lip.—Tensive, drawing pain in the jaws, with difficulty in opening the mouth.—Inflammatory swelling in the chin, with burning pain.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, excited by the introduction of air on opening the mouth.—Pain as from excoriation, or tractive pains and acute pulling, *beatings, or *-shootings in the teeth.*—**Painful loosening and elongation of the teeth.*—Fistulæ in the gums.—Prolonged ulceration of the gums.—*Painful sensibility, swelling, and easy bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth.*—*Accumulation of mucus in the mouth.*—Soreness and burning in the mouth, palate and point of the tongue.—Stammering, embarrassed, whistling, and very indistinct speech.—Paralysis of the tongue.—Distortion of the mouth and of the tongue when speaking.—Burning ulcer on the inner surface of the upper lip.

THROAT.—Sore throat by straining, as if it were lacerated internally.—Sensation of excoriation, roughness, scraping, and burning pain in the throat.—Stinging pain in the throat on swallowing.—Constant inclination to swallow, with sensation of swelling or contraction of the gullet.—Difficulty in swallowing, from paralysis of the organs of deglutition.—Sensation of coldness which ascends into the throat.—Dryness of the throat.—*Accumulation of mucus in the throat, and behind the palate, with expectoration by hawking and gagging.

APPETITE.—Putrid, greasy, rancid, or bitter taste.—Burning thirst for cold drinks and for beer.—*Aversion to sweet things.—At the commencement of a meal, loss of appetite and disgust.—Sensation as if one were suffering from indigestion.—Pressure in the stomach, after eating bread.—After every meal pressure in the whole abdomen, or in the stomach, or else nausea and inflation of the abdomen, or shivering or heat in the face.

STOMACH.—Empty eructations, with a taste of undigested food.—Ineffectual eructations, with choking in the œsophagus.—*Nausea, especially after or during meals, or else in the morning.—Sensation of faintness and lassitude.—Flow of water from the mouth, like saliva.—Vomiting of acidulated water, followed by acid eructations.—Vomiting of

food.—Nocturnal vomiting of coagulated blood.—*Pains in the stomach* with heat in the head, increased by every quick movement, mitigated by a recumbent position, and with shuddering, when the pains are aggravated.—**Aching, squeezing, as if from claws, with constriction and cramp-like pains in the stomach, and in the epigastrium.*—**Stinging pains in the epigastrium.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure of the clothes on the hypochondria.—Tension and *stitches in the hepatic region.*—Pains in the abdomen in the morning.—**Pressure in the epigastrium and hypogastrium.*—Painful and tensive *inflation of the abdomen.*—Swelling of the navel, painful to the touch.—°*Enlargement of the abdomen in children.*—Contractive pains in the abdomen.—Facility for taking cold in the abdomen, whence results diarrhœa, or pressure in the stomach.—**Incarceration of flatulency with hard fæces.*—Frequent small expulsion of offensive flatus.

FÆCES.—**Chronic constipation.*—*Frequent and ineffectual efforts to evacuate,* with pains, anxiety, and redness of the face.—The fæces pass off more easily, in a semi-erect posture.—Fæces knotty, or of a very small size.—°Fæces slimy and shining, as if composed of fat, or of a bright and whitish colour.—Diarrhœa in the evening and at night.—Diarrhœa, after the abdomen has been chilled.—Flow of blood and cutting pains in the rectum, during the evacuation.—*After the evacuation, anguish,* with palpitation of the heart and burning in the anus.—**Itching in the anus.*—In the anus, appearance of hæmorrhoidal tumours, which are hard, swollen, painful, and impede evacuation.—Walking and meditating aggravate the hæmorrhoidal pains, so as to render them insupportable.—Pressure in the hæmorrhoidal tumours of the rectum, so as to cause them to protrude.—°Fistula in the rectum.—Abscess in the anus.—Excoriating pains, and moisture at the anus.

URINE.—**Frequent desire to make water,* with thirst and scanty emission.—More copious emission of urine.—Emission of urine at night and wetting the bed.—**Involuntary emission of urine,* day and night, even when coughing, when sneezing, and when walking.—Acrid and corrosive urine, or pale, aqueous, of a deep-brown, or reddish colour.—Stringy mucus in the urine.—The urine becomes turbid, after settling.—Sensation of *burning on making water.*—Flow of blood from the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Increase of sexual desire.—°Defective erections.—*Frequent pollutions.—Escape of prostatic fluid after the stool.—Emission of sanguineous semen,

during coition.—Pressure and shooting in the testes.—Ulcers and itching scabs, on the interior part of the prepuce.—Red spots on the penis.—Copious secretion of smegma behind the glans.—Itching on the scrotum, glans and prepuce.—*Catamenia retarded*, but more copious, with flow of blood in large clots.—Before the catamenia, melancholy, pains in the loins and colic.—*Catamenia too feeble*.—*During the catamenia, pains in the loins*, cuttings and paleness in the face.—Excoriation between the legs, near the vulva.—*Dislike to coition in women*.—Cramps of the womb.—*Profuse leucorrhœa*, having the smell of the catamenia, or which flows in the night.—Breasts excoriated, cracked, and surrounded with tetters.—Want of secretion of milk.

LARYNX.—*Rough hoarseness*, morning and evening.—*prolonged hoarseness, with voice weak and stifled.—Aphonia from weakness of the muscles of the larynx.—Sensation of excoriation in the larynx, when not swallowing.—Hawking up of abundant mucus especially in the morning.—Cough, with short breath, and difficulty of respiration.—Cough, excited by speech and by cold.—*Morning or nocturnal cough*.—*Short cough, provoked by a tickling and a sensation of excoriation in the throat.—*Cough, dry, hollow, shaking, with sensation of burning and pain as from excoriation in the chest.—Rattling in the chest on coughing.—*Impossibility of expectorating the mucus, which is detached by coughing*.

CHEST.—*Breath short.—Attacks of spasmodic asthma.—Attack of obstructed breathing when speaking and walking quick.—Oppressiveness of clothes on the chest.—Pressure on the chest.—Shootings in the chest and thorax, on making a full inspiration and during corporeal exertion.—Attacks of cramp-like compression and constriction of the chest, obstructed breathing.—*Palpitation of the heart*.—*Oppression of the heart*, with melancholy.—*Stitches in the heart*.

TRUNK.—Pains in the loins which render the least movement exceedingly painful.—Aching pains in the loins when seated.—*Painful stiffness in the back, especially on rising from the chair.—Traction and acute drawing pains in the shoulder-blades.—Itching and crawling in the back.—*Stiffness and tension in the nape of the neck.—Miliary eruption on the nape of the neck, between the shoulder-blades.—Itching and humid tetters on the nape of the neck.—°Swelling of the cervical glands.

ARMS.—Pains in the arms at night.—Drawing pains and acute traction in the arms and hands.—Convulsive movements and shocks in the arms.—Itching and eruption

on the arms.—Warts on the arms.—Pressure on the shoulders.—Shooting pains in the front part of the arms from the fingers to the elbows.—*Sensation of fulness in the hands on laying hold of an object.—Drawing pains in the hands and the joints of the fingers.—Spasmodic weakness and trembling of the hands.—Paleness and painful torpor of the fingers.—*Contraction and induration of the tendons of the fingers.*—Itching tetters on the fingers.

LEGS.—**Pain as from dislocation in the coxo-femoral joint, with inability to walk and to continue standing.*—Pain as from a bruise in the thighs and legs whilst in bed, in the morning.—*Tensive stiffness in the joints of the legs and of the feet.*—*Drawing pains and acute traction in the thighs, legs, knees, and the feet, with swelling of the parts.*—*Unsteady walk and tendency to fall, in children.*—Skin marbled on the thighs and on the legs.—Tension and cramp-like pain in the legs and in the calves of the legs.—Cramps in the feet.—*Pains in the instep, ankle-bones, soles of the feet and toes, when walking.—Neuralgic pains in the soles of the feet.—*Contraction in the instep, with tensive pain when stepping.*—*Coldness of the feet.—**Swelling of the feet.*—Pains in the varices.—Crawling in the soles of the feet.—Gnawing blisters and ulceration on the heels.—Paronychia on the great toe.

45.—CHAMOMILLA VULGARIS.

CHAM.—Common Chamomile.—Hahnemann.—*Duration of effect: some days.*

ANTIDOTES: Acon. cocc. coff. ign. n-vom. puls.—*Chamomile is an antidote against: Alum. bor. coff. coloc. ign. n-vom. puls. senn.*

COMPARE WITH: Acon. alum. ambr. arn. ars. bar. bell. bry. camph. caps. caus. chin. cin. cocc. coff. coloc. fer. graph. hell. hyos. ign. ipec. Kal. led. lyc. magn. magn-m. merc. n-vom. petr. phos. puls. rhub. thus. sass. sep. stram. sulph.—Chamomile, when indicated, acts well after magn.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the totality of symptoms, the cases against which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—*Different affections of women and of children, chiefly lying-in women and new-born infants; bad effects from the abuse of coffee and of narcotic palliatives; suffering in consequence of a chill; affections arising from sudden grief or a fit of passion, rheumatic affections with fever; Convulsive and spasmodic attacks, principally in new-born infants, children during dentition, pregnant or parturient women, and hysterical persons; Fits of fainting or of hysterical weakness; Epileptic convulsions; Catalepsy; Nervous excitement; Atrophy and emaciation of scrofulous children?; Inflammatory swelling*

and induration of the glands; Miliary eruption (of children)?; *Excoriation of the skin* (in children); *Disposition for every wound to ulcerate*; Erysipelatous inflammations; Icterus; Lethargic state, with fever; *Inflammatory and nervous fevers, with delirium*; Intermittent fevers; Megrin and hysterical, and nervous cephalalgia; Catarrhal cephalalgia, caused by suppressed perspiration; *Ophthalmia and blepharophthalmia of new-born infants, in consequence of a chill* (and in arthritic subjects?); hæmorrhagia oculorum; Blepharospasma; Otagia; Parotitis; Erysipelas of the face; *Odontalgia, with swelling of the cheek and sub-maxillary glands*; Tooth-ache from the abuse of coffee, or in consequence of a chill; Difficult dentition, with diarrhœa, fever, convulsions, &c.; *Bilious and gastric affections*; whether from cholera or any other cause; Gastralgia, also from the abuse of coffee; Sour stomach in children; Acute hepatitis; Spasmodic or *flatulent colic*; Enteritis; Peritonitis; Protrusion of inguinal hernia?; Mucous or bilious diarrhœa; Cholera?; Dysentery?; Diarrhœa, caused by dentition; Lienteria?; Metritis?; Metorrhagia, also after accouchment; Abdominal spasms of pregnant and parturient women; Menstrual colic; Too violent pains after accouchment; Precursory symptoms (and bad effects of abortion); *Puerperal peritonitis*; Suppression of the milk; Milk fever; Excoriation of the nipples; Erysipelas on the breasts; *Induration of the mamillary glands*; Convulsions, cries, colic, diarrhœa, and excoriation of new-born children; *Catarrhal cough, with hoarseness*, chiefly in children and in consequence of a chill in winter, or in consequence of morbilli; Inflammatory affections of the respiratory organs? (Laryngitis? Bronchitis? Tracheitis?); Croup; Hooping-cough?; Suffocating cough, in children?; Spasmodic or flatulent attacks of asthma, chiefly in children; Sciatica; Cramps in the calves of the legs; &c. &c.

[It deserves attention in hot, even erysipelatous swelling of the cheeks, after taking cold, and attended with bilious symptoms, in inflammation of the cervical glands; in certain cramps of the stomach, when attended with spasmodic vomiting, &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Rheumatic, drawing pains, chiefly at night in bed*, with paralytic state and sensation of torpor in the parts affected, and inclination to move them continually; mitigation by external heat.—**Pains with thirst, heat and redness (of one) of the cheeks*, and hot sweat of the head, and hairy scalp.—**Pulsative pains, as if from*

an abscess.—*Over-excitement, and excessive sensibility of the nervous system, with great sensibility to pain, which appears insupportable and urges to despair.*—*Great sensitiveness to the open air, -and especially to the wind.—*The extremities feel, as it were, stiff and paralyzed.—Great weakness and inclination to fall, with prostration of strength to the extent of fainting as soon as the pain commences.—**Syncope* with sensation of sinking and insipidity in the precordial region.—°Attacks of catalepsy, with hippocratical face, cold extremities, half-closed eyes, dilated and dull pupils.—**Attacks of spasms and convulsions*, with face red and bloated, and convulsive movements of the eyes, eyelids, lips, muscles of the face and of the tongue.—°*Epileptic convulsions*, with retraction of the thumbs, and foam before the mouth, preceded by colic, or followed by a lethargic state.—Great desire to continue lying down; the child will neither walk nor be carried in the arms.—Cracking and pain resembling a bruise in the joints.

SKIN.—*Miliary eruption, -with itching and nocturnal tickling.—*Unhealthy skin; every injury tends to ulceration.—In the ulcers, crawling, itching, burning, and starting shootings, with excessive sensibility when touched.—Yellow colour of the skin.

SLEEP.—Sleepiness, during the day, without being able to sleep, on lying down.—**Coma and coma vigil*, -with tearing pain in the head and desire to vomit, or with feverish restlessness, short respiration and thirst.—**Nocturnal sleeplessness*, with attacks of anguish, -visions, and illusions of the sight and hearing.—**When sleeping, starts with fright, cries, tossing, tears, talking, raving, groans, snorting inspirations, "and separating of the thighs.*—Fantastical, lively, quarrelsome and vexatious dreams, with morose and sullen aspect.—Nocturnal delirium.

FEVER.—**Constant alternate succession of cold, or of partial shuddering, with partial heat, in different parts of the body.*—**General heat, especially in the evening, or at night in bed, with anxiety, thirst, redness of the cheeks, hot perspiration on the head, forehead, and hairy scalp; and sometimes, chiefly when uncovered, mixed with shivering or shuddering.*—**After or during the heat, sour sweat, which causes an itching in the skin.*—**Burning heat and redness (often only in one) of the cheeks, chiefly at night, with groaning, tossing, and coldness or heat in the rest of the body.*—Intermittent fever, with nocturnal aggravation, pressure in the pit of the stomach, desire to vomit, or bilious vomiting, colic, diarrhoea, and painful discharge of urine.—Nocturnal sweat, when asleep.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Attacks of great anguish, as if the heart would break, with complete discouragement, excessive inquietude, agitation and tossing, groaning and weeping,*—accompanied often also by drawing colic and pressure at the pit of the stomach.—**Disposition to weep and to be angry, with great sensibility to offence.*—**Quarrelsome and choleric humour.*—Mischievous disposition in children.—Mental excitement, with strong tendency to be frightened.—Hypochondriacal humour.—Patients neither endure to be addressed by others nor to be interrupted when conversing.—Taciturnity and repugnance to conversation.—State of distraction and inadvertence, as if plunged in meditation, with diminished comprehension.—Species of stupidity and apathy to pleasure and to external objects.—Desire for different things, which, when once possessed, are no longer desired.—Easily misapplying words when speaking or writing.—*‘Frantic and furious delirium.*

HEAD.—Intoxication and staggering, on getting up in the morning.—*Vertigo with fainting.*—**Vertigo with obscuration of vision.*—*Vertigo chiefly in the morning, or in the evening, or after a meal, or after taking coffee.*—*Headache on waking in the morning, or while asleep, sometimes with a sensation as if the head were going to burst.*—Pain as if caused by a bruise, and **pressive heaviness in the head.*—*Pullings, shootings, and beatings in the head, often only semi-lateral.*—Cracking in one side of the brain.—Hot, clammy sweat on the forehead and the hairy scalp.—Jerking pain in the forehead, chiefly after a meal.

EYES.—Pain as of a wound in the corners of the eyes.—Shootings, burning and heat in the eyes.—**Eyes inflamed, and red, with pressive pains, chiefly on moving the eyes and on shaking the head.*—Great dryness in the margin of the eye-lids.—*‘Inflammation of the margin of the eye-lids.*—*‘Swelling and redness of the eye-lids, with mucous secretion, *blearedness in the eyes and nocturnal agglutination.*—*‘Yellow colour of the sclerotica.*—Ecchymosis of the eye, and *‘hæmorrhagia oculorum.*—*‘Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids.*—**Jerking of the eye-lids.*—Eyes convulsed.—*Pupils contracted.*—**Sparkling before the eyes.*—Confused sight, most frequently morning and evening.—**Seeing but half of an object, when looking at any thing white.*

EARS.—**Otalgia, with drawing and tensive pains.*—**Shootings extending into the ears, chiefly when stooping, with disposition to be angry at trifles, and to take every thing in bad part.*—Tingling and **buzzing in the ears.*—Sensation, as if the ears were stopped, and as if a bird were scraping and flying about in them.—Sensitiveness of hear-

ing; music appears insupportable.—**Inflammatory swelling of the parotids*, as well as of the sub-maxillary glands and of those of the neck.—Discharge from the ears.

Nose.—Coryza, with *obstruction* of the nose.—Ulceration and inflammation of the nostrils.—*Epistaxis.—Very acute smell.

FACE.—**Face hot, red, burning, or redness and heat of one cheek, with coldness and paleness of the other*, or pale and hollow face, with distortion of features from pain.—*Swelling of the face.—°*Erysipelas of the face*, with hard and bluish swelling of one cheek.—Swelling of one temple, with pain on being touched.—°Shooting, drawing and pulsative pains in one side of the face.—Red miliary eruption on the cheeks.—Yellow colour of the skin of the face.—*Convulsive movement of the muscles of the face and lips.—Lips cracked, excoriated, and ulcerated.—Spasms in the jaws, with compression of the teeth.

TEETH.—**Odontalgia*, mostly of one side, and chiefly at night, in the heat of the bed, with insupportable pains which almost drive one to despair, with °swelling, burning of the gums, and painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.—*The pains are commonly drawing and pulling, or pulsative and shooting, or searching and gnawing in the hollow teeth, and they appear frequently after eating anything hot (or cold), and chiefly after having taken coffee.—Looseness of the teeth.

MOUTH.—**Dryness of the mouth and of the tongue*, or flow of frothy saliva.—**Putrid smell of the mouth*.—°Tongue rough and cracked, or loaded with a thick and yellowish coating.—Blisters on the tongue and also under it, with shooting pains.—°Apthæ in the mouth.—*Convulsive movements of the tongue.

THROAT.—Sore throat, with swelling of the parotids, °of the tonsils and of the sub-maxillary glands.—Pains in the pharynx, shooting and burning, or a sensation as if there were a plug in the throat.—Inability to swallow hot food, especially when lying down.—Burning heat in the throat, from the mouth to the stomach.—Deep redness of the parts affected.

APPETITE.—Putrid or clammy taste.—Acid taste in the mouth and of rye-bread.—**Bitter taste in the mouth and of food*.—Want of appetite and dislike to food.—Obstructed deglutition.—Aversion to or great longing for coffee, sometimes with desire to vomit, or even vomiting and attacks of suffocation after having partaken of it.—After eating, heat and sweat of the face, inflation and fulness of the

stomach and abdomen, risings and desire to vomit.—**Excessive thirst for cold drinks.*

STOMACH.—Eructations, which aggravate the pains of the stomach and of the abdomen.—*°Sour rising.*—Regurgitation of food.—*Desire to vomit after eating, and chiefly in the morning.*—Uncasiness and a sort of flabbiness in the stomach, as if it were going to sink away.—**Vomiting of food and of sour substances, with mucus.*—**Bitter, bilious vomiting.*—**Excessively painful pressure in the precordial region, as if the heart were going to be crushed, with cries, sweat, and anguish.*—*Pressive gastralgia, as if from a stone in the stomach, with difficulty of respiration, chiefly after eating, or at night, with inquietude and tossing, and renewed or mitigated by coffee.*—*°Burning pain in the pit of the stomach, and in the hypochondria.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Tension and anxious fulness in the hypochondria and in the epigastrium, with a sensation, as if all were pressed towards the chest.*—**Flatulent colic, with inflation of the abdomen and accumulation of flatulency towards the hypochondria and the inguinal ring.*—**Excessively painful colic, pullings and cuttings in the abdomen, sometimes in the morning, at sunrise.*—Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen, with constant movement in the intestines, and blue circles round the eyes.—*°Burning cuttings in the epigastrium, with difficulty of respiration and paleness of the face.*—**Shooting in the abdomen principally on coughing, on sneezing, and on touching it.*—*°Painful sensitiveness of the abdomen to the touch, with sensation of ulceration in the interior.*—**Pressure towards the inguinal ring, as if a hernia were about to protrude.*—**Abdominal spasms.*

ANUS AND FÆCES.—Constipation, as if from inertia of the rectum.—*Diarhœa chiefly at night, with spasmodic colic, mostly with slimy, and whitish or watery, or yellowish and greenish fæces, or mucus, also motley excrements, like beaten up eggs, or hot corrosive fæces, of a fetid odour, like rotten eggs, or evacuation of undigested substances.*—**Hæmorrhoids, with very painful fissures and ulcerations in the anus.*

URINE.—Desire to make water, with anxiety.—On making water, itching and burning in the urethra.—Urine hot and yellowish, with flock-like sediment or turbid urine, with yellowish sediment.—Involuntary emission, or feeble stream of urine.—Excoriation on the edge of the prepuce.—Catamenia suppressed, with swelling and pressive pains in the pit of the stomach and in the abdomen, labour pains

and general dropsy.—**Menstrual colic*, before the catamenia.—**Pressure towards the uterus, as if from the pains of child-birth*.—**Metrorrhagia*, with discharge of deep-red blood and of clots, and accompanied with labour pains.—Burning pains and smarting in the vagina.—Acrid leucorrhœa with smarting.—**Scirrhus induration of the mamillary glands*.

LARYNX.—**Catarrh and hoarseness*, with accumulation of tenacious mucus in the throat.—Burning pain in the larynx.—Spasmodic constriction of the gullet.—**Dry cough, produced by a constant titillation in the larynx*, and under the sternum, chiefly in the evening and at night in bed, continuing even during sleep, and sometimes attended with suffocation.—Anger excites cough (in children).—**Expectoration of mucus of a bitter or putrid taste*.

CHEST.—Respiration short, croaking, or wheezing and stertorous.—Deep respiration with evident elevation of the thorax.—Attack of suffocation, as if from constriction of the larynx or chest.—*Attacks of flatulent asthma, with anxiety and fulness in the precordial region*.—**Oppression of the chest*.—**Stinging in the chest, chiefly with reference to the act of breathing*.—Burning in the chest, with dizziness and anxiety.—Stinging in the region of the heart, with difficulty of respiration.

TRUNK.—Pains in the loins and in the back, chiefly at night.—Convulsions in the back, with throwing backwards of the head, and stiffness of the body as in tetanus.

ARMS.—Numbness and stiffness of the arms on laying hold of an object.—Convulsions of the arms.—**Nocturnal pains, with paralytic weakness in the arms*.—Swelling, or coldness and paralytic inflexibility of the hands.—Numbness or convulsive movements of the fingers.—Retraction of the thumbs.

LEGS.—**Paralytic and drawing pain in the hip and thigh, extending as far as the feet, chiefly at night*.—**Tension of the muscles of the thighs, and of the legs*.—**Cramps in the calves of the legs, chiefly at night*.—Paralytic tearing in the feet at night.—Burning and itching in the feet, as if from chilblains.—Swelling of the foot and of the sole of the foot.

46.—CHELIDONIUM MAJUS.

CHEL.—Great celandine.—HAHNEMANN.—A medicine as yet little known.

[CLINICAL REMARKS.—According to Orfila, this remedy when given in small doses, acts principally upon the liver and lymphatic system; in larger doses it excites inflammation and pain in the stomach, and causes

paralysis of the brain and spinal-marrow. It appears to act upon the venæ-portæ system, and to cause enlargement and induration of the liver; and deserves attention in dropsy dependent upon disease of the liver. Dioscorides, Galen, Forest and Lentilius, praise this remedy in the cure of jaundice and inflammation of the eyes; Recamier has used it with success in engorgement of the spleen; Creuzbauer, against gall stones; Linnæus, Lange and others, against inter- and remittent fever; Wendt against scrofula and glandular diseases; it also deserves attention in dropsy, piles, irregular menstruation, chronic eruptions, ulcers, herpes, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Paralytic traction and paralysis* in different parts of the body.—Attacks of torpor, with coldness and paleness in some parts, which appear as if they were dead.—Stinging, as if from pains in different places.—Cramp-like pains, great lassitude and indolence on waking in the morning.—Repugnance to motion, which is very painful.—Uneasiness without distinct pains and without disease.—Desire to sleep and to lie down, *without being able to sleep*.—Lateness of falling asleep.—When sleeping, starts, with fright, followed by head-ache.—Frequent and sudden waking, with profuse sweat, continuing while awake.—*Predominant shivering*, shuddering and coldness.—Dejection.—Apprehension and inquietude respecting the present and the future.

HEAD.—Vertigo, with dizziness and shuddering in the upper part of the body.—Dull pain in the head, with pulsation in the temples.—*Sensation of coldness in the occiput*, seeming to ascend from the nape of the neck towards the head.—*Crawling in the hairy scalp*.

EYES.—Pain above the eyes pressing on the eye-lids.—Agglutination of the eye-lids, and eyes dull, in the morning.—Dazzling spots before the eyes, with lachrymation on looking narrowly at an object.

EARS AND NOSE.—Stinging in the ears.—Sensation, as if wind were coming out of the ears.—Rumbling in the ears.—Itching in the nose.—Trembling and quivering in the point of the nose.—Dry coryza, with stoppage of the nose.

FACE AND TEETH.—Redness of the face, without heat.—*Itching tension and traction in the cheek-bone*.—Pain in the lower teeth, on being touched, with looseness of the teeth.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth with thirst.—Accumulation of water in the mouth.—Pain in the throat, as if choking from swallowing a very large morsel.—Tension in the region of the pharynx, with contraction of the throat and difficult deglutition.—Sensation of burning and roughness in the throat.

APPETITE.—Insipid or bitter taste.—*Inconvenience after having partaken* of curdled milk; sweet milk produces no

unpleasant consequence and is greatly desired.—Eructations with taste of food.—Hiccough.

STOMACH.—Gnawing and grubbing pains in the stomach, which disappear *after a meal*.—Cramp-like, contractive pains in the stomach—Cramp-like pains and pulsations in the pit of the stomach, with anxious respiration.—Coldness or burning in the stomach.—Stinging in the region of the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Colic with *cramp-like retraction of the navel*, and nausea.—Cuttings of long continuance, especially *after eating*.—Cuttings, alternating with soft evacuations.—Dull stinging below the navel, forcing one to bend double.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Fæces hard, knotty and difficult.—*Slimy diarrhœa at night*.—Urine pale, frequent and copious, or in too small a quantity.—*Catamenia too strong*, or retarded.

CHEST.—Respiration difficult and oppressed.—Cough, accompanied with deafness.—Pressure on the chest when breathing.

BACK.—*Pressing tearing in the back*, as if the lumbar vertebræ were going to break, when bending forwards or backwards.

ARMS.—*Paralysis of the muscles of the arms*, with difficult and painful movements.—Veins in the hands swollen.—Fingers dead, with bluish nails.

LEGS.—Paralysis of the thigh and knee, when putting down the foot.—Paralytic tractions from the hip to the toes.—Cramp and contraction of the soles of the feet.—Attacks of torpor, paleness and cold feet, which appear dead.

47.—CINCHONA OFFICINALIS.

CHIN.—Peruvian bark.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 40 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Arn. ars. bell. calc. caps. carb-v. cin. fer. ipec. merc. natr. natr-m. puls. sep. sulph. veratr.—Cinchona is an antidote against: ars. asa. aur. cupr. fer. hell. ipec. merc. sulph. veratr.—Its effects are aggravated by selen.

COMPARE WITH: Amm. arn. ars. asa. bar. bell. bry. calc. caps. carb-v. cham. cin. cupr. dig. fer. graph. hell. hep. iod. ipec. lach. merc. murac. natr. natr-m. n-vom. phos. phos-ac. puls. rhus. samb. sep. sil. stann. sulph. thuy. veratr.—Cinchona, when otherwise indicated, is of especial benefit after: Ars. ipec. merc. phos-ac. and veratr. and Ars. bell. puls. veratr. are sometimes suitable after quinquina.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed appear to be:—Affections of persons of a meager, dry, and bilious constitution, or leucophlegmatic persons with a disposition to dropsical affections, or to catarrhs,

colds in the head, and other mucous discharges, or to diarrhœa; Affections of females especially; Rheumatic affections; Sufferings after a fit of passion, a chill, or suppressed coryza; Ill effects from the abuse of tea; Sufferings of drunkards?; Asthenic inflammations; *Fatal effects of the abuse of mercury*; Arthritic complaints; Arthro-cace?; Hydrarthra?; *Dropsical affections*; Affections of the lymphatic system; Icterus; Chlorosis?; *Hæmorrhagia* especially when *caused by weakness*; Atrophy; *Debility*, especially in consequence of *debilitating losses* (of blood, semen, or other humours), or after severe acute diseases; St. Vitus' dance?!; Sufferings in consequence of the small pox or morbilli; *Fevers with bilious, gastric, mucous and rheumatic affections*; *Intermittent fevers*; Marsh fever; Typhus fever, even with symptoms of putridity; Slow fevers; Hypochondriasis, especially that caused by loss of humours; Rheumatic, catarrhal, and congestive cephalalgia; Megrim; Cephalalgia from suppression of a cold in the head; Ophthalmia, also in scrofulous persons; Amblyopia amaurotica, especially after excessive indulgence in alcoholic drinks, or in consequence of loss of humours; *Nasal* (and buccal) *hæmorrhagia*; Rheumatic or congestive prosopalgia and odontalgia; *Dyspepsia*, gastralgia, and other *gastric affections*, especially in consequence of *loss of humours* or of severe acute diseases; Cholera; *Bilious affections*; Icterus; Acute and chronic hepatitis?; *Enlargement and induration of the liver, or of the spleen*; Splenalgia?; Colic, also in consequence of morbilli; *Spasmodic and flatulent colic*; Tympanitis; *Ascites*, and encystic ascites; Vermiculous affections; Chronic enteritis, with diarrhœa without pain; Diarrhœa, even that produced by the small pox; Diarrhœa from weakness; *Lienteria*; Hæmorrhoidal complaints; Satyriasis?; Impotence; Leucorrhœa; Metrorrhagia, especially that caused by weakness; Catarrh of the respiratory organs; Grippe; Pleuritis; Pneumonia; Bronchitis; Hæmoptysis; Chronic pneumonia, with supuration; Suffocating catarrh; Gonitis, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tensive drawings, or jerking and piercing tearings, especially *in the cylindrical bones, with paralytic pains* and weakness of the parts affected.—*Tearing rheumatic pains* in the limbs, on beginning to walk.—**Pains and sufferings excited or aggravated by touch, at night, or after a meal.*—Inquietude in the parts affected, which obliges one to move them.—Sensation of torpor in different parts.—*Numbness of the parts on which one has*

lain.—*Hard and red, arthritic swelling of some parts.—**Dropsical swelling* of some parts or of the whole body.—Erysipelatous swelling of the whole body.—**Great general weakness, with trembling, difficult walking, and great tendency to perspiration when moving and sleeping.*—More than ordinary vivacity, with the eyes fixed.—Convulsive movements of the limbs.—*Over-excitability of the whole nervous system.*—Aversion to mental and corporeal exertion.—Fainting-fits.—Attacks of asphyxia.—**Atrophy and emaciation, especially of the arms and legs.*—Great sensibility when in a current of air, and sufferings on being exposed ever so little to it.—Heaviness of the whole body.

SKIN.—Excessive sensibility of the skin of the whole body.—**Yellow colour of the skin.*—Skin flabby and dry.—Piercing shootings and beatings in ulcers.—Burning or itching, especially in the evening in bed, sometimes with eruption of pimples, or prominent spots, as if from the sting of nettles.

SLEEP.—*Desire to sleep during the day, often with palpitation of the heart.*—Frequent yawning, with stretching.—**Retarded sleep, and sleeplessness, caused by a great flow of ideas.*—Raving on going to sleep.—**Sleeplessness with pressive pain in the head or bulimia.*—**Disturbed unrefreshing sleep.*—Starts, with fright, on going to sleep.—When sleeping, one lies on the back, with the head turned back, and the arms extended over the head, with slow respiration and with full and quick pulse.—Groaning and snoring during sleep, even in children.—**Painful, frightful dreams, which continue to produce agitation after waking.*—**Disordered, senseless dreams, after midnight, with a sort of dullness on waking.*

FEVER.—*Shiverings, with shuddering, or feverish trembling, commonly without thirst.*—Coldness of the body, with congestion to the head, heat and redness of the face and hot forehead.—General increase of heat, with swollen veins, without thirst.—*Shiverings with head-ache, nausea, adypsia, vertigo, congestion to the head, paleness of the face, coldness of the hands and feet, vomituration of mucus, &c.*—Shivering more violent after drinking.—**Heat, with dryness of the mouth and lips, which are burning, redness of the face, head-ache, morbid hunger, delirium, full and quick pulse.*—Heat, with prickings here and there, and burning thirst.—Heat, with desire to be uncovered, or shivering as soon as one is uncovered.—Quartan fever, or tertian, commencing chiefly in the evening or in the afternoon, or in the morning, with shivering and trembling, followed by heat and noc-

turnal sweat.—Fever, with pressive pain, and congestion to the head, soreness and swelling of the liver and of the spleen, bitter and bilious eructations and vomiting, yellowish colour of the skin and face, short convulsive cough, great weakness, pains in the limbs, and painful parts of the chest.—**The attacks of fever are often preceded by palpitation of the heart, sneezing, anguish, nausea, excessive thirst, bulimia, head-ache, pressive colic, &c.*—*The thirst generally takes place only before or after the shiverings, or during the sweat, rarely during the heat, and almost never during the shiverings.*—Pulse small and weak.—**Easy perspiration during sleep and when moving.*—**Nocturnal debilitating sweats.*—Oily sweat in the morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Apathy and moral insensibility.*—**Hypochondriacal dejection.*—*Great anxiety.*—Character too scrupulous.—*Discouragement.*—Discontent; one thinks oneself unfortunate, and ill-used by the whole world.—*Excessive irascibility, with pusillanimity, and inability to bear the least noise.*—Disobedience.—Contempt for every thing; every thing appears insipid.—Slovenliness, with easy tears, or with irritability.—**Fear of dogs and other animals, especially at night.*—*Great abundance of ideas and of projects, with slow march of thought.*—Dread of exertion.

HEAD.—*Dull confusion of the head, as if from prolonged watching.*—Vertigo on raising the head, especially in the occiput, as if the head were going to bend backwards.—Vertigo with nausea.—Attacks of head-ache, with nausea and vomiting.—**Head-ache as if from suppressed coryza.*—Heaviness in the head with beating.—Cephalalgia in the forehead, on opening the eyes.—**Pain as from a bruise in the brain, with pressive piercing in the crown of the head, aggravated by meditation and conversation.*—**Pressive head-ache, especially at night, with sleeplessness, or by day and aggravated in the open air.*—**Acute jerking or pressive pains in the head.*—**Head-ache, as if the head were going to burst.*—Piercing pains in the head, with violent pulsations in the temples.—*Congestion to the head, with heat and fulness.*—Movements and painful beatings of the brain, obliging one to elevate and depress the head alternately.—**Head-ache, increased by touch, movement, and walking, as well as by a current of air or by walking against the wind.*—Head-ache, which often attacks only one side.—**Sensibility of the exterior of the head, and even of the roots of the hair, when touched.*—Head-ache, as if the hair were torn out or the hairy scalp contracted.—Piercing pressing on the frontal elevation.—Sweat of the hairy scalp.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes, as if from pressure on the margins of the socket.—Pain, as if a grain of sand were introduced into the eye, when moving.—Painful soreness in the eyes.—**Inflammation of the eyes*, with heat, redness, burning and pressive pains aggravated in the evening.—Eyes dull.—Prominent eyes.—Cornea dull, as if there were smoke in the posterior chamber of the eye.—°Yellowish colour of the sclerotica.—Weeping, with crawling on the internal surface of the eye-lids.—Weakness of sight, preventing objects from being distinguished at a short distance.—When reading, confusion of letters, which appear pale and surrounded with a white edge.—Pupils dilated and deficient in sensibility.—Blindness, as if from amaurosis.—*Sparkling, black, dancing spots, and obscuration before the eyes.—Photophobia.

EARS.—Tearing in the ears, most in the external ear.—Stinging, buzzing and tingling in the ears.—Hardness of hearing.—Redness and heat of the external ear, and especially of the lobes.—Eruption in the concha auris.

NOSE.—Nose hot and red.—**Bleeding of the nose* and of the mouth.—Coryza with sneezing.—**Epistaxis*.

FACE.—Heat and redness of the face, especially of the cheeks and of the lobes of the ears.—**Complexion pale, earth-like, -sometimes of a blackish yellow*.—Face dejected, with the eyes sunk and surrounded by a livid circle, nose pointed.—*Face bloated.—*Rheumatic pains in the face.—*Lips dry, blackish.—Lips cracked.—Swelling of the lips.—Burning, itching blisters on the lips and tongue.—Pain and swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with jerking or drawing pains, provoked by the open air, or by a current of air.—**Dull and distressing pains in the carious teeth*.—*Pulsative odontalgia.*—The tooth-ache manifests itself chiefly after a meal, and at night, and is mitigated by strong pressure, or by closing the teeth; a slight contact aggravates it excessively.—Loose teeth painful only when masticating.—°Teeth covered with a black coating.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth.—Clammy mouth with insipid watery taste.—Tongue cracked, black, or loaded with a *yellow or white coating.—Burning stings in the tongue.—Painful swelling of the tongue towards the root. Loss of speech.—Flow of blood from the mouth.

THROAT.—Dryness of the throat.—Stinging in the throat, especially when swallowing, provoked by the least current of air.—Swelling of the palate and of the uvula.

APPETITE.—*Insipid, mucous, or watery taste, -espe-

cially after drinking.—Too salt taste, or *insipidity of food.—Sweetish taste in the mouth.—*Acid, or *bitter taste* of the mouth, and also *of food and drink*.—*Repugnance to food and drink*, with a sensation of fulness.—Sour taste of coffee and of rye-bread.—Bitter taste of beer and wheaten bread.—Dislike to butter, beer, and coffee.—Great desire for wine.—Dislike to water, with desire for beer.—**Burning thirst*; drinking often, but little at a time.—Bulimy, with insipid taste in the mouth, nausea, and desire to vomit.—Voracity.—Appetite only while eating, with indifference to all food.—**Desire for a variety of food and confused desire for dainties, without knowing exactly which*.—After each gulp of drink, shuddering or shivering, with corrugated skin, stitches in the chest, or colic.—Sour eructations and derangement of the stomach, after drinking milk.—*Great weakness of digestion; after the most moderate meal, *uncasiness, desire to sleep, great fulness in the stomach and abdomen*, lassitude and indolence, insipid taste in the mouth, hypochondriacal humour and head-ache.—*Eructations bitter, acid, or tasteless, especially after eating.—Nothing is digested after a late supper.

STOMACH.—*Eructations, especially after a meal, mostly bitter, acid, or tasteless.—**Eructations* with taste of food.—Pyrosis, accumulation of water in the mouth, inclination to vomit and pressure in the stomach, as soon as one has eaten the least thing.—*Acid vomiting of slimy matter, of water and of food.—°Vomiting of blood.—**Pressure in the stomach* with cramp-like pains, *especially after having eaten*.—Sensation of excoriation and pressure on the epigastrium, especially in the morning.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the hypochondria.—Piercing and pressive *pains in the hepatic region*, especially on being touched.—**Hardness and swelling of the liver*.—*Swelling and hardness of the spleen.—*Piercing in the spleen*.—Cuttings in the umbilical region, with shuddering.—*Strong pressure, as if from a hard body, and fulness in the abdomen*, especially after every meal.—**Dropsical swelling* of the abdomen, with asthmatic sufferings and fatiguing cough.—Partial swelling of the abdomen, as if from encysted ascites.—*Excessive inflation* of the abdomen, as if from a kind of tympanites.—Hardness of the abdomen, as if from induration of the viscera.—Colic, with insatiable thirst.—Excessively painful colic; cramp-like and constructive pains in the abdomen.—Inflammation and ulceration of the abdominal viscera.—Pressive piercing colic (under the navel) especially on walking quick.—Incar-

ceration of wind; escaping neither upwards nor downwards.—*Flatulent colic* in the depth of the abdomen, with contraction of the intestines, and pressing forward of wind towards the hypochondria.—*Escape of fetid wind*.—Pressure towards the inguinal ring, as if a hernia were about to protrude.

FÆCES.—Fæces small and slowly evacuated.—Difficult evacuation of soft fæces, as if from inactivity of the intestines.—Frequent evacuations of the consistence of pap or frothy.—Putrid or bilious evacuations.—**Slimy, watery, yellowish diarrhœa*.—*Diarrhœa after eating fruit*—**Loose evacuations, with excretion of undigested food*.—Diarrhœa, without pain, but with great weakness.—Blackish evacuations.—**White fæces*, sometimes with urine of a deep-red colour.—**Loose evacuations, chiefly after a meal or at night*.—Involuntary, liquid and yellowish evacuations.—Discharge of slime from the rectum.—Pressure and piercing in the rectum and anus.—Bleeding of the hæmorrhoidal tumours.—**Crawling in the anus, as if from worms*.—Discharge of lumbrici.

URINE.—Frequent and almost ineffectual urging to make water, followed by pressure on the vesica.—Urine turbid, whitish, with white sediment.—Urine deep coloured, with sediment like brick-dust.—Slow emission of urine, with feeble stream and frequent desire.—Wetting the bed.—Hæmaturia.

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Excitement of sexual desire, with lascivious ideas*, day and night.—Swelling of the testes and of the spermatic cord.—Drawing pains in the testes.—**Pollutions frequent, and too easily excited, followed by great weakness*.—*Congestion to the uterus*, with fulness and painful bearing down, especially when walking.—**Constant discharge of blood from the vagina, in clots*.—*Catamenia scanty*.—Painful induration of the neck of the matrix.—During the catamenia, startings with cramps in the chest and abdomen, or congestion to the head, with pulsation of the carotid arteries, puffed face, prominent and watery eyes, convulsive movements of the eye-lids, and loss of consciousness.—*Leucorrhœa*, also before the catamenia, and sometimes with cramp-like contraction of the uterus, and painful sensation of bearing down towards the groin and anus.—Watery and sanguinolent flux from the vagina, with clots of blood or of fetid pus, itching and excoriating the thighs.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness, indistinct speech, and low voice when singing, in consequence of mucus, difficult to detach

from the larynx.—Stinging and scraping in the larynx.—Short, dry cough, as if produced by the vapour of sulphur, in the morning, after rising.—*Suffocating, nocturnal cough, with pains* in the chest and in the shoulder-blades, *so as to make one cry out*.—*Cough, with difficult expectoration of slimy mucus of a clear colour with painful shocks in the shoulder-blades and vomiting of bile.—**Violent convulsive cough*, sometimes even with inclination to vomit.—*Cough provoked by laughing, drinking, eating, speaking, and by breathing deeply as well as by moving.—*Expectoration of whitish mucus, mixed with blackish particles.—*Cough, with expectoration streaked with blood*.—Expectoration of purulent matter when coughing.—*During the cough, pressure on the chest and pains as from excoriation in the larynx.

CHEST.—Difficulty of respiration and great oppression in the chest, with excessive anguish, as if from fulness of the stomach, or as if excited by too long a conversation.—*Suffocating fits*, from mucus in the larynx, especially in the evening and at night on waking.—*Respiration difficult, and possible only, when lying with the head very high.—Wheezing and groaning when breathing.—Respiration short and quick.—*Pressure on the chest*, sometimes as if from a hard body, especially on the sternum, and after a meal.—**Shooting in the chest*, when coughing and breathing.—*Stitches in the side*; with great heat, strong and hard pulse, and fixed look.—*Violent congestion to the chest, and violent palpitation of the heart*.

BACK.—Pains as from a bruise in the back and sacral region, on the least movement.—Pain in the loins at night, when lying on the back.—Pulsative, piercing pains in the back.—*Easy perspiration*, on the back and on the nape of the neck, from the least movement.—Pressure between the shoulder-blades, as if from a stone.—*Tractive and jerking tearings* in the renal region, the back, the shoulder-blades and the nape of the neck, with pains from moving the parts, and excited by the least movement.—Tension in the muscles of the nape and neck.

ARMS.—*Paralytic, jerking tearings in the muscles and bones of the arms, hands, and fingers, excited by touch*.—Tension and weakness in the arms and hands.—Extension of the arms, with contraction of the fingers.—Swelling, stiffness and pains in the joints of the fingers.—Blue nails.

LEGS.—*Paralytic jerkings, tearings in the muscles and in the bones of the legs, the thighs, the knees, the feet and the toes, especially when touched*.—The legs become easily benumbed

when seated.—*Weakness and want of stability in the coxo-femoral joint, the knees, and the ankle-bones, which bend when walking.*—Red and hard swelling of the thigh, painful to the touch.—*Arthritic swelling of the knees and of the feet, with heat, and painful sensibility when touched.*—Hard abscess, of a deep-red colour, in the calf of the leg.—Uneasiness in the legs; it is necessary to move them constantly.—*Swelling of the feet, sometimes with red spots, hardness, tension, and deep-coloured urine.*—Paralysis of the feet.

48.—CICUTA.

CIC.—Water hemlock.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* from 4 to 6 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Arn. tabac. (in case of poisoning).—Hemlock is antidote against op.

COMPARE WITH: Arn. con. lyc. mer. op. puls. thui. sil. veratr.—Hemlock, when indicated, exhibits particular efficacy after *lach*.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, appear to be:—Convulsions, hysterical spasms, epilepsy, Ecclampsia, Catalepsy, tetanus, trismus, and other *spasmodic affections*, especially in women and children, or *from the abuse of opium*; Evil effects from the introduction of foreign bodies (of a splinter, &c.) into the soft parts; *Humid and scabby tetters*; congestion and other *cerebral affections*, even when caused by concussion of the brain; Scald head; Amblyopia amaurotica, with cerebral affection; Otorrhagia; Hardness of hearing; Ozæna?; Facial tetters?; Crusta lactea?; Cancer in the lips?; Ulcers in the mouth (after the use of Laches); Trismus; Stammering?; Gastric affections; Vermiculous affections, with convulsions; Paralysis of the vesica?; Convulsions of paturient women; Cramps in the chest. [The Cicuta acts as a violent irritant upon the spinal marrow, and excites spasms or paralysis of the tongue, bladder, throat, diaphragm, eyes, abdominal muscles, &c.—It also causes inflammation and gangrene of the lungs, and serous exudation in the ventricles of the brain.—It deserves particular attention in affections of the spinal marrow and nerves, in *Dysphagia paralytica*, and *Paralysis vesicæ*, &c., &c.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Pains as from excoriation, or the infliction of a blow on several parts.*—**Trembling of the limbs.*—**Shocks, as if from electric sparks in the head, arms and legs.*—**Cramp-like contortions and jerking of*

the limbs.—**General convulsions and attacks of epilepsy*, sometimes with cries, *palleness or yellow colour of the face*, *closing of the jaws*, numbness and distortion of the limbs, suspension of respiration, foam at the mouth.—After the fit, the body remains insensible, and, as it were, dead. State of insensibility and immobility, and loss of consciousness and of strength.—**Attacks of catalepsy*, with relaxation of all the muscles and absence of respiration.—**Tetanus*.—**Drawing pains in the limbs*.

SKIN.—Burning itching over the whole body.—*Purulent eruptions*, with yellowish and burning scabs.—Lenticular pimples, of a deep-red colour.—Burning tickling over the whole body.

SLEEP.—Sleeplessness and nocturnal sweat.—**Half sleep*, with restless movements and confused dreams.—Frequent waking, with profuse sweat, but which alleviates.—Lively dreams of the events of the day.

FEVER.—*Shivering and perpetual desire to be near the fire*.—Coldness of the thighs and arms, with fixedness of look.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety and great facility to be deeply affected by hearing mournful stories.—Groans, complaints, and howlings.—Discontent and ill-humour.—Suspicion and mistrust, with misanthropy.—Disposition to be frightened.—Mania, with dancing, laughing, and ridiculous gestures.—Insanity.—Giddiness and absence of mind.

HEAD.—*Vertigo*, and staggering, *to the extent of falling*.—*Vertigo*, on rising in bed, with obscuration of sight.—Intoxication.—Head-ache above the sockets.—*One-sided head-ache*, with nausea.—Heaviness of the head, with dizziness.—Stupifying pressure on the forehead.—Diminution of pain in the head on rising and on passing wind.—°Head-ache, as if from concussion of the brain.—**Suppurating eruptions on the hairy scalp*, with burning pain.—Jerking and spasmodic shocks in the head, with retraction of the head.

EYES.—Burning pain in the eyes.—**Pupils*, either much contracted or dilated.—**Suspension of the sight*, with vertigo, when walking.—Look fixed, sometimes from a sort of absence of mind.—°Wavering of all objects before the sight.—Mobility of the characters when reading.—**Dyplopia*, or obscuration of the eyes, sometimes alternately with hardness of hearing.—Luminous and coloured circle around all objects.—Photophobia.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.

EARS.—Sensation of excoriation and pain as from contusion behind the ears.—**Purulent eruption, before, behind, and on the ears.*—Discharge of blood from the ears.—Hearing indistinct, sometimes alternation with obscuration of the eyes.

NOSE.—Pains as from excoriation and a bruise on the side of the nose.—*Scabs in the nostrils.*—Yellowish discharge from the nose.—Obstructions of the nose, with abundant secretion of mucus.

FACE.—*Paleness*, and coldness of the face, with cold hands.—Cheeks pale, with eyes sunk and surrounded by a livid circle.—Redness and swelling of the face and neck.—*Running, purulent, dark red eruption on the face*, with lenticular pimples, on the forehead.—Burning scabs, with yellowish serosity on the upper lip, the cheeks and chin.—*Painful ulcer on the lips.*—Painful swelling of the submaxillary glands.—**Trismus.*—*Disposition to grind the teeth.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Foam before and in the mouth.*—Whitish pustules, painful when touched, *and ulcers on the edge of the tongue.*—Speech embarrassed, with convulsive movements of the head and arms at every word that is uttered.—Dumbness.—Inability to swallow; the throat is, as it were, closed.

APPETITE.—Want of appetite, caused by a sensation of dryness in the mouth.—**Satiety*, and pressure in the stomach, after the first mouthful.—*Great desire to eat coal.*—Burning thirst, especially during the cramps.—After a meal, colic, cuttings, pressure on the epigastrium, and desire to sleep.

STOMACH.—Violent and burning hiccough.—Bitter and yellowish regurgitation on stooping, followed by a burning sensation in the throat.—Nausea in the morning and during a meal, sometimes with head-ache.—Vomiting of blood.—Vomiting, alternately with tonic spasms in the muscles of the chest, and convulsive movements of the eyes.—Burning pressure on the stomach.—Pulsative pains in the epigastrium, which is much inflated.—*Oppression and anxiety in the region of the epigastrium.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Colic, with convulsions*, as if from worms.—*Cuttings immediately after a meal*, with desire to sleep.—Pinchings and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Accumulation of flatulence, with anguish and ill-humour.—Pain as from ulceration in the groins.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Constipation.—*Too frequent liquid evacuations.*—Retention of urine.—*Frequent want to make*

water.—Involuntary urination as if from paralysis of the vesica.

CHEST.—Hoarseness.—**Difficult respiration* and want of breath.—Cough, with abundant expectoration.—Pressure on the chest, as if from a weight, with difficulty of respiration.—Tonic spasms, in the muscles of the chest, alternating with vomiting.—Heat in the chest.—Pain as from a bruise, and excoriation, in the lower extremity of the sternum.—Burning pain in the breasts.

BACK.—*Spasmodic bending backwards of the back.*—Tension above the shoulder-blades.—Pain from ulceration in the shoulder-blades.—*Tension as if from a wound in the muscles of the neck*, when bending the head back.—Swelling of the neck.

ARMS.—Pain of bruising or as from a bruise, or excoriation in the joints of the shoulder and in the fore-arms.—Sensation of heaviness and want of strength in the arms.—**Jerkings and convulsive movements in the arms and fingers.*—Fingers dead.

LEGS.—*Involuntary jerking of the lower limbs.*—Painful stiffness of the legs.—Trembling of the legs.—Bending of the feet, when walking.

49.—CINÆ SEMEN—(ARTEMESIA JUDAICA).

CIN — Mugwort of Judæa.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 14 to 21 days, in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTE: Ipec?—It is used as an antidote against chin.

COMPARE WITH: *Arn bell. bry. calc caps cham. chin. fer. hep. ignat. ipec. phos. subad.*—Cina, when indicated, appears particularly efficacious after *arn.* and *hyos.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Affections of children; Weakness from loss of humours; Atrophy?; Scrofulous affections; Convulsions, epilepsy, eclampsia, and other spasmodic affections; *Intermittent and marsh fevers*; Cerebral affections, encephalitis, acute hydrocephalus of children; Amblyopia amaurotica, even in consequence of masturbation; Gastric affections; *Vermiculous affections*; Wetting the bed; Hooping-cough; chiefly in scrofulous children or in those suffering from worms; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Paralytic, tractive pains in the limbs.—Pressure and squeezing, with dull piercings, or *cramp-like tearings*, pullings and jerkings, or burning piercings in different parts.—*Convulsions* and distortion of the limbs.—Nocturnal, epileptic convulsions, followed by

head-ache.—Epileptic convulsions, with cries, turning on the back, and violent movements of the hands and feet.—Tetanic stiffness of the whole body.—External pressure aggravates or renews the sufferings.—Painful sensibility of all the limbs, on moving and when touched.—The majority of the sufferings appear at night, or when seated, and are aggravated in the morning and in the evening.—Heaviness in the limbs.

SLEEP.—Frequent yawning, with trembling and shuddering.—**Nocturnal sleeplessness, with agitation, tears, cries, heat, and anguish.*

FEVER.—*Frequent shuddering, with trembling, even near the fire.*—*Quotidian fevers, or tertian, *with bulimia, nausea, clean tongue, diarrhœa, dilated pupils, and emaciation.—Shivering in the evening.—Great febrile heat, with delirium, tossing, and agitation.—*Heat, especially in the head, with paleness, or yellowish colour of the face, and livid circle under the eyes, or with redness of the cheeks.—°After the fever, head-ache.—Cold sweat on the forehead and hands.

MORAL SYMPTOMS —*Inclination to weeping and lamentation.—Child cries when it is touched.—Perpetual inquietude, with desire for things of all sorts, which are rejected some moments after.—Great anguish and anxiety, when walking in the open air.—Delirium.

HEAD.—Head-ache, alternating with pressure in the abdomen.—*Numb pressure as if from a load, which weighs upon the head, especially when walking in the open air.*—*Tearing, drawing cephalalgia, aggravated by reading or meditation.*—Dull pains in the head, with eyes fatigued, chiefly on waking in the morning.

EYES.—Pressure in the eyes, after fatiguing them by reading.—Convulsive movements of the muscles of the eye-brows.—*Confusion of sight when reading, which disappears on rubbing the eyes.*—*Pupils dilated.—Weak sight, with photophobia and pressure on the eyes, as if sand had been introduced into them.

NOSE.—Epistaxis.—**Desire to put the fingers into the nose.*—Flow of pus from the nose.—Violent sneezing, which causes sensation of pressure in the temples, and seems to be on the point of bursting the chest.—Fluent coryza, with sensation of burning in the nostrils.—*Stoppage of the nose.

FACE.—*Paleness of face, with livid circle under the eyes.*—Earth-coloured complexion.—*Face, puffed and bluish, especially round the mouth.*—°Face alternately pale and cold, or

red and hot.—Cramp-like pains and successive pullings in the cheek-bones.

TEETH.—Tooth-ache, excited by cold air and drinks.—Pains as from excoriation in the teeth.—Grinding of the teeth.

THROAT.—Inability to swallow, especially liquids.—Dryness and roughness of the mouth.

APPETITE.—Augmentation of thirst.—Hunger a short time after a meal.—Voracity.—**Bulimia*.—Aversion of the sucking-child to its mother's milk.—Bitter taste of bread.—Vomiting or diarrhœa after drinking.—**Vomiting of mucus and of ascarides*.—Vomiting with tongue clean.—Bilious vomiting.—Disagreeable eructations.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Obstinate pinchings in the abdomen.—Painful rolling in the region of the navel, which is very sensitive to the touch.—Pains of child-birth in the abdomen, as when the catamenia are about to appear.

FÆCES.—Loose evacuations of the consistence of pap.—Discharge of *ascarides* and of worms by the anus.—Diarrhœa of bile and of stercoraceous matter.—Loose, involuntary, whitish evacuations.

URINE.—Frequent want to make water, with profuse discharge.—*Wetting the bed*.—*Urine soon becomes turbid.—Involuntary emission of urine.—Catamenia premature and too abundant.—Metrorrhagia.

LARYNX.—Abundance of mucus in the larynx, which ceases not and forces one to hawk continually.—Cough, excited by taking a deep inspiration.—Small, hoarse, transient cough, in the evening.—*Dry spasms, hiccough*, with want of breath, anxiety, paleness of face, and groans after the paroxysm; or with stiffness of the body and bleeding from the nose and mouth.—*Cough, with sudden starts and loss of consciousness.

CHEST.—Difficulty of respiration and *anxious oppression of the chest*, as if the sternum were compressing the lungs.—Respiration short, often interrupted, or rattling.—Spasmodic rooting in the chest, as if it were going to burst.—Twitching and digging piercings in the chest.

EXTREMITIES.—Pains as from a bruise in the loins.—Drawing or jerking pains in the back.—Tearings and paralytic pullings in the arms —*Spasmodic tearings in the arms and in the hands*.—Contraction and jerking of the hand and of the fingers.—Weakness of the hand; it suffers everything to escape from it.—Paralytic or cramp-like pains, and pullings in the legs.—Cramp-like extension of the legs.

50.—CINNABARIS.

CINN.—Red sulphur of mercury.—HAHNEMANN.—*Usual doses* : 9. 30.—*Duration of effect* : three weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has as yet been employed only against *sycotic excrescences*. [It excites intense inflammation of the *Pleuræ costalis et pulmonalis*, with a sero-purulent exudation. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Coldness in the joints.—Pulling and shuddering in the arms and legs.—Paralytic pains in the limbs, with indolence and desire to sleep.—Nocturnal sleeplessness, which however does not fatigue.—Nightmare after midnight.

HEAD—NOSE.—*Violent and frightful attack of cephalalgia, in the sinciput and in the temples, mitigated by compression of the head.*—Stupifying buzzing in the head, a little after dinner, and in the evening before lying down.—Stinging in the integuments of the head.—Painful sensibility of the cranium and of the hair to touch.—Inflammation of the eyes with pressive stingings and constant lachrymation, when fixing them on an object.—Violent fluent coryza, with secretion of burning serum.

MOUTH AND APPETITE.—Burning, contractive sensation in the palate.—*Salivation.*—Nocturnal dryness and heat in the mouth and throat with much thirst.—Pressive contractions in the throat during deglutition.—Want of appetite with dislike for all food.—After a meal, disagreeable sensation of swelling over the whole body, with tightness in the chest and in the stomach.—At night, heat, which mounts from the stomach towards the neck and the head ; relieved by rising up in the bed.

FÆCES AND URINE.—*Evacuations, soft and frequent, preceded by pinchings in the abdomen.*—Obstinate nocturnal diarrhœa, without colic.—Pain as if caused by excoriation, in the urethra, when making water.

GENITAL PARTS.—Swelling of the penis.—*Pseudo gonorrhœa, with redness, and swelling of the prepuce.*—Granulated eruption on the glans.—**Condyloma.*—Sexual desire strongly excited and great inclination for coition with strong appetite for eating and drinking.—Violent erections in the evening in bed.—*Fetid and acrid sweats, between the scrotum and the thighs, when walking.*

CHEST.—Dry cough, with single shocks, when lying down.—Pulsative and piercing pains in the chest, especially when walking.

TRUNK.—*Tearing in the side of the back, even at night on*

moving in bed, mitigated by the heat of the fire.—Wrenching pain in the vertebræ of the neck.

EXTREMITIES.—Tearing in the arms when writing, mitigated by the heat of the fire.—Violent shooting pain in the arms.—Painful jerking of the leg, in the evening, after lying down.

51.—CINNAMONUM.

CINNAM.—Cinnamon.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been used, even by homœopaths, against some kinds of *metrorrhagia*, with excitement of sexual desire.

52.—CISTUS CANADENSIS.

CIST.—Cistus.—HERING.—Usual doses, 1 (scrofulous complaints). 15 (affections of the respiratory organs).

COMPARE WITH: Bell. carb. veg. phos., that may be administered alternately with cistus, when they are otherwise indicated.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be: *Obstruction of the glands*, with suppuration; *ulcers and other scrofulous affections*; *Scorbutic affections of the gums*; *Purulent otorrhœa*; *Caries in the jaw-bone*; *Chronic laryngitis*, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—In the evening pains in the knees, right hand and left shoulder.—Aggravation of sufferings in the morning.—Drawing pains in the muscular parts of the hands and lower extremities, with pains in the joints of the hand, fingers and knees.—Tearing and drawing pains in *all the joints*, especially in those of the knees and the fingers.—Swollen and ulcerated glands.—Pains, as from a bruise and sensation of lassitude in all the limbs.—*Cold feet.—*Tendency to chilliness.—Violent shivering with trembling, followed by feverish heat with red and swollen ears, and obstruction of the glands of the neck.—Heat with thirst, which forces one to drink abundantly.—Itching over the whole body, without eruption.—Every alteration greatly aggravates the sufferings.—Evil effects from vexation.

HEAD AND EYES.—Aching pain in the head, with pressure above the eyes and in the forehead.—Sensation of heaviness above the eyes.—Lancinations in the left eye.—Sensation in the eye, as if something were turning in it with piercings.

EARS.—Swelling from the ear to the cheek.—Swelling in the internal ears.—Ears stopped by swelling with dis-

charge.—^oDischarge of serum and of a fetid pus from the ears.

Nose.—Sensation of burning in the left nostril.—Inflammation and painful swelling of the nostril.—*Sneezing independent of coryza or any specific cause.*

FACE.—Sensation, as if the muscles of the face were drawn to one side.—Heat and burning in the bones of the face.—Transient heat in the face.—Vesicular erysipelas in the face.—^oCaries in the lower jaw-bone.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Gums, swollen, separated, easily bleeding, and presenting a disgusting appearance.—Soreness of the tongue, which appears as if excoriated.—^oDryness of the tongue and palate.—Periodical itching in the throat.—Tickling, and *pain as from excoriation in the throat*, especially in the morning.—^{*}*Constant sensation of dryness*, and heat in the throat.—Insupportable sensation in the throat, on swallowing the saliva to relieve the dryness.—^oSensation, as if there were sand in the throat.—^oAmelioration of the pains in the throat after a meal.—^oPains in the throat on breathing fresh air.—Sensation of softness in the throat.—^oLancinations in the throat from every motion, which cause fits of coughing.—^{*}Difficult expectoration of very tenacious mucus.

STOMACH AND FÆCES.—^oFrequent nausea.—Pains in the stomach, after a meal.—Stingings in the left hypochondrium.—Abundant flatulence and sensation of uneasiness in the abdomen.—Transient diarrhœa.—Diarrhœa after eating fruit.

CHEST.—^oFetid breath.—^oPains in the larynx.—Pressure on the chest.—Sensation of fulness in the chest.—In the evening, after lying down, crawling over the whole body, with difficult respiration and anxiety, relieved by the fresh air.—Cough excited by lancinations in the throat.—Expectoration of bitter mucus.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Under the shoulder-blade, a red spot, painful when touched, and followed by erysipelatous eruption, with burning pains which are aggravated by touch.—In the evening violent pains in the shoulder and in the chest, with desire to mitigate them by striking the affected parts with the fist.—Obstruction and suppuration of the glands of the neck.—Pains in the shoulder.—Pains as from dislocation of the wrist, with drawing and gnawing pains.—In the afternoon, violent pains in the hand which prevent one from making use of it.—Pains in the fingers when writing.—Tearing pains in the thigh, when walking.—Pains in the knees and thigh, when walking and

when seated.—In the evening, violent lancinations in the toe.

53.—CITRICUM ACIDUM.

CITR.—Citric acid.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which is used as an antidote against *euphorb.* and *stram.*, and which, in a case of poisoning by this latter substance has been employed with great success.—The dose in this case was the *natural juice of the lemon*, as it is found in the fruit, administered by small spoonfulls.

SYMPTOMS which, in the case cited, were removed by the lemon juice —“Attacks of convulsions, with violent motion of the hands and feet, eyes convulsed, look fixed, salivation, dilated pupils, red and puffed face.—“Loss of reason and disposition to be frightened.—“Pulse small and quick.—“Light renews or provokes the convulsions.

54.—CLEMATIS ERECTA.

CLEM.—Upright virgin's-bower.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : for 6 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Bry. Camph.

COMPARE WITH : Bell. bry. rhus. sass.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be :—Sufferings from the abuse of mercury ; *Articular rheumatism*, chiefly caused by suppressed gonorrhœa ; *Eruption and scabby tetters* ; Fungous excrescences ? ; Cancerous ulcers ? ; Melancholy ? ; Megrim, and other kinds of cephalalgia ? ; Scald-head ? ; Chronic ophthalmia ; Cancer of the lips ? ; Spasmodic contraction of the urethra, orchitis, obstruction and induration of the testes and other affections of the urinary organs and of the genital parts, caused by suppressed gonorrhœa ; Chronic gonorrhœa ? ; Obstruction and induration of the glands ; Arthritic nodosities ; Cancer of the breast ? ; &c.

[It deserves attention in swelling of the inguinal glands, scirrhus enlargement of the lips, and female breasts ; in ulceration of the bladder and kidneys ; in malignant herpes and ulcers ; in dissection-wounds, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Convulsive movements of the muscles in different parts of the body.—*Relaxation of the muscles.*—*Great emaciation.*—Fatigue of all the limbs, especially after a meal, with throbbing in all the arteries.—*Vibration through the whole body*, after lying down.

SKIN.—“Obstinate miliary eruptions.—“Vesicular eruptions on the body.—“*Scaly tetters* discharging a yellowish and corrosive sanious pus, and attended with redness, heat

and swelling of the skin.—*Obstinate tetters*, red and moist with insupportable itching in the heat of the bed.—The tetters are red and humid while the moon is increasing, and pale and dry when the moon is waning.—Burning crawling and pulsation in the ulcers, with lancinations in the edges when touched.—Psoric pustules over the whole body.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep in the day, even in the morning after rising.—Restlessness in the evening and at night.—Sleep after frequent wakings, agitation and tossing.—In the morning, sensation as if one had not slept enough.

FEVER.—Quartan fever, which consists in shuddering, followed by sweat—Sweat on waking, and sensitiveness of the skin, which renders the removal of covering intolerable.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Sadness and apprehension*.—Moroseness.—Aversion to conversation.—Indifference.

HEAD.—In the morning, confusion and heaviness of the head.—Aching tension in the forehead and sides of the head, as well as in the bones of the cranium.—Searching pressure on the brain.—Piercing in the temples.—Hammering and beating in the head.—Purulent pimples on the forehead, painful when touched.—Burning cutting pains in the skin of the forehead.—Eruptions on the head.—Moist phlyctænæ on the occiput and nape of the neck.

EYES AND EARS.—Pressure on the ball of the eye.—*Smarting in the eyes and margin of the eye-lids*, especially on closing them.—Lancinations in the corners of the eyes.—**Inflammation of the eyes*, with profuse lachrymation.—Inflammation and ulceration of the margins of the eye-lids.—Photophobia.—Burning pain in the exterior of the ear.—Tingling in the ear.

NOSE.—Purulent pimples, painful when touched, on the root and point of the nose.—Flowing coryza, with abundant secretion of mucus.

FACE.—*Face pale and sickly*.—Sensation of burning in the skin of the cheeks.—Cutting burning pains in the lower lip.—Phlectenoidal eruptions on the lip.—White vesicles on the nose and on the face, as if from exposure to the sun.—Purulent pimples on the chin.—Swelling of the submaxillary glands into hard, tensive, pulsating nodosities, which are painful to the touch.

TEETH.—Tooth-ache aggravated by smoking tobacco.—Nocturnal pains in the teeth, which are aggravated when lying down, so as to drive one to despair, with tossing, weakness, anxiety, and insupportable suffering when uncovered.—Lancinating pains or successive tractions in the

teeth, extending even into the head, and rendering one incapable of any intellectual labour.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the tongue in the morning.—Dull lancinations and piercings in the root of the tongue.—Expectoration of sanguineous saliva.

APPETITE.—Prolonged satiety, though the food appears to be well tasted.—Nausea from smoking tobacco, with weakness of the legs.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains as from a bruise in the hepatic region, when touched and on stooping.—When walking, cutting contractions in the regions of the loins.—Pressure towards the exterior in the inguinal ring, as if a hernia were about to protrude.—**Swelling and induration of the inguinal glands*, -with jerking pains.

FÆCES.—Frequent, liquid or loose evacuations, without colic.

URINE.—*Increased secretion of urine.*—*Purulent urine.*—During the emission of urine, traction in the spermatic cord.—Burning sensation and smarting in the urethra on commencing to urinate.—**Spasmodic contraction of the urethra*, the urinary discharge stopping suddenly, or only flowing drop by drop.

GENITAL PARTS.—Drawing pains in the testes and in the spermatic cord, extending to the groins and thighs.—**Painful inflammation and swelling of the testes.*—°*Induration of the testes.*—Thickening of the scrotum.—Aversion to sexual enjoyment, as if after having abused it by excess.—Burning pain in the penis, during emission in coition.

CHEST.—Violent blows, with dull lancinations in the sides of the chest and abdomen.—Lancinations in the chest, aggravated by breathing..

EXTREMITIES.—Itching pustules round the neck, with excoriation after scratching.—Humid herpes, from the nape of the neck to the occiput.—°*Swelling of the axillary glands.*—Aching or traction in the muscles of the arms and of the hands.—°*Arthritic nodosities on the joints of the fingers.*—Eruption of pustules in the region of the loins.—Tearing in the thighs.—°*Scaly tetter on the thigh.*—Furunculi on the thigh.—Gnawing blisters on the hands and fingers, with swelling; cold water aggravates the sufferings.

55.—COCCIONELLA.

COCCION.—Cochineal.—A medicine as yet very little known.

[It has been used with much success as a topical application in tooth-ache; and is said to have proved beneficial in purpura hramorrhagica.] *Ed.*

SYMPTOMS.—Dull head-ache, as if from an enlargement of the brain towards the occiput.—Semi-lateral, tearing and piercing pains in the sinciput.—Redness and heat of the cheeks.—Congestion of the face, like a transient heat.—Pain in the molares, as if they were carious, or the air were passing in.—Tearing and drawing pains, or successive traction in the teeth, as if they were being extracted.—Pulsations and beatings in the teeth.—Swelling of the gums.

56.—COCCULUS.

COCC.—Cocculus indicus.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* from 20 to 30 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. n-vom.—It is used as an antidote against cham. cupr. ign. n-vom.

COMPARE WITH: *Ant. ars. carb-v. cham. coff. colch. cupr. ign. iod. ipec. merc. mosch. natr. nat-m. nitr. n-vom. oleand. puls. rhus. sass. sabin. stram. tart. verat.*—Cocculus when otherwise indicated is especially suitable after *ipec.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Governed by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed appear to be:—Affections of persons (especially females) of a mild and phlegmatic temperament, or else of a bilious and choleric temperament; Sufferings brought on by rage; Bad effects from the abuse of camomile; Affections caused by the motion of a carriage, a swing, or ship; Nervous weakness; Syncope in hysterical persons; *Paralysis*, especially of the lower limbs, with excitement of the nervous system; *Spasms and convulsions*, especially in hysterical women and those who have irregular catamenia; Traumatic convulsions; Arthritic affections; St. Vitus' dance; Fevers, with bilious or gastric affections, or from the abuse of camomile; *Slow fevers, with nervous weakness*, especially after severe acute diseases, typhus fever, cholera, &c.; Cerebral congestion and apoplexy, also caused by sanguineous evacuations; Megrims and hysterical cephalalgia; Œsophagitis?; *Gastric and bilious affections*, even those caused by the motion of a carriage, &c; Sea-sickness; *Gastralgia*, also in consequence of weakness; *Spasmodic and flatulent colics*; Inguinal hernia (in children); Menstrual colic; Dysmenorrhœa, with spasmodic sufferings; Leucorrhœa, cramps in the uterus and other sufferings of women, who are unmarried, or who have not had children; Tenesmus of the vesica, in pregnant women; Cramps in the chest; Palpitations of the heart; *Tubes dorsalis*?; Gout in the hands and feet; Arthritic gonitis; &c., &c.

[It deserves attention in inflammation of the heart and

diaphragm, after the previous use of Aconit, Arsenicum, &c., &c. In sub-acute inflammations of the brain; in bilious and nervous fevers, especially when drowsiness, exhaustion, extreme weakness, great anxiety, and paralysis of the muscles of the throat set in; also in paralysis, hemiplegia, apoplexy, epilepsy, and Traumatic tetanus; also in torpid amaurosis, deafness, and chronic constipation. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Friction and paralytic tearings, by fits or continuous, *in the limbs and in the bones*.—Convulsive movements of the muscles in different parts.—Aching and digging pains in the limbs.—Pains, as from a bruise, even in the internal organs.—*Sensation of vacuity or of *constriction in the internal organs*.—Painful sensitiveness of the limbs to the slightest touch.—Painful stiffness and crackings in the joints.—**Semi-lateral sufferings*.—Rheumatic pains, with hot swelling of the parts affected.—Piercing pains in the cold tumours.—Obstruction and induration of the glands.—Hæmorrhagia.—**Cramps and convulsions of the limbs and of the whole body*, sometimes excited by the pains of ulcers or wounds which are painfully sensitive to the touch or motion of the parts affected.—Convulsive movements of the limbs and muscles, as in St. Vitus' dance.—During the convulsive fit, face red, puffed, and hot.—Trembling of the limbs.—Attacks of epilepsy.—**Paralysis chiefly semi-lateral*, with insensibility of the parts affected.—*Aggravation of the sufferings from *sleep, conversation, drinking and eating*, especially from *coffee or smoking tobacco*, as well as from cold air.—*Weakness and loss of strength*, after the least corporeal fatigue, movement, or interruption of sleep.—*Want of vital energy*.—Fainting fits—Numbness, sometimes of the hands, sometimes of the feet, in transient fits.—*The open air is insupportable*, whether it be warm or cold.—Emaciation.

SKIN.—Great itching, especially in the evening, when undressing, or at night in bed.—Red pimples, like grains of millet, with itching when warm.—Eruption of hard and knotty pimples, with red areolæ and burning pain.—Red spots on the chest and side of the neck.—Pale colour of the skin.

SLEEP.—Obstinate desire to sleep in the morning.—Spasmodic yawning.—Sleep retarded in consequence of a great flow of ideas.—Half sleep, like coma vigil.—*Sleep interrupted by frightful anguish and inquietude*.—During sleep, starts, cries, convulsive motions of the hands, eyes

and head.—*Anxious, frightful dreams, dreams of death, disease, &c.*—Fear of ghosts, at night.—Sleep unrefreshing, with frequent waking.

FEVER.—Shivering and sensation of coldness, with trembling.—In the evening, shivering and shuddering in the back.—Fever, with chilly disposition, though the skin is hot to the touch.—*Burning heat and redness of the cheeks*, often with coldness of the feet.—Fever, with cramp-like pains in the stomach, and paralytic weakness in the loins.—Easy perspiration during motion, with great fatigue.—Night and morning sweats.—Full, hard and frequent pulse.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Presentiments and sad and melancholy reflections*, as if one had suffered for offences.—Hypochondriacal humour; despair.—**Strong, anxious apprehension*, inquietude and fear of death —*Disposition to be frightened. — *Excessive susceptibility. — Disposition to take every thing in bad part and to be angry.—Mania.—Deception respecting the lapse of time; it passes too quickly.

HEAD.—Confusion of the head, especially after eating or drinking.—*Dulness in the head*, increased by reading or meditation.—*Vertigo, as if from intoxication*, or when rising up in the bed, *with desire to vomit*, which forces one to lie down again.—Attacks of vertigo, with nausea and loss of consciousness.—*Head-ache, with desire to vomit, or vomiting*, and pain as from a bruise in the intestines.—*Pressive, violent pains, especially in the forehead.—*Head-ache, from every movement, as if the eyes were going to be torn from the sockets, with vertigo.—**Pain in the head, which is, as it were, empty and hollow*, or sensation of constriction in the brain.—Pulsative pains, sometimes in the crown of the head, sometimes in the temples.—*Convulsive trembling of the head*.

EYES.—Pressure and pain as from a bruise in the eyes, and *difficulty in opening the eye-lids at night*.—Convulsive rolling of the balls of the eyes during the spasms.—Pupils greatly dilated.—*Inflammation of the eye-lids*.—Eyes prominent and glassy.—Confusion of sight, with black spots before the eyes.—Phantoms before the eyes.

EARS AND NOSE.—Buzzing in the ears, with hardness of hearing, and sensation as if the ears were stopt.—Swelling of the parotids.—Swelling of the nose, sometimes semi-lateral.—Coryza, with ulcerated nostrils.

FACE AND TEETH.—*Burning red, puffed and hot face*.—Fugitive heat in the cheeks.—Blue circles round the eyes.—Face convulsively contracted.—Cramps in the cheek-

bone and in the masseters.—*Swelling and induration of the sub-maxillary glands.*—Pains in the carious teeth only when eating.—Looseness of the teeth, with swelling of the gums.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Dryness of the mouth, without thirst.—*Foam before the mouth, forming bubbles.*—Tongue loaded with a yellow coating.—*Dryness of the throat.*—Excessive sensitiveness of the palate; the food seems to be too strong or too salt.—*Constriction in the gullet, which seems to be paralyzed.*—*Burning pain in the œsophagus, and in the throat, with sulphurous taste in the mouth.

APPETITE. — Metallic coppery taste.—Acid taste, especially after a meal, or when coughing.—Acid taste of bread.—*Bitter taste of tobacco.*—*Desire for cold drinks* and especially for beer.—*Thirst during a meal.*—*Excessive loathing of all food and drink.—*Repugnance to all acids.*—Bulimy.

STOMACH.—Eructations, with pain in the stomach and in the epigastrium.—**Eructations with desire to vomit.*—*Vacant, or fetid and putrid eructations.—**Attacks of nausea increasing to syncope.*—Desire to vomit, on rising up in the bed, which forces one to lie down again.—Desire to vomit during a meal, or in consequence of a chill, with abundant accumulation of saliva.—°*Vomiting and nausea from the motion of a carriage or on the sea.*—Sensation of fulness in the stomach, with difficulty of respiration.—**Violent cramp-like and squeezing pains, as if from a claw, and cramps in the stomach, sometimes a short time after a meal.*—Anxious oppression and pinchings in the epigastrium, with difficulty of respiration.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain in the hypochondria as from a bruise.—Pressive pain in the hepatic region, aggravated by coughing or stooping.—Shootings in the hepatic region.—*Abdominal pains, as if the intestines were bruised, or as if from an internal abscess, from every movement.*—Pressure, as if from a stone, in the umbilical region, and in the abdomen.—*Sensation in the abdomen, as if it were hollow and empty.*—*Inflation of the abdomen.—*Contractive pinchings in the lower part of the abdomen, with suspension of respiration.*—*Burning pains, traction and tearings in the abdomen.—Cramp-like pains in the abdomen.—**Flatulent, cramp-like colic, especially at night, aggravated by coughing, or by stooping forwards.*—**Disposition to protrusion of inguinal hernia.*

FÆCES AND URINE.—Constipation, with tenesmus.—*Hard and difficult evacuations.*—Loose evacuations of a putrid odour.—*Fæces soft and yellow, and 'causing

burning in the anus.—Aqueous urine with urgent desire.—
*Frequent desire to make water, also in pregnant women.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Itching in the scrotum.—*Tractive pain as from a bruise in the testes*, when touched.—Great sensitiveness and excitability of the genital parts, with desire for coition.—**Premature catamenia, with cramps in the abdomen*.—Painful catamenia, with abundant discharge of coagulated blood, followed by hæmorrhoids.—*Suppression of catamenia, with spasmodic and pressive colic, flatulency, paralytic debility, oppression, anxiety, cramps in the chest*, attacks of nausea, even to the extent of fainting, and convulsive movements of the limbs.—Catamenia too abundant, and irregular, with leucorrhœa in the intervals.—(Metrorrhagia).—*Discharge of sanguineous mucus from the uterus*, during pregnancy.—*Leucorrhœa, similar to water in which meat has been washed, mixed with a sanious and purulent serum.—Cramps of the uterus.

LARYNX.—*Fatiguing cough, from oppression of the chest*, which manifests itself only during the cough.—Periodical cough, every fourth night, towards midnight, or about two o'clock in the morning, with constriction in the throat which forces one to cough.

CHEST.—*Suspension of respiration*, which stops in the pit of the throat, as if from constriction of the throat.—Short, intermittent respiration.—Pressure on the chest, as if from a stone.—*Cramps in the chest*, with sighs and groans.—Tensive constriction of the chest, sometimes on one side only, with difficulty of respiration.—*Rattling and sensation of emptiness in the chest*.—Fatigue of the chest from reading aloud.—Congestion of the chest, with anxiety.—**Palpitation of the heart*.—Red spots on the chest.

TRUNK.—*Paralytic tearings in the loins*.—Traction and tearings in the back, especially when speaking, walking, and stooping.—Shootings between the shoulder-blades and in the kidneys.—Cracking of the vertebræ of the neck, during motion.—Weakness of the muscles of the neck, which are inadequate to the support of the head.—Red spots on the neck.

ARMS.—Lancinations in the joint of the shoulder and in the arm, during repose.—*Tearing pains in the arm*, proceeding from a wounded finger.—Convulsions of the arm, with retraction of the thumbs.—**Paralysis of the arms*.—Palpitation of the muscles of the arm.—*Pain, as from a bruise in the bones of the arm*, during motion.—*Hot and arthritic swellings of the hands*.—Numbness, or heat and coldness alternately of one or other of the hands.—Tor-

por of the hands.—Cramp-like contractions and jerking of the fingers.

LEGS.—**Paralysis of the lower limbs*, proceeding from the loins.—Drawing tearings in the knees, the feet and the toes.—*Pain, as from a bruise in the thighs*, during movement.—Crackling of the knees, during movement.—*Inflammatory swelling of the knee, with transient tearings*.—Burning sensation in the feet.—*Hot and itching swelling of the feet*, sometimes also in the evening.—Numbness of the feet.—Coldness and perspiration of the feet.

57.—COFFEA CRUDA.

COFF.—Raw coffee.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: As long as 10 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Acon. cham. ign. n-vom.—Coffee is an antidote against psorinum and all the autopsorina.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. agar. ang. ars. bell. bry. canth. carb-veg. caus. cham. cocc. coloc. con. ign. kal. laur. mang. merc. n-vom. op. phos. phos-ac. puls. rhus. sep. sulph. valer.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed appear to be:—*Excessive nervous excitability*; *Excessively painful neuralgia*; Evil effects of a chill; Convulsions; Forerunners of the small pox, of morbilli (and of scarlatina); *Purple miliary eruption*; *Sleeplessness from nervous excitement*; Intermittent fever; *Evil consequences of unexpected or excessive joy*; Sanguineous and serous apoplexy?; Megrin?; Congestive cephalalgia?; Hardness of hearing; *Excessively painful odontalgia and angina*; *Pains of childbirth and over-violent throes*; Puerperal peritonitis; Cries and agitation of new-born infants; Gastralgia?; Gastric sufferings in consequence of the small pox; &c., &c.

[It deserves attention, when unusual sharpness of sight alternates with partial blindness, and in Asthma hysteri-cum as a palliative in sick head-ache. Ed.]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Painful susceptibility of the parts affected*.—Great flexibility of the muscles, and activity of the whole body.—**Mental and physical excitability*.—*Aversion to the open air*, with uneasiness and aggravation of the symptoms during a walk in the open air.—*Convulsions with grinding of the teeth*, and coldness of the limbs.—**Sleeplessness from excitement of the imagination, flow of ideas, and fantastic visions*.—Desire to lie down and to shut the eyes, without being able to sleep.—Violent shivering with *feverish increase of bodily heat*.—Fe-

ver with inconsolable anguish.—°Shuddering with colic and violent agitation.—**Tears, howls, cries, tossing and discouragement*, especially during the paroxysm of pain.—°*Cries of children*.—*Anxiety of heart and of conscience, with apprehensions*.—*Vivacity and increased loquacity.—Vivacity and elevation of the imagination, with acuteness of the intellectual faculties.

HEAD AND THROAT.—Pains in the head, as if the brain were bruised.—*Semi-lateral cephalalgia*, as if a nail were driven into the parietal bone.—Heaviness of the head.—Congestion of the head, especially when speaking.—Eyes lively and red, with clearer sight.—Excessive sensibility of hearing.—Musical sounds seem to be loud and sharp.—°Hardness of hearing with buzzing in the ears.—Epistaxis, with heaviness of the head.—Heat of the face, with redness of the cheeks.—**Successive tractions and sharp pains in the teeth, with inquietude, anxiety and tears*, especially at night and after a meal.—**Sore throat ; with great and painful sensibility*, and swelling of the velum palati.

STOMACH AND FÆCES.—Taste of hazel nuts, or sweet almonds in the mouth.—Tobacco smoke appears particularly agreeable.—Sensation of immoderate hunger.—Thirst increased, especially at night.—Bilious vomiting.—*Cramps in the stomach*, with pressive lancinating pains.—Anxiety and oppression in the region of the epigastrium.—The clothes are oppressive.—**Abdominal pains, which even drive one to despair*, especially in women.—Fæces soft and evacuation frequent.—**Diarrhœa, also during dentition*.

URINE AND GENITAL PARTS.—Abundant emission of urine, especially towards midnight.—Great excitement of sexual desire, with flaccidity or strong irritation of the genital parts.—Immoderate irritation of the female sexual parts, with voluptuous itching, profuse mucous secretion, and frequent flow of blood.—Metrorrhagia.

CHEST AND LIMBS.—Short cough, jerking, dry cough, with great irritation in the larynx, and anxious tossings.—*Fit of suffocation*.—Trembling of the hands, while holding any thing.—Cramp-like contractions of the fingers.—Cramps in the calf of the leg, on bending the knee.—Cramps in the soles of the feet on bending the instep.—Trembling of the feet.

58.—COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE.

COLCH. —Meadow saffron.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: for 30 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: N-vom. puls. cocc.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. chin. cocc. merc. natr-m. n-vom. op. puls. sep.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Rheumatic and arthritic affections; Paralysis; Dropsical affections; Nervous fatigue, in consequence of long watching; Excessive nervous excitement; Purulent otorrhœa, caused by morbilli; Gastritis?; Ascites?; Gastric affections; Dysentery; Flatulent colic, especially in hysterical persons; Affections of the urinary organs, and of the loins; Cramps in the chest; Hydrothorax.

[The active principle of the Colchicum is the same as that of Veratrum, Sabadilla, &c., &c.; and even when injected into the veins, it will cause inflammation of the stomach and duodenum; of the jejunum and ilion in a slight, but of the colon in a severe degree. It deserves attention in acute and chronic gout with piercing, rending, burning and throbbing pains; in strangury dependent upon rheumatism of the bladder; and in rheumatic Ischias. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Rheumatic and arthritic tearing in the limbs*, and other parts of the body, especially in warm weather.—Jerking, shootings in the muscles, and in the periosteum of the limbs, especially in cold weather.—Frequent convulsive jerking of the body.—Shooting in the joints.—*Paralytic weakness of the muscles*.—Pains accompanied by *paralytic weakness and real paralysis*.—Dropsical swellings.—The sufferings are singularly aggravated by intellectual fatigue, *by touch*, too brilliant a light, and the smell of pork.—*Aggravation of symptoms from the commencement of the night till morning*.—General sinking, and consequent painful sensibility of the whole body, so that one cannot move without groaning.—*Nervous fatigue and weakness from nocturnal labour*.

SKIN.—Itching, as if from nettles.—*Formication in different parts*, as if after being frozen.

SLEEP.—*Desire to sleep in the day*, with unfitness for exertion.—Sleeplessness from nervous excitability.—Frequent waking with fright.—Nocturnal heat, with violent thirst.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Great *dejection*.—Ill-humour.—The sufferings appear insupportable.—The least external impression drives one to distraction.—Weakness of memory.—*Forgetfulness and distraction*.

HEAD.—*Pressure on the occiput*, during intellectual exertion.—Cramp-like pains in the head, especially above the eyes.—Semi-lateral tearing in the head.—*Crawling in the forehead and over the head*.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes, like a digging traction in the ball.—Swelling of the lower lids.—Suppuration of the meibomian glands.—Visible traction in the lower lids.

EARS.—Otalgia, with tearing shootings.—*Formication in the ears*, as if they had been frozen.—Sensation of obstruction in the ears.—Purulent discharge from the ears, with drawing pains.

NOSE.—Pressive pain in the bones of the nose.—Pains as from excoriation in the septum narium, aggravated by touch.—*Excessive acuteness of smell*.—Obstinate coryza, with snuffing of viscous and abundant mucus proceeding from the nose.

FACE.—Features of the face disfigured.—*Sickly*, sad and suffering *aspect*.—Face spotted with yellow.—Œdematous swelling of the face.—Sensation of separation in the bones of the face.—Sensation in the masseters, as if they were distended, with difficulty in opening the mouth.—Drawings and successive traction in the muscles and bones of the face.—Semi-lateral tearing in the face, extending even into the ear and head.—*Formication on the skin of the face*, as if it had been frozen.—Lips cracked.—Tearing in the lower lip.—Spasmodic pain in the maxillary joint.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with tearing pains.—Sensibility of the teeth, when they touch on closing the jaws.—Acute pains in the gums.

MOUTH.—Heat in the mouth.—*Tearing in the palate*.—Abundant, *serous salivation*, with dryness of the throat.—*Heaviness, stiffness and insensibility of the tongue*.

THROAT.—Sore throat, as if from swelling of the orifice of the œsophagus.—Creeping in the palate.—Constriction of the gullet.—Inflammations, tearings and shootings in the palate and throat.—Accumulation of greenish mucus in the throat and mouth.

APPETITE.—Appetite suddenly ceasing, from the sight only or smell of food, with loathing.—*Insipidity of food*.—Strong thirst, especially for coffee.

STOMACH.—Frequent risings of wind.—Constant hic-cough.—*Nausea*, even to syncope, *from the smell of fresh eggs or fat meat*.—Nausea, during a meal.—Nausea, after swallowing the saliva.—*Vomiting of food or of bile*.—*Stomach very sensitive to the touch*.—Sensation of excoriation and creeping in the stomach.—Sensation of coldness or of burning in the stomach.—Shooting in the pit of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Inflation and fulness of the abdomen.—*Pressure from within outwards at the upper part of the abdomen*.—Colic, with tearing pains.—Pain, as from

excoriation in the left side of the abdomen, when pressed.—*Dropsical swelling of the abdomen.—Pain, as from burning and pressure in the abdomen, in the region of the vesica, and in the internal genital parts.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—Slow, difficult, and insufficient evacuations, with urgent want.—Unnoticed evacuation of fæces.—*Dysenteric diarrhœa of white, transparent, gelatinous mucus.—Discharge of much slime from the rectum.—Sanguineous evacuations, and, seemingly, mixed with false membranes.—Prolapsus recti.—Creeping, itching, burning and *tearing in the anus*.—Cramps in the sphincter ani.

URINE.—Urgent desire to make water, with increased discharge of clear urine.—*Scanty discharge of urine of a deep colour, with tenesmus and burning.—Painful emission of scanty urine of a bright red colour.—Brownish or blackish urine.—Whitish deposit in the urine.—Burning sensation and pressure in the urinary organs and vesica.—Pullings, tearings and cutting pains in the urethra.

LARYNX.—Crawling in the trachea.—Tickling in the pharynx, which excites a short dry cough.—Frequent short and dry cough.—Nocturnal cough, with involuntary emission of urine.

CHEST.—Difficulty of respiration and oppression on the chest.—Tensive, pressive and periodical oppression of the chest.—Shootings in the chest, sometimes when breathing.—Tearings in the chest, with obtuse lancinations.—Pain, as from excoriation in the chest, when touched and during motion.—Crawling in the chest.—Violent palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK.—Pain, as from excoriation in the loins during movement.—Tearings in the back.—Shooting tension between the shoulder-blades.

ARMS.—Tearings in the arms, hands, and fingers.—Paralytic pain in the arms.—Trembling of the hands.—Cramp-like contraction of the fingers.—Creeping in the fingers, as if they had been frozen.—Torpor in the extremity of the fingers.

LEGS.—Tearing in the legs, feet, and toes.—Paralytic tractions in the thighs.—Hot swelling of the legs, with acute pains during movement.—Tingling of the toes, as if they had been frozen.

59.—COLOCYNTHIS.

COLOC.—Bitter cucumber.—HAHNEMANN.—Duration of effect: 40 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Camp. caus. cham. coff. staph.—It is used as an antidote against caus.

COMPARE WITH: Arn. ars. bell. canth. caus. cham. coff. dig. stonh. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be :—*Evil effects from mental emotions, with indignation and mortification ; Cramp-like affections ; Arthritic affections ; Arthrocace ; Bilious fevers, especially when caused by mortification or indignation ; Megrin ; Arthritic and other kinds of ophthalmia ; Prosopalgia ; Gastralgia, gastritis (?) and other gastric affections ; Spasmodic colic, inflammatory and flatulent colic ; Tympanitis ? ; Enteritis ? ; Colic caused by indignation or mortification ; Colic from chill ; Bilious sufferings ; Diarrhœa, with vomiting ; Chronic diarrhœa ; Dysentery ; Puerperal fever ; Hæmorrhoides ; Coxalgia ; Coxarthrocace, even that caused by dislocation or any other mechanical cause ; Spontaneous dislocation.*

[It should be held in mind, in obstinate and severe forms of colic, even in that caused by drinking cold water when overheated ; in mucous fevers ; in Psoitis, when severe tensive pains and throbbing are felt ; in blind piles and varicose condition of the neck of the bladder ; &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Semi-lateral sufferings.*—**Painful cramps and cramp-like contractions, in the internal or external parts.—Contraction of the tendons in some parts only, or in the whole body, with contraction of all the limbs, like a hedgehog.—Stiffness in all the joints.—Tearing shootings, traversing the whole length of the body.—Physical sinking, while walking in the open air.—Fainting, with coldness of the external parts.*

SKIN.—*Troublesome itching, with great restlessness in the whole body, especially in the evening in bed, followed by perspiration.—General scaling of the skin of the body.—Eruptions which resemble scabies.—Skin hot and dry.*

SLEEP.—*Disturbed sleep at night.—Sleepiness, alternately with delirium, with the eyes open.—*Sleeplessness in consequence of indignation.—Lying on the back when asleep, with one hand under the occiput.—Frequent lively and lascivious dreams.*

FEVER.—*Cold and shivering, with heat in the face without thirst.—*Pulse hard, full and quick.—Dry, general heat.—Nocturnal sweat, on the head, hands, thighs and feet, of the smell of urine.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Mental dejection with taciturnity.—Inclination to weep.—Anxiety and inquietude, with a desire to run away.—Want of religious feeling.*

HEAD.—Vertigo, which causes falling, when turning the head quickly, with tottering of the knees.—Head-ache as from a draft of air, which is dissipated by walking in the open air.—*Compressive pain in the sinciput*, aggravated by stooping or lying on the back.—**Attacks of semi-lateral head-ache, drawing and cramp-like, or pressive, "with nausea and vomiting, sometimes every day, towards five o'clock in the afternoon.*—Pain in the forehead and eyes, as if commencing from the outside and tending inwards.—Head-ache with violent pains, which do not admit of a recumbent posture, and force one to cry out or to weep.—Attacks of head-ache followed by suffocation.—"Congestion of the head.—Burning pain in the skin of the forehead and hairy scalp.—"Heat in the head.

EYES.—Inflammation of the eyes.—**Burning and cutting pains and shootings in the eyes.*—Discharge of acrid serum from the eyes.

FACE.—Pulsation and digging in the nose.—Pale and wasted face with downcast eyes.—*Tensive, tearing, burning or shooting pains in the face, often on one side only, and extending to the ears and into the head.—°Scabs on the face.—Face of a deep red colour (during the fever).—Face puffed, with heat and redness of the left cheek, and tearing pains.

MOUTH.—Pains in the teeth, as if the nerve were pulled or stretched.—*Pulsative pains in the teeth on the left side.—Roughness of the tongue.—°Tongue loaded with a yellow coating.—Cramps in the gullet, with empty eructations and palpitation of the heart.

STOMACH.—Diminished appetite, without thirst, though one has a strong desire for drinks, accompanied by an insipid taste in the mouth.—Constant nausea, with eructations —*Bitter taste in the mouth and of all food.—**Colic and diarrhœa, however little is eaten.*—*Pains in the stomach, sometimes after a meal.—Vomiting of food or of greenish matter.—Vomiting with diarrhœa.—Painful sensibility of the epigastrium when touched.—Violent pressure in the stomach and precordial region.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Inflation of the abdomen, as if from tympanitis.*—**Cramp-like pain and constriction in the intestines, especially after a fit of passion.*—**Excessively violent colic* with cutting, cramp-like, or contractive pains, which compel one to bend double, with *restlessness in the whole body*, and with a sensation of shuddering in the face, which seems to proceed from the abdomen.—°Colic with cramps in the calves of the legs.—*Colic, as if from a chill.

—*Colic, after meals.—Pinching, and sensation of clawing in the abdomen, mitigated by great exertion.—*Cuttings and shootings in the abdomen, as if from knives, with shiverings and tearings along the legs.—*Great sensibility, soreness and sensation of vacuity in the abdomen.—Rumbling in the abdomen.—**Coffee and tobacco-smoke diminish the colic.*—Inguinal hernia.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—*Loose evacuations* of a greenish yellow, frothy, and of a sour, putrid or mouldy smell.—Slimy diarrhœa.—Sanguineous evacuations.—**Dysenterical evacuations* with colic.—During the evacuation, contraction in the rectum.—Painful swelling of the *hæmorrhoidal tumours of the anus and of the rectum.*—Hæmorrhage from the anus.—^oParalysis of the sphincter ani.

URINE.—Tenesmus of the vesica.—*Diminished secretion of urine.*—Abundant discharge of urine of a bright colour, during the pains.—Fetid urine, which soon becomes thick, gelatinous, and glutinous.

GENITAL PARTS.—Sensation, as if every thing were flowing towards the genital parts, from both sides of the abdomen, which occasions a discharge of semen, excitement of sexual desire, and a sort of priapismus.—*Complete impotence.*—Retraction of the prepuce behind the gland.—Painful nodosities in the mammæ.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—*Small dry cough, excited by irritation in the larynx,* or by tobacco smoke.—Attacks of asthma at night.—Oppression of the chest, as if it were compressed.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK.—Drawing pains in the bones, as if the muscles were stretched.—Tension in the neck and shoulder-blades.—Obstruction and suppuration of the axillary glands.

ARMS.—Bruising pain in the joint of the shoulder, especially after being in a passion.—Aching, pressive and shooting pain in the arms.—Cramp-like pain in the hands, which with difficulty suffers the fingers to be opened.—Traction in the tendons of the thumbs.

LEGS.—Pain in the coxo-femoral joint, as if it were secured with an iron clasp, the pelvis and sacral region, *with pains extending from the lumbar region down to the legs.*—Tensive lancination in the region of the loins and of the hips, especially when lying on the back.—Pain while walking, as if the psoas were too short.—^oSpontaneous dislocation of the coxo-femoral joint.—*Want of flexibility in the knee, which prevents bending.*—Cramps in the legs.—Lancinations in the legs, especially during repose.—Great heaviness and trembling of the legs.—Tearing in the soles of the feet, during repose.

60.—CONIUM MACULATUM.

CON.—Common hemlock.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : for 40 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Coff. nitr-spir.—It is used as an antidote against nitr-ac.

COMPARE WITH : Arn. asa. bell. coff. dig. dulc. graph. iod. lyc. magn m. magn. merc. mosc. nitr-ac. n-rom. phos. phos-ac. plumb. puls. rhus. rut. sabad. sep. staph. sulf. sulph-ac. tar. teucr. valer.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be :—*Hysterical and hypochondriac affections*, especially also with *great continence of unmarried persons*, or after excessive gratification of the venereal desires ; Spasms, attacks of debility, and other *affections of hysterical persons* ; Scorbatic affections, with induration and obstruction of the glands ; *Affections of old men*, of women and especially of pregnant women ; *Inveterate affections resulting from contusion*, principally in the glands, as well as in the regions of the tendons and membranes ; Echymosis senilis ; Dropsical affections ; Chlorosis ; Hepatic spots ; *Tetters* ; Scirrhus indurations and cancerous ulcers, especially when caused by contusion ; Caries ? ; Gangrenous ulcers ? ; Petechiæ ? ; Slow fevers ? ; Inflammatory fevers ? ; Hypochondriacal and hysterical melancholy ; Mania ? ; Apoplexy with paralysis, chiefly in aged persons ; Megrim ; Hydrocephalus ? ; Cerebral congestion with vertigo ; Ophthalmia, chiefly of scrofulous persons ; Cataract, caused by a blow (a concussion) ; Opacity of the cornea ? *Scrofulous photophobia* ; Myopia ; Presbyopia ; Amblyopia amaurotica ; Otalgia ; Hardness of hearing ; Induration of the parotids ; Ozæna, even caused by abuse of mercury ; Prosopalgia ; *Cancer in the lips* ; Spasms in the throat ; *Dyspepsia*, sourness, nausea, and other gastric affections ; Cancer in the stomach ? ; Constipation ; *Lienteria* ? ; Diabetes ? ; Hæmaturia ? ; Catarrh of the vesica ? ; Retention of urine ; Strangury ? ; Orchitis, caused by contusion ; Impotence, especially when caused by pollutions ; Pollutions in young persons of an irritable constitution ; *Cramps in the matrix* ; Dysmenorrhœa ; Amenorrhœa ; Leucorrhœa ; Sterility with amenorrhœa ? ; Scirrhus (and cancer) in the breast, especially when caused by contusion ; Chlorosis ; Catarrh with fever, angina and gastric sufferings ; Dry cough of scrofulous subjects ; Convulsive and suffocating cough ; Hooping cough ; Hæmoptysis ? ; *Asthma, especially in old men* ; Hysterical asthma ? ; Chronic affections of the heart, &c.

[It has cured many cases of induration of glands, testi-

cles, breasts, liver, &c. ; it deserves attention in chronic inflammation of the mesenteric glands ; in tubercular phthisis ; in cancerous growths of the tongue, &c. ; in dropsy of the joints ; as an antidote to mercury ; in chronic nettle rash ; in stinking, moist eruptions upon the scalp, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cramps and *cramp-like pains in different parts*.—*Pains as from fatigue in the limbs and joints when in a state of repose.—**Nocturnal pains* and sufferings, which disturb sleep.—The symptoms appear during repose, and are aggravated by attempting to walk, or by any movement.—Facility to feel pain as from fatigue in the back.—**Attacks of hysterical and hypochondriacal sufferings*.—Jerks of the tendons, trembling, and *convulsive shakings in the limbs*.—Agitation of blood.—Dropsical swellings.—**Swelling and induration of the glands*, with crawling and piercing pains.—*Fainting fits.—*Great general dejection, with involuntary laughter*.—*Sensation of fatigue especially early in the morning in bed*.—*Restlessness in the body, especially in the legs.—*Want of energy and nervous debility*.—Consumption.—*Sudden prostration, while walking.—Great liability to take cold.—**Great fatigue and other sufferings, from walking in the open air*.—Continued deficiency of natural vital heat.

SKIN.—Stinging and *pricking itching in the skin*.—Bluish colour of the skin over the whole body.—Painful inflammation of the skin.—°*Nettle rash in consequence of violent bodily exercise*.—Scabious pimples, which become scurfy.—Brown or red itching spots over the whole body, which disappear and return.—°*Humid or scabby and burning tetters*.—Blackish ulcers, with sanious, sanguineous and fetid discharge, and crawling tension.—Gangrenous ulcers.—Ulceration of the bones.—Panaris.—Petechiæ.—Reddish and greenish spots, as if from ecchymosis.

SLEEP.—**Desire to sleep during the day, even very early in the morning*.—Drowsiness.—**Desire to sleep in the evening, with contraction of the eye-lids*.—*Slow sleep.—Disturbed and unrefreshing sleep, with lachrymation and frequent anxious and frightful dreams.—Dreams of disease, mutilation, death, danger and of quarrels.—At night, head-ache, nausea, gastralgia, bleeding of the nose, pains in the limbs, &c.—Half waking after midnight, with great anguish.—Night-mare.—Jerking of the limbs during sleep.

FEVER.—Shivering, frequent coldness and shuddering.—Dry, internal heat.—Slow fever, with total want of ap-

petite.—Inflammatory fever with great heat, abundant sweat, anorexia, diarrhœa and vomiting.—Fever with inflammation of the throat and cough.—Pulse irregular.—*Nocturnal sweat*, even at the commencement of sleep.—*Local, fetid and pungent sweats*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Hysterical anguish*, with sadness and strong desire to weep.—*Anthropophobia*, also fear of solitude.—Timidity of character, (fear of robbers).—Superstitious ideas.—*Disposition to be frightened.—**Ill-humour and moroseness*.—**Hypochondriacal indifference*.—*Want of mental energy.—*Unfitness for exertion*.—*Irritability and disposition to be angry.—Derangement of ideas and mania.—Confusion of ideas, as from drowsiness.—Slow conception.—Weakness of the intellectual faculties and of the memory.—*Ready forgetfulness.—Delirium.

HEAD.—Intoxication, after having taken the smallest quantity of spirituous liquids.—*Vertigo* on rising, and sometimes so as to cause one to fall sideways *on looking behind*, or when lying down in bed, especially in the morning.—*Attacks of head-ache with nausea*, and vomiting of mucus.—Stupifying pains in the head, especially when walking in the open air.—Excessive sensitiveness of the brain, even to speech and to a noise.—Quotidian head-ache caused by insufficient evacuations.—Semi-lateral pains in the head, as if it were bruised.—Sensation, as if there were a large foreign substance in the head—Heaviness and fullness in the head, especially on waking in the morning.—Traction in the head, numbness of the brain.—*Attack of tearing head-ache, which forces one to lie down.—**Obstinate stinging pains in the sinciput*, which seem to pass out through the forehead.—Heaviness and squeezing, as if from a claw, in the forehead, and as if proceeding from the stomach.—*Falling off of the hair*.

EYES.—*Pressure in the eyes* when reading.—**Itching below the eyes*, with burning and smarting pain when they are rubbed.—Itching pricking, or smarting in the internal canthi.—*Sensation of coldness in the eyes*, when walking in the open air.—Burning pain in the eyes, with pressure in the sockets in the evening.—Inflammation and redness of the sclerotica —**Hordeolum*.—(Specks on the cornea).—Yellow colour of the sclerotica.—Eyes dull.—Eyes prominent.—Tremulous look.—Obscuration of the sight.—Momentary blindness by day in the brightness of the sun.—**Myopia*.—**Presbyopia*.—*Diplopia*.—The lines seem to move while reading.—*Black spots and coloured bands before the eyes in a room.—Red appearance of objects.—*Eyes dazzled*

from the day-light.—*Photophobia, °with a pale red colour of the ball of the eyes.

EARS.—*Tearings and stinging in the ears and round the ears*, especially when walking in the open air.—*Accumulation of cerumen*, which resembles mouldy paper, and which is mixed with purulent mucus.—Blood-coloured cerumen.—**Buzzing, tingling and rumbling in the ears.*—Painful sensibility of hearing.—Diminution of hearing, ceasing when the cerumen is removed and until it is renewed.—°Swelling and induration of the parotids.

Nose.—*Swelling of the nostrils.—°*Purulent discharge from the nose.*—Nasal hæmorrhage.—Increased acuteness of smell.—Too frequent sneezing.—°Troublesome sensation of dryness in the nose.—°*Obstinate obstruction of the nostrils.*—°Obstruction of the nose in the morning.

FACE.—**Heat in the face.*—Complexion pale and bluish, sometimes even with swelling of the face.—Fissures in the skin of the face, with pain as from excoriation, after washing and wiping.—*Nocturnal tearing and stinging pains in the face.—*Itching eruptions, °tetter and gnawing ulcers on the face.—Eruptions of pimples on the forehead.—Dryness and exfoliation of the lips.—Blisters and ulcers on the lips.—*Cancerous ulcer on the lip.*—Spasmodic compression of the jaws.—Grinding of the teeth.

TEETH.—**Odontalgia, generally drawing*, °provoked by walking in the open air, -or excited in the hollow teeth by cold food.—*Shootings, -jerks, gnawing, and piercing in the teeth.—Gums swollen, ecchymosed and bleeding.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth and of the throat, or salivation.—Embarrassed speech.—Stiff, painful and swollen tongue.—Sore throat, as if from a ball mounting from the epigastrium.—Impeded deglutition.—*Involuntary deglutition.—Constant desire to swallow, when walking against the wind.—Cramps in the gullet.—*Scraping in the throat.

APPETITE.—*Bitterness in the mouth and in the throat.—*Putrid or acid taste in the mouth.—°*Total absence of appetite*, and great weakness of digestion.—Bread will not go down, and does not please the taste.—Bulimy.—Desire for coffee, acid or salt food.—During a meal and especially *after taking milk, a sensation of inflation in the stomach and in the abdomen*, and speedy satiety.—**After a meal, sourness, pyrosis, pressure and fulness in the stomach, eructations, -colic, flatulence, nausea, deadness of the fingers, weakness, fatigue and sweat.*

STOMACH.—*Empty, frequent and noisy eructations, sometimes during the entire day.—*Abortive eructations,

with sensation of fulness in the pit of the throat.—*Eructations, with taste of food.*—*Pyrosis, ascending up into the throat, sometimes after a meal.—Acrid regurgitation, especially after a meal.—*Nausea with desire to vomit, and complete loss of appetite*, or else with eructations and lassitude.—Nausea after every meal, or in the evening.—Vomiting of mucus.—Pressure in the stomach, even during a meal.—Inflation of the stomach.—Cramp-like, contractive pain; *lancinations* and pain as from excoriation in the stomach and in the epigastrium.—Pain, with sensation of coldness in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Tensive pain in the hypochondria as if from a band tightly fastened.—Pressure, traction, *tearings and piercing in the hepatic region.*—*Lancination in the left hypochondrium, even in the morning in bed, with oppression.—*Fulness of the abdomen, even in the morning on waking.—Swelling of the mesenteric glands.—*Contraction of the abdomen with oppression.—Spasmodic colic.—Cutting and tearing abdominal pains.—Motion and digging in the umbilical region.—**Sensation of excoriation in the abdomen*, especially when walking on the pavement.—*Noise and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Expulsion of cold wind with cuttings—Incarceration of flatulence.—°Cuttings after expelling flatus.

FÆCES.—**Constipation with tenesmus.*—**Hard evacuations*, only every second day.—**Loose, undigested evacuations*, with cuttings and frequent eructations.—*Debilitating diarrhœa.*—Lancinations in the anus.—Heat and burning sensation in the rectum, while evacuating and at other times.—Fæces, with streaks of blood.—After the evacuations, weakness, palpitation of the heart, frequent expulsion of flatulence and trembling.

URINE.—°Pressure on the vesica, as if the urine were going to burst forth.—Frequent and sometimes involuntary emission of urine at night.—Flow of urine with violent pain.—°*Urine thick, white and turbid.*—Urine red.—Retention of urine.—Difficult emission of urine which flows only drop by drop.—Wetting the bed at night.—*Frequent desire to emit a clear and aqueous urine—Slimy mucus, mixed with the urine, which cannot be passed without great pain.—Discharge of pus from the urethra.—*Emission of blood*, sometimes with difficulty of respiration.—*The urine stops suddenly and does not flow again for some moments.—*Cutting pains in the urethra during the emission of urine.—Burning sensation and piercing in the urethra, especially after the emission of urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Swelling of the testes.*—Lasciviousness.—*Impotence and absence of erection.*—*Want of energy during coition.*—*Erections insufficient and of too short duration.*—Easy emission of semen, even without strong erections.—Dejection after coition.—**Immoderate emissions.*—Flow of prostatic fluid, during evacuation and after any mental emotion.—*Cramps in the uterus with pinchings or contraction, or with stinging above the vulva, accompanied by tension of the abdomen, and lancinations even into the left side of the chest.*—**Itching on the external and internal genital parts.*—Lancinations in the vagina and sensation as of bearing down.—Lancinations in the labia.—*Catamenia premature, and too weak.*—**Suppression of catamenia.*—Before the catamenia, pains in the breasts; anxious dreams, dry heat, pain as from fatigue in the limbs, inclination to weep, inquietude and hepatic pains.—**During the catamenia, sensation of bearing down and traction in the thigh, or painful cramps in the abdomen.*—**Burning, acrid, excoriating and pungent leucorrhœa, accompanied or preceded by colic.*—Breasts flabby.—**Schirrous induration of the mammary glands, with itching and stinging pains.*

LARYNX.—Catarrh, with fever, sore throat and want of appetite.—Hoarseness.—Dryness in one small circumscribed place in the larynx, and tickling which excites a desire to cough.—*Cough provoked by tickling and scraping in the throat.*—Dry cough provoked by a tickling, with oppression of the chest, and fever in the evening.—Suffocating cough, with flushes of heat in the face.—**Dry, convulsive cough.*—**Cough, like whooping-cough, -with sanguineous expectoration, or in violent fits, during the night.*—The cough manifests itself generally at night, or in the morning.—Cough provoked by taking a deep breath or by taking acid or salt things.—Thick cough, but without expectoration.—Yellow and purulent expectoration, of a putrid smell.—Cough increased by lying down.—During the cough, pains in the head or in the abdomen, with shootings in the left side, aggravated by movement.

CHEST.—**Short respiration when walking, and on the least movement, often with convulsive cough.*—**Difficulty of respiration, also in the morning on waking.*—*Respiration difficult and slow, especially in the evening in bed.*—Difficulty of respiration, with pains in the chest, in the evening in bed.—Suffocation as if something were obstructing in the throat.—**Stitches in the sternum, or in the side of the chest.*—Violent pains in the chest with violent cough.—Pressure on the chest, in the sternum, and in the region of

the heart.—Drawing pains in the chest.—Shocks in the chest.—Palpitation of the heart, especially after drinking.—Frequent throbs in the region of the heart.—Caries of the sternum.

TRUNK.—Pains in the loins, on bending backwards.—Aching and compression above the hips.—Aching cramp-like and tractive pain in the back.—*Tension in the nape of the neck.—Pain, as from excoriation in the vertebræ of the neck.—Enlargement of the neck.

ARMS.—*Shoulders painful, as if they had been bruised and excoriated.—Humid, scabby and burning tetter on the fore-arms.—Numbness of the hands and especially the palms of the hands.—Sweat on the palms of the hands.—Torpor of the fingers.—Itching on the back of the fingers.—Yellow spots on the fingers and yellow nails.—Panaritium.

LEGS.—Drawing pains in the hips.—Arthritic tearing and tensive pains in the knee, aggravated on beginning to walk after sitting down, with a sensation as if the tendons were too short (during the suppression of catamenia).—*Restlessness and heaviness in the legs.—*Weariness of the knees.—Painful swelling of the legs and feet.—Red spots on the calves of the legs, sometimes painful, becoming subsequently green or yellow, as after a blow or bruise, and impeding the movement of the foot, which is drawn back, as if the tendons were contracted.—Cramps in the calves of the legs.—*Coldness and strong disposition to chilliness of the feet.—Torpor and insensibility of the feet.—Purulent blisters on the feet.

61.—CONVOLVULUS ARVENSIS.

CONV.—Bind-weed.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been recommended against *œdematous swellings*.

62.—COPAIBÆ BALSAMUM.

COP.—Balsam of copaiba.—HAHNEMANN.—Duration of effect; 13 to 12 days.—A remedy still little known and which has been hitherto principally employed against gonorrhœa.

SYMPTOMS.—Nettle rash.—Quotidian fever; in the forenoon shiverings and cold; in the afternoon general heat and thirst, with desire for cold water.—During the febrile cold, the instep is painfully sensible to motion.—Spitting of blood.—Desire to vomit.—Tearings in the abdomen, preceded by traction in the bones of the thighs.—Sensation of burning in the abdomen.—Borborygmus and rolling in the intestines.—White, loose evacuations, generally in the morning, with coldness and drawing tearings

in the abdomen, which force one to bend double.—Involuntary evacuations.—*Constant and ineffectual desire to make water.*—Emission of urine, drop by drop.—Itching, soreness and sensation of scalding in the urethra, before and after the emission of urine.—Pain, as from excoriation in the orifice of the urethra.—*Inflammation and swelling of the orifice of the urethra, which remains wide open, with pulsative pain in the whole penis.*—Yellow and puriform discharge from the urethra.—*Metrorrhagia.*—*Palpitatio cordis.*

63.—CORALLIA RUBRA.

COR.—Red coral.—ARCHIVES OF STAPH.—A remedy as yet very little known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pain, as from fatigue in the limbs, after the least exercise in the open air.—Red and smooth spots on the skin.—Sensation of coldness in the hot parts, on uncovering them.—The symptoms of heat and coldness are ameliorated by artificial heat.—Febrile shivering, with burning thirst and pains in the forehead.—Dry heat, internally and externally, with full and hard pulse.—Violent and frequent yawnings, succeeding one another rapidly, with pain in the maxillary joint.—*Strong desire to sleep, which is insurmountable.*—Anxious dreams and starts on going to sleep.—While sleeping, agitation and tossing.—Grumbling humour and swearing in consequence of the pain.—Irascibility and ill humour.

HEAD.—Head bewildered, as if in consequence of drunkenness.—Confusion of the head, which is, as it were, empty and hollow.—Intoxication after drinking very little wine.—*Pressive cephalalgia as if every thing were going to protrude through the forehead, which forces one to move the head, and is mitigated only by uncovering the body, which is burning hot.*—Violent cephalalgia with nausea greatly aggravated by sitting down.—Pain in the sinciput as if it were flattened.—Aggravation of the head-ache and congestion of the head and face on stooping.—Sensation as if wind were traversing the head, on moving it rapidly.—Sensation as if the head were increased in size.

EYES.—Sensation of compression in the socket.—Pain as from excoriation in the eyes on moving the balls or the eye-lids.—Sensation of heat in the eyes on closing the lids, with a sensation as if they were swimming in tears.—Sensation of burning in the eyes by candle-light.

Nose.—*Swelling of one half of the nose, with heat, pulsation and sleeplessness.*—Painful ulcer in the nostril.—Epistaxis, sometimes at night.—Great dryness of the nose.

—Fluent coryza, with excessively copious secretion of an inodorous mucus, which resembles suet.

FACE.—*Heat in the face*, increased by stooping.—Pain, as from a bruise on the cheek-bone, aggravated by the touch.—Pain, as from dislocation in the maxillary joint, masticating, or opening the mouth wide.—*Painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands*.—Lips cracked and painful.

APPETITE.—Great dryness of the palate and throat, with sensation of excoriation on swallowing.—*Insipidity of food*.—Sweetish taste of beer.—Desire for acid or salt things.—After a meal, the head turns round, as if from intoxication.

GENITAL PARTS.—Clay-coloured burning urine, with clay coloured sediment.—Copious sweat of the genital parts.—Swelling of the prepuce, with pain as from excoriation when touched.—*Pseudo-gonorrhœa* (Balanoblenorrhœa) with fetid secretion of a yellowish-green colour.—Red and smooth ulcers on the glans and in the internal surface of the prepuce, with sanious and yellowish secretion.—Seminal emissions.

CHEST.—Painful cough, as if a stone were depressing the pleura.—Yellow, puriform expectoration.—*Sensation of cold in the respiratory organs, on taking a deep inspiration*.—with difficult hawking up of bronchial mucus.

LIMBS.—Pressive pain in the shoulder-blades, aggravated by coughing.—Stiffness in the nape.—Pains in the shoulder joints, as if the head of the humerus were pressed violently outwards.—Smooth spots of a deep-red colour, in the palms of the hands and in the fingers.

64.—CROCUS SATIVUS.

CROC.—Saffron.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: 7 days.

ANTIDOTE: Op.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. bell. ign. ipec. mos. op. plat.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This drug appears from due consideration of all the symptoms to be indicated in the following cases: St. Vitus' dance; Hysterical affections; Imbecility; Melancholy; Religious melancholy; *Active hæmorrhagia*; Coma; Blepharospasms; *Metrorrhagia*, also after accouchment, or that caused by fright; Hæmoptysis?; Miscarriage; Too abundant lochia.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Movements as if from something alive*, in different parts of the body.—*Convulsive attacks, like chorea, with laughter, dancing and leaping, alternating with violent paroxysms of hooping-cough.—Sensation of relaxation and bending in the joints.—*Numbness of some of the limbs, at night, during sleep*.—Amelioration

of symptoms in the open air; several of them appear at night, and are generally aggravated in the morning.—Throbings sometimes in the whole body.—Discharge of black slimy blood, from different organs.—Heaviness, or pain as from fatigue in the limbs, after slight exercise.—Striking alternation of the most opposite physical and mental symptoms.—Excessive general weakness, with fainting fits when moving.—Great depression in the morning.—Trembling of all the limbs.

SKIN.—Red scarlet colour of the body.—Chilblains.—Suppuration of old wounds.

SLEEP.—Strong desire to sleep in the day, especially after a meal, sometimes in the evening.—Drowsiness, with eyes dull and glassy.—Singing, cries and starts, while sleeping.—Frightful or gay and pleasant dreams.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Strong tendency to sadness, sometimes alternately with great gaiety and joyous humour.—Strong desire to laugh, jest and sing, sometimes with excessive weakness.—Gay and pleasant mania, with paleness of face, head-ache and obscuration of the eyes.—Seeming hindrance of free will.—Choleric passion and violence, frequently followed by prompt repentance.—Severity and mildness of character alternating.—Forgetfulness and distraction.—Quickness of memory.

HEAD.—Stupifying cephalalgia, as if one were intoxicated, with downcast eyes.—Vertigo, with fainting.—Confused vertigo on rising after having lain down.—Cephalalgia above the eyes, with burning pain, sensation of burning and pressure in the eyes, especially in the evening, by candle-light.—Head heavy in the morning with pressure in the vertex.—Drawing pain in the forehead with nausea.—Pulsation in one side of the head and in the face.—Blows in the forehead and the temples.—Sensation of looseness of the brain, during motion.

EYES.—Itching in the eye-lids.—Creeping in the eye-brows.—Pressure, pain as from excoriation and sensation of burning in the eyes, and in the eye-lids, especially on closing them and on reading, or in the evening by candle-light.—Sensation of swelling in the eyes as from much weeping.—Dryness of the eyes.—Lachrymation when reading.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Visible quivering of the eye-lids.—Heaviness and cramp-like contraction of the eye-lids.—Nocturnal cramps in the eye-lids.—Constant winking of the eyes.—Pupils dilated.—Constant wish to rub the eyes.—Confused sight, as if through a veil, especially in the evening, when reading by candle-light.—When reading,

the paper seems to reflect a pale-rose colour.—Sparkling before the eyes.

EARS.—Otalgia, similar to a cramp.—Tingling in the ears, in the evening, after lying down.—Buzzing in the ears with hardness of hearing, especially in stooping.

NOSE.—*Epistaxis of black and slimy blood*, often from one nostril only, and so as to cause fainting.—Violent and frequent sneezing.

FACE.—*Face of an earthy colour*.—Alternate redness and paleness of the face.—Burning heat of the face, especially in the morning.—Lips cracked and ulcerated.—Pulsation in one side of the face.

MOUTH.—Scraping and roughness in the mouth.—Accumulation of water in the mouth.—Tongue moist and covered with a black coating, with erection and elongation of the papillæ.

THROAT.—Sore throat, as if caused by elongation of the uvula, or as if there were a plug in the throat, during deglutition and at other times.—*Scraping and roughness in the throat*.

APPETITE.—Repugnant, acid, sweetish taste.—Sweet or bitter taste in the bottom of the gullet.—Constant thirst in the evening, with uneasiness in the abdomen after drinking.—Absence of appetite, with sensation of fulness, however little one eats.

STOMACH.—Empty eructations, when fasting in the morning.—*Pyrosis* after eating with a good appetite.—Insipidity, uneasiness and sensation of oppression in the epigastrium.—Burning pain in the stomach.—Borborygmi and fermentation in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Abdomen inflated with sensation of fulness*.—Cramp-like pains in the abdomen.—Pinchings in the abdomen after drinking (water).—Pains in the abdomen from taking cold.—*Movements in the abdomen, as if from something alive*.—Sense of thumping above the left hypochondrium.—*Sensation of heaviness* in the inguinal region.

FÆCES.—*Itching and crawling in the anus*.—Dull stitches in the side and above the anus.—*Flow of blood towards the genital parts*, as if the menses would commence.—*Catamenia too frequent and copious*.—*Catamenia painful*.—*. *Metrorrhagia of black and slimy blood*.—Flow of blood, during the new and full moon.

LARYNX.—*Violent, dry, concussive cough*, much mitigated by placing the hand upon the epigastrium.

CHEST.—Difficulty of respiration.—Inclination to breathe

deeply occasioned by a sensation of heaviness about the heart.—In the act of breathing, a sensation is felt as from the vapour of sulphur in the throat.—Fetid breath.—Stitches in the chest and especially in the sides.—*Movements, as if something alive were in the chest.*—Sensation in the chest of shocks which suspend respiration.—Sensation of heat, which mounts to the heart, with anxiety and difficulty of respiration, mitigated by yawnings.—Sensation of heaviness at the heart.

TRUNK.—Pulling in the loins, with pains in the groins.—Sensation of stiffness in the neck, when moving.—External swelling of the neck.

ARMS.—Pain in the shoulder-joint, when moving the arm, as if it were out of joint, or on the point of being dislocated.—*Numbness of the arms and of the hands* with immobility, especially at night, during sleep.—Searching pulling in the fore-arms.—*Heaviness and pain, as from a bruise in the fore-arms*, after any slight movement of them.—Burning pricking and tension in the points of the fingers, as if from stagnation of the blood, after a walk in the open air.—*Chilblains in the hands.*

LEGS.—Sensation of weakness in the thighs, when seated.—Nocturnal tearing in the leg, with uneasiness in that part.—Pain, as from a bruise in the calves of the legs.—Fatigue in the soles of the feet, with burning pain and crawling.—*Chilblains on the toes.*

65.—CROTON TIGLION.

CROT.—Purging croton.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—*Pressing numbing pain in the head, in the forehead, and in the sockets of the eyes*, aggravated in a room and towards the evening, dispersing when walking in the open air.—Sensibility of the hairy scalp.—Head-ache from pressure of the hat.—Dryness in the throat, with irritation of the pharynx, as if from inflammation.—*Burning sensation in the throat.*—The pharynx is, as it were, contracted.—*Nausea with desire to vomit*, prolonged disgust and uneasiness.—*Sensation of uneasiness in the entire abdomen*, with inclination to vomit.—*Sensation of fulness and pressure in the stomach*, with nausea and absence of appetite.—*Pressure in the hypochondria.*—Sense of coldness in the interior of the abdomen with external heat.—Yellow greenish *diarrhœa* with *tenesmus* and cuttings.—Constipation from inertia of the intestines.

[It deserves attention in chronic catarrhs; in *phthisis pituitosa*; in leucorrhœa; catarrh of the bladder; in dysentery, &c.]

66.—CUBEÆ.

CUB.—Cubebs.—A medicine as yet entirely untested, but which even in homœopathic doses has been successfully employed against some kinds of *gonorrhœa*.

67.—CUPRUM METALLICUM.

CUPR.—Copper.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 20 to 30 days, in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Bell. chin. cocc. dule. hep. ipec. merc. n.vom.—It is used as an antidote against aur.

COMPARE WITH: Bell. calc. chin. cocc. dros. dule. hep. iod. ipec. merc. n.vom. pu s sulph. veratr.—Copper, when indicated is efficacious against *veratr*.
.—Calc. and *veratr*. are sometimes suitable after copper.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Being governed by the *whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine is indicated will be found to be:—Rheumatic affections; Aching in the bones; Spasmodic affections and convulsions, especially in irritable and sensitive persons; Epilepsy; St. Vitus' dance, even when caused by fright; Weakness, with over-excitement of the nervous system; Consumption?; Paralysis?; Icterus?; Chronic eruptions; Psora?; *Inveterate ulcers*; Tetters?; Caries?; Hectic fever?; Slow fever?; Melancholy?; Mania?; Rage?; Encephalitis?; Ophthalmia; Gastralgia?; Gastritis?; and other *gastric affections*; *Asiatic cholera*; Spasmodic colic; Diarrhœa; Hooping-cough; Hæmoptysis?; Croup?; *Spasmodic asthma*, chiefly in children when caused by a chill, or in women during the catamenia, &c.

[The purest copper is found in certain plants, such as *Dulcamara*, *Helenium*, &c. It deserves attention in chronic vomiting dependent upon an affection of the gastric nerves; in spasmodic Cardialgia; in Gastromalacia, when attended with copious bilious or mucous vomiting, and greenish diarrhœa, with stools resembling spinage, with great tenderness of the pit of the stomach, and with a peculiarly aged and sagacious expression of the countenance; in ulceration of the intestines; in chronic hoarseness, with dry cough and periodical fits of suffocation; in hooping-cough, which develops itself slowly from a common cough; in *asthma millari*; in spasmodic hiccough; in loss of speech, especially that occurring after convulsions; in paralysis of the eye-lids, when attended with the sensation as if pressed down by a weight; in violent delirium and mania, with great exaltation, continual singing, obscene talking, fits of extreme obstinacy, jolly actions, &c., attended with prominent and sparkling eyes, fixed stare, quick pulse, &c.; also in melancholy characterized by love

of solitude, avoiding the gaze of others, with agony and inclination to run away; in spasmodic distortion of the face, *Risus sardonius*; in malignant intermittent fever attended with convulsions. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pressive tearings or jerkings in the limbs.—*Pain, as from a bruise* in several places, especially in the joints and limbs.—*Aching in the bones*.—Rheumatic pains.—Many pains, especially those which are pressive, are aggravated *by touching the parts pained*.—Burning pains which traverse the whole body.—Sensation as of shocks or painful blows in different parts.—From weeping, convulsions (with want of breath) and retraction of the thighs.—*Tonic spasms with loss of consciousness, throwing of the head backwards, redness of the eyes, salivation, and frequent emission of urine.—*Epileptic convulsions.—“Involuntary movements of the limbs, as in St. Vitus’ dance, with redness of the face, distortion of the eyes, of the face, and of the body, tears and anxiety, buffoonery and desire to hide oneself.—“The convulsions generally begin in the fingers and in the toes.—Spasmodic laughter.—*Convulsive startings at night *when sleeping*.—*Violent convulsions with great display of strength.—Paralytic affections.—*Symptoms which appear periodically and in groups*.—Great lassitude and sinking of the whole body.—*Tedious weakness.—Consumption.—Excessive sensibility of all the organs.—Fainting fits.

SKIN.—*Eruptions*, which resemble the itch.—Tetters, with yellow scales.—Caries.—Miliary eruptions, especially on the chest and on the hands.

SLEEP.—*Profound sleep*, with shocks and jerks through the body, and starting of the limbs.

MORAL SYMPTOMS —Melancholy with attacks of extreme anguish.—*Want of moral courage.—Anxiety and tears, alternating with buffoonery.—Mildness, alternating with obstinacy.—Unfitness for exertion, but with aversion to indolence.—*Fits of raving abstraction*, with obstinate imaginary conceptions with lively songs, or with malice and moroseness, and often with quick pulse, red and inflamed eyes, wandering looks, *followed by sweats*.—Insanity.—Loss of sense and thought.—Delirium.

HEAD.—Vertigo on reading and on looking into the air.—Whirling vertigo, *as if the head were going to fall forward*.—Sensation as if the head were empty.—Pain in the parietal bone so as to cause one to cry out, on putting the hand to it.—Pain as from a bruise in the brain and in the

socket of the eyes on moving the eyes.—*Stupifying depression in the head, with crawlings in the vertex.*—Pressure in the temples, aggravated by touch.—Pulling in the head with vertigo, ameliorated by lying down.—Head ache in consequence of an epileptic attack.—External burning shootings in the side of the forehead, in the temples and in the vertex. Pains in the occiput and nape of the neck, on moving the head.—Swelling of the head with redness of the face.—Distortion of the side and back parts of the head.

EYES.—Itching in the eyes, towards evening.—**Pressure in the eyes, and in the eye-lids, aggravated by being touched.*—Eyes red, inflamed, wandering or fixed.—*Convulsions and restless movements of the eyes.*—Eyes prominent and sparkling.—*Eyes closed.*—Pupils insensible.—Obscuration of the sight.—Pains resembling a bruise in the sockets on turning the eyes.

EARS.—Tearings in the ears.—Pressure in the ears, as if from a hard body.

NOSE.—Violent congestion of the nose.—**Stoppage of the nose.*—Violent fluent coryza.

FACE.—*Face pale, with eyes downcast and surrounded by a livid circle.*—Face bluish.—*Spasmodic distortion of the face.*—Sad and anxious air.—Redness of the face.—*Lips bluish.*—Excoriation of the upper lip.—Pressure on the lower jaw, increased by being touched.—Spasm in the jaw.

TEETH AND MOUTH.—*Odontalgia with acute pullings extending into the temples.*—Mouth clammy in the morning.—Accumulation of water in the mouth.—*Foam in the mouth.*—Burning sensation in the mouth.—Tongue clammy, loaded with a white coating.—Cries like the croaking of frogs.—Loss of speech.

THROAT.—Dryness of the throat with thirst.—Inflammation of the pharynx, with impeded deglutition.—**Audible noise made by drinks in descending.*—Swelling of the glands of the neck.

APPETITE.—*Sweetish, or metallic, acid, or salt taste.*—Watery taste of food.—Desire for cold things, in preference to hot.

STOMACH.—Constant eructations.—*Hiccough*—Flow of water like saliva, after taking milk.—*Nausea with desire to vomit, extending from the abdomen to the gullet, but principally in the epigastrium, with intoxication, disgust, and putrid taste in the mouth.*—*Violent periodical vomitings, mitigated by drinking.*—*Vomiting of bile, of water, of*

slimy matter or of blood.—*Violent vomitings*, with pressure in the stomach, *cramps in the abdomen*, *diarrhœa* and *convulsions*.—Cramps in the stomach.—**Excessively troublesome pressure in the stomach and epigastrium*, aggravated by touch and by movement.—Anxiety in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains as from a bruise in the hypochondria when touched.—Drawing pains from the left hypochondrium to the hip.—Violent pains in the abdomen, with great anxiety.—Abdomen hard, with violent pains when touched.—*Pressure in the abdomen* as if from a hard body, aggravated by the touch.—Retraction of the abdomen.—*Spasmodic colic*, with *convulsions* and shrill cries.—Tearing and gnawing ulcers in the intestines.

FÆCES.—Constipation with great heat of body.—*Violent diarrhœa*, sometimes sanguineous.—Bleeding of hæmorrhoidal tumors.

URINE.—Urgent desire to make water with scanty discharge.—Frequent emission of fetid, slimy urine.—Burning shootings in the urethra, during and subsequent to the discharge of urine.—°*Wetting the bed at night*.

GENITAL PARTS.—Swelling of the penis, with inflammation of the glans.—Before the catamenia throbbings, palpitation of the heart and head-ache.

LARYNX.—Obstinate hoarseness with desire to lie down.—Noise in the bronchia as if from mucus.—Tickling in the larynx.—**Dry cough with fits of suffocation*, like hooping-cough.—Cough, with expectoration of whitish mucus, during the attack of spasmodic asthma.—Cough in the morning, with putrid expectoration.

CHEST.—*Respiration accelerated*, rattling, moaning, with convulsive efforts of the abdominal muscles.—Short, difficult respiration, with spasmodic cough and rattling in the chest.—Cough with wheezing respiration, as soon as one endeavours to breathe.—Difficulty of respiration, increased by coughing, laughing, turning the body backwards, &c., as well as in the night.—Asthma when ascending or walking quick, with inclination to breath deeply.—Spasmodic asthma.—*Suffocating fits*.—Pressure on the chest.—*Painful contraction of the chest*, especially after drinking.—*Cramps in the chest*, which interrupt the respiration and the voice.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK AND ARMS.—Sensation of heaviness in the axillary glands.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.—Herpes in the fold of the neck.—Swelling of the hand, with inflammation of a lymphatic vessel up to the shoulder.—Pressure and acute pullings in the bones of the metacarpus.

—Weakness and paralysis of the hand.—Jerking of the hands in the morning, after rising.—Torpor and toughness of the fingers.—Cramps of the fingers.

LEGS.—Pains in the legs, especially in the calves of the legs during repose.—Tensive pain and cramps in the calves of the legs.—Pressive and drawing pains in the metatarsus.—Burning sensation in the soles of the feet.—Sweat of the feet.—Suppression of foot sweat.—Pain as from fatigue and stiffness in the limbs.—Cramps of the toes.

68.—CYCLAMEN EUROPÆUM.

CYCL.—Sowbread.—HAHNEMANN.—A medicine as yet very little known, and which has been employed only against *tooth ache* and some *gastric affections*. [It deserves attention in chronic affections of the liver, with pain in the region of the liver, and constipation; in affections of the kidneys; in night-mare, with great difficulty of recovering after awaking, Ed.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pressive traction or tearings, chiefly where the bones are immediately covered by the skin.—During movement, all the sufferings, except dejection, disappear; but numerous symptoms show themselves when one is seated.—Great lassitude, especially in the evening, with pain as from fatigue and stiffness in the legs, and drawing pressure in the thighs and knees.

SKIN.—Gnawing itching in several parts of the skin, especially when seated.—*Tearing and insupportable itching in the evening in bed.*

SLEEP.—Great desire to lie down and to sleep.—Late sleep in the evening, with sensible pulsations in the brain.—*Nightmare* on falling asleep.

FEVER.—Febrile shivering and coldness followed by heat, especially in the face, with redness of the same augmented after a meal; afterwards anxiety with heat in some parts, in the back of the hand and in the nape of the neck, but not in the face.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Secret vexation and troubled conscience.—Ill-humour and slovenliness, with dislike to conversation, by fits.—Love of labour alternating with idleness.—Memory, alternately quick and weak.—Dullness and confusion of mind, with unfitness for every kind of exertion.

HEAD.—Vertigo when standing, as if the brain were moving.—Numbing head-ache, with obscuration of the eyes.—Shootings in the brain in stooping.—*Shootings in the temples.*—Pricking, itching in the hairy scalp, which changes its situation after scratching.

EYES—NOSE.—Eyes dull and hollow.—Shootings in the

eyes and eye-lids.—Swelling of the eye-lids.—*Pupils dilated.*—Sight confused, as *if through a cloud.*—Drawing in the ears.—*Diminution of hearing*, as if the ears were stopped.—*Diminution of smell.*—Fluent coryza with sneezing.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache with dull tractions at night.*—*Shootings and piercing in the teeth.

MOUTH.—Tongue loaded with a white coating.—Constant sensation of roughness and of mucus in the mouth.—Sensation of torpor in the upper lip, as if it were hardened.—In the evening great dryness in the palate, with hunger and thirst.

APPETITE.—Putrid taste in the mouth.—Insipid taste of all food.—*Slight hunger and appetite*, especially in the morning and in the evening.—*Speedy satiety followed by disgust*, as soon as one begins to eat.—*Repugnance to butter* and cold food.—Great desire to sleep after a meal.

STOMACH.—Frequent risings, empty or acid.—*Eructations with hiccough*, especially after a meal.—Nausea with desire to vomit and uneasiness in the region of the epigastrium, as after taking fat food, especially after dinner and supper.—*Flow of water like saliva with nausea* especially in the evening.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Fulness and pressure at the pit of the stomach* as if overloaded.—Uneasiness in the abdomen with nausea.—Painful sensibility of the abdomen to the slightest touch.—Sudden attacks of griping, with pinching.—*Borborygmi in the abdomen, immediately after a meal.*

FÆCES.—Evacuations hard and frequent.—Evacuations of the consistence of pap.—Drawing pressure in the anus and in the perinæum, as if from subcutaneous ulceration.

URINE.—Frequent desire to make water, with abundant discharge of whitish urine.—Shootings in the urethra in making water.

CHEST.—In the evening, short breath, as if from weakness.—Attacks of suffocation.—*Oppression of the chest, with difficulty of respiration.*—Lancinations and acute pullings in the chest, with short and difficult respiration.—Pressure at the heart, as if from congestion of blood, with very evident *palpitations of the heart.*

TRUNK.—Shooting pains in the kidneys.—Pains of excoriation in the nape of the neck.—Pressure with paralytic weakness, or traction in the nape of the neck and in the neck.

ARMS.—*Pressure, as if from a hard body, on the arms, as far as the fingers, which hinders one from writing.*—Tractive pains in the arms and as far as the fingers.—Pain as if

after being struck, or pain of bruising in the arms.—Painful traction in the arms and in the wrists.—Contraction of the fingers.—Red blisters in the joints of the fingers, preceded by violent itching.

LEGS.—*Cramp-like pains in the thighs.*—Red spots on the thighs as if from a burn.—Frequent and violent itching in the calves of the legs, in the ankle-bones and in the toes.—*Pain of dislocation in the joints of the foot.*—Pains of excoriation in the toes, when walking.—Toes dead after walking.—Fetid sweat between the toes.

69.—DAPHNE INDICA.

DAPH.—Indian Daphne.—HERING.—*Duration of effect:* Several weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Bry. dig. rhus. silic. sep. zinc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be:—*Rheumatic and arthritic affections*, even after suppressed gonorrhœa; *Arthritic vaga*; Internal and external pains in the bones; *Amblyopia amaurotica*; *Gastralgia*, and other gastric affections, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Shooting pains as if from blows* in different parts of the body, passing rapidly from one part to the other, aggravated by cold air, "and by taking brandy.—*Rheumatic and arthritic pains as well in the muscles as in the bones.*—"Exostosis with shooting, or with pressive and dull pains.—"Pain as of excoriation, in the exostosis.—**The majority of sufferings exhibit themselves on the left side of the body*, and are aggravated chiefly by fresh air, "as well as while the moon is waning, "in the morning, or towards the evening, *and especially in bed.*—*Great lassitude and pain as from fatigue in all the limbs.*—"Wish to remain lying down.—**Complete sleeplessness*, "caused by aching in the bones.—Desire to sleep without being able to accomplish it.—Dreams of fire or of black cats, with nightmare.—"Agitated sleep, not refreshing.—Starts with fright on going to sleep, accompanied by shivering, with clammy sweat.—Fever, similar to typhus, with excessive shivering, followed by continued heat, by clammy sweat over the whole body and complete loss of appetite.—Fever, with gastric and nervous suffering.—*Clammy sweat* of a putrid smell.—Mental dejection.—Timid character.—Irritability, over excitement, and trembling during the pains.—Irascibility, absence of mind and indecision.

HEAD.—Head-ache, provoked by any intellectual labour whatever.—Pain behind the eyes, from one temple to the other.—**Sensation of fulness in the head, as if the cranium were going to burst,* especially on raising oneself in the bed.—Sensation, *as if the head were too large*, with shootings in the temples.—Sensation, as if the external parts of the brain were inflamed, and were striking painfully against the cranium.—**Violent heat in the head, especially in the vertex*, and sometimes with a sensation as if the head were compressed.—Painful pulsation in the temples and the gums, sometimes with pain like excoriation on being touched.—°*Exostosis on the cranium.*—°Tuberosities in the vertex, soft, as if there were water in them, with troublesome pains, especially at night; the pains hinder sleep, and are aggravated by the touch.—°Hard swelling of the whole left side of the head (of the cranium?) with sensation of torpor, and acute, transient, shooting pain.

EYES AND EARS.—Scraping in the eyes.—Troublesome sensation round the eyes and the eye-lids, with dryness and heaviness of the eye-lids.—Painful sensation as if the eyes were pushed outwards from the head.—Violent pains in the pupils, in the evening, with strong nervous excitement.—Eyes inflamed, weak, dull, and swimming in tears.—°Sensation, as if a cuticle were placed before the eyes.—°Weak sight, with confusion of letters when reading.—°Diplopia.—Pupils very much contracted.—Buzzing in the ears.

FACE—TEETH.—*Heat and burning sensation in the cheeks*, round the ears and in the vertex, sometimes with constant desire to yawn.—Sensation of swelling, of stiffness and of tension in the temporo-maxillary joint, with burning smarting in the skin.—Pulsation in the teeth and gums.—Acute drawing pains in all the teeth.—Tooth-ache, with and without salivation.—Tooth-ache during erections, or after coition.—Tooth-ache with attack of shivering or disposition to perspire.

MOUTH—ABDOMINAL REGION.—Tongue loaded, on one side only.—Dryness of the tongue after sleep, as if it had been burned.—Fetor of the tongue.—Salivation.—Hot saliva.—Great desire to smoke tobacco.—Pyrosis and sour vomiting.—Vomiting with nausea, after breakfast.—Sensation of fulness and boiling in the precordial region.—Pressure in the stomach after drinking.—°Frequent cramps in the stomach.—°After each meal, burning pain and sensation of excoriation in the stomach, with frequent risings of wind; with pains extending to the left hypo-

chondrium and to the back.—Shootings and pains in the region of the spleen.—Arthritic pains which pass rapidly from the limbs to the abdomen.—Pain in the abdomen, with shiverings.

FÆCES—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Stoppage of the abdomen, constipation.—°Fæces scanty, and sanguinolent towards the end.—**Frequent and abundant discharge of urine.*—°*Frequent wetting of the bed at night.*—Urine turbid, thick, yellowish, like rotten eggs.—Urine of a reddish yellow colour.—Fetid urine.—Reddish sediment, which adheres to the side of the vessel.—Pain, as from excoriation in the urethra when making water.—Sweating of the scrotum.—Oozing of prostatic fluid, after making water.

CHEST.—Voice weak.—Breath fetid.—Expectoration serous, and abundant.—Sanguinolent expectoration.—**Cough with vomiting* and °yellowish frothy expectoration, mixed sometimes with streaks of blood; the cough fatigues, and hinders sleep.—°Palpitation and jerking of the heart, with inability to remain lying on the left side.—Acute pains in the region of the heart, with mental dejection and trembling.—Suffocating fits at night, with sensation as if the glands of the neck were swollen and the arteries stiff with blood.

LIMBS.—Pain in the nape of the neck with head-ache.—Burning itching in the back.—Painful pulling along the spinal marrow, aggravated by stooping.—Phlyctænæ, itching excessively on the arms and hands.—Bone-aching, piercing pains in the bones and acute shooting pains in the fingers.—Itching, miliary eruption on the legs.—Rheumatic pains in the thighs and knees.—Coldness of the knees and feet.—Pain, as from contusion in the toes.—°Painful swelling of the ball of the great toe, with pains which often pass rapidly into other parts of the body.

70.—DIADEMA ARANEA.

DIAD.—Spider of the papal cross.—HOMŒOPATHIC GAZETTE.—A medicine as yet very little known. It deserves attention in intermittent fever; in convulsions, hæmorrhage from the nose and uterus; in abortion; and in flatulent colic.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Dull aching pains* in the bones and in all parts of the body, especially in the humerus, the anterior part of the arms, and the heels.—*Dejection and lassitude, with thirst.*—*Appearance of sufferings every day, at the same hour like an intermittent fever.*—*Bleeding*, from almost all the pores of the body and from wounds.—Restless sleep, with frequent waking.—At night,

a sensation as if the hands and the fore-arms were larger and more heavy.—*Febrile symptoms*, mostly consisting of cold.—Thirst during the fever and during the greater part of the other sufferings.

LOCAL SYMPTOMS.—Perplexity and pressure in the head, mitigated by supporting the head.—*Head-ache in the forehead, diminished by smoking tobacco in the open air.*—*Burning heat in the face, in the forehead and in the eyes.*—Coryza, with thirst.—Sharp sensation of cold in the teeth (incisive) every day at the same hour.—Bitter taste, mitigated by smoking tobacco.—Colic, with shuddering, towards the evening.—Fullness and heaviness in the abdomen as if from a stone, with sensation of sinking in the epigastrium.—Borborygmi in the abdomen and heaviness in the thighs, every day at the same hour.—Watery difficult evacuations with colic which is ameliorated by friction on the abdomen.—Metrorrhagia.—*Discharge of slimy mucus from the vagina.*

71.—DIGITALIS PURPUREA.

DIG.—Fox-glove.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: for 50 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: n-vom. op.

COMPARE WITH: *Ars bell. chin. coff coloc. con. hell. merc. n-vom. op. petr. puls. spig. sulph. ac.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If we are guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Arthritic affections (with nodosities?); obstruction and induration of the glands; Icterus; Cyanosis; *Dropsical affections*; Fevers, with gastric, bilious or mucous affections; Slow-fevers with affection of the nervous system?; Vermiculous fevers?; Melancholy from organic affection of the heart?; Serous apoplexy; Hydrocephalus; Catarrhal (arthritic and scrofulous?) ophthalmia; Cataract; Amblyopia amaurotica?; *Gastrico-mucous, or bilious affections*; Gastritis?; Ascites; Chronic urethritis?; Stricture of the urethra?; Tenesmus of the bladder caused by gonorrhœa; Hydrocele; Hæmoptysis; Organic affections of the heart; Hydrothorax.

[Digitalis seems to increase the activity of the venous, and to depress the arterial system; hence it facilitates absorption, removes indurations and effusions, &c. It deserves attention in chronic affections of the liver; in *Delirium potatorum*; in *Phlegmatia alba dolens*; in epilepsy dependent upon serous effusion in the brain; in gastric fevers with white tongue, slimy taste, nausea and vomiting,

aching in the scrob-cord, cutting in the bowels, diarrhœa with inclination to dysentery, with violent pulsation in the abdomen, and extreme prostration of strength; in concussion and serous effusion of the brain or spinal marrow; in asthenic and chronic inflammation of the brain; in chronic affections of the heart with tension in the left breast, aching in the pit of the stomach, inclination to inspire deeply, dry cough, great weakness and inclination to faint, anxiety and restlessness, quick, small, and irregular pulse, diminished secretion of urine, &c.; in inflammation of the bladder, with thickening and induration; in chronic vomiting, and morning vomitings of drunkards; in cardialgia, with frequent vomiting, coldness of the limbs, cold sweats, fainting fits, palpitation of the heart, &c., when occurring in weak nervous women; in retention of urine; in jaundice; in gall-stones; in cyanosis; in dilatation and hypertrophy of the heart; in dry coughs; in tuberculous phthisis with bleeding from the lungs; in suppuration of the kidneys and *phthisis renalis*; in hectic fever with frequent chills, heat and redness of the face, small, quick and hard pulse, sopor, &c.; in dropsy of the joints, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Burning *shootings* and tearings, especially *in the limbs*.—Penetrating pains, and sensation of soreness in the joints, as if after great fatigue.—Obstruction of the glands.—Tight and painful swellings, sepecially of the limbs.—Convulsions.—Epileptic fits.—*Dropsical swellings.—Emaciation.—Great dejection and nervous weakness.—Attacks of excessive weakness, especially after breakfast and dinner.—Sudden prostration of strength, *amounting to fainting*, with general perspiration.

SKIN.—Gnawing itching, which changes if it is not scratched into a burning and insupportable pricking.—Scaling off of the skin from the whole body.—°Bluish skin, particularly of the eye-lids, lips, tongue and nails.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep in the day, and *somnolency* interrupted by fits of convulsive vomiting.—At night half-sleep, with agitation.—*Nocturnal sleep, interrupted by anxious dreams with starts.

FEVER.—Coldness of the body, often with cold sweat, especially on the forehead or one side of the body only.—Coldness in the hands and feet.—Frequent and sudden flushes of heat, followed by weakness.—Nocturnal and abundant perspiration, preceded sometimes by shivering or shuddering, with internal heat, during the day.—Pulse small,

weak and excessively slow, but accelerated by the slightest movement.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Extreme anguish* especially in the evening, with *disposition to weep, and great fear of the future*.—Remorse.—Tearful moroseness; with sensation of internal uneasiness.—Indifference.—Much relish for exertion.—Weakness of memory.—Nocturnal delirium and agitation.

HEAD.—Dizziness.—**Vertigo with trembling*.—Jerking pressure in the head, especially during intellectual labour.—Tension in the forehead when turning the eyes.—Tearing in the temples and sides of the head.—*Shootings in the temples and forehead*, sometimes extending to the point of the nose, especially after drinking any thing cold.—*Itching in the brain* on one side of the head only.—Sensation when stooping, *as if the brain were falling forwards*.—Undulations in the brain, as if it contained water, with confusion in the head.—Swelling of the head.—*The head constantly bends backwards*.

EYES.—*Pressure on the eyes, greatly augmented by the touch.—**Burning pain* and pressure above the eyes, with confused sight.—*Shootings in the eyes.—*Inflammatory redness of the conjunctiva and of the eye-lids, with swelling, and sensation as if sand were introduced into the eyes.—*Inflammation of the meibomian glands*.—Smarting weeping, increased by a bright light and by cold air.—**Agglutination of the eye-lids*, with copious secretion of mucus.—Disposition of the eyes to turn to one side.—Pupils insensible and dilated.—Sight confused, as if through a mist.—Obscuration of the sight and complete blindness, as if from amaurosis.—Opacity of the crystalline lens.—Illusions of the sight.—Phantoms, visions, and the colours of the rainbow before the eyes.—**Objects appear green or yellow*.—*Fire appears blue*.—Sparks before the eyes.—Diplopia.

EARS.—Otalgia, with tensive and contractive pains in the ears.—Swelling of the parotides.

FACE.—*Paleness of the face*.—°*Blue colour of the lips and eye-lids*.—Convulsions on one side of the face.—Cramp-like and drawing pains in the cheek-bones.—Swelling of the cheek, with pain when touched.—Eruptions, with gnawing itching in the cheeks and chin.—Swelling of the lips.—Eruptions on the lips.—Lips cracked.

MOUTH.—*Roughness, excoriation and scraping in the mouth and throat*, with clammy taste.—*Sweetish and fetid saliva*.—*Salivation*, with excoriation of the teeth and gums.—°*Bluish tongue*.—Swelling of the tongue.—Ulcer on the tongue.—Tongue loaded with white mucus.

APPETITE.—Sweetish taste, especially after smoking tobacco, sometimes with constant accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—*Bitterness in the mouth.*—*Clammy taste.*—Bitter taste of bread.—**Absence of appetite*, sometimes even with clean tongue.—Thirst, especially for acid drinks.—*Great desire for bitter things.*—After a meal, pressure and inflation of the abdomen and stomach.

STOMACH.—Sour eructation and regurgitations, sometimes after a meal.—Pyrosis,—**Nausea, with desire to vomit*, moral dejection and inquietude.—**Convulsive inclination to vomit.*—Vomitings and nausea, with fulness and pressure in the epigastrium.—*Vomiting in the morning*, or at night.—**Vomiting of mucus*, of food, or bile, with excessive nausea.—*Nausea in the morning, when waking.*—Nausea and vomiting during a meal.—Vomiting of food, as one spits.—Sensation of retraction in the stomach.—**Pressure, burning pain, and heaviness in the stomach and in the epigastrium.*—*Sensation of weakness in the stomach, as if life would be extinguished*, especially immediately after a meal.—Cramp-like pains in the stomach, sometimes with nausea and vomiting, mitigated by eructation.—Shootings in the pit of the stomach, as far as the sides and the back.—**Fulness in the pit of the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain like contractive tension in the hypochondria.—Sensibility and pressive pains in the region of the liver.—Spasmodic tormina in the intestines.—Shooting and tearing colic, with desire to vomit, especially during movement and expiration.—*Inflation of the abdomen.*—*Dropsical swelling of the abdomen.*—Cuttings, as if from a chill or diarrhœa.—Cramp-like tension in the groins.—Sufferings from flatulency.

FÆCES.—**Fæces, white like chalk, or of the colour of ashes.*—*Diarrhœa of excrement, mixed with mucus*, preceded by shiverings and by cuttings.—Dysenteric evacuations.—Involuntary evacuations.—Aqueous diarrhœa.

URINE.—*Retention of urine.*—**Troublesome and almost futile desire to make water, with discharge of hot, burning and very scanty urine.*—**Difficult urination*, as if from contraction of the urethra.—Wetting the bed at night.—Urinary flux.—Diminution of the secretion of urine, sometimes alternately with abundant discharges.—Cutting pains in the urethra, before and after the urinary discharge.—Involuntary discharges of urine.—**Urine of a deep colour, brownish or reddish.*—Nausea before and after the discharge.—On making water, burning sensation and constriction in the urethra.—Inflammation of the neck of the bladder.

GENITAL PARTS.—Bruising pain in the testes.—*Swelling*

of the testes.—Sexual desire, strongly excited, with frequent erections and pollutions.—Dropsical swelling of the scrotum.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness and coryza in the morning.—Much phlegm in the larynx, which is detached by a slight cough.—Cough, after a meal, with vomiting of food.—**Dry cough*, with pains in the shoulders and arms.—Cough with expectoration of matter resembling starch.—Smarting in the chest in coughing.—Dry, cramp-like cough, excited by long conversation.—**Sanguineous expectoration* on coughing.

CHEST.—*Respiration painfully difficult*, especially at night, *when lying down*, or in the day, when walking or seated.—In the morning, suffocating constriction of the chest, forcing one to rise up in the bed.—*Asthmatic sufferings*, as if from hydro-thorax.—Pressure on the chest from keeping oneself bent.—Tension in chest, with inclination to breathe deeply.—Contractive pain in the chest, when sitting bent.—Smarting in the chest.—Sensation of weakness in the chest, proceeding from the stomach.—Congestion to the chest.—*Acceleration of the functions of the heart*, with palpitations that can be heard, anguish, and contraction in the sternum.—Shuddering over the chest.

TRUNK.—Drawing pains in the bones and loins, as if after a chill.—Bruising pains in the loins when moving.—Stiffness and tension of the muscles and nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Paralytic pullings and tearings in the arms.—Nocturnal swelling of the right hand and fingers.—*Coldness of the hands*.—Tearings in the joints of the fingers.—Sudden and paralytic stiffness of the fingers.—Torpor and easy numbness of the fingers.

LEGS.—Great stiffness in the legs after being seated, which abates when walking.—Want of energy and paralytic weakness in the legs.—Swelling in the knee, like steatoma.—Cutting pains in the thigh, and burning sensation in the calf of the leg, when crossing the legs.—Tension in the ham.—*Cold feet*.—Swelling in the feet, by day only.

72.—DICTAMNUS ALBUS.

DICT.—Bastard Dittany.—A medicine as yet entirely untried, and which is found in the nomenclature of our materia medica, only because HAHNEMANN, in his *Organon*, cites it respecting *Leucorrhœa*.

73.—DROSER A ROTUNDIFOLIA.

DROS.—Sun-dew.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 6 to 7 days.
ANTIDOTE: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. bry. cin. cupr. hep. hyos. ipec. n-vom. spong. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be :—Epilepsy ? ; *Intermittent fevers* (with inclination to, and actual vomiting, long cold stage with violent thirst, followed by heat in the face with but moderate warmth of the body, heaviness of the head, throbbing pain in the occiput, &c. ; difficulty of hearing, with violent roaring in the ears ; it also deserves attention in goitre.)—Presbyopia, and other defects of sight (even in consequence of syphilitic ophthalmia ?) ; *Gastric affections* ; *Catarrh and hoarseness*, also that caused by morbilli.—*Whooping-cough* ; Affections of the respiratory organs, in consequence of croup ; *Chronic laryngitis*, also with ulceration ; Chronic pneumonia ? Phthisis florid, &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Gnawing shootings* in the cavity of the bones of the arms and legs, excessively violent, with violent shootings in the *joints*, during repose, rather than during movement.—Shooting and painful pressure in the muscles of the limbs, mitigated in no position.—*Pains as from a bruise, excessively painful sensibility*, paralytic weakness in all the limbs.—Weakness in the whole body, with hollow cheeks and eyes.—Epileptic convulsions, with sleep and spitting of blood after the paroxysm.—The majority of the sufferings appear at night and in the morning, as well as in the warmth and during repose.

SLEEP.—Snoring during sleep and when lying on the back.—*Frequent starts with fright during sleep*.—Nocturnal waking caused by the commencement of perspiration.—Sleep at noon and in the evening at sunset.

FEVER.—Shuddering over the whole body, with heat of the face, icy coldness of the hands and absence of thirst or *shiverings, with coldness and paleness of the hands, feet and face.—Heat with head-ache and convulsive cough.—*Fever with nausea and desire to vomit and other gastric sufferings, or with sore-throat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Mental dejection, caused by imaginary ideas of enmity.—*Anxiety*, especially in solitude with fear of ghosts.—Restlessness, which does not allow one to be long occupied with the same object.—Disquietude respecting the future.—Discouragement.—Inclination to drown oneself.—Obstinacy in executing what one has resolved upon.—The least thing sets the sufferer beside himself.

HEAD.—Painful perplexity of the head, as if after having spoken much.—Vertigo, when walking in the open air,

which occasions falling (to the left).—*Pressive pains in the head*, especially in the forehead and cheek-bones, sometimes with nausea and dizziness.—Beating and hammering in the forehead, from the inside outwards.—*Pains as from excoriation in the hairy scalp*.

EYES.—Shootings in the eyes towards the outside, especially when stooping.—*Suspension of the sight, or confusion and paleness of the characters when reading.—*Presbyopia*.—Dazzling from the candle and daylight.

EARS.—Shootings and stoppage in the ears, especially when swallowing.—Hardness of hearing, with buzzing and roaring in the ears.

NOSE.—*Bleeding of the nose*, especially in the evening.—Blowing of blood from the nose.—Black pores on the nose.—Constant dryness of the nose.—Great sensibility to acid smells.—Fluent coryza with sneezing.

FACE.—Paleness of the face with cheeks hollow and eyes sunk.—Burning and pricking sensation in the skin of the cheeks, below the eyes.—Lips cracked and constantly dry.—Pressure in the cheek bones, towards the outside aggravated by pressure and contact.—Black pores in the chin.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Shooting pains in the teeth, after taking hot drinks.—Ulcers in the tongue.—Bleeding of the mouth.—Ulceration of the velum palati.—Shootings in the throat, after eating anything salt.—Difficulty in swallowing solid food, as if from contraction of the throat.—Sensation in the throat, as if crumbs of bread had stopped in it.—Hawking of yellowish or greenish mucus.

APPETITE.—Thirst, especially in the morning.—Insipidity of food.—Bitter taste of food and especially of bread.—Bitter risings.—Frequent hiccough.—*Water-brash*.—Vomiting at night and after dinner.—*Vomiting of bile*, in the morning.—Vomiting of blood.—Nausea after eating fat food.—Vomiting of slimy matter and food during the cough.—Shootings and beatings in the pit of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the hypochondria, on coughing and on being touched.—Colic, after eating acids.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Frequent evacuations of sanguinous mucus, with cuttings.—Frequent desire to make water, with scanty discharge, often drop by drop.—Discharge of urine at night.—Brownish urine of a strong smell.—Catamenia suppressed.—Catamenia retarded.—Leucorrhœa with pains like those of childbirth.

LARYNX.—*Crawling in the larynx*, which excites a short cough and shootings as far as the throat.—Sensation, as if there were a soft body, such as a feather, in the larynx.

*Sensation of dryness or roughness and of scraping in the bottom of the gullet with inclination to cough.—*Hoarseness and very low voice.—Accumulation of slimy matter, alternately hard and soft, yellowish, grayish or greenish.—Cough and hoarseness.—Cough, proceeding deep from the chest, with pains in the hypochondria and chest, mitigated by pressing the hand upon them.—*Cough at night and in the evening, immediately after lying down.—*Dry spasmodic cough with inclination to vomit.—Fatiguing cough like whooping-cough, with bluish face, wheezing respiration, attacks of suffocation, bleeding from the nose and mouth, and anxiety.—The cough is excited by laughter, weeping and mental emotions.—*Vomiting of food during the cough and afterwards. Cough, with fetid breath.—Singing, tobacco-smoke and drinking excites the cough.—Cough, with expectoration of a bright-red blood, or of blackish clots.—*Cough in the morning, with bitter and nauseous expectoration.—*Cough with expectoration of purulent matter, and shootings in the lower part of the chest.—Greenish expectoration.*

CHEST.—*Difficulty of respiration in speaking, as if the throat were contracted, chiefly when seated.—Oppression of the chest, as if something stopped the voice when coughing or speaking.—Tightness of the chest when coughing or speaking.—Pains in the chest when coughing and when sneezing.—Pains, as from sub-cutaneous ulceration in the sternum when pressing upon it.*

TRUNK.—*Bruising pains in the back.—Stiffness of the nape of the neck, with pains during movement.—Black pores in the chest and on the shoulders.*

ARMS.—*Pains, as from a bruise in the joints of the arms and hands.—Cramp and stiffening of the fingers, on laying hold of an object.—Nocturnal pains in the bones of the arm.*

LEGS.—*Paralytic pains in the coxo-femoral joint and in the thighs, when walking, which occasions limping—Incisive shootings in the legs.—Tearings in the joints of the foot as if they were dislocated, only when walking.—Stiffness in the joints of the feet.—Cold sweat of the feet, which are constantly cold.*

74.—DULCAMARA.—(SOLANUM).

DULC.—Bittersweet.—**HAHNEMANN.**—*Duration of effect: from 20 to 30 days.*

ANTIDOTES: Camph. ipec. merc.—*It is used as an antidote against: cupr.*

COMPARE WITH: Acon. ars. bell. bry. con. cupr. ipec. lach. merc. n-vom. phos. rhus. sulf.—Dulc, when otherwise indicated, shows itself most efficacious after cupr. merc. and lach.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—From the *mass of symptoms*, it will be seen, that the cases in which this medicine may be employed are ; Sufferings from the use of mercury ; *Affections, in consequence of taking cold in general* ; Affections of the mucous membranes ; Scrofulous affections, with obstruction and induration of the glands ; Cold tumours ; Dropsical affections ; *Paralysis* ; Affections, in consequence of morbilli ; *Tetters of different kinds*, also those from the abuse of sulphur ; Pemphigus in children ; Softening of the bones ; *Nettle rash* ; Warts ; Scarletina and purpura miliaria, when there is a complication of these two diseases ; Fever with affection of the mucous membranes ; Cephalalgia, especially in consequence of a chill ; Crusta lactea ; Scrofulous ophthalmia ; Amblyopia amaurotica ; Glossophlegia ; Angina, especially catarrhal angina (after the use of *mercury*) ; Scorbutic affection of the gums ; Cholerine ; Dysentery, from a chill ; Mucous diarrhœa ? ; *Catarrh of the vesica* ; Contraction of the urethra ? ; Scrofulous buboes ; Tetters on the genital parts ; Inveterate catarrh, with hoarseness ; Hooping cough ? ; Phthisis pituitosa ; Asthma humidum ; Chronic pneumonia ? ; Hydrothorax ; Phthisis florida ?

[It deserves attention in Ovarian dropsy ; Catarrhal fevers with rheumatism of the intercostal muscles, fever-stitches in the side, &c. ; in *Induratio telæ cellulossæ neonatorum* ; in *tinea faciei* ; in inflammation of the throat with swelling of the cervical glands ; Thickening of the mucous membrane of the urethra, strictures, &c. ; in Induration and enlargement of the prostate gland ; *Herpes pudendorum* ; &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Tearing* or shooting, drawing pains in the limbs.—**Sufferings as if from a chill in different parts.*—*Aggravation of sufferings, chiefly in the evening or at night, and during repose* ; mitigated by movement.—Pains, with coldness of the body.—°Immoderate secretion and excretion of the mucous membranes.—**Swelling and induration of the glands.*—Emaciation.—**Dropsical swelling of the whole body, limbs, and face.*—*Rapid swelling of the whole body.*—Weakness and pain of fatigue over the whole body.—Semi-lateral convulsions with loss of speech.—*Paralytic affections of the limbs.*—*Great lassitude.*

SKIN.—Dryness and heat of the skin.—**Miliary nettle rash, with fever.*—**Tetters of different kinds, such as : a.)* •Dry furfuraceous, humid, scaling, or suppurating tetters,

-pale, discharging after being scratched; *b.*) Reddish tetters with red areola, bleeding after being scratched; *c.*) Tetters with red edges, with painful sensibility to the touch, and to cold water; *d.*) Small, round tetters, bleeding after being scratched; *e.*) Dry, furfuraceous tetters.—‘Tettery scabs, over the whole body.—*Tettery eruptions, with swelling of the glands.—°*Warts*.—°Tetters in the joints.—°Eruption of itching pustules, which pass into suppuration and are covered with a scab especially in the lower limbs and the hinder part of the body.

SLEEP.—*Strong desire to sleep during the day*.—°Nocturnal sleep agitated, restless, in consequence of heat and jerkings in the body, especially after midnight.—*Waking very early*.—Frightful dreams.—Visions in the morning when waking.

FEVER.—In the evening, frequent chills and coldness not even relieved by the heat of the fire.—Coldness during the pains.—°At first, febrile shivering, then burning heat with stunning pain in the head, red face, burning heat in the palate, and insatiable thirst for cold drinks.—**Dry heat and burning sensation in the skin*, with delirium and thirst.—Fever, with aggravation in the evening.—Pulse, hard and tight.—*General sweat*, especially at night.—Fetid sweat with discharge of much urine.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Mental Agitation*.—Great impatience.—°Impatient desire for different things, which are rejected as soon as they are obtained.—Disposition to quarrel, without anger.—Nocturnal delirium with aggravation of pains.

HEAD.—*Great dulness in the head, as if there were a vice to the forehead.—Aching stunning pains in different parts of the head.—*Piercing and burning pain in the forehead, with searching from the inside outwards.—*The head-ache is aggravated by the slightest movement and °even by speaking.—*Sensation of heaviness in the head*.—Congestion of the head, with buzzing in the ears and hardness of hearing.—Sensation in the occiput as if it were enlarged.

EYES.—Pressure in the eyes, especially when reading.—Sensation, as if fire were issuing from the eyes.—*Inflammation of the eyes.—Twitching of the eyelids in the cold air.—Sparks before the eyes.—Confused sight, as if from incipient amaurosis.

EARS.—Ear-ache, at night, with nausea.—Acute pullings, with shootings in the ears.

NOSE.—*Epistaxis* of a very hot and bright red blood, with pressive pain above the nose.—Coryza with stoppage of the nose, aggravated in the cold air.

FACE.—Paleness of the face, with circumscribed redness of the cheeks.—Eruptions and warts on the face.—°Thick, brownish or yellowish, scabs on the face, forehead, temples, and chin.—Moist tetter on the cheeks.—Twitching of the lips in the cold air.—Paralysis of the lower jaw.—°Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.—Redness of the face.—Distortion of the mouth.

MOUTH.—*Salivation*.—*Dryness of the Tongue*.—°Tongue loaded with thick mucus.—Swelling of the tongue.—Pimples and ulcers in the mouth.—Gums loosened and fungous.—**Paralysis of the tongue* and obstructed speaking, especially after taking cold—Sore throat, as if from elongation of the uvula, with pressive pain.—Burning heat in the palate.—**Sore throat, as if after a chill*.

APPETITE.—Insidious and saponaceous taste in the mouth.—°Bitterness in the mouth.—**Burning thirst* for cold drinks, generally with dryness of the tongue, with abundant secretion of saliva.—Hunger, with repugnance to all food.—Distension of the abdomen and epigastrium, after eating moderately.—**Nausea, with vomiting of viscous phlegm*.

STOMACH.—*Pressure in the stomach extending to the chest.—Cramp-like contraction in the stomach, so as to suspend respiration.—Retraction of the epigastrium, with burning pain.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the umbilical region.—Shooting pinchings and *cuttings in the umbilical region*, especially at night.—Pinchings, gnawing, and sensation as if a worm were creeping in the abdomen.—**Pain in the abdomen as if from taking cold*.—*Inflammatory obstruction and induration of the inguinal glands, with drawing and tensive pains.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—*Diarrhœa, as if after a chill*, with cuttings, or vomitings, risings and thirst.—*Diarrhœa of greenish or brownish mucus*.—Sanguineous diarrhœa, with *itching in the anus* and prolapsus of the rectum.—°Nocturnal watery diarrhœa with colic.

URINE.—Retention of urine.—Scanty and fetid urine.—Clear and slimy urine, or troubled *with sediment like mucus*.—Red, burning urine.—°*Involuntary discharge of urine*, as if from paralysis of the bladder.—Difficult urination, drop by drop.—°Thickening of the vesica.—*Discharge of mucus from the urethra.—Stricture of the urethra.—Turbid and whitish urine.—Catamenia retarded and too abundant.—Tettery eruption of the labia.—Miliary eruption before the catamenia.—Tetters on the breast.

LARYNX.—Catarrh and hoarseness, as if from having taken cold.—Cough with hoarseness.—Moist cough.—Cough, with expectoration of bright red colour.—°Cough, similar to whooping-cough, *excited by taking a deep inspiration.

CHEST.—Strong oppression of the chest, especially with reference to breathing.—*Obtuse shooting*, as if from blows in and upon the sides of the chest.—Troublesome pain as of undulation in the left side of the chest.—Violent palpitation of the heart, perceptible externally, at night.

TRUNK.—*Violent pains in the lumbar region* above the hips, grubbing, shooting or drawing, chiefly at night during repose.—*Stiffness of the nape of the neck*.—Obstruction and induration of the glands of the nape and neck.—Shooting pullings in the loins, shoulders and arms.

ARMS.—*Paralysis of the arms*, with icy coldness, as from apoplexy.—Paralytic pain in the arms, as if from a bruise, chiefly during repose.—*Tettery eruption and warts on the hands.—*Perspiration of the palms of the hands*.

LEGS.—Traction and tearings in the lower extremities, especially in the thighs.—Tetters on the knee.—Puffing and swelling of the leg as far as the knee.—Burning sensation in the feet and toes.—Erysipelatous scaling and itching in the feet.—Crawling in the feet.

75.—EUGENIA IAMBOS.

EUG.—HERING.—*Duration of effect* : 3 or 4 days.

ANTIDOTE : Coff.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Sufferings appear, especially in the evening and *at night*.—Profound stupifying sleep, even at noon, with confused dreams.—Coldness as if one were naked.—Respiration in the morning, with burning thirst.—Disposition to be wholly alone.—Uneasiness in every position ; desire to lie down when seated, and to rise when lying down.

HEAD.—Permanent state of intoxication, with great loquacity and idleness.—Vertigo, during which all objects seem to be turned upside down.—*Attacks of megrim in the evening*, with rolling and burning pain in the head, with forcing towards the eyes, lachrymation, *nausea and vomiting*, during which the pains are aggravated.—*Pains in the head at night, with burning pain in the eyes*, violent thirst and discharge of much urine.—Cramp-like, aching pains in the head.

EYES.—Lachrymation, with burning and gnawing pains. Burning pain in the eyes in the afternoon.

FACE AND MOUTH.—Pimples on the face with painful sensibility of their circumference.—Abundant accumulation of frothy and slimy saliva, in the mouth, especially before a meal.

APPETITE.—Appetite increased.—*Agreeable taste of tobacco, when smoking, of food and of drink.*—Great thirst.—Great desire to smoke tobacco.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Loose evacuations, followed by vomiting.—Scanty evacuation of excrement, of the consistence of pap, and sabulous.—Evacuations scanty, sputtering and fetid, with burning pain in the abdomen.—*Constipation.*—*Deep-doloured urine.*—After making water, shuddering or sudden increase of brightness and of light before the sight.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Impotence.—Emission of semen too slow, or entirely wanting during coition.—After coition, perspiration and thirst.

CHEST AND LIMBS.—Moist cough, without expectoration in the evening and at night.—Expectoration of yellowish, sanguineous mucus.—Desquamation and suppuration of the skin round the nail of the thumb.—Cramp-like and paralytic pains in the tibia and in the heel.—Nocturnal cramps in the sole of the foot.

76.—EUPHORBIIUM.

EUPHORB.—Spurge.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect: for 50 days in some cases of chronic disease.*

ANTIDOTE: Camph. citr.

COMPARE WITH: Bell. merc. mag. nitr-ac.—This medicine, when indicated, is particularly suitable after *bell. merc. nitr-ac.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *mass of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be:—Sufferings from the abuse of mercury?; Affections of the bones and mucous membranes?; Inveterate and indolent ulcers?; Scarlatina?; Warts?; Catarrhal ophthalmia?; Vesicular erysipelas of the face?; Œsophagitis?; Gastralgia?; *Brittleness of the teeth*; Ptyalism; Affections of the urinary organs; Sequelæ of pleurisy, or pneumonia, with adhesion of the pleura?; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tearing or pressive, or shooting pains in the limbs, especially during repose, mitigated by movement.*—*Stinging and tensive pains in the muscles.*—*Burning pains in different parts of the body, especially in the internal organs.*—Paralytic weakness in the joints, with difficulty in rising from one's seat.—Great

relaxation and lassitude.—The majority of the symptoms are aggravated during repose, by setting and *by touch*.

SKIN.—*Gnawing and burning itching, which forces one to scratch* almost constantly.—Streaks of a purple red on the skin.—*Furunculi*.—*Indolent ulcers*.—(Sphacelus?)

SLEEP.—*Desire to sleep during the day*, accompanied by frequent yawnings.—Comatose somnolency during the day.—Difficulty of sleeping in the evening, with trembling and starting.—Frequent waking.

FEVER.—Shuddering and deficiency of *vital heat*, especially in affections of the internal organs.—Shivering at the commencement of a meal.—Shuddering and shivering with coldness of the hands and heat in the cheeks, without thirst.—Perspiration in the morning, with heat, without thirst.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxious apprehension.—Taciturnity.—Desire for exertion.

HEAD.—Vertigo, which causes falling to one side.—*Pressive, stinging head-ache*—*Pain as from a bruise on the occiput*.—Erysipelatous inflammation of the exterior of the head.

EYES.—*Inflammation of the eyes*, with itching and dryness of the lids and of the canthi.—Opacity of the cornea.—Myopia.—Diplopia.

EARS AND NOSE.—Otalgia in the open air.—A suffocating itching in the nose, extending as far as the brain, with abundant flow of mucus.—Frequent sneezing.

FACE.—*Erysipelatous swelling of the cheek, with eruption of yellowish vesicles*, and piercing and searching pain.—Pale swelling of the cheek.—Burning pain in the face.

TEETH.—*Pressing, stinging tooth-ache*, or with piercing pain, aggravated by contact and mastication, or at the beginning of a meal, with shivering and pain in the head and cheek bones.—**Crumbling of the teeth*.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth without thirst.—*Salivation with sensation of creeping*, desire to vomit, and pinchings in the stomach.—Saltish saliva.—*Burning pain, from the throat to the stomach*, accompanied by heat, anxiety, tremor, and water-brash.

STOMACH.—Insipid, rancid, bitter taste.—Vehement thirst for cold drinks.—Empty eructations.—Hiccough.—Flow of water like saliva from the mouth, with heat, anxiety and tremor.—Stomach-ache as if beaten.—Relaxation and flaccidity of the stomach, with retraction of the abdomen.—*Contracting cramps in the stomach*.—Sensation of pinching and clawing in the stomach.—*Burning pain in*

the stomach and epigastrium.—Inflammation of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Stomach-ache and constricting pains in the abdomen.—*Spasmodic flatulent colic, with pains pressing asunder or upwards*, generally relieved by supporting the head on the hand.—Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen.—*Burning pain in the abdomen.*—Tearing in the groins as if caused by spraining.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Urgent desire to go to stool, with itching in the rectum.—*Liquid diarrhœa with tenesmus*, sensation of burning in the anus, and excoriating pain in the abdomen.—Urgent desire to make water, with difficult and scanty discharge, *drop by drop.*—Flow of blood from the urethra.

GENITAL PARTS.—Tearing lacerations in the glans penis.—Voluptuous itching of the prepuce.—Tearing in the testes.—Burning pain in the scrotum.—*Constant erections without lasciviousness.*—Discharge of prostrate fluid.

LARYNX.—*Dry, hollow cough*, excited by a *burning tickling* in the trachea and the chest.—Dry cough, day and night, as if from oppression, with frequent expectoration in the morning.

CHEST.—Difficult respiration and short breath, with tensive pain in the muscles of the chest.—Sensation of spasmodic pressing asunder in the chest.—Sensation as if *one of the lobes of the liver were adherent.*—Pressure in the muscles of the chest.—Pressive lancination on the sternum.—Lancination in the left side of the chest, during repose, mitigated by movement.—*Burning pain in the chest.*

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Cramp-like pain in the dorsal spine, in the morning, in bed, when lying on the back.—Sweat on the neck.—Paralytic tension in the shoulder-joint during repose, relieved by walking.—*Scarlet streaks* on the front of the arm, itching when touched.—Cramp-like tractions in the hand, after writing.—*Pains of dislocation in the hips.*—Burning pain at night, in the thigh-bones.—*Great weakness of the legs.*—Cramp-like contraction of the toe.

77.—EUPHRASIA OFFICINALIS.

EUPHR.—Eye-bright.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : for 20 days in some cases.

ANTIDOTE : Puls. ?

COMPARE WITH : Arn. merc. n-vom. puls. seneg. spig.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be :—Severe effects from a contusion,

blow, or fall, &c. ; Rheumatic, serofulous, catarrhal, traumatic *ophthalmia*, &c. ; *Blenorrhœa of the eyes* ; Opacity, inflammation of, and specks on the cornea ; Amblyopia amaurotica ; Humid cough, in consequence of gripe ; Condyloma, &c., &c.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cramp-like pains over the whole body.—Pricking in the extremities, as if from gnat stings, with sensation of torpor.—Aggravation of symptoms in the evening.—*Urgent desire to sleep during the day*, as if from fatigue of the eyes.—*Violent yawnings* on walking in the open air.—Violent lancinations in different parts, which prevent sleep.—Frightful dreams, with frequent waking and starting up with fright.—Predominance of cold.—Copious nocturnal sweat.—Taciturnity and repugnance to conversation ; one is concentrated in oneself.—Hypochondriacal indifference.—Indolence.—Melancholy.

HEAD.—*Confusion and pain in the head*, as if beaten, in the evening, augmented by lying down.—Pressing *head-ache with photophobia* and heat, chiefly in the forehead.—Stingings in the temples and forehead.—Beating in the head, perceptible on the outside.

EYES.—*Pressure on the eyes*.—Biting sensation in the eyes.—Inflammatory redness of the eyes.—*Inflammation of the cornea*.—**Inflammation and ulceration of the edges of the eyelids*, with head-ache.—°*Cicatrized ulcers and specks on the cornea*.—**Abundant flow of corrosive tears*, causing blindness, especially when exposed to the wind —**Swelling and agglutination of the eye-lids*.—Smarting in the eyes, as if from sand.—Lancinations in the eyes, excited by too bright a light.—Eruption of small miliary pimples round the eyes.—*Copious secretion of mucus, sometimes sanguineous, from the eyes and lids*.—Compression of the eye-lids.—Contraction in the eyes and lids, which occasions winking.—The light seems obscure and wavering.—Photophobia, especially in day-light and sunshine.

EARS.—Otalgia, with piercing pains in the region of the tympanum.

NOSE.—Purulent pimples on the wings of the nose.—Excoriation and painful sensibility of the nostrils.—Epistaxis.—Flowing coryza by day, obstruction of the nose at night.—**Violent flowing of coryza, with abundant secretion of mucus*, excessive confusion of the head, and corrosive tears in the eyes.

FACE.—Stiffness of the cheeks when speaking and during mastication, with sensation of heat and stinging pains.—Miliary eruption on the face, with burning and redness

on wetting the face.—Lip stiff, as if of wood.—*Shootings in the lower jaw and chin.*

MOUTH.—*Stammering and frequent interruptions of speech.*—Speech difficult in consequence of a paralytic stiffness of the tongue and cheeks.—Sensation of clucking which ascends into the throat.

TEETH.—Stinging pains in the lower teeth.—Profuse bleeding of the gums.

STOMACH AND URINE.—Insipid taste.—Nausea and bitterness in the mouth after smoking.—Eructations with taste of food that has been eaten.—*Short attacks of griping in the abdomen.*—Pressing, squeezing and burning across the abdomen.—Colic, alternating with affections of the eyes.—Evacuations hard and insufficient.—*Frequent emission of abundant and clear urine.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—Spasmodic retraction of the genital parts in the evening in bed.—Lancinating and voluptuous itching in the glans and prepuce.—Condyloma.—Retraction of the testes with sense of formication on them.

CHEST.—Cough, especially by day, with difficult respiration.—Cough, with suspension of respiration.—*Cough in the morning, with flowing coryza, and abundant expectoration of mucus.*—Difficulty of respiration, even when seated.

LIMBS.—*Cramp-like, pressing pains in the back.*—Numbness in the arms and hands.—*Spasmodic pressing pains in the hands and fingers.*—Attacks of swelling in the joints of the hand or of the fingers, on moving these parts.—Torpor of the fingers.—Stinging in the legs during repose.—Tension, as if from contraction of the tendons in the ham and the tendo-Achillis, on walking.—Sensation of heaviness and *cramp-like pain in the calves of the legs*, when remaining long standing.—Shocks, which ascend along the thigh, followed by paralytic torpor of that part.

78.—EVONYMUS EUROPÆUS.

EVON.—Spindle-tree.—A medicine as yet very little known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Stinging drawing pains.*—The sufferings force one to lie down, and are then mitigated, or at least change their locality.—*The pains in the chest, head and abdomen are aggravated particularly after dinner*—Crawling in the skin requiring the part to be scratched, followed by a burning sensation.—*Eruption of small dry pustules.*—Shivering and shuddering over the whole body.—*Precordial anxiety*, as if from oppression.—*Peevish and vexatious humour, with unsuitness for exertion.*—*Absence of mind.*

HEAD—ABDOMINAL REGION.—Vertigo, when sitting.—

Violent and frequent lancinations in the head.—Sensation, as if a nail were driven into the side of the crown of the head.—*Stupifying pressure above the arch of the eye-brows, which seems to compress the eye-balls.*—Head-ache, with shivering.—Tension in the teguments of the forehead, which are convulsively contracted.—Head-ache after a meal.—*Obscuration of the sight as if through a cloud, with black spots before the eyes.*—Buzzing in the ears.—Tearing in the (left) side of the face.—*Cutting lancinations and paralytic pain in the cheek-bone.*—Violent *stinging in the region of the epigastrium.*—Cuttings and constriction in the abdomen, as if the abdomen were cut below the ribs.—The abdominal sufferings are aggravated after a meal.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES.—*Inclination to breathe deeply, excited by an impediment and a sensation of fulness in the chest.*—Drawing, jerking and stunning *stingings in the region of the breasts.*—The whole chest is, as it were, contracted.—*Excoriating pain in the chest as if beaten.*—*Cutting lancinations below the ribs, in the right side.*—Small, dry pimples on the chest.—The sufferings of the chest are aggravated after a meal.—Crawling on the left side of the back.—*Stingings in the left side of the back, near the dorsal spine.*—Small papulæ on the back.—*Acute tractions, with searching in the shoulders.*—Paralytic pains in the fingers.—Paralytic tractions and stingings in the region of the hips.—*Paralytic pain in the knees, which hinders walking, and impedes standing upright.*

79.—FERRUM.

FER --Metallic iron.--HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 6 or 7 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: ARN. ars. bell. chin. hep. ipec. merc. puls. veratr. It is used as an antidote against arsen. chin. tea.

COMPARE WITH: Amm. ars. calc. carb-veg. cham. chin. cin. graph. hep. ipec. n-vom. puls. sep. thui. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—The *totality of symptoms* of this remedy indicate its use for the following:—Arthritic affections; evil effects from the abuse of quinine or tea; Paralysis, even that caused by debilitating losses; Dropsical affections; Chlorosis; *Congestion of blood and hæmorrhagia*, with over-excitement of the entire sanguineous system; Atrophy?; Weakness, from debilitating and universal evacuations?; Intermittent fevers, worse after the abuse of quinine; Megrin; Congestive cephalalgia; Scrofulous ophthalmia?; Hæmorrhage of the nose; *Dyspepsia with vomiting of food* (especially in phthisical subjects); Gastralgia; Spasmodic, flatulent and *vermiculous*

colic ; Lienteria ? ; *Diarrhœa*, especially in phthisical persons and in children ; *Ascarides* ; *Metrorrhagia*, even after accouchment ; Sterility ; Abortion ; Vomiting of pregnant women ; Grippe ; Hooping cough ? ; Spasmodic (and flatulent) asthma ? ; Convulsive cough ; Phthisis (first stage) ; Hæmoptysis ; Congestion of the chest, with palpitation of the heart ; Œdema of the feet, in consequence of debilitating discharges.

[Under the long continued use of iron, the spleen and liver have been found smaller, harder and denser. It also occasions costiveness from a diminution of the secretions and exhalations of the intestinal mucous membrane. Carmichael considers the sanguine temperament, marked by a florid complexion, celerity of thought, remarkable irritability of fibre, and a quick pulse, as depending upon an excess of iron ; whereas the leucophlegmatic depends upon a deficiency of iron. It is said also to give the blood a more scarlet colour, to increase the quantity of red globules, and to render the crassamentum firmer and more solid. *Cruvelhier* has cured chronic splenitis, and enlargements of the spleen which have occupied half or even two thirds of the abdomen, when attended with paleness of the lips, great lassitude, pulsation in the abdomen and head from the slightest exertion, pain in the left side, quick pulse, &c. It deserves attention in chronic neuralgia, with violent stabbing, plunging pain, aggravated by the slightest motion or touch ; in hemicrania with surface pale and cool, small pulse, debility, intense head-ache rendered intolerable by the least light or noise. Also in profuse flowing hæmorrhoids ; in intermittent fever, with violent congestion to the head, earthy, pale, puffed up countenance, distended veins, vomiting of blood, paralytic weakness and colliquative sweats ; in florid consumption, with purulent and bloody expectoration ; in Asthma ex congestione ; in swelling of the joints, &c. *Ed.*]

See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Violent pains, *tearings and stings*, especially at night, with inclination to move the parts affected.—*Varices*.—Cramps and spasmodic contraction of the extremities.—Dropsical swellings, with shooting pains.—**Agitation of the blood and hæmorrhagia*.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves at night, are aggravated by being seated, and mitigated by gentle movement.—**Great lassitude and general weakness*, excited even by speech, often alternating with anxious trembling of the whole body.—°*Emaciation*.—After walking in the open air,

sickly feeling of fatigue, to the extent of fainting, with obscuration of the eyes and buzzing in the head.—Great desire to lie down.

SKIN.—Burning sensation in different parts of the skin, with pain as from excoriation when touched.—Paleness of the skin over the whole body.

SLEEP.—**Excessive and drowsy fatigue, with agitated sleep at night, anxious tossing, abundance of dreams, and difficulty in going to sleep again, after waking.—Lateness of falling asleep in the evening.—Eyes half open during sleep.—Inability to sleep, when lying on the side.*

FEVER.—Frequent shiverings of short duration.—Shiverings in the evening with a feeling of coldness when in bed, all night.—Shiverings with violent thirst preceded or accompanied by head-ache.—Dry heat, with desire to uncover oneself.—*Agitation of blood in the day, with heat in the evening, especially in the hands —Fever, with congestion of the head, puffings round the eyes, swelling of the veins, vomiting of food, short respiration and paralytic weakness.—Copious perspiration, easily excited by the least movement during sleep.—Nocturnal perspiration of a strong smell.—Cold perspiration, with anxiety during the spasms.—Colliquative, clammy sweat.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Anxiety with beatings in the epigastrium.—Peevish humour, passion and inclination to cavil.—Gaiety, alternating with sadness every other day.*

HEAD.—Confusion and heaviness in the head.—Vertigo, which causes one to fall forwards, as if from the motion of a carriage, *especially on stooping, moving, &c.—Dizziness and vertigo, on looking at running water.—*Pressing pain in the head, especially in the fresh air.—Painful perplexity in the head, above the root of the nose, especially in the evening.—Traction from the nape of the neck to the head, with stinging, buzzing and roaring.—**Periodical hammering, and pulsative head-ache, every two or three weeks, which forces one to lie down.—Congestion of the head.—Pain in the hairy scalp, as if it were galled.—Profuse falling off of the hair, with pain when it is touched.*

EYES.—*Eyes confused, dull and watery, especially after slight fatigue (from writing).—Eyes red, with burning pain.—Swelling and redness of the eye-lids with a sty.*

EARS AND NOSE.—Buzzing in the ears, mitigated by supporting the head on a table.—*Epistaxis, chiefly from one nostril and in the evening.—Constant accumulation of clots of blood in the nose.*

FACE AND THROAT.—*Earth-coloured, or *pale and wan face,*

with eyes sunk.—*Fiery redness of the face*.—Yellow or bluish spots on the face.—Small red spots on the cheek, which is pale.—Puffing of the face round the eyes.—*Lips pale.—*Pressing pain in the throat*, on swallowing.—*Spitting of blood*.

APPETITE.—Sweetish taste like that of blood.—*Bitter taste of food.—Absence of appetite, especially in the morning, alternating with bulimia.—Dislike to food and acids.—Meat lies heavy on the stomach.—Insatiable thirst, or absence of thirst.—Solid food appears too dry.—After every meal, eructation and regurgitation of food, even of that which has been eaten with good appetite.—Vomiting after taking acids.—*Pressure in the stomach and in the abdomen*, always after eating and drinking.—Beer affects the head or causes vomiting.

STOMACH.—Nausea, with desire to vomit during a meal.—**Vomiting of food*, especially at night, or immediately after a meal, even after eating fresh eggs merely.—Sour vomiting and acid eructation.—Bitter eructation after eating fat things.—**Pressure in the stomach*, especially after eating meat.—Cramp-like pain in the stomach.—*Pressing cramps in the stomach*, every time after eating or drinking.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Inflation and hardness of the abdomen.—Cramp-like pains in the abdomen.—Cramps in the abdominal muscles, as if the abdomen were contracted, especially on exerting oneself and on stooping.—*Flatulent colic at night*.—Painful heaviness in the hypogastrium on walking.

FÆCES.—°*Aqueous* and acrid **diarrhœa*, -sometimes accompanied by cramp-like pains in the abdomen, back and anus.—°*Undigested fæces*.—Slimy fæces.—**Ascarides in the rectum*.—Blind and bleeding hæmorrhoids.

GENITAL PARTS.—Increase of sexual desire, with frequent erections and pollutions.—Flow of mucus from the urethra.—**Metrorrhagia* °with over-excitement of the sanguineous system, fiery red face and copious flow of blood, at one time liquid, at another black and coagulated, accompanied by pains in the sacral region and abdomen, similar to those of child-birth.—Catamenia feeble and of a pale blood.—Suppression of the catamenia.—Smarting during coition, and pain like that of excoriation in the vagina, with deficiency of enjoyment.—Before the catamenia, shooting pains in the head with tingling in the ears.—**Abortion*.—Milk-like and acrid leucorrhœa.—Sterility.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness and roughness in the throat.—Tickling in the trachea, which urgently excites coughing.

—Cough, only on moving and walking.—*Purulent expectoration with the cough.—*Spasmodic cough*, especially in the morning, with expectoration of tenacious and transparent mucus, *ceasing immediately after a meal*; or *dry, spasmodic cough, commencing after a meal, with vomiting of food*.—Fetid, greenish expectoration of blood, especially at night, or in the morning.—Cough after a meal with vomiting of food.—On coughing, pains in the occiput, or stinging and pains as if caused by a bruise in the chest.

CHEST.—*Difficulty of respiration*, with almost imperceptible elevation of the chest, and strong dilation of the nostrils on breathing.—**Difficulty of respiration* especially at night or in the evening, as if commencing in the epigastrium, aggravated during repose, and relieved by intellectual or physical occupation.—Suffocating fits, in bed in the evening, with burning pain in the throat and the upper part of the body, and coldness of the extremities.—*Constricting oppression of the chest*.—Contracting spasms in the chest, aggravated by walking or movement.—Tensive lancinations in the chest, and extending as far as the shoulder-blades.—Congestion of the chest.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK.—*Tearing between the shoulder-blades at night*.—Stingings in the shoulder-blades on moving the arms.—Stiffness of the muscles of the neck, with pain during movement.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.

ARMS.—**Stinging and tearing* in the shoulder-joint and arm, or tractions, paralytic weakness and *heaviness*.—Inquietude in the arms.—Swelling and scaling of the skin of the hands.—Cramps and torpor in the fingers.

LEGS.—*Tearing with violent lancination*, from the coxo-femoral joint to the tibia, aggravated in the evening in bed and during repose.—Paralytic weakness and torpor in the thighs.—*Weakness in the knees, so that they bend, with inquietude in that part.—Varices on the legs.—*Stiffness, *traction and heaviness in the legs*.—Swelling of the knees and of the joints of the feet.—*Swelling of the feet with drawing pain, especially on beginning to walk.—Cramps in the calves of the legs, soles of the feet and toes.

80.—FERRUM CHLORATUM.

FER. CH.—Chloride of iron; Muriate of iron. The few symptoms of this medicine, which have as yet been observed, differ in no respect from those of *metallic iron*; and the use that has been made of *muratic iron* against œdematous swelling in the feet, is a fact too isolated to afford a precise idea of the difference which exists between these two preparations of iron.

81.—FERRUM MAGNETICUM.

FER. M.—Deutoxide of Iron.—CASPARI.—A medicine which as yet has not been used at all.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Some of the pains and itchings reappear every four weeks.—*After travelling on foot*, thirst, perspiration, lassitude and paleness.—Prickings, lancinations, crawling and itching in different parts.—Paralytic weakness, difficulty of motion, and relaxation of the muscles.—Excessive lassitude.—Trembling in the legs and arms.—After perspiring, during a moderate walk, *weakness and lassitude, which seem to proceed from the abdomen*, with a trembling in the knees and hands.—Fatigue from taking the slightest exercise.

SKIN.—Itching and crawling in different parts, especially in the evening, *mitigated by scratching, but appearing in other parts*.—Red spots, sometimes of a bright or bluish red; some disappear from pressure.—Small warts on the hands.

SLEEP.—Strong and noisy yawnings, with accumulation of water in the mouth.—Desire to sleep, *with immediate sleep, as soon as one lies down, or even when seated*.—Absurd dreams at night, and waking towards three o'clock in the morning, with perspiration and heat.—Dreams as soon as one lies down, waking with a start and coldness, which causes shivering.—Desire to remain lying down in the morning.—After rising, weakness in the knees.—Sleep unrefreshing, with pressure on the eyes, perplexity in the head, flaccidity of the skin of the face and lassitude in the arms.

FEVER.—Shivering and coldness in the side on which one has not lain.—After a walk, heat with weakness, proceeding from the stomach, tremor, vertigo, paleness, and inclination to lie down.—Heat, as if a catarrh were developing itself, with lassitude and down-cast eyes.—Internal heat, with perspiration and slow pulse, after washing the body.—Pulse slow and small.—Perspiration from the slightest exercise.—Sweat in the morning, especially on the body and occiput.—Sweat of an acrid smell, as in measles.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Indecision and long reflection before undertaking any thing.—Indolence, slowness of movement.—Self-sufficiency and importance of manner.—Irrascibility.

HEAD.—Pulsating head-ache by fits.—Circumscribed head-ache, especially in the morning, generally on the right side.—Head-ache on stooping, moving the arms, and going up stairs.—Head-ache, suddenly attacking the eyes and nose, as if one were going to weep or to sneeze.—Itching in the hairy scalp.—Eruption of small, painful pim-

ples on the hairy scalp.—Small scabs on the head.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—Obscurity before the right eye, which causes it to wink.—Variegated areola, around the light.—Pressing pain on the eye-lid, which impedes the sight.—Swelling of the lower lid.—Pricking, itching in the canthi.—Painful sensibility of the lachrymal caruncles with profuse lachrymation.

EARS AND NOSE.—Tension in the ears and pharynx, during deglutition.—Itching, binding, and cold *lancinations in the auditory duct*.—Tingling in the ears.—Sneezing, with stoppage of one nostril and catarrh.

FACE AND TEETH.—Face dejected, with general heat, followed by redness of the face.—Heat of the face.—Itching and crawling in the face and on the lips.—Eruptions on the forehead, in the eye-brows, at the root of the nose, on the cheeks, the lips and the chin.—Bleeding of the gums, when slightly pressed upon.—Teeth easily broken.—Painful sensibility of the teeth during mastication.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Accumulation of water and saliva in the mouth.—Itching sensation in and behind the palate.—Bitter and rancid taste in the pharynx, on hawking.—Sensation as if mucus were adhering to the uvula.—Lancinations in the throat.—Pressure in the œsophagus, as if one had swallowed too much at a time.

STOMACH.—Flatulency during a meal, rolling and rumbling in the abdomen.—After a meal, taciturnity, lassitude, heat, expulsion of wind, pains in the region of the stomach, with anguish, pains in the epigastrium, especially when breathing, urgent desire to go to stool and diarrhœa.—Ineffectual eructations.—Nausea.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Uneasiness in the abdomen.—*The abdominal sufferings are felt more particularly in the left side.*—Rolling, grumbling, borborygmi and whistling in the abdomen, with expulsion of wind, and urgent want to go to stool and to make water; the movements in the abdomen are accompanied by pulling along the legs as far as the toes.—The flatulency seems to proceed from one and the same place, in the left side of the abdomen.—*Very abundant and frequent emission of fetid wind.*

FÆCES.—*Urgent want to go to stool, with expulsion of wind only.*—Loose evacuations, with much flatulency, and sometimes with excrements of a fetid smell, physical depression and paleness of face.—On expelling wind, there escapes a small liquid evacuation.—Itching and stinging in the anus.—Crawling and itching in the rectum.

URINE.—Abundant, red urine, which changes to a clay colour, after having stood for some time.—Itching and lancination in the scrotum and extremity of the glans penis.—Increase of sexual desire, with and without erection ; or absence of all sexual desire, yet without impotence.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—Frequent hawking of mucus.—Dry cough, after dinner, proceeding from an irritation in the trachea, as if one had swallowed dust.—Tearing and lancination in the left side of the chest only when breathing.—Sensation of emptiness in the chest.—On drawing up the chest and throwing back the right arm, the heart beats violently and with repeated throbs.—In the morning, pain in the nape of the neck, as if from having lain in a false position.

ARMS.—Cramp-like or paralytic pulling, or jerking pulling in the fore-arms and hands.—Pain, as from dislocation in the wrist.—Paralytic pulling in the right arm.—Prickings, especially in the phalanges and ends of the fingers.—Spots, like ephelides, on the hands and fingers.—Small warts on the back of the hands and wrist.—Pulsation at the end of the thumb.—Panaritum.—Dryness and tension in the hands.

LEGS.—Tensive pressure in the hip-joint, from drawing back the leg, at night and in the morning ; the pain is dispersed by lying on that part, but returns when the position is changed.—Acute lancinations in the knee.—In the morning spasms and contraction in the calf of the leg.—Painful tightness on the internal surface of the knee, especially on bending it, after extending the leg, and only while walking in the open air.—In the evening, in bed, sharp pains in a part of the foot, with great tenderness to touch or when the foot is bent upwards.—Ganglion on the back of the foot.—Creeping and pricking in the heels.—Tickling in the soles of the feet.—The little toe is painful, as if it were strongly compressed.

82.—FILIX MAS.

FIL.—Male fern.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been recommended against *sufferings in consequence of tænia*, as well as against some kinds of *worm-fever*, and of sterility. [Hufeland maintains, that in rapidity, certainty and gentleness of action, it exceeds all known means for the destruction of *tænia*. *Ed.*]

83.—FRAGARIA VESCA.

FRAG.—Strawberry plant.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown in its primitive effects, which has however been employed with success against *sufferings in consequence of tænia*.

84.—GRANNATUM.

GRAN.—Bark, from the root of the Pomegranate tree.—BIBLIOTHEQUE
DE GENEVE.

COMPARE WITH: Ars. chin. iod., &c.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used will be found to be:—Poisoning from arsenic; Faintness, syncope and lipothymy; Suppuration of the internal organs, especially of the liver; Inflammatory swellings; Wounds; Ulcers; Chilblains; Tertian, gastric, bilious and typhus fever; Ophthalmia; Specks on the cornea?; Lip-pitude; Ulceration of the ear; Epistaxis; Softening and bleeding of the gums; Stomacace; Odontalgia; Breaking of the teeth; Ulcers in the mouth; Serous and catarrhal angina; Amygdalitis, with ulceration; Disgust and vomiting; Gastralgia; Diarrhœa and dysentery; Serous diarrhœa; Cholera; Prolapsus of the rectum; Prolapsus uteri et vaginæ; Leucorrhœa; Catarrhal cough; Hoarseness; Pleuritis; Hæmoptysis; Palpitation of the heart, &c., &c. (All affections against which ancient practice has recommended this medicine.)

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Great lassitude and fatigue, especially in the legs*, sometimes with inability to remain standing and desire to lie down.—*Drowsy lassitude with head-ache*, as if after a nocturnal debauch.—*Great dejection and prostration*, sometimes with burning heat in the hands.—*Tremor of the limbs*.—*Relaxation and flaccidity of the muscles*, especially in the lower extremities.—*Emaciation*.—*Yawnings*, sometimes convulsive, and frequent stretchings.—*Agitated sleep, with frequent dreams, cries and tossing*.—*Partial and one sided shudderings*, sometimes with pain in one-side of the head.—*Dry burning heat over the whole body*, with desire to be uncovered.—The shudderings and shiverings commonly take place in the morning; the heat manifests itself in the evening.—*Perspiration on the least movement*.—*Great sensibility and disposition to be affected*.—*Irritability and arrogance*.—*Penurious and quarrelsome humour*.—*Hypochondriacal scruples*.—*Melancholy, gloomy humour, dejection and discouragement*.—*Stupefaction and intellectual embarrassment*.

HEAD.—*Vertigo*, especially during intellectual labour, or in the morning on rising, and sometimes with obscuration of the eyes, or with nausea and stomach-ache.—*Sensation of emptiness in the head*.—*Stupifying pain, and pain-*

ful heaviness in the head, especially in the forehead.—Pressure on the forehead and occiput.—Acute drawing pains, chiefly on the right side of the head.—Stinging in the forehead.—Pustules on the forehead and temples, with pain as from excoriation, leaving small tubercles after drying up.

EYES—EARS—NOSE. — Eyes, sunken and surrounded by a livid circle.—Itchings and burning smartings in the corners of the eyes.—Dryness and smarting in the eyes.—Yellowish tint of the sclerotica.—Inflammation of the eyes, as in coryza.—Dilated pupils.—Convulsive movements of the eyelids.—Obscuration of vision.—Weak sight.—Cramp-like squeezing, *acute drawing pains and stinging in the ears*.—Tingling and buzzing in the ears.—Burning and dryness of the nostrils, or an accumulation of tenacious mucus.—*Crawling itching in the nose*.—Coryza, alternately dry and fluent.

FACE—TEETH. — Complexion sickly, yellowish and earth-coloured.—*Burning heat in the face*, sometimes transient.—Gnawing itching in the face, and especially in the cheeks.—Swelling of the cheek, with livid colour, burning heat, itching, tension and crawling, like chilblains.—Squeezing and acute drawing pains in the face, cheek-bones and root of the nose, often on one side only.—Dryness and burning sensation in the lips.—Acute drawing pain, tension and squeezing in the maxillary joints, and spitting during mastication.—Stinging pains in the teeth, even at night, in bed.—The teeth seem to be elongated.—Gums fissured, and easily bleeding.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Excessive accumulation of saliva*, sometimes of a sweetish taste in the mouth.—Tongue moist and white.—Excessive spitting of mucus.—Sensation of constriction in different parts of the mouth and gullet.—Contraction of the gullet.

APPETITE.—Great variableness of taste; taste alternately delicate and dull.—Appetite alternately diminished and increased.—*Extraordinary hunger and voracity*, even after meals.—Great variableness of appetite; desire for different things, and especially for coffee, fruits, and succulent and acid food.—Thirst, with desire to drink water.—Liquid food and potatoes cause nausea and eructations.

STOMACH.—*Frequent and noisy eructations of air*.—*Frequent nausea*, sometimes with lassitude, *flow of water in the mouth*, *pain in the abdomen and stomach*, *frequent desire to go to stool without any result*, *shivering*, *bad looks and ill-humour*.—*Vomitings*, even at night, and sometimes with lassitude,

trembling, perspiration, or vertigo.—Troublesome pressure, fulness, burning sensation, and anxiety in the precordial region.—Cramps in the stomach, when fasting in the morning.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pains in the abdomen, frequent and long continued*, sometimes with nausea, flow of water in the mouth, shiverings and prostration, or with vertigo.—*Pains in the abdomen after every meal*, or when fasting in the morning.—Pains in the abdomen, mitigated by external heat and by lying down, as well as by drinking cold water.—Pinching, stinging and rolling round the navel, and in the stomach.—Anxiety in the abdomen.—*Painful inflation of the abdomen*, sometimes with canine appetite.—*Frequent production and evacuation of flatulency*.—Swelling of the navel, as if from umbilical hernia.—*Fermentation in the abdomen*.—Traction in the abdomen, as if preparatory to an evacuation.—*Painful pressure and swelling in the groins, as if a hernia were about to appear*.

FÆCES.—Several evacuations during the day.—Copious evacuations of a very dark colour.—*Diarrhœa, with frequent evacuations*, and evacuation of fæcal matter and mucus.—Before the loose evacuations, nausea and fermentation in the abdomen; during the evacuations, burning heat in the face and pressure on the rectum; afterwards burning heat in the rectum.—*Tenesmus*, with rolling and fermentation in the abdomen.—Prolapsus of the rectum during the evacuations.—*Insupportable itching and titillation of the rectum*.—Burning itching, in the buttocks and perinæum, scrotum, and hair-covered parts of the genital organs, and especially in the thigh.—Stinging in the anus and rectum.

URINE AND GENITAL PARTS.—Cutting, stinging and gnawing pains in the urethra.—Inflammation and swelling of the urethra.—Mucus running from the urethra, as in a gonorrhœa, with burning traction in the cavernous parts, as far as the glans.—Excitement of sexual desire.—Catamenia premature and too copious, and accompanied by colic and pressure extending from the sacral region to the groins.—Yellowish leucorrhœa.

CHEST.—*Sensation of anxiety in the chest, and groaning*.—Great oppression of the chest, with lassitude in the legs.—Pressure on the chest and across the sternum.—Rheumatic pains, stinging and drawing in the diaphragm.—*Stingings in the chest*, especially when walking.—Tension and painful squeezing in the ribs.—*Palpitations of the heart*, sometimes on the least movement.—Pains and cramp-like contractions in the muscles of the chest.

TRUNK AND MEMBERS.—*Frequent bruising pains as from a heavy weight between and on the shoulders and the loins.*—Traction, rheumatic pains, crawling, and sensation of paralysis in the arms, with difficulty in raising them.—*Rheumatic pains in the joints of the hands and fingers, as well as in the fore-arms.*—Painful and paralytic stiffness of the fingers.—Swelling of the ball of the thumbs, with livid colour, burning heat and marbled swelling of the veins.—*Gnawing and insupportable itching in the palm and back of the hands.*—Sensation of stiffness in the hips as if from sciatica.—Acute drawing pain, paralytic pulling, heaviness and stings in the knee.—Pain as if from a sprain in the instep.—Painful corns on the feet.

85.—GRAPHITES.

GRAPH.—Plumbago.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : 50 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Ars. n-vom. vinum. It is used as an antidote against : ars.

COMPARE WITH : Acon. agar. amb. amm. ars. bell. bry. calc. carb-v. cham. chin. con. guai. hep. hyos. kal. lyc. magn. magn-m. n-vom. phos. puls. rhus. sabia. sep. sil. sulph. graph. when otherwise indicated, is particularly suitable after lyc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, appear to be :—Arthritic affections, even with nodosities ; Obstruction and induration of the glands ; Excoriations of the skin ; Scrofulous affections ; *Phlegmonous and vesicular erysipelas* ; Zona ; *Tetters of several kinds*, especially on the face, and in women who have scanty catamenia ; Inveterate ulcers ; Encystic tumours (wens) ; Gloomy melancholy ; *Scaldhead* ; Megrin ; Ophthalmia of different kinds ; Hardness of hearing, and buzzing in the ears from congestion of blood ; *Erysipelas in the face* ; Paralysis of the face ; *Dyspepsia*, even with vomiting of food ; Gastralgia ; Flatulent colic ; Scrofulous buboes ? ; Tenia ; Constipation or chronic diarrhœa ; *Hæmorrhoidal sufferings* ; Hydrocele ; Induration of the testes ; Impotence ? ; Satyriasis ? ; *Dysmenorrhœa*, especially that proceeding from stagnation in the vena portæ system ; Amenorrhœa ; Excoriation of the breasts ; Excoriations in children ; Spasmodic asthma ? ; Suffocating catarrh ; Deformity of the nails.

[The use of Graphite in skin-diseases, is said to have been suggested by the fact, that in Venice, the makers of crayons are speedily cured of any such affections which they may happen to have. It deserves attention in *Herpes exedens* ; in violent congestions to the head from irregularity of menstruation or hæmorrhoids ; in dry, crusty tinea

capitis; in chronic predisposition to flatulence; hæmorrhoids of the neck of the bladder; sterility from deficient catamenia; in affections of the lungs from the suppression of herpetic eruptions; in asthma from suppression of itch, &c.; also in enlargement of the ovaries, &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Cramp-like pains, *cramps and contractions in different parts.*—Tension in some parts, *as if from contraction of the tendons.*—Jerking and distortion of the limbs.—*Arthritic pullings and tearing in the extremities and joints, especially in ulcerated parts.—**Arthritic nodosities.*—Disposition to feel pain, *as if from fatigue in the back.*—*Limbs becoming easily benumbed.—Stiffness and complete inflexibility of the joints.—Hard swellings with shooting pains.—Nocturnal pains, which are felt even during sleep.—The symptoms disappear after a walk in the open air.—Varices, with shootings, tension and itching.—Swelling and hardness of the glands.—Pains from changes of weather.—General uneasiness, which forces one to groan without any sensation of distinct pain.—Violent pulsation in the whole body, and especially of the heart, augmented by the least movement.—Pulling in the whole body, with inclination to extend the limbs.—Sensation of trembling in the whole body, with twitching in the limbs.—*Great emaciation.—Great disposition to take cold, and fear of the open air and of currents of air.—General lassitude.—Rapid failure of strength.

SKIN.—Obstinate dryness of the skin, and absence of perspiration.—Ephelides.—Red spots on the skin, like flea-bites.—*Erysipelatous inflammations.—Vesicular erysipelas, and like *zona*, on the abdomen and on the back.—Tetters, and other humid or scabby eruptions, sometimes with secretion of corrosive serum, or with itching in the evening and at night.—Encysted tumours.—Gnawing blisters.—*Excoriation of the skin, especially in children.—*Unhealthy skin, every injury tends to ulceration.—Proud flesh and fetid pus in ulcers, with tearing pains, burning and stinging.—*Deformity and thickness of the nails.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep during the day, and early in the evening.—*Difficulty in going to sleep.—Agitated sleep at night, with frequent waking.—Nocturnal sleep incomplete, as if only dozing.—Sleep not refreshing at night, and followed in the morning by a comatose sleep.—At night, profusion of ideas, sometimes troublesome.—*Great agitation at night, with anxious and frightful dreams, oppression and choking.—*During sleep, starts with fright.—Dreams

of death and of fire ; dreams and reflections.—*At night troublesome ideas, anguish, heat, inquietude, jerkings, gastric sufferings, and many other inconveniences.*

FEVER.—Chills *morning* and evening, with or without heat, and followed by perspiration.—*Perspiration*, often very fetid, *from the least movement* or fatigue, even from speaking.—*Nocturnal sweat*, sometimes fetid.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Dejection, sadness and *profound sorrow, with discouragement and much weeping.*—Agitation, oppression of the heart, and *anguish*, as if dying, or *like fear of a calamity*, often with head-ache, vertigo, nausea, and perspiration.—**Anxious agitation*, sometimes when seated at work, or *at night*, with desire to quit the bed.—**Agitation and inquietude in the morning.*—Timid character.—Slow decision and hesitation.—Too great liability to impressions.—Disposition to be frightened.—Irrascibility.—**Dread of exertion.*—Distraction.—Misapplying words, and miswriting.

HEAD.—Fatigue in consequence of intellectual labour.—Sensation of torpor in the head.—**Intoxication* and vertigo, especially *in the morning on rising* ; as well as in the evening, with desire to lie down.—**Perplexity in the head.*—Attacks of head-ache sometimes affect one side, with nausea and acid vomiting.—*Violent head-ache in the morning* driving out cold perspiration, and causing syncope.—Head-ache from the motion of a carriage, as well as on moving the head, or during and after a meal.—Head-ache on the side on which one has lain.—*Tension and pressing constriction in the occiput*, with stiffness of the nape of the neck.—Embarrassment and contraction in the forehead.—Compressive pain in the vertex in the afternoon, with rolling in the head.—Agitation of blood, with beating and buzzing in the head.—**Tearing and drawing in the hairy scalp, teeth, and glands of the neck.*—**Itching in the hairy scalp.*—**Humid scales on the head.*—**Sweat on the head, while walking in the open air.*—Abundant desquamation of the hairy-scalp.—**Falling off of the hair, even on the sides of the head.*—**The hair turns gray.*

EYES.—Eyelids heavy and sinking, as if paralyzed.—**Pressure on the eyes* and eyelids, as if sand had been introduced into them.—*Stinging in the eyes.*—Heat and burning sensation in the eyes, especially from candle-light.—**Inflammation of the eyes*, with redness of the sclerotica, injection of the veins, swelling and abundant mucous secretion from the eyelids.—Hordeolum, with drawing pain.—Dry blearedness in the eyelids and in the eyelashes.—**Agglu-*

tino natiof the eyelids and *lachrymation*.—*Obscuration of the sight on stooping*.—**Myopia*.—*Confusion of letters when reading*.—*Sparkling before the eyes*.—*Photophobia, especially by day*.

EARS.—*Stinging and beating in the ears*.—°*Dryness of the internal ear*.—*Fetid smell and discharge of blood* *and of pus from the ears.—**Scabs, tetters, running and excoriation behind the ears*.—**Hardness of hearing*, mitigated by the motion of a carriage.—**Singing, tingling, buzzing, and rolling, like that of thunder in the ears*.—*Buzzing in the ears at night*.—*Sensation, as if the air were ingulfed in the eustachian tube*.—°*Whistling in the ears*.

NOSE.—*Swelling of the nose*.—*Sensation of tension in the interior of the nose*.—*Black pores on the nose*.—**Dry scabs on the nose*.—*Nostrils excoriated, cracked and ulcerated*.—**Fetid smell from the nose*.—*Blood discharged when the nose is blown, and epistaxis, especially in the evening and at night, with congestion to the head and heat in the face*.—*Discharge of fetid pus from the nose*.—*Acuteness of smell*.—**Stoppage and troublesome dryness of the nose*.—°*Quotidian coryza after being chilled*.—**Dry coryza, with head-ache and nausea, which forces one to lie down*.—*Flow of mucus from the nose, liquid, or yellowish, or thick, with putrid smell*.—*Flowing coryza, with catarrh*.

FACE.—*Pale yellow complexion, with livid circle under the eyes*.—*Flushes of heat in the face*.—*Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the face, with eruption of vesicles*.—*Encysted tumour on the cheek*.—*Constant sensation as if the face were covered with cobweb*.—**One-sided paralysis and distortion of the muscles of the face, with difficult articulation*.—*Drawing and tearing pains in the bones of the face*.—**Eruption on the face, with appearance, as if the skin were raw*.—*Scabs and moist efflorescence on the face*.—*Ephelis*.—*Falling off of the beard*.—**Ulcers on the internal surface of the lips*.—**Fissures in the ulcerated lips*.—*Cracked lips*.—*Scabby eruption on the chin and round the mouth*.—*Painful nodosities on the lower jaw*.—*Swelling and hardness of the submaxillary glands*.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache at night, or in the evening in bed, aggravated by heat, and sometimes with heat of the face and swelling of the cheek*.—*Pains in the molares, on closing the jaws*.—**Lancinating and drawing tooth-ache, especially after drinking any thing cold*.—*Pain, as from excoriation in the teeth and gums, during and especially after a meal*.—**Easy bleeding and swelling of the gums*.—*Discharge of black and sour blood from the teeth*.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth in the morning.—Putrid and urine-like smell from the mouth, gums and nose.—Pain, as from excoriation, vesicles and ulcers on the tongue. Profuse salivation and accumulation of mucus in the palate and throat.—Speech impeded by paralysis of the muscles.

THROAT.—Almost constant sore throat when swallowing, generally lancinating, with sensations of strangulation.—**Sore throat, even at night, as if there were a plug within it, or as if the food had stopped there.*—Cramps in the throat, with strangulation.—Roughness and *scraping in the throat.*

APPETITE.—Bitter or acid taste, with sourness in the mouth and throat.—Great thirst in the morning, and after a meal.—*Immoderate hunger.*—**Repugnance to cooked food and meat; as also to any thing saline or saccharine.*—**Weakness of digestion, with desire to sleep, head-ache, pains in the stomach, fulness, and inflation of the abdomen after a meal.*

STOMACH.—Frequent and sometimes abortive *eructations.*—Sour eructations, with bitterness in the mouth.—Sour regurgitation of food.—Bitter and green regurgitations.—Frequent hiccough, especially after a meal.—**Nausea, especially in the morning, or after every meal, with inclination to vomit.*—Water-brash at night.—**Obstinate vomiting of food.*—Vomiting after the slightest loathing, with great nausea and pinching in the abdomen.—Inclination to vomit mucus.—Acid vomitings.—*Pressure in the stomach, sometimes with vomiting, mitigated by a recumbent position, and by the heat of the bed.*—*Cramp-like pains, or squeezing as if from claws, in the stomach.*—At night, pinching in the stomach, with rooting in the chest.—Burning pain in the stomach, which compels one to eat.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—In the hypochondria tension, stinging and beating.—Hepatic pains after breakfast, which render it necessary to lie down.—Fulness and *heaviness in the abdomen.*—**Abdomen enlarged, tight, inflated.*—Hardness of the abdomen.—Nocturnal, cramp-like pain in all the intestines, with deficient secretion of urine.—Incarceration and *accumulation of wind* in the abdomen.—**Immoderate expulsion of fetid wind, preceded by pinchings.*—**Painful sensibility of the inguinal region.*—Painful swelling of the inguinal glands.—Erysipelatous inflammation, with large vesicles near the navel.

FÆCES.—*Obstinate constipation, with hard fæces, and hardness in the hepatic region.*—Fæces hard, knotty, of too great a size, and **insufficient.*—**Fæces too soft.*—Sourish

putrid-smelling, or sanguinolent, slimy stools.—Diarrhœa, with tightness in the abdomen.—Fæces of a very small size, like worms.—Lumbrici and ascarides.—^oTænia.—Itching, sensation of excoriation, and swelling of the anus.—*Large hæmorrhoidal excrescences* in the anus, with pain as from excoriation, especially after evacuation.—^oPainful and burning cracks, between the hæmorrhoidal tumours.

URINE.—Urgent, anxious and painful desire to make water, with a discharge drop by drop.—Scanty secretion of deep-coloured urine, soon becoming turbid, with white or reddish sediment.—Urine of an acrid, acid smell.—Stream of water small, as if from contraction of the urethra.—Involuntary discharge of urine.—**Nocturnal discharge of urine*.—Wetting the bed.—Pain in the coccyx when urinating.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Tension and cramp-like pains in the genital parts, with troublesome voluptuous ideas.—Eruption of pimples on the prepuce and penis.—Dropsical swelling of the prepuce.—Dropsical swelling of the testes.—Voluptuous irritation in the genital parts.—*Indifference or *excessive excitement of sexual desire*.—Absence of erections in the morning.—Emission of semen, almost involuntary, without erection.—Absence of emission of semen during coition.—*Too feeble enjoyment during coition.—Flatulent colic during the excitement in the genital parts.

CATAMENIA.—Vesicles and pimples on the vulva.—*Excoriation on the vulva* and between the thighs.—Painful swelling of the ovaria.—Sensation, as if every thing were forced towards the genital parts.—**Catamenia too slow, scanty, and pale*.—**Suppression of catamenia*.—Cuttings in the abdomen on the appearance of the catamenia.—During the catamenia, flow of blood from the anus, pains in the limbs, ulcers aggravated, swelling of the cheeks or of the feet, catarrh with hoarseness and coryza, tooth-ache, or cramps and violent cuttings in the abdomen, head-ache, nausea, pain in the chest and weakness.—*Leucorrhœa, white and liquid *like water*, with tension of the abdomen.—^oLeucorrhœa, before and after the catamenia.—Painful sensibility and *excoriation of the breasts*, -with eruption of running phlyctænæ.—Obstruction and induration of the mamillary glands.

LARYNX.—Sensibility of the larynx.—Catarrhal roughness and hoarseness, with sensation of excoriation, burning pain and *scraping in the throat*, coryza and obstruction in the chest.—*Voice false* (for singing).—Accumulation of slimy matter in the chest.—Cough produced by roughness

of the throat.—**Cough at night, -or in the evening in bed, excited by taking a full inspiration, with oppression of the chest.*

CHEST.—**Difficulty of respiration and oppression on the chest.—*Nocturnal attacks of suffocation, on going to sleep, or on walking in the open air.—Wheezing respiration.—Pain in the chest on ascending, riding on horse back, yawning, or putting the hand on the chest.—Pressing, cramp-like pain in the chest.—"Spasms in the chest.—Stinging in the chest on the least motion.—Palpitation of the heart on the least motion.*

TRUNK.—*Bruising pains in the loins, or violent achings in the loins, like squeezing from claws, or like pain from fatigue.—Contracting pain in the back.—Sensation of crawling in the back.—Stiffness in the nape of the neck.—*Violent tearing and cutting pain in the nape of the neck and shoulders from stooping the head or raising the arms.—Vesicles on the neck.—*Swelling of the glands of the neck.—Tearing in the glands of the neck.*

ARMS.—Tearing and lacerations in the shoulders.—Sensation of contraction in the elbow-joint, on extending the arms.—*Cramp and tearing in the hands.—emaciation of the hands.—Erysipelas, callosities, dry skin and cracks in the hands.—Pain, as from dislocation in the joint of the thumb.—Swelling and inflexibility, stiffness and *distortion of the fingers*.—Granular eruption and gnawing vesicles on the fingers.—**Arthritic nodosities on the fingers.—Tettery excoriation between the fingers.—Thickness of the nails of the fingers.*

LEGS.—Heaviness, lassitude and numbness of the legs in the open air.—**Excoriation between the legs.—Arthritic tearing in the hip-joint, feet and toes.—*Inquietude in the legs.—*Tetters on the thighs, hams and tibia.—Sensation of contraction in the tendons of the hams and in the tendo-Achillis.—Tension in the varices on extending the legs.—Stiffness and want of flexibility in the knee, which does not allow one to sit down.—Cramps and jerking of the muscles of the calves of the legs.—Congestion to the legs and feet, when standing upright.—*Ulcers in the legs.—*Swelling of the legs and feet, with hardness and stinging pain.—Stiffness of the instep.—Stinging pain, like that of an ulcer, in the heel and soles of the feet, on rising from the sitting posture.—*Cold feet, even in the evening in bed.—*Burning hot feet.—Fetid sweat of the feet.—*Swelling and distortion of the toes.—*Callous skin, gnawing blisters and ulcers on the toes.—Tettery excoriation between the toes.—*Thickness and deformity of the toe-nails.*

86.—GRATIOLA OFFICINALIS.

GRAT.—Hedge hyssop.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet little known and which has hitherto been only used against *Hypochondriacal affections*, some cases of *Gastralgia*, and some kinds of *constipation*. [It deserves attention in *Nymphomania*; *cataplexy*; *itch-like* and *moist eruptions*; *paralytic rheumatism* of the face; in *chronic, and obstinate constipation* from disease of the liver, &c. &c. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing in the limbs.—*Tetanus*, with full consciousness.—*The majority of symptoms appear at night*, or when sitting and after rising from sitting, or in the open air; touch ameliorates them.—Itching, with burning sensation after scratching.—*Running and acrid eruptions*, which resemble scabies.—*Great desire to sleep*, with frequent yawnings and desire to lie down, especially *in the afternoon*.—Great tendency to chilliness.—*Hypochondriacal moroseness and ill-humour*.—*Hysterical caprices*.—Anxiety.—Grave disposition and concentration in oneself.—Great loquacity and gaiety.

HEAD.—Vertigo, on shutting the eyes—Vertigo when reading and when seated, as if the head were waving backwards and forwards.—Head-ache with desire to vomit and sleep.—Sensation of fulness in the head.—Pressive head-ache, especially in the forehead and occiput.—Lancinating and pulsating head-ache.—Sensation, as if the head were grown smaller, as from contraction of the brain.—Vibration in the head, with vanishing of sight and hearing.—The head-ache is aggravated when rising from sitting, during motion, and while walking in the open air.

EYES AND TEETH.—Itching, quivering and sensation of weakness in the eye-lids.—Burning pain and *pressure on the eyes*.—Eyes watery and weak when reading.—*Myopia when reading*.—Tearing and stinging in the ears.—Frequent sneezings, with stinging in the left side of the chest and hypochondria.—*Stoppage of the nose*.—Tension, crawling, and *sensation of swelling of the face*.—Tearing on one side of the face.—*Burning heat and redness of the face*.—Nocturnal tearing or piercing in the molares.—Sensation of coldness in the teeth.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Accumulation of much saliva in the mouth.—*Pressure in the throat*, as if from thick mucus.—Accumulation of mucus in the throat.—Creeping, roughness and scraping in the throat.—*Mouth bitter*, or clammy.—Fetid breath, in the morning after waking.

STOMACH.—*Bitter or sweetish eructations*.—Ineffectual efforts at eructation, with pressure extending from the stomach to the throat, which suspends respiration.—*Regurgitation of bitter water*.—Hunger, sometimes with dis-

gust and horror of all food.—Increased thirst.—Constant nausea, with inclination to vomit.—Nausea, with coldness in the abdomen.—Vomiting with stoppage of the nose.—Bilious vomiting, or vomiting of sour or bitter substances.—Uneasiness and sensation of fulness in the stomach.—*Pressure in the stomach after a meal, with nausea.—Searching and digging in the stomach with inclination to vomit.—Pressure in the epigastrium after a meal, as if from a stone.—The sufferings of the stomach and of the epigastrium are often accompanied by nausea, or ineffectual efforts to eructate.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Stinging pains in the abdomen.—Beating in the left hypochondrium.—Pressing pain in the abdomen with inclination to vomit.—Pains in the abdomen, with pinchings, which compel one to bend double.—Inflation in the abdomen from flatulency.—Flatulent and pressing colic, with nausea and disagreeable eructations.

FÆCES.—Urgent and fruitless desire to go to stool.—*Constipation.—Fæces, hard, scanty and tenacious, expelled with great effort.—Nocturnal slimy diarrhœa, with tenesmus.—Pain, as from excoriation in the rectum.—Burning pain in the rectum during and after the evacuation.—Stinging, itching, smarting and beating in the anus.—Blind hæmorrhoids.

URINE AND GENITAL PARTS.—Diminished secretion of urine.—Reddish urine, which becomes turbid after standing, and deposits cloudy sediment.—Stinging, extending from the spermatic cord to the chest.—Painful rigidity of the penis after pollutions.—Catamenia premature and of too long duration.—Stinging in the breast.

CHEST AND EXTREMITIES.—Dry cough, excited by a sensation of roughness in the chest, especially in the morning or at night.—Nocturnal cough, with pain as from excoriation in the trachea, oppression of the chest and shivering.—Choking, when ascending.—Oppression of the chest, with palpitation of the heart.—Pressure on the chest.—Stinging in the sides of the chest, on breathing.—Pimples on the chest, which burn after being scratched.—Palpitation of the heart.—Stinging in the legs and feet.

87.—GUAIACUM OFFICINALE.

GUAL.—Resin of Guaiacum.—HAHNEMANN.—Duration of effect: for 20 days in chronic affections.

COMPARE WITH: Graph. merc. n-vom.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the totality of symptoms, the cases against which this medicine may be

used, appear to be:—Rheumatic and arthritic affections; Arthritic contraction of the limbs; Aneurism?; Evil effect from the abuse of mercury; Megrin; Chronic pneumonia (Pulmonary phthisis?), &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Rheumatic pains in the joints.—**Arthritic pains in the limbs with stinging and tearing*, and °contraction of the parts affected.—*The pains are excited by the least movement, and accompanied by heat in the parts affected.—Numbness of the limbs.—*Pain as from fatigue and weakness in the arms and thighs*, with dread of moving.—Frequent inclination to yawn and to stretch the limbs, proceeding from a sensation of general uneasiness.—The majority of symptoms show themselves, when sitting, as well as *in the morning after rising, or in the evening before lying down*.—Exostosis.—Consumption.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep in the afternoon*.—Late sleeping and early waking.—Frequent waking with fright, sometimes on going to sleep.—Restless tossing during the night.—Nightmare, when lying on the back.—*Unrefreshed feeling in the morning*.

FEVER.—Shivering, chilliness, and shuddering, even when near a fire.—Shivering, without thirst, morning and evening.—Sweat in the morning.—*Copious perspiration*, especially on the head, when walking in the open air.—Accelerated pulse.

MORAL SYMPTOMS, &c.—Obstinacy.—Great desire to criticize and to despise every thing.—Indolence and dread of moving.—Weakness of memory and excessive *forgetfulness*, especially of *names*.—Fixed look and absence of ideas, especially in the morning.

HEAD.—Tight and painful pressure, or traction and tearing in the sinciput and temples.—Violent and extended lancination in the brain.—**Tearing in one side of the head only*, extending as far as the cheek.—Pulsation, beating (and stinging) in the temples, with sensation, as if the *head were swollen*, and the blood-vessels obstructed.

EYES—FACE.—*Sensation of swelling or *actual swelling of the eye-lids*, -with sensation of protrusion of the eyes, and as if the eye-lids were too short.—Dilated pupils.—Amaurosis.—Pimples in the eye-brows.—Tearing and **cramping in the ears*.—Stinging in the bones and muscles of the cheeks.

TEETH—APPETITE.—Pressing pain in the teeth, on closing them together.—Traction and tearing in the teeth,

terminating in stinging.—Burning pain in the throat.—Insipid taste, with absence of appetite, and disgust for every thing, accompanied by expectoration of mucus.—Empty eructations.—Immoderate hunger.—Nausea, excited by a sensation as if the throat were filled with slimy matter.—Repugnance to milk.

STOMACH—URINE.—Anxious sensation of constriction in the region of the stomach, which impedes respiration.—Pinching in the abdomen, as if from incarceration of wind.—Sensation of emptiness, with borborygmi and rumbling in the abdomen.—Pain, as if from hernia in the groins.—Jerking of the muscles of the abdomen.—**Constipation.*—Fæces hard and broken.—*Constant desire to make water, with copious discharge.*—Cutting pains in the urethra, on making water.—Ineffectual desire to urinate, with stinging in the neck of the bladder.

CHEST AND EXTREMITIES.—Dry cough, with sensation in the epigastrium, as if there were not sufficient air in it.—Cough, with expectoration of fetid pus.—**Stinging in the chest*, aggravated by breathing.—Pressure on the vertebræ of the neck.—Stiffness in the nape of the neck.—Stiffness along the back, on one side only.—Tearing and stinging in one side of the back only.—Contracting pain between the shoulder-blades.—Shivering of the back.—Weakness in the arms.—Tearing and stinging in the shoulder-blades and fore-arms.—**Itching, pressing and crawling pains* in the thighs, when seated.—Paralytic tension in the thighs on walking.—Weakness of the thighs.

88.—HÆMATOXYLU M CAMPECHIANUM.

HÆM.—Logwood.—BIBLIOTHEQUE DE GENEVE (DR. JOUVE.)
ANTIDOTE: Camp.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Painful sensibility of the limbs with lassitude.—General uneasiness with anxiety, arising from the stomach and colic.—General coldness with eructations of wind and dry skin.—Predominance of coldness, shuddering and cutis anserina.—Sleep which is difficult to surmount.—Frequent yawning.—Head-ache at night, as if from indigestion, with swelling of the stomach and abdomen, anxiety, inclination to vomit, sour eructations of food.—Borborygmus, colic, and diarrhœa in the morning.—Ill-humour, sadness, melancholy, vexation, inclination to repose and desire to weep.

HEAD—THROAT.—*Head heavy, painful*, with difficulty in reflecting and expressing one's ideas.—Vertigo, so as to occasion falling and dullness of ideas.—Constriction in

the forehead and occiput, with burning heat in the head.—Head-ache, especially in the forehead, with inclination to vomit on stooping.—*Eyes downcast and surrounded by a livid circle.*—Painful pressure on the eyes, with sensation of constriction in the aperture of the eye-lids.—Redness of the conjunctiva and of the lachrymal caruncula.—Sensation, as if sand were introduced into the eyes.—*Heaviness of the eye-lids, which forces one to close them.*—Heaviness in the eyes and appearance as of a veil before the sight.—Pupils contracted and sight confused.—*Mist before the eyes, when reading the letters vanish.*—Amelioration of the affections of the sight in the open air.—Face pale, dejected and distorted.—*Sore throat, with difficulty of swallowing, sensation of squeezing, inclination to swallow, salivation and smarting.*—Sensation as if a foreign substance were in the throat, with yawning and stretching.

STOMACH AND ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Painful swelling in the stomach, with pressure in the epigastrium, and eructations of wind.*—*Pain in the abdomen, with yawning, stretching and desire to vomit.*—*Painful searching, which ascends from the abdomen to the throat, causing a convulsive pain in the region of the heart, increased by touch and accompanied with oppression.*—Attacks of tearing pains in the stomach and the abdomen, as if caused by poisonous substances.—*Colic, with painful sensitiveness of the abdomen to the touch, inflation, tension and searching in the abdomen, borborygmus, soft fæces, with cuttings, lassitude in the limbs, palpitation of the heart, and uneasiness with anguish.*—After the colic, general coldness with burning heat in the palms of the hands.—Colic, as if the catamenia were going to appear, with slimy, whitish discharge from the vagina.—Colic, with pains in the loins and nausea.—Urine red, scanty and burning.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES.—*Constriction, extending from the chest to the epigastrium, with smarting and burning pain, increased by touch.*—Convulsive pain in the region of the heart, increased by touch and accompanied with oppression. Great soreness in the region of the heart, with anguish, redoubled beatings, small pulse, burning hands, and shivering of the body.—Palpitations of the heart, with diminished perspiration of the feet.—Pain in the left shoulder, as if it were going to be inflamed.

89.—HELLEBORUS NIGER.

HELL.—Christmas ROSE.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect : from 4 to 5 weeks in some chronic affections.*

ANTIDOTES: Camph. chic.

COMPARE WITH: Ars. bell. bry. cham. chin. dig. ign. ap. par. phos. stann. stram. veratr.--*Hellebore*, when otherwise indicated, shows itself efficacious after *Bell. bry. chin.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—*Dropsical affections*, especially some kinds of *anasarca*, and chiefly those which proceed from the repercussion of exanthemata, such as purpura miliaris, scarlatina, &c.; Coma?; Nervous and slow fevers; Silent melancholy; Imbecility; Scald head, with obstruction of the glands of the neck; Hypochondriasis?; Encephalitis?; Acute hydrocephalus?; Ascites; Hydrothorax, &c., &c.

[It deserves attention in idiotcy; home-sickness; in inflammation of the brain, especially when effusion is just about to, or has just taken place.—It is said to prove unusually efficacious in effusion in the ventricles of the brain; also in convulsions dependent upon the suppression of eruptions; and finally in some varieties of intermittent fever. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Shooting and piercing pains* in different parts and especially in the *periosteum*, aggravated by fresh air, corporal fatigue, eating and drinking.—*Traction and tearing in the limbs*.—*Shooting pains in the joints*.—Sudden relaxation of all the muscles. The muscles refuse to perform their office, unless continued attention is paid to them; staggering gait; objects are allowed to fall which are held in the hand, &c.—Relief in the open air, and sensations as if in a state of convalescence from a long illness; feels as if restored to life and youth again.—Convulsions.—Cramps.—Syncope.—*Dropsical swellings*.—Falling off of the hair and nails.

SKIN.—Paleness of the skin.—Miliary eruptions.—^oLeucophlegmatic swelling of the skin of the whole body.—Scaling off of the skin from the whole body.

SLEEP.—**Sleepiness*, with eyes half open and pupils turned upwards.—Confused anxious dreams, the remembrance of which is not retained.—Sleeplessness.—Tossing about on the bed.

FEVER.—Shiverings, alternating with shooting pains in the limbs.—Coldness over the whole body, and especially in the extremities.—General shivering with cutis-anserina, and painful sensibility of the hairy scalp when touched and on moving the head; traction and tearings in the limbs, lancinations in the joints, and absence of thirst.—In the

evening, after lying down, burning heat in the whole body, and chiefly in the head, with internal shuddering and shivering without thirst; drink is disliked.—Nocturnal sweat towards morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS —**Melancholic taciturnity.—Excessive and almost destructive anguish.—(Nostalgia.)—Hypochondriacal humour.—Mistrust.—Indolence.—Sobbing lamentation.—Obstinate silence.—Dullness of the internal senses.* Stupidity and want of reflection, with fixed staring at one single point.—Weakness of the memory.—It seems that the mind has less command over the body; the muscles refuse their office, as soon as the attention is turned elsewhere.

HEAD.—*Stupifying pain and sensation of a bruise in the head.—Pressive and benumbing head-ache.—Painful heaviness of the head*, with burning pain in that part, coldness of the fingers, general sensation of shivering and paleness of face.—The head-ache is more endurable by seeking repose and endeavouring to fall asleep.—*Painful sensibility in the exterior of the head*, and especially *in the occiput*, as if it were bruised, when touched and on moving the head.—Twitching in the integuments of the head, when moving, stooping and going up stairs.—*Disposition to bury the head in the pillow, when sleeping.*—Tumours on the skin of the forehead, with pain as from a bruise.—Moist scabs in the hairy scalp.

EYES AND EARS.—Pain in the eyes, as if a nail were driven into the orbital margin.—*Pressive heaviness in the eyes*, pressing downwards.—Involuntary fixed look at one single point.—Photophobia by day.—Shootings in the ears, day and night, with searching piercing.

FACE AND TEETH.—Face pale, sometimes yellowish.—Pale and œdematous swelling of the face.—Forehead wrinkled.—White vesicles on the lips, which are swollen.—Dull, aching pain in the cheek-bone.—Tooth-ache at night, with shooting and tearing pains, aggravated by cold and heat.

MOUTH.—Troublesome dryness in the palate, with cutting and scraping pain during deglutition.—Constant accumulation of saliva in the mouth, and salivation with excoriation of the commissure of the lips —Blisters and aphthæ in the mouth and on the tongue —*Torpor and swelling of the tongue.*—Bitter taste in the throat, increased by eating.

STOMACH.—*Nausea*, sometimes with *excessive hunger.*—*Dislike to food*, especially meat, green vegetables and sour-crust.—Blackish-green vomiting, with pains in the abdo-

men.—*Heaviness, fulness, and inflation of the stomach.*—Inflation of the epigastrium, with pain of ulceration and impeded respiration.—*Sensation of excessive uneasiness in the epigastrium.*—Painful pressure in the epigastrium at every step.—Sensation of retraction in the pit of the stomach.—Burning pain in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pinchings in the abdomen.*—Sensation of coldness in the abdomen.—Heaviness in the abdomen.—*Dropsical swelling of the abdomen.*—Clucking in the abdomen, especially when breathing deeply, as if there were water in the intestines.—Rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Tenesmus, with flow of gelatinous mucus,* preceded by pinchings in the umbilical region.—Diarrhœa, with pain in the abdomen and nausea.—Watery and frequent evacuations.

URINE AND GENITAL PARTS.—Frequent desire to make water, with scanty emission.—Feeble stream.—*Dark-coloured urine.—Suppression of sexual desire, with flaccidity of the genital parts.

CHEST.—*Suffocating constriction in the throat and nose.*—Short, dry cough, with painful tension in the left hypochondrium.—*Difficult respiration,* as if from hydrothorax.—Accelerated or deep and slow respiration.—*Constriction of the chest.*—Heat in the chest.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK.—Contractive pain in the loins.—Gnawing and obtuse lancinations in the dorsal spine.—Pain as from a bruise between the shoulder-blades.—Stiffness and painful sensibility of the neck and nape when moving.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.

ARMS.—Tearing in the bones of the arms and joints, and in the upper part of the fingers.—Jerking in the muscles of the arms.—*Piercing and shooting in the hands and joints of the fingers.*—Want of strength in the hands.—Spasmodic stiffness of the fingers.

LEGS.—Violent lancinations and burning pressure in the hips.—Want of stability in the legs, with bending of the knees.—Stiffness and tension in the thighs and hams.—*Obtuse and piercing lancinations in the joints of the knees and feet.*

90.—HEPAR SULPHURIS.

HEP.—Sulphuret of lime.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* as long as 60 days in the highest attenuations and in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Acetum. bell.—It is used as an antidote against ars. ant. bell. cupr. fer. iod. merc. nitr-ac. sil. zinc.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. ant. arn. ars. bell. bry. cham. chin. cin. cupr. dros.

ferr. lach. merc. nitr-ac. plumb. spon. sil. zinc.—Hepar su'phuris, when otherwise indicated, shows itself particularly efficacious after: *bell. lach. spong. zinc.*—After hepar sulphuris, *bell. merc. nitr-ac. spong. sil.* are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—Arthritic affections, with inflammatory swelling; *Evil consequences of the abuse of mercury*; Obstruction, inflammation and suppuration of the glands; Phlegmonous inflammations; Rheumatic affections; Atrophy in children?; Scrofulous affections; Icterus?; *Simple, phlegmonous and vesicular erysipelas*; Nettle rash; Tetters, especially in the face; *Rhagades*, especially those arising from the abuse of mercury; Inveterate, putrid, cancerous ulcers; *Excessive nervous excitement*, especially that from abuse of mercury; Megrims; Baldness, especially that arising from abuse of mercury, or caused by violent acute diseases, or hysterical head-aches, &c., &c.; *Scald-head*; Tetters on the ears; *Eruptions and tetters on the face*; Scrofulous, arthritic, traumatic, catarrhal ophthalmia, &c.; Ulcers on the cornea; Otitis, with purulent otorrhœa; Scrofulous swelling of the nose?; Salivation, with ulceration of the mouth, caused by abuse of mercury; Amygdalitis and other phlegmonous angina; Scrofulous buboes; Diarrhœa and dysentery; Unhealthy lochia; Cancer of the breast?; Croup (exudatory stage); Acute and chronic laryngitis (phthisis in the larynx); Pulmonary phthisis; Rhagades in the hands; *Panaris*, &c., &c.

[This remedy has been used with success in goitre and scrofula; in tubercular consumption; in inflammation with swelling and stiffness of the joints, and especially in *phthisis laryngea and trachealis*; in chronic catarrh, with ulceration of the nostrils; in irregular intermittent fever; in erysipelatous inflammations of the eyes and lids; in affections arising from the suppression of itch; in tubercular, herpetic and vesicular eruptions; in opacity and ulceration of the cornea; in involuntary urination and wetting the bed, especially among children; and in hæmatroid, when occasioned by the suppression of itch or some other eruption, or dependent upon organic disease of the kidneys or bladder; in salt-rheum it may be looked upon as almost specific; in cough with expectoration of blood, which is usually the precursor or attendant of tubercular phthisis, it deserves particular attention; also in hectic and febris lenta.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tearing or paralytic *traction in the limbs*, especially in the morning on walking.—*Pains as from excoriation or a bruise on different parts when touched*.—*Shootings in the joints*.—Arthritic swellings, with heat, redness and pains as from dislocation.—*Swelling, inflammation and ulceration of the glands.—*Appearance or aggravation of the pains at night, especially during the chills.—*Emaciation, sometimes with anguish, irritability, shiverings in the back, redness of the cheeks, sleeplessness, &c.—*Physical depression and trembling after smoking tobacco, or on walking in the open air, with heat and anxiety.—*Fainting fit*, especially in the evening, from not very violent pains.

SKIN.—*Erysipelatous inflammations, even with swelling and blisters.—Yellowish colour of the skin, especially of the face, with yellowish colour of the sclerotica, and red urine, like blood.—*Burning itching* on the body, with white vesicles after scratching.—*Nettle rash.—Eruption of pimples and tubercles, *painful when touched*.—*Unhealthy skin, every injury tends to ulceration.—*Cracks in the skin.—Putrid ulcers, throwing off a smell like old rotten cheese, and easily bleeding, with shootings, sensation of gnawing, especially at night, or with burning and pulsative pains.—Cancerous ulcers.—*Suppurations*.—*Panaris*.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep*, morning and evening, with convulsive yawnings.—*Unquiet sleep, with the head turned back.—Prolonged sleep with stupefaction, as in lethargy.—Sleeplessness, caused by a great flow of ideas.—Dreams of fire, sickness, danger, shootings, &c.—*At night, gastric affections, head-ache, agitations, jerking of the limbs and dry heat*.—*Jerking at night, during sleep, as if from want of air, with lamentation and great anguish.

FEVER.—*Shuddering and shivering, especially in the open air.—Shiverings, with chattering of the teeth and coldness of the hands and feet, followed by heat and sweat, especially on the chest and forehead, with little thirst.—Bitterness in the mouth, in the evening with thirst; an hour after, heat with sleep, after which vomiting and cephalalgia.—*Dry heat at night.—*Flushes of heat with sweat.—*Burning, feverish heat, with redness of the face and violent thirst.—*Great disposition to perspire in the day time, from the least effort and movement.—*Nocturnal sweat*.—Sweat in the morning.—Clammy acid sweat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sadness and desire to weep.—*Anguish* and extreme apprehension, especially in the evening and sometimes leading even to suicide.—Ill-humour; dis-

like even to see friends.—Excessive irritability.—Vexation and passion, with precipitate speech and excessive weakness of memory.—Visions in the morning, in bed.

HEAD.—*Vertigo on moving the head*, from the motion of a carriage, or in the evening, with nausea.—Vertigo, with loss of consciousness and obscuration of sight.—*Head-ache in the morning*, excited by the slightest motion.—Head-ache at night when moving the eyes; the forehead seems likely to be torn asunder.—Pain in the head, *as if a nail were driven into it*.—Pressure on the temples and crown of the head, with palpitation of the heart in the evening.—Tension above the root of the nose.—*Pain, as from ulceration in the head, directly above the eyes, every evening or else at night in bed.—*Stinging in the head*, especially after being in the open air, when stooping, or at night, as if the head were going to burst.—**Piercing in the head*, especially at the root of the nose, every morning.—**Falling off of the hair*.—Cold sweat on the head.—**Tuberosities on the head*, with pain as from excoriation when touched.—Humid scabs on the head.

EYES.—Pain, as if the eyes were driven into the head.—Painful and difficult movement of the eyes.—Heat, pressure and stinging in the eyes.—Pain, as from ulceration, immediately above the eye, every evening.—**Inflammation of the eyes and eye-lids*, sometimes also *erysipelatous*, with pain, as from a bruise and excoriation when touched.—Pimples above the eyes and on the eye-lids.—**Specks and ulcers on the cornea*.—*Lachrymation and nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—*Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids*.—Prominent eyes.—Obscuration of the sight on reading.—*Photophobia by day and by candle-light.—Confusion of sight, in the evening, by candle-light, alternating with clearness of vision.

EARS.—Shootings in the ears, when blowing the nose.—Heat, redness and itching in the ears.—Flow of pus from the ears, which is sometimes fetid.—Scabs behind and on the ears.—Hardness of hearing, with pulsations and buzzing in the ears, especially in the evening in bed.

NOSE.—Inflammation, redness and swelling of the nose.—Pain, as from a bruise and excoriation in the nose when touched.—Burning pain, as from ulceration and scabs in the nostrils.—*Epistaxis* in the morning, and after singing.—Diminished or increased acuteness of smell.—Coryza, chiefly on one side only, with roughness in the throat, inflammatory swelling of the nose, fever and pain as if from fatigue in all the limbs.

FACE.—Face yellow, with blue circles round the eyes.—**Face burning and of a deep red.*—Nocturnal heat of face.—**Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the face and cheeks, with pricking, tension and eruption of blisters.*—Drawing and tearing pains, commencing from the cheeks and extending to the ears and the temples.—*Pains in the bones of the face when touched.*—Pimples on the forehead, which disappear in the open air.—Swelling of the lips, with tension and *pains when touched.*—Ulceration at the commissure of the lips.—Blisters on the lips, chin and neck, *painful to the touch.*—Vesicles on the chin.—Shootings in the articulation of the jaw on opening the mouth.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia with jerking and drawing pains,* aggravated by closing the teeth, by eating, and in a hot room.—**Swelling and inflammation of the gums, which are painful to the touch.*

MOUTH.—Accumulation of water in the mouth.—**Salivation.*—*Hawking up of mucus.*—*°Hoarse and precipitate speech.*—Ulcers in the mouth with suet-like bases.

THROAT.—**Sore throat as if there were a plug in it, or an internal tumour.*—**Painful scraping in the throat, with difficulty in speaking and swallowing the saliva.*—Stinging in the throat, extending even into the ears, as if from splinters, when swallowing, coughing, breathing, turning the head.—Great pressure in the throat, with danger of suffocation.—Deglutition impeded and without great exertion almost impossible.—*°Dryness in the throat.*—Swelling of amygdalæ.

APPETITE.—Loss of appetite.—Bitterness of the mouth and of food.—*Earth-like and bitter taste in the throat, with normal taste of food.*—*Violent thirst.*—*°Bulimy.*—*Desire only for acid or pungent things.*—Dislike to fat.—Desire for wine.

STOMACH.—**Eructations, with burning sensation in the throat.*—**Attacks of nausea, sometimes with coldness and paleness.*—Nausea with desire to vomit in the morning.—Acid, bilious, greenish or mucous and sanguineous vomitings.—Frequent and easy derangement of the stomach.—*Pressure in the stomach, even after eating very little.*—*°Swelling in the region of the stomach, with pressive pains.*—Pressure, *inflation* and sensation, as if there were something weighing heavily in the epigastrium, with inability to continue standing and to endure tight clothes.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Shootings in the region of the spleen.—Shootings in the hepatic region, especially when walking.—Pain, as from a bruise in the abdomen, in the morning.—**Cramps and contractive pains in the abdomen.*—

Sensation of violent clawing in the umbilical region, with nausea, anxiety, and heat of the cheeks.—*Gripes*.—Pain, as from ulceration in the abdomen.—Shootings in the abdomen, especially in the left side.—*Swelling and suppuration of the inguinal glands*.—*Incarceration and difficult emissions of flatulency, especially in the morning*.

FÆCES.—*Hard and dry fæces*.—Difficult emission of scanty and soft excrement, *with urging and tenesmus.—Diarrhœa of stercoreous matter with griping.—*Whitish diarrhœa, of an acid odour, especially in children*.—**Dysenteric evacuations*—greenish, or of a clay-colour, with evacuation of sanguineous mucus.—After the evacuation, pain, as from excoriation and sanious discharge from the anus.—Protusion of hæmorrhoidal tumours from the rectum.—*Perpiration on the parinæum*.

URINE.—Urine slow and turbid, with whitish sediment.—Abundant secretion of pale urine, with pressure on the bladder.—Acrid, corrosive, or pale and watery, or *deep-red and hot urine*.—*Nocturnal emission of urine*.—°*Wetting the bed*.—*Emission of blood after urination*.—Redness and inflammation of the orifice of the urethra.—Discharge of mucus from the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Weakness of the genital parts.—Smarting, *excoriation and running between the thigh and the scrotum*.—Cancerous ulcer on the prepuce.—Painful, cramp-like and tensive erections.—*Absence of sexual desire and of erections.—Erections without energy, during coition.—Excitement of the genital parts, as if for emission.—**Flow of prostatic fluid, especially after making water, and during a difficult evacuation*.—*Excoriation of the vulva and between the thighs*.—*Congestion of the uterus*.—Discharge of blood at other periods than those of the catamenia, with inflation of the abdomen.—*Catamenia retarded*.—°*Leucorrhœa, with smarting in the vulva*.—°Cancerous ulcer on the breast.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness.—Pain and great sensibility of the larynx, with weak and rough voice, emaciation, hectic fever and sleeplessness.—Permanent pain in the larynx, aggravated by pressure, speech, coughing and breathing.—Weakness of the organs of speech, and of the chest preventing loud speaking.—Cough, excited by irritation or pain in the larynx.—Cough, deep and *dull*, excited by difficulty of respiration.—Suffocating and violent cough, with inclination to vomit.—Cough, similar to whooping-cough.—Cough after drinking.—**Dry cough in the evening, from any part of the body becoming cold, or when lying on the bed*.—*Attacks of dry, rough and hollow cough, with anguish and*

suffocation, often causing one to weep.—*Barking cough.*—*Cough, with spitting of blood.*—*Cough, with abundant expectoration of mucus.*— *ringing and pain in the head during the cough, as if it were going to burst.*—*Sneezing after the cough.*

CHEST.—*Anxious, hoarse, wheezing respiration, with danger of suffocation when lying down.*—*Attacks of suffocation, which force the patient to throw the head back.*—*Short breath.*—*Frequent incapacity to breathe deeply, as after running.*—*Stinging in the chest on breathing and walking.*—*Pimples and furunculi on the chest, with laniations, and pain, as from excoriation when touched.*

TRUNK.—*Burning, shooting pain in the region of the loins.*—*Pain, as from a bruise in the loins, and extending as far as the thighs.*—*Stinging and traction in *the back, between the shoulder-blades and in the muscles of the neck.*—*Nocturnal tension in the back, when turning in bed.*—*Fetid sweat under the arm-pits.*—*Suppuration of the axillary glands.*—*Glandular swellings on the neck, painful to the touch.*

ARMS.—*Pain, as from a bruise, in the bones of the arm.*—*Arthritic swelling of the hand, fingers and joints of the fingers, with heat, redness and pain, as from dislocation during movement.*—**Skin of the hands cracked, rough and dry.*—*Granulated eruption on the hands and wrists.*—**Nettle-rash on the hands and fingers.*—*Easy dislocation of the fingers.*—*Fingers dead.*—*Panaris.*

LEGS.—*Pain in the buttocks when sitting down.*—*Furunculi on the buttocks.*—*Pain, as from a bruise on the thighs.*—*Painful tension in the thighs, which prevents sleep.*—*Frequently sudden lassitude of the limbs when walking.*—*Swelling of the knees.*—*Cramps in the calves of the legs, soles of the feet and toes.*—*Burning feet.*—*Swelling of the feet and ankle-bones, with difficulty of respiration.*—*Red, rheumatic swelling in the ankle-bones with pain, which increases at night.*—*Cracks in the feet.*—*Shootings in the corns.*

94.—HYOSCYAMUS NIGER.

HYOS.—Henbane.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect : from 8 to 15 days in some cases of chronic disease.*

ANTIDOTES : Bell. camph. chin.—It is used as an antidote against bell. plumb.

COMPARE WITH : Acon. Arn. bell. camph. cham. chin. dros. graph. ignat. lach. n-rom. op. phos. plat. plumb. rhus. rut. stram. veratr.—Hyos. when otherwise indicated is particularly suitable after bell.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—When guided by the *totality*

of symptoms, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be :—Affections in consequence of a chill, fright, of anguish, or of contradiction ; Convulsions, cramps, hysterical spasms, epilepsy, St. Vitus' dance and other *spasmodic affections*, chiefly in pregnant or parturient women, as well as in children, and in consequence of worms ; Inflammations, with nervous symptoms ; *Excessive nervous excitement, with sleeplessness* ; Typhus fever, also in consequence of cholera ; Intermittent fevers ; Fever, with vermiculous affections ? ; Imbecility ; Delirium tremens ; Vesania, madness, rage and other *mental alienations* ; Hydrophobia ; *Encephalitis* ; Acute hydrocephalus ? ; Megrims ; Amaurotica ambliopia, with hemeralopia ; Presbyopia ; Odontalgia, caused by a chill ; Spasmodic hiccough ; Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food, also in children ; Hæmatemesis, even caused by a chill ; Gastritis ? ; Enteritis ? ; Spasmodic colic ; Diarrhœa, especially in lying-in women ; Paralysis of the sphincter ani ; Paralysis of the bladder ; Spasms, diarrhœa, and other affections of pregnant or lying-in women ; Cramps in the womb ? ; Puerperal fever ; Convulsions, vomiting, and other affections of new-born infants ; Cough in old men, or caused by morbilli ; Convulsive cough ; Cramps in the chest ? ; Pneumonia, with nervous symptoms ? ; Incipient phthisis ; Organic affections of the heart ; &c., &c.

[It deserves particular attention in Pleurisy when attended with gastric and nervous symptoms ; in abnormally increased sensitiveness, and in the cough subsequent to measles ; in *anasarca* subsequent to *Purpura miliaris*, and attended with typhoid fever ; in quartan intermittent fever ; in dry spasmodic cough with dispnœa ; in metrorrhagia of bright-coloured blood and attended with spasms ; in farsightedness, and night blindness ; in inflammation of the diaphragm, attended with obstinate hiccough ; in catalepsy ; impotence ; tetanus ; paralysis of one side, and of the tongue ; in affections caused by jealousy or ambition ; in muscular debility with violent trembling as in confirmed drunkards ; in *Ecstasis* ; in nymphomania ; in inflammations of the eyes when attended with spasmodic closure of the lids ; in Amaurosis when preceded by flimmering, double vision, coloured red, or very large appearance of all objects. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cutting, tearing and dull traction in the limbs and joints.—Limbs cold, trembling and numb.—**Convulsive movements* and shakings of some of the

limbs, or of the whole body, -sometimes on making the slightest effort to swallow liquid.—Tossing of the feet and of the hands.—*Attacks of epilepsy, sometimes with *bluish colour and puffing of the face, involuntary emission of urine, foaming at the mouth, drawing back of the thumbs, sensation of hunger and of gnawing at the pit of the stomach, protruded eyes, cries, grinding of the teeth, &c.*—Epileptic convulsions, alternating with *attacks of cerebral congestion* (apoplectic fits).—**Convulsions with cries, great anguish, oppression of the chest and loss of consciousness.*—*Convulsions similar to St. Vitus' dance.—After the epileptic convulsions, profound sleep with snoring.—Fainting fits.—Great weakness and debility.—Paralysis.—*Jerking of the tendons.—The majority of, and the principal symptoms appear after eating or drinking, or in the evening.

SKIN.—Skin dry and rough.—Miliary eruption.—Eruption of dry pimples, like confluent small-pox.—*Brownish spots on the body from time to time.—Frequent, large furunculi.—Spots and gangrened vesicles on different parts.—Bleeding of the ulcers.

SLEEP.—*Somnolency, like coma vigil.*—*Retarded sleep, or sleeplessness caused by excessive nervous excitement, or by great anguish, -sometimes with convulsions and starts.——Profound, drowsy sleep, with convulsions and involuntary movements of the limbs, and especially of the hands.—°When sleeping, *carpologia*, -or smiling countenance, or starts with fright.

FEVER.—Shuddering from head to foot.—Burning heat of the body, and especially of the head.—*Fever of quartan or quotidian type, with epileptic fits, great weakness, flames before the eyes and congestion of head.—Pulse quick, with swelling of the veins.—Universal coldness over the whole body, with heat of face.—Heat in the evening with thirst and putrid taste.—Perspiration during sleep.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy.*—Anthropophobia.—Mistrust.—Anguish and fear.—Desire to run away from the house at night.—*Fear of being betrayed or poisoned.—*Desire to make a jest of every thing.*—Loquacity.—*Jealousy.*—Peevish and quarrelsome humour.—*Fury, with desire to strike and to kill.*—*Stupor, with plaintive cries, especially on the slightest touch, and complete apathy.—Loss of memory.—**Loss of consciousness, with eyes closed, and raving about business.*—**Delirium*, "sometimes with trembling and epileptic convulsions.—Wanderings.—Perversion of all actions.—*Mania*, with loss of consciousness,

or with buffoonery and ridiculous gestures.—*Lascivious mania.*

HEAD.—Perplexity and heaviness of the head.—*Vertigo, as if from intoxication, or with obscuration of the sight.—Attacks of cerebral congestion, with loss of consciousness and snoring.—Head-ache, as if from concussion of the brain.—*Pressive and benumbing pain in the forehead*, especially after a meal.—Constrictive embarrassment in the forehead.—Sensation of fluctuation or of commotion in the brain, especially when walking.—Heat and crawling in the head.—Head-ache, alternating with pain in the nape of the neck.—*Balancing of the head from one side to the other.*

EYES.—Eyes downcast and dull.—*Eyes red, fixed, convulsed and prominent.—*Spasmodic movement of the eyes.—Redness of the sclerotica.—Swelling of the eye-lids.—*Strabismus.*—*Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids.—*Dilated pupils.—Confusion of sight.—Myopia, or *presbyopia.*—Errors of vision.—*Diplopia.*—*Objects seem to be much larger than they are in reality*, or else of a red colour.—*Nocturnal blindness.*—Weakness of sight, as if from incipient amaurosis.

EARS AND NOSE.—Buzzing in the ears.—Hardness of hearing, as if from stupefaction.—Epistaxis.—Cramp-like pressure at the root of the nose.—Loss of smell.

FACE.—*Face cold, pale, bluish, or puffed and blood-red.—Cramp-like pressure on the cheek-bone.—Dryness of the lips.—*Cramps in the jaw.*

TEETH.—*Pulsative and tearing pains in the teeth, from the cheek to the forehead, especially after a chill in the cold air, or in the morning, and often with congestion to the head, heat and redness of the face, swelling of the gums and spasms in the throat.—Tearing in the gums, with buzzing and sensation of loosening of the teeth.—*Clenching of the teeth.*—^oTeeth covered with mucus.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness in the mouth.—Salivation of a saltish taste.—Sanguineous saliva.—*Foam at the mouth.—Fetid exhalations from the mouth, perceptible to oneself.—Heat and torpor of the tongue, as if it had been burned.—Tongue dry, and loaded with a brownish coating.—Redness of the tongue.—Paralysis of the tongue.—Loss of speech.—Dryness and burning heat of the throat.—*Constriction in the throat and inability to swallow liquids.*

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—Loss of taste.—Bulimy, with violent thirst.—Dread of drinking.—*Hiccough, especially after a meal.—After a meal, head-ache, intoxication, great

anguish and sadness.—After drinking, convulsions.—Nausea, on pressing the epigastrium.—*Inclination to vomit and vomiting, also the same with griping, which forces one to cry out.—Aqueous vomiting, with vertigo.—**Vomiting of sanguineous mucus, and of dark red blood*, sometimes with convulsions, choking, pains in the pit of the stomach, great exhaustion and coldness in the limbs.—**Vomiting of food and drinks* immediately after a meal, and sometimes with violent pain in the pit of the stomach.—Periodical attack of *cramps in the stomach*, and mitigated by vomiting.—*Painful sensibility of the epigastrium when touched.—Inflammation of the stomach, with burning pain.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Dull pains in the hepatic region.—*Abdomen tight, inflated, painful when touched.—**Cramp-like pains in the abdomen*, and cuttings, sometimes accompanied by vomitings, pains in the head and cries.—Shootings in the umbilical region, when walking and with respect to the breathing.—Pain, as from excoriation in the abdominal muscles in coughing.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—Frequent desire to evacuate, with scanty and unfrequent relief.—Aqueous diarrhœa.—*Involuntary evacuations, from paralysis of the sphincter ani.

URINE.—Retention of urine.—Frequent desire to make water, with scanty emission.—Urine copious and clear, like water.—Increased flow of urine.—*Involuntary emission of urine, as from paralysis of the bladder.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Increase of sexual desire.—Impotence.—Catamenia more abundant.—Suppression of the catamenia.—Metrorrhagia, of a bright coloured blood.—During the catamenia, delirium, flow of urine, sweat and convulsive trembling.—Before the catamenia, *hysterical cramps* and fits of laughter.

LARYNX.—Catarrh, with accumulation of mucus in the larynx and trachea, rendering the speech and the voice indistinct.—Constant cough when lying down, which ceases after rising up.—Fits of coughing, as in the whooping-cough.—**Cramp-like cough at night*, especially when lying down, sometimes with redness of the face and vomiting of mucus.—Dry shaking, sobbing cough, with pain as from excoriation in the abdominal muscles.—Greenish expectoration with the cough.—Cough, with expectoration of blood and convulsions.

CHEST.—Oppression and embarrassed and rattling respiration.—Pressure in the right side of the chest, with great anxiety and shortness of breath when ascending stairs.—Spasms in the chest, with short breathing, which

forces one to bend oneself forwards.—Shootings in the sides of the chest.

TRUNK.—Pains in the back, and especially in the loins, with swelling of the feet.—Lancinations in the loins and shoulder-blades.—Tettery spots on the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Trembling of the arms and hands, especially in the evening after motion.—Painful torpor and stiffness of the hands.—Swelling of the hands.—Hands clenched, *with retraction of the thumbs* (in the convulsive fits).—Delirious picking at the bed-clothes, &c.

LEGS.—*Painful cramps in the thighs and calves of the legs*, which contract the legs.—Gangrenous spots and blisters on the legs.—Stiffness and lassitude in the knee-joint.—Swelling of the feet.—Contraction of the toes in walking and ascending.

92.—JALAPA.

JAL.—Jalap.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been recommended against some cases of *colic in children*, with sleeplessness, tossing, cries and painful and sanguineous diarrhœa.

93.—IATROPHA CURCAS.

IAT.—Infernal fig.—HERING.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—*Pains in the limbs and joints*.—Convulsions.—Great general prostration of strength.—Eruptions.—Swellings.—General coldness of the body.—Clammy sweat—*Great anxiety*.—Easy and very abundant vomiting of aqueous matter, *resembling the white of an egg*, with diarrhœa.—*Burning pain, with uneasiness of stomach*.—Inflammation of the stomach and of the intestines.—*Aqueous diarrhœa, which is discharged with violence*.—Cramp-like pains in the legs, with distortion of the calves of the legs, as far as the tibiæ.

[It appears to resemble the Hydrocyanic Acid in its action; and is nearly as poisonous; an oil resembling Croton Oil in its effects may also be obtained from it. Hering suggests that it might prove a more efficient remedy in cholera than the Veratrum. *Ed.*]

94.—IGNATIA AMARA.

IGN.—St. Ignatius' bean.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: sometimes for 9 days.

ANTIDOTES: Arn. camph. cham. cocc. coff. puls.—*It is used as an antidote against*: cham. coff. puls. zinc.

COMPARE WITH: Alum. arn. calad. caps. caus. cham. cin. cocc. coff. croc. hyos. ipec. mez. mosch. natr-m. n-mosch. n-vom. par. phos-ac. puls. rhus. rut. sabad. sec. sep. stann. staph. sulph. tart. valer. veratr. zinc.—*Ign.*, when otherwise indicated, is sometimes specially suitable after ipec.

[Ignatia resembles the Nux Vomica very much in its action, and Jôrg suggests that it acts specifically upon the pancreas and mesenteric glands, while it possesses the peculiarity, that the effects produced by it often remit entirely, and return again after irregular and uncertain intervals. It is perhaps more generally applicable in nervous and spasmodic than any other class of diseases. It deserves attention in concussion of the brain; in periodical abdominal spasms, occurring in very sensitive persons, and in those with congestive enlargement of the liver; in profuse menstruation and in metrorrhagia; in chronic night cough; in *Asthma Millari*, and in Rheumatic affections in which the parts are very painful and very sensitive, with swelling but no discoloration. *Ed.*]

CLINICAL REMARKS.—According to the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed are:—Affections, principally of *sensitive persons*, of a nervous temperament, and inclined to conceal within themselves the vexations which they experience; Affections of females, and especially of hysterical women; *Evil effects of affliction, of secret vexation, of unhappy love, &c.*; Bad effects of the abuse of coffee, or of camomile; Attacks of syncope and of hysterical weakness; Cramps, convulsions, epilepsy, and other *spasmodic affections, especially in consequence of fright or contradiction*, and chiefly in hysterical women, or in children during dentition; Intermittent fevers; Catarrhal or rheumatic fevers; Slow fevers?; Melancholy and other mental affections caused by affliction; Hysteria; Nervous and hysterical megrim and cephalalgia; Cephalalgia and falling off of the hair, caused by vexation; Scrofulous ophthalmia and photophobia; Chronic coryza; Odontalgia, especially in hysterical women; Difficult dentition of children, with convulsions; Quinsy and other anginae, even when caused by scarlatina; Gastralgia; Gastritis?; Dyspepsia, and other gastric affections; Bilious affections; Splenalgia?; Colic, especially in hysterical women; Vermiculous affections; Prolapsus recti, also in children; *Dysmenorrhœa*; Chlorosis?; *Cramps of the uterus*; Convulsions and other spasmodic affections of lying-in women and new-born children; excoriation in children, especially that which proceeds from the abuse of camomile, &c., &c.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Simple and *violent pain, merely on being touched*, in different parts.—*Cutting or acute, and sometimes hard pressure* on the limbs and other parts.—*Shootings as if from knives.*—*Sensation of pressing asunder, or constriction* in the internal organs.—*Arthritic tearing* in the limbs.—*Pain as from dislocation, or from a sprain in the joints.*—*Heaviness and crawling numbness in the limbs.*—**Attacks of cramp and of convulsions, sometimes with anxiety, attacks of suffocation, confusion of the head, bluish or red face, spasms in the throat, loss of*

consciousness, &c.—*°Epileptic convulsions, with foaming at the mouth, frequent yawnings, convulsed eyes, retraction of the thumbs, red, or alternately pale and red face, &c.—°Involuntary movements of the limbs, as in St. Vitus' dance.—°After the convulsions, profound sighs, or drowsy sleep—Great sensitiveness in the open air.—Convulsions, with cries and laughter.—Tetanus.—*Hysterical debility and fainting fits.—The symptoms manifest themselves particularly just after a meal, as well as in the evening, after lying down, or in the morning, immediately after rising.—Coffee, tobacco, brandy and noise aggravate the pains.—The pains are removed, either by lying on the back, or by lying on the part affected, or on the healthy side, and always by change of position.—Nocturnal pains which disturb sleep.*

SKIN.—*Itching, which is easily removed by scratching.—Chilblains.—*Excoriation of the skin.—Itching when becoming warm in the open air.—Nettle-rash over the whole body, with violent itching (during the fever).*

SLEEP.—*Profound and comatose sleep, with stertorous respiration.—Violent spasmodic yawnings, especially in the morning, or after a siesta.—Very light sleep.—Sleep agitated by nightmare, or by starts and frequent dreams.—Jerkings of the limbs on going to sleep.—Dreams, with reflections and reasonings, or with fixed ideas.—Starts, with fright on going to sleep.*

FEVER.—*Febrile shivering, especially in the back and arms, with thirst for cold water, and sometimes with nausea and vomiting.—Mitigation of the coldness by external heat.—*Universal heat, especially in the head, with redness, principally (of one) of the cheeks, and adipsia, sometimes with internal shuddering, and coldness of the feet; shootings in the limbs and head-ache.—Sudden attacks of fugitive heat over the whole body.—Troublesome sensation of heat, sometimes with sweat.—Absence of thirst during the heat and perspiration, or in the apyrexia.—°Fever, with head-ache and pain in the pit of the stomach, great fatigue, paleness of face, or paleness and redness alternately, dry and cracked lips, nettle-rash, white tongue, profound sleep with snoring, &c.—Sweat, with shootings and buzzing in the ears.—Sweat during a meal.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Sadness and concealed sorrow, with sighing.—Irresolution.—Impatience.—Great disposition to be frightened.—*Morose and sad humour; and involuntary reflections, on painful and disagreeable things.—Effrontery.—Tenderness of character and delicacy of conscience.—Inconstancy.—*Foolish gaiety and tearful sadness al er-*

nately.—**Laconic speech*.—*Great weakness of memory.—**Love of solitude*.—*Anguish, "especially in the morning on waking, or at night, sometimes with palpitation of the heart.—**Lachrymose* and indifferent *humour*, with dread of exertion.—*Gnawing vexation of heart.—Despair of being cured.—The least contradiction irritates even to rage and passion, with redness of face.—Fear of robbers at night.—Cries of total discouragement at the least thing.

HEAD.—*Vertigo, with sparks before the eyes.—Great heaviness of the head, as if it were full of blood.—*Pressive head-ache*, especially above the root of the nose, and often accompanied with desire to vomit, *aggravated or relieved by stooping*.—*Cramp-like pressure in the forehead and occiput, "with obscuration of sight, redness of the face and weeping.—*Painful sensation of expansion in the head*, as if the cranium were going to burst, especially when conversing, reading or listening to another.—Pain as from a bruise in the head, especially in the morning when waking.—The head-aches are aggravated by coffee, brandy, tobacco smoke, noise and strong smell.—*Head-ache as if a nail were driven into the brain*.—Piercing and shooting tearings, deep in the brain, *and in the forehead*, mitigated by lying down.—*Pulsative, jerking head-ache*.—"Trembling of the head.—°*Throwing of the head backwards*.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—**Pressure on the eyes*, sometimes as if sand were introduced into them.—*Inflammation of the eyes.—°Redness of the eyes.—Agglutination of the eye-lids.—**Lachrymation*, °especially in the brightness of the sun.—Swelling of the upper lid, with enlargement of the veins.—Inflammation of the upper part of the eye-ball.—°*Convulsive movements of the eyes and eye-lids*.—Fixed look, with dilated pupils.—**Photophobia*.—Sight confused, as if through a mist.

EARS.—°*Swelling of the parotids*, with shooting pain.—Redness and burning heat in *one* of the ears.—Hardness of hearing ; °except for the human voice.

NOSE.—Itching in the nose.—*Nostrils excoriated* and ulcerated, with swelling of the nose.—°*Epistaxis*.—*Dry coryza*, with dull head-ache and excessive nervous excitement.—Dryness of the nose.

FACE.—°Face pale, red or blue, or earth-coloured and wan.—Perspiration on the face only.—Redness and burning heat in one of the cheeks.—°*Convulsive jerkings, and distortion of the muscles of the face*.—Eruption on the face.—*Lips dry*, cracked and bleeding.—Pain as from excoria-

tion in the internal surface of the upper lip.—*Scabs in the commissuræ of the lips and on the lips.—Pains in the submaxillary glands.—**Convulsive twitching of the corners of the mouth.*—*Spasmodic clenching of the jaws.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, as if the teeth were broken.—Looseness of the teeth.—Tooth-ache towards the end of a meal, aggravated after finishing the same.

MOUTH.—Inflammation and redness of the mouth and palate.—*Constant secretion of mucus, or *accumulation of acid saliva in the mouth.*—*Aptness to bite the tongue, when chewing or speaking.—Moist tongue, loaded with a white coating.—Shootings in the velum palati, even into the ear.—Foaming at the mouth.—Voice weak and tremulous.

THROAT.—Sore throat, as if there were a plug in it, when not swallowing.—Palate red and inflamed, with a sensation as if what one swallowed passed over a burning and excoriated tumour.—Shootings in the throat, extending sometimes to the ear, chiefly when not swallowing.—Inflammation, swelling and induration of the tonsils, with small ulcers.—Impeded deglutition (of drinks).—Constriction of the gullet, with sobbing risings.

APPETITE.—Dislike to food and drink, especially to milk, meat, cooked victuals, and tobacco smoke.—*Want of appetite and prompt satiety.—*Insipid taste, like chalk in the mouth.—Weakness and difficulty of digestion.—Bitter and putrid taste of food, especially of beer.—Dislike or strong desire for acid things.—Dislike to wine and brandy.—Painful inflation of the abdomen after a meal.—Desire for different things, which are disregarded as soon as they are obtained.—Insipidity of food.—The milk which has been taken in the morning leaves an after-taste for a long time.—After smoking, hiccough, nausea, sweat and colic.

STOMACH.—*Regurgitation of food or of bitter serous matter.—Hiccough every time after eating or drinking.—Acid eructations.—*Nausea, with agitation and anguish.—*Vomiting of food, even at night.—Vomiting of bile and mucus.—Periodical attacks of *cramp in the stomach*, which disturb sleep at night, and are aggravated by pressing on the part affected.—Dull pressure or shootings in the epigastrium.—Coldness or sensation of burning in the stomach, especially after taking brandy.—*Sensation of emptiness and weakness in the epigastrium.—Painful sensibility of the pit of the stomach when touched.

ABDOMEN.—Sensation of fulness and inflation of the hypochondria, with difficult respiration.—*Pain in the left hypochondria, aggravated by pressure and walking.—

Shooting, sensation of burning and pressure, or swelling and hardness in the region of the spleen.—Expansive pain in the abdomen, as if the intestines were going to burst.—Inflation of the abdomen.—Gripping in the umbilical region. Violent pressure in the abdomen.—Rolling around the navel.—The pains in the abdomen are aggravated after taking coffee, brandy, or things sweetened with sugar.—*Shootings and *pinchings in the abdomen*, especially in the sides.—Periodical, cramp-like pains in the abdomen.—Cramp-like pressure in the inguinal region.—Beating in the abdomen.—Rumbling and borborygmi in the intestines.—**Flatulent colic*, especially at night.—Sensation of weakness and trembling in the abdomen with sighing respiration.

FÆCES.—*Hard evacuations, with frequent ineffectual efforts*.—Fæces yellow, whitish, of a very large size, and difficult to evacuate.—*Diarrhœa with sanguineous mucus*, with rumbling in the abdomen.—Slimy evacuations, accompanied by colic.—Discharge of blood from the anus.—Prolapsus of the rectum during evacuation.—*Itching and crawling in the anus*.—Ascarides in the rectum.—Contraction of the anus.—*Contractive pain as from excoriation in the anus*, after evacuation.—Shootings from the anus high up into the rectum.—Smarting in the rectum, during the loose evacuations.

URINE.—Frequent and copious emission of watery urine.—Lemon coloured urine.—Involuntary emission of urine.—Urgent and irresistible want to make water.—Sensation of burning and smarting in the urethra during micturition.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Much itching in the genital parts and penis, in the evening after lying down, removed by scratching.—Pain as from *excoriation* and ulceration on the margins of the prepuce.—Contraction and pressure on the testes, especially in the evening after lying down.—Sweat on the scrotum.—*Lasciviousness, with weakness of sexual power*.—Absence of sexual desire, with painful uneasiness and pressure on the pubis.—Erection during every evacuation.

CATAMENIA.—Catamenia premature and too violent, every ten or fifteen days.—Blood of the catamenia black, mixed with clots.—During the catamenia, heaviness, heat, and pain in the head, photophobia, colic and contractive pains, anxiety, palpitation of the heart, and great fatigue even to fainting.—**Cramp-like and compressive pains in the region of the uterus*, with attacks of choking; pressure and

lying on the back mitigate the pain.—Cramp in the matrix during the catamenia.—Corrosive and purulent leucorrhœa, preceded by contractive pressure in the uterus.

LARYNX.—Voice feeble with inability to speak loud.—Catarrh with coryza and head-ache.—Cough, excited by a sensation of *constriction at the pit of the throat*, as from the vapour of sulphur.—Obstinate, *nocturnal cough*.—*Dry cough, sometimes with fluent coryza*.—Cough continuing equally day and night.—*Dry hoarse cough*.—Spasmodic shaking cough.—Short cough, *as if from a feather in the throat*, becoming more violent the more one coughs.—Hoarse dry cough, excited by a tickling above the stomach.

CHEST.—*Difficulty of respiration and oppression on the chest*, especially at night.—*Difficult respiration*, as if hindered by a weight upon the chest.—Shortness of breath when walking, and cough as soon as one stands still.—**Sighing respiration*.—Choking when running.—Pressure on the chest.—*Constriction of the chest*.—Shootings in the chest and sides, excited by flatulency.—*Palpitation of the heart* at night, with shootings in the heart, or else in the morning on waking, as well as when meditating and during repose.—Beating in the chest.

TRUNK.—Violent pains in the loins, like shootings, pullings, or the squeezing of a claw.—*Throwing backwards of the back* (from convulsions).—Shootings, as if from knives, from the loins to the thighs.—Stiffness of the nape of the neck.—Pressive pain in the glands of the neck.—Enlarged glands, like nodosities in the neck.

ARMS.—**Insupportable pains in the bones and joints of the arms*, as if the flesh were being loosened, or with a paralytic sensation of pain of dislocation.—*Convulsive jerkings in the arms* and in the fingers.—Tearing in the arms, excited by cold air.—Tension in the wrist.—Hot sweat of the hands.—Sensation of torpor and searching in the arms, at night in bed.

LEGS.—*Cutting, tearing pains* in the posterior surface of the thighs, after fatiguing the muscles.—Heaviness of the legs and feet, with tension in the legs and calves of the legs when walking.—Heat of the knee, with coldness of the nose.—*Convulsive jerkings of the legs*.—Stiffness of the knees and feet.—Painful sensibility of the soles of the feet, when walking.—Shootings and pain, as from ulceration in the soles of the feet.—Sensation of burning in the heels at night, on placing them near one another.—Sensation of burning in the corns.

95.—INDIGO.

IND.—Indigo plant.—A remedy as yet very little known.—ANNALS OF TRINKS.

[It has been noticed, that after the use of indigo for several weeks, patients are easily thrown into slight convulsions, and become affected with *subsultus tendinum*. It has been used principally in epilepsy and with partial success; it seems most efficacious in *Epilepsia abdominalis*, and *E. uterina*. It deserves attention in *Nephralgia*. Ed.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pains which disappear entirely, or; at least reappear only in a very mitigated degree, after resting on the part affected, or after scratching.—Shooting and tearing pains in the limbs, in the afternoon and evening.—Furunculi.—Desire to sleep in the evening and disturbed sleep at night.—At night, anxious waking, and with a start.—Anxious dreams.—Predominance of coldness.—Ill-disposed, sad and indolent humour.

HEAD—FÆCES.—Sensation as if the head were larger and occupied more space.—Shooting and tearing pains deeply in the brain.—Noise and beatings in the head.—Heat and bubbling in the occiput, as if produced by boiling water.—Sensation in the crown of the head, as if the hair was being torn out.—Convulsive twitching and quivering of the eye-lids which impede the sight.—Tearing in and behind the ears, as well as in the lower jaw.—Tearing, piercing and gnawing pains in the bones of the face and especially in the inferior maxilla.—Congestion to the face with burning cheeks.—Epistaxis, with loss of sight.—Tearing and cutting pains in the bones and cartilages of the nose.—Torpor of the interior of the mouth in the morning after waking.—Sensation of burning on the tongue and in the palate.—Spitting of sanguineous saliva.—Empty eructations.—Eructations having the taste of ink.—Sweetish eructations.—Sensation in the stomach, as if one were fasting.—Loose evacuations, with pinchings in the abdomen and strong desire to evacuate.

CHEST AND EXTREMITIES.—Suffocating cough, exciting vomiting in the evening, before and after lying down.—Rumbling and grumbling in the chest at every inspiration.—Shooting pains in and round the mammæ.—Tearing pains in the fore-arms, from the elbow to the fingers, which change their place on motion.—Convulsive jerkings in the arms.—Veins of the hands red, inflamed and tight.—Shooting and tearing pains in the upper extremities.—Tearing in the lower extremities, especially in the toes.—Great lassitude of the lower extremities in the evening, and which is felt even after lying down.

95.—IODIUM.

IOD.—Iodine.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : in some cases 7 weeks.

ANTIDOTES : Ars. ? camph. chin. coff. hep. phos. spong. sulph.

COMPARE WITH : Ars. cocc. coff. con. cupr. dig. merc. phos. rhus. spong. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be :—Inveterate arthritis ; Evil effects from the abuse of mercury ; Scrofulous and lymphatic affections ; Obstruction and induration of the glands ; Atrophy of scrofulous children ; Rachitic affections ; Rheumatic affections ; Tetters ; Scrofulous ophthalmia and otitis ; Blepharophthalmia ; Crusta lactea ? ; Salivation, with ulcers in the mouth, from the abuse of mercury ; Abdominal obstruction ; Abdominal phthisis ; Scrofulous and arthritic buboes ; Dyspepsia ; Amenorrhœa ? ; Leucorrhœa ; Galactorrhœa ; Chronic laryngitis, with ulceration ; Chronic catarrh ; Grippe ; Hooping-cough ; *Inflammatory swelling of the knee* ; Goitre ; White swelling ; Hydarthra, &c., &c.

[Iodine is found in the Spongia, Gorgonia, Doris, Venus, and Sepia, among animals. Lately an insect has been found near Ascoli, in Italy, containing Iodine ; it emits when disturbed a yellow fluid, smelling strongly of Iodine. Recently it has also been detected in the oil of Cod's liver. A considerable number of the Algae yield it : especially, the *Fucus serratus*, *F. Vesiculosus*, and *F. nodosus*, &c., &c. Among the pathological changes induced by Iodine, we may mention :—profuse salivation ; stimulation and subsequent disease of all the glands in the cavity of the mouth, of the pancreas, testicles, mammæ, viz : diminution in size of the two latter ; Enlargement and reddening of the liver ; inflammation of the spleen ; fidgetiness or restlessness of the limbs so that they can scarcely be kept quiet, numbness and heaviness in all the limbs, heaviness of the head, inebriation, followed by intense head-ache, spasms, tremors, or paralysis of the limbs, &c. Iodine also excites hæmorrhage from almost every organ, especially from the uterus and lungs, also from the hæmorrhoidal vessels ; it causes large livid petechiæ over the whole body, with bleeding from almost every pore, and from the nose and mouth, attended with extreme emaciation and prostration, and a dissolute, pale and thin condition of the blood, in fact producing the worst form of *Purpura hæmorrhagica*. The principal action of the Iodine seems to be upon the lymphatic and venous systems ; and persons with a yel

lowish, dingy or even brownish and smoked appearance of the skin, who are short and corpulent, seem to be most readily influenced by it. It deserves particular attention in enlargement and induration of the liver and spleen; in inflammatory enlargement of the mesenteric glands; in chronic inflammation of the pancreas, characterized by a permanent, but periodically exacerbated, burning pain in the epigastrium, extending to the right and backwards towards the spine, accompanied from time to time with eructation, which in course of time increases to vomituration and vomiting of a tough, albuminous, acid-tasting saliva, in large quantities, often as much as several coffee cups full at a time, and which is apparently composed of gastric and pancreatic juice; also in scrofulous marasmus and hectic fever; in enlargement and induration of the testicles and prostate gland; in menorrhagia and leucorrhœa; in influenza with fever and spitting of blood; in chronic catarrhs; suppuration of the lungs; in violent dry coughs from tubercles in the lungs; in chronic inflammation and induration of the uterus; in active phagædenic ulceration; in chronic enlargement of the tonsils; in enlargement of the ovaries; in erysipelas, chilblains, in burns and scalds, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Unsettled pains in the joints.—**Tearing* in the limbs, and especially in the joints, chiefly at night.—Sensation of torpor in the limbs.—*Convulsive jerkings and twitchings of the tendons.*—*Deviation of the bones.—This medicine acts in an exciting manner upon the glandular system, the stomach, the liver, &c., and excites secretion in these organs.—*Swelling and induration of the glands.*—*Hæmorrhage from different organs.*—Powerful over-excitement of the whole nervous system.—*Ebullition of blood*, and pulsation over the whole body, augmented by the slightest exertion.—*Trembling of the limbs.*—*Tottering walk.*—**Great weakness*, even speaking excites perspiration.—Atrophy and emaciation until reduced to a skeleton.—*Œdematous swelling*, even of the whole body.

SKIN.—*Skin dry*, or clammy, moist and of a dirty yellow.—*Tetters.*—*Panaris.*

SLEEP.—Agitated dreams.—*Nocturnal sweat.

FEVER.—Shivering, even in a warm room.—*Increase of bodily heat.*—Fugitive heat.—Acid perspiration in the morning.—Pulse quick, small and hard.—Fever with consumption.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Lachrymose disposition and mental*

dejection.—Melancholy hypochondriasis, sadness, heart-rending and anxiety.—Anxious apprehensions.—Restless agitation, which prevents the continuation of standing or sleeping.—*Excessive mental excitement, with great susceptibility.*—Illusions of sentiment.—Loquacity and immoderate gaiety. Hesitation and irresolution.—Indolence of mind, with great repugnance to all intellectual labour.—Fixedness, immovableness of thought.—Delirium.

HEAD.—Perplexity of the head.—*In the morning, dizziness.—*Head-ache in hot air*, as well as from the prolonged movement of a carriage, or from a long walk, and aggravated by noise and speech.—Pain, as from a bruise in the brain, with want of strength in the body, as if from paralysis.—Acute pressive pains in the forehead.—*Congestion to the head*, with *beating in the brain.

EYES.—Pains in the sockets.—Sensation of depression above the eyes, as if they were deeply sunk in the socket, in the evening.—**Pain as from excoriation in the eyes.*—Inflammation of the eyes, sometimes after taking cold.—Swelling of the eyelids.—*Dirty yellowish colour of the sclerotica.*—Weeping.—Convulsive movements and trembling of the eyelids.—Weak sight.—Diplopia.—Sparks and scintillation before the eyes.

EARS.—*Buzzing in the ears.—*Hardness of hearing.*—Sensitiveness to noise.

NOSE.—Epistaxis.—Red, burning spot on the nose, below the eyes.—Stoppage of the nose, *secretion of mucus more abundant than usual.*

FACE.—Complexion pale, yellowish or soon turning brown.—Frequent and sudden redness of the face, with sensation of burning in the ears.—Face sunk, with eyes dejected.—Jerking of the muscles of the face.—Ulcer on the cheek, with swelling of the contiguous glands.—*Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.*

TEETH.—Pressive pains in the molares.—*Teeth yellow and covered with mucus*, in the morning.—Inflammatory swelling and bleeding of the gums.—Ulcer on the gums, with swelling of the cheek.—**Softening of the gums.*

MOUTH.—Aphthæ in the mouth.—**Ulcers in the mouth.*—Pain and swelling of the glands of the exterior of the mouth.—Exhalation of putrid odour from the mouth.—**Salivation.*—**Tongue loaded with a thick coating.*

THROAT.—Sore-throat with pressive pain, when not swallowing.—*Permanent constriction of the gullet* and impeded deglutition.—Inflammation of the gullet, with sensation of burning and scraping.

APPETITE.—Disagreeable saponaceous, or bitter salt taste.—Increased thirst.—Appetite variable, at one time **bulimy*, at another absence of appetite.—*Unusual hunger*, with amelioration after a meal.—Great weakness of digestion.

STOMACH.—Eructations, generally acid, with burning sensation.—*Pyrosis*, especially *after undigested food*.—**Frequent nausea*.—Violent vomitings, *renewed by eating*.—Vomiting of bilious matter, or of yellowish mucus.—Excessive pains in the stomach, with bilious evacuations.—*Pressure on the stomach after every meal*.—Cramp-like gnawing, or burning pains in the stomach.—Inflammation in the stomach.—Pulsations in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Abdominal pains, which return after every meal*.—Inflation of the abdomen.—*Enlargement of the abdomen*, which renders it impossible to lie down without the danger of suffocation.—Hard swelling of the spleen.—Cramp-like pains in the abdomen.—**Violent colic*.—Pains in the abdomen, like those of labour.—Swelling and inflammation of the mesenteric glands.—**Trembling in the abdomen*, from the pit of the stomach to the periphery, with increased heat.—*Swelling of the inguinal glands*.—**Incarceration of flatulency*.

FÆCES.—Hard, knotty fæces.—**Constipation*.—Loose, soft *evacuations*, sometimes whitish, **alternating with constipation*.—Evacuations of the consistence of pap.—Violent frothy diarrhœa, or composed of sanguineous mucus.—Dysenteric evacuations of thick mucus, or sometimes purulent with retention of stercoral matter.—In the evening, sensation of burning in the anus.

URINE.—*Suppressed secretion of urine*.—Copious and frequent flow of urine.—**Emission of urine at night*.—Urine of a deep colour, or yellowish green, or milky, or acrid and corrosive.—Parti-coloured cuticle on the urine.

MEMBRA VIRILIA.—Sexual desire increased.—Painful pullings in the anterior part of the penis.—*Swelling and hardness of the testes*.—Hardness of the prostate gland.

CATAMENIA.—**Catamenia*, at one time too late, at another too soon.—*Metrorrhagia*.—Weakness, palpitation of the heart, and many sufferings, before, during and after the catamenia.—Induration (and cancer ?) of the uterus.—Corroding *leucorrhœa*.—Flaccidity and atrophy of the breasts.

LARYNX.—Insupportable *hoarseness* and crawling in the throat, especially *in the morning*.—**Inflammation of the throat and trachea*, with contractive sore pain.—Copious secretion of

mucus in the trachea, with frequent hawking.—**Dry cough*, with pressure.—Shooting and sensation of burning in the chest.—**Cough in the morning*.—*Cough, with expectoration of abundant and sometimes sanguineous mucus, 'pains in the chest and fever.—°Cough resembling hooping cough, excited by an insupportable tickling in the chest, with anguish before the paroxysm, and excessive emaciation.

CHEST.—**Difficulty of respiration* and dyspnœa.—Suffocation.—Shootings in the left side, when breathing.—*Shortness of breath, especially when going up stairs.—Weakness of the chest.—Congestion to the chest.—**Violent, cramp-like palpitation of the heart*, increased to the highest degree by the least exertion.—Burning, shooting tension in the integuments of the chest.

TRUNK.—Cramps in the back.—Tension in the neck.—*Swelling of the exterior of the neck*.—Swelling of the neck when speaking.—*Swelling of the glands of the neck, nape and arm-pits*.—*Hard and large goitre*.—Sensation of constant constriction in the goitre.—Yellowish spots on the neck and redness, as if from ecchymosis.

ARMS.—Osteocopous pains in the arms, aggravated when one is lying down, and disturbing the sleep.—'Lassitude in the arms in the morning, in bed.—Convulsive movements and *trembling of the arms, hands and fingers*.—Numbness of the fingers.—Tearing pains in the fingers.—Jerking of the tendons of the fingers.—Panaris.—°Constant coldness of the hands, which are covered with a cold sweat while working.—Carpologia.

LEGS.—Cramp-like pain in the legs when seated.—Heaviness, swelling, trembling and paralysis of the legs.—Rheumatic pullings in the thighs and knees.—°Inflammatory swelling of the knee, with tearing pains and suppuration.—°Dropsical swelling of the knee.—°White swelling.—Cramps in the feet, especially at night.—Jerking of the tendons of the feet.—Acrid and corrosive sweat of the feet.

97.—IPECACUANHA.

IPEC.—Ipecacuanha.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: sometimes for 5 days.

ANTIDOTES: Arn. ars. chin.—*It is used as an antidote against*: alum. arn. ars. chin. cupr. dulc. fer. laur. op. tabac. tart.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. alum. arn. ars. calc. carb-veg. cham. chin. cin. cocc. croc. cupr. dros. dulc. fer. ign. laur. n-vom. op. phos. puls. sabin. sult. tart. veratr.—Ipec., when otherwise indicated, is sometimes suitable after: acon. arn. ars. and veratr.—After ipec., arn. ars. chin. cocc. ign. n-vom. are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of*

symptoms, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Affections, principally of children and of fair persons (of a sensual temperament); Bad effects from the abuse of quinine, or of fat pork; Affections caused by taking cold, indigestion, or debauch; Cramps and convulsions, tetanus, and other spasmodic affections, especially in children and hysterical persons; *Hæmorrhagia*; Miliary eruptions, (especially in parturient females,) and bad effects from the repercussion of that eruption; Evil consequences of apoplexy; *Gastric* and bilious fevers; *Intermittent fevers*; Slow fevers; Megrims; *Gastric uneasiness*, especially when caused by indigestion, or by abuse of coffee, or fat pork; Asiatic and sporadic cholera; *Hæmatemesis*; *Melæna*; *Gastric affections*, with vomiting and diarrhœa; Enteritis; Gastritis?; Hysterical abdominal spasms; Diarrhœa, especially in children; *Gastric affections of pregnant women*; Puerperal fever; Metrorrhagia; Laryngitis?; Grippe?; Convulsive or suffocating cough; Hooping-cough; Suffocating catarrh; Asthma of Millar, and other *asthmatic affections*; Cramps in the chest, especially those which proceed from the vapour of arsenic or copper.

[It deserves attention in the chronic, dry, spasmodic cough, attended with dyspnoea and vomiting, and troublesome tickling in the larynx, so common after croup; in chronic inflammation of the air-tubes; in influenza with violent straining and retching with the cough; in asthma caused by the suppression of nettle-rash, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pain, as from a bruise in all the bones.—Crawling, like numbness in the joints.—**Attacks of uneasiness, with dislike to all food, and excessive and sudden debility.*—**Bleeding from different organs.*—**Too great sensibility to cold and heat.*—**Tetanus, attacks of spasms and convulsions of different kinds, *sometimes with bending backwards of the head, and distortion of the features, or with loss of consciousness, pale and bloated face, half-closed eyes, convulsive movements of the muscles of the face, lips, eyelids and of the limbs, at times with cries, desire to vomit, and rattling of mucus in the chest.*—Excessive emaciation.

SKIN.—Miliary eruptions.—Violent itching in the skin of the thighs and arms.—During nausea, necessity to scratch oneself till vomiting ensues.

SLEEP.—Sleep, with the eyes half-open.—Agitated sleep, with groans.—Jerking of the limbs during sleep.—

Frightful dreams, with frequent starts and terror during sleep.

FEVER.—Shuddering, with coldness of the limbs and face.—Coldness, especially of the hands and feet, with cold and copious perspiration on these parts.—Aggravation of the shivering from external heat.—Before the shiverings, uneasiness, stretching and lassitude, with cold sweat on the forehead, or coldness or shivering in the ears.—Sudden flushes of heat when in a room, with sweat and vertigo.—*Thirst only during the shivering or chill.*—*Fever, manifesting itself by much shivering with little heat, or by much heat with little shivering; or with nausea, vomiting, and other gastric symptoms, clean or loaded tongue, and constrictive oppression on the chest.*—Fever in the evening with great inquietude, dry and troublesome heat, burning in the palms of the hands, and nocturnal sweat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Cries and howling (of children).—Anxiety and fear of death.—Moroseness, with contempt for everything.—Disdainful humour.—Desire for a number of things, without knowing exactly which.—Irritability and disposition to be angry.—*Impatience.*—Slowness of conception.

HEAD.—Vertigo when walking, with tottering and staggering.—Pain, as if the cranium were bruised in all the bones of the head, extending as far as the root of the tongue.—**Attacks of head-ache, with nausea and vomiting.*—Tearing in the forehead, excited or aggravated by being touched.—*Lancinating head-ache, with heaviness of the head.*—**Painful pressure on the forehead.*

EYES AND NOSE.—Eyes red and inflamed.—Collection of mucus in the corners of the eyes.—*Trembling of the eye-lids.*—Dilated pupils.—Confused sight.—*Epistaxis.*—Loss of smell.—**Coryza, with stoppage of the nose.*

FACE AND TEETH.—*Pale, earth-like, or yellowish colour* of the face, which is bloated, with livid circles round the eyes.—*Convulsive jerkings in the muscles of the face.*—Lips covered with small aphthæ and eruptions.—Pain, as from excoriation in the lips.—*Convulsive twitchings of the lips.*—Redness of the skin round the mouth.—Odontalgia by fits, as if a tooth were being extracted.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Painful sensibility of all parts of the mouth.—Profuse secretion of saliva.—Tongue loaded with a white or yellowish coating.—Sore throat, during deglutition, as if from swelling of the pharynx.—Difficult deglutition, as from paralysis of the tongue and gullet.

APPETITE.—Insipid and clammy, or bitter taste, espe-

cially in the morning.—Sweetish taste, as if one had blood in the mouth.—Desire only for delicacies and things sweetened with sugar.—Adipsia.—Insidious taste of beer.—Tobacco-smoke has a nauseous taste, and causes vomiting.—**Great repugnance and dislike to all food.*—°Phlegm from the stomach.

STOMACH.—**Nausea*, as if proceeding from the stomach, with copious accumulation of saliva, violent itching in the skin, and empty eructations.—Inclination to vomit, especially after drinking any thing cold or after smoking.—**Vomiting of drink and undigested food, or else of bilious, greenish, or acid, or slimy, gelatinous matter, and sometimes immediately after a meal.*—Vomiting of blood.—Vomiting, with sweat, heat, fetid breath and thirst.—°*Vomiting with diarrhœa.*—Vomiting as soon as one stoops.—°Vomiting of black matter, like pitch.—*Sensation of excessive uneasiness in the stomach and epigastrium.*—Sensation, as if *the stomach were empty and flaccid.*—°Swelling in the region of the stomach.—Pinching round the epigastrium and in the region of the hypochondria.—°Pressure in the stomach with vomiting.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pinching in the abdomen, aggravated in the highest degree by movement, and ameliorated by repose.—°Pain, as from excoriation in the abdomen.—°Colic, with agitation, tossing and cries (in children).—°Colic, with cramp-like pains.—Cutting pains, in the umbilical region, with shuddering.—Flatulent colic.

FÆCES.—*Loose evacuations like matter in a state of fermentation.*—Obstinate diarrhœa.—Loose evacuations, greenish, yellow, or lemon-coloured, of a putrid odour, or *sanguineous*, bilious and *slimy*.—Loose serous evacuations.—**Diarrhœa with nausea, colic and vomiting.*—*Dysenteric evacuations, with white flocks, and followed by tenesmus.*—°Evacuation of black matter like pitch.

URINE.—Turbid urine, with sediment like brick-dust.—Red and scanty urine.—Sanguineous urine, °with pains in the region of the bladder and of the navel, burning sensation in the urethra, desire to vomit, and pain in the loins and pit of the stomach.—Discharge of pus from the urethra, with gnawing pain.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Troublesome sensation, as if every thing were tending towards the genital parts and anus.—*Metrorrhagia*, with discharge of bright red and coagulated blood.—Catamenia premature and too strong.

LARYNX.—**Cough, especially at night, with painful shocks in the head and stomach, with disgust and inclina-*

tion to vomit and vomiting.—*Dry cough, excited by a contractive tickling in the larynx, and extending to the extremity of the bronchia, especially when lying on the left side.—*Cough, which resembles whooping-cough, with bleeding from the nose and mouth, and vomiting of food.—Cough, with spitting of blood, provoked by the least effort.—*Dry, shaking and *spasmodic cough, with fits of suffocation, stiffness of the body and bluish face.*

CHEST.—*Anxious and short respiration.—*Spasmodic asthma, with contraction of the larynx, and panting respiration.—Sighing respiration.—Oppression in the chest and shortness of breath, as if caused by having inhaled dust.—Loss of breath on the least movement.—Spasms in the chest.—Pain, as from excoriation in the chest.—Palpitation of the heart.—Red itching spots on the chest, with burning after scratching.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—*Tetanic stiffness and bending of the back, backwards or forwards.—Swelling and suppuration in the nape of the neck.—Convulsive jerking of the legs and feet.—Pain, as from dislocation, in the hip-joint, when sitting.—Nocturnal cramps in the muscles of the thigh.—Violent itching in the calves of the legs.—Ulcers, with a black base, on the legs.

98.—KALI CARBONICUM.

KAL.—Sub-carbonate of Potash.—HAHNEMANN.—Duration of effect: for 50 days in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. coff. nitr-spir.

COMPARE WITH: Amm. amm-mur. ars. bov. bry. calc. camp. carb-veg. cham. chin. coff. graph. laur. magn. natr-m. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos. puls. thus. sil. sulph.—Kali, when otherwise indicated, sometimes shows itself efficacious after: Lyc. natr-m. and nitr-ac.—Carb-veg. phos., and many other medicines, are sometimes suitable after Kali.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be:—Dropsical affections; Anasarca; Rheumatic and arthritic affections; Paralysis; Obstruction of the glands; Fainting fits and hysterical weakness; Weakness caused by debilitating losses; Slow fevers?; Megrims; Scald-head; Wens on the head?; Ophthalmia; Amblyopia amaurotica; Parotitis; Hardness of hearing; Otitis and otorrhœa; Prosopalgia; Dyspepsia, even with vomiting of food; Gastralgia; Hepatic pains (chronic hepatitis?); Spasmodic colic; Ascites; Amenorrhœa and dysmenorrhœa of young girls (after natr. mur.); Pleuritis; Tuberculous phthisis; Hydrothorax; Hæmoptysis; Spasmodic asthma; Pains in the loins from a fall.

[Under the long continued use of Potash, the blood becomes thinner and darker coloured, and loses its power of spontaneous coagulation when drawn from the body, and a state precisely similar to that of scurvy is brought on. It deserves attention in ulceration of the kidneys or bladder; in quotidian intermittent fever, and in dropsy after intermittent fever; in derangement of the stomach with congestion of the liver; in consumption; in inflammation and enlargements of the parotid glands and dropsy after scarlet fever; in obstinate intermittent fevers with frequent relapses and coupled with organic affections of the liver, spleen, lungs, &c.; in hæmorrhoidal herpes; in renal and urinary calculi; in *aneurysm*, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Painful sensibility of the extremities in whatever position they are placed.—Pressive pains in the joints.—*Spasmodic contraction of some parts.—**Drawing and tearing pains* in the limbs, especially during repose, with swelling of the parts affected.—*Shooting pains in the joints, the muscles and internal organs*.—Swelling and hardness of the glands.—**Dropsical affections* of the internal organs, or of the whole skin of the body.—The pains often manifest themselves towards two o'clock in the morning, and are then more violent than by day when moving about.—Shivering immediately after the pains.—Remaining in the open air greatly aggravates some sufferings, (especially the febrile symptoms,) while others are mitigated by it.—Spasmodic attacks and *convulsive jerkings* of the limbs and *muscles*.—Nocturnal attacks of epilepsy.—Aptness in feeling pain as from fatigue in the back.—*Tendency in the limbs to become benumbed* when lying down.—*Paralysis*.—General sensation of emptiness in the whole body, as if it were hollow.—Heaviness and indolence.—*Weakness*, as if on the point of losing consciousness, and *trembling* especially after a walk.—*Attacks of weakness, with nausea*, sensation of heat and lassitude in the pit of the stomach, vertigo and dizziness.—*Strong agitation of blood*, with beating in the arteries.—Excessive dread of the open air and of currents of air.—**Great tendency to take cold*, especially after heating exercise.

SKIN.—Painful sensibility of the skin, as if it were ulcerated.—*Skin dry with obstructed perspiration*.—*Sensation of burning, or burning and lancinating itching* in the skin.—**Itching, burning, yellow or red spots on the body*, sometimes with running after being scratched.—Miliary nettle-rash.—Gnawing vesicles.—Chilblains of a reddish blue.—

*Warts.—Tetters.—Bleeding of the ulcers, especially at night.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep by day and early in the evening.*—Half-sleep at night—*Difficulty of falling asleep.*—*During sleep jerkings, tears, talking, and starts with fright.*—**Agitated sleep, with frequent, anxious, and frightful dreams.*—Dreams of robbers, death, danger, serpents, sickness, spectres, devils, &c.—Attacks of anguish at night, *gastric sufferings*, pains in the stomach and precordial region, colic, flatulency, diarrhœa, frequent erections and pollutions, *asthmatic sufferings*, night-mare and cramps in the calves of the legs.

FEVER.—*Fever in the evening*, with thirst, often accompanied by tooth-ache.—Shivering immediately after the pains.—*Frequent shuddering by day.*—Heat in the morning in bed, with pains in the loins and chest.—*Want of perspiration and inability to perspire*, or else strong disposition to perspire during intellectual labour, or during a walk.—*Nocturnal sweats.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sadness with tears.—Anxious apprehension and inquietude, especially about one's health, with fear of not being cured.—Irresolution, timidity, and timorous character.—Fear in the evening in bed.—Peevish humour, discontent and impatience.—Changeable humour, at one time mildness and tranquility, at another passion and rage.—**Disposition to be frightened.*—**Irascible and passionate humour.*—**Loss of memory.*—Misapplying words and syllables.—Sudden loss of consciousness.

HEAD.—**Perplexity and dulness in the head.*—*Vertigo*, in the morning, evening, and after a meal, as well as on turning the head or the body hastily.—*Vertigo with tottering.*—*Vertigo, which seems to proceed from the stomach.*—**Head-ache from the motion of a carriage*, when sneezing, coughing, or in the morning.—*One-sided head-ache*, with nausea and vomiting, so as to become insupportable, aggravated by the slightest movement.—Violent head-ache across the eyes.—**Pressive head-ache* in the occiput, especially during a walk, with irritability, or else in the forehead with photophobia.—Tearing and drawing pains in the head.—*Lancinating head-ache*, chiefly in the temples.—**Congestion of the head*, with beating and buzzing.—Trembling in the head, and sensation as if it contained something moveable.—The head-aches are mitigated by pressing the forehead.—Sensation, as if from a blow in the head, which causes one to incline to one side, with dizziness.—**Great tendency to take cold in the head.*—

Painful and purulent tumours in the hairy scalp.—°Scabby eruption on the hairy scalp.—*Falling off and *dryness of the hair*.—°Perspiration on the forehead in the morning.—Large, yellowish and furfuraceous spots on the forehead.

EYES.—Pressive and tearing pain in the eyes.—Biting and smarting sensation of burning and *shootings in the eyes*.—Redness and inflammation of the eyes, with pain when reading by candle-light.—*Swelling of the eyes* and of the eye-lids, with difficulty in opening them.—Excoriation and suppuration in the corners of the eyes.—**Agglutination of the eye-lids, especially in the morning*.—Lachrymation.—Eyes dull and downcast.—Propensity to stare.—**Spots dancing before the sight*, when reading, or looking into the open air.—Colours of the rainbow, spots, and sparks before the sight.—Vivid and painful brightness, before the eyes, when they are closed, extending deeply into the brain, in the evening after lying down.—Photophobia.—**Dazzling of the eyes by the light*.

EARS.—**Shootings in the ears*, sometimes from within outwards.—Inflammatory swelling of the ears, with discharge of pus or of liquid cerumen.—Ulcer in the ears.—Excoriation and suppuration behind the ears.—**Inflammation and swelling of the parotides*.—Excessive acuteness of hearing, in the evening, after lying down.—*Weak and confused hearing*.—Singing, tingling, and buzzing in the ears.

NOSE.—Swelling of the nose, with redness and burning heat.—Nose red and covered with pimples.—*Ulceration of the interior of the nose*.—Epistaxis in the morning.—*Dull smell*.—Coryza and *stoppage of the nose*, sometimes with secretion of yellowish green mucus and constant want of air.—Flowing coryza, with secretion of sanguineous mucus.—Secretion of purulent mucus from the nose.—Dryness of the nose.

FACE.—**Yellow, -or pale and sickly colour of the face*, with sunken eyes which are surrounded by a livid circle.—Great redness of the face, alternating with paleness.—**Drawing pain in the face*.—Tearing in the bones of the face.—*Flushes of the face*.—**Bloatedness of the face*.—Eruption of pimples on the face, with swelling and redness of the cheeks.—Swelling between the eyebrows.—Pimples on the eyebrows.—°Warts on the face.—Ephelides.—Lips thick and ulcerated.—Lips cracked and exfoliating.—Cramp-like sensation in the lips.—Cramps in the jaw.—Swelling of the lower jaw and sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia, only when eating*, or in the morn-

ing on waking, or else excited by cold things (water) in the mouth.—*Odontalgia*, with soreness of the bones of the face, and drawing, jerking, or tearing pains, especially in the evening in bed.—*Lancinating pains in the teeth, -with swelling of the cheek.—Crawling, piercing, pricking and gnawing in the teeth.—Inflammatory swelling and ulceration of the gums.

MOUTH.—Fetid exhalation from the mouth.—Sensation of dryness in the mouth, with copious accumulation of saliva.—Excoriation and blisters in the interior of the mouth and on the tongue.—Swelling of the tongue.

THROAT.—*Sore throat with lancinating pain* on swallowing.—Deglutition impeded by inertia of the muscles of the gullet.—*Copious accumulation of mucus on the palate and in the throat.—*Hawking up of mucus.

APPETITE.—*Bitter or acid taste.—*Unpleasant taste in the mouth, as from derangement of the stomach.—Putrid, sweetish taste, or as if there were blood in the mouth.—Bulimy.—*Great desire for sugar -or acids.—Disgust for brown bread, which lies heavy on the stomach.—Milk does not agree.—After a meal, desire to sleep, paleness of the face, shivering, *head-ache*, ill humour, *nausea*, sour eructations and pyrosis, colic, *inflation of the abdomen* and flatulency.—After taking hot food (pastry or soup), pinchings and uneasiness in the abdomen.

STOMACH.—Frequent eructations.—*Sour eructations* and regurgitation.—Pyrosis.—*Nausea* to such a degree as to cause loss of consciousness, sometimes during a meal.—*Anxious nausea, with desire to vomit, -especially after a meal, or after mental emotion.—Inclination to vomit in the evening.—Vomiting of food and acid matter, with prostration of strength, as if one were going to fall down in a faint.—Nocturnal vomiting of food.—*Fulness in the stomach, especially after a meal.—Pressure in the epigastrium.—Tension above the stomach.—Contractive cramps in the stomach, renewed by all kinds of food and drink, or else at night with vomiting.—*Pinching, -searching and shooting in the stomach.—*Lancinations in the epigastrium and hypochondria*, which obstruct respiration.—Pulsations in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain in the liver when stooping, as if it were galled.—Burning pain, pressure and shootings in the liver.—Pressure and shootings in the region of the loins.—Pains in the abdomen with frequent eructations.—*Pressure in the abdomen, especially when stooping.—Great inflation of the abdomen, especially after a meal.—Inqui-

etude and **heaviness in the abdomen*.—Contractive and spasmodic abdominal spasms.—*Colic, resembling labour pains, sometimes with pains in the loins.—shootings in the whole abdomen.*—“Inertia and **coldness in the abdomen.*—“*Dropsical swelling of the abdomen.*—Drawing and shooting in the groins.—“Abundant production and **incarceration of flatulency.*—“*Obstructed or *immoderate emission of flatus, sometimes preceded by pressive pain in the rectum.*

FÆCES.—**Constipation, sometimes every second day.—Obstruction of the abdomen and difficult evacuation of fæces of too large a size.—Inactivity of the rectum.—Useless desire to evacuate and insufficient evacuation.—Diarrhæa, mostly in the evening and at night, with griping and great physical debility.—Discharge of mucus or of blood during the evacuation.—Discharge of teniæ and lumbrici.—Anxiety before the evacuation.—*Itching in the anus.—Tearing, shooting, cutting and burning pains in the anus and rectum, especially after evacuation.—*Hæmorrhoidal tumours, painful, bleeding, and with shooting pain.—Excoriation and pustulous eruption around the anus.*

URINE.—**Frequent desire to make water, and scanty emission of fiery urine.—*Frequent emission of urine, day and night.—Cutting pains in the vesica from right to left.—Burning sensation in the urethra, especially when making water.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—Tension, tearing and pulling in the glans and penis.—Itching and pain, as from a bruise in the scrotum.—**Hot swelling of the testes and of the spermatic chord.—*Excessive increase or absence of sexual desire.—*Repugnance to coition.—Want of erections, or too frequent and painful erections.—Absence of pollutions, or immoderate pollutions.—*After coition and pollutions, weakness of the body, but especially of the eyes.*

CATAMENIA.—Repugnance to coition in women.—During coition, pinching and pain, excoriation in the vagina.—*Constant sensation of bearing down.—Burning pain and shootings in the vulva.—Erosion, *itching and gnawing in the genital parts and interior of the parts.—*Catamenia premature or too weak.—*Suppression of catamenia.—Hæmorrhage of pregnant women.—*Corrosive menstrual flux.—*During the catamenia, itching eruption and excoriation between the thighs.—Gastric symptoms, and agitated and anxious sleep during the catamenia.—*Leucorrhæa, sometimes with violent pains in the loins and pains like those of labour.—Yellowish leucorrhæa, with itching and sensation of burning in the vulva.*

LARYNX.—**Hoarseness and roughness in the throat*, with violent sneezing.—Aphonia.—Easy choking.—Sensation, as if there were a plug in the larynx.—Cough from moving the arm, when playing the violin.—*Cough excited by a tickling*.—*Dry cough, especially at night*, and in the evening; with expectoration in the morning.—Cramp-like cough, with inclination to vomit and vomiting, especially in the morning.—Shootings in the throat or the chest while coughing.—Cough with difficult expectoration.—**Purulent expectoration with the cough*.—Hooping-cough.

CHEST.—**Difficult respiration*.—Shortness of breath in the morning.—**Respiration impeded* when walking quickly, or *in the morning*.—°*Spasmodic asthma*.—Anxious oppression of the chest.—Obstructed respiration at night.—°*Wheezing in the chest*.—*Oppression of the chest, as if from hydrothorax*.—Pain in the chest when speaking.—**Cramp in the chest*, °sometimes when coughing.—Sensation in the chest, as if the heart were contracted.—Pressure, burning pain and *shootings in the chest*, sometimes when breathing.—Cutting pains in the chest.—Palpitation of the heart, sometimes with anguish, especially in the morning on waking, with ebullition of blood.

TRUNK.—**Pains in the loins*, °also after a fall.—Pain, as from a bruise in the back during repose.—**Drawing pains in the back*, which often proceed from the loins.—**Stiffness between the shoulder-blades*.—**Stiffness of the nape of the neck*—°*Weakness of the muscles of the neck*.—*Goitre*.—*Hard swelling of the axillary glands and of those of the neck*.—Sweat under the arm-pits.

ARMS.—Swelling of the shoulder, with pain.—Pressure on the shoulder.—Tension, tearing, pulling in the muscles and joints of the shoulders, arms, hands and fingers.—Cold stiffness and **numbness in the arms*, -especially in the cold, or after violent exercise.—**Powerlessness of the arms* -and the hands, °especially in the morning in bed.—Frequent jerkings in the arms.—**Stiffness in the joint of the elbow*.—°*Paralytic pain in the wrist*.—Shootings in the wrist and fingers during movement.—**Trembling of the hands when writing*.—Coldness of the hands.—Skin of the hands rough and cracked.—Torpor and numbness in the extremities of the fingers.—Burning pain in the extremities of the fingers.—Gnawing vesicles on the fingers.—Jerking of the fingers when sewing.

LEGS.—**Acute pullings*, especially at night, in the joints and bones of the hips, legs, feet and toes.—*Pressive pullings and tearings in the legs and feet*.—Uneasiness in

the legs in the evening.—Torpor and numbness of the legs.—°Crawling shuddering on the tibia.—°Swelling of the legs and *feet.—*Stiffness of the foot joint.—Shootings in the joints of the foot.—*Cold feet, even at night in bed.—Numbness of the feet after a meal.—*Fetid perspiration from the feet.—Burning pain and *shootings in the ball of the great toe.—*Corns on the feet, painful when touched.

99.—KALI CHLORICUM.

KAL-CH.—Chloride of potash.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect* : several weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Bell. ? puls. ?

COMPARE WITH: Amm. arn. bell. cal. cocc. kal. natr-m. nitr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—Scorbutic affections; Obstruction in the abdominal viscera and hæmorrhoidal sufferings?; *Prosapalgia*; Melancholy?; Asthmatic sufferings?; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pulling and tearing pains in the extremities.—Frequent jerkings in the body, and especially in the head.—Great weakness and lassitude.—Itching over the whole body, especially in the evening in bed.—Miliary eruptions.—Itching pimples.—*Exceedingly chilly disposition, constant shivering* and shuddering, sometimes with stiffness of the hand.—Constant coldness of the feet.—*Pulse frequent* and accelerated.—*Agitated sleep*, sometimes with loud snoring, great difficulty of respiration, and lying on the back.—*Dreams, heavy, anxious*, or troublesome.—Dreams with a prediction of death, or of death from typhus fever.—Lascivious dreams with pollutions.—Ill humour and anxiety with tension in the precordial region, mitigated by bleeding at the nose.—Sad, apathetic humour, with disgust of life and shivering, especially in the evening.

HEAD—NOSE.—*Head bewildered and confused*.—Vertigo, with congestion of blood to the head after violent exercise.—Beer and wine easily intoxicate, a single glass is sufficient to deprive one of reason.—Continuous head-ache, especially in the evening.—Head-ache with vertigo.—Pains in the temples or occiput, extending sometimes even to the jaws.—*Tension in the forehead*, followed sometimes by coryza and sneezing.—*Congestion of blood to the eyes*.—Pressure, shootings and cramps in the eyes.—Flames and sparks before the eyes when coughing and sneezing.—

Violent coryza, with *frequent sneezing* and copious secretion of mucus.—Bleeding from the nose, even at night.

FACE—TEETH.—**Drawing, cramp-like, tensive, pressive, and pulling pains in the muscles and bones of the face.*—Shootings in the face.—Transient heat in the face.—Eruption of pimples on the face, forehead and between the lip and the chin.—*Swelling of the lips.*—The teeth set on edge.—Pain in the teeth of the lower jaw.—Bleeding of the gums.—Gums of a pale-red colour.

MOUTH—STOMACH.—Sensation of coldness in the tongue and throat.—*Coated tongue.*—Copious secretion of saliva and mucus in the mouth.—Sourish saliva.—Dryness, scraping and roughness in the throat.—Difficult deglutition.—Acid, bitter, salt, or empyreumatic taste in the mouth.—Attack of bulimy, sometimes mitigated by drinking cold water.—Frequent eructations of flatus.—Sour eructations.—*Pressure in the stomach and precordial region*, sometimes with desire to eructate, or with apathetic humour and shiverings.—Sensation of heat or coldness in the stomach.—Cutting pains in the region of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION—GENITAL PARTS.—Frequent movements in the abdomen, with tendency to diarrhœa.—Much flatulency.—*Slow, hard and dry evacuations.*—*Liquid, loose and sometimes mucus evacuations.*—Painful diarrhœa.—Frequent desire to make water.—*Turbid urine.*—Frequent and violent erections.—Frequent pollutions, with lascivious dreams.—Itching in the scrotum and urethra.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES.—Hoarseness.—Violent cough, sometimes with coryza.—Cough, like that excited by the vapour of sulphur, with dryness in the throat and chest.—*Oppression on the chest*, with sensation of constriction.—Congestion of blood to the chest.—*Violent palpitation of the heart*, sometimes with oppression on the chest and coldness of the feet, or with sensation of coldness in the region of the heart.—Drawing pains and tearings in the fore-arms and wrists.—Extraordinary coldness of the arms.—Inflamed cracks in the nails.—Phlyctænæ and itching pimples on the back of the hands.—Violent shooting pains in the knee.

100.—KALI HYDRIODICUM.

KAL-H.—Hydriodate of potash.—HARTLAUE AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing pains in the limbs.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves during repose, and are dissipated by movement.—Very fre-

quent yawnings.—*Sleeplessness*.—Disturbed nights, with waking with a start and fright.—Prevalence of *cold or shiverings*, with thirst.—Inquietude in the evening, with inclination to weep, as if some misfortune were anticipated.—Tendency to be frightened.—Irrascibility, passion, and quarrelsome humour.

HEAD—NOSE.—Heaviness in the head, with sorrowful disposition ; not knowing where to rest the head.—Violent, compressive or expansive head-aches, with sensation of coldness in the part affected, which is hot notwithstanding.—Digging or throbbing on one side of the forehead only.—Pain as from ulceration in the hairy scalp when scratching it.—Burning pains in the eyes, with photophobia.—Indistinct sight.—Otalgia, with shooting pains, tearing and great sensibility in the ear.—Tearing pains in the face, with swelling of the cheeks.—Paleness of the face.—Dry, itching tetters on the cheek.—Great sensibility of the nostrils.—Tearing and burning pain in the nostrils.—*Epistaxis*.—Stoppage of the nose, with discharge of corrosive and burning serum.

FACE—APPETITE.—Lips dry, cracked and coated, in the morning, with clammy mucus.—Pain as from ulceration in the teeth at night.—Odontalgia, aggravated by contact with any thing cold, mitigated by hot things.—Gums swollen with lancinating pain, as from ulceration.—Burning and painful vesicles on the tongue.—Sanguineous saliva with sore mouth.—Exhalation of a fetid smell from the mouth, like that of an onion.—Lancinating sore throat during deglutition, sometimes with pressure, sometimes with pain as from ulceration.—Bitterness or sweetish bitterness in the mouth.—Rancid taste, after all kinds of food or drink.—Insipidity of food.—Constant tendency to discharge water, like phlegm from the mouth, with repugnance to all food.

STOMACH AND ABDOMINAL REGION.—Sensation of emptiness and insipidity in the stomach, which is not removed by food.—Clucking, a kind of cries and borborygmus in the stomach.—Burning pressure in the stomach, which is not mitigated by eructating.—Burning and cutting abdominal pains, in the umbilical region, with sensation of insipidity in the stomach and eructation, after returning from a walk.—Painful distension of the abdomen.—Borborygmus in the abdomen, as if caused by something alive.—Pressure and sensation as if every thing were being forced towards the groins, or squeezing, as if from a claw, in these parts, as if something were going to issue from the

vagina.—Drawing in the lumbar region, as if there were something alive inside.

FÆCES—CATAMENIA.—Fæces hard, tenacious, difficult to evacuate.—Diarrhœa, with pain in the small of the back, as if it was broken, or as if the catamenia were on the point of appearing.—Urgent desire to make water, with copious emission day and night.—Catamenia more copious.—Acrid leucorrhœa, which excoriates the skin.

LARYNX—EXTREMITIES.—Dry cough, excited by constant irritation in the trachea, with hoarseness.—Tension and sensation of swelling in the shoulders, during movement and while resting.—Contraction of the fingers.—Pain in the hips, which produces lameness, with shootings at every step.

101.—KREOSOTUM.

KRE.—Kreosote.—WAHLE.—*Duration of effect*: from 4 to 5 days.

ANTIDOTES: n-vom. iod. ? cham. ?

COMPARE WITH: Ars. cham. chin. hep. iod. merc. mur-ac. nitr-ac. n-vom. petr. phos-ac. puls. sil. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *ensemble of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—Rheumatic and arthritic affections, even with swelling?; *Scrofulous affections*; Hæmorrhagia; Psoric eruptions; Suppurations?; Gangrenous, cancerous, putrid ulcers, &c.?; Wounds?; Excoriations?; Excoriation of bed-ridden patients?; *White and pustular tetters*; Scald-head?; Plica polonica??; Blepharophthalmia; Ophthalmia; Red pimples; Tetters on the face; *Odontalgia*; Scorbutic affection of the gums?; Nasal and buccal hæmorrhagia?; Angina, with ulceration??; Syphilitic angina??; Dyspepsia?; Gastralgia?; Dysentery?; Nausea of pregnant women; Sufferings in consequence of cancer in the uterus; Metrorrhagia; Dysmenorrhœa; *Leucorrhœa*; Disposition to abortion; Chronic catarrh, principally in aged persons; Grippe; Phthisical sufferings?; Hæmoptysis?; Phthisis in the larynx? Diseases of the heart?; Pains in the loins; Coxalgia, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Pain as from excoriation and ulceration*; painful paralytic sensation; pulling and shooting pains.—Pinching pains, and *shootings, especially in the joints.—Lassitude, heaviness, and **pain as from fatigue in all the limbs*, especially in the legs.—Shocks in the limbs, especially when asleep at night.—*Nocturnal

pains.—Fainting-fits on waking in the morning.—Inclination to faint in a warm room, with hot face and shortness of breath.—Attacks of stupor, with paleness and coldness in several parts, which seem then as if they were dead.—*Pains as from a bruise or a contusion.*—Excessive excitement of the whole body.—Restlessness in the whole body, especially during repose.—The pains appear most violent during repose.

SKIN.—Violent itching all over the body, especially toward the evening, and with burning sensation in the arms and legs, after scratching.—Burning itching by night and heat over the whole body.—Nettle-rash.—Eruption of tuberosities, like bug-bites, with violent itching, especially in the evening.—*White and pustular, dry or humid tetters, with violent itching in almost every part of the body.*

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep, with frequent yawnings, -sometimes with putrid taste in the mouth and want of appetite.*—Fits of yawning, with shivering, weeping, pressive pains in the forehead, or lassitude.—**Constant inclination to sleep.*—*Difficulty in going to sleep, caused by restlessness of the whole body, or a sensation of fatigue, with pains in all the limbs.*—**Disturbed sleep, -with tossing.*—Frequent waking during the night.—Unrefreshing sleep, with paralytic sensation in all the limbs on waking.—At night, pains in the loins, internal shiverings, pulsation in the head, restlessness of the whole body, pressive and burning pains in the eyes, agglutination of the eye-lids, &c.—Starting from sleep in a fright.—**Frequent -anxious dreams; dreams of snow-falls, pursuits, poisoning, emaciation, fire, of erections, and desire to make water, of foul and disgusting linen, &c.*

FEVER.—Feverish sensation over the whole body, with good appetite.—**Predominance of coldness, -tendency to shiver, and frequent shiverings, sometimes with heat in the face, redness in the cheeks, coldness in the feet, sensation of heaviness in the arms, and excessive ill-humour; or with epistaxis, or pain in the small of the back, pain in the head and eyes, distressing cough, &c.*—Thirst after the shiverings.—*Feverish heat, with red cheeks; then sweat, followed by pain in the small of the back.*—Throbbings all over the body, especially when in a state of repose.—Pulse small and suppressed.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Restlessness when seated, with shivering and frequent desire to draw a long breath, but which is impossible.—*Great tendency to shed tears, some-*

times with moroseness or melancholy humour.—Continual excitement, with obstinacy and disposition to be angry.—Ill-humour.—Mental dejection and despair of being cured, towards the evening.—Mild melancholy, with desire for death.—Easy loss of ideas.—**Weakness of memory*.—Frequent absence of mind and a sort of stupidity.

HEAD.—Vertigo which causes falling, sometimes in the morning in the open air.—Head-ache like that which results from intoxication.—Head-ache caused by mental emotions.—Head-ache with desire to sleep, and drawing in the eye-lids, or *redness of the face*, lassitude, especially in the legs, bitter taste, ill-humour and tendency to tears.—Sensation of tension, heaviness and fulness in the head, sometimes *as if every thing were going to protrude through the forehead, especially when stooping*.—Sensation of a weight in the occiput, as if the head were going to fall backwards.—Painful pressure and compression, especially in the top of the head, in the temples and the forehead.—**Throbbing pains in the head, and especially in the forehead*.—Drawing pains, acute pullings and shootings in the head, sometimes extending to the jaws and teeth.—The head-aches sometimes commence on waking in the morning.—Shootings in the side of the head, with loss of ideas.—"Buzzing in the head.—Soreness of the hairy scalp when touched.—**Falling off of the hair*.—Miliary pimples on the forehead.—°Pimples on the forehead like those seen in drunkards.

EYES.—Eyes red and moist as after weeping.—Eyes dull and sunken.—**Itching in the eyes with soreness after scratching them, with inflammatory redness of the sclerotic, and pressure as if from sand*.—**Continual heat and burning sensation in the eyes, and frequent lachrymation, even on waking in the morning, and especially on beholding the light of day*.—*The eyes are constantly drowned, as it were, in tears*.—*Burning and corrosive tears*.—**Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids*.—Redness and **swelling of the eye-lids* and their margins.—**Furfuraceous tetter on the eye-lids*.—Quivering of the eye-lids.—**Sight confused as when looking through a veil, or as if there were down before the eyes*.

EARS.—Heat and burning in the ears.—*Inflammatory swelling of the ear*, with tensive, burning pains, or also with painful stiffness of the neck, in the part affected; the pains extending to shoulders and the arms, with heat in the forehead and pressure above the eyes.—Pullings and shootings in the ears, or cramp-like, pressive, and expansive

pains.—Buzzing in the ears, with hardness of hearing, alternating with tingling and whistling in the head.—^oHumid tetter on the ears.

Nose.—Offensive and fetid smell before the nose, sometimes with want of appetite.—The nose is constantly moist.—Bleeding of the nose, even in the morning; the blood is bright red or serous, or thick and black.—**Frequent sneezing, -especially in the morning.*—Fluent coryza, with painful sensibility of the nasal cavities to the air.—Coryza with sensation of erosion under the sternum.—**Dry coryza, with frequent sneezing.*

FACE.—*Frequent and continued heat in the face,* sometimes with throbbing in the cheeks and forehead, dark redness of the whole face, and frequent desire to make water.—^oEruption of red pimples.—Grayish, earthy colour of the face.—Furfuraceous tetter on the cheeks, eye-lids, and round the mouth.—Acute drawing pain in the right side of the face, from the jaw to the temple.—Dryness of the lips, as if caused by internal heat.—Pustulous pimples on the chin and cheek, which are covered with yellowish scabs.

TEETH.—**Drawing pains and successive pullings in the teeth,* even on waking in the morning, and sometimes with pains in the diseased side of the face, extending to the temple.—Elongation of the teeth.—Inflammatory redness of the gums.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Tongue pale and powerless, with an accumulation of serous saliva in the mouth.—Continual dryness in the throat, with burning and frequent thirst.—Scraping and roughness in the throat.—Pain, as from excoriation or pressure in the throat when swallowing.—Painful sensation of choking at the bottom of the gullet, extending to the chest and back.

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—*Bitter taste, especially in the throat,* and when swallowing food.—Insipid taste in the mouth.—Entire loss of appetite, sometimes with pale and flaccid tongue, accumulation of saliva in the mouth and burning thirst.—Risings of flatus and sour regurgitations.—Nausea, with inclination to vomit, salivation and shivering over the whole body, or with a burning sensation in the mouth.—**Inclination to vomit, especially when fasting in the morning, similar to what occurs during pregnancy,* -and sometimes with vomiting of water and mucus, with dryness of the nose, heat and pressive pain in the forehead, thirst and coldness in the hands and feet.—Vomiting of sweetish water, when fasting in the morning.—Oppression in the

stomach and epigastrium, which renders the pressure of clothing insupportable.—**Hardness in the region of the cordia, with painful sensibility to the touch.*—Pulsation in the region of the stomach, extending to all the upper part of the body, especially when in motion.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Shooting and pressive pains in the hepatic region.—Sensation of fulness and pain, as from contusion in the liver.—*Pain, as from ulceration in the abdomen*, when breathing and moving; the pains sometimes hinder sleep during the night.—Painful sensation of coldness in the abdomen, with too scanty emission of urine.—*Distension and tension of the abdomen*, sometimes with shortness of breath.—Contractive pain in the abdomen, even at night and towards the morning, with a sensation as if there were a hard contracted mass in the umbilical region.—Shootings in the abdomen, sometimes spreading to the sexual organs.—*Colic, resembling the pains of labour*, sometimes with frequent desire to make water, ill-humour and irascibility, shiverings after the attack, and sometimes also a milky discharge from the vagina.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Evacuations hard, dry, difficult, and only every third or fourth day.—*Several evacuations during the day.*—Pulling, acute drawing pains, and cramp-like pains in the rectum.—*Diminished or *excessively increased secretion of urine.*—**Frequent and urgent desire to make water, even at night.*—Urine of a chesnut colour, or turbid.—Urine fetid and colourless.—*Reddish*, or whitish sediment in the urine.—Burning corrosive urine.

GENITAL PARTS.—**Premature catamenia*, continuing too long and too copious, with a discharge of black blood.—Before the catamenia, abdominal spasms, leucorrhœa, irritation and inquietude, vomiting of mucus or frothy risings, and inflation of the abdomen.—**During the catamenia, hardness of hearing*, -discharge of fetid wind, constipation and incarceration of flatulency, **buzzing and roaring* in the head, -with pressive pains, colic, cuttings, pain in the small of the back, constant shivering, or sweat on the back and chest.—After the catamenia, abdominal spasms, pressure in the genital parts, leucorrhœa and many other sufferings.—*Metrorrhagia.*—**Leucorrhœa*, corrosive or bland, and sometimes followed by exhaustion and fatigue, -especially in the legs.—Cramp-like pains in the external genital parts.—Excoriation with smarting pains between the parts and thighs.—Shootings in the vagina, as if produced by electricity.—Voluptuous itching in the vagina.—Desire for coition, in females, especially in the

morning.—Pain, as from excoriation and hard knottiness in the neck of the uterus, or swelling of the genital parts (both male and female) with burning pains after coition.—Prolapsus vaginæ.—Pulling and *shootings in the mammary glands.

LARYNX.—*Scraping and roughness in the throat, with rough and hoarse voice.—*Dry cough*, excited by a scraping in the throat, or by a tickling in the bronchia.—*Dry, wheezing cough.—*Cough, with shortness of breath.—*Cough, in the evening, in bed.—Continual cough, with sleep and shiverings, followed by dry heat.—**Convulsive cough with inclination to vomit*, -especially in the morning.—Continual hoarse and hollow cough, excited by an accumulation of mucus in the throat, and with easy expectoration of whitish mucus, or of yellowish and thick mucus.—The mucus, which is expectorated, sometimes has a sweetish taste.—*Involuntary emission of urine and concussion in the abdomen when coughing.

CHEST.—*Shortness of breath, sometimes with a sensation of heaviness in the chest, and desire to make a deep inspiration, or with pain as from a bruise in the chest, when breathing.*—*Difficult and anxious respiration.—**Violent shootings in the chest, region of the heart, ribs and intercostal muscles, sometimes when breathing, or with suspended respiration; these shootings manifest themselves also at night.*—Burning pain in the chest, as if after drinking brandy; the pain extends from the centre of the chest to the throat and the tongue, and is accompanied by heat, redness and tension in the face.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—*Pains in the small of the back, like spasmodic labour pains, with urgent desire to make water and to evacuate, -or with leucorrhœa.*—Pains, as from ulceration in the lumbar vertebræ.—*Nocturnal pains in the back, more violent during repose.—Shootings in the muscles and joints of the shoulders.—Pain, as from contusion in the arms.—Painful paralytic sensation in the fore-arms and fingers.—Cramp-like pains in the elbows and fore-arms.—Stiffness of the hands with cracked skin.—Pimples on the hand, with violent itching especially when in bed, in the evening.—°Tetters on the elbows, hands and fingers.—Pain, as from dislocation in the thumbs.—Fingers dead.—Numbness of the fingers.—Pain, as from fatigue in the hips and legs.—Drawing and shooting pains in the thighs, aggravated by movement.—Pains, as from contusion and bluish spots on the thighs.—Pains in the hams as if from contraction of the tendons.—Heaviness

in the legs.—Drawing and shooting pains in the limbs, alternating with sufferings in the eyes.—Pain, as from dislocation, in the joints of the knees and feet.—The skin in the ham is red and rough, like herpes.—Tension and cramps in the calves of the legs.—*Pain as from ulceration and burning sensation in the soles of the feet.—*Œdematous swelling of the feet, from the toes to the calves of the legs.—Coldness of the feet.—Sweat on the feet.—°Tetters on the ankles.

102.—LACHESIS.

LACH — *Trigonocephalus Lachesis*.—HERING.—*Duration of effect*: several weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES: Alum. ars. bell. caps. cham. chin. cocc. hep. merc. natr-m. nitr. n-mos. n-vom. phos-ac. rhus. samb. verat.—To counteract the consequences of its bite, the following medicines may be used: Ars. bell. caps. natr-m. samb.

COMPARE WITH: Alum. ars. bell. bry. caps. carb-v. caus. cham. chin. cocc. con. dulc. hep. hyos. lyc. merc. natr-m. nitr-ac. n-mos. n-vom. phos-ac. puls. rhus. samb. selen. sulph. verat.—Lachesis, when indicated is particularly beneficial after: Ars. con. hep. lyc. merc. nitr-ac. n-vom.—Alum. ars. bell. carb-v. caus. con. dulc. merc. n-vom. phos-ac. are sometimes suitable after lachesis.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Lachesis appears to be indicated in the following cases:—Affections of meagre, exhausted persons of a melancholic temperament, or choleric persons, with sickly complexion; Sufferings from warm and damp weather, as well as from a change of wind or weather; Bad consequences of sorrow, affliction (mortification) and of fright?; *Sufferings of drunkards*; *Sufferings from the abuse of mercury*; Acute and chronic rheumatism; Arthritic affections; Osteocopous pains; Paralysis; *Debility from loss of the fluids* (pollutions, hæmorrhage)?; *Fainting fits*; Syncope and asphyxia?; Atrophy; Aneurism; Convulsions and attacks of tetanus, principally in children and young people; Chronic epilepsy; Hæmorrhage; *Aneurism*; Psora; Leprosy; *Simple, phlegmonous, and vesicular erysipelas*; Malignant scarlatina?; *Panaris*?; Cancerous ulcers; Gangrene?; *Mercurial ulcers*; Fevers in children; *Quotidian and tertian fevers*; *Melancholy*?; Religious madness?; Mental alienation, brought on by excessive study; Imbecility?; *Hydrophobia*; Apoplexy; Cerebral congestion, with loss of consciousness; Cerebral affections of children; Encephalitis; Hydrocephalus?; Consequences of a sun-stroke?; Nervous fatigue from intellectual labour; Nervous congestion, hysterical cephalalgia; Acute and chronic ophthalmia; Obscuration and ulcers of the cornea; Amblyopia amaurotica?; Ozæna?; *Chronic coryza with stoppage*

of the nose; Coryza, suppressed by mental emotions?; *Erysipelas of the face*; Congestive and nervous prosopalgia and odontalgia (chiefly in young girls); *Acute anginæ* (principally in children); *Mercurial anginæ*, with ulceration; Bulimy; Dyspepsia, with vomiting of food; Gastric or bilious affections?; Hæmatemesis?; Vomiting of pregnant women and of drunkards?; Cholera?; Hepatic affections, also in drunkards; Hepatic abscess; Softening of the liver; *Icterus*; *Yellow fever*; Spasmodic colic; Colic of pregnant women?; Tympanitis?; *Chronic tendency to constipation*; Diarrhœa of several kinds; *Dysentery*?; Lienteria?; Vermiculous affections of children; *Hæmorrhoidal colic*; Hæmorrhoides fluentes, or those with a discharge of mucus; Induration of the abdomen, with purulent sanguineous evacuations; Intestinal hæmorrhage?; Impotence?; *Dysmenorrhœa and other sufferings at the critical age*; Hysterical sufferings?; Abortion?; Induration and ulceration of the ovaria; Catarrhal (and inflammatory) affections of the respiratory organs; Hooping-cough?; Croup?; *Dyspnœa*; *Asthmatic sufferings*; Asthma Millari; Thymic asthma of Kopp?; *Pleurisy*; Pneumonia?; Grippe? Phthisis; Hæmoptysis; Hydrothorax?; Paralytic orthopnœa; *Chronic palpitation of the heart*, chiefly in young girls; Aneurisms, polypi, inflammation and other diseases of the heart?; Cyanosis?; Coxalgia?; Ulcers on the legs; *Panaris, &c., &c.*

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Voluptuous, dreadful, or violent pressive pains in several parts of the body.—Sensation of dislocation and of paralysis in the joints.—*Stiffness and *tension in the muscles, as if they were too short*.—*Osteocopous pains.—**Sharp and drawing rheumatic pains in the limbs*, or gnawing pains with sensations as if bruised, when moving.—Nocturnal pains, which appear insupportable and which do not allow one to remain in bed.—The pains affect one side or other of the body alternately, or at one time the limbs, at another the body, and often manifest themselves transversely.—**Intermittent and periodical sufferings*; **sufferings, accompanied by danger of suffocation*; and sufferings with desire to lie down.—**Aggravation or renewal of the sufferings after sleep, or at night and principally before midnight, or some hours after a meal, or during damp and hot weather, as well as when there is a change of wind and weather*; many of the sufferings are mitigated in the open air.—Mental emotions, such as contradiction, fear, fright, &c., frequently renew all the suf-

ferings.—*Paralysis, with heaviness and stiffness of the limbs; paralysis of one half the body.—*Great weakness of body and mind; -exhaustion, like that caused by loss of blood; rapid failure of strength; exhaustion of muscular force.—*Fainting fits, cold sweat, -vertigo, pallid face, vomiting, dizziness, obscuration of the eyes, pains and prickings in the region of the heart, convulsions and epistaxis.—Attacks of asphyxia and of syncope, with loss of sense and motion, insensibility like death, compressing of the teeth, stiffness and swelling of the body, tremulous pulse, and without pulsation.—Trembling of the limbs, muscular twitchings and startings in several parts of the body.—*Attacks of convulsions and of epilepsy with cries, movements of the limbs, falling down without consciousness, eyes convulsed, foaming at the mouth, fists clenched; before the attack, cold feet, eructations, pale face, vertigo, head heavy and painful, palpitation of the heart, inflation of the abdomen; after the attack, sleep.—Attacks of tetanus, with distortion of the limbs.—*Hæmorrhage, and -extravasated blood in different organs.

SKIN.—Ecchymosis; wounds and ulcers bleed readily and copiously, masses of blood pass through the pores of the skin.—Varicose tumours.—Dropsical swelling of the whole body.—Hard and pale tumefaction.—*Skin yellow, -green, lead-coloured, or bluish or blackish, chiefly round the wounds and ulcers.—Yellow, red, copper-coloured spots.—Pale, livid spots, with fainting fits.—*Dry, miliary psora, with eruption of large vesicles, of a yellow or of a bluish-black colour, with swelling of the parts affected, and pains which drive one to despair.—Miliary eruption, which subsequently resembles nettle-rash, scarlatina, or morbilli.—Erysipelas and vesicular eruptions with a red crown.—Excoriated spots, with pain when they are touched.—Ulcers surrounded with pimples, vesicles and other small ulcers.—*Superficial ulcers, foul at the bottom, with a red crown.—Cancerous ulceration (of wounds), or putrefaction of the flesh, which becomes detached from the bones and falls off piece-meal.—The wounds become gangrenous, with inflammatory fever, weak, quick and intermittent pulse, fainting, nausea, spasmodic and bilious vomiting, convulsions and cold sweats.—Papulæ, warts, hard swellings.—Panaris.—Red and itching lumps and tuberosities.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep by day, and drowsiness, principally after a meal.—Sleeplessness, chiefly before midnight, with excessive nervous excitement.—Drowsiness and sleeplessness alternately, every two days.—*Light sleep,

*with frequent and easy waking, agitation and tossing, groans and sighs, -starts and fright.—*Connected and frequent dreams, -poetical and meditative, or voluptuous dreams, dreams of quarrels, of horrible things, of spectres and of death.—*Heat, agitation, burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, at night, -osteocopous or rheumatic pains, diarrhœa, emission of urine, mental excitement, and many other sufferings.—Sensation of stiffness and pain, as from fatigue in the limbs, erections with sexual desire after sleep, pains in the back and loins, congestion of blood, heaviness and pain in the head, pressure in the stomach, sore throat, nervous yawnings and aggravation of all the sufferings.*

*FEVER.—Icy coldness of the skin of the limbs, or only of the feet, with great desire to be near a fire, and sometimes with loss of sensation, clammy sweat, weakness and quickness of pulse.—Shiverings, sometimes only partial, often with pains in the limbs and small of the back, agitation and tossing, colic, trismus and convulsive movements of the limbs, pain in the chest, thirst, chattering of the teeth.—*Shuddering, while the heat continues, and principally on lifting up the clothes.—Shivering, chiefly after a meal, or in the afternoon.—*Dry heat, principally at night, or in the evening, and especially in the feet and hands, often accompanied by agitation and tossing, head-ache, delirium, insatiable thirst, eructations, bilious vomitings, cries, groans, -dryness of the mouth and throat, and frequent evacuations.—*Heat, alternating with cold, shivering or shuddering.—*Fever at night or in the evening, which is *quotidian, tertian, or quartan, and *often accompanied by head-ache, rapid prostration of strength, and debility which obliges one to lie down, -want of appetite, hiccough, vomiting, sensibility of the neck to the touch, palpitation of the heart, anguish, yellow urine, diarrhœa, pains in the limbs, back and loins, nervous and spasmodic yawnings, stretchings, swelling of the body, spots and ulcers.—*Chronic fevers, -slow fevers, typhoid fevers.—The fevers are renewed by acid food.—*Feverish sweat, principally after being hot, towards morning, copious sweat, sanguineous sweat.—*Pulse intermittent, or feeble and frequent, -or irregular, or scarcely perceptible, or tremulous.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Great anguish, insupportable anxiety and inquietude, which drives one into the open air.—Fear and presentiment of death.—.Mental dejection and melancholy, with apprehension, uneasiness about one's disease, too great readiness to give oneself up to sorrow, to view the*

dark side of every thing and to think oneself persecuted, hated and despised by one's acquaintances.—*One is sorrowful and disgusted with life.—Mistrust, suspicion, and a great tendency to take every thing amiss, to contradict and criticize.—*Frantic jealousy*.—Indolence, with **dislike and unfitness for any exertion whatever, either of mind or of body*.—Timidity of character, **with uncertainty and indecision*.—**Great apathy and extraordinary weakness of memory*, -every thing that has been heard is, as it were, effaced, even orthography is no longer remembered, and what was about to be said escapes the memory.—Mistakes are made in speaking and writing, as well as in the hours of the day and the days of the week.—*Imbecility and loss of every mental faculty.—*Over excitement and excessive nervous irritability*, with a tendency to be frightened.—*State of ecstasy and elevation, which proceeds even to tears*, desire to meditate and to compose intellectual works, °with a sort of pride.—**Frantic loquacity* with sublime language, select words, and *ideas which pass rapidly and continually from one subject to another*.—*Nocturnal delirium, with much talking, or with murmurs.—Madness and loss of consciousness.

HEAD.—°Head fatigued from intellectual labour.—**Vertigo, chiefly on waking in the morning, as well as after lying down in the evening, on going into the open air, or raising the arms, and often with fainting, paleness of the face, -nausea, vomitings, congestion to the head, bleeding from the nose and lassitude of the limbs*.—Intoxication, stupor and loss of consciousness.—*Apoplectic fits, -with blue face, convulsive movements of the limbs, and extravasation of blood in the brain*.—Softening of the brain and of its membranes.—Violent pain in the head, with yellow face and flushed cheeks.—**Head-ache, with congestion of blood, sparkling before the eyes, drowsiness, shiverings and desire to lie down, -or with nausea and vomiting*.—°*Cephalalgia from the heat of the sun*.—**Pains deep in the brain, -or in the sockets of the eyes, *or above the eyes, or in the occiput, with -stiffness in the nape of the neck*.—Pain, as from a bruise in the crown of the head, or **sensation of boring, with jerks and beatings when moving the head*.—**Heaviness and pressure in the head, as if it were going to burst, or tension, as if from threads drawn from the occiput towards the eyes, or shootings, as if from knives, in different parts of the head and as far as the eyes*.—Pains which spread from the interior of the head to the ears, nose and neck.—**Head-ache, every morning on waking, or after dinner, -or*

else from every change of weather.—Swelling of the head, muscular throbbings in the temples, tension in the occiput as far as the nape of the neck, painful sensibility of the hairy scalp, with troublesome itching, excessive desquamation and falling off of the hair.

EYES.—*Eyes yellow, or turbid, dull and dejected, or bright and convulsed, with fixed look.—Pupils greatly dilated.—Ecchymosis and hæmorrhage from the eyes.—Dryness of the eyes, as if they were full of dust; or lachrymation with tears which sometimes seem to be cold.—Photophobia.—Itching and shootings, as if from knives in the eyes, or violent pressure, as if the eye-balls were going to start from the socket, aggravated by moving the eyes.—Eyes red and inflamed, with redness of the conjunctiva and sclerotica, burning heat and lachrymation.—Sensation, as if the eyes were too large, or the sockets too small.—Swelling and inflammation of the eye-lids or of their edges.—Convulsions, heaviness and paralysis of the eye-lids.—Weak sight and presbyopia.—When reading, the letters are confused.—Confusion of sight as when looking through a veil.—Obscuration and loss of sight.—Flames and sparks, or a blue veil before the eyes, or blue circles round the candle.—Eyes small and void of expression.*

EARS.—Ears cold, sensitive to the wind.—Painful swelling of the interior of the ear.—*Dryness of the ears.—*Cerumen too scanty, too hard and too pale, -or like pap, *and white, with diminution of the power of hearing.—Very disagreeable bleating, °ringing, -roaring, tingling, cracking, buzzing and rolling, or a noise, as if a drum were beaten in in the ears.—Ears, as if stopped.—Excessive acuteness or hardness of hearing.—Hæmorrhage from the ears.—Swelling of the parotids.—Excoriation and scabs behind the ears.

NOSE.—Nocturnal pains on the back of the nose.—Stoppage of the nose, as if from an internal swelling, principally in the morning, or with coryza.—Swelling, *redness and excoriation of the edges of the nose, with scabs in the nostrils.—The nose bleeds when it is blown.—Copious bleeding from the nose of a bright-red, or thick and black blood.—Flow of pus from the nose.—*Dry chronic coryza, with stuffed nose, or fluent coryza, with abundant discharge of serous mucus, lachrymation, frequent sneezing and inflammation and corrosion of the nostrils.—°Imperfect coryza, with many sufferings of the head and mind, all of which disappear as soon as the catarrhal flux is established.—*Red chronic pimples on the nose.

FACE.—Face pale, wan, wasted and cadaverous; leaden

or earthy, discoloured, yellowish complexion.—*Red spots on the cheeks, while the face is yellow.—Blue circle round the eyes.—Small red veins on the cheeks.—Bloatedness, sometimes to a frightful extent, with tension and red swelling of the face.—Heat and redness of the face, during delirium.—*Erysipelas of the face, sometimes with itching, pimples or vesicles, cracks and corrosive running, burning pains and swelling.—Miliary eruption and pimples on the face.—°Tetter with thick scabs in the whiskers.—Tensive and crawling pains in the face, pains in the bones of the face, prosopalgia with vomiting of food.—Lips dry and swollen, pimples on the lips, trembling of the lips.—Weakness and paralysis of the lower jaw, with distortion of the features.—Trismus, with clenching and grinding of the teeth; chattering of the teeth.

TEETH.—Boring pains in the carious teeth, principally after dinner, and sometimes with swelling of the cheeks, and a sensation, as if the teeth were too long.—Tooth-ache every morning after waking, or after dinner every day, with tearing, drawing and shooting pains in the roots of the teeth (of the lower jaw).—*Tooth-ache, with pains in the head, shiverings, heat and heaviness of the legs.—The tooth-ache extends as far as the ears.—Brittleness and loosening of the teeth; the carious teeth become soft, and pieces of them are broken off.—Swelling and painful sensibility of the gums.—Hot and cold drinks renew the pains.

MOUTH.—Inflammatory swelling of the buccal cavity.—The mouth and palate are excoriated and very painful.—*Dryness of the mouth and tongue, or accumulation of water in the mouth, and *salivation.—Tongue shining, red and cracked; or inflamed, swollen, brownish or blackish.—Stiffness, immovableness and paralysis of the tongue.—Aphonia, or confused, indistinct speech, nasal voice, difficulty in pronouncing certain letters or particular words; the speech is louder and more precipitate than the speaker wishes.—Stammering.

THROAT.—*Constant tickling in the throat, as if a crumb of bread, or some similar substance were in it.—*Partial or general dryness of the throat, often extending to the ears, obstructed nose and chest.—Burning and pain, as from excoriation in the throat, principally on swallowing.—*Painful excoriation and inflammatory swelling of the throat, with redness of the parts affected, as if they were coloured with vermillion.—Swelling of the amygdalæ.—Large and *small tumours in the throat, which obstruct deglutition.—*Constant desire to swallow, and a sensation on swallowing,

as if there were a tumour, some foreign body, or a plug in the throat.—Sensation of contraction, strangulation and constriction in the throat.—The throat is, as it were, stiff and paralysed.—Convulsions and spasms in the throat.—**Obstructed deglutition, -with dread of drinks, which are often forced out through the nostrils.*—Hydrophobia.—**Aggravation of the pains in the throat from the slightest touch and by the least pressure on the neck, as well as after sleeping, and while swallowing the saliva; the pains are mitigated by eating.*—**Sore throat, which affects only a small part, or which, on the contrary, extends to the ears, larynx, tongue and gums, and frequently attended with dyspnœa and danger of suffocation, with salivation and hawking up of mucus.*—**Copious accumulation of tenacious mucus in the throat.*—°*Sore-throat, alternating with obstruction of the nose, or with sufferings, while speaking.*—°*Ulcers on the palate, back of the mouth and throat, with fetid odour, abundant suppuration and sharp pains on swallowing food.*

APPETITE.—Disagreeable, sweet, acid, rough, astringent or metallic taste.—**Deficiency of appetite and hunger; complete indifference to food and drink.*—*Repugnance to bread, which it is impossible to swallow.*—**Irregular appetite, at one time anorexia, at another bulimia.*—**Sickly hunger with nausea, convulsive yawnings and fainting fits, if food is not eaten instantly, or with gnawing pressure in the stomach, which is renewed shortly after eating.*—*Insatiable thirst.*—*Desire for wine or milk, both of which however disagree.*—**Pressure in the stomach, eructations, vertigo, flatulency, inclination to vomit or vomiting of food, weakness in the knees, indolence and heaviness of the body, fatigue of the mind, uneasiness, regurgitation, diarrhœa, difficult respiration, pain in the head and teeth, and aggravation of all the sufferings after eating.*

STOMACH.—Hiccough after drinking or after smoking tobacco.—Violent empty eructations, with danger of suffocation.—**Eructations which mitigate the sufferings.*—Acid eructations with the taste of the food.—Pyrosis from the throat, as if the whole of the œsophagus were filled with rancid substances.—*Nausea and a desire to vomit, principally in the morning, or after a meal, as well as in consequence of many other sufferings.*—*Violent and convulsive vomiting of every thing that is taken, or of a bilious, bitter and greenish matter.*—Vomiting of pure blood, or of sanguineous mucus.—Vomiting, with diarrhœa, obscuration of the sight, pains in the stomach and diuresis.—**Excessive sensibility of the precordial region to the slightest touch; tight*

garments are insupportable, and *the least pressure is very painful*.—*Great weakness of the stomach; it can bear neither food nor drink.—Sensation, as if something discommoded the cardia and obstructed deglutition.—*Pressure in the stomach*, extending as far as the chest, and a sensation as if a worm were moving about in it, and gnawing it.—(Every evening), *cramps and violent pains in the stomach*, with eructations, inclination to vomit, and vomiting of slimy matter.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Burning, drawing, or cutting *hepatic pains*.—Inflammation and softening of the liver.—Hepatic abscess.—*Pain and stitches in the region of the spleen*, sometimes when riding in a carriage or walking.—*Enlargement of the abdomen in young girls*.—*Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen*.—*Pains in the abdomen*, in consequence of a strain in the loins.—**Pains generally pressive in the umbilical region*, sometimes with difficult respiration, aggravated one hour after a meal, and mitigated after eructating.—*Cuttings*, so violent as to drive one distracted; *or *acute traction, with contraction of the abdomen*.—Burning in the abdomen, with pressure on the bladder.—Inflammation of the intestines.—Extravasated blood in the peritoneum.—**Abdomen hard and distended, with flatulent colic*, pain in the back, vomiting, diarrhœa and diuresis.—Frequent emission of flatulency; the wind sometimes penetrates into the inguinal ring.—Pain as if a hernia were going to protrude.

FÆCES.—Slow evacuation.—**Obstinate constipation with hard and difficult evacuation*.—Fæces small, insufficient and tenacious.—**Constipation alternating with diarrhœa*.—*Diarrhœa, with violent colic*, nausea, vomiting, anguish, pains in the rectum during the passage of the fæces, tenesmus and excoriation of the anus.—**Loose evacuations*, principally at night, or after a meal, °or in warm (and damp) weather, or from having taken fruits and acids.—Involuntary and unnoticed evacuations.—*Evacuation of fetid matter*, or of soft fæces, of the consistence of pap, or of liquid, slimy, pitch-like, °or sanguineous and purulent, or undigested substances, °or of pure blood, or sanguineous mucus.—During the evacuations, pain, tenesmus and burning in the anus; after the evacuation, congestion of blood to the head, vertigo, debility, pains and throbbings in the anus.—Painful constriction of the anus and of the rectum.—*Prolapsus recti during the evacuation*.—Discharge of mucus and of blood from the rectum, sometimes with violent colic.—**Hæmorrhoids with colic*, or with burning and cuttings in the

rectum, or with congestion of blood to the anus and diarrhœa.—**Bleeding hæmorrhoids.*

URINE.—**Pressure on the bladder, with urgency to urinate, -or with cuttings and burning in the abdomen.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with copious emission, -even in the night.—Violent pain, as if a ball were rolling about in the vesica, and thence into the urethra.—Violent tenesmus, with scanty micturition.—Paralysis of the bladder.—Continual cuttings in the urethra.—Small tumour in the urethra, with retention of urine.—Urine turbid and brown, or red, or deep yellow, and sometimes attended with frequent but scanty emission, or with brown and sandy, or red, or brick-coloured sediment.—Frothy urine.—Involuntary and unnoticed emission of urine.—Pains in the back and loins while desiring to urinate.—**Sensation of burning in the urethra on making water, and many other sufferings, -all of which are renewed by the motion of a carriage, and return after drinking wine.—Pain as from excoriation in the urethra and in the glans.—Continued flow of urine after evacuating and urinating.**

GENITAL ORGANS.—Pressure in the testes, as if a hernia were going to protrude, when making an effort to urinate.—Pimples on the hairy parts.—Great sexual desire without physical inclination, and with flaccidity of the penis.—Erections without venereal desire.—Pollutions night and day, sometimes with debility and sweat.—Flow of prostatic fluid when urinating, or after having urinated.—Semen of a pungent smell.—During coition, the emission is tardy in taking place, or does not occur at all.—Abundant secretion behind the glans.—Spots and red pimples on the glans and crown.—Attenuation of the scrotum and hardness of the testes.—Thickening of the prepuce.—Sensation in the abdomen, as if a ball were ascending from thence to the chest, as in hysteria.—*Pains from the ovarium to the uterus, with discharge of pus during the evacuations.—Swelling of the parts, with itching and venereal desires.—**Catamenia feeble, tardy and of too short duration, often accompanied by hæmorrhoidal and other sufferings.—*Abdominal spasms during the catamenia.—Before the catamenia, pains and beatings in the head, vertigo, epistaxis, pressure in the stomach, eructations, cuttings in the hypogastrium, flow of mucus from the urethra and cramps in the chest.—*Before and after catamenia, diarrhœa with violent colic.—*On the appearance of the catamenia, pains in the small of the back with a sensation as if broken in the hips and chest.—During the catamenia, pains in the small of*

the back, like labour pains, -beatings in the head and cuttings.—Miscarriage.—The milk of females bitten by this serpent becomes venomous and curdles.

LARYNX.—Catarrh, with cough, coryza, shooting pains in the head, stiffness of the nape of the neck and affections of the chest.—**Continual hoarseness, with a sensation as if there were something in the throat which impeded speech, and which could not be detached.*—Contraction and constriction of the larynx, with a sensation of swelling and tightness.—*Painful sensibility of the larynx and of the neck when touched, and to the slightest pressure, with danger of suffocation on feeling the gullet and on holding back the head.*—Sensation of pulsation and choking between the larynx and the chest.—Dryness, burning and pain, as from excoriation in the larynx.—Sensation as if there were a ball in the larynx.—*Weak, hollow and nasal voice.*—**Cough, often fatiguing, with inability to raise any thing, excited mostly by a tickling in the larynx, chest or pit of the stomach, or by pressure in the gullet, as well as by conversation, walking, and every thing which can increase the dryness of the throat.*—**Cough, always after sleeping, or at night when sleeping, or in the evening after lying down, as well as on rising from a recumbent posture.*—**Dry, short suffocating and croaking cough, sometimes with vomiting.*—Mucous, tenacious, acid, or sanguineous spittle, and of a disagreeable taste.—Hæmoptysis.—When coughing, accumulation of water in the mouth, sharp pains in the pit of the stomach, shocks in the head and tension of the eyes.

CHEST.—Short, frequent or convulsive, rattling, stertorous and croaking, or wheezing, moaning and deep respiration.—Frequent desire to draw a long breath.—*Dyspnœa*, -and oppression of the chest.—**Shortness of breath, principally after a meal, when walking, after exerting the arms, and sometimes with sadness, or asthmatic cough.*—**Attacks of asthma and difficulty of respiration, principally after eating, or in the evening on lying down, or at night, during sleep, and sometimes with anguish, thirst, nausea, vomiting, fainting and cold sweat.*—**Attacks of suffocation, especially on lying down in the evening, or in bed at night, and principally when any thing is placed before the nose or mouth.*—Paralytic orthopnœa.—Offensive breath.—*Pressure in the chest, as if from a weight, or as if it were filled with wind, and principally at night.*—Violent pains, with great anguish and constant movements in the chest.—Burning and pain as from excoriation in the chest, cutting to the quick, principally after a meal.—Stitches in

the side and chest, aggravated by breathing, and sometimes with cough and sanguineous expectoration.—Extravasation of blood in the lungs.—Gangrene of the lungs.—**Palpitation of the heart, with anxiety*, sometimes excited by cramp-like pains, with cough and fits of choking.—‘Spasms of the heart, (with aneurism of the right carotid,) and disagreeable pulsation in the ears.—Stitches in the region of the heart, with shortness of breath, fainting fits and cold sweat.

TRUNK.—Swelling and bloatedness of the integuments of the chest.—Itching, red places and miliary eruption on the chest.—*Nape of the neck, and neck, excessively sensitive to the least pressure*.—Rheumatic stiffness of the nape and neck.—Stitches in the back and between the shoulders.—Formation of a small tumour near the dorsal spine.—Burning in the back.—Spasms in the muscles of the back.—**Painful stiffness from the loins to the hip, as if the muscles were too short*.—Insupportable nocturnal pains in the back, loins, hip and knee.—‘Want of strength in the back and knees, which forces one to stoop when walking.—Pain, as from dislocation in the loins, as if after exertion.—Papulae, vesicles, tetters, pimples and scarlet spots on the back and shoulder-blades.

ARMS.—Rheumatic, arthritic and aching pains in the arms and hands, fingers and wrists.—‘Malignant ulcer on the upper part of the arm.—Tension, as if from contraction of the tendons, from the elbow to the fingers.—Erysipelatous inflammation about the elbow.—Pimples on the arms after scratching.—Sensation of fatigue or of paralysis and pain as from dislocation in the arms.—Paralysis of the hands.—**Trembling of the hands*.—Dry and burning hands.—Extremities of the fingers benumbed and painful.—‘*Prickings in the extremities of the fingers*.—Itching, **psoric eruptions*, red spots with vesicles, furunculi, excrescences and warts on the hands and fingers.—‘Hard and cold swelling of a bluish black colour, on the back of the hand and fingers.—‘Hard swelling of the hand, extending as far as the elbow, with excessive pain.—**Panaris*.

LEGS.—**Sensation of contraction and absolute contraction of the tendons of the ham*.—Nocturnal pains in the hip and thigh.—Sharp and drawing pains in the legs when there is a change of weather and in windy weather.—Furunculi on the thighs.—Sensation of heaviness, paralysis, numbness and trembling in the thighs and knees.—*The knees are, as it were, dislocated, stiff and weak*.—Cramps and pains in the calves of the legs.—Red pimples on the thighs and legs

after scratching.—Excoriated places and superficial ulcers with dirty bases on the legs.—**Red or bluish painful swelling of the feet and legs.*—Heaviness, numbness, icy coldness and sweating of the feet.—Itching, **psoric eruptions*, papulæ and spots, as if from a burn on the feet and legs.—Cracks and rhagades between the toes.—Abscess in the heels.

103.—LACTUCA VIROSA.

LAC.—Strong-scented-lettuce.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—A medicine as yet very little known, but which has been recommended against some species of *intermittent, rheumatic and nervous fever*.

SYMPTOMS.—Pains in the limbs, and especially in the shoulders.—Great weariness and dejection.—Slow pulse.—Weakness in the legs, which causes one to stumble when walking.—*Extraordinary swelling of the whole body.*—Sensation of lightness in the whole body.—Long and restless sleep, with fatigue and great dejection after waking.—Coldness, principally in the limbs.—Vertigo.—*Dilation or contraction of the pupils.*—Clouded sight.—Accumulation of mucus on the palate, while the tongue is loaded with a mucous coating.—*Pressure in the stomach*, with nausea.—Sensation of coldness in the stomach.—Constipation.—Diarrhœa.—Difficult respiration.—*Dry, spasmodic cough.*—Sensation of coldness in the chest.

104.—LAMIMUM ALBUM.

LAM.—Dead Nettle.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—A medicine that as yet is little known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing and drawing in the limbs.—Great restlessness of body and mind, with trembling of the limbs.—Ulcers, with pain as from excoriation and shootings.—Shivering, with general weakness or with anxiety.—Burning heat in both cheeks, without redness or thirst.—Constant thirst, except during the shivering fit.—Great sadness, while tears are easily elicited.—Great agitation and anxiety, which do not allow any rest whatever.

HEAD—MOUTH.—Head-ache in the centre of the brain, aggravated by rising after having stooped down.—Head-ache, aggravated by rising from one's seat, mitigated by sitting.—Head-ache, as if the brain were compressed on all sides, with very violent pains in the centre of the brain.—Excessive tension of the hairy scalp, especially in the region of the coronal suture.—Diminished sight and hear-

ing.—Hawking up of thick mucus of an acid taste, which is detached from the bottom of the gullet.

STOMACH—CATAMENIA.—Burning pain in the middle of the chest or œsophagus, after eating or drinking any thing whatever.—Nausea and vomiting of food, with heat, great lassitude, excessive dejection and cloudiness of sight.—Excessive distension of the abdomen.—*Pinching* in the abdomen, as if from obstructed flatulency, which is not mitigated by expelling the wind.—Great agitation in the abdomen, as if the catamenia were about to come on violently.—Hard evacuations, of the consistence of pap, with emission of blood.—Urgent desire to urinate, with very scanty emission.—Discharge of serum from the uterus.—Catamenia too early.—*Leucorrhœa*, sometimes with a biting sensation in the genital parts.

CHEST AND EXTREMITIES.—Voice weak and faltering, as if from mental agitation.—Want of breath when speaking with weakness of the chest.—Anxious pressure on the chest with nausea.—Torpor and formicating numbness of the back of the hand and fleshy part of the thumb, aggravated by touch, with painful sensibility of these parts, as if they were affected to the quick, on moving the hand.—Tearing and drawing in the fingers.

105.—LAUROCERASUS. (PRUNUS.)

LAUR.—Cherry-laurel.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—*Duration of effect*: sometimes from 6 to 8 days.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. coff. ipec. op.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. canth. chin. coff. ipec. kal. merc. n-vom. op. rhus. sec. spig. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This remedy has only been used as yet against:—*Cyanosis*? ; *Phthisis florida*; and *cholera*.

[It deserves attention in tonic and chronic cramps; in epilepsy and hysterical spasms; in trismus and tetanus; in nervous apoplexy, and in paralysis, and in particular in *Febres nervosæ paralyticæ*; in malignant intermittent fevers, with convulsions and threatening apoplexy, or *Interm. soporosam*, as not unfrequently occurs in aged or weakly young persons; it is also an important remedy in Puerperal fever, and in *Celamptia parturientum*; in concussion of the brain; in chronic diseases and induration of the liver and spleen; in abscesses of the liver, and in diseases of the venæ portæ system in general, &c. &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Convulsive jerks and spasmodic attacks*.—Inflammation of the internal organs.—

Trembling, especially of the hands and feet, while exercising in the open air.—*Sudden weakness with excessive nervous dejection.*—(*Apoplexy with paralysis of the limbs.*)—Fainting fits.—Drawing pains and tearing in the limbs.—Want of vital energy.—Epileptic convulsions, with foaming at the mouth.—Tetanus.—Aggravation of the sufferings in the evening; amelioration at night and in the open air.

SLEEP.—*Frequent yawning*, often accompanied with shuddering and cutis anserina.—Insurmountable desire to sleep during the day and early in the evening.—*Drowsiness*, sometimes with coma vigil.—Sleeplessness from over-excitement and attack of heat.—*Troublesome and agitated dreams.*

FEVER.—*Chilliness and febrile shivering*, which are removed neither by the heat of the fire, nor that of the bed.—Shuddering with cutis anserina, followed by burning heat.—*Coldness over the whole body*, but especially in the feet, principally in the open air.—Want of natural heat.—Feeble, slow and irregular pulse.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Mental despondence.—*Great anxiety, apprehension and agitation* which do not allow a moment's rest, or sleep in the evening, but which disappear in the open air.—Repugnance to intellectual labour.—Moral promptitude and precipitation.—*Weakness of memory.*—Intellectual incapacity.—*Mental dulness and loss of consciousness.*

HEAD.—*Stupefaction*, with falling down and loss of consciousness.—*Intoxication and vertigo*, with desire to sleep.—*Vertigo* on rising again after stooping, or on getting up from one's seat, with a veil before the sight, or with a sensation as if all objects were turning round.—*Stupifying headache*, weighing down the head, with a sensation as if the brain fell forwards and struck against the cranium on stooping.—Very violent pressive head-ache in a room.—Continual feeling of coldness in the head.—*Congestion of the head*, with heat and throbbing.—The head-aches disappear with a sensation of coldness in the crown of the head, forehead and nape of the neck, extending as far as the loins.

EYES.—Burning pain in the eyes.—Dryness of the eyes.—*Widely open, or half-closed, convulsed, prominent and fixed eyes.*—Pupils dilated and immoveable.—Clouded sight.—*All objects appear larger than they really are.*

FACE.—Countenance pale, sallow and grey.—Wan or bloated and swollen.—Distortion of the features.—*Cramps in the jaw.*—Jerking in the muscles of the face.—Eruption round the mouth.

MOUTH.—*Mouth dry and clammy.—Froth at the mouth.—Sensation of coldness on the tongue.—Loss of speech.*

THROAT.—Sore throat with painful sensation, as if it were drawn downwards, during deglutition and at other times.—*Cramps in the gullet and œsophagus.—Audible gulping when drinking.—Deglutition is hindered or obstructed.—Sensation of coldness, or heat and burning pain in the throat and base of the palate.*

APPETITE.—Sweetish or acrid and irritating taste.—*Violent thirst, with dryness of the mouth.—Want of appetite, with dislike to all food.—Excessive hunger.*

STOMACH.—Violent eructations, either empty or having the taste of the food.—*Excessive disgust, nausea and vomiting, even of food.—Vomiting of black matter.—Pressure in the stomach.—Pains in the stomach, to such an extent as to cause fainting.—Great anguish in the precordial region.—Sensation of coldness, or burning in the stomach and epigastrium.—(Inflammation of the stomach.)*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Colic below the navel, as if the intestines were being cut.—Sensation of swelling of the size of a walnut, in the left side of the abdomen.—*Cuttings, cramps, and contractions in the abdomen.—Sensation of coldness, or heat and burning in the abdomen.—(Inflammation of the intestines.)—Flatulent colic.—Borborygmus, rumbling and grumbling in the abdomen and stomach.—Pinching in the umbilical region.*

FÆCES.—*Constipation.—Hard and tenacious evacuations, with effort.—Diarrhœa with tenesmus, cutting pains and burning in the anus.—Diarrhœa of green slimy matter, with contraction in the groins.—Involuntary evacuations.—Paralysis of the sphincter ani.*

URINE.—*Retention of urine.—Pale yellow, watery urine.—Frothy, acrid urine.—Thick, reddish sediment in the urine.—Involuntary emission of urine.—Paralysis of the bladder.—Pain in the region of the stomach during the emission of urine.*

GENITAL PARTS.—Increased sexual desire.—Gangrene of the genital parts.—*Catamenia too early and too abundant.—Tearing in the head, tooth-ache and cutting pain during the catamenia.*

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness, roughness, and scraping in the throat and pharynx.—Sensation of swelling, also swelling in the pharynx.—Deep bass voice.—Spasmodic constriction of the trachea.—Slight short cough, excited by a tickling and scraping in the throat.—Abundant gelatinous expectoration, with small specks of blood.*

CHEST.—*Slow, weak, anxious respiration.—Rattling, stertorous respiration.—Obstruction of respiration in the region of the stomach.—Asthmatic respiration, as if the lungs could not dilate themselves sufficiently, or as if from paralysis of the lungs.—Pressure on the chest.—Constriction of the chest, with oppression.—Burning and stitches in the chest.—Pains in the region of the heart.—Slow and irregular beating of the heart.*

EXTREMITIES.—*Acute drawings and shootings in the shoulders and arms.—Burning sensation in the hands, with swelling of the veins in these parts.—Trembling of the hands.—Skin dry and rough between the fingers.—Acute drawings and stitches in the knees.—Numbness of the feet.*

106.—LEDUM PALUSTRE.

LED.—Marsh-tea.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect: 6 or 7 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.*

ANTIDOTE: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Alum. ars. bry. canth. cham. lyc. merc. puls. rhus. sep. thuy.—This medicine is sometimes suitable after: chin. sep.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—*The totality of symptoms which accord with this remedy points to the following ailments:—Arthritic and rheumatic affections; Arthritic nodosities; Dropsical affections; Tetters and other chronic eruptions; Anasarca; Furunculi; Coma somnolentum?; Congestive and rheumatic head-ache?; Rheumatic and arthritic ophthalmia?; Hardness of hearing (arising from a cold in the head, in consequence of having had the hair cut at an unseasonable time); Tetters and other eruptions on the face; Nasal and buccal hæmorrhage?; Ascites?; Diabetes?; Chronic gonorrhœa?; Chronic laryngitis?; Convulsive cough; Hooping-cough?; Pulmonary consumption?; Chronic pneumonia?; Podagra?; &c. &c.*

[The principal action of the Ledum seems to be upon the sero-fibrous membranes, and has proved itself beneficial in inflammations of the knee; *Rheumatismus paralyticus* of the hip-joint; in rheumatic miliaria; in vomiting of blood as well from the lungs as the stomach; in spasmodic asthma; in *Phthisis pituitosa et suppuratoria*; in rheumatic inflammations of the lungs; in arthritic or dropsical swelling of the feet; &c. &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Arthritic, pressive and acute drawing pains, or merely pressive pains in the limbs, aggravated by the heat of the bed in the evening.—Numbness*

and sensation of torpor in some members.—Tearing or shooting, pulsative and paralytic *pains in the joints, aggravated by movement*.—The pains in the joints only are aggravated by movement.—Gouty nodes on the joints.—*Hard, hot, tense swellings, with tearing pains*.—*Dropsical swellings of some parts, or of the skin of the whole body.—*Coldness and deficiency of vital heat*.—*The heat of the bed is insupportable*, and causes heat and burning in the limbs.

SKIN.—Itching and gnawing in the skin, with burning after having scratched.—*Gnawing itching*, as if caused by lice.—Miliary eruptions.—Eruption, like the rot in sheep, with disquamation.—Bluish spots over the body, like petechia.—*Dry, furfuraceous tetter, itching excessively.—**Furunculi*.—Great desire to sleep during the day, as if one were intoxicated; sort of drowsiness, with great wish to lie down.—Nocturnal sleeplessness, with restless tossing, jerking, *fantastic visions and images on closing the eyes*.—Agitated, anxious dreams.—Lascivious dreams, with emission of semen.

FEVER.—Violent shivering and shuddering, with coldness in the limbs.—Heat in the hands and feet in the evening.—Fever in the evening, with pain in the head and eyes.—Sensation of great heat, alternating with sweats.—*Perspiration easily excited by walking*, especially on the forehead, and sometimes of a sour smell.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety.—Disposition to be frightened.—Inclination to anger and rage.—Immovable gravity.—Morose and peevish humour.—Misanthropy.—Madness.

HEAD.—Intoxication.—Stupifying dizziness, sufficient to cause one to fall backwards or forwards, aggravated by stooping or being in the open air.—Head bewildered with painful shaking of the brain, when making a false step.—*Stupifying head-ache.—Pressive head-ache, as if the whole brain were weighed down.—Tearing in the head and eyes, which are inflamed, with fever in the evening.—*Violent throbbing pains in the head.—Inability to bear any covering on the head.—Itching, as if lice were crawling over the hairy scalp and forehead.—The integuments of the head become easily chilly.

EYES.—Itching in the internal canthi of the eyes.—Pressure in the eyes, especially in the evening, sometimes with burning.—Inflammation of the eyes, with agglutination and tearing pains.—Burning lachrymation of the eyes.—Dilated pupils.—Confusion of sight, with sparkling before the eyes.

EARS.—Noise in the ears.—Tingling in the ears.—*Hardness of hearing, as if from obstruction of the ears.

Nose.—The nose is painful when touched.—Violent burning in the nose.—Bleeding of the nose.

FACE.—Paleness of the face.—Face bloated, at one time red, at another pale.—*Redness and *tuberculous eruptions on the face and forehead*, like those of drunkards, with shooting pain when touched.—**Dry and furfuraceous tetters on the face*, with burning in the open air.—*Pimples and *furunculi on the forehead*.—Violent and tearing pains in the face at night, alternating with stings in one tooth, terminating in shuddering and followed by deep sleep.—Enlargement of the gland below the chin.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Exhalation of a fetid smell from the mouth.—Buccal hæmorrhage.—Sore throat, with shooting pain during deglutition and afterwards.—Sensation, as if there were a plug in the throat, with stitches when swallowing.

APPETITE.—Mouldy or bitter taste in the mouth.—Violent thirst for cold water.—Want of appetite and speedy satiety.—Contractive pain in the sternum when eating quick.—*Nausea*, with desire to vomit, when expectorating.—*Flow of water from the mouth, like pituita*, with cramp-like pains in the abdomen.

STOMACH—URINE.—*Pressure in the stomach after a light meal*.—Pain in the abdomen, as if the intestines were bruised.—Drawing pain in the abdomen.—Gripings in the abdomen, in the evening.—*Dysenteric belly-ache*.—Frequent discharge of flatulence.—Constipation.—Diarrhœa, during which the fæces are mixed with slime and blood.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with scanty emission*.—Diminished secretion of urine.—*Frequent and copious emission of urine*.—Swelling of the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Violent erections of long duration.—*Pollutions of sanguineous or serous semen*.—Inflammation of the glans.—*Catamenia too early and too copious*.

LARYNX.—Tickling in the larynx.—Cough, preceded by *suffocating suspension of respiration*.—Fatiguing spasmodic cough, which resembles hooping-cough.—Cough, with *purulent expectoration*, especially in the morning or at night.—Greenish expectoration of a fetid smell, during a fit of coughing.—*Hollow, shaking cough, with *expectoration of bright red blood*.

CHEST.—Obstructed and painful respiration.—*Spasmodic and sobbing respiration*, as after weeping bitterly.—Respiration obstructed when going up stairs.—*Constrictive oppression of the chest*, aggravated by movement and walking.—Pain in the chest on breathing, as if there were some-

thing alive in it.—Shootings in the chest, especially on raising the arms or moving them.—Eruption on the chest, resembling sheep-rot.—*Gnawing itching in the chest, with red spots and miliary eruption.—*Pain as from excoriation under the sternum.

TRUNK.—*Painful stiffness in the back and loins after sitting for any time.*—Tearing, extending from the loins to the occiput, especially in the evening.—Violent cramp-like pain above the hips, with suspended respiration in the evening.

ARMS.—*Tearing and pressive traction in the arms.*—Stinging in the shoulder, on elevating or moving the arms.—*Pressive pain in the shoulder and elbow-joints, aggravated by movement.*—Eruption like sheep-rot on the arms.—Tearing pains in the hands and fingers.—*Arthritic nodes on the hands and fingers.*—Perspiration on the palms of the hands.—Itching, miliary eruption on the wrist.—Trembling of the wrist.—Trembling of the hands when moving them or grasping any thing.

LEGS.—Rheumatic, paralytic pain in the coxo-femoral joint.—*Pain, as if it had been beaten, and pain as from excoriation in the periosteum of the femur and knees.*—Tensive stiffness of the knee, which cracks and bends in walking.—Cramp-like tension in the knees, calves and heels.—Weakness and trembling of the knees, when seated or walking.—**Hard and tight swelling of the knee, with stinging, nocturnal, pressive and tearing pains, and hardness of the whole leg.*—*Swelling of the leg, above and below the knee, with heat and drawing shooting pain.*—Stiffness of the feet.—Pain on the soles of the feet, when walking, as if they were galled.—**Inflammatory, or else œdematous swelling of the legs and feet.*—Cutting pains in the toes, while asleep at night.—*Swelling of the fleshy part of the great toe, with pain when treading on it.*

107.—LYCOPODIUM.

LYC.—Wolf's foot.—Club moss.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect: for 40 days in some cases of chronic disease.*

ANTIDOTES: Camph. puls.

COMPARE WITH: Ambr. am-c. ars. bell. bry. calc. canth. caps. carb-veg. caus. cham. cic. con. graph. led. magn-m. mang-merc. mur-ac. natr-m. nitr-ac. n-vom. petr. plat. phos. phos-ac. puls. rhod. rhus. sep. sil. staph. sulph. thuy.—This medicine, when it is otherwise indicated, is especially suitable after calc. and silic.—Graph. led. phos. puls. silic. are sometimes suitable after lycopodium.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Affections, principally of per-

sons of a mild character, (and especially women,) inclined to melancholy, or of a lymphatic, or also of a leuco-phlegmatic constitution, with a tendency to take cold in the head, pulmonary catarrhs, and other mucous discharges; *Obstruction of the glands*; Bad effects from the abuse of mercury; Rheumatic arthritic affections, even with swelling and gouty nodes; Acute and chronic inflammations; Cramps and convulsions?; Epilepsy?; Scrofulous and rickety affections; Inflammation, curvature, caries, and other diseases of the bones, also those proceeding from the abuse of mercury; Paralysis?; Dropsical affections; Atrophy (of scrofulous children?); Excoriation of the skin; Tetters and other chronic eruptions of different kinds; Inveterate and fistulous ulcers; Varices; Aneurisms; Ulcers, from the abuse of mercury; Furunculi; Typhus fever; Head-ache, also that caused by cholera; *Rheumatic cephalalgia*; Megrims?; *Scald-head*; Baldness; Scrofulous? Rheumatic? and Arthritic ophthalmia?; Amblyopia amaurotica; Medullary fungus in the eyes; *Chronic or acute coryza*; *Otitis and otorrhœa*, especially in consequence of scarlatina, or in scrofulous individuals; Facial neuralgia; Disposition to erysipelas of the face; Tetters and other facial eruptions; *Crusta lactea*?; *Chronic angina*, even with ulceration, and especially after the abuse of mercury; Rheumatic odontalgia; Fistula of the gums?; Dyspepsia, gastralgia, and other *gastric affections*; Scirrhus (cancer?) in the stomach; Chronic hepatitis; Flatulent colic; Ascites?; *Inertia of the intestines and obstinate constipation*; Renal calculus and gravel; Hæmaturia; Incontinence of urine; Orchitis; Induration of the testes?; Secondary gonorrhœa?; Dysmenorrhœa; Chlorotic complaints; Varices and constipation of pregnant women; Disposition to miscarriage; with varices on the parts?; Excoriation of the breasts; Excoriation and constipation of new-born children; Chronic catarrh; Grippe; *Chronic pneumonia*; *Phthisical complaints*; (Tuberculous phthisis); Hæmoptysis; Goitre; Gout in the hands; Arthritic or scrofulous gonitis; White swelling?; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Drawing and tearing* in the extremities, mostly at night and during repose, sometimes also in the afternoon of every other day, and especially in windy or rainy weather, mitigated by heat.—**Stinging pains* in the internal and external parts.—*Painful stiffness of the muscles and joints, often with *torpor and insensibility of the extremities*.—*Numbness of the

limbs.—*Great tendency to suffer from lifting a weight, which is often followed by stiffness of the nape.*—*Cramps and contraction of the limbs.—*Spasmodic and involuntary extension and retraction of some of the muscles, or some of the extremities.*—*Shocks and jerks in single limbs or through the whole body, during sleep and on waking.—Cramps in the internal and external parts, also at night.—Attacks of epilepsy, sometimes with cries, foaming at the mouth, and great anguish of heart.—*Dropsical and inflammatory swellings.*—*Varices.*—**Arthritic nodes.*—Swelling of the glands.—*Inflammation of the bones, with nocturnal pains.*—*Curvature and softening of the bones.*—*Ulceration of the bones.*—The symptoms are frequently aggravated towards four o'clock in the afternoon, and begin to be relieved towards eight in the evening, leaving a weakness behind.—Periodical affections.—Agitation of blood through the entire body, especially in the evening, with inquietude and trembling.—Sensation as if the circulation of the blood were suspended.—*Internal weakness.*—Great nervous excitability.—*Weakness and lassitude in the limbs, perceptible principally during repose, or on walking in the morning.—Fatigue, especially in the legs, and burning sensation in the feet, after a very short walk.—Fear of movement and desire to remain constantly lying down.—*Total prostration of strength, with falling of the lower jaw, cloudy and half-closed eyes, and slow respiration.*—**Great emaciation, also in children.*—*Fainting-fits, especially in the evening, and sometimes also on lying down, with loss of consciousness, cloudiness of sight and great indifference.*—Trembling in the extremities.—**Want of vital heat.*—*Great desire or decided disinclination for the open air, with excessive sensibility to fresh air.*—*Great tendency to take cold.*

SKIN.—Gnawing and itching in the day-time, when getting hot, or in the evening, before lying down.—The skin has a tendency to become chapped.—*Painful eruptions.—Nettle-rash.—Large, red spots on the skin.—Itching *maculæ hepaticæ.*—Abundant ephelides.—*Yellowish brown, wrinkled or oozing purulent insensible tetters, full of deep cracks and thick scabs.*—*Large *furunculi*, which return periodically.—*Bleeding ulcers with shooting pain, which burn while they are dressed, with nocturnal tearing and itching.*—Fistulous ulcers with callous red edges, which are everted and shining, sometimes with inflammation and swelling of the part affected.—**Excoriation of the skin of children.*—Warts.—Chilblains.—*Great dryness of the skin.

SLEEP.—*Frequent and sometimes interrupted yawning.—**Desire to sleep during the day, -and early in the evening, with retarded sleep from flow of ideas and excessive nervous excitability.—Disturbed and restless sleep, with anxious and frightful dreams, and frequent waking with fright.—Voluptuous, vivid, mournful dreams; dreams of murder, or of the occupations of the day, &c.—Jerks, cries, starts with fright, or bursts of laughter, or tears and groans during sleep.—*At night, jerking and uneasiness in the legs, head-ache, -anguish, night-mare, agitation of blood and palpitation of the heart, stomach-ache, colic, asthmatic sufferings, &c.—Difficulty of lying on the left side on account of the palpitation of the heart, and stitches.—It is impossible to remain lying down at night on account of every position being uneasy.*

FEVER.—*Shivering in the evening, sometimes only on one side, or every other day with heat, or followed by sweat without heat.—*Deficiency of vital heat.—Tertian fever, with sour vomiting and bloatedness of the face and hands after the shivering.—Transient heat.—Burning heat, with short respiration.—Malignant fever, with malevolence and ill humour on waking, or with nervous excitability, without the head being hot or the face red, red spots on the cheeks, great weakness, sweat without any mitigation, red and dry tongue and constipation.—Slow fever, with clammy sweat, at night.—Fever, with total prostration of strength, lower jaw hanging down, eyes clouded and half closed and respiration slow with the mouth open.—Sweat, principally on the face, easily excited during the day from slight exercise.—Feverish sweat by day.—Nocturnal sweat, often fetid or viscous, principally on the chest and back.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Silent melancholy and peevish humour; despair of eternal salvation.—*Anguish, especially in the region of the epigastrium, with melancholy and disposition to weep, -especially after being angry, or on the approach of other persons.—Misanthropy.—*Fear of solitude.—*Irritability and susceptibility with tears.—Irascibility.—Obstinacy.—Madness and frenzy, which manifest themselves by envy, reproaches, arrogance, and overbearing conduct.—Mild and and submissive character.—Complete indifference.—Aversion to speaking.—*Fatigue from intellectual exertion, and incapability of devoting oneself to mental labour.—Stupefaction.—Inability to express oneself correctly, misapplication of words and syllables.—Confused speech.

HEAD.—Dizziness and vertigo, as if from intoxication.

—*Whirling *vertigo*, especially *when stooping*, or in a warm room, with a desire to vomit.—°Head-ache from vexation.—°Head-ache, with disposition to faint and great uneasiness.—*Head-ache with *vertigo*.—*The head feels heavy.—Head-ache when shaking or turning the head, and also at every step that one takes.—Cephalalgia above the eyes, immediately after breakfast.—Head-ache on one side of the head in the evening, aggravated beyond endurance by intellectual labour.—*Pressing head-ache sometimes as if a nail were being driven into the head, or with tension which is aggravated by lying down.—*Rending head-ache, especially *in the afternoon or at night*, principally *in the forehead*, but often also through the entire head, in the eyes, nose and extending as far as the teeth, with desire to lie down.—Shooting head-ache.—Throbbing in the head after lying down in the evening.—*Congestion of the head, with heat in this part, sometimes in the morning on rising up in the bed.—Shaking and vibration in the brain at every step.—Boring, scraping and *tearing* in the hairy scalp, especially *at night*.—Involuntary movement, and convulsive trembling of the head.—Great tendency to take cold in the head.—*Eruptions on the head, °with abundant and fetid suppuration, *sometimes with obstruction of the glands of the nape and neck.—*The hair becomes grey.—*Baldness.

EYES.—*Pressure in the eyes.—*Biting, burning and stinging in the eyes (and the eye-lids), especially *in the evening*, by candle-light.—°Smarting in the eyes.—Sensation of coldness in the eyes, in the evening.—*Inflammation of the eyes and eye-lids.—Stye.—*Agglutination of the eye-lids, especially *at night*, and lachrymation, principally *by day*, and in a cold wind.—*Blearedness in the eyes, which obstructs the sight.—Twitching of the eye-lids.—Confusion of sight, as if caused by feather-down.—Myopia, or *presbyopia.—Hemiopia perpendicularis.—The characters are confused when reading.—*Obscurity, black spots, glittering and sparks before the eyes.—*The eyes are dazzled and irritated by candle-light in the evening.

EARS.—Otalgia in the open air.—Congestion of the ears.—Ulceration of the ears.—Discharge from the ears.—*Hearing excessively sensitive to the least noise; sounds and music fatigue.—*Tingling and buzzing in the ears.—*Hardness of hearing.—°Moist scabs on and behind the ears.

NOSE.—*Nostrils ulcerated, scabby and obstructed by mucus, at night.—Swelling of the nose, with acrid, fetid and corrosive discharge.—Convulsive movements of the muscles of the nose.—*Epistaxis and discharge of blood

from blowing the nose.—*Excessive acuteness of smell.*—**Coryza of almost every form.*—**Dry coryza with obstruction of the nose*, confusion in the head, and burning pain in the forehead.—**Obstruction of the nostrils*, especially at night, which admits of respiration only through the mouth.

FACE.—*Paleness of face*, augmented in the evening.—**Face yellow and earthy*, with deep wrinkles, blue circles round the eyes, and bluish lips.—*Circumscribed redness of the cheeks.*—Red and bloated face, with eruptions and red spots.—*Swelling and tension of the face.*—*Tearing in the bones of the face.*—*Painful sensation of coldness in the face.*—*Twitching and convulsive movements in the muscles of the face.*—**Frequent flushes of transient heat in the face.*—**Eruption on the face*, sometimes with itching.—**Ephelis.*—**Tetters on the face*, which are furfuraceous and yellow at the base.—Pale and bluish lips.—*Convulsive movements of the mouth and distortion of the corners of the mouth.*—*Swelling of the upper lip.*—*Eruption and excoriations of the lips and commissures of the lips.*—*Ulcers on the red part of the lower lip.*—*Itching eruption round the chin.*—*Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.*

TEETH.—*Odontalgia only at night*, mitigated by hot drinks, and by the heat of the bed.—**Dull pains in the teeth with swelling of the cheeks and gums.*—**Cramp-like drawing, rending and jerks or pulsations in the teeth, especially during or after a meal.*—*Grinding the teeth.*—*Yellowness of the teeth.*—(*Fistula in the gums*).—*Swelling of the gums, with jerks, tearings and shootings.*—*Ulcers on the gums.*

MOUTH.—**Dryness of the mouth without thirst*, with tension of the parts, heavy tongue and indistinct speech.—*Torpor of the interior of the mouth and tongue.*—*Exhalation of a putrid odour from the mouth.*—*Buccal hæmorrhage.*—**Tongue foul and coated.*—*Involuntary movements of the tongue.*

THROAT.—*Sensation of constriction in the throat*, with obstructed deglutition.—**Dryness in the throat.*—*Pain as from excoriation in the throat.*—**Burning pain in the throat, with nocturnal thirst.*—*Sensation in the throat, as if a ball were ascending from the pit of the stomach.*—*Inflammation of the throat and palate with shooting pain*, which obstructs deglutition.—*Swelling and suppuration of the amygdalæ.*—*Ulcers, like chancres, on the tonsils.*—*Hawking up of mucus.*—*Goitre.*

APPETITE.—*Loss of appetite.*—**Mouth clammy, or bitter, especially in the morning*, often with nausea.—**Sourness in the mouth, especially in the morning*, or sour taste

of food.—Absence of thirst or burning thirst.—*Nocturnal thirst*.—**Loss of appetite*, sometimes after the first mouthful.—**Immoderate hunger*.—*Bulimy*.—**Repugnance to cooked or warm food, rye-bread, meat, coffee and tobacco-smoke*.—°*Great desire for sweet things*.—°*Inability to digest heavy food*.—**After a meal, hepatic pains, oppression and fulness in the chest and abdomen, nausea, heat in the head, redness of the face, pulsation and trembling over the whole body, hot hands, palpitation of the heart, colic, &c.*—**Sourness and diarrhœa after taking milk*.

STOMACH.—**Violent eructations in the afternoon*.—**Burning, sour, greasy or bitter eructations*.—**Sour regurgitation of food, especially of milk*.—**Pyrosis*, -especially after a meal.—*Violent hiccough, by fits*, -especially after a meal.—*Nausea in a room, which disappears in the open air, and vice versa*.—**Frequent, continued nausea, especially in the morning, with bitter taste in the mouth*.—°*Nausea, caused by the motion of a carriage*.—°*Sensation of qualmishness in the stomach, in the morning*.—**Pituita from the stomach, sometimes every second day, with flow of bitter water*.—**Vomiting of food and bile, especially at night, or when fasting in the morning*.—**Vomiting of bitter, greenish matter*.—*Vomiting of blood*.—*Pains in the stomach, with shivering, and insensibility of the hands after a slight chill*.—*Periodical pains in the stomach, mitigated by the heat of the bed*.—**Pressure in the stomach in the evening, and after every meal, sometimes with a bitter taste in the mouth*.—*Compressive or contractive pains in the stomach*.—The pains in the stomach manifest themselves principally in the morning, in the open air, after a meal, or after drinking wine; they are sometimes mitigated in the evening, and are often accompanied by cramps in the chest and difficult respiration.—**Swelling of the epigastrium, with painful sensibility to the touch*.—The habiliments round the stomach are troublesome.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Tension round the hypochondria, as if caused by a hoop*.—*Pressure and tension in the liver*.—*Cramp-like pain in the diaphragm, and pain as if from a strain in the liver when stooping*.—*Hepatic pains after eating plentifully*.—*Induration of the liver*.—*Pressive pains in the abdomen*.—**Fulness and distension of the stomach and abdomen*.—*Weight in the abdomen*.—*Hardness in the abdomen*.—*Dropsical swelling of the abdomen*.—*Contractive, cramp-like pains in the abdomen, which is distended*.—**Tearings, drawing, tension and pinchings in the abdomen and its sides*.—**Clawing in the hypogastrium*,

with suspended respiration.—**Cuttings*, especially above the navel.—Pain above the navel, when touched.—Burning pain in the abdomen.—Tearing shootings, pulsation and pressure in the inguinal ring, as if hernia were on the point of establishing itself.—Cramp-like pains in the abdominal muscles, especially at night.—**Obstructed flatulency*.—**Defective expulsion of flatulency*.—**Gurgling and borborygmus in the abdomen*, especially in the left side.

FÆCES.—**Tedious constipation*.—**Obstruction of the abdomen*, sometimes with ineffectual desire to evacuate, and difficult evacuation.—°Constipation or diarrhœa in pregnant women.—Fæces pale, and of a putrid odour.—Discharge of mucus, or of blood during evacuation.—Lumbrici.—Pains in the anus after a meal, and after evacuation.—Inflation of the abdomen after evacuation.—**Itching and tension in the anus*.—Cutting pains, shootings and pain as from excoriation in the rectum.—Spasms in the rectum.—Hæmorrhoidal excrescences in the anus and rectum, with prolapsus recti.—Itching eruption around the anus.

URINE.—**Urgent desire to urinate and too frequent emission*.—Urine deep coloured with yellow or reddish sediment.—°Renal calculus and gravel.—*Emission of blood, instead of water, °sometimes with paralysis of the legs and constipation.—Incontinence of urine.—Smarting when urinating.—*Itching in the urethra during and after the emission of urine.—*Shooting pinchings and cutting pains in the bladder and urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Shooting, drawing and cutting pain in the glans.—*Gonorrhœa secundaria*, with a deep-red and smarting pustule behind the glans.—*Excoriation between the scrotum and thighs.—Dropsical swelling of the genital organs.—**Immoderate excitement or absence of sexual desire*.—°Repugnance to coition, or a disposition to be too easily excited to it.—**Impotence* of long duration.—*Weakness or total absence of erections.—*Immoderate pollutions, or °absence of pollutions.—°Too speedy emission during coition or *too tardy.—Falling asleep during coition.—Lassitude after coition and pollution.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—Itching, *burning and gnawing on the vulva.—°Pressure towards the outside, above the vulva, and extending as far as the vagina when stooping.—°Expulsion of wind from the vagina.—°*Chronic dryness of the vagina*.—*Shooting pains in the labia when lying down.—Excoriation between the thighs and vulva.—Burning pain in the vagina during and after coition.—**Catamenia* (too

early,) *too profuse, and of too long duration*.—*Catamenia* suppressed readily, and for a long time by fright.—**Before the catamenia*, shivering, *sadness, melancholy*.—During the *catamenia*, delirium, with tears, head-ache, sourness in the mouth, pain in the loins, swelling of the feet, fainting, vomiting of sour matter, cuttings, colic and pains in the back.—**Leucorrhœa*, milky, yellowish, reddish and corrosive, sometimes preceded by cuttings in the hypochondrium.—Swelling of the breasts with nodes.—°Excoriation and running sores on the nipples.

LARYNX.—Formicating scraping in the trachea, at night.—Hoarseness, with roughness and pain, as from excoriation in the chest, after speaking.—Accumulation of slimy matter in the chest, with rattling of mucus.—°Weak and dull voice.—*Cough after drinking.—*Obstinate dry cough in the morning.—**Nocturnal cough* which affects the head, diaphragm and stomach.—*Dry cough, day and night.—*Cough, excited by a tickling, or as it were produced by the vapour of sulphur, or by taking a deep inspiration, generally with a yellowish grey and saltish expectoration, sometimes with great weakness of the stomach, fever, nocturnal sweat and emaciation.—*Cough, with copious expectoration of greenish matter.—*Cough, with expectoration of blood.—*When coughing, shocks in the head, short respiration, smarting and concussion in the chest, or pains in the region of the stomach.

CHEST.—Short respiration during almost every exertion, also in children.—*Continued oppression of the chest, aggravated by walking in the open air.—°Rattling of mucus and stertorous respiration.—On breathing, twitching and shooting in the chest and its sides.—°Pain, as if from a bruise in the chest.—*Constant pressure in the chest.—Weight in the chest.—Tension in the anterior part of the chest.—*Lancinations in the chest, especially in the left side, and principally when sneezing, coughing, laughing, or on the slightest movement, sometimes with inability to remain lying on the diseased side, and difficult respiration.—°Pain, as from excoriation in the chest, especially after speaking.—°Stitches in the side, alternately with tooth-ache and pains in the limbs.—*Palpitation of the heart, especially during digestion, or in bed in the evening; it is sometimes attended with anxiety and trembling.—Painful eruption and maculæ hepaticæ on the chest.

TRUNK.—Violent pains in the loins, which do not allow one to sit upright.—*Pains in the back and loins, especially when moving, stooping and lifting any thing, often accom-

panied by constrictive pains in the abdomen.—*Shootings in the loins on rising up after stooping.—**Drawing, rending and stinging pains in the back and loins*, with difficult respiration, principally when seated and also at night.—°Curvature of the spine.—°Traction and contraction from the nape of the neck to the occiput.—**Rigidity of the nape*, sometimes caused by lifting a weight.—Maculæ hepaticæ in the nape of the neck.—°Tetters on the nape of the neck and under the arm-pits.—Furunculi under the arm-pits.—Stiffness, swelling and induration of one side of the neck.—**Swelling of the glands of the neck and shoulder*, with shooting pain.—Weakness and paralysis of the muscles of the neck.—Painful eruption on the neck.—°Goitre.

ARMS.—Tearings and shootings in the shoulder and elbow-joints.—**Nocturnal aching pains in the arms and elbow*.—*Drawing pain in the arms.—**Jerking in the shoulders and arms*, also during a siesta.—*Paralytic weakness of the arms.—**The arms and fingers are easily benumbed*, also at night, or only when raising them.—Biting, itching and maculæ hepaticæ on the arms.—°Arthritic stiffness of the elbow and wrist.—Tetters on the arms.—Erysipelatous inflammation on the fore-arm, with suppuration.—**Dryness of the skin of the hands*.—Burning sensation in the palms of the hands.—Red and painless swelling of the hands.—°Warts on the hands and fingers.—Torpor of the fingers and hands, which are, as it were, dead.—Involuntary trembling of the hands.—**Red swelling and arthritic tearing in the joints of the fingers*.—*Arthritic nodes and stiffness in the fingers.—The fingers become stiff while engaged in labour.—Contraction and *twitches in the fingers*.—Chilblains.

LEGS.—Periodical pains, from the coxo-femoral joint down to the foot, every fourth day.—**Tearing in the legs and knees*, as far as the tibia and instep, especially in the evening and at night.—Uneasiness, shocks and trembling in the legs and feet, especially in the evening and at night.—Involuntary shaking in the legs, or alternately throwing the thighs apart and bringing them together again.—°Burning and biting itching in the legs, especially in the hams.—*Curvature and stiffness of the knees.—*Swelling of the knees.—*Swelling of the legs, with large, red, burning spots and pains which do not permit one to walk.—°Paralysis of the legs, with emission of blood instead of urine, and constipation.—Tetters on the legs and calves of the legs.—°White swelling in the knee.—*Cramps and cramp.

like pains in the calves, especially when walking, and at night.—°Burning pain in the legs.—*"Ulcers in the legs, with nocturnal tearing, itching and burning heat.*—*Pain in the soles of the feet when walking.—*Cramps in the feet and toes.—°*Swelling of the feet and malleoli, or of the soles of the feet (with shooting pain).*—Cold feet.—**Cold sweat on the feet, sometimes abundant and with excoriation of the skin.*—"Bending of the toes when walking.—*Contraction of the toes.—**Corns on the feet, sometimes with shooting pain.*

108.—MAGNESIA CARBONICA.

MAGN!—Magnesia.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* for 50 days in some cases of chronic disease.

COMPARE WITH: Bar. bell. bry. calc. cham. con. graph. kal. lyc. magn-m. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos. puls. rhus. sil. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If we are guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used will be found to be:—Affections principally of women and children, and especially of *hysterical women*, or those with whom the catamenia come on irregularly; Scrofulous affections?; Epilepsy; Atrophy in children?; Enlarged glands?; Tetters?; Megrin; Hysterical cephalalgia?; Scrofulous ophthalmia?; Cataract; Opacity of the cornea; Hardness of hearing; Rheumatic odontalgia, or that of pregnant women; Facial neuralgia?; Gastralgia; Acidity in children; *Diarrhœa*, especially in children; Diabetes??; Spasmodic colic; *Hysterical spasms in the abdomen*; Odontalgia of pregnant women; *Cramps of the uterus*; *Dysmenorrhœa*; Leucorrhœa; Scrotal hernia; &c., &c.

[It deserves attention in head-ache during menstruation; in derangement of the stomach in children, attended with diarrhœa and acidity; in chronic constipation; in worm complaints, with green, frothy, acid smelling diarrhœas, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Painful sensibility of the whole body.—Drawing and tearing in the limbs.—Painful shocks in different parts.—*"Frequent falling without loss of consciousness, when walking or standing.*—°Attacks of epilepsy.—Relaxation of the whole body.—*Lassitude principally in the feet, and when seated.*—Tendency to become easily fatigued during a walk.—Uneasiness in the limbs, after sitting a long time in the evening.—*The symptoms manifest themselves or are aggravated at night and during re-*

pose.—The symptoms which appear, when in the sitting posture, are mitigated by movement.

SKIN.—**Violent itching*, and great dryness of the skin.—Large nodes between the skin and flesh with stinging pains.—*Small, painless, red tetters, which ultimately exfoliate*.—Corroding vesicles.—Small furunculi.

SLEEP.—Frequent and violent yawning.—**Desire to sleep during the day*.—**Sleeplessness*, sometimes from oppression in the abdomen, or from anxious uneasiness and internal heat, with great dread of being uncovered.—*Many anxious dreams*, with talking, cries, and frightened starts.—Dreams of fire, flood, brigands, quarrels, money, pleasures, misfortunes, &c.—Unrefreshing sleep at night, with as great fatigue in the morning as before going to bed in the evening; disposition to awake early and fall asleep again with difficulty.

FEVER.—Shivering in the evening.—Sensation of heat in the morning, without perspiration or thirst.—*Nocturnal sweat*, often fetid and greasy.—Sour sweat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Inquietude and fear, with trembling and heat.—Ill-humour in the evening.

HEAD.—Vertigo in the evening, with fainting.—The head fatigued by intellectual labour.—Head-ache in bed at night, also during sleep, mitigated by sitting up.—*Pressive pain on the vertex*, during intellectual labour, or when in company.—Tension and drawing in the occiput, as if from stiffness in the nape of the neck.—Drawings in the forehead with nausea.—Jerking head-ache, with sensation of heaviness after a fit of passion.—*Stinging pains in the head*, also at night, in the side on which one sleeps.—Congestion of the head with internal heat, especially when smoking.—Desquamation of the hairy scalp, which itches especially in rainy weather.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—*Inflammation of the eyes*, with redness, stinging, sensation of burning, and *confused sight*.—Swelling of the ball of the eye.—**Agglutination of the eye-lids* in the morning.—Dryness of the eyes, or violent lachrymation.—*Opacity of the cornea*.—*Black spots before the sight.—^oObscuration of the crystalline lens.

EARS.—Inflammation of the external ear, with redness and pain as if from ulceration.—Great susceptibility of hearing the slightest noise.—**Hardness of hearing*, with humming in the ears, especially in a room.—Tingling, buzzing, and a sensation as if a bird were flapping its wings in the ears.

NOSE.—Epistaxis in the morning.—Vesicular eruption

on the nose, with pressive pain.—*Obstruction of the nose.*—
**Dry coryza*, which admits of breathing only through the mouth.

FACE.—*Discoloured*, pale and earthy complexion.—The face red and pale alternately.—Morose appearance.—Tension in the face, as if albumen were dried on the skin.—*Nocturnal pains in the cheek-bones*, searching, boring and tearing, insupportable during repose, and forcing one to move from one place to the other.—Swelling of the cheek-bone, with throbbing pain.—*Swelling of the face*, which is bloated and covered with tubercles.—Eruption of tetter round the mouth.

TEETH.—Tooth-ache from the motion of a carriage.—
**Nocturnal pains in the teeth*, which force one to get up and walk, insupportable in a state of repose, and generally burning, boring, or like the pain of ulceration, or tearing, drawing and jerking, extending to the temples, with swelling of the cheek on the side affected, stiffness of the nape of the neck, and of the neck, and twitching in the fingers and feet.—Throbbing and *stinging in the teeth* after a meal.—Tooth-ache aggravated by cold.—Loosening of the teeth.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth*, especially night and morning.—Sanguineous saliva.—Vesicular eruption in the mouth and on the tongue.—Small tubercles in the mouth, which bleed and burn on the slightest touch.

THROAT.—*Sore throat with shooting pain* when speaking and swallowing.—Burning pain in the throat and palate, with dryness and roughness, as if it contained bearded ears of corn.

APPETITE.—Loss of taste.—Bitter taste, with a white tongue and slimy mucus on the tongue and teeth.—*Acid taste in the mouth.*—*Violent thirst* (for water) especially in the evening and at night.—Great desire for vegetables, with dislike for meat, and vice versa.

STOMACH.—Acid eructations.—*Frequent eructations* with pains in the stomach.—Nausea and vertigo during a meal, followed by inclination to vomit, and vomiting of a bitter or saltish water.—*Pressive, contractive pain in the stomach*, sometimes with sour risings.—*Sensation of insipidity and emptiness in the stomach*, with nausea and desire to vomit.—Pain as from ulceration in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Induration and shooting pains in the hepatic region.—*Excessive distension and tension of the abdomen*, with sensation of heaviness.—*Cramps in the abdomen*, followed by leucorrhœa.—Pinchings, cuttings and acute drawings in the abdomen.—Inguinal hernia.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*.—Frequent and ineffectual desire to evacuate, with scanty fæces, or emission of wind only.—*Greenish, frothy, and slimy diarrhœa*, with cuttings in the intestines.—°*Diarrhœa* which has a sour smell.—Discharge of ascarides and lumbrici.—Darting pains in the anus and rectum, especially while suffering from tenesmus.

URINE.—Secretion of urine more abundant than usual, and of a pale or greenish colour.—Frequent emission of urine, also at night.—Involuntary emission of urine. Sensation of burning and excoriation when urinating.—Diabetes.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Diminished sexual desire*.—*Absence of erection*.—Flow of prostatic fluid during the emission of wind.—°*Scrotal hernia*.—Frequent pollutions.—Sensation of bearing down towards the groins, as if preparatory to the catamenia, with cuttings in the abdomen.—**Catamenia retarded*, -or completely suppressed; or premature and accompanied by a variety of sufferings.—Deep coloured, thick, glutinous, and pitch-like menstrual blood.—Before the catamenia, pains in the loins, colic, bulimy, frequent eructations and nausea.—*During the catamenia*, dejection, shivering, pains in the head, *paleness of the face*, pains in the loins, and cramp-like, pressive pains in the abdomen which arrest the menstrual flow.—*Discharge of white and corrosive mucus* from the vagina, sometimes preceded by cramps in the abdomen.

LARYNX.—Cough excited by a tickling in the throat, with a serous and saltish expectoration.—*Spasmodic cough at night*.—Cough in the morning with expectoration of a yellowish pus.—*Expectoration of blood* when coughing.

CHEST.—Oppression of the chest, with sensation of constriction.—Oppression of the chest, with shortness of breath, especially when walking.—Pressure and sensation of heaviness, or cutting and shooting pains in the chest.—Pain as from excoriation and shootings in the left side of the chest, and in the region of the heart.

TRUNK.—*Pains in the loins and back, as if having been beaten at night*.—*Stiffness in the nape of the neck*.—Shootings in the loins.—Tearing and successive drawings in the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Wrenching pain in the shoulder-joints while in motion.—**Attacks of rending pain in the shoulder, especially at night*, with crawling tingling, extending down to the fingers, and inability to move the arms, in consequence of the acuteness of the pain.—Drawing pain in the arms and hands.—°*Cracked skin of the hands*.—*Corroding vesicles on*

the hands and fingers with shooting pain.—Cramp-like tension in the joints of the fingers.—Heat in the fingers.—Red and inflammatory swelling of the fingers.

LEGS.—Restlessness of the legs.—Drawing pain in the legs and feet.—Itching in the buttocks, with red spots after scratching.—Painful swelling in the bend of the knee.—Cramps in the calves of the legs at night.—Burning places on the shin.—^oFurunculi on the legs.

109.—MAGNESIA MURIATICA.

MAGN.-M.—Muriate of magnesia —HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect :* for 7 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Camph. ars. ?

COMPARE WITH : Bar. bry. calc. cham. con. graph. kal. lyc. magn. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos. puls. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If controlled by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be :—Affections, principally of females, and especially *hysterical females ; Attacks of spasms and of hysterical weakness ; Enlarged glands ? ; Hysterical, rheumatic, and nervous cephalalgia ? ; Scrofulous ozæna ; Facial neuralgia ? ; Difficult dentition of children ; Gastric complaints ; Chronic hepatitis ; Spasmodic colic ; Hysterical spasms in the abdomen ; Cramps of the uterus ; Nausea of pregnant women ; Constipation of children during dentition ; Scirrhus induration of the uterus ; Leucorrhæa, &c. &c.*

[It deserves attention in chronic inflammation of the stomach, and in particular, of the liver, &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Boring or contractive spasmodic pains.—^oParalytic drawing and tearing in the limbs.—**Attacks of spasms and of hysterical weakness.*—Liability to take cold.—*Bodily weakness, which sometimes appears to proceed from the stomach.—Sensation of uneasiness and extreme lassitude in the whole body, with acute sensibility to the least noise.—*The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves when one is seated, or at night, and are generally mitigated by motion.*

SKIN.—Crawling in different parts of the skin.—Itching pimples, with burning pain after scratching.—Pustular eruptions.—Eruption of small red papulæ.—Furunculi.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep in the day time, with yawning and indolence.—Retarded sleep and sleeplessness, caused by heat, with thirst, and great restlessness of the whole body on shutting the eyes.—Anxious and frightful dreams, with talking and cries during sleep.—Unrefreshing sleep.*

—Jerks in the body, when lying awake at night.—Nightmare.

FEVER.—*Shivering in the evening*, which disappears in bed.—Sweat after midnight.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Uneasiness and inclination to weep.—Peevishness and ill-humour.—Aversion to conversation.—Repugnance to exertion.—*Nervous excitability*, with tendency to weep readily.

HEAD.—Dulness of the head, as if caused by intoxication.—Vertigo in the morning on rising, and during dinner, relieved in the open air.—*Heaviness in the head*, with dizziness to such an extent as to cause one to fall down.—Pains mitigated by covering up the head.—Sensation of torpor in the forehead.—**Tightening pressure in the forehead and sinciput*, with confusion and cloudiness in the head, particularly after awaking.—Squeezing, as if grasped, and noise in the temples, in the evening, in bed, with sensation as if vertigo and loss of consciousness were about to ensue.—Jerking, or stinging and pulsative tearings in the head.—Congestion of the head, with heat, painful humming and agitation.—**Quotidian head-ache*.—Nervous twitchings in the head and face, extending into the teeth, with a sensation of confusion in the head.

EYES.—*Inflammation and burning pain in the eyes*, with redness of the sclerotica.—Lachrymation and burning in the eyes, when looking at any thing bright.—*Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids*.—Yellow colour of the sclerotica.—Green halo round the candle in the evening.

EARS.—**Pulsation in the ear*.—Dulness and hardness of hearing, as if something were placed before the ear.—Stinging, acute twitches, and boring in the ears.—Bzzing in the ears.

NOSE.—**Scabs in the nostrils*, sometimes with painful sensibility of the nose, when it is touched.—**Excoriation of the nostrils*.—°*Discharge of corrosive serum from the nose*.—Obstruction of the nose, with want of breath.—**Pain as from excoriation and of burning in the nose*.—**Swelling, redness, induration and heat of the lower part of the nose*, aggravated in the morning.—Troublesome dryness of the nose.—Nocturnal obstruction of the nose.—*Coryza, with loss of taste and smell*; yellow and fetid mucus is blown from the nose.—Loss of smell.

FACE.—*Pale, yellowish complexion*, or earthy colour of the face.—Drawing pains in the nerves of the face.—Tension in the face, with cramp-like pain in the bones of the face.—°*Facial eruption*.—Cracked lips.—Sensation of rough-

ness on the internal surface of the lips when touched by the tongue.—Large and transparent vesicles on the red part of the lips.

TEETH.—Tooth-ache aggravated to the highest degree, when the teeth are touched by the food.—Sensation of elongation in the upper incisor teeth.—Painful swelling and *readiness of the gums to bleed*.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth at night.—Copious accumulation of watery saliva in the mouth.—Sensation in the interior of the mouth, as if it had been burnt.—Burning on the tongue, as if it had been caused by fire.

THROAT.—Sensation as if the throat were deeply excoriated, aggravated in the evening, and at night.—*Clammy and thick mucus in the throat*, often mixed with blood and difficult to detach.

APPETITE.—*Frequent thirst*.—Bulimy and sensation of hunger in the stomach, followed by nausea.—*Hunger without knowing what one wishes for*.—Desire for dainties.

STOMACH.—Regurgitation of food, while walking.—*Violent hiccough*, during and after dinner, which causes pain in the stomach.—Sensation, *as if a ball were ascending* from the abdomen into the œsophagus, which is removed by eructations.—Nausea, especially in the morning, on first rising.—Frequent nausea, with fainting, day and night.—**Continued nausea*, "with earthy colour of the face and nervous excitability, with tendency to shed tears.—Pressure in the stomach, with nausea.—Tension and *pain, as from ulceration and as from a bruise in the stomach*, with excessive sensibility when touched.—Painful trembling in the stomach, when walking and stepping.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Tension and *stinging in the hepatic region*.—*Pressive pains in the liver*, also when walking or stepping up, aggravated by lying on the right side.—Hardness and tension of the abdomen.—**Violent and continual distension of the abdomen*, with constipation.—**Painful hardness of the abdomen, and especially in the right side*.—*Cramp-like pains in the abdomen, especially in the evening, and sometimes followed by leucorrhœa—Cuttings, pinchings, and *acute drawing in the abdomen*.—Formicating shootings in the muscles of the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Hard, difficult, slow and insufficient evacuations*.—**Fæces knotty, like sheep dung*.—Violent tenesmus, with scanty evacuations, or emission of wind only.—**Chronic recurrence of diarrhœa*.—Violent diarrhœa of mucus and blood.—Greenish, yellowish, or brownish evacuations.—Fæces coated with mucus and blood.—*Discharge of tœnia.

URINE.—Frequent desire to urinate, day and night, with scanty emission.—An emission can be accomplished only by contraction of the abdominal muscles.—Torpor of the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Violent itching in the genital organs and scrotum.—Frequent erections.—Burning in the back after coition.—*Catamenia too early and too copious*.—Black and coagulated blood during the catamenia.—*During the catamenia the face is pale*, with pains in the loins and mental depression.—*Cramps in the uterus*, sometimes with pains extending to the thighs, and leucorrhœa.—*Leucorrhœa*, especially during motion, or preceded by cramps in the abdomen.—*Scirrhus induration of the uterus*.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness, with roughness and dryness of the throat.—*Dry cough*, in the evening and at night, with burning pain and sensation of excoriation in the chest.—*Spasmodic cough at night*, with violent tickling in the throat.

CHEST.—*Oppression of the chest, in the region of the heart.—Sudden weight in the chest, with obstructed respiration while at dinner.—Tension and contraction in the chest.—Stingings in the heart, which cause obstructed respiration.—*Palpitation of the heart* when seated, and disappearing when moving.

TRUNK.—Contractive and cramp-like pains in the loins.—Stinging, tearing, and burning pain in the back.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.

ARMS.—*Drawing and paralytic tearings in the joint of the shoulder, and extending as far as the arm and the hand, aggravated by motion.—**Numbness of the arms in the morning on waking*, or in the evening in bed.

LEGS.—Great lassitude in the legs, even when seated.—Heaviness of the legs.—Jerking tearings in the hips.—Inquietude and tension in the thighs.—Pressive pain or paralytic traction in the knee.—Cramps in the calves of the legs at night.—Burning pain in the soles of the feet in the evening.—°*Perspiration of the feet*.

110.—MAGNESIA SULPHURICA.

MAGN-S.—Sulphate of magnesia.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine which is not as yet known in all its relations.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearings in the limbs, especially at night.—Great lassitude and soreness in the whole body, with trembling.—Nettle-rash.—Red, itching tetters.

SLEEP.—Sleep, early in the evening.—*Sleeplessness* at

night, caused by violent pains in the head, abdomen and loins.—Many dreams, sometimes disagreeable and anxious.

FEVER.—Shivering and shuddering, especially in the evening, which disappear in bed.—Chills at night, with thirst until noon; perspiration in the afternoon, or after lying down.—Heat on sitting up in the bed, with vertigo, perspiration on the forehead, and redness of the face.—Heat and shuddering, redness and paleness of the face, which succeed one another alternately.—Perspiration at night or in the morning, often accompanied with thirst.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholy and disposition to shed tears, with *anxious timidity* and *restless uneasiness*.—Tendency to fly into a passion; every thing is taken in bad part.—Illusions of the imagination; absent persons seem present.

HEAD.—Dullness of the head, which feels as if it were compressed in a vice.—Vertigo, causing a tendency to fall forwards in the morning and after dinner.—Pressive *headache*, and sensation *as if the head were squeezed in a vice*, greatly aggravated by moving the eyes.—Compressive pain in the head, with heat in the head, and redness of the face.—Tearing and *shooting in the head* and especially in the temples.—*Congestion of the forehead*, with pressive pain and heat in that part.—Sensation of wavering and looseness in the brain from every movement.—Shivering, during the violent pains in the head.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes, as if they were pressing out of the orbits, when looking to one side.—Burning in the eyes, especially by candle-light in the evening, and in the morning.—Shootings in the eyes.—Lachrymation with photophobia.

EARS.—Shootings in the ears.—Tinkling and ringing in the ears.

NOSE.—Pain as from ulceration in the nose, especially when touched.—Epistaxis at night.—Copious secretion of thick and yellow mucus in the nose.—Flowing coryza with loss of smell, indistinct speech and pain as from excoriation in the nose and chest.

FACE.—Earthy colour of the face.—Tearing in the bones of the face.—Dryness and heat in the lips in the evening.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia*, generally in the evening, sometimes when returning from a walk, or caused by hot or cold things, as well as by contact of the teeth with food; the pains are generally jerking, pricking or throbbing, and disappear in bed.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth with sensation of torpor.—Roughness of the tongue.—Vesicles on the edges of the tongue, with cutting pains.—Sore throat with shooting pains at night, aggravated by deglutition.—Dryness and sensation of torpor in the throat.—Accumulation of mucus in the throat.—Expectoration of sour mucus.

APPETITE.—Bitterness or sweetish bitterness in the mouth, especially in the morning.—Thirst, especially morning and evening.—Absence of appetite and *repugnance to all food*, even when thinking of it.—Dislike to meat.

STOMACH.—*Empty eructations* ; mucus, bitter and putrid eructations.—Regurgitation of fluid, preceded by a quivering in the stomach.—Disgust and nausea, with accumulation of water in the mouth.—Vomiting, first of food, then of mucus.—Sensation of coldness in the stomach, with desire to vomit in bed in the morning.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Shootings in the left hypochondrium*, especially in the evening, before and after a meal.—Tension, hardness and fulness of the abdomen.—*Violent shootings in the whole abdomen*, but especially round the navel.—Painful drawing in the abdomen.—Tension in the hypogastrium, pressure towards the groins, as if they were going to burst, when stretching the body.

FÆCES.—Fæces, at one time hard, at another soft.—Loose evacuations, with violent thirst.—*Discharge of ascariides during evacuation*.

URINE.—*Increased secretion of urine*.—Emission of urine at night.—Emission of urine, drop by drop.—Urine of a clear or greenish colour.—Stinging in the orifice of the urethra, after the emission of urine.—*Catamenia too early* and too profuse, with thick, black menstrual blood.—*Catamenia too feeble*.—Flow of blood in the intervals of the catamenia.—During the catamenia, heaviness of the head and shivering.—Thick and copious leucorrhœa, with pain in the loins and thighs, as if caused by a bruise.—Burning leucorrhœa, especially during motion.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—*Dry and shaking cough* after waking in the morning, which forces one to sit up.—Cough in the morning with expectoration and *pain as from excoriation in the chest*, throat and palate.—*Pressure in the chest, with impeded respiration*, especially in the morning, or in bed, at night.—Burning pains in the chest, sometimes when coughing.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pain in the back, as if from a bruise, on waking in the morning.—Rendings in the back

at night, which force one to move from side to side.—Stinging and *tension in the nape of the neck*.—Jerks in the arms.—Tearing in the shoulders and arms.—Tearing and stinging in the hands and fingers, with contraction of those parts.—Tremor of the hands.—*Rending in the tips of the fingers at night*.—Nocturnal pains in the legs and loins.—Heaviness, at one time in the hips, at another in the loins.—Rending in the legs, and especially in the thigh-bones, and stinging pains in the toes, which are thereby contracted.

111.—MANGANUM.

MANG.—Manganese.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 7 weeks in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Coff.

COMPARE WITH: Amm: coff. con. lyc. plat. puls. thuy. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—*Arthritic affections*; Articular rheumatism; Aching pains; Megrims; Acute and chronic angina; Odontalgia; Chronic catarrh; *Chronic laryngitis*; (Laryngeal phthisis), &c., &c.

[Manganese, when slowly introduced into the system, produces paralysis of the motor nerves, with symptoms of paraplegia; it differs from lead in not causing colic nor constipation, and from mercury in first affecting the lower extremities and in not exciting tremors. It excites inflammation of the liver, spleen and heart; and causes an extraordinary secretion of bile, so that nearly all the intestines are coloured yellow by it, and the large intestines have a wax-yellow colour communicated to them. It has proved efficient in abscesses in the brain; in chronic constipation; in atrophy of the testicles; in acute and chronic inflammations of the liver, and in chronic inflammation of the heart, &c. *Ed.*] -

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Dull stinging and jerking*, in different parts of the body.—*Drawing and rending*, especially in the limbs.—Drawing and tension in the limbs and joints, as if from contraction of the tendons, especially when stretching the parts.—*Arthritic pains in the joints*, also stinging, jerking and searching, laterally or transversely, and aggravated in the evening.—*Red and shining swelling of the joints* sometimes in consequence of a chill.—*Inflammation of the bones*, with penetrating and insupportable pains at night.—Weakness and tremor, especially in the joints.—

Sensation of uneasiness in the whole body, but especially in the stomach, with peevishness.—To the slightest touch, a sensation over the whole body, as if it were ulcerated.—*The majority of the symptoms appear during the night.*—The symptoms which manifest themselves in a room, are mitigated in the open air, and *vice versa.*—*Many of the symptoms are mitigated or aggravated by the changes of the weather.*

SKIN.—Burning all over the skin in the evening and on rising from bed.—Itching tetters.—The skin does not heal easily, every injury tends to ulceration.—*Excoriation and fissures in the bend of the joints.*

SLEEP.—Great weariness with inclination to sleep, towards eight o'clock in the evening.—*Many very vivid and anxious dreams, of which a distinct remembrance is retained.*—*Frequent yawning.

FEVER.—Shivering in the evening, with stinging headache, without thirst.—Shiverings, with transient heat in the head.—Feverish heat in the chest and cheeks, with painful sensibility of the whole body when touched.—Nocturnal sweat, sometimes only in the neck and legs, which forces one to scratch.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Peevishness and taciturnity, with thoughts fixed upon oneself.*—Abstraction.—*Dullness of the senses.*

HEAD.—The head is heavy, with a sensation as if it were increased in size.—Burning and pressive pains in the head, which disappear in the open air.—*Tensive, stinging and drawing pain in the head in the open air, mitigated in a room.*—*Congestion of the head, with pulsation as if the brain were going to suppurate, relieved in the open air.*—*Painful tremor of the brain, when moving.*—The head-ache which comes on in a room, is mitigated in the open air, and *vice versa.*

EYES.—Pressure in the eyes when they are fatigued, or by candle-light in the evening.—**Burning heat and dryness of the eyes.*—Eye-lids swollen, and painful when they are moved.—*Agglutination of the eye-lids in the morning.*—Pupils dilated or contracted.—Confused sight.—*Near-sightedness (Myopia).*

EARS.—*Otalgia.*—Drawing pains in the ears, commencing from other organs.—*Shootings in the ears, when speaking, swallowing, laughing and walking actively.*—*Hardness of hearing, as if from obstruction of the ears, removed by blowing the nose, aggravated or ameliorated according to the change of weather.*—Buzzing and rumbling in the ears.

—*Thundering in the ears, when blowing the nose and swallowing, and crashing when yawning.*

Nose.—Dry coryza, and *obstruction of the nose.*—Coryza, with loss of smell and secretion of thick mucus.—Redness, excoriation and inflammation of the nose during the coryza.

FACE.—*Pale, sunk and wan face.*—Violent tearing and squeezing between the root of the nose and the eye-brows.—Jerking, stinging from the lower jaw to the temples, when laughing.—Lips excessively dry.—*Eruptions and ulcers on the commissures of the lips.*—Spasms in the jaw after a meal.

TEETH.—Painful tenderness of the teeth.—*Violent pains in the teeth, which pass rapidly to other parts.*—Tearing in the molares and adjacent parts, with great despondency and restlessness, especially morning and evening.—Pains, as from ulceration in the teeth, aggravated till they become insupportable by contact with any thing cold.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Odour of clay in the mouth in the morning, and burning blisters on the tongue.—*Sore-throat, with cutting pain as from excoriation, when not swallowing.*—Dull stinging in both sides of the pharynx, and extending as far as the ears when swallowing.—Dryness and scraping in the throat, with a sensation as if a leaf obstructed the larynx.

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—Insipid and oily taste.—*Absence of thirst.*—Repugnance to food, arising from a sensation of satiety.—Sensation of burning sourness, ascending from the stomach like pyrosis.—Heat and *burning in the stomach*, ascending to the chest, sometimes attended with great uneasiness.—Traction in the region of the stomach, as if the epigastrium were dilated, accompanied with nausea.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure in the hypochondria.—Abdomen large and distended.—Pressive pain, as from excoriation in the abdomen and epigastrium.—Contraction, with sensation of heat, from the middle of the abdomen to the chest, with nausea.—Cuttings in the umbilical region, when taking a deep inspiration.—Movements in the abdomen, as if the intestines rolled against each other.—*Excessive emission of wind.*

FÆCES.—*Constipation.*—*Difficult, dry, knotty evacuations.—*Evacuations of the consistence of pap, several times a day.—Frequent rumbling in the rectum.—Colic and cutting pains in the rectum during evacuation.—Successive traction and rending in the rectum.—Contractive pains in the anus.

URINE.—*Frequent desire to urinate.*—Violet-coloured and earthy sediment in the urine.—Lancinations in the urethra, at a time different from the emission of urine.—Cutting pains in the region of the bladder.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Sensation of weakness in the genital organs, with burning and *jerking drawings in the spermatic cord*, and into the glans.—Itching on the top of the glans.—Catamenia too early.—Pressure on the genital organs.—Leucorrhœa.

LARYNX.—**Obstinate hoarseness and roughness*, especially in the morning and in the open air, as if caused by chronic inflammation of the larynx.—Sensation, as if the larynx were obstructed.—*Catarrh, with coryza and hoarseness.—Cough, with hoarseness.—*Dry cough*, excited by reading aloud, or speaking too long, with troublesome dryness and roughness in the larynx.—Copious expectoration of small globules of yellowish green mucus, almost without cough in the morning.—Spitting of blood.

CHEST AND TRUNK.—Hot and burning breath, with disagreeable heat in the chest.—Stinging in the chest and sternum, which takes a direction from above downwards.—Throbbing in the chest.—**Sudden strokes in the heart*, and in the sides of the chest, from above downwards.—Rending along the entire extent of the spine, during repose and movement.—Rigidity of the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Drawing and *tearing*, beginning at the shoulder and extending as far as *the arms, hands and fingers.*—*Tensive pain in the joints of the arms and hands.*—Boring and searching in the bones of the arm, as if in the marrow.—Tension in the elbow-joint, as if the tendons were too short.—Itching tetter on the fore-arm.—Cramp-like pains in the hands.—Inflammatory swelling and ulceration of the little finger.—Fissures in the bend of the finger-joints.

LEGS.—Jerkings of the muscles of the legs on the slightest motion.—Cramp-like drawing or jerking stinging in the thighs.—Pain, as from tensive rigidity in the legs.—Tearing round the knee.—Want of firmness and trembling of the knees.—Swelling and inflammation of malleoli, with stinging into the legs.—Burning in the sole of the foot.—Excoriation between the toes.

112.—MENYANTHES TRIFOLIATA.

MEN.—Buck-bean.—HAHNEMANN.—A medicine as yet very little known, and which has been hitherto used only against some *Intermittent fevers*, *Olorrhœa* caused by exanthemata, and *spasmodic affections*.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Jerking of the muscles in

different parts, principally during repose.—*Stinging pains and pinchings* in the limbs and joints.—Great general debility, especially when walking, often accompanied by shivering.—The majority of the sufferings are aggravated during repose and towards the evening, and are mitigated by motion, or by pressing the hand on the part affected.—Agitated sleep, with vivid dreams, but of which no recollection is retained, and frequent frightful startings.

FEVER.—Predominance of coldness.—Shuddering, as if after travelling a long way on foot, or listening to some frightful tale, over the upper part of the body, or in the legs, with the hair standing on end.—Sensation of coldness, especially in the fingers.—**Fever, with coldness in the abdomen.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety and apprehension.—Indifference to every thing.—Tearful sadness.—Buffoonery and excessive gaiety.

HEAD.—*Permanent heaviness of the head.*—Compressive, or pressive *head-ache*, with a sensation when going up stairs, as if a very heavy load were weighing on the forehead, mitigated by pressing the hand against the head.—Head bewildered and confused in a room, with slowness of conception, mitigated in the open air.—Tensive *head-ache*.—Gnawing in the exterior of the top of the head.—Burning pains in the skin of the forehead.

EYES.—Cloudiness of the eyes when reading.—Frequent spasmodic torpor of the eye-lids.

EARS.—Tingling in the ears.—Cracking in the ear, when chewing.—Discharge from the ears.—Stinging in the ears.

NOSE.—Offensive odour before the nose, like that of rotten eggs.—Tension in the root of the nose.

FACE.—Redness and heat of the face during sleep.—Heat in the face with coldness of the feet.—Visible twitching of the muscles of the face and eye-lids.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Sensation of paralysis on the left side of the palate, when yawning and coughing.—Dryness and roughness in the throat, which impede the deglutition of saliva.—Desire for meat and dislike to bread and butter.

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—Sweetish bitterness in the mouth.—Frequent empty eructations.—Troublesome confusion in the head, after a meal.—Bulimy, sometimes after eating.—Contractive cramps in the stomach.—Continued rumbling in the stomach, as if it were empty.—Heat in the stomach, followed by excessive hunger.

ABDOMINAL REGION AND FÆCES.—**Sensation of coldness in the abdomen*, especially when pressing upon it.—Pain, as from excoriation in the integuments of the abdomen.—Distension of the abdomen, caused by great flatulency.—Pinchings in the abdomen.—Constipation.—Hard fæces, with pinchings in the abdomen.

URINE AND GENITAL ORGANS.—Frequent desire to *make water*, with scanty emission.—Increase of sexual desire, without excitement of the imagination, or erection.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—Hoarse and rough voice, with obstruction of the ears, as if something had been introduced into them.—Spasmodic contraction of the larynx, with irritation to cough, when drawing breath.—*Shooting compression on both sides of the chest*.—Pressive pain in the loins, when seated and when stooping, as if these parts had been beaten.—Dull and boring stingings in the left shoulder-blade.—Tearing between the shoulder-blades.—*Rigidity and heaviness in the muscles of the neck and nape*.

EXTREMITIES.—Paralytic tearing and spasmodic drawings in the arms, hands and fingers.—Spasmodic stiffness of the arms, with involuntary retraction of the fingers.—Painful jerking in the arm and little finger.—*Pain in the thighs, as if caused by a bruise*.—°Shocks and convulsive movements in the thighs.

113.—MEPHITIS PUTORIUS.

MEPH.—The fetid juice of the Polar pole-cat.—HERING.—*Duration of effect*: a short time.

ANTIDOTE:—*Camph.* which only affords a brief mitigation.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Rheumatic pains*.—Shifting pains, with desire to urinate.—An occasional sensation, as if struck by electric sparks.—*Sensation of paralysis*, especially during the pains.—Great dejection and lassitude, during which the muscles are painful to the touch, and when one moves.—*Indolence, with desire to stretch and stretching*.—Internal agitation of the whole body, with sensation of unspeakable uneasiness.—*Slight quivering of the nerves*, as if in the interior of the bones.—°Many of the symptoms manifest themselves in the morning.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep, to such an extent as even to sleep when in company.—Diurnal sleepiness, with sound sleep at night.—Frequent yawning, which causes tears to flow.—*Very vivid dreams, the recollection of which is retained*.—Dreams of fire, water, distressing losses, of spitting of blood, &c.—*Night-mare*.—Waking at night, with congestion of blood and heat in the limbs.—Somnolent heavi-

ness in the morning, with burning in the eyes and tearing in the limbs; greatly mitigated by a change of position.—*Frequent and early waking*, often with a sensation of being refreshed.

FEVER.—Coldness in the evening, desire to make water, and colic, as if caused by diarrhœa.—Heat in the head, genital organs and legs, at night.—*Increased heat, especially in the morning*, with skin less sensitive to cold and cold water.—Cold water ablutions are found very agreeable.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Ill-humour about trifles or imaginary troubles.—Unfitness for intellectual labour, caused by too lively an imagination.—Excessive loquacity, as if from having drunk too much.—Excitement, while the head is hot.

HEAD.—Vertigo when stooping suddenly, when seated, moving the head, and turning in bed, or in the evening.—*Confused dulness in the head*, as if it had grown too large, accompanied by ill-humour and nausea.—Violent head-ache, with sensation of fulness, like a weight or pressure, especially in the occiput.—Sensation in various parts, as if caused by digging the finger into them.—*Pain above the eyes*.—Head-ache from the motion of a carriage, or else in the evening.

EYES.—*Lancination in the eyes*, as if they were pricked by needles.—Pains in the eyes when turning them, as if some object were introduced into them, or as if they had been much fatigued.—Heat, *burning* and pressure in the eyes, especially in the morning and evening.—Pressure on the eye-lids and burning on the margins, as if a styne were about to form.—Injection of the vessels of the sclerotica.—*Redness of the conjunctiva*, as if from ecchymosis.—Myopia.—*Confusion of the letters when reading*.—Confused sight.—*Inability to read small print*.—Nocturnal blindness.—While the sight is weak, pains in the eyes or in the head are generally present.—The eyes are affected principally in the evening.

EARS—TEETH.—Tearing in the ears, or in the jaw and teeth.—Otalgia.—Itching, heat, redness and erysipelas in the (right) external ear.—Dryness of the nose.—Epistaxis.—Prolonged desire to sneeze.—Flowing coryza with pain as from excoriation in the chest.—*Pains in the carious teeth* (the molares), especially in the lower jaw.—Sudden shocks in the roots of the teeth.—Drawing and tearing in the teeth.

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—*Nausea*, with scraping in the

throat and sensation as if the head were swollen, when fasting.—Sobbing eructations.—Eructations, mitigated by flatulency.—Tendency to choke when drinking and speaking.—Troublesome and ineffectual desire to hawk.—Metallic taste.—Desire for salted food.—Appetite and absence of appetite in alternation.—*Absence of appetite in the morning*, and also repugnance to tobacco-smoke.—Lassitude and desire to sleep after a meal.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the hypochondria.—Rheumatic pain (in the right side), or like those caused by flatulency (in the left side).—*Pressure in the stomach with colic*.—Sensation of emptiness in the stomach and nausea.—Colic as if caused by diarrhœa, not followed by evacuation.—Pressure and movements in the abdomen as if caused by a chill, with sensation of coldness, trembling and desire to urinate, relieved when near the fire.—Pains in the abdomen in the evening.

FÆCES—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Evacuations occur seldom, but the fæces are liquid*.—Diarrhœa.—Frequent desire to make water, especially at night, with emission of clear urine.—The urine is turbid, with a sediment, in the evening, after an attack of fever.—Itching in the scrotum.—The genital organs are hot.—Excoriation of the genital organs in the female, and swelling of the labia majora.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—Cough when reading aloud, when speaking, and after a fit of choking whilst drinking.—Cough in the morning, with expectoration in consequence of a catarrh.—Mucus expelled by a fit of coughing every morning.—Catarrhal sufferings.—Pains in the (left) ribs, from being touched and from pressure, but especially when coughing and sneezing.—Pain as from excoriation in the ribs, à posteriori, and in the chest, when taking a deep inspiration and when moving the back.

TRUNK AND ARMS.—Pains in the (right) side of the neck.—Tension in the muscles of the nape.—Pain and a sort of paralysis in the back and limbs.—Lancination in the spine when moving.—Pains in the loins as from a bruise, in the morning.—*Rheumatic pains in the arms*, with paralytic drawings, mitigated by movement.—Tearing or sensation in the back as if caused by a bruise.—*Uneasiness in the arm*, which is, as it were, insensible.—Trembling in the arm on holding it up.—Jerking in the hand.—Unpleasant sensation in the first phalanx of the finger, which obliges one to stretch and crack it.

LEGS.—Drawing and rheumatic pains in the thighs, the hip and the foot, but principally in the leg.—Pains in the

knee, as if caused by a bruise.—Cramp-like and sudden pain in the foot, which obliges one to skip.—*Uneasiness in the legs*, as if they were about to become benumbed.—Lancinations in the foot.—Pain in the heel, which resembles gout.—Pricking or sensation of pinching in the great toe.—Burning in the little toe.—*Pains and burning in the corns continually.*

MERCURIUS.

MERC.—Mercury.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 3 to 4 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Arn. asa. bell. camph. carb-v. chin. dulc. electric. hep. iod. lach. lyc. mez. nitr-ac. op. sass. sep. sil. sulph.—*It is used as an antidote against* : Aur. bell. ant. chin. coff. cupr. dulc. diad. fer. lach. mez. op. sulph. valer.

COMPARE WITH : Acon. amm. ant. arg. arn. ars. asa. aur. bar. bell. bry. calc. carb. caus. cham. chin. clem. coff. colch. con. cupr. dig. dulc. euphorb. guai. hep. iod. lach. laur. lyc. mez. nitr-ac. n-vom. op. phos-ac. puls. rhus. sass. selen. sep. sil. staph. stront. sulph. thuy. valer. veratr.—Mercury, if otherwise indicated, is particularly beneficial after : *Bell. hep. lach.* After mercury, *Bell. chin. dulc. hep. lach. nitr ac. sep. sulph.* are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Being guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be :—Sufferings caused by a chill, principally in the cool of the evening ; Rheumatic and arthritic affections, with inflammatory swelling ; Local inflammations ; *Syphilitic, scrofulous, rickety, dropsical complaints* ; *Affections, principally in lymphatic, plethoric patients*, or persons of a leucophlegmatic constitution, with *sickly nutrition*, weak in body and mind, with a tendency to suffer from exposure to cold and to perspire easily, a phlegmatic temperament, and disposed to melancholy ; Attacks of convulsions ? ; Epilepsy ? ; Cachexia, from the abuse of cinchona or sulphur ; Chronic sufferings from the abuse of wine or coffee, as well as those arising from venereal excess, or from onanism ; Sanguineous congestions, or hæmorrhagia ; Exostosis, necrosis, caries and other diseases of the bones ; *Arthocrace* ? ; *Swelling and inflammation of the glands* ; Psoric, miliary, urticarious, purulent and pustular eruptions ; Dry, furfuraceous or raw, scabby and suppurating tetters ; *Simple and phlegmonous erysipelas* ; Syphilitic spots and ulcers, and other *ulcerations and suppurations* ; *Icterus* ; Malignant scarlatina ? ; Small-pox in the period of suppuration ; *Inflammatory fevers, with disposition to perspire profusely* ; Typhus fever, of a mucous, bilious, or putrid character ; Atrophy of scrofulous children ; Melancholy ; Nostalgia ? ; Drunkenness ; Cerebral congestion with vertigo ; *Rheumatic* or catarrhal cephalalgia ; Nervous cephalalgia ? ; Sanguineous apoplexy ? ; or

Serous?; Concussion of the brain; Encephelitis; Acute hydrocephalus?; Scald-head; Falling off of the hair; Scrofulous, rheumatic, catarrhal (and arthritic) ophthalmia?; Syphilitic ophthalmia; Ulcers on the cornea; Amblyopia amaurotica; Hemeralopia?; Blepharophthalmia; Ectropium?; Otitis?; Rheumatic and catarrhal otalgia; Hardness of hearing after taking cold, or in consequence of tonsillary angina; Otorrhœa; Ozæna; Phlegmonous erysipelas of the nose; Crusta lactea and facial tetters; Difficult dentition of children, with fever; Rheumatic prosopalgia and odontalgia, with fluxion; Trismus; Stammering?; Stomacace; Aphthæ of children; Glossitis; Ranula; Tonsillary, pharyngeal and palatal anginæ, with phlegmon; Syphilitic ulcers in the throat; Salivation; Gastro-mucous and bilious affections, with vomiting, diarrhœa and fever; Cholera?; Hepatitis; Abdominal obstruction; Icterus; Enteritis?; Peritonitis?; Ascites; Colic, with diarrhœa; Diarrhœa after morbilli, or in the case of nurses; Diarrhœa during dentition; Dysentery; Prolapsus recti; Vermiculous complaints; Mucous or bilious diarrhœa; Hæmaturia; Diabetes mellitus?; Urethritis and gonorrhœa; Orchitis; CHANCRES; Scrofulous and syphilitic buboes; Erysipelas of the scrotum; Prolapsus vaginæ; Inflammation and dropsy of the ovaries?; Puerperal peritonitis?; Metritis?; Cancer of the uterus?; Dysmenorrhœa; Leucorrhœa; Sterility; Erysipelas; Excoriation and ulceration of the breasts; Catarrhal and inflammatory affections of the respiratory organs and lungs; Aphonia; Grippe; Phthisis?; Humid Asthma?; Hydrothorax; Cramps in the chest, from the vapour of arsenic, or copper; Coxalgia; Panaris.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Rending and drawing, or stinging pains in the limbs, principally at night, in the heat of the bed, which renders the pain insupportable.*—**Red and shining inflammatory swellings.*—**Nocturnal aching pains.*—**Aggravations of sufferings at night, or in the evening, as well as from the fresh (evening) air.*—**Throbbings, sensation of dislocation, and arthritic pains in the joints, with swelling.*—**Rheumatic pains, with profuse sweat, which affords no relief.*—**One feels much better in the morning and during repose, and especially when lying down, than when seated or walking.*—**The whole body feels as if it had been bruised, with soreness in all the bones.*—**Great uneasiness in the limbs, with pains in the joints, principally in the evening.*—**Great fatigue, weakness and rapid sinking of strength, with great uneasiness of body and mind.*—**Agitation of*

blood and frequent trembling, even after the least exertion.—*Sanguinolent congestions and hæmorrhagia.—Great tendency of the limbs to become numbed.—Cramps, *convulsive movements* and °nocturnal attacks of epilepsy, with cries, rigidity of the body, distension of the abdomen, itching in the nose and thirst.—Tonic spasms and tetanus.—Cataleptic rigidity of the body.—*Fainting fits.*—Paralysis of several limbs.—*Emaciation and atrophy of the whole body.*—**Excitability and sensibility of all the organs.*

SKIN.—**Yellow colour of the skin, with perspiration which imparts a yellow colour to the linen.*—**Enlargement, inflammation and ulceration of the glands, with pulsative and shooting pains, hard, red and shining swelling, or without any perceptible alteration of the skin.*—**Miliary, urticarious, pimpled, or pustular and purulent eruptions.*—Itching pimples, which burn after being scratched.—**Eruptions which resemble scabies, and which bleed easily.*—°Wounds ulcerate easily, -(and become gangrenous).—*Erysipelatous inflammations.*—Red and raised spots, or maculæ hepaticæ, or those which resemble scorbutic spots.—*Small and very itchy pimples, which ulcerate, and are covered with scabs.*—°Tettery, excoriated and oozing spots, or **dry, itching and farinaceous tetters.*—Desquamation of the skin.—**Phagedenic, -or bluish, fungous, and easily bleeding, or superficial ulcers, presenting an appearance as if bitten by insects, or secreting an ichorous and acrid pus.*—**Cancerous ulcers.*—*Violent and voluptuous itching over the whole body, principally in the evening, or at night augmented by the heat of the bed, and sometimes with burning after being scratched.*—Thickening of the periosteum; **exostosis and caries*; abscess in the joints; great brittleness of the bones.

SLEEP.—**Excessive inclination to sleep, day and night; deep and prolonged sleep.*—Desire to sleep without being able to do so.—**Sleep retarded in the evening, and -one wakes too early in the morning.*—**Very light and uneasy sleep, -with frequent wakings, starts and fright.*—*Sleeplessness from nervous excitability.*—*Frequent, anxious, horrible, fantastic, historical, vivid and voluptuous dreams; dreams of robbers, of dogs that bite, of rebellion, of floods, of shots, &c., &c.*—**Inquietude at night, anxiety, agitation and tossing, uneasiness, pains, heat or sweat, agitation of blood, cries, tears, palpitation of the heart, vertigo and many other sufferings.*—On going to sleep, aggravation of the pains, starts and frightful spectres before the sight; during sleep, talking, groans, sighs, short respiration, with

the mouth open and the hands cold; *on waking, sweat, -cries, tears and incoherent expressions.

FEVER.—Coldness and shivering, shuddering over the whole body, principally after having slept, day and night, or only at night, or in the evening and morning in bed, and sometimes with bluish colour of the skin, icy coldness of the hands and feet, muscular twitchings, convulsive movements of the head, arms and legs, sensation in the limbs as from a bruise, and desire to lie down, with trembling in the limbs, sharp pains in the head, desire to urinate, somnolency, &c.—Heat in the face and head, with redness and burning in the cheeks, and coldness, or shivering, or shuddering over the whole body; or *heat alternating with shiverings or sweats.—During the heat, insatiable thirst, great desire for milk, and aggravation of the pains when uncovered.—*Attacks of fever at night, or in the evening; fever, with inflammatory symptoms, or with putridity; -slow and hectic fever.—*Pulse irregular, or quick, strong and intermittent, -or weak, slow and trembling.—*Copious, excessive and colliquative sweats, both day and night, in the morning, in the evening after lying down, and when eating, and sometimes fetid, sour or oily, staining the linen yellow.—Sweat, with nausea and desire to vomit, great fatigue, thirst, anxiety, obstructed respiration, stitches in the side, &c., &c.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Great anguish, inquietude and agitation, -with fear of losing one's reason, or with excessive internal torment, principally in the evening or when in bed at night, as if one had committed some crime.—*Moral dejection, -with great indifference, discouragement, dread of exertion and disgust of life.—Apprehensions.—Ill-humour, disposition to be angry and fly into a passion, great susceptibility of character, quarrelsome humour, mistrust and suspicion.—Moroseness and repugnance to conversation.—*Groans.—Excitability and great moral irritability, with a disposition to be easily frightened.—Distraction, inadvertence, difficult conception.—*Entire unfitness for meditation and tendency to make mistakes while speaking.—Weakness of memory.—Instability of ideas, one of which constantly drives away the other.—Raving.—Attacks of mania and dementia, with disposition to shed tears.—Loss of consciousness and of speech.—Fury, with dread of liquids.

HEAD.—*Cloudiness, -intoxication and dizziness, principally in the morning on waking and on getting up.—*Vertigo, principally on getting up, or on raising up the head, -or when seated, or lying on the back, as well as during or after

a walk in the open air, or in the evening, and often attended with nausea, cloudiness of the sight, anxious heat and desire to lie down.—Heaviness, fulness and pressure in the head, as if the forehead were squeezed by a band, or that the cranium would split.—(In the evening) painful sensibility of the brain, while the head is fatigued by noise, relieved by resting the head on the arm.—Violent head-ache, which forces one to compress the head between both hands.—*Heat and burning, or tearing and drawing pains, or stinging in the head, often only one-sided and extending to the ears, teeth and neck.—Agitation, boring and searching, shocks, and beatings in the head.—Pain in the brain, as if from a bruise, while in bed and in the morning.—Nocturnal cephalalgia.—Aching pains in the head, and *exostosis on the cranium.—Swelling of the head; *soreness of the hairy scalp; sharp and burning pains in the integuments of the cranium.—Dry eruption on the head; small scabs in the hair, sometimes with burning itching; *running scabs with excoriation of the hairy scalp, and destruction of the hair.—Falling off of the hair.—*Sweat on the head and forehead, sometimes cold and clammy.

EYES.—Eyes confused, dull, and surrounded by a livid circle.—*Pressing in the eyes, as if from sand, °principally when fixing the attention on any object.—Stinging, *itching, tickling and burning in the eyes, principally in the open air.—*Eyes red and inflamed, with redness of the conjunctiva, or of the sclerotica, and injection of the vessels of the sclerotica or of the external canthi of the eyes.—*Abundant lachrymation, principally in the evening.—*Excessive sensibility of the eyes to light and to the brightness of fire.—°Pustules in the conjunctiva and ulcers in the cornea.—*Eye-lid red, inflamed, swollen, °ulcerated on the margins, and covered with scabs.—*Sensation under the eye-lid, as if from the presence of a cutting instrument.—Swelling in the eye-lid, like hordeolum.—*Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—*Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids, with difficulty in opening them.—°Scabs round the eyes.—*Amblyopia and confused sight, as if looking through a mist; momentary loss of sight; *black points, hovering flies, flames and sparks before the eyes.—Mobility of letters when reading.

EARS.—*Tearing, stinging and drawing pains in the ears, sometimes with a sensation of coldness, as if there were ice in the ear, increased by the heat of the bed.—The ear and the auditory tube are as if they were inflamed, with cramp-like and stinging pains.—*Excoriation and ulceration of the concha auris.—*Purulent otorrhœa and °fungous excrescences in the

ear *with *tearing* in the affected side of the head and in the face.—Flow of blood from the ears.—Discharge of cerumen.—Subcutaneous tumour, and furfuraceous and running pimples on the lobe.—**Hardness of hearing*, sometimes with *obstruction of the ears*, which ceases when swallowing or blowing the nose, -or with an extraordinary reverberation of all sounds in the ear.—Tingling, **roaring*, and *buzzing* in the ears, -principally *in the evening*.—Painful sensibility and inflammatory swelling of the parotides.

Nose.—*Swelling of the bones of the nose, with painful sensibility on being touched.—Itching in the nose.—Tension, pressure, and sensation of heaviness in the nose.—Blackish colour of the nose.—*Inflammatory swelling*, and *shining redness of the nose*, with itching.—Scabs in the nostrils.—Discharge of a fetid and acrid pus from the nostrils.—**Frequent and profuse bleeding from the nose*, also during sleep, and sometimes when coughing.—Obstruction and °dryness of the nose.—°*Frequent sneezing*.—°Dry coryza, with obstruction in the nose, or **flowing coryza* °with copious discharge of acrid serum.—Putrid smell from the nose.—Painful pustules in the nose.

FACE.—**Face pale or yellowish*, -or lead coloured, *or *carthy*.—Features distorted and drawn to one side.—Circle of bluish red round the eyes.—Feverish heat and *redness of the cheeks*.—**Bloatedness and swelling of the face*, -principally round the eyes.—*Swelling of the cheek.—**Tearing in the bones and muscles* (of one side) *of the face*.—Pressure and twitches in the zygomatic process.—Sensation of tension in the skin of the face and head.—Perspiration on the face.—Red and tettery spots on the face.—**Yellowish scab on the face*, -with discharge of a fetid humour, constant itching day and night, and bleeding after having scratched.—*Lips rough, dry and °blackish, with burning when they are touched.—Swelling and *ulceration of the lips*.—**Yellowish scabs*, -purulent pustules and small ulcers on the lips and round the chin.—*Fissures, rhagades, and ulceration of the corners of the mouth.—Distortion of the mouth, and convulsive movements of the lips.—**Spasm and immobility of the jaws*, with inflammatory swelling of the lower jaw, and *tension in the muscles of the neck.—°*Obstruction and inflammatory swelling of the submaxillary glands* with stinging or pulsative pains, or without pain.—Caries of the jaw.

TEETH.—**Tearing, stinging or pulsative pains* in the carious teeth, or *in the roots of the teeth*, often spreading as far as the ears, and *in the entire cheek* of the side affected, sometimes also *with painful swelling of the cheek* or of the

submaxillary glands, with salivation and shivering.—* *Appearance or aggravation of tooth-ache, principally in the evening or at night, in the heat of the bed, where it is insupportable; renewed by the fresh air, as well as by eating, and taking any thing hot or cold into the mouth.*—* *The teeth are set on edge, -grow black, loosen and fall out.*—* *Itching and redness of the gums.*—The gums are fungous and bleed easily.—* *Retraction and swelling of the gums, principally at night, with burning pain and sensation of excoriation on touching them and on eating.*—* *Gums livid, discoloured, and very sensitive.*—* *Ulceration of the gums.*

MOUTH.—* *Putrid smell from the mouth.*—Bluish colour, excoriation, and * *inflammatory swelling of the inside of the mouth*—Burning pain, vesicles, blisters, * *aphthæ and ulcers in the mouth.*—Sensation of dryness in the mouth and palate, or * *accumulation of tenacious mucus.*—Ulceration of the orifice of the salivary duct, and * *profuse discharge of excessively fetid saliva, -which is sometimes also sanguinolent.*—* *Tongue moist, coated with white and thick, or dry, 'brown or blackish mucus.*—* *Hardness, inflammatory swelling and ulceration of the tongue, with stinging pains.*—Rigidity, insensibility, and immobility of the tongue.—* *Sensation in the tongue, as if it were burnt.*—Quivering of the tongue.—* *Rapid and stammering speech; *entire loss of speech.*—Ulceration and caries in the palate.

THROAT.—* *Painful dryness of the throat, which impedes speech.*—* *Pain, as from excoriation and smarting in the throat, or sensation of heat, which ascends into the gullet.*—* *Stinging pains in the throat and tonsils, principally when swallowing.*—* *Elongation and swelling of the uvula.*—* *Suppuration of the amygdalæ.*—Pressure and pains, as from excoriation and ulceration in the œsophagus.—* *Inflammatory swelling and redness of all the back parts of the mouth and throat.*—^o *Accumulation of thick and tenacious mucus in the throat.*—* *Sensation as if there were a tumour or some foreign body in the throat, which it is necessary to swallow.*—* *Constant desire to swallow.*—* *Painful, difficult, and sometimes also spasmodic deglutition, with danger of suffocation.*—* *Inability to swallow the least liquid, which escapes through the nostrils.*—* *The pains in the throat commonly extend as far as the ears, the parotides, the submaxillary glands and those of the neck; they are aggravated for the most part by empty deglutition, as well as at night, in the fresh air and when speaking, and they are often accompanied with salivation.*

APPETITE.—* *Putrid, salt, -sweetish, or metallic taste.*—

Bitter taste, principally when fasting, *in the morning*.—Rye-bread has a bitter or sweetish taste.—**Acid and mucous taste* during a meal and at other times.—**Violent burning thirst*, day and night, with desire for cold drinks, and principally for milk and beer.—Desire for wine and spirits.—**Insatiable appetite and hunger*, with insipidity of food.—*Bulimy*, with great weakness.—**Want of appetite*.—No desire for food, which, however, is agreeable to the taste, when it is eaten.—Thirst, more decided than appetite.—Speedy satiety when eating.—**Dislike to all food*, principally *solid nutriment*, meat, sweetmeats, cooked victuals and coffee.—*Great weakness of digestion*, with continued hunger and *pressure in the stomach*, frequent *eructations*, *pyrosis* and many other inconveniences after a meal.—Bread lies heavy in the stomach.

STOMACH.—**Excessive nausea and desire to vomit*, -often with *cutting and pressive pains in the stomach*, chest and abdomen, with anxiety and inquietude, head-ache, vertigo, cloudiness of vision and transient heat.—*The nausea often increases after a meal*, and is accompanied by a sensation in the throat, as if things sweetened with sugar had been partaken of.—*Eructations* principally after eating, and often of a *putrid* or bitter, or sour and rancid taste.—**Violent empty eructations*.—Regurgitation after eating and drinking.—Pyrosis, regurgitation of a rancid liquid and *hiccough*, during and after a meal.—**Vomiturition and vomiting of mucous, bitter or bilious matters*.—Violent vomiting with convulsive movements.—Burning, violent pain, and **excessive tenderness of the stomach and precordial region*.—Tension, fulness, and **pressure as if from a stone in the pit of the stomach*, principally during or after a meal, however little has been eaten.—Sharp, constrictive pain in the precordial region.—Cramp-like pains in the stomach, however little has been eaten.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Painful sensibility of the hepatic region*, with *stinging, burning pains*, augmented by every movement of the body or of the parts affected.—**Swelling and hardness of the liver*.—**Complete Icterus*.—**Abdomen hard and inflated*, with soreness when touched, principally in the umbilical region.—**Violent colic with cutting and stinging as if caused by knives*, painful contractions and pinchings in the abdomen, **principally at night*, or in the cool of the evening.—Tension and *pressure, as if caused by a stone*, principally in the umbilical region.—Burning in the abdomen, round the navel.—**Excessive and insupportable pains in the abdomen*, which disappear only when one lies down.

—Pain in the abdomen, as if caused by having taken cold.—Sensation as if the intestines were loose and moving about in the abdomen when walking.—**The pains in the abdomen are often accompanied by shivering, or by heat and redness of the cheeks, as well as by great sensibility of the abdomen and precordial region to touch and to the least pressure.*—Sufferings from flatulency, principally at night, with distension of the abdomen, borborygmus and rumbling.—Tension, pressure and stinging in the groins, as if caused by knives.—*Obstruction and inflammatory swelling of the inguinal glands, with redness and painful sensibility when walking and standing.—*Ulceration and suppuration of the inguinal glands.*

FÆCES.—Constipation with hard, tenacious and knotty fæces, which cannot be evacuated without great exertion.—**Ineffectual but frequent desire to evacuate, especially at night, and sometimes with tenesmus, protrusion of hæmorrhoids, and nausea.*—**Loose and dysenteric evacuations, principally at night, with colic and violent cuttings, urgent desire to expel the fæcal matter, tenesmus and burning in the anus, pyrosis, nausea and eructations, anguish, heat or cold sweat on the face, shivering and shuddering, exhaustion and tremor of all the limbs.*—**Diarrhœa, caused by the fresh air in the evening.*—**Scanty evacuations of sanguinolent mucus.*—**Evacuations which are mucous, or bilious, or putrid, or acid, or of a greenish or brownish colour, or reddish, or a sulphur-like yellow; or a greyish-white.*—Fæces of the consistence of pap, or frothy, or like hashed substances.—**Evacuation of acrid and burning fæcal matter.*—**Discharge of blood, or of mucus from the rectum, and evacuations that are not loose, but at a time different from the habitual hour, sometimes with tenesmus.*—Protrusion of hæmorrhoids.—**Discharge of ascarides and lumbrici*—Itching, shootings and excoriation in the anus.—Prolapsus recti, which, when it protrudes, appears black and bloody.—*Evacuation of undigested substances, or black and pitch-like fæcal matter.*

URINE.—Continual desire to urinate, day and night, sometimes with ineffectual efforts, or with scanty discharge.—The stream of urine is excessively small.—*Frequent copious emission of urine, like diabetes, with great emaciation.*—Urgent desire to urinate, with incontinence of urine.—Wetting the bed at night.—Emission of urine drop by drop.—*Urine of a deep colour, or red, or brown, or white, as if mixed with flour or chalk, or the colour of blood.*—**Offensive, turbid urine which forms a sediment.*—**Sanguineous, or sour-*

smelling urine.—**Corrosive and burning urine.*—Thick sediment from the urine.—White and flock-like clouds in the urine.—Emission of hard mucus, or of flocks, and white threads during or after the discharge of urine.—*Discharge of blood from the urethra.—°Cutting and contractive pains in the renal region, at night.—Pulsation, *cutting pains, burning and shooting in the urethra*, also when not urinating.—Inflammation of the orifice of the urethra, and discharge of thick, yellowish, or serous, whitish matter.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Increase of sexual desire, and great lasciviousness*, with frequent erections and pollutions.—*Painful nocturnal erections*, and sometimes sanguineous pollutions.—The penis is small, cold and flabby.—Voluptuous itching, crawling, tearing and *shooting in the glans* and prepuce.—Puffing or *inflammatory swelling of the prepuce*, sometimes with burning pain, fissures, chapping and eruptions.—*Purulent secretion between the prepuce and the glans*, sometimes with swelling, heat and redness of the front part of the penis.—**Vesicles and phagedænic ulcers with suety bottom and elevated margin* on the glans and prepuce.—Sensation of coldness in the testes.—°Testes hard and swollen, with shining redness of the scrotum, and **dragging pain in the testes and spermatic cord*.—Itching, crawling and shooting in the testes.—Profuse perspiration of the parts when walking.—Excoriation between the private parts and the thighs.—*Suppression of the catamenia.—°*Catamenia too copious*, with uneasiness and colic.—*Metrorrhagia*.—*Before the catamenia, dry heat, with ebullition of blood, and congestion to the head.—During the catamenia, the tongue is red with deep-coloured spots, and burning, salt taste in the mouth, teeth set on edge and discoloured gums.—*Purulent, corrosive leucorrhœa*, with itching in the parts.—Itching, pimples and nodosities on the labia.—Inflammatory swelling in the vagina, with a sensation, as if it were all raw and excoriated.—°Swelling of the labia, with heat, hardness, shining redness, great sensibility when touched, and burning, pulsative, and shooting pains.—**Prolapsus vaginae*.—Easy and certain conception.—**Hard swelling in the breasts, with pain as from ulceration*, or °with *suppuration and actual ulceration*.—*Excoriation of the breasts.

LARYNX.—**Catarrh, with febrile shivering*, -hypochochondriacal humour, dislike to all food, and constipation.—*Continued hoarseness and loss of voice*.—Nasal voice.—°Burning and tickling in the larynx.—**Dry cough*, sometimes *fatiguing and shak ng*, principally in bed, in the evening, or at

night, also during sleep, and on waking in the morning, excited *by a tickling*, or a sensation of dryness in the chest, and *aggravated by speaking*.—Cough, as if caused by irritation in the stomach.—*Convulsive cough*, with vomituration.—Pains in the head and chest when coughing, as if these parts were about to burst, °or shootings in the occiput, °or pain as from excoriation in the chest and pain in the loins.—Desire to vomit and fit of choking, when coughing.—*Cough with expectoration of pure blood*.—*Hoarse cough*, with sensation of dryness and shootings in the throat.

CHEST.—Difficult respiration, as if from want of breath, °or short and loud respiration.—**Short breath when going up stairs and when walking quickly*.—Anxious oppression of the chest, and *difficulty of respiration*, with want to take a deep inspiration, principally after a meal, or with *attacks of suffocation at night or in bed, in the evening, when lying* (on the left side).—Want of breath, with squeezing and tension in the chest, and sensation, on the least movement, or attempt to speak, as if life were coming to an end.—Pressure in the chest, sometimes extending into the back, with inability to take a full inspiration.—Burning in the chest, sometimes extending as far as the throat.—*Shootings* (as if caused by knives) *in the chest and sides*, or extending as far as the back, principally when breathing, sneezing and coughing.—Sensation as if caused by a bruise, and sensation of swelling, and *pain as from excoriation and of ulceration in the chest*.—**Palpitation of the heart*.

TRUNK —Sharp pains as if the muscles of the chest were bruised.—Piercings, want of stability and weakness in the loins.—Pains as if from a bruise in the loins, back and shoulder-blades.—Burning and **drawing pain in the back and nape of the neck*.—Rigidity and rheumatic swelling of the nape and neck.—Piercings in the muscles of the neck.—Obstruction and *inflammatory swelling of the glands of the neck*, with stinging and pressive pains.

ARMS.—**Sharp pains in the shoulders and arms*, principally *at night* and when moving these parts.—Jerking of the arms and fingers.—Hot and red swelling of the elbow, as far as the hand.—Itching miliary eruption on the arms.—**Furfuraceous and burning tetters on the fore-arm and wrist*.—Cracking, *weakness and sensation of paralysis in the hand*.—Sweat on the palms of the hands.—**Scabious eruption on the hands*.—**Cramp-like contractions of the hands and fingers*.—Swelling of the joints of the fingers.—*Deep and bleeding fissures and rhagades in the hands and fingers*.—Cramp-like pains and tendency of the hands to become

stiff when labouring.—Swelling of the wrist, with pain when it is touched or moved.—*Rigidity of the wrists.*—Ulceration about the nails.—Exfoliation of the finger-nails.—Deadness of the fingers.

LEGS.—**Sharp and piercing pains in the hip-joints*, as well as in the thighs and knees, *principally at night*, and *when moving*, and often attended with a sensation of coldness in the diseased parts.—Great weakness, *heaviness and great lassitude in the thighs and legs.*—Sensation of rigidity, torpor and cramps in the thighs.—Itching pimples on the thighs.—*Œdematous, transparent swelling of the thighs and legs.*—Tension in the hams as if the tendons were too short.—Itching miliary eruption on the legs.—**Tetters on the thighs and legs.*—*Contraction of the legs, and cramps in the calves of the legs and toes.*—*Swelling of the instep*, or of the heels, with sharp or piercing pains.—*Wrenching pains in the foot.*—Coldness and sweat of the feet.—Painful swelling of the metatarsal bones.—*Swelling of the toes.*—Ulceration about the nails.

(MERCURIAL PREPARATIONS.)

The mercurial preparation, from which the above symptoms have been collected, is the *Mercurius Solubilis Hahnemanni*.—The other preparations, such as *mercurius vivus*, *red precipitate*, *calomel*, *acetate of mercury*, &c., &c., have not been as yet sufficiently studied in their primitive effects to establish the difference between them. It has been asserted that *Mercurius vivus* is preferable in affections of the organs of the mouth; *Calomel* in scrofulous diseases, affections of the lymphatic system and glands; and lastly, *Mercurius solubilis* in syphilitic and rheumatic affections; but we have seen *Mercurius vivus* succeed equally in all these cases; and even in *dysentery*, we have often found it quite as efficacious as *corrosive sublimate*, which is esteemed a specific against that disease. It is also to be observed, that none of these preparations contain, among the few of their effects which have come under our notice, a single symptom, which is not equally specified in the list of the effects of *Mercurius solubilis*.—*Corrosive sublimate* and *Cinnabaris* differ more than the other mercurial preparations; but they too have not been sufficiently studied in their primitive effects. (See *Mercurius corrosivus* and *cinnabaris*.)

115.—MERCURIUS CORROSIVUS.

MER-C.—Corrosive sublimate.—Corrosive muriate of Mercury.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 3 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Corrosive sublimate has been considered preferable to Mercurius vivus or to Mercurius solubilis, especially in *dysentery*.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Drawings in the periosteum*, resembling those which precede an attack of intermittent fever, with a sensation of heat in the head.—Violent jerks, with shaking of the whole body on going to sleep.—*Great tendency to take cold*, especially in the head.—*Shivering brought on by the slightest exercise*, also in the open air (even when the weather is warm), sometimes with cuttings and tenesmus.—Heat when stooping, and feeling of refreshment when rising.—Ill-humour, during which nothing pleases, alternating with hilarity.

EYES—ABDOMINAL REGION.—Eyes inflamed and prominent.—Look fixed.—Inflammation of the iris, with irregularity of the pupil.—Distortion of the features of the face.—Swelling of the lids —*Swelling and eversion of the upper lid*.—Fetid breath.—*Salivation* with salt taste.—Swelling of the tongue and throat.—Insatiable thirst.—Burning and painful sensation extending from the mouth into the region of the stomach.—Abdomen excessively distended and painful.

FÆCES.—**Loose fæces with bilious and fetid evacuations*, green or brown, or composed of *scanty sanguineous mucus*, accompanied by almost continual cuttings, painful urging and tenesmus.—*Ineffectual desire to evacuate.—*Evacuation of a deep colour, mixed with mucus and coagulated blood.

URINE.—Tenesmus of the vesica.—**Discharge from the urethra*, at first serous, then thick, with smarting when making water, and stinging in the urethra.—Leucorrhœa, of a yellowish white, with sweetish, nauseous smell.—Painful swelling of the glands of the mammæ.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES.—Hollow, dry, shaking cough.—Nocturnal piercings across the chest.—Stinging in the coxo-femoral joint, during repose and movement.—Icy coldness of the feet.

116.—MEZEREUM.

MEZ. — Mezercon. — Daphne mezereum.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 50 days in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camp. Merc.—*It is used as an antidote against*: merc. nitr-ac.

COMPARE WITH: Euphor. hell. hyos. ignat. merc. nitr-ac. puls. staph. veratr. zinc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Inflammation, softening, caries, and other *affections of the bones*; *Evil effects from the abuse of Mercury*; Scrofulous affections with enlarged glands; Rachitis?; Abdominal obstruction?; Intermittent fevers; Scald-head; Ophthalmia; Rheumatic prosopalgia and odontalgia?; Hæmaturia; *Obstinate leucorrhœa*; Contraction of the tendons of the leg, &c. &c.

[It deserves attention in inflammation of the periosteum; in nocturnal syphilitic pains in the bones; in malignant syphilitic eruptions and ulcers; it is one of the most important remedies in the treatment of syphilis complicated with mercurial disease, especially when the tendinous and osseous systems are principally affected; in chronic and obstinate itching of the skin at night, which returns more intensely and painfully after scratching, and is attended with swelling of the skin; in pustular and tubercular eruptions; in exostosis on the cranium; in ozæna; in chronic inflammation of the mouth and throat, and whole alimentary canal; in chronic gonorrhœa and *gonorrhœa glandis*, &c. &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Drawing, rheumatic tearing, and tension* in the limbs, with paralytic weakness.—Jerking pains which leave an unpleasant sensation behind them for a long time.—Drawing pains on one side of the body, with shivering.—**Attacks of pains and other sufferings, accompanied by shivering and shuddering*.—Gnawing pains as from excoriation in the mucous membranes.—*Burning in the organs of digestion*.—*Inflammation and swelling of the bones*.—°*Ulceration of the bones*.—*Twitching and quivering of the muscles*.—Drawings and sensation of soreness in the joints.—Soreness and heaviness in all the limbs.—Heaviness and indolence of the body.—Bending while walking.—Emaciation or bloatedness of the body and face, with enlargement of the abdomen in children.—Painful glands.—*Predominance of suffering on one side of the body*.—Aggravation of the symptoms in the evening.—*The pains are aggravated by touching the part affected and by movement*.—*Great susceptibility to cold air.

SKIN.—General desquamation of the skin of the body. **Itching, especially at night, more violent and painful after being scratched, and sometimes with swelling of the part that has been scratched*.—Gnawing itching, as if from vermin.—*Miliary eruptions, sometimes chronic*.—Furunculi.

—Inflamed *ulcers*, with burning and stinging, or with the gnawing pain of excoriation.

SLEEP.—Great *desire to sleep by day*, with agitated and unrefreshing sleep at night.—Shocks in the body during sleep.—Waking early (towards two or three o'clock in the morning) from nightmare.

FEVER.—**Chilliness, shiverings and coldness* of the whole body, especially of the hands and feet, with *violent thirst*, and sometimes without a desire to become warm.—Sleep, with sweat, after the shiverings.—°Fever, accompanied by head-ache, paleness of the face, pain in the region of the spleen, which is swollen and hard, weakness and *great susceptibility to cold air; °tertian fever.—Violent inflammatory fever.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Hypochondriacal humour, with sadness and tears.—Anguish and inquietude, especially in solitude, with desire for society.—*Peevishness*.—Passion.—Unfitness for labour.—Weakness of memory.—*Mental torpor*.—Slow conception.—*Ideas are frequently lost*.

HEAD.—Stupefying confusion in the head, as if from intoxication, or as if after immoderate pollutions.—Vertigo, which causes falling on one side, with sparkling before the eyes.—*Head-ache, with shuddering or shivering*, aggravated in the open air.—*Pressive* and stunning *head-ache*, on one side of the brain.—Compressive, or cramp-like pain, as if the head were severed.—Violent pulsative and pressive pains in the whole head, forehead, nose and teeth, aggravated by the slightest movement.—Hammering head-ache, with vomiting of mucus.—Sensation of torpor, with drawing pains in one side of the head.—*Aching pains in the cranium*, aggravated by touch.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp and hair to the touch.—Gnawing itching in the hairy scalp.—**Itching eruption on the head*, °sometimes with running.

EYES.—Pain, as if the ball of the eyes were too large, with pressure.—Soreness in the internal canthi of the eyes.—°Inflammation of the eyes.—Myopia or presbyopia.—Sparks before the eyes.—Contracted pupils.

EARS.—Otalgia, with drawing and acute pulling.—Itching and running eruption behind the ears.—Hardness of hearing.—Obstruction in the ears.—Tingling in the ears, sometimes with desire to sleep.

NOSE.—*Excoriation of the interior of the nose*.—Diminution of smell, with sensation of dryness in the nose, and sometimes ineffectual desire to sneeze.—Frequent sneezing, accompanied with pain of excoriation in the chest.—

Fluent coryza, with secretion of liquid and yellow mucus, excoriation and burning in the nose, and eruption on the lips.

FACE.—*Paleness of the face.—**Cramp-like and stunning pressure on the zygomatic process*, sometimes on one side only, and extending to the eye, the temple, the ear, the teeth, the neck and into the shoulder.—Drawings in the jaw-bones.—Continued and painful twitching in the cheeks and eye-lids.—Furunculi on the face.—Excoriation and burning in the lips and angles of the mouth.—Lips swollen and cracked, with exfoliation.—Upper lip ulcerated, with burning pain when touched.—Piercings in the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH —**Pains in the carious teeth*.—*Drawing, burning, or boring piercings in the teeth, extending into the cheek bones and temples.—*Jerking and tearing pains in the teeth.—*Sensation as if the teeth were set on edge, and too long.—The tooth-ache is aggravated by touch and movement, as well as during the shiverings in the evening.—Congestion of blood to the head, with shiverings and constipation during the tooth-ache.—Teeth coated with fetid mucus.—*The teeth speedily become carious*.—Burning vesicles on the gums.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Burning vesicles in the mouth and on the tongue.—*Continued burning in the mouth*.—*Impeded speech*.—Pressive pain in the throat when swallowing.—Roughness, excoriation, smarting scraping, and piercing in the throat and palate.—*Burning in the throat and œsophagus*.—Inflammation of the throat.—*Constriction and contraction of the pharynx*.

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—Beer has a bitter taste and is ejected again.—Violent hunger in the afternoon and evening.—Repugnance to food.—*Frequent and empty eructations*, especially after drinking.—*Nausea*, with accumulation of water in the mouth, and shuddering with trembling of the whole body.—Violent vomitings of greenish and bitter mucus, accompanied with head-ache.—*Vomiting of blood*.—*Pressure in the stomach*.—Burning and sensation of heat in the stomach.—Inflammation of the stomach.—Contraction of the diaphragm.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Abdomen hard and tense.—Chronic, *cramp-like, acute, pulling, pressive, constrictive, and stinging pains in the abdomen*.—Heaviness in the abdomen. Sensation of heat and *burning in the abdomen*.—Inflammation of the intestines.—Expansive pressure in the inguinal ring.—Drawing in the inguinal glands.—*Flatulent colic*, with rumbling and horborygmus in the abdomen, *difficult respiration and shivering*.

FÆCES.—Difficult evacuations of the consistence of thick pap, with urgent desire —*Constipation.—Scanty, soft, frequent evacuations.—*Violent diarrhœa with insupportable pains in the abdomen.*—After the evacuation, spasmodic constriction of the anus.—*Coldness and shuddering, before and after the evacuation.*

URINE.—Diminished secretion of urine.—Floating flocks and *reddish sediment* in the urine.—**Emission of blood instead of urine.*—Pain, as from excoriation in the urethra.—Discharge of mucus from the urethra.—Hæmaturia.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Tearing, jerking and lancination in the penis.—Tearing and burning lancinations in the end of the glans.—Abundant secretion of smegma behind the glans like *secondary gonorrhœa* —Swelling of the scrotum and testicles.—**Chronic leucorrhœa*, like the white of eggs, —sometimes also serous and acrid.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness*, with burning and dryness in the throat, irritation which excites cough, and difficult respiration.—**Violent cough, when lying down.*—*Dry cough, with vomituration and vomiting*, in the evening and at night.

CHEST.—Difficult respiration.—Pain in the chest, when taking an inspiration, *as if the lungs were adherent*, and the cavity of the chest were too narrow.—Pressure in the chest.—*Painful tension of the muscles of the chest.*—Pain, as from excoriation and burning in the sternum.—*Stitches in the chest*, aggravated by taking an inspiration.

TRUNK.—Pains in the loins.—Contractive and tensive pain in the back as far as the sacrum.—Piercings in the back.—Painful rigidity of the nape and neck.—Tearing shocks in the sides of the neck.—Pain, as from excoriation in the arm-pits.

ARMS.—Pain in the joint of the shoulder, as if it were about to be dislocated.—Drawing and rheumatic tension in the arms, with paralytic weakness.—Jerking pains in the shoulders, arms, hands and fingers.—Swelling and heat of the arm and hand, with twitching and pricking in the muscles.

LEGS.—Twitching in the hip-joint, extending as far as the knee.—*Contraction of the leg.*—Aching pains in the thighs and legs.—Tearing, drawing, and tension in the thighs, legs, feet and toes.—Tension and rigidity of the knees.—Jerking and pressive pain in the tibia.—Hard swelling of the calves of the legs—Jerking pain in the toes.

117.—MILLEFOLIUM.

MILL.—Milfoil.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known, and which has hitherto been employed only against *hæmorrhagia*, and principally against some species of *hæmaturia* and *hæmoptysis* (especially in phthisical persons).

SYMPTOMS.—Hæmorrhage from almost all the openings of the body.—Acute drawing pains, and piercings in the right side of the head.—Sensation, as if all the blood were carried towards the head.—Violent movements and painful beatings in the head.—Bleeding at the nose.—**Hæmoptysis*.—Hæmatemesis.—Cramps in the stomach, with a sensation as if a liquid were flowing from the stomach towards the anus.—Burning pain in the stomach.—Sensation as if the stomach were contracted and filled with earth.—Bleeding hæmorrhoids.—**Hæmaturia*.—Metrorrhagia.—Acute drawing pains in the knees and legs.—The feet are frequently benumbed.

118.—MOSCHUS.—(MOSCHIFERUS).

MOSCH.—Musk.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : about 24 hours.

ANTIDOTES : Camph. n-mos.?

COMPARE WITH : Asa. bry. cocc. coff. con. croc. ign. n-mos. op. puls. spig. staph. stram.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, will be found to be :—*Convulsions* ; *Syncope* ; *Hysterical debility* ; *Different hysterical and hypochondriacal affections* ; *Nervous excitability, with sleeplessness* ; *Hysterical and nervous cephalalgia* ; *Megrim* ; *Epistaxis* ; *Impotence?* ; *Asthmatic complaints* ; *Asthma Millari?* ; *Croup?* ; *Pulmonary spasms, especially in hysterical persons, &c., &c.*

[This remedy is generally, if not only, efficacious in purely nervous diseases, and deserves attention in hypochondriacal affections and spasms ; in typhus fever, when attended with the so-called nervous symptoms, viz : *sopor, delirium, subsultus tendinum, coldness of the extremities, small, weak and frequent pulse, &c.* ; in nervous vertigo, head ache and palpitation of the heart, also in nervous cardialgia, and colic, &c., &c.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pricking in the limbs, sometimes with pain of the parts affected.—Cramp-like pains in the limbs.—Trembling and jerking over the whole body.—Weakness, which is felt more during repose than when moving.—Weakness to such an extent as to faint and fall, with nocturnal coldness of the skin over the entire

body.—**Fits of fainting*, especially at night, in the evening, or in the open air, followed by head-ache.—Wrenching and bruising pain in the side on which one has lain.—The sufferings are aggravated when the body is chilled.—Great susceptibility to the open air.—Pinchings, stings and itching which obliges one to scratch, in different parts of the body.—*Tetanus*.—**Convulsions with cramps in the chest*.—*Hysterical symptoms*, even in men.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep during the day*, with frequent and vehement yawning.—*Coma*.—At night, inability to lie long in the same position; the part on which one has lain is painful, as if from dislocation or a bruise.—Vivid dreams of disgraceful situations, and in which nothing succeeds.—**Sleeplessness during the whole night* from excitability of the nervous system.

FEVER.—Accelerated circulation of the blood.—Frequent sensation as if fresh air were blowing, especially on the parts that are uncovered.—Sensation of coldness mostly in the spine, with drawing pains.—The air seems *cold*; desire for the warmth of a fire.—Frequent slight shuddering, commencing at the head and spreading over the whole body.—Attacks of burning heat in the evening.—*Sweat, every morning*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Great distraction and absence of mind, sometimes with confused speech.—Prepossession, during which one talks to oneself and gesticulates, as if bereft of reason.—Great activity, with weakness, so that every thing falls from the hands.—*Complaints and lamentations on account of excessive sufferings, without the patient being able to say where he is affected*; when questioned, he complains still more violently, but without saying where he suffers.—*Apprehension of death, and excessive timidity about dying*.—Hypochondriacal anxiety, sometimes with palpitation of the heart.—*Exceedingly quarrelsome humour and great irascibility, with passion, proceeding even to fury*.—Loss of memory.

HEAD.—Vertigo and wavering before the eyes, from the least movement of the head.—Vertigo, even to the loss of consciousness, or with fainting.—Vertigo, with sensation of falling.—*Vertigo, with nausea and vomiting, want to lie down and desire for coffee*.—*Dizziness* as if from intoxication.—*Head-ache, with nausea and vomiting, which forces one to lie down*.—Heaviness in the head.—*Compressive and stunning head-ache, especially just above the root of the nose*.—**Cramp-like and tensive drawing in the head, and especially in the occiput, and extending as far as the nape*

of the neck.—*Congestion to the head.*—Pressive and boring pain in the head, as if a nail were driven into the brain.

EYES.—Eyes dull, with pressive pain in the canthi.—Lachrymation.—Eyes fixed, sparkling, with a sort of dizziness and mental absence.—Sudden obscuration of the eyes.—Small red pimples on the upper eye-lids.—Itching in the canthi.

EARS.—Eruptions on the ears, with burning pain after being scratched.—Crepitation and *cracking in the ears.*—Roaring before the ears.—Hardness of hearing.—Discharge of cerumen from the ears.

FACE AND NOSE.—*The face is hot*, sometimes without redness and with the eyes dull.—One cheek is hot without redness, while the other is red without heat.—Earthy complexion.—Tension in the muscles of the face, as if they were too short.—**Epistaxis.*—Crawling in the extremity of the nose, as if from insects.—Desquamation of the lips.

STOMACH.—Putrid taste of food.—Violent eructations, sometimes with nausea.—*Sudden attacks of nausea*—Nausea, which mounts from the epigastrium, with retraction of the navel, and cramp-like pains.—*Violent vomiting, especially in the morning*, and often accompanied by pain in the stomach and chest, and inflation of the epigastrium.—*Pressure in the stomach.*—*Sensation of fulness and obstruction in the region of the stomach and epigastrium*, sometimes with uneasiness, augmented after a moderate meal.—Smarting, burning sensation of excoriation, in the region of the stomach, after a meal.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Attacks of *painful contraction in the umbilical region*, with obstructed respiration.—*Sensation of tension in the abdomen, as if all the habiliments were too tight*, accompanied by an anxiety, which does not admit of attention to labour, nor remaining in the same place, but forces to run continually from side to side.—Incarceration of wind.

FÆCES.—*Constipation, especially after taking coffee.*—*Diarrhœa, especially at night*, and sometimes during sleep.—Diarrhœa, with violent cuttings.—The loose evacuations are always mixed with stercoraceous matter.—Fæces are the colour of sepia.—Urgent and ineffectual desire to evacuate.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Great increase of sexual desire*, sometimes with insupportable tickling in the parts, or tensive pains in the penis.—^oImpotence, caused by a chill.—Painful emissions, without erection.—Erection with burning

pain in the urethra.—Nausea and vomiting after coition.—*Menstruation too early, and too profuse.*—Drawing and sensation as if all were borne down towards the hypogastrium and the genital organs during the catamenia.

CHEST.—*Constriction in the larynx, as if caused by the vapour of sulphur.*—Difficult respiration and short breath, with piercings in the chest.—*Cramp-like and suffocating constriction in the chest, especially after taking cold.*—**Cramps in the chest, °commencing sometimes with a desire to cough, and afterwards aggravated so as to drive one to despair.*—Pressive pain in the chest, which becomes so severe as to obstruct respiration.—*Piercings in the chest and sides, sometimes with red and bloated face, dilated pupils, rough and dry tongue, and burning thirst.*—Chest acutely affected and painful on all sides, with violent and dry cough.—Painful sensibility of the chest under the arms, especially when pressed.—Anxious palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK—EXTREMITIES.—Violent drawings in the nape of the neck and back, as if there were something tight round them —Drawings along the entire extent of the arm, and especially in the wrists, as if from cramp.—Burning with sensation of coldness, in the last joints of the fingers.—Swelling of the hands, with stinging pains.—Convulsive movements of the hands and fingers.—Uneasiness in the legs, with paralytic weakness, which obliges one to move them continually.—Quivering in the legs, as if caused by great fatigue when seated.—Paralytic weakness in the legs, after sitting down, after walking.

119.—MURIATIS ACIDUM.

MUR-AC.—Muratic acid.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect :* for five weeks in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Camph. bry.

COMPARE WITH: Ars. aur. bell. bry. calc. chin. lyc. natr-m. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos-ac. puls. rhus. squil.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Dropsical affections?; Eruptions, tetters, and other scrofulous affections; Putrid, typhus fevers; Deafness; Scorbutic affections; Inebriation?; Hæmorrhoids; Impotence, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing and cutting pains in the limbs *during repose*, ameliorated by movement.—Pains in all the joints, as if caused by a bruise.—Painful sensibility of the periosteum of all the bones, as in in-

intermittent fever.—Dropsical swellings.—Indolence and dread of movement, with desire to remain seated continually.—*Excessive depression* ; as soon as one is seated, the eye-lids close.—Tottering gait, from weakness of the knees.—°Great sensibility to damp weather.

SKIN.—Itching, voluptuous and lancinating tickling with desire to scratch.—*Scabious eruptions*, which itch when in bed.—Furunculi, with stinging pain when touched.—*Putrid and painful ulcers*, with burning in the margins.—Black pustules.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep during the day*, which disappears after taking exercise.—Sleeplessness before midnight.—Before midnight, continued snoring, *groaning*, tossing, talking, with *disposition to sink downwards in the bed*.—*Frequent and early waking*, caused by a coldness which is felt when in bed.

FEVER.—Predominance of coldness.—*Shivering*, with yawning and stretching, *without thirst*, and not followed by heat.—Heat *without thirst*, with agitation and desire to be uncovered in the evening.—Intermittent pulse.—*Nocturnal sweat*, on going to sleep in the evening, or before midnight.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sadness.—*Taciturnity* and *reserve*, *anxiety*, *apprehension* and peevishness.—*Hesitation and inquietude.—Flow of ideas respecting recent events, during labour.—Disposition to be angry, and to give way to passions.

HEAD.—Turning vertigo with staggering gait.—Head-ache from walking in the open air and especially from a sharp wind.—Head-ache aggravated by rising up in bed and by moving the eyes, disappearing when the body is exercised.—*Heaviness*, especially *in the occiput*, with cloudiness of the eyes, greatly aggravated by looking intently at an object.—Head-ache, *as if the brain were bruised*.—Shocks, tearing, or *piercing in the head*.

EYES.—Itching, smarting in the canthi.—Shootings across the eyes.—Swelling and redness of the eye-lids.—*Vertical hemiopia.

EARS.—Otalgia, with spasmodic and acute pulling.—°Pulsation in the ears.—°Insensibility of the auditory tube.—Scabious eruption in the ears.—**Hardness of hearing* and deafness.—Acuteness of hearing with sensibility to noise.—Tingling, buzzing, and whistling in the ears.

NOSE.—Ulcerated nostrils.—Obstruction of the nose.—Coryza, with flow of thick yellow, or serous and corrosive mucus.

FACE.—Heat in the face, with burning redness of the cheeks when walking in the open air, without thirst.—

Ephelis.*—Eruption of scabious pimples on the face, forehead, and temples.*—Furunculus on the temple.—Burning in the lips.—Puffiness of the lower lip.—*Eruptions on the lips, sometimes covered with scabs.*

TEETH.—*Odontalgia* with pulsative pain, aggravated by cold drinks, mitigated by heat.—Tooth-ache, with pressing asunder.—Crawling in the teeth.—*Scorbutic gums.*

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Dryness of the mouth, with paralysis of the tongue.*—Profuse accumulation of saliva.—*Heaviness of the tongue when speaking, as if it were made of lead.*—Deep ulcers and pustules on the tongue.—*Dryness of the tongue.*—**Sore throat with pain as from excoriation and smarting in the throat and palate.*

APPETITE.—Taste of rancid grease in the throat.—Acrid and putrid taste in the throat.—All food has a sweetish taste, and especially beer, which is disliked.—*Bulimy and excessive thirst.*—**Dislike to meat.*

STOMACH.—**Putrid or bitter eructations.*—Vomiting of food.—Vomiting of bile, at night, with nausea and eructations.—Uneasiness in the stomach, as if caused by serious illness.—*Sensation of emptiness in the stomach.*—Contractive pain in the stomach, with sensation as if it were drawn back.—Pressive tension and *cramp-like pain in the hypochondria.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Uneasiness in the abdomen, as if caused by severe disease.—**Fulness and inflation of the abdomen.*—**Cramp-like pains in the abdomen, with cuttings and pinchings extending from the umbilical region into the sides, accompanied by borborygmus.*—*Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen.*—Lancination in the groins.

FÆCES.—Difficult evacuations of fæces, as if caused by inactivity of the rectum.—Fæces of too small a size.—*Diarrhœa, with smarting and burning in the rectum and anus.*—*Stercoraceous diarrhœa.*—Involuntary evacuation of liquid and serous fæces, when urinating.—*Discharge of blood during the evacuation.*—*Prolapsus recti, when urinating.*—Itching in the anus.—**Swollen and bluish hæmorrhoidal excrescences, with burning pain as from excoriation.*—*Bleeding hæmorrhoides.*

URINE.—Tenesmus of the vesica.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with abundant emission.*—Profuse emission of aqueous urine.—*Relaxation of the vesica and of the neck of the vesica.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—Excoriation of the prepuce.—Dormant sexual desire.—**Impotence.*—Sensation of bearing down towards the genital organs, as if preparatory to catamenia.—Too early catamenia.

LARYNX.—*Chronic hoarseness.*—Violent and sobbing cough, followed by a gurgling in the bottom of the chest.

CHEST.—Deep respiration with groaning.—Piercings in the chest, during a violent movement and when taking an inspiration.—Tensive pain in the sternum.—Cutting blows in the chest, with dull pressure on the posterior part of the chest, and with oppression.—Piercings in the region of the heart.—*Blows in the heart at night, so violent that they are felt in the face.*

TRUNK.—*Pressive pain in the back*, as if one had been bent double for a long time, or had suffered from a strain.—Stingings in the shoulder-blades.—Furunculi on the back.

ARMS.—Paralytic weakness and wrenching pain in the shoulder.—*Heaviness of the arms.*—*Tearing, pressure and *pulling in the arms.*—Drawing tension in the elbow-joint.—Cramp-like drawings and heaviness in the fore-arm.—Cutting tearing in the fore-arm, hands and fingers.—Voluptuous, lancinating, itching and tickling in the palms of the hand.—*Scabby eruption on the back of the hand and upper part of the fingers.*—Cramp-like pain in the fleshy part of the thumb, when writing.—Swelling of the extremity of the fingers, with burning.—Nocturnal torpor and paleness of fingers, which are as if dead.

LEGS.—Tearing and cramp-like pulling in the thighs.—Itching tettery spots on the thighs.—Swelling of the knees.—Drawing tension in the calf of the leg and in the tendo-Achillis, when walking.—Lancinations in the tendo-Achillis, day and night, which prevent walking and sleeping.—Putrid ulcers on the legs.—*Coldness of the feet.—Swelling of the extremity of the toes, with burning.

120.—NATRUM CARBONICUM.

NATR.-C.—Sub-carbonate of soda.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* for 40 days, in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTES : Ars. ? camp. nitr-spir. ? *It is used as an antidote against :—*chin.

COMPARE WITH : Arn. ars. [carb-an. carb-reg. caus. chin. ign. kal. lyc. merc. natr-m. n-vom. plumb. puls. sabad. sep. spig. staph. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be :—Rheumatic complaints, with contraction of the tendons ; Scrofulous affections ; Obstructed glands ; Weakness, caused by loss of humours, or by other debilitating causes ; Tabes dorsalis ? ; Tetters ; Warts ; Scabby eruptions ; Leprosy ; Sufferings of drunkards ? ; Melancholy and *hypochondria* ;

Evil effects from excessive study?; *Chronic ophthalmia*; Ulcers on the cornea; *Fistula lachrymalis*?; *Amblyopia amaurotica*; *Presbyopia*; *Chronic coryza*; *Ozæna*?; *Stammering*?; *Dyspepsia*, gastralgia and other *gastric affections*; *Chronic hepatitis*; *Flatulent colic*; *Orchitis*?; *Priapismus*?; *Sterility*?; *Dysmenorrhœa*; *Leucorrhœa*; *Catarrh*; *Phthisical complaints*; *Diseases of the heart*?; *Goitre*; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Cramp-like tearing, principally in the arms and legs.—Paralytic drawings and tearing in the joints, especially in the evening and at night.—*Contraction of the tendons*.—*Jerking in the limbs, joints and muscles*.—*Crawling lancinations in the muscles—*Great tendency to dislocations and to suffer a strain.—Swelling of the glands.—Aggravation of the symptoms during a storm.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves when one is seated, and disappear from movement, pressure, or rubbing.—**Anguish, trembling and sweat, during the pains*.—Great general uneasiness of the body, in the evening.—Excessive morbid sensibility; with trembling, also when playing the piano.—**Relaxation and want of stability in the whole body*.—Unsteady gait.—Heaviness and indolence, especially in the morning, with fear of movement.—Paralytic bruised sensations *in the morning* and *great lassitude in the limbs*.—*Lassitude to such an extent as to sink down, after a moderate walk.—*Prolonged weakness.—Emaciation, with pale complexion, dilated pupils and deep-coloured urine.—*Repugnance to the open air.—*Great tendency to catch cold, generally followed by cold in the head, or colic with diarrhœa.

SKIN.—*Dryness of the skin, with *profuse sweat from the least exercise or the slightest labour*.—Crawling under the skin.—Scabies.—*Tettery eruption.—Spreading and suppurating tetter.—^oYellow circles, like the remains of tettery spots.—Leprous tubercles.—*Warts.—Stinging, cutting pains, and burning in the wounded parts.—Scabious eruptions (on the abdomen in the case of lepers).

SLEEP.—*Insurmountable desire to sleep by day, with retarded sleep in the evening, and difficult waking in the morning.—Uneasy sleep, full of vivid dreams, which are sometimes confused and lascivious, with violent erections and emissions.—Anxious dreams, which, after waking, seem to be true.—Frightful dreams of deaths, floods, quarrels, robbers, devils, thieves, &c.—Dreams about travelling.—At night, great uneasiness in the body, agitation of blood, palpitation of the heart and night-mare, tooth-ache, colic, ver-

tigo with anguish, &c.—*Jerking and shocks during sleep.*—Waking too early.

FEVER.—Febrile shuddering, with cold hands and hot cheeks, and *vice versa*, but always without thirst.—*Cold hands and feet.—*Nocturnal sweat, often alternating with dryness of the skin.—Cold and continued sweat, as if from anguish.—*Profuse sweat from the least labour.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Sadness and discouragement with tears, and inquietude respecting the future.—*Inquietude with attacks of anguish, -especially during a storm and while engaged in intellectual labour.—*Estrangement from individuals and from society.—*Hypochondriacal humour and disgust of life.—Dejection.—*Disposition to be frightened.—Spite and malevolence.—Disposition to be angry and violent fits of passion.—*Difficulty in conceiving and combining ideas, in reading and listening.—Unfitness for intellectual labour and meditation, which fatigue the head.—The mind is deficient in firmness.

HEAD.—*Confusion of the head, -especially when in a room and during repose.—*Vertigo, -especially after drinking wine and after intellectual labour.—*Head-ache in the sun, -or from turning the head quickly.—Sensation of pressive obstruction in the head, as if the forehead were about to split.—Pressive head-ache, with nausea, risings and cloudiness of the eyes.—Cramp-like tearing in the forehead, extending as far as the eyes and the extremity of the nose.—*Head-ache, with piercings, sometimes across the eyes.—Shocks across the head.—Pulsative head-ache in the vertex every morning.—Congestion to the head, with heat.—*Tearing in the exterior of the *sinciput*, every day at a certain hour.

EYES.—Burning in the eyes, especially when reading and writing.—Lancinations across the eyes.—*Inflammations of the eyes and eye-lids, with photophobia.—Swelling of the eye-lids.—*Ulcers on the cornea.—Fistula lachrymalis.—Frequent closing of the eye-lids and difficulty in opening them.—Confused sight, with black dancing specks or bright sparkling before the eyes.—*Inability to read small print, as if from presbyopia.—*Down before the eyes.—Dilated pupils.

EARS.—Stingings in the ears.—*Great sensibility to noise.—Sensation of deafness, as if caused by obstruction of the ears.—*Hardness of hearing.—Tingling, music, buzzing, thundering and throbbing in the ears.

NOSE.—The nose is extremely sensitive.—Desquamation of the back and point of the nose.—Ulceration in the

bottom of the nostrils.—Obstruction of the nose, sometimes with discharge of hard and fetid pieces of mucus.—Coryza every second day —**Continued coryza and cough, excited by a chill and the least current of air, disappearing only after perspiration.*—Thick green or yellow mucus in the nose.

FACE.—*Hot and bloated face.*—Cheeks red and swollen.—Redness and burning heat, or great paleness of the face, with livid circle under the eyes.—Face alternately pale and red.—°*Freckles on the face.*—Itching and humid eruption on the nose and mouth.—°*Yellow spots on the forehead and upper lip.*—Yellowish colour of the face.—°Swelling of the lips.—Eruptions, tetters and ulcers round the mouth and lips.—Obstruction of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—**Odontalgia, -with searching, boring pain, especially after and during a meal, and particularly after eating fruits or things sweetened with sugar.*—Pressive head-ache at night, with swelling of the lower lip and gums.—Excessive sensibility of the lower teeth.

MOUTH AND THROAT —Vesicles and smooth ulcers, with burning in the mouth.—Stammering, caused by heaviness of the tongue.—Roughness, scraping and dryness of the throat and palate.—Accumulation of mucus in the throat.

APPETITE.—**Bitter taste in the mouth.*—Acid taste in the mouth, while the tongue is loaded with a thick coating.—**Violent thirst and uneasiness after drinking any thing cold.*—**Extreme, voracious hunger, especially in the morning, from a sensation of faintness and emptiness.*—Gluttony.—Repugnance to milk and diarrhœa after partaking of it.—**Great weakness of digestion, with peevishness and hypochondriacal humour, after a meal, or the least departure from regimen.*—Distension, heaviness and pressure in the stomach and epigastrium after a meal.

STOMACH.—Frequent eructations during and after a meal.—Painful eructations.—**Sensation of insipidity in the stomach and continued nausea.*—Frequent hiccough, especially after a meal.—Pyrosis and scraping in the throat, especially after partaking of fat food.—**Pressure in the stomach, especially after a meal.*—**Painful sensibility in the region of the stomach and epigastrium when touched, and while one is speaking.*—**Drawing, pressive and cutting pains in the stomach.*—**Contractive cramps in the stomach.*—Sensation of emptiness in the stomach, with nausea.—Distension of the stomach and epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the hypochondria.—**Lancinations in the left hypochondrium, sometimes after*

drinking any thing cold.—*Lancinations in the hepatic region.*—Pain in the abdomen after waking in the morning.—Abdomen enlarged and distended.—Nocturnal pains in the abdomen, with tension in the upper part of the abdomen and diarrhœa.—Colic, with retraction of the navel and hardness of the integuments of the abdomen.—*Piercings and searchings in the abdomen.—Piercings and drawings in the sides of the abdomen.—Swelling of the inguinal glands.—Accumulation, *incarceration* and *painful movements of wind in the abdomen.*—Abundant expulsion of sour or offensive wind.

FÆCES.—*Urgent desire to evacuate*, which is ineffectual or followed by a scanty evacuation.—Hard and difficult evacuation.—Soft or liquid fæces, with great and very urgent desire, and tenesmus ani.—Loose, yellow evacuations.—Diarrhœa, with cuttings, after a chill, or after partaking of milk.—*Sanguineous evacuations.*—Discharge of tænia during the evacuation.—Burning and cutting pains in the anus and rectum during and after the evacuation.—Itching and crawling in the anus.—Lancinations in the perinæum.

URINE.—*Frequent and urgent desire to urinate*, day and night, with scanty or excessive discharge.—Wetting the bed.—Urine of a bright yellow colour, of a sourish smell, or offensive and turbid with mucous sediment —**Burning in the urethra*, after and during the emission of urine.—Jerks, acute pulling and smarting in the urethra.—Deep-coloured urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Pain, as if from a bruise in the testes.—Heaviness and pressive drawings in the testes.—Excoriation of the scrotum.—Secretion behind the glans, like secondary gonorrhœa.—Inflammation, swelling and easy excoriation of the glans and prepuce.—*Increased sexual desire*, almost like *priapismus*, with continued and painful erections and emissions.—Discharge of prostatic fluid when urinating and during a difficult evacuation.—Great tendency to perspire after coition.—**Pressure, as if every thing were bearing down towards the genital parts*, and were about to protrude.—**Catamenia too early*, with head-ache and *pain in the loins and abdomen.*—°*Metrorrhagia*—Conception appears to be favoured by this medicine.—°*Deformity of the cervix uteri.*—Excoriation of the vulva, between the thighs.—°Discharge of mucus from the vagina after coition.—Profuse, thick and yellowish, °or fetid *leucorrhœa*, sometimes preceded by cuttings.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness* and roughness in the chest with

coryza, febrile shivering, and scraping and painful cough.—*Continued catarrh with coryza and cough, excited by the least current of air or the slightest chill, and disappearing only after free perspiration.—Cough excited by a tickling in the throat.—Violent and dry cough when passing from a cold to a hot place.—*Cough, with *expectoration of a salt taste, or of a greenish and fetid pus*.—Expectoration of small lumps, with rattling of mucus in the chest.—Cough, with expectoration of blood.

CHEST.—**Short breath*, sometimes with *difficult respiration*.—*Dyspnœa.—Tension in the chest when inspiring.—*Pressure on the chest.—*Piercing in the chest and sides of the chest.—Continual coldness in the left side.—*Violent and anxious *palpitation of the heart*, especially on going up stairs, or at night when lying on the left side.

TRUNK.—*Pain as from excoriation in the loins.—Lancinations in the loins when seated.—Drawings and cramp-like tension in the back and nape of the neck.—Crawling in the back.—*Rigidity of the nape of the neck.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.—*Hard swelling of the thyroid gland*.

ARMS.—*Pressure on the shoulders.—Drawing and *tearing in the shoulders, arms and elbows, with lassitude* in these parts.—Heaviness, rigidity and pain in the arms, so as not to be able to lift them.—Jerking and sensation of jerking in the arms, hands and fingers, especially when taking hold of an object.—Drawing tension in the forearms and hands.—Warts on the arms.—°Cutting pains in the hands.—Tearing and boring in the metacarp bones, especially in the evening and morning in bed.—Burning in the joints of the hands in the evening.—Trembling of the hands.—Skin of the hands dry, rough and cracked.—*Warts on the back of the hands*.—Red spots and *tetters on the hands*.—Jerking in the joints of the fingers.—Distortion of the fingers.—Burning, itching and *burning blisters on the fingers*, as if they were stung by nettles.

LEGS.—Great *heaviness in the legs and feet*, with stiffness when seated and walking.—Jerking in the thighs.—Tettery eruption on the buttocks.—*Contraction of the tendons of the ham*.—°Tetters on the ham.—Pressive and cramp-like drawing in the legs.—*Cramp and drawing in the calves of the legs, as if they were too short.—Legs swollen, red, inflamed and covered with ulcers.—°Cutting pains and *cramps in the feet.—Burning in the joints of the foot, in the evening.—*Swelling of the feet, or of the soles of the feet, with piercings when stepping.—Ten-

dency to dislocate and sprain the ankle joint.—*Cold feet.*—**Chronic ulcers on the heel*, proceeding from corroding blisters.—Cracks and excoriation between the toes.—Swelling of the toes, with tearing and pain as from excoriation, which prevents sleep.—Blisters on the extremity of the toes as if caused by a burn.—Boring, drawing and stinging in the corns.

121.—NATRUM MURIATICUM.

NATR-M.—Muriate of soda.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 40 to 50 days in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES : Ars. camph. nitr. spir.—*It is used as an antidote against* :—chin.

COMPARE WITH : Arn. ars. carb-a. carb-reg. caus. chin. ign. kal. lyc. merc. natr. n-com. plumb. puls. sabad. sep. spig. staph. sulph.—Natr-mur., when otherwise indicated, will be found particularly efficacious after merc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used will be found to be :—Rheumatic affections, with contraction of the tendons ; Paralysis of the limbs ; Scrofulous affections ; Enlarged glands ; Bad consequence of vexation and anger ; Weakness from loss of humours and other debilitating causes, also that resulting from onanism ; Hysterical weakness and syncope ; Warts ; Varices ; *Intermittent fevers*, also those which have changed their character from strong doses of cinchona ; Typhus fever ; *Melancholy and hypochondria* ; Sufferings from excessive study ; *Megrim* ; Falling off of the hair in consequence of acute diseases, also in the case of parturient women ; *Chronic ophthalmia* and blepharophthalmia, especially in scrofulous individuals ; *Amblyopia amaurotica* ; Presbyopia ; Otitis, with purulent discharge ; *Coryza* ; *Crusta lactea* ? ; Scorbutic affection of the gums ; Stomachace ? ; *Dyspepsia*, gastralgia and other gastric affections ; Chronic hepatitis ? ; Flatulent colic ; *Chronic constipation* ; Chronic diarrhœa ; Diabetes ? ; Chronic gonorrhœa ? *Priapismus* ? ; *Impotence* ; Dysmenorrhœa ; Amenorrhœa ; Dysmenia in young girls ; *Sterility, with too early and too profuse catamenia* ? ; Leucorrhœa ; Catarrh ; Phthisical complaints ; Diseases of the heart ? ; *Goitre* ; Panaritium ; Suppression of foot sweat, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pressive drawing in the limbs.—Rigidity of all the joints, which crack when they are moved.—*Contraction of the tendons.*—*Jerking in the muscles and limbs.*—Disposition to suffer from dislocation

and from lifting a weight.—**Paralysis*.—Swelling of the glands.—*Attack of uneasiness, especially in the morning or evening, with nausea, weakness, deadly paleness of the face, head-ache, numbness of the limbs, inclination to lie down, &c.*—**Bad effects resulting from vexation*.—The symptoms generally manifest themselves, are renewed or aggravated when lying down, and especially at night, or in the morning; they are mitigated by rising up in bed.—The nocturnal pains which suspend respiration occasion a sort of semi-lateral paralysis.—General agitation of blood, with pulsation over the whole body from the slightest movement.—Congestion to the head, chest and stomach, with coldness of the legs.—**Uneasiness and inconvenience after speaking too much*.—*Great relaxation of all the physical and moral powers after corporeal fatigue*.—**Heaviness and indolence, especially after rising in the morning, with repugnance to movement and walking*.—**Excessive soreness and lassitude in the limbs, especially in the morning and when seated*.—**Hysterical debility*.—*Great weakness*.—Faintness and agility in the limbs alternately.—*Great emaciation*.—**Tendency to take cold*.—**Inquietude in the body, with shivering*.

SKIN.—Miliary eruption, with stinging pain.—Itching tubercles.—*Nettle-rash* after violent exercise.—Tetters.—Furunculi.—*Warts*.—Panaritium.—°Varices.—°Corns.

SLEEP.—**Great desire to sleep during the day*.—**Retarded sleep, and sleeplessness at night, with ineffectual efforts to go to sleep*.—**Difficulty of getting asleep again at night after awaking*.—Difficulty in waking and excessively sleepy lassitude early in the morning.—**Uneasy sleep, full of vivid and lascivious dreams, with prolonged erections and emissions*.—**Anxious, disagreeable dreams, with tears and talking during sleep*.—Frightful dreams of quarrels, murders, fire, thieves, &c.—Dreams which still keep possession of the mind after waking, and which are believed to be realities.—Agitation of blood at night, with anxious heat and palpitation of the heart.—Night-mare.—Somnambulism.—**At night, pains in the back, with quivering, as if in the nerves, frequent emissions of urine, head-ache, colic, asthmatic suffering, great anguish of body, &c.*

FEVER.—**Frequent internal shudderings*.—**Continual shivering and want of vital heat*.—°*Shivering with and without thirst*.—Shivering and shuddering, with desire to sleep, followed by slight perspiration.—Heat and shivering alternating with head-ache.—°*Heat, with burning thirst*.—°*Dejection before the fever*.—°*Before the shivering, head-ache;*

during the shivering, short breathing, yawning and desire to sleep.—*During the heat violent head-ache, dizziness, cloudiness of the eyes, vertigo and redness of the face.*—*°Fever, with aching pains, pains in the back, yellowish complexion, head-ache, weakness, bitter taste in the mouth, ulceration at the angles of the mouth, absence of appetite, pressure in the pit of the stomach, with great sensibility of that part to the touch, &c.; quotidian or tertian fever; the fever generally commences in the morning with shiverings followed by heat and thirst.*—*°Typhus fever, with debility, dryness of the tongue and violent thirst.*—*Pulse irregular and often intermittent.*—**Perspiration in the morning.*—**Profuse perspiration, too easily excited by moving and walking.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Melancholy sadness, which causes every thing unpleasant to be recalled to memory, and occasions much weeping; consolation only aggravates this state.*—**Uneasiness respecting the future.*—**Anguish, sometimes during a storm, but especially at night.*—*Indifference, laconic speech, moroseness and unfitness for labour.*—**Impatient precipitation and irritability.*—**Disposition to be frightened.*—*Hatred to persons from whom offence has been formerly received.*—**Irrascibility and violent rage, easily provoked.*—*Desire to laugh.*—*Gaiety and ill-humour alternately.*—**Weakness of memory and excessive forgetfulness.*—*Heedlessness and distraction.*—*Tendency to make mistakes when speaking and writing.*—**Incapacity for reflection and fatigue from intellectual labour.*—*Awkwardness.*

HEAD.—**Painful confusion in the head.*—**Vertigo, during which every thing seems to turn before the eyes, with danger of falling forwards, especially when walking and getting out of bed.*—*Vertigo, with shocks in the head and dizziness.*—**Head-ache in the morning, on waking, on turning and while moving the body or the head, when running, or in the cold air, or after being thwarted.*—**Heaviness of the head, every day, especially in the occiput, forcing one to close the eyes.*—**Head-ache, as if the head were about to split, or as if it were tight and compressed, especially when writing.*—*Attacks of head-ache, with nausea and vomiting.*—**Pressure and compression in the head, and especially in the temples and above the eyes, aggravated by frowning.*—**Acute pullings and stings in the head, especially above the eyes, with desire to lie down and clouded sight.*—*Lancinating shocks across the head.*—**Beating, pulsations and hammering in the head, especially when moving.*—**Beating and drawings in the forehead.*—*Sensation*

when moving the head, as if the brain wavered.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp, as if it were excoriated.—Contraction and mobility of the hairy scalp.—Tendency of the head to become easily chilled.—Sweat in the head, especially in the morning and at night.—*Scurf on the hairy scalp.—**Abundant falling out of the hair*, also of the beard.

EYES.—Itching in the eyes.—Stingings, *smarting and burning in the eyes.—**Inflammation of the eyes*.—**Acrid lachrymation*.—**Frequent lachrymation*.—°Mucous secretion in the external canthi.—*Nocturnal agglutination of the lids.—Eye-lids continually red and ulcerated.—*Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids, especially in the morning, evening (during the twilight), and at night.—The sight is clouded when stooping and walking, as well as when reading and writing.—The sight is confused, as if from down or looking through a veil.—**The letters are confused when reading*.—°Diplopia.—Hemiopia.—*Presbyopia.—*The sight is weak, as if from incipient amaurosis*.—*Black specks, luminous marks, and sparks before the eyes.—Myopia.

EARS.—Piercings in the ears.—°Pulsations and beatings in the ears.—Swellings and heat of the ears.—**Discharge (of pus) from the ears*.—**Hardness of hearing*.—*Tingling, ringing of bells, -gurgling and humming in the ears.

NOSE.—Numbness and insensibility on one side of the nose.—Inflammation and swelling of the nose, on one side, with pain when touched.—Boring in the bones of the nose.—Excoriation of the interior of the nose.—Scurf on the nose.—**Loss of smell*.—*Abortive sneezing.—*Obstruction and dryness of the nose.—**Dry coryza*, sometimes in the morning only.—*Violent coryza, fluent or dry, with loss of smell and taste, and attended with sneezing.

FACE.—Face yellowish, earthy.—Face shining, as if from grease.—Swelling of the face.—*Itching and eruption of pimples on the face and forehead.—*Pains in the zygomatic process, during mastication, as if caused by ulceration.—Lips dry, chapped, cracked, or excoriated and ulcerated, with scurf, and burning and smarting eruption.—**Tettery eruption round the mouth*.—*Swelling of the lips.—°Sanguineous vesicles on the internal surface of the upper lip, with burning pain when touched.—Granulated and ulcerated eruption on the chin.—**Frequent swelling of the sub-maxillary glands*.

TEETH.—Teeth very sensitive to the air and touch.—Drawing, like an extraction, in the teeth, extending into the ear and the throat, after a meal and at night, with swelling

of the cheek.—Piercings, boring and pulsation in carious teeth.—Loosening and caries of the teeth.—*Fistula of the gums.—Gums swollen, easily bleeding, and very sensitive to cold or hot things.—Putrid inflammation of the gums.—Ulcers on the gums.

MOUTH.—Ulcers and *vesicles on the tongue* and in the mouth, with burning smarting, and pain, on coming in contact with food and drink.—Hæmoptysis.—Speech embarrassed in consequence of the heaviness of the tongue.—Torpor and rigidity of one half of the tongue.—Prolonged sensation, as if there were a hair on the tongue.—°Copious salivation.

THROAT.—**A sensation, during deglutition, as if there were a plug in the throat.*—Spasms in the throat.—Inflammation of the throat, with stinging pain and ulceration.—**Expectoration of mucus*, when hawking, especially in the morning.

APPETITE.—Loss of taste.—*Bitter taste in the mouth.—Putrid or acid taste, as if one had been fasting.—Water has a putrid taste.—After-taste of food, especially of acids.—**Continual thirst*, often with nausea, distension of the abdomen, and other unpleasant circumstances after drinking.—*Loss of appetite, especially for bread, and repugnance to tobacco-smoke.—*Dislike to food, especially to fat.—Sufferings from acid food and from bread.—*Immoderate appetite in the afternoon and evening.—**Bulimy*, without appetite, with fulness and satiety, however little has been eaten.—°Desire for acids.—°*Sweat on the face during a meal.*—°Empty eructations, nausea, fulness and inflation of the abdomen and stomach, sleepiness, confusion of the head, acidity in the mouth and *pyrosis, palpitation of the heart, and intermittent or accelerated pulse *after a meal.*—°Disagreeable eructations, after partaking of fat food or milk.

STOMACH.—Eructations with taste of food.—Acid and acrid eructations, sometimes with taste of food.—*Pyrosis, which mounts upwards from the stomach.—Nausea, especially in the morning.—*Flow of water like pituita, with straining in the stomach, sometimes followed by a sour vomiting of food.—°Vomiting of food and bile.—*Pressure in the stomach, in the morning, or during the day, with nausea and sudden sinking.—*Pressure in the epigastrium, as if there were a hard body in the stomach.—Epigastrium swollen and painful when touched and pressed, as if it were ulcerated.—*Contractive cramps in the stomach, sometimes with nausea.—Shocks and *clawing in the pit of the stomach.*—Red spots on the pit of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Drawing, tension, pressure, pinch-

ing and piercings in the hepatic region.—*Pain and piercings in the splenic region.—Cramp in the diaphragm when stooping.—*Inflation of the abdomen.—Tensive, pressive, and hypochondriacal uneasiness in the abdomen.—*Pressive pain in the abdomen.—Drawing and contractive pains in the abdomen, like labour-pains.—*Daily cuttings and pinching in the abdomen, sometimes in the morning and at night.—Rigidity in the left side of the abdomen.—*Incarceration of wind, sometimes at night.—*Loud grumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Protrusion of hernia.

FÆCES.—*Constipation, sometimes prolonged, or every second day.—Frequent, urgent, and ineffectual desire to evacuate, or scanty evacuation.—Hard and interrupted evacuation.—Difficult evacuation of fæces, often attended with tearing and stinging in the rectum and anus.—*Too frequent evacuations.—*Prolonged relaxation of the bowels.—°Diarrhœa with colic and evacuation of mucous matter.—Involuntary evacuations.—Discharge of blood during the evacuations.—*Burning in the anus and rectum, during and after the evacuations.—Stingings, excoriation, and pulsation in the rectum.—Cramp-like constriction and sensation of contraction in the rectum.—Prolapsus recti and burning pain in the anus, with oozing of sanguineous and sanious matter.—*Painful and burning hæmorrhoidal tumours about the anus.—Excoriation about the anus and between the buttocks, especially when walking.—Tetters about the anus.—Lumbrici.

URINE.—Frequent and urgent desire to urinate, day and night, sometimes every hour, with copious emission.—*Involuntary emission of urine, sometimes when coughing, walking or sneezing.—*Nocturnal emission of urine.—Clear urine, with red sediment, resembling brick-dust.—*Discharge of mucus from the urethra, after the emission of urine.—Discharge of mucus from the urethra, sometimes yellowish, as in gonorrhœa.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Itching, tetters, and excoriation between the scrotum and thighs.—Secretion behind the glans, like secondary gonorrhœa.—*Excessive excitement of the genital organs and of the imagination towards coition, or dulness of sexual desire.—Want of energy during coition.—*Impotence.—Emissions after coition.—Strong fetid odour from the genital organs.—Pressure and sensation as if every thing were being forced towards the genital organs.—*Catamenia too early and too profuse or retarded and scanty.—*The catamenia continue too long.—*Suppression of the catamenia.—*Head-ache before, during, and after the cata-

menia.—**Before the catamenia, moroseness and irritability.*—*Sadness at the commencement of the catamenia.—During the catamenia, cramps in the abdomen.—**Itching in the genital organs.*—°Repugnance to coition in females.—Leucorrhœa with head-ache, disposition to diarrhœa, colic and mucous evacuations.—**Acrid leucorrhœa,* °with yellow colour of the face.—Abundant discharge of transparent, whitish and thick mucus from the vagina.—Stinging in the breasts.

LARYNX.—**Hoarseness and sensation of dryness in the larynx.*—Accumulation of mucus in the larynx in the morning.—*Chest embarrassed with catarrh and cough.—**Cough excited by a tickling in the throat or in the epigastrium, day and night, especially when walking or taking a deep inspiration.*—**Cough in the morning.*—*Choking, spasmodic cough in bed, in the evening.—**Short chronic cough, with expectoration of mucus and swelling in the chest.*—*Cough with sanguineous expectoration, with vomituration and vomiting.*—**Pains in the head when coughing, as if the forehead were about to burst.*

CHEST.—**Short breathing, especially when walking quickly.*—**Obstructed respiration, especially during manual labour, mitigated in the open air.*—**Wheezing respiration, in bed in the evening.*—Fetid breath.—*Pains in the chest, as if caused by internal tension.—**Piercings in the chest and sides of the chest, with difficult respiration, sometimes when taking a full inspiration and when coughing.*—**Anxious and violent palpitation of the heart from every movement of the body, but principally when lying on the left side.*—Jerking and stinging pain in the region of the heart.—Irregular and intermittent palpitation of the heart.—Jerking movement of the heart.

TRUNK.—**Pain in the loins, as if from a bruise, and from paralysis, especially in the morning.*—Piercings, cutting pains, and violent pulsations in the loins.—**Tearing across the loins and hips.*—*Nocturnal pains in the back.—*Lassitude, pressive tension, and *pulling in the back.*—*Pressure, rigidity, and tension in the nape of the neck.—°Goitre of a large size.—°Scurf in the axillæ.—Enlargement of the axillary glands.

ARMS.—Wrenching pain in the shoulder and finger joints.—**Lassitude and paralytic heaviness of the arms.*—Pain in the arms and hands, but especially in the shoulders, as if caused by a bruise, which prevents the arms from being elevated or moved.—°Searching in the arms.—Shocks in the elbow.—*Lancinations in the muscles and joints of

the hands and fingers.—Brownish spots on the back of the hand.—*Warts on the palms of the hands.*—The skin of the hands dry and cracked, especially round the nails.—Coldness of the hands.—*Sweat on the hands*—Difficulty in bending the joints of the fingers.—*Torpor and crawling in the fingers.—*Numerous flaws in the nails.*—Panaritium.

LEGS.—**Wrenching pains in the hips, with stings.*—**Drawing pains in the thighs, knees and legs.*—Uneasiness and jerking in the limbs.—**Paralytic weakness of the legs, and especially of the joint of the foot.*—Twitching of the muscles of the thighs.—**Painful contraction of the tendons of the ham.*—Wrenching pains in the joints of the knee and foot.—**Lassitude in the knees and calves of the legs.*—**Tetters on the hams.*—Tension in the legs and calves of the legs.—**Great heaviness of the legs and feet.*—°*Burning in the feet.*—°*Swelling of the feet.*—Coldness of the feet.—°*Pain as from ulceration in the malleoli, when stepping and when touching them.*—°*Suppressed perspiration of the feet.*—Redness of the great toe, with acute pulling and stinging when walking and remaining long standing.—°*Tetters on the malleoli.*—*Corns on the feet, with stinging and boring pains.*

122.—NATRUM NITRICUM.

NATR-N.—Nitrate of soda.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—Pressing pains as if from a bruise in the joints.—the head confused, as if from too much meditation.—Pains in the tympanum, with binding sensations in the ears.—Metallic taste on the lips and tongue.—*Acid taste.*—Repugnance to coffee.—Sour eructations.—Muscles of the abdomen painful and drawn backwards towards the back.—Sufferings from flatulency, with pressing pains, especially in the epigastrium and chest, aggravated by motion and mitigated by eructating, or expulsion of wind.—Fæces of a large size, which are evacuated slowly and with difficulty.

123.—NATRUM SULPHURICUM.

NATR-S.—Sulphate of soda.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine which, notwithstanding the number of its symptoms, has hitherto been employed by homœopaths against *intermittent fevers* only.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing and stinging, or jerking, or *jerking tearings in the limbs* and other parts, especially in the evening and at night.—*Painful sensibility of the limbs, which feel as if they had been bruised, or as if af-*

ter fatigue.—Tremor of the body, with spasmodic movements of the muscles, and accompanied by anxious apprehension.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves during repose, and are mitigated by movement.—One feels better in the open air.—Itching and itching pimples which burn after being scratched.

SLEEP.—Great *desire to sleep during the day*, especially *in the forenoon* ; one goes to sleep while reading or writing.—Sleeplessness caused by great agitation.—Uneasy sleep with *anxious* and disagreeable *dreams*.—Jerking of the limbs during sleep.—Dreams in which one thinks that he is flying.

FEVER.—*Shiverings with coldness*, especially *in the evening*, or at night, sometimes with anguish, shaking and chattering of the teeth, generally without thirst.—Internal coldness with stretching and yawning.—Shivering and shaking in the morning, after walking, and coldness with hot head and yellow face.—During the shivering fit, heat in the forehead and hands.—Dry general heat, in the afternoon.—Profuse sweat at night.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholy and weeping, especially after hearing music.—*Ill-humour with dislike to conversation*, and laconic speech.—Quarrelsome humour with serious mood.

HEAD.—Vertigo in the evening, with vomiting of sour mucus.—Vertigo after dinner, with buzzing in the head.—Head-ache on reading, with heat and perspiration.—Pressure and compression in the occiput and sides of the head, also at night.—Pain in the vertex, as if the head were about to split.—Tearing pains and clawing in the forehead, sometimes immediately after dinner, with great desire to sleep.—*Boring pains in the head*.—Painful shocks in the head, as if from electric sparks.—Shootings in the sides of the head after fatiguing the arms.—Violent and throbbing head-ache, especially in the temples.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp when it is combed.—Tearing in the exterior of the vertex, at night, with shivering and shaking, and chattering of the teeth.

EYES.—Heaviness of the eye-lids, as if weighed down by lead.—*Pressure in the eyes*, especially in the evening, when reading by candle-light.—Tearing pain round the eye.—*Burning in the eyes*, sometimes in the morning and evening, with great dryness or profuse lachrymation.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Confused sight.—Sparks before the eyes, or after blowing the nose.—*Photophobia*, especially on waking in the morning.

EARS AND NOSE.—Otalgia, as if the tympanum were forced outwards.—*Lancinations in the ears*.—Tingling in the ears.—Coryza, with obstruction of the nose, which scarcely suffers one to breathe.

FACE.—Face pale and sickly, as if after a nocturnal debauch, with gloomy countenance.—*Tearing in the face*, and especially in the cheek-bones.—The lips are dry and burning, and desquamate.—Inflamed and burning blisters on the upper lip.—Painful rigidity in the maxillary joint, which prevents opening the mouth.

TEETH.—Drawing pains in the teeth, with looseness, and a sensation as if they were elongated, mitigated by cold air, and by smoking tobacco.—*Pulsating, beating tooth-ache at night*, with great agitation.—Tearing in the carious teeth, on getting out of bed, at night.—Burning in the gums.—*Shifting and painless swelling of the gums.—Purulent vesicles on the gums.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth* with thirst, especially in the morning.—Burning in the mouth, tongue and palate.—Burning vesicles on the tongue.—Accumulation of sourish water in the mouth.

THROAT.—*Sore-throat with painful and obstructed deglutition*, and inflammatory swelling of the uvula and amygdalæ.—Constriction and dryness of the throat.

APPETITE.—Mucous taste.—*Burning thirst* for cold drinks, *especially in the evening*.—Absence of appetite and repugnance to food.—Head confused and the eyes clouded during a meal.—Sweat on the face, oppression of the chest, and accumulation of water in the mouth, with desire to vomit after a meal.

STOMACH.—Sour regurgitation.—Frequent hiccough.—Nausea, with lancination in the eyes.—Flow of water, like pituita, from the mouth, in the evening.—Vomiting of salt, acidulated water, or of acid mucus, followed by great dejection and burning pains in the head.—Fulness in the stomach ascending to the chest, with obstructed respiration, in bed, in the evening.—Boring pains in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Painful sensibility of the hepatic region when touched and during a walk.—Beating, tension and *stinging in the hepatic region*.—Stinging in the left hypochondrium.—*Pains as if from a bruise in the abdomen*, at night, with pains in the loins; the pains wake one up, and are insupportable, except when lying on the side.—Transient burning passing over different parts of the abdomen, in the evening.—Distension, burning, and *stinging in the*

groins.—Painful accumulation of wind.—*Flatulent colic with pinching.*—Rumbling, borborygmus, and movements in the abdomen.—Frequent expulsion of offensive wind.

FÆCES.—Hard and knotty fæces, often mixed with blood and mucus.—*Frequent soft and loose evacuations.*

URINE.—*Frequent discharge of urine, with sediment of a yellow colour or like brick dust.*—*Burning in the urethra, after and during the discharge of urine.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Violent itching on the genital organs.* Sweat on the scrotum in the evening.—Increased sexual desire.—*Catamenia retarded, with colic and suppressed evacuation or hard fæces.*—Head-ache and epistaxis, during the catamenia.—The blood of the catamenia is acrid and corrosive or coagulated, and flows only in the morning.—*Leucorrhœa.*

LARYNX.—*Dry cough, excited by tickling, with roughness of the trachea and sensation of excoriation in the chest, more violent at night, and mitigated by rising up in the bed.*—Cough with expectoration, short breath, and stinging in the left side of the chest.

CHEST.—Shortness of breath, especially when walking.—Oppression of the chest.—*Stinging in the chest and its sides, which are painful, especially when coughing.*

TRUNK.—*Pains in the loins as if from a bruise, or pain as from ulceration, especially at night.*—Lancinations in the loins, when seated.—Tearing and gnawing along the spine.—Cutting stinging between the shoulder-blades.—Jerking tearings and tension in the muscles of the left side of the neck.—Lancinations in the axillæ.

ARMS.—*Tearing in the bones and muscles of the arms and fore-arms.*—Heaviness of the arms.—Sensation of fulness and rigidity in the hands.—Tearing and *stingings in the hand and fingers.*—Trembling and weakness of the hands, so as not to be able to hold any thing heavy.—Burning and redness in the back of the hand, as if caused by nettles.—Stinging pain of ulceration under the nails.

LEGS.—*Sharp pains in the hips on stooping, and during motion, especially when rising from a seat, and at night in bed.*—Heat and burning in the legs morning and evening.—Tearing and *drawing in the legs, and especially in the tendo-Achillis and calf of the leg.*—Great lassitude and uneasiness in the feet.—Stinging, tearing and pain as from ulceration in the feet.—Violent itching in and between the toes, especially when heated in the evening.

124.—NICCOLUM CARBONICUM.

NICC.—Nickel.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing and *stinging in the limbs* and other parts.—Aggravation of the symptoms in the evening and at night.—Amelioration in the open air.—Itching tetters.—Frequent waking at night from agitation.—*Predominance of coldness*.—Heat with burning thirst, especially in the evening and at night.—Anxious moroseness and inquietude.—Tremor and fright, with desire for solitude.—Dislike to conversation.—*Great disposition to contradict*.—Malevolence, with rage and quarrelsome humour.

HEAD.—Vertigo with dizziness and staggering, as if from weakness, principally on getting up in the morning.—*Heaviness* and painful *fulness* in the head and principally in the forehead, with vertigo.—Pain in both sides of the head, as if it had been beaten.—Tearing and stings in the head.—Head-ache, principally when in a room and after a walk in the open air.

EYES.—*Frequent burning in the eyes*, especially towards the evening.—*Painful jerking in the balls of the eyes*, with a sensation as if they were about to be violently convulsed.—*Great weakness of the eyes*, especially in the evening; when they are fatigued, the power of seeing is extinct.—Distant objects appear larger than they really are.

EARS AND NOSE.—Stinging in the ears.—Sudden deafness, with buzzing in the ears in the evening.—Frequent sneezing.—Obstruction of the nose.—Redness and swelling of the anterior surface, accompanied by burning and tearing in the nostrils.—Eruption on the nose.

FACE.—Sensation of heaviness in the face as if it were swollen.—Painful sensibility and cramp in the maxillary joint, which hinders the mouth from being easily opened.—Itching tetters on the cheeks.—Eruption on the lips.

TEETH.—Swelling of the gums.—Smarting odontalgia, in the evening.—Odontalgia, with tearing in the ears.—*On sucking the molares, an acid and fetid water issues from them*.

MOUTH.—Abundant accumulation of sweetish saliva in the mouth.—Fetid odour from the mouth, imperceptible to oneself.

THROAT.—Pain in the throat, especially when speaking and yawning in the evening.—Stinging pain in the throat, during deglutition.—Inflammation of the throat, with swelling of the amygdalæ on the right side, as well as of the face and neck, which are painful when touched.—Spas-

modic contraction and sensation of strangulation in the throat.

STOMACH AND ABDOMINAL REGION.—Farinaceous taste in the mouth on rising in the morning.—Eructations, with taste of burned meal.—Absence of appetite.—*Thirst in the evening.*—Violent hiccough, principally in the evening.—Sensation of emptiness in the stomach.—Cuttings in the epigastrium and hypochondria.—Cuttings with diarrhœa.

FÆCES—CATAMENIA.—Hard, tenacious, slow evacuation.—Constipation.—Diarrhœa, preceded by cuttings, or with tenesmus and burning in the anus.—Increased secretion of urine, also at night.—Burning urine.—Catamenia too early, but too scanty, and of too short duration.—Leucorrhœa.

CHEST AND EXTREMITIES.—Stinging in the chest, especially when laughing.—Pain, as from excoriation in the chest.—Cracking and wrenching pain in the nape of the neck, on rising again after stooping.—Itching tetters on the hips.—Cramps in the toes.

125.—NITRUM.

NITR.—Nitrate of Potass.—HAHNEMANN.—Duration of effect: for 7 weeks in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Nitr-spir.—Camphor augments the action of nitre.

COMPARE WITH: Aimm. arn. calc. cocc. dros. natr-m. nitr-ac. nitr. spir.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—*Internal inflammations; Gastritis?; Gastralgia; Flatulent colic; Colliquative diarrhœa; Laryngal phthisis?; Chronic pneumonia?; Phthisical complaints, &c., &c.*

[It deserves attention in *Phthisis purulenta*; in *Catarrhus inflammatoria*, when the secretions are entirely suppressed, and the cough very dry and exceedingly troublesome, as in inflammations of the lungs when the *sputa critica* does not set in, and the crisis is delayed; in chronic inflammation of the stomach and liver; in affections of the kidneys, especially in renal gravel, &c., &c.—Ed.]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing, stinging, and drawing pains.—Drawing in the limbs with paralytic weakness.—Tearing in the limbs, day and night, mitigated for a short time by friction.—The majority of symptoms manifest themselves in the evening, *after midnight*, and in the afternoon.—The symptoms which have manifested themselves during the day, disappear after lying down in the evening.—Rapid swelling of the whole body.—Great dejection, in

the morning, with sensation of heat in the face, and burning in the forehead.—*Lassitude, which is greater when seated than during motion.*

SKIN.—Lancinations in the skin, as if caused by needles, *followed by burning*, principally in the face.—Tubercles of the size of a pea, also in the face.—*Burning blisters*, filled with yellowish serum, which break when they are scratched, and then cease to burn.

SLEEP.—*Desire to sleep during the day.*—Disturbed sleep at night; one does nothing but dream, with frequent wakings.—*Coma somnolentum.*—Anxious and uneasy dreams, about dangerous situations.—*Nightmare.*

FEVER.—Shivering in the evening, with pain.—*Coldness in the afternoon* with thirst; or coldness, preceded by head-ache, with adipsia, and *followed by nocturnal heat*, without thirst or sweat.—*Quotidian fever*, with drawing pains in the limbs.—*Profuse and colliquative sweat.*—Sweat in the morning, especially on the chest.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety and agitation.—Discouragement and fear of death.

HEAD.—*Head-ache, after eating veal.*—Head-ache, with contraction of the eye-lids, from one evening to another, insupportable on stooping the head.—Head-ache, alternating with cramp-like tearing in the joints of the fingers.—*Stunning heaviness of the head*, in the morning, as if caused by intoxication.—*Pressing pains in the head*, aggravated by coffee and mitigated by the motion of a carriage.—*Compression in the occiput*, producing rigidity in the surrounding parts.—Contraction in the head, which seems to become concentrated in the nose.—Cramp-like drawing in the occiput and nape of the neck, which compels one to turn the head back.—*Lancinating head-ache*—The pains in the occiput are mitigated by unbinding the hair.—Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp.

EYES.—*Burning in the eyes*, with lachrymation and photophobia, especially in the morning, after washing with cold water.—Transient blindness.—*Cloudiness of the sight.* Coloured circles before the eyes.—A halo, resembling a rainbow, round the candle in the evening.

EARS.—Stinging in the ears, in the evening, aggravated by lying down.—Tension, stinging and tearing behind the ears.—Inflammation and swelling of the lobe of the ear, with burning and jerking pain.—Tingling and ringing in the ears.—*Permanent deafness*, from paralysis of the auditory nerves.

NOSE.—Burning in the nose, with searching and claw-

ing pain, aggravated by touch.—*Inflammation of the extremity of the nose, with stinging pain.*—Swelling of the interior of the nose.—Ulcer in the nostrils.—*Epistaxis with flow of acrid blood.*—Violent coryza with obstruction of the nose and loss of smell.

FACE.—Pale and sickly complexion.—Redness and tension in the cheeks, with aggravation of the head-ache.—Tearing in the bones of the face.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache, with lancinating, drawing, or tearing pains in the teeth and head.*—Stinging in the carious teeth, when touched.—Pulsating tooth-ache, at night, aggravated by cold things.—*Swelling of the gums, of an inflammatory or scorbutic character; they bleed easily.*

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Fetid breath.*—Tongue loaded with a white coating.—*Sore throat, with stinging pain and inflammation of the velum palati and uvula.*—Nocturnal pain in the throat as if it were about to be contracted, with obstructed respiration.

STOMACH.—*Absence of appetite, and *burning and continual thirst.*—*Appetite, principally in the evening.*—*Nausea as if going to vomit, especially at night.*—Vomiturition and vomiting of mucus mixed with blood.—Pains in the stomach, with a sensation as if something were turning about in it.—Gnawing, spasmodic weakness and *pressure in the epigastrium.*—*Violent cramps in the stomach, with *contracting pain.*—Stinging in the stomach and epigastrium.—Sensation of coldness or *burning in the stomach.*—(Inflammation of the stomach.)

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Exceedingly violent *pain in the abdomen, after eating real,* especially in the right side.—Excessive distension of the abdomen.—Cuttings which disappear towards the evening.—Stinging pains in the abdomen.—**Incarceration of wind* especially in the afternoon.

FÆCES.—*Fæces hard,* difficult and retarded, evacuated with much effort.—Urgent desire to go to stool, with tenesmus.—*Soft fæces, with cuttings.*—**Diarrhœa,* sometimes without pain, or colliquative.—Sanguinolent evacuations.

URINE.—Frequent desire to urinate, and *profuse discharge of clear urine,* with a reddish sediment.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Increased sexual desire.—*Catamenia* too early and too profuse, *with discharge of black blood.*—Before and during the catamenia, violent pains in the abdomen and loins.—White serous leucorrhœa, which stiffens the linen and is discharged during the pains in the loins.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness, with hoarseness and scraping in

the throat.—Tension and cutting pains in the larynx, with obstructed deglutition.—Cough, which wakes one towards three o'clock in the morning, with stunning head-ache.—*Cough in the open air, or when going up stairs, and also whenever the breath is held in.—*Dry cough*, especially in the morning.—*When coughing, cutting pains are felt in the chest, till the mucus is detached.*—**Cough, with stinging in the chest, and expectoration of pure blood.*—Cough, with purulent expectoration and colliquative sweat.

CHEST.—*Obstructed respiration*, which prevents one from reclining with the head low.—Oppression of the chest, when ascending.—Pain in the chest with pressing tension, accompanied by a sensation of roughness under the sternum, which excites violent coughing.—*Contracting pain in the chest*, commencing from the back, with sensation of constriction in the lungs.—*Lancinations in the chest*, especially *when taking a full inspiration* when lying down and coughing, accompanied by excessive anguish and oppression.—(*Inflammation of the lungs.*)—*Violent palpitation of the heart*, especially in bed at night.

TRUNK.—Stinging pains in the region of the loins.—*Violent pains in the loins, night and morning*, on waking.—Pains in the back on stooping.—*Pressure* on the loins during repose, aggravated especially by coughing.—*Stinging in and between the shoulder-blades*, often accompanied by oppressed respiration at night, when lying on the back, mitigated by lying on the right side.—Pain in the nape of the neck and extending into the shoulders, as if the hair were violently pulled.

ARMS.—*Tearing in the shoulders, at night.*—Tearing and stinging in the joints of the arms, elbow, hands and fingers, principally at night, with heaviness and a sensation as if the hand were too large, and swelling of the fingers.—Torpor and crawling in the arms and hands.—Drawing and *tearing in the arms*, from the shoulder to the fingers.—Wrenching pain in the joints of the hands and fingers.—Weakness in the arms, hands and fingers, which hinders one from holding any thing firmly.—Cramp-like tearing in the joints of the fingers, alternating with head-ache.—Cramps and rigidity in the joints of the fingers.

LEGS.—*Tearing in the legs.*—Great lassitude and *paralytic weakness in the legs* after a short walk.—Jerking tearing in the soles of the feet.—Torpor and crawling in the feet.—Contraction of the toes.

126.—NITRI ACIDUM.

NITR-AC.—Nitric-acid.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect: for 7 weeks in chronic affections.*

ANTIDOTES: Calc. camph. con. hep. mez. petrol. sulph.—*It is employed as an antidote against: calad.? calc. merc.*

COMPARE WITH: Acon. aur. bell. calad. calc. chél. con. graph. hep. kal. lyc. magn. merc. mez. mur-ac. nitr. op. petr. phos-ac. plat. puls. rhus. selen. sep. sil. sulph. sulph-ac. thuy.—Nitric acid, when indicated, will be found beneficial after: Calc. kal. hep. natr. bell. puls. sulf. and thuy; After nitric acid. calc. petr. puls. sulph. are often used with success.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Affections of persons of a dark complexion, with black or brown hair and eyes, and with meagre, dry, bilious constitution, and quick and irritable character; or else persons of a weak, lymphatic, or leucophlegmatic constitution, with disposition to diarrhœa, cold in the head, leucorrhœa, or other mucous discharges; Rheumatic affections; Aching pains, inflammation, caries and other *affections of the bones*, especially *from the abuse of mercury*; Syphilitic and sycotic affections; Tetters, rhagades, spots, and other *bad effects from the abuse of mercury*; Inflammation, obstruction, and *ulceration of the glands*; Scrofulous and rachitic affections; Hysterical affections; Abscess; Chlorotic? and icteric sufferings; Internal local inflammations; Epilepsy?; Chilblains; *Mercurial ulcers*; Warts; Wens;? Melancholy; *Nervous excitability*, especially *from the abuse of mercury*; Megrims; Rheumatic, congestive, hysteric and nervous cephalalgia; Falling off of the hair in consequence of repeated head-aches; *Corona veneris*; *Acute and chronic ophthalmia*, especially when *caused by the abuse of mercury*, or by repelled syphilitic ulcers; Opacity of the cornea; Amblyopia amaurotica; Myopia?; Otitis and purulent otorrhœa; Hardness of hearing; Chronic coryza; Ozæna?; Facial tetters; Scorbutic affection of the gums, and stomacace, especially from abuse of mercury; Amygdalitis and other *phlegmonous anginæ*; *Syphilitic and mercurial anginæ*, also with *ulceration*; Odontalgia, especially that which proceeds from the abuse of mercury; Gastric and hepatic affections; Icterus; Flatulent (and inflammatory) colic?; *Syphilitic, mercurial, and scrofulous buboes*; Inguinal hernia; Constipation, or *chronic relaxation of the bowels*; *Diarrhœa* and dysentery; Hæmorrhoids; Incontinence of urine; Gravel; Chronic gonorrhœa; Condylomia; Orchitis; Cancer(?), scirrhus(?) uteri; Amenorrhœa; Chlorosis?; Leucorrhœa; Induration of the mammary glands?; Chronic laryngitis; Convulsive cough; Hooping cough?;

Hæmoptysis; Phthisical complaints (especially after using Kali carb.); Pulmonary spasms; Rhagades and mercurial spots on the hands; Chilblains on the hands and feet, &c.

[Hahnemann states that this remedy is almost only serviceable in chronic diseases attended with diarrhœa. It is particularly serviceable in *syphilitic inflammations of the eyes, in syphilitic ulcerations of the throat, and in swellings of the inguinal glands (buboes), which threaten to suppurate*; also in *various syphilitic eruptions, cancerous ulcers, in swelling of the testicles with drawing and violent burning pains*; and in syphilitic inflammation of the throat (ANGINA SYPHILITICA) characterized by long continued hoarseness, with continual rattling and barking, and peculiar sensations in the throat and palate; in *old, inveterate syphilitic gonorrhœas and leucorrhœas*, it may often be used with the most excellent results. In *sycosis* it has much specific action, and with the aid of *Thuya*, will cure almost all cases. It has also proved itself beneficial in *the most obstinate ulcers from the misuse of mercury, against mercurial rheumatism, and even in the so-called mercurial cachexy*: when characterized by the greatest degree of muscular weakness, trembling, extraordinary debility, and particularly by a disposition to dissolution of the organic mass, the use of the nitric acid should be persisted in for several weeks.

In swellings of the glands of the armpit (axillary glands), in large and painful and inflamed swellings of the glands of the neck (cervical glands), which easily ulcerate, in scald head (TINEA CAPITIS), with painful swelling of the glands of the neck (cervical glands), and when the above diseases are complicated with Psora and Syphilis, we called attention to the use of the nitric acid. It alone will often effect a perfect and radical cure, even when ulceration, with the secretion of a bad smelling, acrid pus, has set in. The records of Homœopathy will show the cure of many such cases which had withstood all other treatment.

It is also an excellent remedy in *purulent pulmonary consumption, when attended with evening fever, violent thirst, profuse and debilitating night sweats, and perhaps also with spitting of blood.* At times, not merely the above-mentioned symptoms, but the inflammation of the throat and troublesome hoarseness, which attend the last stages of this dangerous disease, will give way under the use of the nitric acid.

Finally, the symptoms which this drug excites in the healthy person, viz. sour taste, indigestion, violent thirst, heartburn, sour vomiting, *unusually profuse secretion of*

urine, biting and sour smelling urine, red swollen gums, general emaciation, &c., &c., would lead us to suppose that it has much specific action in *diabetes*.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Stinging pains as if caused by splinters, especially when touched.*—**Tearing or drawing in the limbs, especially after a chill.*—*Inflammation and painful sensibility of the bones.*—*Ulceration of the bones.*—*Rachitis*—*Inflammation, swelling and suppuration of the glands.*—*Cracking in the joints.*—*Attacks of epilepsy, preceded by traction in the limbs and followed by rigidity of the body and snoring.*—**Pains from change of weather.*—**Pains which are perceptible during sleep.*—*Aggravation of the symptoms in the evening and at night.*—*Riding in a carriage mitigates the majority of the symptoms.*—**Great weakness and general lassitude, with tremor, heaviness of the legs, and desire to remain lying down, especially in the evening, or in the morning.*—**Excessive emaciation.*—*Tendency to take cold.*

SKIN.—**Dryness of the skin.*—**Itching nettle rash, also on the face, and especially in the open air.*—°*Black pores.*—°*Reddish brown spots* *and dark-coloured freckles on the skin.—°*Copper or violet-coloured spots.*—°*Itching tetters.*—**Pain in the chilblains and corns on the feet.*—**From a moderate degree of cold, the limbs are as if they were frozen, inflamed and itching, with cracked skin.*—*Large furunculi.*—*Wounds and ulcers, with stinging, as if caused by splinters, or with burning pains and bleeding easily.*—*Ulcers, with sanious, sanguinolent and acrid suppuration.*—**Pains in the old scars, from a change of weather.*—**Warts.*—°*Wens.*

SLEEP.—*Inclination to sleep during the day, from weakness, with vertigo.*—*Sleep retarded in the evening, *and waking early, or with difficulty, in the morning.*—*Sleeplessness, as if from over-excitement.*—**Incomplete and disturbed sleep and frequent waking with a start.*—*Sleep not refreshing.*—*At night, bleeding from the nose, head-ache, tooth-ache, thirst, gastralgia, colic, pains in the limbs, night-mare, anguish, palpitation of the heart, nausea, vomiting, and many other sufferings.*—**Many fantastical, voluptuous, anxious, frightful dreams, and often with cries, plaintive groans, talking and starts with fright.*—*Dreams of death, of spectres, of the business of the day, of crimes, of festivities, &c.*—*Shocks in the body and jerks in the limbs during sleep.*

FEVER.—*General coldness of the skin.*—**Continual*

coldness.—*Fever in the afternoon ; shivering and heat.—Internal heat, without thirst, continued, or at intervals.—Dry heat at night, with violent thirst.—**Nocturnal sweat, fetid, -or acid*.—*Acid sweat, like horses' urine, by day.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Sadness*.—Excessive melancholy and *fits of anguish* especially in the evening, or at night.—**Uneasiness* respecting the state of one's health, with *fear of death*.—*Unfitness for exertion.—**Excitability*.—Selfishness.—**Irritability* and obstinacy.—Passion.—Prolonged rancour.—Fits of rage and *despair*, with oaths and imprecations.—Inclination to weep.—Nostalgia.—Timidity of character and disposition to be frightened.—Weakness of the intellectual faculties, with unfitness for intellectual labour.—Excessive weakness of memory.

HEAD.—*Vertigo when walking and when seated.—Vertigo, which forces one to lie down, especially in the morning and evening.—Vertigo, with weakness, nausea, or head-ache.—Head-ache, on waking in the morning.—Great sensibility of the head to the noise of carriages or of a heavy tread.—Attacks of head-ache, with nausea and vomiting.—Sensation of fulness and heaviness in the head, with tension and pressure extending into the eyes.—*Tearing in the forehead, vertex and occiput.—Lancinations in almost all parts of the head, which sometimes oblige one to lie down and which disturb the sleep at night.—*Pulsating head-ache.—Congestion to the head, with internal heat.—Drawing and pressive, aching pains in the head.—*Painful sensibility of the hairy scalp ; covering the head causes a sense of pressure.—Tension in the hairy scalp.—*Itching in the hairy scalp.—Humid eruption on the head.—*Falling off of the hair.—Ulcerated, running and burning places on the head.

EYES.—Eyes dull and hollow.—*Pressure and stinging in the eyes.—*Inflammation of the eyes.—*Ulceration of the eyes.—*Specks on the cornea.—Swelling of the eye-lids.—Frequent lachrymation, especially when reading, with painful sensibility of the eyes.—Difficulty of opening the eyes in the morning (they are surrounded by a yellow circle).—Paralysis of the upper eye-lid.—*The pupils contract with difficulty.—Myopia.—Diplopia.—*Mist, spots, threads, sparks and black spots dancing before the eyes.—Sight confused, eyes clouded and dazzled by the daylight.

EARS.—*Stinging in the ears.—Dryness in the interior of the ear.—Ulceration of the mastoid apophysis.—Discharge from the ears.—Excoriation behind the ears, with itching and suppuration.—*Obstruction of the ears.—*Hardness of

hearing, principally from elongation of the amygdalæ.—
 *Cracking, throbbing and *buzzing in the ears*.—Cracking in the ears during mastication.—Swellings of the parotids.—
 °Wen on the lobe of the ear.

NOSE.—Redness of the point of the nose, which is covered with scabby vesicles.—Itching tetters on the alæ nasi.—*Stinging pricking in the nose*, when touched.—*Pain, as from excoriation, burning and *scabs in the nose*.—**Bleeding of the nose*, excited by weeping, or *in the morning*; the blood that is discharged is black.—*Sensation of a fetid odour, when breathing through the nose.—*Fetid odour from the nose*.—Excrescence, like sycosis in the nose.—*Abortive sneezing.—*Dryness and *obstruction of the nose*.—*Violent flowing coryza* with head-ache, cough, swelling and ulceration of the nose.—Discharge of thick and acrid mucus from the nose.—Fetid and yellowish mucus in the nose.

FACE.—*Paleness of the face*, with eyes deep-sunk.—Yellow colour of the face, and especially round the eyes, with redness of the cheeks.—Cramp-like pain and tearing in the cheeks and zygomatic process.—Swelling of the cheeks.—**Eruption of pimples on the face*, forehead and temples.—*Pustules on the face, with large red margins, covered with scabs.—Erysipelatous swelling of the cheek, with stinging pain, nausea and fever.—Furfuraceous skin over the whole face.—Itching eruptions and tetters in the whiskers.—Black pores in the face.—Swelling of the lips.—°Cracked lips.—*Ulceration of the lips* and their commissures.—°Ulcers on the red part of the lips.—Furunculi on the chin.—*Painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands*.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with jerking, stinging, drawing, or *pulsative pain, principally at night, or in bed in the evening.—Pain in the carious teeth.—*The teeth become yellow and °loose*.—*Gums bleeding, white and swollen.

MOUTH.—*Offensive and putrid smell from the mouth*.—Excoriation of the tongue, palate and internal surface of the gums, with acute stinging pains.—**Salivation* °sometimes from attacks of fever.—Great dryness of the mouth with burning thirst.

THROAT.—*Ulcer* with stinging pain in the mouth and throat.—**Inflammation of the throat* with stinging pains, especially on swallowing liquids.—*Red and swollen tonsils.—Burning sensation and *pain as from excoriation in the throat*.

APPETITE.—**Bitter taste in the mouth*, especially after eating.—*Sour taste* with burning in the throat.—*Sweetish taste in the mouth.—**Violent thirst*, also in the morning, on rising.—*Dislike to meat and things sweetened with sugar.

—Repugnance to bread, which leaves a sour taste, and causes vomiting.—Desire for earth, chalk, lime, or fat food and herrings.—Sharp hunger with disgust for life.—*Difficulty in digesting milk.*—Nausea from fat food.—*Sweat during and after a meal.—Pain as from excoriation in the throat, œsophagus, and stomach; or colic after drinking during a meal.—*After a meal, fulness in the stomach, lassitude with heat, sweat and palpitation of the heart from the least movement, or nausea, eructations, flatulency, head-ache with vomiting, sleep, anguish, &c.

STOMACH.—Sour eructations.—*Desire to vomit.—Pyrosis.—Flow of water, like pituita, from the mouth after drinking quickly.—Hiccough.—*Frequent nausea and desire to vomit, often attended with anguish, trembling and shivering.—Bitter and sour vomitings, with frequent eructations (after a meal).—Pressure in the stomach.—Burning, or sensation of coldness in the stomach.—Pain in the cardia while digesting the food.—Contracting cramp in the stomach.—*Lancinations in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Tensive pressure and stinging in the left hypochondrium.—Pains in the abdomen, as if caused by a chill.—Excessive inflation of the abdomen, also in the morning.—*Frequent pinchings and cutting pains in the abdomen.—*Pain, as from ulceration in the lower parts of the abdomen.—*Stinging in the abdomen, especially when touched.—*Inguinal hernia, also in children.—*Swelling and suppuration of the inguinal glands.—*Predisposition to chills in the abdomen.—*Accumulation of wind in the abdomen.—*Rumbling and borborygmi in the abdomen.—*Incarceration of wind, especially morning and evening.

FÆCES.—*Difficult and irregular evacuations.—*Fæces hard and dry.—Evacuations too frequent.—*Urgent desire to go to stool.—*Loose evacuations, sometimes mucous, or putrid.—Offensive and undigested evacuations.—Sanguinolent, dysenteric evacuations, with tenesmus.—Colic before the evacuations.—After the evacuations, irritability and dejection.—Burning pain and *itching in the anus and rectum.—Oozing excoriation about the anus.—*Swelling of hæmorrhoidal tumours about the anus, and which bleed at every evacuation.

URINE.—Frequent desire to urinate, with scanty discharge of fetid, deep-coloured, or brownish urine.—*Incontinence of urine.—Painful *discharge of urine.—Cold urine.—*Fetid urine.—Red sediment and sand in the urine.—Smarting and burning when urinating.—Discharge of mucus, which is sometimes sanguinolent, or of pus from the urethra.—Swelling of the orifice of the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Violent itching in the genital organs.—Falling off of the hair from the parts.—Excoriation between the scrotum and thighs.—Red spots covered with scabs on the prepuce.—Secretion behind the glans, like secondary gonorrhœa.—Swelling, inflammation and phimosis of the prepuce.—**Ulcers, like chancres, on the prepuce and glans.*—**Excrescences, like sycosis, on the prepuce and glans, with smarting pain and bleeding when touched, and discharge of a fetid and sweetish pus.*—Relaxed testes.—*Inflammatory swelling of the testes, with painful drawing in the spermatic cord, extending as far as the side of the abdomen.*—**Absence of sexual desire and of erections.*—Great lasciviousness, with copious discharge of prostatic fluid.—Painful and almost spasmodic nocturnal erections.—*Too frequent pollutions.—Itching, burning pain and sensation of dryness in the vulva.—Lancinations in the vagina.—Excoriation on the vulva between the thighs.—Ulcer, with burning itching in the vagina.—Catamenia too early.—**Suppression of the catamenia.*—Cramps in the hypogastrium and pressure towards the genital organs during the catamenia.—Fetid, mucous, corroding leucorrhœa.—Fetid discharge of a reddish brown colour from the vagina.—Hard nodosities in the breasts.—Atrophy of the breasts.

LARYNX.—**Hoarseness, with coryza, cough, and stinging pains in the throat.*—**Roughness in the bronchia—Scraping and stinging in the trachea, especially after reading, or after a long conversation.*—Cough, with stinging and pain in the throat and chest, as if the parts were excoriated.—**Cough, only in the day.*—**Dry cough, especially in the evening on lying down.*—**Barking cough.*—Cough with vomiting.—Shaking cough at night, with obstructed respiration, almost as in whooping-cough.—When coughing, lancinations in the loins, or pain in the head, stomach, hypochondria, or pain as from excoriation and stinging in the chest.—**Purulent, yellowish expectoration with the cough.*—Short cough, with expectoration of black, coagulated blood.

CHEST.—**Wheezing respiration, especially during manual labour.*—**Obstructed respiration.*—**Short breath.*—Loss of breath and palpitation of the heart on walking or going up stairs.—Contracting cramps in the chest.—Stinging and stitches in the chest and sides.—Pain, as from excoriation in the chest, when breathing and coughing.—*Congestion to the chest, with anguish, heat and palpitation of the heart.*

TRUNK.—**Pain in the back and loins after a chill.*—**Stingings in and between the shoulder-blades.*—**Rigidity of*

the nape of the neck.—**Swelling of the glands of the neck and axillæ.*—*Suppuration of the axillary glands.*

ARMS.—Pressing pain in the joint of the shoulder.—*Drawing in the arms.*—Jerking in the muscles of the arms.—Pain in the arms, as if they had been beaten, and which prevents them from being lifted up.—*Drawing and tearing in the fore-arms and hands.*—Weakness and trembling of the fore-arms and hands.—Warts on the arms.—Cracks and rhagades in the hands.—Coppery spots on the hands.—Coldness of the hands.—°Roughness of the skin of the hands.—Tensive pain in the joints of the fingers.—Swelling of the fingers, especially in the joints, with stinging pain.—*Fingers dead and numbed in the cold air.—**Chilblains on the fingers and hands.*—*Tetters between the fingers.—°White spots on the nails.

LEGS.—Wrenching pain in the hip, which causes lameness.—Lassitude, heaviness and **coldness in the legs and feet.*—*Drawing and tearing in the legs and feet.*—°*Uneasiness in the legs in the evening.*—*Itching in the thighs.—Pains in the thighs on rising from a seat.—Pain in the ham, which prevents one from resting on the foot.—Rigidity and shooting in the knee.—Knuckling of the joints, knee and ankle.—*Weakness of the knee.*—**Violent cramp in the calf of the leg, especially at night, and towards the morning, as well as on walking after having been seated.*—°Jerking in the calves of the legs.—Stinging in the heel, when resting on it.—**Perspiration of the feet, sometimes fetid, with excoriation between the toes.*—Perspiration on the feet.—**Chilblains on the toes.*

127.—NITRI SPIRITUS DULCIS.

NITR-SP.—Nitrous ether.—A medicine entirely unknown in its primitive effects, but which is an antidote against several medicines, and which has been employed by homœopaths against: *Cerebral sufferings in typhus fever, and Sufferings from the abuse of table salt.*

SYMPTOMS (which have been relieved by this medicine).—°*Complete apathy, with absence of all desire, stupor, fixed and haggard look, excessive weakness, sleep with murmuring.*—°Great fatigue; a recumbent position can alone mitigate and tranquillize it.—°Excessive emaciation.—Excessive ill-humour, irascibility, irritability, passion and quarrelsome disposition, with easy lachrymation, dislike to labour and conversation.—°Aggravation of the sufferings in the afternoon.—°Paleness of the face, with sunken eyes, surrounded with a livid circle.—°Heat in the mouth.—°Sensation of contraction in the throat, with pain,

as if caused by a plug in the gullet.—'Pyrosis.—'Sour taste in the mouth.—'Want of appetite.—'Continued nausea, disgust and accumulation of water in the mouth.—'Vomiting of sour matter and mucus, followed by head-ache and shivering after a meal.—'Contracting pain and pressure in the stomach, with sensation of fulness immediately after a meal.—'Stinging, cutting and burning pains in the abdomen.—'Shivering and acute drawing pains in the bones.—'Catamenia too scanty and irregular.

128.—NUX MOSCHATA.

N-MOS.—Nutmeg.—HELBIG.—*Duration of effect* : ?

ANTIDOTES : *Semina cari carvi* (cumin.)

COMPARE WITH : Con. ign. magn. mos. n-nom. op. sep. puls. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be :—*Affections principally of women and children ; Affections occasioned by the influence of (damp) cold ; Rheumatic affections ; Neuralgia ? ; Scorbatic affections ? ; Eclampsia in children ? ; Fainting fits and other hysterical paroxysms ; Convulsions ? ; Scrofulous and rachitic affections ? ; Tabes dorsalis ? ; Atrophy of children ? ; Intermittent fevers ; Typhus fever ; Coma ? ; Imbecility ? ; Apoplexy ? ; Cephalalgia from indigestion ; Amblyopia amaurotica ? ; Freckles ? ; Odontalgia of pregnant women ; Odontalgia from the cold and damp evening air ; Paralysis of the tongue and organs of deglutition ? ; Anginæ ? ; Aphthæ in the mouth ? ; Nausea and vomiting of pregnant women ; Dyspepsia, especially in old men ? ; Gastralgia ? ; Enlargement of the liver (and spleen ?) ; Flatulent, nephritic and verminous colic ? ; Colic in children ? ; Diarrhœa, especially when caused by weakness or by chill ; Putrid and sanguinolent diarrhœa ; Diarrhœa in children ; Dysentery ; Urinary calculus ? ; Dysuria ? ; Impotence ? ; Spermatorrhœa ? ; Difficult labour ; False, spasmodic, or too feeble labour pains ? ; Precursory symptoms of abortion ? ; Odontalgia and gastric sufferings (and cough ?) of pregnant women ; Amenorrhœa, caused by a chill from being in the water ; Dysmenorrhœa ? ; Metrorrhagia ? ; Prolapsus vaginæ, recti, &c. ? ; Catarrhal cough, from a chill in the water ; Phthisis ? ; Asthmatic sufferings ; Hæmoptysis ? ; Diseases of the heart, &c. &c.*

[It deserves attention in *Angina aphthosa* ; in obstinate hiccough ; in nausea and vomiting of pregnant women ; in sea-sickness ; as a palliative against flatulence ; in *Colica nephritica* ; in dry cough with difficulty of breathing,

and which is excited especially by getting warm when working and by the warmth of the bed; in four-day intermittent fever; and in *tertiana duplex*, when attended with drowsiness, white coated tongue, rattling upon the chest, or cough with bloody expectoration, and but little thirst even during the fever; in dysmenorrhœa dependent upon a spasmodic contraction of the uterus, &c. &c. *Ed.*]

✂ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Searching and pressing pains*, which pass from place to place, and which occupy only a small space, and continue only a few moments, but soon return.—Drawing in the limbs, especially during repose, as if after a chill.—**Pains in the limbs and joints*, and other inconveniences in cold (damp) weather.—The symptoms are aggravated in the cold air, and mitigated by external heat.—Affections accompanied by a desire to sleep, and a disposition *to fainting fits.—*Fainting fits*—Convulsions.—Chilliness as when one is suddenly cooled after perspiring, with pain in the nape of the neck and all the bones. Excessively painful sensibility of the whole body; also on lying down softly, the part on which one reposes soon becomes painful.—Great uneasiness of the muscular system.—Lassitude and desire to lie down after the slightest fatigue.—*Great lassitude*, especially in the loins and knees, as if after a long journey, with inclination to sleep.

SKIN.—Cold and dry skin, not much inclined to perspiration.—Chilblains.—Bluish spots on the skin.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep.—Coma somnolentum and heaviness.

FEVER.—Great sensibility to cold air, which soon occasions shivering with paleness of the face.—Frequent shivering.—Double tertian fever with inclination to sleep, white tongue, rattling in the throat, sanguinolent expectoration, and moderate thirst during the heat.—Malignant fever, with putrid or colliquative diarrhœa?—Sanguinolent sweats.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Fickleness*, with desire at one time for one thing, at another time for another.—*Great disposition to make a jest of every thing*, especially in the open air, and sometimes with a stupid look, as if from imbecility.—Incessant flow of facetious ideas.—Changeable humour, at one time serious, at another gay.—Weakness of memory and forgetfulness.—*Slow march of ideas, *dizziness*, difficult conception.—*Want of ideas*, as if from absence of mind.—Dementia and mental alienation.—*Mania*, with odd speeches and ridiculous gestures.—Delirium.

HEAD.—**Confusion* and pressing heaviness in the head, especially in the forehead.—*Staggering*, with anguish, rigidity of the body and giddiness.—*Vertigo*, as if from drunkenness, with delirium and raving, or with giddiness.—*Head-ache, as if from indigestion, especially after breakfast.—Pressing head-ache, with heaviness and confusion of the head.—*Pain in the head, and especially in the temples*, with internal heat, and a sensation as if the brain were vacillating, on moving the head.—Painful sensibility of the temple on being touched.—Pressing and pulsating head-ache, especially above the left eye.—The head-aches come on generally after a meal, and more particularly after breakfast.

EYES.—Dryness of the eyes and *sensation of dryness*, which obstructs the movements of the eye-lids.—Profuse lachrymation and burning pains in the eyes.—Tension round the eyes and in the eye-lids.—Sensation of fulness in the eyes, with contraction of the pupils.

EARS.—Otalgia, with stinging pains.—Pain in the Eustachian tube, as if caused by a rough body, from a change of weather, and especially on the approach of rain or wind.

FACE.—*Paleness of the face and blue circle round the eyes.—Sensation of swelling in all the left side of the face, with burning pricking, as if from electric fluid.

NOSE.—Obstruction of the nose, sometimes one-sided.

TEETH.—°Stinging and tearing pains in the teeth, extending as far as the ears and temple, with lancinations in the teeth on sucking them, and aggravation of the pains from air and contact.—°Nocturnal tearing in the teeth, with inability to bring the jaws close together, as if they were paralyzed.—°*Stinging pains in the teeth, aggravated by external heat*.—*Odontalgia produced by the damp evening air, with compressing pains in the teeth and in the nape of the neck; the teeth feel as if loose; warm water mitigates the pains.—Tooth-ache after having used the hands in water, or in consequence of a chill.—Shocks in the teeth after drinking cold water.—*Teeth blunted*, as if they were covered with slime.—Bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—Dryness and *sensation of dryness in the mouth*, without thirst.—Fetid breath.—*Abundant accumulation of thick mucus and saliva in the mouth*.—Sensation of torpor in the tongue on being touched, as if it were made of leather.—*Dryness and sensation of dryness in the tongue*.—White coated tongue.—Swelling of the mucous follicles under the tongue.

THROAT.—*Great dryness and sensation of dryness in the throat, with scraping.*

APPETITE.—Taste in the mouth, as if after eating much salt.—Clammy taste, or *taste of chalk in the mouth.*—*Hunger and immoderate appetite, especially towards noon.*—Diminished appetite and prompt satiety.—*Absence of thirst.*—*Dejection and uneasiness after a meal.*—*Weak digestion and stomach.

STOMACH.—Sour eructations, shortly after a meal.—Nausea from the motion of a carriage.—Aggravations of the sufferings, and principally of the pains in the head after a meal, and especially after breakfast.—Fulness of the stomach, with impeded respiration.—Sensation of heat and of burning pain in the stomach.—Inflation of the stomach.—Cramps in the stomach, with *very weak digestion.*—Pressure in the stomach, as if from incarceration of wind.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure in the liver, as if caused by hard and pointed bodies.—Swelling of the liver.—*Sensation of heaviness in the hypochondria and upper part of the abdomen.*—Colic, with tearing pains.—*Inflation of the abdomen, with nausea and searching in the umbilical region.—Cuttings, as if caused by worms, with *desire to sleep.*—*Nocturnal sufferings from flatulence, which disturb the sleep.

FÆCES.—Soft, sluggish fæces, difficult to evacuate.—*Diarrhœa from weakness, or in consequence of a chill.*—*Sanguinolent, putrid diarrhœa.—Diarrhœa like fried eggs, with complete absence of appetite (in children).—Diarrhœa of undigested substances.—*Diarrhœa, with absence of appetite and desire to sleep, in children.*—Mucous diarrhœa, as if from worms.

URINE AND GENITAL ORGANS.—Burning and cutting pains when urinating.—Painful strangury.—Urine smells like violets.—Absence of sexual desire.—Weakness of the genital functions.—Want of erections, even while indulging in voluptuous thoughts.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—Catamenia irregular.—Before the catamenia, pains in the loins and lassitude, with pressure in the stomach, flow of water, like pituita, from the mouth, and hepatic pains.—During the catamenia, sensation as if every thing were bearing down towards the hypogastrium, and drawing in the limbs.—Catamenia thick and dark-coloured.—*Suppressed catamenia.*—Breasts too small and without milk.

LARYNX.—Voice tremulous —*Hoarseness and catarrh.—*Sudden hoarseness when walking against the wind.*—

Cough, with pain in the chest, as if it were raw.—*Dry cough, with suspended respiration after a chill in the water.*—*Dry cough, which establishes itself during heating exertion, or in the heat of the bed.*—Cough, with expectoration of blood.

CHEST.—Dyspnœa.—**Short breath, especially after a meal.*—Obstructed respiration.—Contraction of the throat like choking.—**Oppression in the chest, generally proceeding from the epigastrium.*—Fulness and *unpleasant sensation of a load on the chest.*—Palpitation of the heart, sometimes with attacks of fainting.—Quivering of the heart.

TRUNK.—Drawing in the muscles of the nape of the neck, from the influence of damp air.—*Pain in the loins and back as if they had been beaten.*—Pain in the back when riding in a carriage.—Lassitude in the loins and knees.

129.—NUX VOMICA.

N.-VOM.—Nux vomica.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect: 15 or 20 days, and even longer.*

ANTIDOTES: Acon. alcohol. camph. cham. coff. cocc. puls. vinum.—*It is employed as an antidote against: Ambr. ars. calc. cham. chin. cocc. coff. colch. cupr. dig. graph. lach. petr. phos. puls. stram. sulph. tabac.*

COMPARE WITH: Acon. alum. ambr. amm. arn. ars. bis. bry. calc. cann. caps. carb-veg. caus. cham. chin. cocc. coff. colch. con. cupr. dig. dros. dulc. fer. graph. hyos. ign. ipec. lach. laur. lyc. magn. magn-m. merc. mur-ac. natr. natr-m. n-mos. ap. petr. phos. puls. sep. stram. sulph. tabac. tart. ingrs.—Nuxvomica, when indicated, will do much good alter: *Ars. ipec. lach phos. petr. sulph.*—*Bryon. puls. and sulph. will frequently be found efficacious after nux vomica.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by *the totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, would appear to be:—*Sufferings from the abuse of coffee, wine, or other spirituous or narcotic drugs; Bad effects from a chill, from a fit of passion, or from excessive study, or prolonged watching, or from a sedentary life; Affections principally of persons of a lively, choleric or sanguine temperament, with black eyes and hair, pale, or yellowish, or high-coloured complexion; Bilious, dry and meagre, or plethoric and strong, or lymphatic, feeble and exhausted constitution, or venous constitution with disposition to hæmorrhoides, hypochondriasis, hysteria and melancholy; Periodical and intermittent affections; Sufferings and pains in the limbs in rough and tempestuous weather; Rheumatic affections; Arthritic precursors and metastases; Sanguinolent congestions to the head, chest or abdomen; Physical and nervous weakness, caused by onanism, pollutions or other debilitating losses; Syncope and hysterical*

or hypochondriacal weakness ; Atrophy of scrofulous children ; Muscular weakness and difficulty in learning to walk in children ? ; Affections of the glands and lymphatic vessels ; Attacks of convulsions, epilepsy, tetanus and St. Vitus' dance ; Paralysis, principally of the lower extremities ; Chloritic or icteric sufferings ; Furunculi ; Chilblains ; Ecchymoses ; Miliary eruption ; Affections in consequence of morbilli, such as white miliary eruption, catarrhal cough, &c., &c. ; Inflammatory fevers, with gastric, mucous or bilious affections ; Quotidian, tertian and quartan fevers ; Typhus fevers ; Slow fevers ; *Mental alienation of drunkards* ; Moral affections from excessive study, or caused by mortification or a fit of passion ; Mania ; Hypochondriacal and hysterical melancholy ; Cerebral congestion, with vertigo ; Sanguinolent apoplexy ; Catarrhal, congestive, nervous or hysterical cephalalgia ; *Megrim* ; Head-ache from the abuse of coffee or of spirituous drinks, from excessive study, or from rough and windy weather ; Catarrhal, or scrofulous (or arthritic ?) ophthalmia ; Scrofulous photophobia ; Hæmorrhage from the eyes ; Coryza, in the inflammatory period ; Inflammatory otalgia ; Rheumatic prosopalgia and odontalgia, with swelling of the face ; Odontalgia from the abuse of coffee ; Difficult dentition of children with fever ; *Stomacace* ; Angina of scarlatina ; *Catarrhal angina* ; Pharyngeal, uvular and tonsillary angina ; *Gastralgia* ; Gastritis ; *Gastrico-mucous or bilious affections* ; *Dyspepsia, also with vomiting of food* ; Vomiting of drunkards, of pregnant women, &c. ; Contraction and scirrhus of the cardia ? ; Cholera ? ; Hepatic pains ? ; *Hepatitis* ; Enlargement and hardness of the liver and spleen, also from the abuse of cinchona ; Abdominal obstruction ; Abdominal congestion and stagnation in the vena portæ system ; spasmodic flatulent and hæmorrhoidal colic ; Umbilical and crural hernia ? ; *Incarcerated hernia* ; Inguinal hernia ; Peritonitis ; *Obstinate constipation*, principally caused by a *sedentary life*, or by *abuse of coffee* ; Mucous and sanguineous diarrhœa ; Dysentery ; Spasmodic contractions in the anus and urethra ; *Blind and bleeding hæmorrhoides* ; Spasmodic ischuria and strangury, or when caused by gravel ; Catarrh of the bladder ; Secondary gonorrhœa ; Orchitis ; Inflammation of the spermatic cord ; Satyriasis ? ; *Menstrual colic, with too early catamenia* ; Suppression of lochia ; Amenorrhœa ? ; Leucorrhœa ; Prolapsus uteri and vaginæ ; Cephalalgia ; Odontalgia, nausea, vomiting, colic, constipation and other *sufferings of pregnant women* ; Metritis ? ; Labour-pains, or too violent cuttings ; Abortion ;

Puerperal peritonitis ; Excoriation of the breasts ; Ophthalmia, nasal catarrh, hernia, constipation, convulsions and other sufferings of infants ; Inflammatory catarrh of the respiratory organs, with cough ; *Grippe* ; Hooping-cough ? ; Convulsive cough ; Bronchitis ; *Pleuritis* ? ; Spasmodic, flatulent and congestive asthma ; Pains in the loins ; *Sciatica* ; Arthritic gonitis, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Stinging, shaking pains, or jerking, tearing and drawing pains, with sensation of torpor and of paralytic weakness in the parts affected.—Pains which appear so insupportable, that one would prefer to be deprived of life.—**Pains in the limbs and joints, as if they had been bruised, mostly in bed in the morning, and during or after motion.*—*Tension and rigidity, numbness and torpor, heaviness, lassitude, and paralysis of the limbs.—Tremour of the limbs.—Palpitation of the muscles, or sensation as if something were moving in them.—Immobility of the joints.—Cramp-like contractions of several parts.—**Attacks of convulsions, cramps, tetanus, and other spasms, sometimes with cries, throwing back of the head, tremour of the limbs, involuntary evacuation of fæces and urine, vomiting, profuse sweat, thirst and rattling respiration.*—*Every distressing emotion renews the epileptic fits.—*The attacks of chorea are followed by a sensation of torpor and numbness in the parts affected.—**Attacks of uneasiness, principally after dinner, in the evening or at night, and sometimes with nausea which ascends from the pit of the stomach, anxiety, weakness, and tremour of the limbs, transient heat and paleness of face, tingling in the ears, pains in the pit of the stomach, crawling in the feet and hands, and desire to lie down.*—**Fainting fits* after the least exertion, principally after walking in the open air, and sometimes attended with vertigo, stunning, sparkling and blackness before the eyes, and agitation of blood.—**Great lassitude and fatigue, also in the morning, on waking or after getting up, and great exhaustion after the shortest walk in the open air.*—*Rapid and general failure of strength and great weakness of the muscles, with staggering gait, and prostration —**Excitability of the whole nervous system, with too great sensibility of all the organs, principally those of sight and hearing.*—**Excessive sensibility and repugnance to the open air and to a current of air, with great tendency to take cold.*—*Heaviness of the body, indolence and dread of every movement, with great desire to remain lying down or sitting ; in which positions almost all the pains

are mitigated.—*The sufferings which have appeared during repose in a room, are mitigated by walking in the open air and *vice versa* —*Coffee, wine, tobacco-smoke, meditation and watching, as well as windy weather, also excite or aggravate many of the sufferings.—*One generally feels worse *on rising in the morning*, or towards eight or nine o'clock in the evening, as well as *after dinner*, and many sufferings appear *periodically* at one or other of these periods.—**Emaciation of the body*.

SKIN.—Pale *or yellowish colour of the skin.—**Yellowness*, with dislike to food and fainting.—*Cold and bluish skin during the shiverings —Pricking and burning itching, in the morning or evening, when undressing and also at night.—Sensibility and pain, as from excoriation over the whole skin, with sensation of torpor in any place that is touched.—Eruptions with burning itching.—*Chilblains, with burning itching, "bleeding fissures and swelling of a pale redness.—*Furunculi.—*Bluish spots as if from sugillation after a contusion.—*Ulcers with pale red elevated margins.—Miliary and pimply eruptions, with burning itching.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep, principally *when rising in the morning*, or *after dinner*, or *early in the evening*, and often with *sleeplessness at night*.—Excessively pleasant and prolonged sleep in the morning, with difficult waking.—*Too short sleep, with difficulty in going to sleep again after midnight, and inability to remain in bed after three o'clock in the morning.—*Great flow of ideas in bed in the evening, which often drive away sleep till morning.—*Drowsy state with heavy and profound sleep during the day.—*Nocturnal sleep is light, with frequent waking, -or *like a kind of coma vigil*, with many dreams full of troubles and agitation, and a sort of weariness as if the night were too long.—*During sleep, frequent starts with fright, groans, lamentations, much talking, weeping, -delirium, with desire to run away from the bed, stertorous or whistling respiration, and lying on the back, with the arms raised over the head.—*Continued, fantastical, terrible and anxious, or voluptuous dreams, -full of cruelties and horror, or of meditation and cares; dreams of vermin, mutilated bodies, teeth falling out, of the occupations of the day and of urgent business.—Uneasiness in the thighs, anxiety and inquietude, heat and agitation of blood at night.—On waking in the morning, pain in the limbs as if they were bruised, great lassitude, with desire to remain lying down, and fits of stretching and of convulsive yawning.—Night-mare.

FEVER.—**Shivering, shuddering and coldness, principally at night, or in the evening after lying down, or in the morning, or in the open air, or after the least motion, also during hot weather, as well as after drinking, after being angry, or throwing off the bed-clothes.*—Coldness, partial shivering and shuddering, principally in the back and extremities.—**During the shivering, skin, hands and feet, face or nails are cold and bluish ; or pain, congestion of blood, and heat in the head, with redness and heat of the face, or (of one) of the cheeks ; thirst for beer, cramp-like contraction of the feet and toes ; or stings in the side and abdomen, pains in the back and loins, traction in the limbs, stretchings, spasmodic yawnings, and desire to lie down.*—**Heat principally at night, or towards the morning, or when walking in the open air, and sometimes only in the head or face, with redness of the cheeks, or in the feet and hands, with partial coldness, or shuddering and shivering in the rest of the body.*—**During the heat, vertigo, head-ache, shivering when moving in the least, or when uncovered in the slightest degree, thirst, or repugnance to drink, with dryness of the mouth, nausea, vomiting, buzzing in the ears, red urine, pains in the chest.*—**Attacks of fever, especially in the morning or evening, or at night, and composed for the most part of shivering with partial heat (followed by sweat), or of heat, preceded or followed by, or mixed with shivering, or heat alternately with shivering, with continued thirst for beer, sometimes also before the shivering and after the heat ; and of a quotidian or tertian type.*—**Attacks of fever, with congestions and pains in the head and gastrico-mucous or bilious sufferings, or with loss of consciousness, great weakness and prostration, even at the very commencement of the attack.*—**Pulse hard, full and frequent, or small, quick, or feeble, or intermittent.*—**Profuse sweat, sometimes fetid or acid, or of a mouldy smell ; cold and clammy sweat ; partial or one-sided sweat, principally in the head and upper parts of the body ; Nocturnal sweat, principally after midnight or towards the morning ; sweat while moving in the open air ; sweat alternating with shivering, or followed by heat and thirst for beer.*—During the sweats, there is sometimes a remission of the pains, or soreness of the parts on which one has lain, shuddering or colic when uncovered in the least, desire to vomit, heat in the face and hands, dryness of the lips and of the anterior portion of the mouth.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Hypochondriacal, sorrowful, morose, thoughtful and sad humour, sometimes with desire to weep, without being able to do so.*—**Melancholy, with*

great uneasiness respecting the state of one's health, desire to speak of the disease, despair of being cured, and fear of approaching death.—*Desire for solitude, repose and tranquillity, with repugnance to conversation.—*Anguish, anxiety and excessive uneasiness, often with agitation which allows no rest whatever, as if one had committed a crime, and which urges even to the commission of suicide.—The attacks of anguish take place mostly after lying down in the evening, or after midnight, and towards morning, and are sometimes accompanied with palpitation of the heart, heat and sweat, nausea and vomiting, dilated pupils and oppression of the heart.—*Moral elevation and excitability, with extreme sensibility of all the organs, great sensitiveness to the least pain, or the least noise or movement, extraordinary facility to be frightened, and great sentimentality which causes one to melt in tears when listening to music.—*Inconsolable discouragement and lamentations, complaints and cries (during the sufferings) sometimes with heat and redness of the cheeks.—Timid, mistrustful, suspicious character, with uncertainty and indecision.—*Inclination to weep, with great susceptibility and irritability, disposition to be angry and to indulge in passion, desire to criticise and to utter reproaches. *Peevish humour, malevolence, quarrels, insults and invectives, with immodest expressions and excessive jealousy, mingled with tears and cries.—*Ill-humour, vexation and anger, so as to proceed to acts of violence.—Awkwardness and unskilfulness.—*Weariness with dislike to and unfitness for bodily and mental labour.—*Incapacity for meditation; tendency to misapply words when speaking; difficulty in finding suitable expressions; mistaking weights and measures; frequent confusion when writing, with omission of syllables and entire words.—Extravagant and frantic actions, frightful visions, loss of consciousness and delirium, sometimes with murmurs.

HEAD.—*Head bewildered and confused with cloudiness, as if after a debauch, principally when in the open air and in the sun.—Intoxication, stupor and dizziness.—*Vertigo, with sensation of turning and of wavering of the brain, principally during or after a meal, as well as when walking and exercising in the open air, when sneezing or coughing, when stooping or rising again, in the morning or in the evening in bed, when lying on the back, and often with cloudiness of the eyes, danger of falling, staggering, fainting, 'buzzing in the ears and loss of consciousness.—*Congestion of blood to the head, with humming in the ears.—Loss of consciousness, with coma somnolency and paralysis of the lower

jaw, of the organs of deglutition and of the extremities.—
**Heaviness, pressure, and sensation of expansion in the head, as if the forehead were about to burst, especially above the eyes.*
 —**Pain, as if from a bruise in the brain.*—**Tearing drawing or jerking pains in the head, or stinging, or blows and pulsative pains, or searching, and sensation as if a nail were driven into the brain, or tension and squeezing, or pain as from ulceration.*—Shocks and sounds in the brain at every step.—**The head-aches are often deeply seated in the brain, or in the occiput, or on one side only, or in the forehead extending to the eyes and root of the nose; they appear principally in the morning after waking, or rising, or after a meal, or in the open air, or periodically at the same hour every day and they are aggravated or renewed by intellectual labour, and meditation, by wine, coffee, rough and hot weather, by walking, stooping, or moving the head.*—**Head-ache with unfitness for meditation, or with loss of consciousness and delirium, or with nausea, eructations and vomitings, or with heat and redness of the cheeks and shiverings in the rest of the body, or with fatigue, lassitude and great desire to lie down.*—The head is turned backwards during the convulsions.—*Soreness of the hairy scalp and roots of the hair, with great sensibility when touched.*—Pain, like excoriation in the hairy scalp, from a rough wind.—Small painful tumours on the forehead.—Clammy sweat on the forehead, when walking in the open air.—Sweating on one side of the head during the paroxysm of pain in that region.

EYES.—Eyes surrounded with a livid circle and full of tears.—**Pressive and tensive pains in the eyes, principally on opening them and looking into the air.*—**Tearing pains in the eyes at night, or burning pain, smarting, sensation of dryness, itching and tickling as if from salt, principally in the canthi.*—Pain in the eye as if caused by a bruise.—**Eyes inflamed, with redness and swelling of the sclerotica or of the conjunctiva.*—**Yellow colour of the sclerotica, principally in the lower part of the balls.*—**Ecchymosis of the sclerotica and sanguinolent discharge from the eyes.*—**Angles of the eyes red and full of mucus, with nocturnal agglutination.*—Pupils dilated or contracted.—**Burning itching or sharp drawing pains, or sensation of excoriation in the eye-lids and their margins, principally in the morning and when touched.*—**Swelling and redness of the eye-lids.*—Pressure on the eye-lids, as if from a weight.—Eyes fixed and brilliant.—**Excessive sensibility of the eyes to the light of day, principally in the morning.*—Sparks, or black and grayish spots before the eyes.—Pres-

byopia.—Amaurotic cloudiness of the eyes.—Sensation as if all objects were brighter than they really are.—Sparks like lightning before the eyes.

EARS.—*Squeezing in the ear*, principally when chewing and bringing the teeth close together.—Crawling and itching in the ears, especially at night.—**Acute and painful blows and stinging in the ears*, which force one to cry out, principally in bed in the morning.—Pain in the ear on swallowing, as if it were pressed from the outside.—Sighing, whistling, **buzzing and tingling in the ears*, °or cracking when masticating.—Words sound loudly in the ears of the person who utters them.—°Swelling of the parotids.

Nose.—Insupportable itching in the nose.—Pain, as from excoriation or ulceration in the nostrils.—**Obstruction of the nose*, sometimes on one side only, and often with *itching in the nostrils and discharge of mucus*.—**Obstruction in the head*, principally in the morning, or at night, and dry coryza with heat and heaviness in the forehead, and obstruction of the nostrils.—**Flowing coryza by day or in the morning*, with dryness and nocturnal obstruction of the nose.—Scraping in the nose and throat, heat in the nostrils and frequent sneezing during the coryza.—Sanguinolent mucus in the nose.—*Bleeding* and discharge of clots of blood from the nostrils.—Fetid exhalation from the nose.—*Great acuteness of smell.—Smell before the nose, like burned sulphur, decayed cheese, or the snuff of a candle.

FACE.—°Sickly aspect with livid circles round the eyes and nose contracted to a point.—**Pale, yellowish* (especially round the nose and mouth) and *earth-coloured face*.—*Heat and redness of the face or (of one) of the cheeks, °sometimes alternating with paleness.—Cold sweat on the face.—Muscular twitchings in bed, in the evening, or creeping itching in the face.—**Tearing and drawing pains in the face*, °sometimes only on one side, extending into the ear, with swelling of the cheek.—Tension round the mouth, nose and eyes, with swelling of these parts.—**Pale swelling of the face*, °sometimes only on one side.—Small, purulent pimples on the cheeks and head.—*Painful dryness, fissure and desquamation of the lips.—*Scabs and ulceration on the red part of the lips* and corners of the mouth.—Small, purulent pimples round the lips and chin.—Sensation of excoriation and small ulcers on the internal surface of the lips.—Tettery eruption on the chin.—Distortion of the mouth.—*Spasmodic clenching of the jaws*.—Stinging in the submaxillary glands when swallowing.

TEETH.—**Pains as from excoriation or ulceration, or drawing, jerking pains, with stinging, or searching and boring in the teeth and jaws, or only in the carious teeth, principally at night, or in the morning on waking, or after dinner, or when walking in the open air, or when breathing the fresh air, or in the evening, or from meditation and intellectual labour; often extending into the head, ears and zygomatic process, or attended with painful obstruction of the sub-maxillary glands, swelling and soreness of the gums, red and hot spots on the cheek and neck, plaintive disposition and dejection.*—“The tooth-ache often affects one side only; it is sometimes aggravated by the heat of the room and mitigated in the open air.—**Drinks and hot soups, as well as cold water, °wine and coffee, equally renew or aggravate the tooth-ache.*—Loosening and falling out of the teeth.—**Putrid and painful swelling of the gums, sometimes with pulsation, as in an abscess, and burning, drawing and easy bleeding.*—Ulcers on the gums.

MOUTH.—**Fetid, °putrid and cadaverous smell from the mouth, principally after a meal and when fasting in the morning.*—Great dryness, principally of the front part of the mouth and tongue, especially after midnight.—Pain in the mouth, tongue and palate, as if the whole were raw and excoriated.—**Accumulation of a yellowish white mucus in the mouth.*—“Ulcers which omit a fetid odour, *pimples and painful blisters in the mouth, tongue and palate.—**Inflammatory swelling of the palate.*—**Accumulation of water in the mouth; nocturnal salivation; sanguinolent saliva; hæmoptysis.*—**Tongue loaded with a white coating, °thick or yellowish; or dry, cracked, brownish or blackish tongue, with bright-red margins.*—**Great heaviness of the tongue, with difficulty of speech, and sensation when speaking as if the tongue had become thicker.*—**Stammering.*

THROAT.—Scraping and pain, as from excoriation in the throat, principally when swallowing and when breathing the fresh air.—Sensation of swelling in the palate and *pain during empty deglutition, as if there were a tumour or a plug in the throat, or as if the pharynx were contracted.—Stinging in the throat, principally when swallowing, and sometimes extending as far as the ears.—**Swelling of the uvula °and tonsils, °with pressing and stinging pains.*—“Choking or spasmodic contraction in the throat.—Burning in the throat, principally at night, and sometimes extending to the mouth and œsophagus.

APPETITE.—Salt, sulphurous, sweetish, metallic, herbageous, or mucous taste of the mouth.—Acid taste of the

*mouth, principally in the morning, or after having digested food.—Acid taste of food, and principally of bread (of rye or of wheat) and of milk.—*Putrid taste, principally in the morning.—Bitter taste of the mouth, of expectoration, of food, and principally of bread.—Insipidity of food, principally of milk, meat, coffee and tobacco.—*Want of appetite and dislike to food, principally rye bread, tobacco and coffee, and sometimes with continued thirst.—*Thirst, sometimes with dislike to all drinks, principally milk and beer, -or with desire for beer or milk.—*Desire for brandy or for chalk.—Hunger, sometimes with dislike to food, or prompt satiety.—Periodical bulimy in the afternoon.—*During a meal, heat in the head, -sweat on the forehead, nausea and fainting.—*After a meal, eructations and regurgitations, nausea, desire to vomit and vomiting of food, pressure and cramp-like pains in the stomach, pressive inflation of the epigastrium, colic, pyrosis, bewildered and painful head, uneasiness and hypochondriacal humour, -anxiety, vertigo and syncope, coldness and shivering, with heat in the head and face, and redness of the cheeks, fatigue and desire to sleep.—Drinks oppress the stomach and often cause nausea, with desire to vomit.—*Rye bread and acids equally cause sufferings, but the fattest food sometimes agrees well.*

STOMACH.—Ineffectual desire to eructate, with painful sensation of spasmodic contraction in the œsophagus.—**Frequent and often bitter and acid eructations and regurgitations.—*Frequent and violent hiccough.—*Pyrosis, principally after having partaken of acid or fat food.—*Continual nausea and desire to vomit, principally in the morning, or during a meal, or after eating or drinking.—Flow of water from the stomach.—*Vomiturition and violent vomiting of mucous and sour matter, °or of food, or insipid matter, or bile, *principally after drinking or eating, °or in the morning, or also at night, and often attended with head-ache, cramps in the legs and feet, anxiety and tremour of the limbs.—*Regurgitation and vomiting of blood, °mixed with clots and black substances with cuttings, agitation in the chest and discharge of black blood with the hard fæces.—Pressure in the stomach and epigastrium, as if caused by a stone, or cramp-like, contractive and gnawing pains ; principally after drinking or eating, or in the morning, or when walking in the open air, or after partaking of coffee, or at night, and often with tension and fulness in the epigastrium, oppression and constriction of the chest, eructation, vomiturition and vomiting.—*Pain, as if from a bruise, pulsating, burning pain, sensation of excoriation and troublesome pains in the*

stomach.—**Painful sensibility in the pit of the stomach when touched and pressed ; tight clothes are insupportable.*—**Great anxiety in the precordial region, as if the heart were about to burst.*—**Sensation in the cardia, as if the food stopped there and ascended into the œsophagus.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Contractive pain in the hypochondria.—**Painful sensibility of the hepatic region to the slightest touch and to every movement, with pulsating, stinging, pressive and tensive pains.*—Swelling and induration in the hepatic region.—**Pressure, tension, fulness and distension of the abdomen, and especially of the epigastrium, principally after a meal.*—**Colic with cramp-like, contracting and compressing pains, or cuttings and stinging, or sharp and drawing pains in the umbilical region, sides and hypogastrium, principally after a meal, or after having partaken of coffee, or in the morning, and often with desire to vomit, and eructations, heat of the face, lassitude and desire to sleep.*—Pain in the abdomen in the open air, as if from a chill, with sensation as if diarrhœa were about to ensue.—**Sensation of heaviness and swelling in the abdomen.*—**Heat and burning, or sensation of excoriation, as if it were all raw, or pain, as if from a bruise in the abdomen.*—**Congestion of blood and ebullition in the abdomen.*—**Movements in the abdomen, as if from something alive, and commotion of the intestines when walking.*—**Flatulent colic, sometimes in the morning, but principally after eating or drinking, and often with pressing pains, as if caused by stones ; great flatulency, which is incarcerated in the hypochondria, or ascends towards the chest, with frequent borborygmus and grumbling in the abdomen, pressure on the anus, perinæum and urinary organs, pains in the loins, distension of the abdomen, anxiety, fatigue and desire to lie down.*—**Pain, as if from a bruise in the integuments of the abdomen, principally when coughing, laughing, &c., &c., with painful sensibility when touched.*—**Twitching of the abdominal muscles, with sensation as if something were running about in them.*—**Sensation of weakness in the inguinal ring, as if a hernia were about to protrude.*—Swelling of the inguinal glands.—Excoriation in the angle of the groin.

FÆCES.—**Frequent but ineffectual and anxious desire to evacuate, or sensation as if the anus were contracted or closed.*—**Obstinate constipation, often as if from inactivity or obstruction of the intestines, with hard and difficult fæces, of too large a size.*—**Incomplete evacuations, with colic and sensation of constriction in the rectum.*—**Constipation and loose evacuations alternately.*—Fæces, partly soft, hard

or liquid, with much wind.—**Small, loose, aqueous or mucous and sanguinolent evacuations*, with colic and cutting pains in the loins and tenesmus, pain as from excoriation in the rectum, and burning pain in the anus.—**Whitish, or greenish, dark-coloured mucous evacuations*.—**Discharge of slimy matter and of sanguinolent mucus*, or of pure blood, also with loose evacuations.—**Contracting pain in the rectum*, during the evacuations and at other times.—**Constriction and spasmodic contraction of the rectum*.—°*Swelling and closing of the anus*.—**Hæmorrhoides*, with excoriating, stinging, burning pain, and *pressure in the anus and rectum*, principally *during meditation and intellectual labour*.—Discharge of blood from the anus.—Itching, tickling and crawling in the anus and rectum, as if from ascarides.—Discharge of ascarides.—Pressure and itching in the perinæum.

URINE.—**Ineffectual desire to urinate*, with pressure on the urinary organs, *troublesome pains in the neck of the bladder* and °*painful emission of urine drop by drop*.—°*Spasmodic contraction of the urethra*.—**Painful emission of thick urine*.—**Frequent emission of watery and pale urine*, sometimes with discharge of thick *mucus* or purulent matter from the urethra.—**Reddish urine*, with sediment of the colour of brick-dust.—°*Pains in the renal region*, as if there were a foreign body in it, with inability to lie on the diseased side, **scanty emission of some drops of saturated urine* (and discharge of blood from the urethra).—**Burning pain in the neck of the bladder* and in the anterior part of the urethra, *when making water*.—Itching and pains as from excoriation in the urethra, before, during and after the emission of urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Tickling and itching in the glans and the interior surface of the prepuce*.—**Excoriation and retraction of the prepuce*.—°*Copious secretion of smegma behind the glans*.—Itching, stinging and constricting pain in the testes.—**Increased sexual desire*, with frequent *erections and pollutions*, principally *in the morning*.—Pollutions, with flaccidity of the penis and sometimes followed by coldness and weakness in the lower extremities.—Dry heat of the body and dryness of the mouth, after coition.—°*Inflammatory swelling of the testes*, with painful sensibility when touched, and hardness and retraction of the testes.—°*Cramp-like pain and sensation of contraction in the spermatic cord*.—°*Flaccidity of the penis during coition*.—°*Swelling of the uterus*, with great sensibility to the touch.—**Prolapsus vaginæ, or uteri*.—*Cramp-like and con-*

*tracting pains in the uterus and hypogastrium, extending as far as the thighs, with painful pressure towards the parts (and discharge of mucus).—*Burning heat in the parts, with sexual desire.—*Extasis erotica, from the slightest excitement, principally in bed in the morning.—*Catamenia too early and too scanty.—Return of catamenia at the period of full moon.—*During the catamenia spasmodic colic, nausea and fainting in the morning, -great fatigue, cephalalgia, with shiverings and rheumatic pains in the limbs.—*Discharge of a yellowish and fetid mucus from the vagina.—*Pains, as from excoriation of the mammæ.*

LARYNX.—**Catarrhal hoarseness and painful roughness of the larynx and chest, principally in the morning, or in bed, in the evening, with scraping in the throat, accumulation of tenacious mucus, which it is impossible to detach, headache, heat and redness of the face, shiverings and constipation.—*Sensation of contraction in the gullet, with danger of suffocation.—Inability to speak in a loud voice.—*Dry, and sometimes continued, fatiguing, °and also spasmodic cough, *excited most frequently by a sensation of tickling and itching, or of roughness and scraping in the throat, appearing principally in the morning, or in bed in the evening, or at night, especially after midnight, or after dinner, -or periodically every second day.—*Renewal or provocation of the cough by motion, -meditation or reading, and when lying on the back.—*Stinging and pains, as from excoriation in the larynx when coughing, headache, as if the cranium were about to burst, and pain as if from a bruise in the epigastrium, °and sometimes with vomiting, danger of suffocation, and bleeding from the nose and mouth.—The dry cough becomes moist and expectoration is established after walking in the open air.—Expectoration of coagulated blood with the cough.*

CHEST.—**Difficult respiration, short breath, asthmatic constriction and oppression of the chest, principally at night, or in the morning, or in bed in the evening when lying down, as well as when going up stairs or a hill, or when walking, or after dinner, and often attended with choking, anxiety, pressure in the epigastrium, humming in the ears, quick pulse and sweat.—*During the attacks of asthma, all tight clothing round the hypochondria is insupportable.—*Slow and whistling respiration, sometimes alternately with quick breathing.—Offensive or acid breath.—Desire to take a deep inspiration.—*Pain as from constriction and cramp-like contraction in the chest.—*Tensive pressure in the chest as if from a weight, principally at night and in the*

open air, and often with difficult respiration.—*Stinging in the chest and sides, augmented by breathing and by the movement of the thorax.—Heat and burning in the chest sometimes at night, with agitation, anxiety and sleeplessness.—Pain as from a bruise in the chest, often with shortness of breath, and principally in the sternum and sides.—Pulsation in the chest and sides.—Stitches and shocks in the region of the heart.—**Palpitation of the heart*, principally after dinner, when lying down, or in the morning, and sometimes with nausea and desire to vomit, and sensation of heaviness in the chest.

TRUNK.—**Pains, like those caused by a bruise in the back and loins*, with sensation of weakness in those parts as if after labour.—**Pains in the loins at night*, which do not permit one to turn in the bed.—Wrenching pain, or pain like that caused by a strain in the back and shoulder-blades.—**Rheumatic, drawing and burning pains* in the back, sometimes in the evening.—*Convulsions in the back, with throwing back of the head.—Stinging and constricting pains between the shoulder-blades.—Drawing pains as if from a bruise, rigidity, and sensation of heaviness in the nape of the neck.—Swelling of the muscles of the neck, and pain as if they were too short.

ARMS.—Rheumatic pains, with sensation of weakness in the shoulders and arms.—Sluggishness, heaviness, fatigue and want of strength in the arms.—°Paralysis of the arm, insensibility and agitation.—*Drawing in the arms with sensation of torpor and immobility, principally at night.—Itching miliary eruption on the arms.—Swelling of the muscles of the fore-arms, with pain as if they had been burned.—Numbness and torpor of the fore-arms in the morning.—Wrenching pain in the wrists.—Paralytic weakness of the hand.—Hands and fingers easily benumbed.—Cold and chilly hands.—*Profuse and sometimes cold sweat in the palms of the hands*.—Heat in the palms of the hands.—Swelling of the veins of the arms and hands.—Pale swelling of the hands and fingers.—*Cramp-like contraction of the hands and fingers*, with pain as if the tendons were too short, principally during the shiverings, or after midnight.—Hot and painful swelling of the thumb, which changes into an abscess at the joint.—*Redness and burning itching in the fingers like chilblains.

LEGS.—Pimples, with biting itching on the buttocks.—Stinging, wrenching pain, and jerking pain in the coxo-femoral joint.—**Sharp and stinging pains in the thighs, with torpor and paralytic weakness*, aggravated by movement and

touch.—*Pain in the thighs as if they were broken.*—*Miliaria* with burning itching and *furunculi* on the thighs and knees.—Coldness or sweat on the thighs at night.—*Great heaviness, tottering, weakness and trembling of the legs, with knuckling of the knees, and inability to walk or stand alone.*—A child falls easily when walking.—**Rigidity and tension in the hams as if the tendons were too short, principally on rising from the seat.*—Sensation of dryness in the joint of the knee, with cracking on moving it.—°*Painful swelling of the knee, with gouty nodosities.*—*Disposition of the legs to be easily numbed.*—°*Paralysis, coldness and insensibility of the legs.*—*Tensive pain and cramps in the calves of the legs, principally at night or in the evening, or after midnight, or in the morning in bed.*—Cramps in the feet and toes.—°*Red swelling of the leg, with black painful spots.*—Easy dislocation of the instep.—Swelling in the back of the feet.—Feet easily benumbed (feet become dead).—Contraction of the toes.—**Burning itching in the toes, as if from chilblains.*

NOTA.—*Nux vomica*, taken a few hours before sailing, is recommended as a preventive to sea-sickness.

130.—OLEANDER.

OLEAND.—The bay-rose.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 3 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. cocc. ? n-vom. ?

COMPARE WITH: Anac. chin. cin. cocc. n-vom. puls. sabad.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been used as yet, only against:—*Paralysis; Tetters on the ears; Eruptions on the head, and a sort of intellectual weakness, manifesting itself by absence of mind.*

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Cramp-like tensions, as if the bones were broken, in the limbs and other parts of the body.*—*Great weakness, which scarcely permits one to walk.*—Sensation of vibration and resonance in the whole body.—Tension in the whole body.—Paralytic rigidity of the limbs, and painless paralysis.—Syncope, as if from weakness, sometimes with loss of consciousness, which disappears after perspiring.—Weakness and general lassitude, with trembling of the knees when lying down, and in the hands when writing.—Languor, as if life were about to become extinct.—Desire to stretch the limbs.—Torpor and insensibility of the whole body.

SKIN.—Gnawing itching, which forces one to scratch, sometimes when undressing.—Skin very sensitive, with redness and excoriation, even when gently scratched.

SLEEP.—*Frequent yawnings with shuddering and jerking of the muscles.*—Desire to lie down, with a sort of coma.—Sleeplessness and agitation at night.—*Uneasy and lascivious dreams*, and frequent waking.

FEVER.—Frequent attacks of sudden shuddering.—Sensation of heat, with general shivering.—Transient heat, especially during intellectual labour.—Pulse frequent and full, or irregular and variable.—Want of vital heat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sadness and want of self-confidence.—*Repugnance to labour* and great indolence.—Irrascibility, moroseness and *ill-humour*.—Disposition which can bear no contradiction.—Hasty passion, followed by speedy repentance.—Weakness of memory.—*Great absence and inattention*.—Giddiness.—*Dulness of intellect, with difficult conception*.—Poetical reveries respecting the future.

HEAD.—*Vertigo*, with tottering of the limbs.—Vertigo on rising after lying down, or on looking down, or on looking downwards when seated.—Vertigo, with falling to one side, scotomia and scintillation.—*Head-ache with stupefaction*, as if the brain were tightened.—Painful heaviness in the head, mitigated by lying down. Dull pressure in the head, as if the forehead were about to split. Painful and pulsative beating in the head.—Boring in the brain.—Pressure on the exterior of the head.—*Gnawing itching in the hairy scalp*, with soreness after scratching.—*Furfuraceous or humid scabs* on the head, with itching, especially at night, and burning after scratching.—Desquamation of the hairy scalp.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, as if they were fatigued from too much reading.—Pressure in the eyes.—*Burning pains and tension in the eyelids*, especially when reading.—Cloudiness of sight when looking sideways.

EARS.—Acute pressure in the ears.—Cramp-like drawing in the ear.—Singing, tingling and rolling in the ears.—*Red and rough tettery spots before, with fetid running behind the ear*.

NOSE.—*Stupifying and dull pressure* in the nose.—Itching round the nose.

FACE.—*Face pale and wan*, with blue circles round the eyes.—Dull and *stupifying pressure in the bones of the face*, and especially in the zygomatic process, extending deeply into the head.—Heat of the cheeks without redness, and *vice versa*.—Paleness, alternating with deep redness of the face.—Red swelling of the face round the eyes.—Eruption of small pimples on the face and forehead.—Brownish and dry lips.—Sensation of torpor and swelling in the upper lip.—Swelling round the commissuræ of the lips.

TEETH.—*Tooth-ache during mastication, with cutting pressure.—Tearing and drawing in the teeth, sometimes at night, but only in bed, and which disappears when one rises.—Sensation of loosening of the teeth, with bluish white gums.*

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth, with tongue loaded with a white coating.—Rough, dirty white tongue, with elevated papillæ.—Loss of speech.—Burning pain in the throat.*

APPETITE.—*All food has a mawkish and insipid taste.—Clammy taste in the mouth.—Bulimy, with tremour of the hands, from eager desire for food, often with absence of appetite.—Thirst, especially for cold water.—Dizziness, while eating greedily at noon.*

STOMACH.—*Eructations of a putrid smell.—Violent empty eructations sometimes after a meal.—Nausea with desire to vomit, accumulation of saliva in the mouth, followed by violent hunger.—Vomiting of food, or bitter serum, of a yellowish-green colour.—Sensation of emptiness in the stomach, with fulness of the abdomen.—Beatings and pulsations in the epigastrium, as if from being over-heated.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pinchings in the abdomen, as if caused by diarrhœa.—Stinging and gnawing in the abdomen.—Sensation of emptiness and weakness in the intestines.—Gurgling and borborygmus in the abdomen, with excessive discharge of wind of a putrid smell.*

FÆCES.—*Ineffectual desire to evacuate.—Liquid, soft, yellow fæces.—An almost involuntary evacuation of undigested matter.—Burning pain in the anus, before and after evacuation, and at other times.*

URINE.—*Increased secretion of urine.—Brownish, burning urine, with whitish sediment.—Frequent emission of urine, especially after partaking of coffee.*

LARYNX.—*Short, shaking cough, provoked by a tickling in the pharynx.—Accumulation of viscous mucus in the trachea.*

CHEST.—*Oppression of the chest when lying down, with deep and slow respiration.—Weak respiration.—Oppressive pain, or sensation of emptiness in the chest.—Dull or tensive lancinations in the chest, sternum and sides, especially on taking a full inspiration.—Sensation of coldness in the chest.—Stitches in the diaphragm.—Drawings above the heart, increased by stooping.—Violent and sometimes anxious palpitation of the heart, with a sensation as if the chest were dilated.*

TRUNK.—*Pain in the back as if from lifting a weight.—Tensive, burning and acute lancinations in the back.—Vi-*

olent pulsation of the carotids.—Tearing in the nape of the neck, in bed, in the evening.

ARMS.—Wrenching pain in the arms, on lifting them.—Jerking in the muscles of the arms.—**Cramp-like drawings* and tearing in the arms and fingers.—*Dull pressure in the fore-arms, hands and fingers*, as if caused by a blow or a bruise.—Swollen veins of the hands.—Swelling and rigidity of the fingers, with burning pain.

LEGS.—Wrenching pain in the buttocks.—*Sensation of weakness in the thighs, legs, feet*, and the soles of the feet, as if these parts were benumbed.—*Dull and sometimes stinging pressure in the thighs, feet and toes*.—°*Paralysis of the legs and feet*.—Sensation of vibration and resonance in the legs and feet, especially in the soles of the feet.—Cramp-like drawing in the legs and feet.—Cramps in the calves of the legs, when seated.—Continual coldness of the feet.

131.—OLEUM ANIMALE.

OL.-AN.—Purified animal oil of Dippel.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.

[This remedy deserves greater attention in Hysteria and Hypochondria, than perhaps any other remedy; also in *Asthma hystericum*, &c., &c. ED.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Cramp-like drawings* in different parts.—Drawing and tearing in the limbs.—Crawling in different parts.—Tension in some of the limbs as if the tendons were too short.—Rigidity and *paralytic weakness in the limbs*, with dejection and trembling.—Fainting.—Unsteady gait.

SKIN.—Violent itching generally and in different parts of the skin, sometimes smarting or burning.—Vesicles, resembling scabious pimples.—Excoriation in the bend of the joints.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep during the day*, with yawning and frequent stretchings, especially after dinner.—Prolonged sleep in the morning.—*Retarded sleep in the evening*.—Frequent or too early waking in the morning, without being able to go to sleep again.—Very light sleep disturbed by the least noise.

FEVER.—*Shivering, shuddering and coldness*, frequently accompanied by heat in other parts, or alternating with heat.—Increase of natural heat, especially after walking in the open air.—Dry heat in the evening.—Transient heat, often with sweat on the head, chest and hands.—Attacks of transient sweat, especially during a meal.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Sadness*, reservedness.—Distraction and frequent absence of mind.—Loss of ideas.

HEAD.—Head perplexed with confusion, as if from dizziness.—Dizziness and vertigo, when stooping.—Sensation of torpor and paralysis on one side of the head only.—*Pressure in the head*, and principally in the forehead, sometimes from the least intellectual exertion.—Drawing and *tearing in the head*, as if caused by a chill.—Violent boring and stinging in the head, especially just above the eyes.—*Congestion*, with heat and beating in the head.—Tearing in the outside of the head, with tension and sensation of excoriation.—Itching and burning, stinging pain in the hairy scalp.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, as if a grain of sand had been introduced into them.—Pressure and drawing in the balls of the eyes.—*Itching, smarting and stinging in the eyes*, which disappears after rubbing them.—Burning pain in the eyes, especially by candle light in the evening.—Lachrymation and nocturnal agglutination.—*Quivering and twitching of the eye-lids* and eye-brows.—*Confused sight*.—Myopia.—Dark clouds before the eyes.

EARS.—Stinging in the ears.—Boring and tearing in the ears.—Singing, tingling and buzzing in the ears, augmented by noise.

NOSE.—Tickling and itching crawling in the nose.—Excoriation of the interior of the nose.—Burning and running pimples on the septum of the nose.—Sneezing, with painful sensation of expansion and excoriation in the chest.—Dryness of the nose.—Coryza, with thick mucus in the nose, which occasions painful tension.—Violent dry coryza.

FACE.—Pale, earthy complexion.—Crawling in the face.—Burning pains in the cheeks and zygomatic process.—*Tension, cramp-like and paralytic drawing in the face*, sometimes on one side only.—Cracked lips.—Jerking of the lips, in the morning, when sleeping.—Cramp in the jaw, which scarcely suffers one to open the mouth.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia*, with drawing or tearing pain, often commencing in the ear.—Jerking tearing and pulsation in the root of a carious tooth, with sensation of coldness in the ends of the teeth.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth, on waking in the morning.—*Copious accumulation of white saliva in the mouth*.—Smarting and burning sensation in the tongue.—Pain in the throat, as if a hard body were introduced into it, especially during deglutition.—Vomituration, constriction, *dryness and scraping in the throat*.—Burning pain in the throat.—*Accumulation of viscous mucus in the throat*.

APPETITE.—Fatty and clammy taste.—*Sourness in the mouth.*—Absence of appetite.—*Aversion to meat*, and to all food, except bread.

STOMACH.—Eructations, with taste of the food, or of urine.—Empty and burning eructations.—*Disgust and nausea, with desire to vomit*, especially during and after a meal, or with pressure on the chest.—Stomach very sensitive to external pressure.—*Pressure in the stomach and precordial region*, sometimes after drinking cold water.—Constriction of the stomach.—Sensation as if something were turning in the stomach.—Pain, as if from a bruise, in the region of the stomach.—Sensation of coldness or of burning heat in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Dull stinging and pressure in the *hepatic region*, and in the spleen.—Fulness and distention of the abdomen, with painful sensibility to the least movement of the body.—Cramp-like pain in the abdomen in circumscribed places.—Pinchings in the abdomen, and especially after eating or drinking any thing hot.—*Cutting pains in the abdomen*, and especially in the umbilical region, sometimes with *diarrhœa*.—Contractive pains in the abdomen, extending as far as the stomach, with nausea.—Digging and cuttings through the whole of the abdomen.—Drawing in the region of the groins, extending into the testes.—Accumulation of flatus with gurgling and movement in the abdomen.—Frequent expulsion of fetid flatus.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—*Hard, scanty, difficult evacuations*, which are not accomplished without great exertion.—Soft, frequent evacuations.—*Diarrhœa with cuttings*, before, during and after the evacuation.—After the evacuation, pain, as if from a bruise in the abdomen, or burning pain and pressure in the anus.

URINE.—Frequent and urgent desire to urinate, with tenesmus and scanty emission.—Pressure on the bladder.—Small stream of urine.—*Abundant flow of pale urine*, which speedily deposits a cloudy sediment.—Greenish urine.—Turbid urine, with clay-like sediment.—*Burning pain when making water*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Drawing, stinging and cutting pains in the penis.—Drawing pains in the testes.—Swelling and retraction of the testes, with painful sensibility when touched.—Nocturnal erections and pollutions.—*Catamenia too early, with scanty discharge* of black blood, accompanied by cutting pains in the abdomen and loins, stinging headache, and lassitude in the hands and feet.—*Leucorrhœa*, of serous and clear mucus.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness and roughness in the throat.—*Cramp-like contraction of the trachea*, especially at night.—Short dry cough, generally with single shocks, and tickling in the throat.

CHEST.—*Obstructed respiration, when lying on the back*, as if the pharynx were compressed, and which disappears on a change of position.—Oppression of the chest, when going up stairs or a hill, from distention of the abdomen.—Pain, as if from a bruise in the chest.—Pressure and stinging in the chest.—Cutting pains in the chest.—Anxious agitation, with *sensation of heat and burning pain in the chest*, and accompanied by a sensation of heat which seems to ascend from the abdomen.—Pressure and pain at the heart, as if arising from a blow.

TRUNK.—*Painful sensibility, rigidity and tension in the back and nape of the neck*.—Wrenching pain in the loins, especially when stooping and when seated.

ARMS.—*Drawing and tearing in the arms, hands and fingers*—Stingings in the arms and hands.—Creeping in the fingers.—*Torpor of the fingers*.

LEGS.—*Cramp-like drawing and tension in the thighs and hams*, as if the tendons were too short.—*Drawing and tearing in the thighs, legs, feet and toes*.—Stinging in the knees and feet.—Crawling in the limbs.—*Great weakness of the legs*.—Stiffness of the legs when walking.

132.—OLEUM JECORIS MORHUÆ.

OL-JEC.—Oil of cod's liver.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown in its effects, but which has been recommended, even by homœopathic physicians, against: *Scrofulous and rachitic affections; Scrofulous ophthalmia and blepharophthalmia; Photophobia; Tubercles in the lungs and abdomen; Tetters; Crusta lactei; Nodosities in the breast; Rheumatic and arthritic affections; White swelling, &c. &c.*

[The efficacy of this remedy depends upon the presence of a minute portion of iodine. It deserves attention in porrigo; in chronic inflammation of the lungs and stomach; as a local application in opacity of the cornea; in chronic and obstinate affections of the skin, especially tetters, inveterate itch, and tendency to the formation of boils, salt rheum, &c.; in tumours of the mammæ in young females, &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1; from which it follows, that to employ this medicine with success, the homœopathic physician must study its effects on a subject in a healthy state.

133.—ONISCUS ASELLUS.

ONIS.—Wood-louse.—A medicine as yet very little known in its primitive effects, but which is frequently employed in some provinces of Germany, as a domestic remedy against *epilepsy*.

SYMPTOMS.—Frequent yawnings with stretchings.—Dull heaviness of the head.—Painful pressure above the root of the nose.—Boring behind the right ear, with increased arterial action.—Cramps in the gullet, as if it were about to close.—Nausea, with continued pressure at the orifice of the stomach.—Urgent and sudden desire to go to stool, with prompt and liquid evacuation.—Burning pain in the anus.—Frequent erections, with aversion to labour.—Hawking up of mucus streaked with blood.

134.—OPIUM.

OP.—Opium.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 24 hours to 5 days, according to the circumstances

ANTIDOTES : Camph. calc. con. hep. mez. petr. sulph.—*It is used as an antidote against* : calad. calc. merc.

COMPARE WITH : Acon. bell. bry. camph. cann. chin. cic. coff. colch. con. croc. dig. hep. hyos. ipec. kal. men. merc. mosch. nitr-ac. n-mos. n-vom. petr. phos. phos-ac. plumb. puls. rut. samb. stram. tab. tart. thuy.—Opium, when indicated, is especially efficacious after : Bell. hep. kal. merc. puls. thuy.—After opium, calc. petr. puls. will sometimes be found suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by *the totality of the symptoms*, the cases against which this medicine may be employed will be found to be :—Recent affections, rather than those of long standing ; Nervous torpor and want of vital reaction against the medicines that have been administered ; Sufferings of drunkards ; Affections of old men ; Convulsions, tetanus, epilepsy and other spasmodic affections ; Paralysis ; Bad effects of fright with continued fear or of sudden joy ; Asphyxia ; Coma somnolentum or vigil ; Intermittent, typhus, and lethargic fevers ; Delirium tremens ; Mania ; Imbecility ; Congestive cephalalgia with vertigo ; Apoplexy ; Encephalitis ; Amblyopia amaurotica ; Cataract ; Trismus ; Ptyalism, from the abuse of mercury ; Ileus ; Inflamed and strangulated hernia ? ; Constipation, principally that caused by torpor of the intestinal canal, after frequent diarrhœa, or from want of exercise, and especially in the case of vigorous persons, or those who are plethoric or well fed, as well as in the case of children and pregnant women ; Tympanitis ; Ischuria ; Milk fever, with lethargy ; Suppressed or false and spasmodic labour-pains ; Paralytic orthopnœa ; Suffocating cough and asthma, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*General insensibility of the whole nervous system.—Great inquietude in the limbs.—

Trembling in the whole body, with shocks, jerks in the limbs, and general coldness.—**Convulsive fits, especially in the evening, towards midnight, during sleep, with involuntary movements of the head and arms, and with the fists closed.*—**Epileptic convulsions at night, or in the morning, with attacks of stifling, loss of consciousness and of sensibility, and violent movements of the limbs.*—Sleep, after every attack of convulsions.—Relaxation of all the muscles.—*Convulsions with cries.—Sensation of buzzing and vibration in the whole body.—Absence of pain during the affections.—Excessive irritability of the voluntary muscles, and diminished irritability of the others.—Persons who indulge in an abuse of opium, wake early.—**Tetanus.*—**Opisthotonos.*—*Paralysis.*—Sensation of strength and vigour, or fainting and great weakness.—General emaciation.—*Dropical swelling of the whole body.*—Aggravation and renewal of the sufferings from being over-heated.

SKIN.—Skin bluish, with blue spots.—Continual itching in the skin, with small, round and colourless elevations.—Desquamation of the epidermis.—Chilblains.

SLEEP.—**Lethargy, with snoring and mouth open, eyes open and convulsed, face red and puffed, jaw hanging down, loss of consciousness, difficult, slow, or also intermittent respiration, pulse slow, or even suppressed, and convulsive movements of the muscles of the face, of the corners of the mouth, and of the limbs.*—**Excessive desire to sleep, with absolute inability to go to sleep.*—*Incomplete sleep, without being able to wake.*—Uneasy sleep, with anxious dreams.—*Sleeplessness, with anxious tossing, inquietude and delirium.*—*Carpologia during sleep.*—*Moaning during sleep.*—*Terrible shocks in the limbs, during sleep.*—*Nightmare.*—*Lascivious, frightful and anxious dreams.*

FEVER.—*General coldness of the skin, especially in the limbs.*—Coldness and rigidity of the whole body.—*Burning heat in the body, with great redness of the face, anxiety, delirium and agitation.*—**Pulse generally full, slow and intermittent, or quick and hard.*—**Fever, with lethargic sleep, snoring, convulsive movements of the limbs, suppressed excretions and hot perspiration.*—*Fever, sometimes with loss of consciousness or delirium.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Carelessness or great anxiety and inquietude.*—*Inconstancy and fickleness.*—*Great tendency to be frightened and timid character.*—*Rash and inconsiderate boldness.*—*Tranquillity of mind, with agreeable reveries, and forgetfulness of sufferings.*—*Stupidity and imbecility.*—*Loss of consciousness.*—*Great flow of ideas, with*

gaiety and a disposition to make sublime and profound reflections.—*Illusions of the imagination.*—*Mania, with fantastical "or fixed ideas.—**Delirium also, with frightful visions, °of mice, scorpions, &c., and with desire to run away.*—*Delirium.*

HEAD.—Confusion in the head, with sensation of heat in the eyes, and desire to shut them.—*Head bewildered, as if in consequence of intoxication.*—**Dizziness, as if from intoxication.*—*Vertigo, on sitting up in the bed, which forces one to lie down again.*—*Vertigo, after a fright.*—°*Attacks resembling apoplectic fits with vertigo, buzzing in the ears, loss of consciousness, red, hot and puffed face, red and half shut eyes, dilated and insensible pupils, foaming at the mouth, convulsive movements of the limbs, slow stertorous respiration; before the fit, sleeplessness or sleep, with anxious dreams; agitation of blood and general heat; after the fit, nervous excitability, laughter and raving.*—Head-ache, aggravated by moving the eyes.—Cephalalgia, with pressing tension in the whole head.—Sensation, as if the brain were being torn.—*Great heaviness of the head.*—**Congestion to the head, with violent pulsation.*

EYES AND EARS.—Eye-lids hanging down as if paralyzed.—Sensation as if the eye-balls were too large.—**Eyes red and inflamed.*—Quivering of the eyes and eye-lids.—**Eyes fixed, half-closed, convulsed, prominent and glassy.*—**Pupils dilated and immovable.*—*Cloudiness of the sight.*—Scintillation before the eyes.—Buzzing in the ears.—Tingling in the ears.

FACE.—*Face pale, earthy, wan, with hollow eyes and red spots on the cheeks.*—**Face dark red, sometimes brownish, hot and bloated.*—Alternate paleness and redness of the face.—Distention of the veins of the face and head.—**Relaxation of all the muscles of the face.*—**Trembling, shocks and convulsive movements of the muscles of the face.*—Swollen lips.—**Lips and lower jaw hanging from relaxation.*—**Twitching in the corners of the mouth.*—**Disfigurement of the mouth.*—*Cramps in the jaw.*

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Looseness of the teeth.—Dryness of the mouth with violent thirst.—*Copious salivation.*—Hæmoptysis.—Ulcers in the mouth and on the tongue.—*Paralysis of the tongue.*—Voice weak, low, with inability to speak loud without great exertion.—Dryness of the throat.—Swelling and movements in the throat with obstructed deglutition by fits, which recur every day.—*Inability to swallow.*

APPETITE.—Loss of appetite.—Bitter or sour taste in

the throat.—*Burning thirst*, especially for beer.—Attacks of *bulimy*, with absence of appetite and *repugnance to all food*.—Slowness and weakness of digestion.

STOMACH.—Nausea with desire to vomit and vomituration.—*Vomiting with violent pains in the stomach and convulsions*.—Vomiting of blood or of greenish matter.—*Vomiting of fæcal matter and of urine*.—Painful sensibility and inflation of the stomach and epigastrium.—Constrictive pressure in the stomach with excessive anguish.—*Heaviness in the stomach*.—Compression of the diaphragm.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Abdomen hard* and distended, as in *tympanitis*.—*Heaviness in the abdomen*, as if caused by a load.—Pulsation, pressure, *heaviness* and traction in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*, sometimes *long continued*.—*Offensive black fæces*.—Frothy and liquid diarrhœa, with burning pain in the anus and violent tenesmus.—*Involuntary evacuations*.

URINE.—**Retention of urine*, as if from inactivity of the bladder.—Scanty, deep-coloured urine, with sediment like brick-dust.—Emission of blood instead of urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Increased sexual desire* with frequent *erections and pollutions*.—Amorous ecstasy.—Diminished sexual desire and impotence.—Cramp-like pains in the uterus.

LARYNX.—*Troublesome hoarseness* as if caused by an accumulation of mucus in the trachea, with great dryness in the mouth and white tongue.—Weak and low voice.—Violent, dry, hollow cough, aggravated by repose.—*Cough during deglutition, or when taking an inspiration, with suspended respiration* and blue colour of the face.—*Cough, with expectoration of blood, or of thick, frothy mucus*.

CHEST.—*Noisy, stertorous and rattling respiration.—*Difficult, slow and intermittent respiration, as if from paralysis of the lungs.—*Obstructed respiration and stifling with great anguish*.—Spasmodic asthma.—*Attacks of suffocation on making an effort to cough*.—Pressure in the chest, with stinging in the sides when taking an inspiration.—*Tension and constriction in the chest*.—Heat and burning pain in the chest, especially in the region of the heart.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—*Opisthotonos*.—Swelling of the veins and beating in the arteries of the neck.—*Jerks and convulsive movements of the arms*.—Paralysis of the arms.—*Trembling of the arms and hands*.—Chilblains on the fingers.—Swelling of the veins of the hands.—*Jerks and*

convulsive movements of the legs.—Weakness, torpor and paralysis of the legs.—Heaviness and swelling of the feet.—Chilblains on the toes.

135.—PŒONIA.

PŒON.—Peony.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

[It has been used with great benefit in convulsions, eclampsia, catarrhus suffocations, paralysis, trembling of the limbs, nocturnal paroxysms of fright in children, &c., &c. Ed.]

SYMPTOMS.—Burning heat in the face, back and chest, with coldness of the limbs.—Cephalalgia with pressing pain in the left side after a meal.—Boring and tearing jerks in the temples.—Gnawing pains in the head.—Itching and lancinations in the eye-lids.—Crawling in the end of the nose.—Jerking in the cartilages of the ears and pinching behind the ear.—Burning heat in the face.—Crawling in the upper lip.—*Anxious pressure in the epigastrium.*—Pinching in the abdominal muscles.—Diarrhœa of the consistence of pap, with relaxation in the abdomen and followed by burning pain in the anus.—Running and fetid ulcer in the anus, towards the perinæum.—Pulsation in the cavity (of the right side) of the chest, extending to the nape of the neck.—Pressure round the sternum during a meal.—*Lancinations in the cavity of the chest and across the heart.*—Acute lancinations under the axillæ.—Pinchings in the back.—Stingings in the back, which disappear when it is scratched.—Cramp in the wrist.—Tickling, as if an insect were creeping in the fore-arm.—Stinging and crawling in the fingers.—Cramp in the knee-joint, when seated.—Blows in the knee, from within outwards.—*Toes contracted and swollen*, with burning itching and cutting, jerking pains.

136.—PARIS QUADRIFOLIA.

PAR.—Four-leaved Parisette, Fox-grape.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: from 2 to 4 days, according to circumstances.

ANTIDOTES: Acon. ? coff.

COMPARE WITH: Hell. ign. kal. natr-m. n-vom. puls. sabad.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Continual lancinations in all the limbs.*—*Cramp-like contraction in the joints*, or sensation on moving and turning them, as if they were broken, swollen and dislocated.—*Sensation of heaviness in the whole body.*

SKIN.—Violent itching in different parts.—Subcutaneous crawling, without itching.—Pain, as from excoriation in the skin, on touching the parts.—Panaritium.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep during the day and early in the evening.—*Incomplete, interrupted, and agitated sleep at night, with continued tossing and numerous dreams.*—Voluptuous dreams, with erections and pollutions.

FEVER.—Shiverings, especially in the chest, abdomen and legs, with cutis anserina and yawning.—*Continued internal coldness, with internal trembling.*—Itching sweat in the morning, which forces one to scratch.—Coldness on one side of the body only.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Disposition to treat others with contempt and disdain.—*Disposition to utter absurdities and to be pleased with what one has said.*—*Mania with loquacity.*—Repugnance to intellectual labour.—Discontent, ill-humour.

HEAD.—Bewildered, confused head.—Vertigo on reading aloud, with difficulty of speech and sight.—*The pains in the head are aggravated by meditation.*—Pressing pain in the head, which disappears when pressing the hand upon it.—Sensation of swelling in the head, with pressure as if the contents of the cranium were going to protrude through the temples and eyes.—Tension in the brain and integuments of the forehead.—*Stinging and lancinations in the head.*—Pulsating cephalalgia at night, with great agitation.—Pulsating cephalalgia, with a swimming sensation on going up stairs.—Head-ache, after having smoked.—Pain, as from excoriation on the exterior of the vertex, when touched.—Painful sensibility and falling off of the hair.—Tension of the hairy scalp on the forehead and occiput.—Scabs on the head.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, like a pressure on the orbital bones.—*Sensation as if the eye-balls were too large or swollen.*—Burning pain in the eyes, with *lachrymation*, especially after rising in the morning.—Jerking and quivering in the upper eye-lashes.—*Confused sight* and wavering before the eyes.

EARS.—Otalgia, with tearings.—Diminution of hearing.—Tingling in the ear.

NOSE.—A sensation as if the upper part of the nose were obstructed, with discharge of blood, when it is blown.—Bread and milk have a putrid smell.—Obstruction of the nose in the morning, with discharge of thick and sanguinolent mucus, when it is blown.—*Dry*, alternating with flowing *coryza*.—Discharge of liquid mucus from the nose and eyes, which excites a panting respiration.—Red or greenish mucus in the nose.

FACE.—Pains in the face with burning stinging in the

zygomatic process.—Purulent pimples under the nose and on the chin.—*Sanguineous pimples* like grains of millet on the lower jaw.—Pimples on the forehead, with pressing pain when touched.—Lips cracked.—Herpes round the mouth.

TEETH.—Drawing odontalgia, or with drawing pulsations, especially in the carious teeth, aggravated by cold things.—Cutting pains in the gums every morning.—Gums shrivelled as if they had been burnt.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Mouth dry and parched on waking in the morning.—Accumulation of rough and astringent saliva.—White and slimy froth in the corners of the mouth in the morning.—Pain as from excoriation and desquamation of the velum palati.—Hard swelling of the size of an egg in the palate, which is itself hard.—Tongue rough and dry, with sensation as if it were too large.—Pain in the throat, as if caused by the pressure of a ball in the throat.—Stinging, scraping and burning pain in the throat.

APPETITE.—Clammy and insipid taste.—Violent appetite.—Disgusting or pressing eructations.—Aqueous eructations.—Nausea, with sour taste.—Weakness and slowness of digestion.—Continued hiccough after a meal.

STOMACH.—*Pressure in the stomach*, as if from a stone, mitigated by eructating.—Burning pain extending from the stomach into the abdomen.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Tensive pain in the whole abdomen.—*Hard pressure in the abdomen*.—Cutting, drawing and boring in one side of the abdomen, when lying on it in bed in the evening.

FÆCES.—Frequent but insufficient evacuations of the consistence of pap.—*Loose, fetid evacuations*, which smell like putrid flesh.

URINE AND GENITAL ORGANS.—Diminished secretion of urine.—Frequent and urgent desire to urinate, *with burning pain during the emission*.—Fiery urine, with clouds in the centre, a reddish sediment, and a variegated pellicle, when it has settled for some time.—Burning pain and stinging in the urethra.—Increased sexual desire.—Too early catamenia.

LARYNX.—Sensation of dryness in the trachea in the morning.—*Troublesome hoarseness* and low voice, with *continued hawking of mucus*.—Periodical hoarseness.—Burning pain in the pharynx.—*Cough, as if excited by the vapour of sulphur* in the trachea, or as if caused by slimy mucus in the pharynx.—Nocturnal cough when lying on the left

side.—*Cough, with expectoration of slimy, greenish mucus, proceeding from the larynx.*

CHEST.—Obstructed respiration, with desire to take a deep inspiration.—Pressure in the right side of the chest.—Stinging in the chest and its sides.—*Palpitation of the heart, during repose and movement.*

TRUNK.—Pains in the back and nape of the neck on stooping, as if a load were pressing upon them.—Stinging and *lancinations in the back*, as also in and between the shoulder blades.—Tension and weakness in the muscles of the neck and nape.

ARMS.—Heaviness and paralytic weakness in the arms and joints of the fingers.—Tearing and drawing in the fingers, from the shoulder to the fingers.—Tremour of the hands.—Stinging in the fingers.—Fingers at one time hot, at another cold, or dead.—Numbness of the fingers.—*Pararitium.*

LEGS.—Tearing and drawing in the legs, and especially in the coxo-femoral joint.—Paralytic pain in the ankle joint.—Crawling in the tendo Achillis.—Tearing, drawing and stinging in the toes.—Coldness of the feet in bed at night.

137.—PETROLEUM.

PETR.—Oil of Petre.—Rock oil.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect: for 50 days in some chronic affections.*

ANTIDOTES: ACON. n-vom.

COMPARE WITH: Calc. cann. cham. ign. lyc. magn. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos. puls. sulph.—Petr. when indicated, is especially efficacious after nitr-ac. and phos.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—If guided by *the totality of the symptoms*, the cases against which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—Sufferings caused by vexation; Scrofulous and rachitic affections; Fainting fits; Atrophy of children; Herpes; *Rhagades*; *Chilblains*; Pustulous eruptions; Intermittent fevers; Melancholy; *Chronic vertigo*; *Cephalalgia caused by vexation*, or also by a fall; Megrim; Scald-head; Scrofulous ophthalmia; Myopia and presbyopia; Otitis and purulent otorrhœa; *Hardness of hearing* (especially after the use of nitric acid); Deafness from paralysis of the acoustic nerve; *Gastric affections*; Sea sickness; Sufferings caused by the motion of a carriage; Chronic dyspepsia; Inguinal hernia; Mucous diarrhœa; Hæmorrhoides; Stricture of the urethra; Tetters on the scrotum; Gonorrhœa; Urinary calculus; Leucorrhœa; Dysmenia in young girls; Pustulous eruptions of pregnant women; Catarrh with hoarseness; *Rhagades*

and cracks in the hands in winter ; Chilblains on the hands and feet, &c. &c.

[It deserves attention in chronic nettle rash ; liver spots ; in affections of the liver ; in *fistula in ano* ; paralysis of the bladder ; in impotence ; in habitual and chronic erysipelas ; &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Drawing pains in the limbs.—*Limbs stiff and easily benumbed.*—*Cracking of the joints with arthritic rigidity*, and drawing tearing pains.—Swelling and induration of the glands, also after a contusion.—*Jerking of the limbs*, by day and during sleep.—Attacks of epilepsy.—*Fainting fits with agitation of blood, heat, palpitations and pressure at the heart.*—**Great weakness after the least exertion*, sometimes with confused sight, trembling of the body, buzzing in the ears and nausea.—Weakness, nausea, and other sufferings from the motion of a carriage.—Aggravation and appearance of several symptoms in stormy weather.—**Transient heat, agitation of blood, and perspiration after a walk, or after being in a passion.*—**Emaciation*, also in children.—Sensation of insupportable and general uneasiness, with tremour and dejection.—Heaviness and lassitude in all the limbs.—*Great lassitude morning and evening.*—Great tendency to take cold.—**Repugnance to the open air with shivering when exposed to it.*—Several symptoms manifest themselves in the morning.

SKIN.—Great sensibility of the surface of the skin.—Miliary urticaria.—*Itching tetters.*—*Itching, excoriated and running spots on the skin.*—Brown and yellow spots on the skin.—Eruption of itching and burning pustules.—**Rhagades.*—*Unhealthy skin* ; every injury tends to ulceration.—Furunculi.—Ulcers with stinging pains.—*Proud flesh in the ulcers.*—Warts.—*Corns on the feet.*—*Chilblains*, sometimes painful.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep by day and in the evening, when sitting quietly.—**Incomplete and agitated sleep at night*, with many vivid, anxious, and frightful dreams, frequent waking with a start, and anxious heat.—**Sensations in the morning, as if one had not slept enough.*

FEVER.—Shivering with head-ache and coldness in the hands and face.—Frequent shivering over the whole body, and violent itching in the skin on becoming hot.—Shivering or coldness, generally in the evening, and sometimes with blueness of the nails.—Sweat immediately after the shivering.—**Fever in the evening*, with hot face and cold

feet, after the shivering.—Frequent flushes of heat.—Fever with full pulse and burning sensation in the skin.—**Nocturnal heat*.—*Nocturnal sweat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Anxiety and *disposition to be frightened*.—*Sadness and mental dejection, sometimes with sensation of weakness at the heart (in the pit of the stomach ?)—Great want of resolution.—°Uneasiness respecting the future.—*Hypochondriacal humour.—**Violent irascible character, with inclination to insult*.—°Frequent tears and from the slightest cause.—**Loss of memory*.—Unfitness for reflection.—Weakness of thought.

HEAD.—*Head bewildered.—**Frequent vertigo*.—*Vertigo*, as if one were staggering much.—**Vertigo on stooping*, or on rising from the bed, or from a seat —**Head-ache after being in a passion*, or *when fasting in the morning*, also after a walk in the evening.—Attacks of one-sided head-ache, which compels one to lie down.—*Heaviness and fulness in the head, especially in the morning and when stooping.—**Pressing or lancinating pressing pains in the head*, and especially in the occiput.—°Head-ache aggravated by all intellectual labour, to the extent of complete stupefaction.—Tension in the head, as if the dura mater were tightened.—Cramp-like, drawing, pinching pains in the head.—**Pulsating head-ache*, especially in the occiput.—Sensation as if all were alive in the head.—Hairy scalp painful to the touch, as if it were bruised or ulcerated.—°Drawing in the head, forehead and temples extending into the teeth.—**Eruption on the head and nape of the neck*.—Œdematous swelling and scabs on the hairy scalp.—**Falling off of the hair*.

EYES.—Itching in the eyes.—Pressure, smarting, stinging and burning pain in the eyes.—°Inflammation of the eyes.—Lachrymal fistula.—Lachrymation.—Jerking and quivering of the eyes and eye-lids.—Convulsion of the eyes.—**Myopia or presbyopia*.—Diplopia.—**Scintillation and appearance as of a veil before the sight*, or sparks and black spots.

EARS.—Otalgia with cramp-like and jerking pain.—°Dryness and troublesome sensation of dryness in the interior of the ear.—Discharge of blood and pus from the ears.—Eruption on the ears.—Redness, excoriation and running behind the ears.—**Deafness*.—*Tingling, rolling, rumbling, and *buzzing in the ears*.

NOSE.—Epistaxis.—Purulent blisters on the nose.—Ulcerated nostrils.—°Swelling of the nose, with discharge

of pus, and pain above the root of the nose.—*Obstruction of the nose.—Dryness and troublesome sensation of dryness in the nose.—Coryza, with hoarseness.

FACE.—*Heat in the face, sometimes after a meal, and with thirst.—Pale, yellowish complexion.—Eruption of pimples on the face.—Encrusted pimples, with stinging pain on the lips and their commissures.—*Swelling of the submaxillary glands.—Easy dislocation of the maxillary joint, in bed, in the morning, with sharp pains.

TEETH.—Odontalgia from contact with the open air, more violent at night, with swelling of the cheek.—Torpor of the teeth, with pain on pressing them together.—Purulent vesicle, like a fistula, in the gums.—Swelling of the gums, with stinging pain when touched.

MOUTH.—*Fetid breath, sometimes like garlic.—Ulcers on the internal surface of the cheeks.—Much mucus in the mouth and throat.—*Tongue coated white.—Great dryness of the mouth, with violent thirst.

THROAT.—Sore throat with stinging pain, during deglutition.—Swelling and great dryness of the throat.—When swallowing, (liquid?) food ascends towards the nasal fossæ.—Hawking up of mucus in the morning.

APPETITE.—*Putrid, insipid mucus, or else of a bitter or acid taste.—Excessive thirst for beer.—Bulimy.—Hunger, with speedy satiety.—*Voraciousness.—Daintiness.—*Anorexia.—Repugnance to meat and fat, and also to hot and cooked victuals.—Indigestion, after almost all kinds of food, however little has been eaten.—Obscuration and vertigo, nausea, *heaviness and pressure in the stomach, sleep, or colic with eructations, or sour regurgitations, congestion to the head, cramp in the chest, &c., after a meal.

STOMACH.—*Noisy eructations.—Sour eructations and regurgitations.—Pyrosis.—Frequent nausea, especially in the morning, often with accumulation of water in the mouth, obstructed respiration, sour eructations, tongue dry and white, stitches in the hepatic region, heat in the face, vertigo, &c.—Nausea from the motion of a carriage.—Water-brash.—*Desire to vomit.—Greenish, bitter vomiting.—Pressure in the stomach.—Spasms in the stomach.—Sensation of emptiness and weakness in the stomach.—Pain in the epigastrium, as if something would be torn away there.—Swelling of the epigastrium, with pain when touched.—Sensation of fulness in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain in the abdomen, shortly after a meal.—Sensation of great emptiness in the abdomen. Distention and tension in the abdomen, with spasms.—

*Pinchings and cuttings in the abdomen, sometimes with pressing desire to evacuate.—*Colic with diarrhœa, at night and towards morning.—Borborygmus in the abdomen, °with sensation as if the abdomen were entirely empty.—°Inguinal hernia.—Fetid wind.—‘Sensation of coldness in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Difficult, hard, knotty and insufficient evacuations.—*Frequent diurnal evacuations, °sometimes with evacuations of serous and yellowish matter.—*Diarrhœa, often preceded by cuttings.—*Slimy evacuations, °often with blood.—Burning pain in the rectum, after evacuation.—Itching tetters on the perinæum.

URINE.—Frequent emission, with scanty stream of red or brown and fetid urine.—Involuntary discharge of urine.—Emission of urine at night.—Wetting the bed.

GENITAL ORGANS.—°Stricture of the urethra.—Burning pain, *itching, redness, excoriation and running, or itching pimples and tetters, on the scrotum and near it on the thigh.—Diminished sexual desire.—Frequent pollutions.—°Discharge of prostatic fluid.—°Weakness and nervous irritability after coition.—Itching, excoriation and running near the vulva.—Repugnance to coition in women.—Catamenia too early, with a menstrual flow which excites itching.—Leucorrhœa, like the white of eggs.—°Leucorrhœa, °with lascivious dreams.—Itching and scurf on the mammæ.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness, with or without coryza.—Cough, with dryness in the throat.—*Suffocating cough °at night.—*Dry cough, at night, or in the evening, °after lying down.—°Dry cough with shootings under the sternum.

CHEST.—Respiration obstructed in the cold air.—Rattling and snoring in the trachea.—Sensation of heaviness, anxiety and uneasiness in the chest.—Oppression in the chest at night.—*Shootings in the sides of the chest.—°Herpes on the chest.—*Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK.—*Pain in the loins, °which does not permit one to stand upright.—*Pain in the back which obstructs every movement.—Weakness and stiffness in the back and loins.—°Herpes on the nape of the neck.—°Swelling of the glands and eruption on the nape of the neck.—‘Suppuration of the axillary glands.

ARMS.—Drawing pains in the arms and fingers.—Great fatigue of the arms.—Stiffness of the arms and fingers.—Erysipelatous inflammation on the arms.—Yellow spots on the arms.—Furunculi on the fore-arm.—Tearings in the hands.—Burning sensation in the palms of the hands.—Sweating of the hands.—‘Brown spots on the wrist.—

**Bleeding fissures in the hands and fingers*, especially in the winter.—*Chilblains and warts on the fingers*.—*Arthritic stiffness in the joints of the fingers*.

LEGS.—*Crackings in the joints of the legs*.—*Cramps in the thighs, calves of the legs and soles of the feet*.—*Furunculi on the thighs and legs*.—*Tension in the ham*.—*Lancinations in the knee*.—*Weakness of the knee*.—°*Herpes on the knee*.—*Tuberous, itching eruption on the calves of the legs*.—°*Herpes on the ankle-bones*.—*Burning sensation in the soles of the feet*.—**Coldness of the feet*.—°*Swelling of the feet*.—*Hot swelling of the feet*.—*Swelling and redness of the heel with burning pain and stinging, aggravated by walking*.—°*Chilblains on the toes*.—*Corns on the feet*.—°*Obstinate, superficial and running ulcers on the toes, with elevated margins and red base*.

138.—PETROSELINUM.

PETROS.—Parsley.—HOMŒOPATHIC GAZETTE OF LEIPSIK.—A medicine as yet very little known, and which has been hitherto employed only against *gonorrhœa*.

SYMPTOMS.—*Retarded sleep with many anxious dreams*.—*Singing in the ears which penetrates into every organ*.—*Whitish evacuations like clay*.—*Frequent and almost ineffectual desire to urinate every half hour*.—*Crawling, stinging, pressure and drawing in the urethra*.—*Pollutions*.—*Jerking in the muscles of the back and arms*.

139.—PHELLANDRIUM AQUATICUM.

PIHEL.—Water-fennel.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

[The Phellandrium appears to exert a specific action upon the mucous membranes of the chest, and has proved efficacious in chronic catarrhs, *asthma mucosa*, &c. Ed.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tearing pains in the limbs*.—*Sensation of trembling in all the vessels of the body*.—The majority of the symptoms appear to manifest themselves when one is sitting, standing or lying; they are mitigated by movement and the open air.—*Great dejection and lassitude*.—*Itching, sometimes burning or smarting, soon disappearing when scratched*.—*Small blue spots, like petechiæ*.—*Desire to sleep during the day with frequent yawnings*.—*Retarded sleep*.—*Frequent and early waking, or prolonged sleep in the morning*.—*Predominance of shivering, sometimes with shaking chills, generally neither accompanied nor followed by heat or thirst*.—*Shuddering, generally in the evening, sometimes as if cold water had been poured over the body*.—*Accelerated pulse*.—*Charac-*

ter sad, uneasy, buried in meditation, sometimes extravagant merriment.—Peevish arrogance.

HEAD.—Confusion in the head, as if from intoxication.—*Heaviness of the head*, as if it were too large and too full.—*Vertigo*, which almost occasions falling, aggravated in the open air, mitigated by lying down.—Head-ache which disappears in the open air and during dinner.—Compressive pain in the sides of the head.—Searching pain in the head.—Ebullition of blood, with heat and throbbing in the head.

EYES.—*Itching in the eyes*.—Burning sensation in the eye-lids, morning and evening.—Quivering of the eye-lids, which close easily from a sensation of heaviness and sleepiness.—Dryness of the eyes, with stinging and burning pain.—Lachrymation, especially in the open air.—Sight cloudy, as if through a fog, especially when fixing the eyes attentively on any object.

EARS AND NOSE.—Tearing and boring in the ears.—Nostrils red, burning and swollen.—Itching, confluent vesicles in the nostrils.—Loss of smell.—Coryza with obstruction of the nose, which prevents respiration through the mouth.

FACE.—Heat in the face.—Tension of the skin of the face.—Violent and almost tearing quivering in the cheek.—Odontalgia with tearing or shooting pain.—Gums red, swollen and painful.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth and throat, at night.—Increased frothy saliva in the mouth, which forces one to spit out.—Burning pain and burning vesicles on the tongue.—Sore-throat with pressive and stinging pain when not swallowing, and during empty deglutition, but not when swallowing food.

STOMACH.—Clammy or cheese-like taste.—Sweetish taste after drinking water.—Beer has a bitter taste.—*Thirst for milk and beer, with repugnance to and dread of water*.—Desire for acid drinks with thirst.—Disgust and nausea with desire to vomit and inclination to check the eructations.—Offensive eructations, like bugs, or with taste of food.—Pain in the stomach, as if it were empty.—Sensation as if the stomach were full of water.—Burning pain in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pinchings in the abdomen.—*Sensation of coldness in the abdomen* with movements in the intestines.—Incarcerated wind in the sides and loins.—Hard faeces with clawing and pressure at the anus.—Liquid evacuation with tenesmus, followed by pain and excoriation in the anus.—Abundant expulsion of flatus during and

after the evacuation.—Pale and diminished urine.—*Catamenia too early*.—Lassitude and pain in the thighs, as if they had been beaten, at the commencement of the catamenia.

CHEST AND EXTREMITIES.—Hoarseness and roughness in the throat and fluent coryza.—Suffocating, dry cough, with short breath.—Nocturnal cough, caused by accumulated mucus in the throat.—Frequent expectoration of mucus without cough, in the morning.—Short breath, especially when walking.—Oppression on the chest when standing and taking a deep inspiration.—*Stitches in the chest*.—Pressure on the side of the chest, in bed, in the morning, which disappears when lying on the side affected.—Pain, as if from a bruise in the loins, when seated.—Tearing in the shoulders and arms.—Vibration in the calves of the legs.—Sensation of congestion of blood in the knees.

140.—PHOSPHORUS.

PHOS.—Phosphorus.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration " of effect*: 7 weeks in chronic affections; from 3 to 5 days in acute affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. coff. n-vom. vinum.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. agar. alum. ambr. am-c. ars. bell. bry. calc. carb-reg. caus. cham. chin. cin. coff. con. graph. hell. hyos. iod. ipec. kal. kre. lyc. magn. merc. n-vom. op. petr. plumb. puls. rhus. sep. sil. spong. sulph. veratr. Phosphorus, when indicated, is especially efficacious after: *Calc. kal. kre. lyc. and rhus.* After phosphorus: *Petr. and rhus.* will sometimes be found suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases against which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Affections of persons of a weak, phthisical, irritable and lymphatic constitution, persons with light hair and blue eyes, slender shape and a lively and sensitive temperament, or of a constitution weakened by long illness, or by debilitating causes, which have exercised a slow but continued influence on the vital economy; Sufferings caused by a chill or by cholera; *Chronic, rheumatic and arthritic affections*; *Physical and nervous weakness caused by protracted influences injurious to the vital economy*; Lymphatic, scrofulous and rachitic affections; Affections of the glands, also when caused by a contusion; Aching pains, exostoses and other diseases of the bones; Dropsical affections; Hepatic spots; *Lymphatic abscess*; Fungous hæmatodes; *Hæmorrhage and congestion of blood*; Chilblains; Scarlatina, morbilli and bad effects from repercussion of these diseases?; Chlorosis?; Atrophy?; *Furunculi*; Chilblains; *Hectic fever*; Typhus fever?; Hypochondriacal and hysterical affec-

tions; Somnambulism; Congestion to the head; *Congestive vertigo*; *Rheumatic, nervous and hysterical cephalalgia*; Megrin; Falling off of the hair in consequence of acute diseases; Scald-head; *Scrofulous ophthalmia and photophobia*; *Arthritic ophthalmia*; Cataract; Glaucoma; *Amblyopia amaurotica* and *deafness caused by congestion to the head*; Affections of the hearing caused by nervous and inflammatory diseases; Polypus in the nose; *Scrofulous inflammation of the nose*; *Rheumatic or congestive prosopalgia*; *Rheumatic or congestive odontalgia*; Dyspepsia, gastralgia, acidity and other gastric affections; Gastritis; Scirrhus of the stomach?; *Cholera*; *Cholerina*; Spasmodic and flatulent colic; Enteritis; *Chronic relaxation of the bowels*; *Diarrhœa*, especially in sensitive persons of a weak constitution, as well as in old men, or phthisical subjects; *Chronic and colliquative diarrhœa*; *Diarrhœa with typhoid phenomena*; Urinary calculi; *Dysmenorrhœa*; Sterility caused by excessive sexual desire; Vomiting of pregnant women; Erysipelas, abscess and induration of the mam-mæ (after the use of *bell.* or *merc.*); Aphonia; Pulmonary catarrh; Grippe; *Chronic laryngitis* (after the use of *acon. spong. hep.*); *Disposition to croup*, or chronic sufferings in consequence of that disease; Chronic pneumonia; *Asthmatic complaints*, especially when caused by pneumonia, or in sensitive persons; *Phthisical complaints*; Diseases of the heart; *Rheumatic pains in the loins*; *Œdematous swelling of the feet, &c., &c.*

[The Phosphorus deserves far greater attention in the treatment of all acute inflammations, but especially of the lungs, in scarlet fever, and in erysipelas, than it has as yet received. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Arthritic and rheumatic tearings and stingings, principally in the limbs, sometimes after a slight chill, especially in bed, at night.—Burning pain in the limbs.—Tension, cramp, jerking and distortion of the limbs.—Convulsions.—Rigidity of the parts.—Attacks of paleness and torpor in the limbs, which appear as if they were dead.—Trembling of the limbs, especially during employment.—Tendency to sustain injury from lifting a weight.—Agitation and congestion of blood, sometimes with pulsation in the whole body.—*Bleeding from different organs.—*Weakness and pain in the joints, especially the knees.—Great weakness and paralytic lassitude, which sometimes comes on suddenly, especially in bed in the morning, or after a very short walk.—Fainting fits.—

Excessive sensibility of all the organs.—*Hysterical lassitude.—*General dejection and *nervous debility*.—*Heaviness of the limbs and sluggishness.—**Paralysis*, with crawling in the parts affected.—*Emaciation and consumption.—*Obstruction of the glands.—**Inability to remain in the air, especially when it is cold*.—Great liability to take cold, which is often followed by head-ache and tooth-ache, coryza with fever, shivering, &c.—*Pain in the limbs, on change of weather*.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves *morning and evening, in bed, as well as after dinner*, while several others appear at the beginning of a meal and disappear after it.

SKIN.—Desquamation of the skin.—Excoriated spots on the skin, with cracks and stingings.—Round, tettery spots over the whole body.—Dry, furfuraceous tetter.—*Yellow or brown spots on the skin.—Coppery or bluish spots, like petechiæ.—*Furunculi.—Exostoses, with nocturnal pains.—*Lymphatic abscesses with fistulous ulcers, which have callous margins, and secrete a fetid and colourless pus, with hectic fever.—Fungous hæmotodes.—*Copious bleeding from small wounds*.—*Chilblains and corns on the feet, sometimes very painful.—Crawling in the skin.—Nettle-rash.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep by day as if from lethargy.—Stupefying sleep.—*Sleep retarded in the evening, and sleeplessness at night, or frequent waking, with difficulty in going to sleep again, caused by *inquietude with anguish*, tossing, heat, vertigo and agitation of blood.—Inability to remain lying on the back or side.—*Unrefreshing sleep; in the morning it appears as if one had not slept enough.—At night, vertigo with nausea, painful sensibility of the limbs, pains in the stomach and abdomen, suffocating and spasmodic asthma, &c.—Frequent waking with starts and fright.—Jerks in the limbs, with cries, talking, weeping, complaints, lamentations and moaning during sleep.—*Anxious, unpleasant dreams, *frightful and horrible, or vivid and uneasy dreams*.—Dreams of animals which bite, of robbers, fire, the business of the day, bloodshed, death, quarrels, creeping things, &c.—Nightmare.—°Somnambulism.

FEVER.—*Shuddering and shivering, especially in bed in the evening, sometimes with yawnings followed by heat, or otherwise.—Coldness of the limbs.—Shiverings, followed by heat, with thirst and sweat, especially at night and in the afternoon.—*Transient or anxious heat.—*Nocturnal heat.—*Hectic fever, with dry heat towards evening, especially in the palms of the hands, sweat and colliquative diarrhœa, circumscribed redness of the cheeks, &c.—

*Pulse quick and hard.—Nocturnal and clammy sweat.—

**Sweat in the morning.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholy sadness and melancholy, sometimes with violent weeping, or interrupted by fits of involuntary laughter.—**Anguish and uneasiness especially when alone, -or in stormy weather, principally in the evening, with disposition to fear and fright.*—*Anguish respecting the future, -or respecting the result of his disease.—Disposition to be frightened.—**Hypochondriacal sadness.*—Disgust of life.—*Great irascibility, passion, anger and violence.*—Involuntary and spasmodic weeping and laughter.—Misanthropy.—**Repugnance to labour.*—Impudence, as if from insanity.—Great indifference to every thing, -and even to private property.—Great forgetfulness, especially in the morning.—Great flow of ideas, which it is difficult to arrange.—*Clear-sightedness.*—(Clairvoyance, second sight.)

HEAD.—*Cloudiness and dizziness, especially in the morning.—*Frequent attacks of vertigo of different kinds and at different hours of the day, especially in the morning, in the middle of the day, and in bed, in the evening,—Vertigo, when seated; with hypochondriacal humour, during which the chair appears to rise.—*Vertigo with nausea and pressing pains in the head.*—Obstinate vertigo.—*Vertigo with loss of consciousness.—Attacks of head-ache, with nausea and vomiting, throbbing and jerking pains.—Nocturnal head-ache preceded by nausea, in the evening.—Head-ache after being vexed.—**Head-ache in the morning.*—Weakness of the head, which is fatigued by music, laughter, a heavy step, &c., &c.—Pain in the brain, as if it had been bruised.—**Stunning head-ache*, sometimes with violent agitation of blood, and paleness of the face.—*Sensation of heaviness, fulness and pressure in the head.—Tearing in the head, and especially in the temples, or semi-lateral.—Lancinations in different parts of the head, especially in the evening.—*Congestion to the head*, with beating, buzzing, heat, and burning sensation, especially in the forehead.—Sensation of coldness in the head.—The head-aches are mitigated in the open air.—External piercing in the side of the head.—Disagreeable sensation, as if the skin of the forehead were too tight.—The exterior of the head easily affected by cold, with a sensation in the open air as if the brain became torpid.—*Itching in the hairy scalp.—**Falling off of the hair*, especially above the ears.—°Dry scabs, and great scaliness of the hairy scalp.—°Exostosis on the cranium.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes as if in the orbital bones.—*Pres-

sure in the eyes as if a grain of sand were introduced into them.—Stingings, smarting, heat, and *burning sensation in the eyes*, especially in the external canthi.—*Congestion of blood to the eyes.—Redness of the sclerotica and of the conjunctiva.—Yellowish colour of the sclerotica.—**Inflammation of the eyes* of different kinds.—**Lachrymation*, especially in the open air and in the wind.—**Nocturnal agglutination of the eyes*.—Hordeolum.—Quivering of the eye-lids and of their angles.—*Difficulty in opening the eye-lids.—Swelling of the eye-lids.—Amblyopia.—Weak sight, on waking in the morning.—*Myopia*.—**Diurnal blindness*, which is sometimes instantaneous; *every thing seems to be covered with a grey veil*.—Clouded sight by candle-light.—Black reflections or sparks and *black spots before the sight*.—Sensitiveness of the eyes to the brightness of the day and to that of the candles.—Greenish areola round the candle.

EARS.—*Otalgia*.—Acute *rendings and piercings in the ears* and head.—**Beating and pulsation in the ears*.—*Congestion of blood to the ears.—Sensation of dryness in the ears.—Yellow discharge from the ears, alternating with deafness.—*Excessive sensibility of hearing.—Loud echoing of sounds and especially of the human voice, in the ears, with vibration in the head.—**Deafness, especially for the human voice*.—Murmuring before the ears.—**Buzzing in the ears*.

NOSE.—*Nose red and swollen* and painful to the touch.—*Dry and hard scabs in the nose.—°*Polypus in the nose*.—Excoriation on the angles of the nose.—Ulcerated nostrils.—Many freckles on the nose.—°*Fetid exhalation from the nose*, —**Blowing of blood from the nose*.—**Epistaxis*, sometimes during evacuation, or in the evening.—*Acute sense of smelling, especially during the head-aches.—Loss of smell.—**Unpleasant dryness of the nose*.—*Dry and fluent coryza, with sore throat and confusion in the head.—Continued discharge of yellow greenish mucus from the nose.—Frequent sneezing.—**Obstruction of the nose*, especially in the morning.

FACE.—**Face pale, wan, dirty, earthy, with hollow eyes, surrounded with a blue circle*.—Paleness, alternating with redness of the face, and transient heat.—*Redness and burning heat of the cheeks.—*Circumscribed redness of the cheeks.—**Bloatedness of the face*, especially round the eyes.—Jerking of the muscles of the face.—**Tension of the skin of the face, frequently on one side only*.—Desquamation of the skin of the face.—°Painful sensibility of one side of the face, when opening the mouth.—**Painful,*

drawing and tearing pains in the bones of the face, especially in the evening, or at night in bed, or after the slightest chill.—*The pains in the face are renewed by speaking or by the slightest touch.—Eruption of pimples and of scabs on the face.—*Lips bluish.—Lips dry, -covered with brownish scabs.—Cracked lips.—Tetters and pimples round the mouth.—*Ulcerated angles of the mouth.*—Cramp in the jaw.—Enlargement of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—*Drawing or *rending*, or else gnawing, boring, pulsative, jerking and *piercing odontalgia, especially in the open air, or in the evening and morning, sometimes at night only, especially in the heat of the bed, or else when partaking of hot food.*—*Tooth-ache with salivation, after the slightest chill.—The teeth are painful in the morning while masticating, as if they were ulcerated.—Caries of the teeth.—The teeth become very loose.—Bleeding of the teeth.—Grinding of the teeth.—Painful sensibility, inflammation, opening (separating) *ulceration, -swelling and *easy bleeding of the gums.*

MOUTH.—*Excoriation of the mouth.—*Accumulation of saliva, -which is saltish or sweetish, or *excessive dryness of the mouth.*—*Viscous mucus in the mouth.—*Hæmoptysis.—Purulent vesicles on the palate.—Skin of the palate shrivelled, as if it were about to be detached.—*Tongue dry, -loaded with a blackish brown coating.—*Tongue white.

THROAT.—*Dryness of the throat, day and night.—Pressure in the throat.—*Smarting, *scraping and burning pain in the throat.*—*Hawking up of mucus in the morning.*—Pain as from excoriation in the throat.—Swelling of the amygdalæ.

APPETITE.—Clammy or cheese-like taste.—Bitterness in the mouth and throat, with roughness.—*Sour taste in the mouth, especially after a meal.*—°Loss of taste.—Absence of appetite from a sensation of fulness in the throat and violent thirst.—°Excessive desire for cooling things.—°Hunger after a meal.—*Bulimy even at night.—Sensation of insipidity and softness in the abdomen, after breakfast.—*After a meal, desire to sleep, indolence, heat and anxiety, burning sensation in the hands, more decided heart-burn, pressure and fulness in the stomach, chest and abdomen, accompanied by obstructed respiration, vomiting of food, inflation of the abdomen, -or head-ache, eructations, hic-cough, debility, colic and many other sufferings.*

STOMACH.—Eructations with pain in the stomach, as if something were about to burst in it —*Tobacco smoke pro-

duces nausea and palpitation of the heart.—*Frequent *eructations*, generally *empty*, especially *after a meal*, and *after drinking*, sometimes also *abortive*, or *spasmodic*, or else *sour*, -or with *taste of the food*.—**Sour regurgitation of food*.—**Pyrosis*.—Hiccough.—**Nausea of various kinds*, especially *in the morning* or *in the evening*, or else *after a meal*.—Nausea with violent hunger or thirst which disappears when eating or drinking water.—°*Water-brash*, especially *after eating acid things*.—*Vomiting with violent pains in the stomach*, and great weakness.—*Greenish or blackish vomiting*.—*Vomiting of acid matter*.—*Vomiting of food*, especially *in the evening*.—**Vomiting of bile* or of *mucus at night*, -sometimes with coldness and torpor of the hands and feet.—*Vomiting of blood*.—*Vomiting with diarrhœa*.—*Pain in the epigastrium*, especially *when it is touched*.—*Violent pains in the stomach*, mitigated by a cold drink.—‘*Sensation of contraction in the cardia*; the food, scarcely digested, mounts again into the throat.—**Fulness in the stomach*.—**Piercing and pressure in the stomach*, especially *after a meal*, with vomiting of food.—**Pain in the scorbiculus*, when it is touched, also *in the morning*.—*Sensation of coldness or heat*, and **burning in the stomach and scorbiculus*.—*Inflammation of the stomach*.—**Spasmodic pain*, *sensation of clawing*, -and *contraction in the stomach*, °sometimes with *choking*.—*General uneasiness*, but which is felt more particularly in the stomach.—The pains in the stomach manifest themselves especially *after a meal*, as well as *in the evening and at night*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Stinging and piercing in the hepatic region*.—**Distention of the abdomen*, especially *after a meal*.—*Hard and distended abdomen*.—*Contractive pain in the abdomen*.—**Spasmodic colic*.—**Pinching, cutting and rending in the abdomen*, especially *in the morning in bed*, at night and *in the evening*, and often *urgent desire to evacuate* and *diarrhœa*.—*Piercing pains in the abdomen* sometimes with *pallid face*, *shiverings* and *head-ache*.—*Sensation of coldness*, with *heat* *and *burning in the abdomen*.—*Inflammation of the intestines*.—**Sensation of weakness and emptiness in the abdomen*, like a sort of *atonia*.—°*Uneasiness in the abdomen after breakfast*.—‘*Pressure as if all were bearing towards the sides of the abdomen*.—**Inguinal hernia*.—**Yellow spots on the abdomen*.—*Swelling and suppuration of the inguinal glands*.—**Incarcerated wind*.—**Flatulent colic*, deeply seated in the abdomen; aggravated when lying down, with *grumbling and borborygmus*.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*.—Fæces hard, slow, interrupted,

difficult to evacuate, and much too dry.—‘Urgent and troublesome desire to evacuate.—**Prolonged looseness of the bowels.*—**Fæces of the consistence of pap.*—**Serous diarrhœa.*—°*Diarrhœa with diminished strength.*—°*Mucous diarrhœa.*—°*Sanguineous diarrhœa.*—°*Undigested fæces.*—°*Greenish, grey or black fæces.*—°*Involuntary evacuations.*—°*Discharge of mucus from the anus, which remains continually open.*—°*Passage of tenia or ascarides from the rectum during the evacuations.*—**Discharge of blood during the evacuation.*—After the evacuation, pressure, burning pain, and tenesmus in the anus and rectum with great exhaustion.—**Itching and piercing in the anus and rectum.*—Cramps and contraction of the rectum.—**Appearance and easy bleeding of hæmorrhoidal tumours in the rectum and anus, with pain as from excoriation, when sitting or lying down.*

URINE.—*Increased secretion of watery urine.*—Frequent emission of a scanty stream of urine.—Urine, with white, serous, sabulous and red, or else yellow sediment.—**Turbid urine, with sediment like brick-dust.*—Pale, aqueous, or whitish urine.—Variegated pellicle on the surface of the urine.—Hæmaturia.—**Smarting and burning sensation, when urinating.*—**Tension and jerking, or burning pain in the urethra, when not urinating.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Great excitement of sexual desire, with constant wish for coition.*—**Erections, which are too violent in the evening or morning.*—**Too frequent seminal emissions.*—°*Powerless and too speedy emission during coition.*—°*Pains in the testes and swelling of the spermatic cord.*—°*Tearing in the genital organs, and piercing from the vagina into the uterus.*—**Catamenia too early and too profuse, or too scanty and serous.*—°*Discharge of blood from the uterus during pregnancy.*—°*Catamenia of too long duration with tooth-ache and colic.*—Before the catamenia, abundant bleeding of the ulcers, ‘leucorrhœa, desire to urinate and weeping.—°*On the appearance of the catamenia, cutting griping pains in the back and vomiting.*—°*After the catamenia, weakness, blue circles round the eyes and anxiety.*—°*Catamenia of too short continuance.*—**Retarded catamenia.*—**During the catamenia, lancinating head-ache, fermentation in the abdomen, expectoration of blood, pains in the back, soreness of the limbs, great lassitude and fever, or palpitation of the heart, shiverings, swelling of the gums and cheeks, and many other sufferings.*—°*Acid leucorrhœa.*—°*Hard and painful nodosities in the breasts.*—**Erysipelatous inflammation of the mammæ, with swelling, burning*

and piercing pains.—^o*Abscess in the mammæ*, also with fistulous ulcers.

LARYNX.—^{*}*Hoarseness and scraping in the throat*, sometimes prolonged.—*Aphonia*, so as to be able to utter nothing beyond a low whisper when speaking.—^{*}*Catarrh*, with cough, fever and fear of death.—^o*Very painful sensibility of the larynx*, which does not suffer one to speak.—^o*Great sensibility of the larynx*, with burning pain.—Dryness in the trachea and chest.—^{*}*Expectoration of mucus from the larynx*.—^{*}*Cough, excited by a tickling and itching in the chest or with hoarseness and sensation as if the chest were raw*—Hollow cough at night, which does not permit sleep.—^{*}*Cough, with stinging in the throat*, -chest and scorbiculus, sometimes only at night.—^{*}*Dry cough, every day*, which continues several hours, with pains in the stomach and abdomen.—*Dry, shaking cough*, as if the head were going to burst, excited by cold air, by drinking, or by reading aloud.—Cough, with vomiting.—^o*Cough, excited by laughing*.—^o*Dry cough, as if caused by tubercles, or a chronic inflammation of the lungs*.—^o*Cough, with purulent and saltish expectoration*, especially morning and evening—^o*Greenish expectoration with the cough*.—Cough, with *expectoration of slimy mucus*, or of blood, with smarting in the chest.

CHEST.—^o*Noisy and panting respiration*.—*Difficult respiration*, especially in the evening, with *anguish in the chest*, aggravated by sitting down.—^{*}*Obstructed respiration and oppression of the chest, of various kinds*, -especially in the morning or evening, as also during movement.—*Spasmodic asthma*.—*Fits of suffocation at night*.—*Pressure on the chest*.—^{*}*Heaviness, fulness, and tension in the chest*.—*Contractive spasms in the chest*.—*Tearing in the chest*.—^{*}*Lancinations in the chest, and especially in the left side*, sometimes continued, or else when touched.—*Burning pain, as from excoriation in the chest*.—*Sensation of fatigue in the chest*—*Anguish in the chest*.—*Congestion to the chest*, with sensation of heat which mounts to the throat.—^{*}*Palpitation of the heart, of different kinds*, -especially after a meal, morning and evening, ^{*}as also when seated, and after all kinds of mental emotions.—^o*Palpitation of the heart, with obstructed respiration*.—*Pain under the left breast, when lying upon it*.—^{*}*Yellow spots on the chest*.

TRUNK.—*Pain, as if from a bruise in the loins and back*, especially after sitting a long time, hindering walking, rising up, and making the least movement.—*Burning pains in the loins*.—*Tearing and piercing in the shoulder-blades*.—

*Rigidity of the nape of the neck.—Pressure on the shoulders.—*Swelling of the neck.—Obstruction of the axillary glands and of those of the nape and neck.—Itching and stinging under the axillæ.—Fetid sweat under the axillæ.

ARMS.—*Rheumatic tearing (and lancinating) in the shoulders, arms and hands, especially at night.—*Burning pain in the hands and arms.*—Numbness of the arms and hands.—Lassitude and **trembling in the arms and hands*, especially when holding any thing.—Furfuraceous tetter on the arms.—Congestion of blood to the hands with swelling and redness of the veins, especially when allowing the arms to hang down.—Wrenching pain in the joints of the hands and fingers, with tension.—*Swelling of the hands, also at night.—Heat in the hands.—Coldness of the hands, at night.—Contraction and jerking of the fingers.—Deadness of the fingers.—Paralysis of the fingers.—*Torpor in the extremities of the fingers.—Skin cracked in the joints of the fingers.—*Chilblains* on the fingers.

LEGS.—Pain, as from ulceration in the buttocks, when seated.—*Wrenching pain in the coxo-femoral joints*, and those of the knees and feet, with external heat.—Painful fatigue and heaviness of the legs.—Burning of the legs and feet.—Tension and cramps in the legs, especially in the knees.—Shocks in the legs, before going to sleep, day and night.—**Drawing and tearing in the knees*, extending into the feet.—*Paralytic weakness in the legs, and arthritic rigidity of the knees.—Tetter on the knee.—Spots, like petechiæ, on the legs.—Exostosis of the tibia.—Jerking in the calves of the legs.—Tearings and piercing in the feet, especially at night.—**Swelling of the feet*, or only of the malleoli, especially in the evening, or after a walk, sometimes with stinging pain.—Easy dislocation of the ankle-joint.—*Coldness of the feet, especially at night.—*Pain as from ulceration in the soles of the feet when walking.—Shocks in the feet, day and night, before going to sleep.—Torpor in the extremity of the toes.—Inflammation and redness of the ball of the great toe, with lacerations.—*Chilblains and corns on the toes.*

141.—PHOSPHORI ACIDUM.

PHOS-AC.—Phosphoric acid.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 3 to 4 days in acute diseases ; from 6 to 7 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES : Camph. coff.—*It is used as an antidote against* : Lach.

COMPARE WITH : Asa. bell. caus. chin. coff. con. ign. lach. lyc. merc. op. rhus. sep. staph. sulph. thuy. verat.—Phosphoric acid, when indicated, will be found especially efficacious after : Lach. and rhus.—Chin. lach. rhus. verat., are sometimes suitable after phosphoric acid.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of the symptoms*, the cases against which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Inveterate arthritis; Arthrocace; *Phthisical and nervous weakness, caused by violent acute diseases, by loss of the fluids and other debilitating causes, especially when they have rapidly undermined a constitution that was previously strong*; *Sufferings caused by Onanism*; Weakness of young people who grow rapidly.—*Bad effects from vexation, with care and inquietude, or from disappointed love, &c.*; Tetters; *Inveterate ulcers*; Varices; Scarlatina and evil effects from repercussion of that disease; *Typhus fever*; Nervous, slow fever, caused by vexation; *Diseases of the bones*; The hair falling off and turning gray, in consequence of vexation; Cholerina; *Diarrhœa*, especially after vexation, or after the repercussion of scarlatina; *Epidemic diarrhœa*; Diabetes mellitus?; *Pollutions, in consequence of Onanism*; Impotence, caused by excessive sexual intercourse; Dysuria of pregnant women, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Drawings, and **jerking tearings in the limbs*.—Cramp-like, pressive pains.—*Sensation, as if the periosteum were scraped with a knife*.—Aching, burning, tearing pains at night.—**Swelling of the bones*.—**Burning sensation in the whole of the lower part of the body, although the limbs are cold to the touch*.—Swellings of the glands.—**Painfulness in the limbs and joints, as if from paralysis, or like growing pains, especially morning and evening*.—Numbness and *weakness of the limbs*.—Heaviness in the limbs and joints with great indolence.—**Great fatigue after walking*.—**Great general weakness, physical or nervous, with great disposition to perspiration, during the day, or with burning sensation in the body*.—*Emaciation, with sickly complexion and eyes surrounded by a livid circle*.—Violent agitation of blood.—*The pains are aggravated during repose, and mitigated by movement, and those which manifest themselves at night are mitigated by pressure*.

SKIN.—Insensibility of the skin.—*Creeping under the skin*.—Red and burning spots on the limbs.—**Eruption like scarlatina*.—Erysipelatous inflammations.—*Eruption of small pimples and of miliary pimples collected in clusters, and red*.—Eruption of pimples with burning pain or pain as from excoriation.—Scabby vesicles.—Humid and dry tetters.—*Corns on the feet, with stinging and burning pain*.—Chilblains.—**Condylomata*.—**Furunculi*.—Flat, indolent ul-

cers, with a serrated bottom, secreting a dirty pus.—**Itching ulcers.*

SLEEP.—Great *desire to sleep* by day, *early in the evening* and in the morning, with difficulty in waking.—*Coma.*—Retarded sleep and sleeplessness at night, caused by agitation and dry heat.—Ciphers appear before the eyes on falling asleep.—*Profound sleep.*—Jerking and involuntary movements of the hands, moaning, talking and singing, or laughing at one time, weeping at another, during sleep, with eyes half open and convulsed.—*Anxious dreams* of death, with fear of waking.—Lascivious dreams.

FEVER.—*Shuddering and shivering*, sometimes with *shaking*, or with *coldness in the hands and fingers*, generally in the evening, and without thirst.—Sensation of coldness, with shivering and coldness in the abdomen.—Febrile heat in the evening without thirst, with anguish and great irritation of the circulation of the blood.—Shivering alternating with heat.—*Malignant fever with great weakness, apathy, stupidity, aversion to conversation, diarrhœa, &c.*—**Nocturnal sweat.*—Sweat in the morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Desire to weep as if from nostalgia.—Sadness and uneasiness respecting the future.—Anxious inquiries respecting his disease.—Restlessness and precipitation.—**Silent peevishness and aversion to conversation.*—**Great indifference.*—Inability to endure noise or conversation.—**Dulness and indolence of mind with want of imagination.*—**Paucity of ideas and unfitness for intellectual labour.*—Illusions of the senses.

HEAD.—*The head is bewildered, -as if from intoxication or from immoderate pollutions.—Stunning vertigo when standing and walking, especially in the evening.—*Head-ache in the morning.*—Continual head-ache, which obliges one to lie down, aggravated so as to become insupportable by the slightest commotion or by noise.—*Heaviness of the head* as if it were full of water.—*Cramp-like and hard pressure in the part of the head on which one lies*, aggravated by pressing on the head and by turning it, as also by meditation and by going up stairs, but especially after midnight.—Compression in the brain.—Tearing head-ache.—*Lancinations* in the temples or *above the eyes.*—Jerks or shocks, blows and hammering in the head.—Drawing pains in the bones of the occiput.—Gray, lank hair like tow.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES —Eyes dull, glassy, downcast.—*Pressure in the eyes*, with sensation as if the eye-ball were too large.—*Coldness in the internal margin of the eye-lids.—*Burning*

pain in the eye-lids and in their angles, especially by candle light in the evening.—**Inflammation of the eyes, with red vessels in the internal angles.*—Inflammation of the eye-lids.—Hordeolum.—Yellow spot in the sclerotica.—**Lachrymation.*—Dilated pupils.—Fixed look.—Sight confused as if through a mist.—*Myopia.*—Black band before the eyes.

EARS.—*Piercings in the ears, sometimes with drawing in the cheeks, jaws and teeth, aggravated only by the sound of music.*—Cramp-like drawings in the ears.—**Inability to endure music, noise and conversation.*—Strong reverberation of all sounds in the ear.—*Deafness* for distant sounds.—*Cries in the ear when blowing the nose.*

NOSE.—Swelling with red spots on the back of the nose.—**Scabs on the nose.*—Desire to put the fingers into the nose.—*Fetid exhalation from the nose.*—Discharge of pus from the nose.—Epistaxis.—Violent coryza with redness of the margin of the nostrils.—Fluent coryza with cough and burning pain in the chest and throat.

FACE.—Face pale, wan, with pointed nose and hollow eyes surrounded by a blue circle.—Drawings in the cheeks and jaws.—Irregular features.—Heat in the face with *tension of the skin of the face*, as if the white of an egg had dried upon it.—**Large pimples on the face.*—**Burning pain in the cheeks.*—**Humid and scabious tetter on the cheeks, lips and their commissures.*—Lips covered with suppurating cracks with pain, as from excoriation.—Pimples and scabies on the red part of the lips.—*Pimples on the chin.*—Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.—Pain in the lower jaw, as if it were dislocated.

TEETH.—Odontalgia with tearing pain, aggravated by the heat of the bed, and by cold or hot things.—Violent pains in the incisor teeth at night.—*Yellow teeth.*—Gums bleeding, swollen and open.—Painful nodosities on the gums.

MOUTH.—Dryness of the mouth without thirst.—**Viscous tenacious phlegm in the mouth and on the tongue.*—Prickings and burning on the tongue.—At night one bites the tongue without intending it.—Swelling of the tongue with pain when speaking.—Speaking through the nose.—Smarting in the interior surface of the mouth during mastication of solid food.—Excoriation and *ulceration of the velum palati*, with burning pain.

THROAT.—Pain as from excoriation in the throat with smarting and stinging, especially during deglutition (of food).—Contractive pain in the pit of the throat.—Hawking up of mucous phlegm.

APPETITE.—Putrid, acid, herbaceous taste.—*Prolonged after-taste* of food, and especially of *bread*.—Repugnance to bread, which seems bitter.—Violent thirst for cold milk, or for beer, as well as in general for cooling and juicy things; bread appears too dry.—Insatiable thirst, excited by a sensation of dryness in the whole body.—Acids excite bitter eructations and other inconveniences.—**After a meal, pressure, 'or a sensation of wavering in the stomach, -with confusion of the head, uneasiness, fulness and desire to sleep, or dejection, as if one were about to faint.*

STOMACH.—*Sour, incomplete, or burning eructations.*—**Continued nausea, 'in the throat.*—*Nausea which forces one to lie down.—Vomiting of food.—Sour vomiting — *Pressure in the stomach, as if from a weight, when fasting, and after any food whatever, as also on touching the pit of the stomach.*—Sensation of coldness, or burning in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Spasmodic pressure with anguish in the hypochondria, and especially in the liver.—Sensation as if the liver were too heavy.—Piercing in the regions of the liver and spleen.—Abdomen distended and tight.—Contractions in the abdomen on both sides of the umbilical region.—*Spasmodic pains in the abdomen, especially in the umbilical region.*—Stinging and cuttings in the abdomen.—**Burning in the hypogastrium.*—Clucking of the abdomen, as if there were water in it, especially when touched and when bending oneself backwards or forwards.—**Frequent rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.*—**Production and expulsion of much wind, especially after eating acid things.*—Swelling of the inguinal glands.

FÆCES.—Hard fæces in small pieces, difficult to evacuate.—*Frequent evacuations.*—**Purgings, but not debilitating evacuations.*—**Loose, slimy evacuations, of a whitish gray colour.*—*Loose, serous, or undigested evacuations.*—Involuntary evacuations, of the consistence of pap, with sensation as if one were about to expel wind.—Protrusion of hæmorrhoidal tumours from the rectum during evacuation.—After the evacuation, tenesmus.—Tearing, smarting and itching in the anus and rectum.

URINE.—Urgent desire to urinate, with scanty emission of urine, pale face, heat and thirst.—**Frequent and profuse emission of aqueous urine, -which immediately deposits a thick and white sediment.*—*Urine like milk, with sanguineous and gelatinous clots.*—*Fetid urine.*—Flow of urine, with spasmodic pains in the loins.—Urgent and irresistible desire to urinate.—*Urine as in diabetes mellitus.*

—Anguish and inquietude before urinating.—*Nocturnal emission of urine.—*Burning pain in the urethra, during and after the emission of urine.—Spasmodic constriction in the vesica.—*Cutting pains in the urethra, when making water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Lancinating pains in the glans.*—Crawling and running vesicles round the frænum.—*Condylomata.—Eruption on the penis and scrotum.—Inflammatory swelling of the scrotum.—°Pain in the testes, when touched.—Gnawing pain in the testes.—Swelling of the testes, while the spermatic cord is enlarged, hard and tightened.—Absence of sexual desire.—Frequent erections without desire for coition.—**Frequent and very debilitating pollutions.*—Discharge of semen, when an effort is made during evacuation.—°Hepatic pains during the catamenia.—Yellowish, itching leucorrhœa, after the catamenia.—°Distention of the uterus, as if with gas.

LARYNX.—*Great hoarseness* and roughness in the throat. Contractive pain in the pit of the throat, which contracts the larynx.—**Cough*, which is dry in the evening, and with a yellowish white expectoration in the morning, *excited by a tickling in the larynx*, or above the epigastrium.—*Cough with vomiting of food* and head-ache.—During the cough, expectoration with herbaceous smell and taste.—Cough with *purulent expectoration* and pains in the chest.

CHEST.—Short breath, and *inability to speak long* from weakness of the chest.—Spasmodic and contractive oppression of the chest, as if it were tightened.—Weakness in the chest, after speaking.—*Pressure in the chest*, often *spasmodic* or cutting.—Lancinations in the sides of the chest.

TRUNK.—Eruption, painful to the touch, on the back, shoulder-blades, neck and chest.—*Crawling in the back and loins.*—Tension and cramp-like drawing in the muscles of the neck, especially when moving the head.—Miliaria on the neck.—°Furunculi in the axillæ.

ARMS.—*Cramp-like pressure* in the arms, hands and fingers.—Drawings and *jerkings* tearings in the arms and fingers.—°Eruption of pimples on the arms.—Drawing, cutting pains in the joints of the elbows, hands and fingers.—Weakness and trembling of the arms.—A ganglion on the back of the hand.—Skin of the hands and fingers, dry, shrivelled, parched.—Fingers dead, sometimes on one side only, and in a very circumscribed space.—Lancinations in the fingers and joints of the fingers.

LEGS.—°Swelling, and **furunculi on the buttocks.*—Pains in the hips and thighs, as if they had been beaten, especial-

ly when walking and rising from the seat.—Cramp in the coxo-femoral joint with tearing in the whole limb, insupportable when seated, and during repose.—*Pressive, cramp-like pains* in the thighs, legs, feet and toes.—Tearing in the whole leg, with heaviness in the joints.—Weakness of the legs, so that one falls down on making a false step.—Burning, tearing in the tibia, at night.—Pimples on the knees and legs, which become confluent and are transformed into easily bleeding ulcers.—*Itching ulcers on the legs.*—*Burning sensation in the feet, and soles of the feet*, with excoriation between the toes.—Swelling of the feet.—Sweating of the feet.—Corns on the feet.—Chilblains on the toes.—Swelling of the joint of the great toe, with burning, throbbing and cutting and dull pains when touched.

142.—PINUS.

PIN.—The dynamized juice of the spring shoots of the pine.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been successfully employed against: *Muscular weakness in a scrofulous child, who was too long in learning to walk.*

[It has also been recommended as a preservative against intermittent fever. Ed.]

143.—PLATINA.

PLAT.—Platina.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 40 to 50 days in some chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Puls.—*It is used as an antidote against*; Plumb.

COMPARE WITH: Ang. asa. bell. canth. croc. fer. hyos. lyc. magn. mang. natr. nitr-ac. plumb. puls. rhus. sabad. stram. stront. valer. verb. Platina, when indicated, is particularly efficacious after be .

[It deserves attention in affections produced by paroxysms of intense agony, in chronic constipation, when attended with various nervous affections; in *mania puerperalis*; in degeneration of the uterus; sterility; also in *asthma spasmodicum*; &c., &c. Ed.]

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—*Different affections of females*, and principally of irritable women, who have copious catamenia and very decided sexual desire; Sufferings from the abuse of plumbum; Evil effects of passion or vexation; Neuralgia and neurosis; Catalepsy, eclampsia, and other spasmodic affections; Hysterical spasms; Mania; Melancholy; Hysteria; Nervous and hysterical cephalalgia; *Facial neuralgia*; Nervous and congestive odontalgia; Puerperal peritonitis?; Lead colic; Constipation, caused by travelling in a carriage; *Dysmenorrhœa*; *Metrorrhagia*, after accouchment or caused by miscarriage; Constipation, nymphomania; Eclampsia, and other affections of lying-in women, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Compressive, cramp-like, constrictive or pressive pains*, as if caused by a plug, or else by dull blows.—*Cramp-like, jerking and drawing pains in the limbs and joints.*—Tension in the limbs, as if they were bound with tight ligatures.—Pains, as if from a contusion, a blow or a bruise, especially when *pressing* on the part affected.—Pains, slight at the commencement, which increase gradually, often at regular intervals, and diminish in the same manner.—*Sensation of torpor and paralytic rigidity in various parts*, often with trembling and palpitation of the heart.—°Attack of spasmodic stiffness in the limbs, without loss of consciousness, but with the jaws closed tightly, loss of speech, eyes convulsed and involuntary movements of the commissuræ of the lips and eye-lids.—The spasmodic attacks manifest themselves especially at day-break.—*Affections caused by fright, by vexation, or by a fit of passion.*—*Moral and physical affections succeed one another alternately*; when the former manifest themselves, the latter disappear, and *vice versa.*—*Excessive weakness.*—Tingling restlessness, sensation of weakness and trembling in the limbs, especially *during repose* and in the open air.—The majority of the symptoms are *aggravated by repose* and mitigated by movement.—The affections which are mitigated in the open air, are generally aggravated towards *the evening* and in a room.

SKIN.—Crawling gnawing, with pain as from excoriation and itching or burning, pricking and stinging pain, with desire to scratch in different parts of the skin.—*Ulcers* (on the fingers and toes).

SLEEP.—*Convulsive and spasmodic yawnings*, especially in the afternoon.—Great desire to sleep in the evening.—Prolonged sleep in the morning.—Anxious dreams of wars and bloodshed.—*Lascivious dreams.*—Waking at night, especially after midnight, with anxious, sad and unpleasant thoughts.—Unconsciousness at night, on waking.—At night, one lies on the back, with the arms above the head, the legs drawn up, and an inclination to uncover them.

FEVER.—Continued shivering and shuddering over the whole body, especially in the open air.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Sadness, especially in the evening, with great inclination to weep, often (every second day) alternating with excessive gaiety and buffoonery.—*Involuntary weeping.*—*Loud cries for help.—*. *Anxietas præcordiorum* to an excessive degree with great fear of death, which is believed to be very near, accompanied by trembling, palpitation of the heart, and obstructed respiration.—Fear, with trembling of the hands and feet, and confusion of ideas, as

if all persons who approach were demons.—^oHysterical humour, with great mental depression, nervous weakness, and over-excitement of the vascular system.—Disposition to be frightened.—Great irritability, with ill-humour for a long time after giving way to a fit of passion.—Apathetic indifference and absence of mind.—**Pride and self-conceit, with contempt for all others, even for those whom one most loves and respects, especially when in a room, less in the open air and in the sun.*—Distraction and forgetfulness.—^o*Loss of consciousness.*—^cDelirium.—Delusion of the senses; feeling as of being too large, and on the contrary, all other things and persons seem to be too small and too low.

HEAD.—Tensive confusion, as if there were a board before the head.—Transient attacks of vertigo in the evening, with loss of consciousness.—*Head-ache, which increases gradually, or by fits, until it becomes very violent, and which diminishes progressively in the same manner.*—Attack of head-ache, with nausea and vomiting.—*Sensation of torpor in the head, and on the outside of the vertex.*—Pain in the sides of the head, *as if caused by a plug.*—**Pressive cramp-like pains in the forehead and temples, especially at the root of the nose, as if compressed, greatly aggravated by movement and by stooping, sometimes with heat and redness of the face, inquietude and weeping.*—Crawling in the temples, as if caused by insects.—*Buzzing and noise in the head, like that made by a mill.*—Sensation of contraction in the hairy scalp, on the vertex.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, after fatiguing the sight by looking attentively at an object.—Tension in the sockets, with gnawing pain, as if from excoriation in the margins.—**Cramp-like pain in the edges of the orbits.*—Compressive tension in the eye-balls.—*Pressure in the eyes, with sleep.*—Creeping in the canthi.—*Sensation of heat or of coldness and smarting in the eyes.*—*Trembling or spasmodic quivering of the eye-lids.*—^oEyes convulsed.—*Objects appear smaller than they really are.*—Confused sight, as if through a veil, often with painless pulling round the eye.—Wavering and sparkling before the sight.

EARS.—*Otalgia, with cramp-like pains.*—Shocks in the ears.—*Sensation of torpor and of coldness in the ears, extending to the cheeks and lips.*—Gnawing crawling in the ears.—**Dull thundering and rumbling in the ears.*

NOSE.—Cramp-like pain, with sensation of torpor in the nose.—Ineffectual desire to sneeze and crawling in the nose.—**Dry coryza, often on one side only.*

FACE.—*Face pale and wan.*—*Burning heat and glowing*

redness in the face, with violent thirst and dryness of the mouth, especially in the evening.—*The muscles of the face distorted*.—Sensation of coldness, with crawling, and of **torpor* in the whole side of the face.—*Cramp* and tensive pressure in the zygomatic process.—*Pulsative digging* in the jaws, especially in the evening, and during repose, with involuntary weeping.—*Gnawing*, with pain as if from excoriation in the lips and chin, and which forces one to scratch.—*Running and lancinating vesicles* on the lips.—*Lips dry and cracked*.—*Reddish blue plexus venarum* on the chin.—Sensation of torpor or coldness round the mouth and chin.—*Cramp in the jaw*.

TEETH.—**Odontalgia*, with pulsative and digging pain.—*Cramp-like drawing* in the teeth, which recurs by fits.—*Fissures in the gums*.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Burning pain* under the tongue.—Sensation in the tongue, as if it had been burnt.—Sensation as if the throat were raw, during (empty) deglutition and at other times.—*Cramp-like drawing* in the throat, like a constriction.—Sensation as if the uvula were elongated.—*Scraping and accumulation of phlegm* in the throat.—*Hawking up of phlegm*.

APPETITE.—*Mucous, clammy taste*.—*Sweetish taste*, on the tip of the tongue.—*Adipsia*.—Loss of appetite after the first mouthful.—**Complete loss of appetite*.—*Repugnance to food, arising from sadness*.—*Dislike to food*.—*Bulimy*; one eats with ravenous rapidity, with a disposition to despise every thing.—**After a meal, eructations, pressure in the stomach and colic*.

STOMACH.—*Ineffectual desire to eructate*.—*Empty, noisy eructations*.—*Serum, of a sweetish and disagreeable bitterness*, mounts in the throat, and causes a great tendency to choke.—*Continued nausea*, with lassitude, trembling and anxiety.—**Pressure in the stomach, especially after a meal*.—*Contractive pain in the scorbiculus, as if it were squeezed too tight*.—*Pressure or shocks, or else throbbing, piercing and pinchings* in the scorbiculus.—*Burning sensation* in the scorbiculus, sometimes extending from the throat into the abdomen.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pains in the abdomen with dull and jerking pressure*.—*Inflation of the abdomen, with difficult and interrupted expulsion of wind*.—**Constriction in the abdomen*.—*Pinchings in the umbilical region*.—*Piercing* in the side of the abdomen and in the umbilical region.—*Gnawing* in the abdomen.—*Drawing in the groins, commencing from the sacrum*.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*, sometimes very obstinate.—Frequent urging, with scanty evacuation, which is discharged in lumps and only after great efforts.—Evacuations of the consistence of pap.—*Tenia* and *ascarides* are discharged from the rectum, during evacuation and at other times.—*After the evacuation, general shuddering, or sensation of weakness in the abdomen.*—Frequent *itching, crawling and tenesmus in the anus*, especially in the evening.—Violent and dull lancinations in the rectum.

URINE AND GENITAL ORGANS.—Red urine with a white sediment, or else becoming turbid and depositing a red sediment.—Slow, but frequent emission of urine.—Burning pain and gnawing in the scrotum.—*Unnatural increase of sexual desire* with frequent erections, especially at night.—*Flow of prostatic fluid.—Coition too short and with little enjoyment.—*Sensation of bearing down towards the genital organs*, with pressure in the abdomen.—*Unnatural increase of sexual desire in females, with painful sensibility, and *voluptuous crawling in the genital organs, internally and externally.*—Induration of the uterus.—Sanguineous congestion to the uterus.—*Miscarriage.*—*Metrorrhagia* of thick, deep coloured blood, with drawings in the groins.—**Catamenia too early and too profuse*, sometimes with head-ache, inquietude and weeping.—**Catamenia too long continued.*—Before the catamenia, cutting and pains like those of labour in the hypogastrium.—*Cramps at the commencement of the catamenia.*—*During the catamenia, pressure, as if it were bearing towards the genital organs, which are very sensitive.—Leucorrhœa, like white of eggs, flowing especially after urinating and on rising from the seat.

CHEST.—°*Aphonia.*—°Short and dry cough.—*Short breath with constrictive oppression of the chest.*—Anxious oppression on the chest, with sensation of heat, which mounts from the epigastrium.—Short, difficult and anxious respiration.—Pain in the chest, as if a weight were pressing upon it, with desire to take a deep inspiration, which is hindered by a sensation of weakness.—°Tension, pressure and stinging in the sides of the chest, which do not permit one to lie on either side.—Pressure and dull blows in the chest.—Spasmodic pressure in one side of the chest.—Spasmodic pain in the chest, commencing slightly, increasing to a certain intensity, and gradually diminishing in the same way.—Dull lancinations in the sides of the chest, when inspirating.—*Anxious palpitation of the heart.*

TRUNK.—*Pain in the loins and back, as if they had been*

beaten, especially when pressing upon them, or else when bending backwards.—Spasmodic pain in the loins.—Sensation of torpor in the os-coccygis.—Rigidity of the nape of the neck.—Weakness and sensation of tensive torpor in the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Heaviness and *lassitude* of the arms with *paralytic pulling*.—Pressure and spasmodic pain in the fore-arms, hands, and fingers, especially when taking hold of any thing.—Itching, gnawing, pricking and burning sensation in the arms, hands and fingers.—Sensation of stiffness in the fore-arms.—Painful throbbing in the fingers.—Distortion of the fingers.—Torpor of the fingers.—*Ulceration of the fingers*.

LEGS.—Spasmodic pain and tension in the thighs, feet and toes.—*Weakness of the thighs and knees, as if they had been beaten*.—Shocks and blows in the legs.—**Lassitude* of the legs.—Restlessness and trembling in the legs, with a sensation of numbness, and °rigidity.—*Lassitude* and torpor of the feet when seated.—°Coldness of the feet.—Gnawing, excoriation, and smarting in the ankle-bones, greatly increased by the least touch.—Painful throbbing in the toes.—Swelling on the ball of the toe, with tearing and nocturnal pulsations.—*Ulcers on the toes*.

144.—PLUMBUM.

PLUM.—Lead.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—*Duration of effect*: from 30 to 40 days in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Alum. bell. hyos. op. plat. stram. and *electricity*.

COMPARE WITH: Alum. bell. chin. con. fer. hyos. natr-m. n-vom. op. phos. plat. puls. rut. sabad. sep. stram. zinc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto employed only against some kinds of *constipation*.

[Among the pathological effects produced by the lead, we may mention, increased and altered secretion of bile; contraction of the intestines, often to such a degree, that a quill can scarcely be introduced into the colon; contraction and diminution in size of the lungs; applied to the skin, the capillary vessels contract violently, the skin loses its *turgor vitalis*, becomes lax, wrinkled, and finally passes over into a torpid condition, in which all its functions cease—hence its antipathic application in erysipelas, &c.; the *tabes sicca* caused by lead is supposed to proceed from a contraction of the absorbent vessels, thus offering an obstruction to the passage of the lymph; the lead paralysis affects the arms in preference to the legs, and the extensor more than the flexor muscles, so that the hands are generally bent on the arms, which hang dangling by

the side ; the lead constipation, seems to depend upon a paralysis of the muscular coat of the colon.

It has been used with benefit in *Ileus* when attended with vomiting of feces ; in *Dysphagia* from paralysis of the muscles of deglutition ; in vomiting of blood ; in affections of the liver and spleen, especially in *Alycholy*, and in bilious colic ; in *phthisis nephoritica* ; enlargement and induration of the prostate gland ; &c., &c. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Drawing and tearing in the limbs, more violent at night*, sometimes removing to another place after scratching.—Burning sensation in various parts of the body.—Violent *creeping pains in the bones, coming on by fits*.—Cramps and constrictive pains in the internal organs.—Chilliness, stiffness, pain as from fatigue, and contraction of the limbs.—Paralysis.—Convulsive trembling and jerking of the limbs, convulsions and cramps, sometimes followed by paralysis.—Attacks of epilepsy.—Swooning, especially in a large company.—Heaviness and torpor of the limbs.—Great weakness with trembling of the limbs.—Depression, with desire to lie down, pulsation in the whole body, after slight exercise.—Flaccid and relaxed muscles.—General emaciation, and especially in the paralyzed parts, followed by swelling of these parts.—Dropsical swellings, sometimes of the whole body.—Sensibility in the open air.—The symptoms develop themselves slowly, and sometimes disappear for a certain time, after which they again become renewed.

SKIN.—The skin is of a lead-colour, or bluish or yellow.—Dark brown spots over the whole body.—Easy inflammation and suppuration of slight wounds.—Burning pain in the ulcers.—Excoriations.—Decubitus.—Sphacelus.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep during the day ; tendency to fall asleep, even while speaking.—Coma and lethargia, sometimes with dizziness.—Retarded sleep.—Nocturnal sleeplessness, with abdominal spasms.—Jerks during sleep.—Many dreams, sometimes lascivious, with erections.—Talking during sleep.

FEVER.—Predominance of shiverings and coldness especially in the limbs when in the open air.—Cold or clammy sweat.—Transient, anxious heat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Silent melancholy and dejection.—Great anguish and uneasiness with sighs.—Weariness and dislike to conversation and labour.—Discouragement.—Weariness of life.—Weakness of memory.—Imbecility.—Dementia.—Mania.—Delirium.—Fury.—Wild delirium, sometimes with frantic aspect.

HEAD.—Head bewildered and heavy, as if from apathy and melancholy.—*Dizziness* to such an extent as to fall senseless.—Intoxication.—Vertigo, especially on stooping, or looking into the air.—*Head-ache as if caused by a ball mounting from the throat into the brain.*—*Heaviness of the head*, especially in the occiput and forehead.—Tearing in the forehead and temples.—Lancinating head-ache.—Congestion to the head, with pulsation and heat.—Great dryness of the hair.—*Falling off of the hair*, also of the eye-brows and whiskers.

EYES.—*Pressive and very acute pain as if the eye-ball were too large.*—Heaviness of the eyes when moving them.—*Paralysis of the eye-lids.*—Contraction in the eyes and eye-lids.—Tearing in the eye-lids with sleep.—Sanguineous congestion to the eyes.—Inflammation of the eyes and of the iris.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eyes.—Swelling of the eyes.—*Yellowish colour of the sclerotica.*—Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids.—Eyes convulsed.—Pupils contracted.—*Sight confused as if through a mist*, which forces one to rub the eyes.—*Myopia.*—Blindness, as if from amaurosis.

EARS.—*Tearing in the ears.*—Boring and shooting in the ears.—Sensibility to noise.—Occasional sudden diminution of hearing.—Deafness.

NOSE.—Coldness of the nose.—Erysipelatous inflammation of the nose.—Red purulent vesicles in the corners of the nose.—Fetid smell in the nose.—Loss of smell.—Obstruction of the nose.—Accumulation of tenacious mucus in the nostrils, which can only be expelled through the nasal fossæ.—Fluent coryza, with discharge of serous mucus.

FACE.—*Face pale, yellow, hippocratic.*—Bewildered air.—Bloatedness of the face.—Swelling on one side of the face only.—Skin shining and greasy to the sight and touch.—*Tearing in the maxillary bones*, which is removed by friction, or made to appear in another place.—Boring in the lower jaw.—Exfoliation of the lips.—*Cramps* in the jaw.—Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—Tearing, jerking pains in the teeth, aggravated by cold things.—The teeth are coated with yellow slime.—The teeth become black.—*Fetid, carious teeth*, which break off in notches.—Loosening and falling out of the teeth.—Grinding of the teeth.—Gums pale and swollen, or of a bluish appearance on the margins.—Painful and hard nodosities on the gums.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth.*—Copious accumulation

of *sweetish saliva* in the mouth, with dryness of the gullet.—*Salivation*.—*Froth* in the mouth.—*Clammy mucus* in the mouth, on waking in the morning.—*Hæmoptysis*.—*Aphthæ* and fetid ulcers in the mouth.—*Inflammation*, swelling and heaviness of the tongue.—*Tongue brown and dry* with rhagades.—*Tongue green, or coated yellow*.—*Impeded speech*.

THROAT.—*Sore throat as if caused by a swelling, or by a foreign body in the gullet*.—*Sensation as if a ball were mounting in the throat*.—*Sensation of constriction in the throat*.—*Paralysis of the gullet with inability to swallow*.—*Drawing in the throat when eating, as if the œsophagus were about to be torn out*.—*Sensation as if an insect were creeping in the œsophagus*.—*Inflammation and induration of the amygdalæ*.

APPETITE.—*Sweetish or bitter taste*.—*Sulphurous, acid taste in the bottom of the throat*.—*Violent thirst for cold water*.—*Anorexia*.—*Violent hunger, also a short time after a meal*.—*Great desire for bread and fried things*.

STOMACH.—*Eructations with the taste of the food*.—*Empty eructations, sometimes very violent and painful*.—*Sweetish eructations*.—*Hiccough*.—*Regurgitation of sweetish or sour water*.—*Disgust and frequent nausea with desire to vomit, sometimes with vomituration*.—*Continued and violent vomiting of food, or of greenish and blackish or yellowish matter, with violent pains in the stomach and abdomen*.—*Vomiting of bile or of blood*.—*Vomiting of fæcal matter, with colic and constipation*.—*Most violent pains in the stomach*.—*Sensation of heaviness and pressure in the stomach, sometimes after a meal*.—*Dull and anxious pressure in the scorbiculus*.—*Constrictive cramps in the stomach*.—*Shootings from the pit of the stomach into the back*.—*Cuttings and burning pain in the stomach*.—*Inflammation of the stomach*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pain in the liver with lancinating pressure*.—*Affections of the spleen*.—*Most violent pains in the abdomen, with retraction of the navel*.—*Inflation and induration of the abdomen*.—**Violent colics with constrictive pain, -especially in the umbilical region, with violent contraction of the abdomen, sometimes forming elevations and pits, aggravated by the slightest touch, and sometimes increased at night, to the highest degree*.—*Pinchings and cuttings in the abdomen*.—*Shootings round the navel*.—*Sensation in the upper part and in the sides of the abdomen, as if something were torn away and were falling*.—*Pulsation in the abdomen*.—*Burning sensation or coldness in the abdomen*.

—(Inflammation of the intestines.)—*Hard nodosities in the abdomen*, as if caused by internal induration.—Soreness of the abdominal muscles, aggravated by movement and by touching them.—Continual production and incarceration of flatus with *grumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen*.—Abundant expulsion of *very offensive and hot burning flatus*.—In the rectum, very urgent desire to expel flatus, without any result.

FÆCES.—*Most obstinate constipation*.—Continued and ineffectual desire to evacuate.—*Fæces difficult to evacuate, hard, sometimes in lumps, like sheep dung, and tenacious*.—Loose evacuations.—*Long continued diarrhœa*, generally of yellow excrement, or else painful, and often very offensive.—Sanguineous diarrhœa.—Painful retraction and *constriction of the anus*.—Prolapsus recti.

URINE.—*Retention of urine*.—Difficult emission of urine, and drop by drop.—Tenesmus of the vesica.—More frequent and more copious emission of urine.—Watery, or reddish, fiery, turbid, and sometimes thick urine.—Discharge of blood from the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Swelling and inflammation of the genital organs (of the penis and scrotum).—Contraction and *constriction of the testes*, with jerking in the spermatic cord.—Retraction of the testes.—Excoriation of the scrotum.—*Sexual desire excessively increased, with frequent erections and pollutions*.—Insufficient emission of semen during coition.—(Impotence ?) —Leucorrhœa.—Miscarriage.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness and roughness in the throat*.—Aphonia.—*Constriction in the throat*.—Copious expectoration of mucus from the larynx, which is viscous, transparent or yellowish-green and in lumps.—Dry, convulsive cough.—*Expectoration of pus with the cough*.—Cough, with expectoration of blood.

CHEST.—*Difficult, anxious, oppressed and panting respiration*.—Shortness of breath.—*Spasmodic asthma*.—Oppression on the chest, appearing periodically.—Pressure on the chest, especially when breathing deeply and laughing.—Attacks of suffocation.—*Shootings in the chest and sides*, sometimes with obstructed respiration.—Ebullition in the chest, with *anxiety about the heart*, and perceptible palpitation.

TRUNK.—Tearings and shootings in the loins, back and between the shoulder-blades.—Deviation of the spine.—Tension in the nape of the neck, extending into the ear when moving the head.

ARMS.—Convulsive movements of the arms and hands,

with pains in the joints.—Drawing and *tearing in the arms and fingers*.—Weakness and painful paralysis of the arms and hands.—Ganglion on the back of the hands.—Difficulty in moving the fingers.—Red and swollen spots on the fingers.

LEGS.—Drawings in the hip-joints when lying down.—*Painful sensation of paralysis in the hip-joints and in those of the knees and feet*, especially on going up stairs.—*Paralysis of the thighs and feet*.—Numbness of the legs and feet.—Tearing and shootings in the thighs and knees.—Sensation of torpor in the feet, with difficulty in putting them to the ground.—Cramps in the soles of the feet.—Swelling of the feet.—Fetid sweating of the feet.—Distortion of the toes.

145.—PRUNUS SPINOSA.

PRUN.—Sloc-tree.—WAHLE.—*Duration of effect*: Several weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has hitherto been used only against:—General anasarca; *Ascites*; *Diarrhœa*; &c.

[It has effected cures of the most dangerous and obstinate cases of dropsy of the chest, &c. *Ed.*]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Shootings in the muscles.—Trembling in the whole body.—Uneasiness in the body, with short breath and oppression on the chest.—Sleep after a meal.—Retarded sleep and sleeplessness at night.—Waking too early.—Lassitude in the morning, as after unrefreshing sleep.—Sleep full of dreams and phantasies.—Dreams of *furunculi* or of salt things.—Shivering, especially in the evening.—Dry heat over the whole body, especially in the genital organs.—Sweat on the face only, during sleep.—Sadness, indifference, moroseness and ill-humour.

HEAD—TEETH.—Heaviness in the head and vertigo.—*Pressure in the head*, principally in the forehead, occiput and temples.—Violent nervous pains in the head, with loss of ideas and of consciousness.—*The pressure in the head mostly manifests itself from without inwards*.—Head-ache, as if from the heat of the sun.—Pains in the eyes, as if the balls were being torn out.—Binding sensations in the ears.—Frequent sneezing.—*Violent nervous pains or wrenching pains in the teeth*, or else a sensation, as if the teeth were raised up and pulled out.—Pricking pains in the teeth.

MOUTH—FÆCES.—Shootings and burning pain in the tongue.—Tongue loaded with whitish mucus.—Mucous,

clammy, or bitter taste in the mouth.—*Speedy satiety when eating.*—Continued nausea with dislike to all food, and diarrhœa.—*Fulness, distention and oppression in the pit of the stomach with short breath.*—Pressive pains in the hepatic region.—*Violent spasmodic colic* which hinders one from lying on the back or the sides, and from walking, except very slowly; the pains diminish after bending the thorax forwards.—Pressive colic in the epigastrium, or in the right side of the abdomen, also at night.—Shootings in the abdomen, which interrupt respiration.—**Dropsical swelling of the abdomen*, -with loss of appetite, scanty urine, hard and knotty fæces.—*Incarceration of flatus* with spasmodic colic and cramps in the vesica.—Shootings in the inguinal region and pressure, as if a hernia were about to protrude.—Difficult, hard and knotty fæces.—**Diarrhœa*, -with colic and copious evacuation of fæcal matter.—Spasmodic pains in the rectum.—Discharge of blood from the anus after the evacuation.

URINE—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Cramps in the vesica*, also at night.—Scanty and brown urine.—Thread-like stream of urine.—Hot, corrosive urine.—Bright yellow urine, with whitish and sometimes sky-blue coloured sediment.—Strangury.—Spasmodic retention of urine.—Tenesmus of the vesica.—Violent burning pains in the urethra when endeavouring to urinate.—Pain in the urethra, as if from excoriation, especially when it is touched.—Flaccidity of the penis and retraction of the prepuce.—Itching in the scrotum, as well as in the region of the ovaria.—Discharge of a watery and pale blood from the uterus.—*Catamenia too early* and too copious, with pain in the loins.—Corrosive leucorrhœa, which imparts a yellow tinge to the linen.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—Scraping and roughness in the throat, with desire to cough.—Pain in the chest when speaking, with weak voice.—*Cough excited by a tickling in the larynx.*—Wheezing cough.—*Oppressed, short, difficult, anxious and panting respiration.*—Sensation of heaviness and oppression in the chest.—Respiration is continually arrested at the pit of the stomach.—Pains under the sternum, and oppression, with fulness in the scrobiculus, and distention of the abdomen.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pain, as if from ulceration in the loins.—Stiffness in the back and loins, as if caused by a strain.—Soreness of the axillary glands.—Tension, wrenching pains and paralytic sensation in various parts of the arms and hands.—Itching in the fingers, as if from chilblains.—Pains in the hips at night, before midnight.—

Wrenching pains in the knees and feet.—Burning sensation in the legs.

146:—PULSATILLA.

PULS.—*Anemone pratensis*.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 4 to 5 days in acute cases, and several weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Cham. coff. ign. n-vom.—*Pulsatilla* is an antidote against: Agar. ambr. arg. bell. cham. chin. colch. fer. ign. lyc. merc. plat. ran. sabad. stann. sulph. sulph-ac. tart.

COMPARE WITH: Agar. ambr. am-cr. ant. arn. ars. asa. aur. bell. bry. cham. chin. cocc. colch. con. cupr. fer. ign. kal. lach. led. lyc. merc. nitr-ac. n-vom. n-mos. petr. plat. rhus. sabad. sep. stann. sulph-ac. tart. thuy. zinc.—*Pulsatilla*, when indicated, is particularly efficacious after: Asa. ant. aur. chin. lach. lyc. nitr-ac. rhus. sep. sulph. tart. and thui.—Asa. bry. nitr-ac. sep. thuy. are sometimes suitable after *pulsatilla*.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used are:—Affections, principally of *females*, or of persons of *mild character*, inclined to *pleasantry*, and to *laughter or weeping* with a *mild countenance*, and of *phlegmatic temperament*, inclining to *melancholy*, *lymphatic constitution* with *pale complexion*, *blue eyes* and *light hair*, *freckles*, disposition to take a cold in the head, or to other mucous discharges, &c.; *Bad consequences from the abuse of sulphur-waters*, of *mercury*, *cinchona*, *chamomilla*, or from the *fat of pork*, or also from *wine*; *Sufferings brought on by fright or vexation*, or by a *chill in the water* (bathing the feet, rain, &c., &c.); *Rheumatic and arthritic affections* with swelling; *Arthritis vaga*; *Articular rheumatism*; *Spasmodic affections*; *Attacks of epilepsy* and of *syncope* caused by suppressed *catamenia*; *Passive congestions* with enlargement of the veins; *Varices*; *Aneurisms*; *Mucous discharges*; *Scrofulous and rachitic affections*?; *Atrophy of children*; *Icterus*; *Chlorosis*; *Erysipelatous inflammations*; *Zona*?; *Nettle-rash*?; *Morbilli* and bad effects from *repercussion of that disease*; *Conoid varicellæ*?; *Eruptions caused by the fat of pork*; *Chilblains*; *Rhagades*?; *Suppurations*; *Inflamed or putrid ulcers*; *Effects of contusions, falls, blows*; *Febris comatosa*; *Inflammatory fevers*, with *gastric, mucous, or bilious affections*; *Typhus fever*; *Intermittent fevers*, also after the abuse of *cinchona* or *sulphate of quina*; *Hectic fever*; *Mania, melancholy, hysteria*, and other *moral affections caused by suppression of the catamenia*; *Cerebral congestion*; *Apoplexy*?; *Cephalalgia*, also when caused by the abuse of *mercury* or by *indigestion*; *Megrim*; *Ophthalmia* and *blepharophthalmia* with *copious secretion of mucus*; *Ophthalmia* caused by suppressed *gonorrhœa*; *Hordeolum*?; *Cataract*?; *Opacity of the cornea*?; *Lachrymal fistula*?

Amblyopia amaurotica (with hemeralopia ?) ; *Inflammatory otalgia* ; *Purulent otorrhœa* ; *Hardness of hearing*, also when caused by a chill, or after repercussion of morbilli ; *Ozæna* ? ; *Nasal hæmorrhagia* ; Acute or chronic coryza ; *Disposition to take cold easily* ; *Rheumatic odontalgia* ; *Catarrhal anginæ* ; *Gastrico-mucous or bilious affections*, with vomiting or diarrhœa ; *Indigestion caused by abuse of the fat of pork or of rich pastry* ; Chill in the stomach from ices, fruits, acids, &c. ; *Dyspepsia*, with vomiting of food, also from having taken too much wine ; *Hæmetemesis* ; *Gastralgia* ; *Gastritis* ? ; Chronic hepatic affections ; *Icterus* ; Spasmodic or flatulent colic ; *Enteritis* ? ; *Peritonitis* ? ; *Mucous or bilious diarrhœa* ; *Dysentery* ; Bad effects from the suppression of hæmorrhoidal discharges ; *Ischuria*, *dysuria* and *strangury* ; *Incontinence of urine in children* (wetting the bed) ; *Catarrh of the vesica* ; *Gonorrhœa* and bad effects from suppression of that disease ; *Hydrocele* and *Inflammatory swelling of the testes*, also when caused by a compression or contusion ; *Prostatitis* ; *Priapismus* ; Frequent pollutions from Onanism ; *Dysmenia*, *amenorrhœa* and *dysmenorrhœa*, and many sufferings caused by the suppression of the catamenia, or by irregularity in the menstrual discharge, principally at the age of puberty, or at the change of life ; *Metritis* ? ; *Metrorrhagia*, principally at the critical age ; *Leucorrhœa* ; Moral affections, odontalgia, gastric sufferings, colic, hysterical spasms, dysuria and many other sufferings of pregnant or parturient women ; Spasmodic labour pains ; Cuttings, which are too prolonged and too violent ; Absence of labour pains ; Adherence of the placenta ; suppression of the lochia ? ; *Puerperal peritonitis* ? ; *Agalactia* ; Sufferings caused by weaning ; Excoriations of children who have taken too much camomile ; *Ophthalmia* of new-born infants ? ; *Catarrhal affections with moist cough* ; *Grippe* ; *Hooping-cough* ? ; *Hæmoptysis* ; *Asthmatic affections* ; *Pneumonia* ? ; *Phthisical sufferings* ? ; *Organic affections of the heart* ; *Carditis* ? ; *Rachitic deviation of the spine* ; *Inflammatory or œdematous swelling of the legs and feet* ; *Psoitis* ? ; *Sciatica* ? ; *Coxalgia*.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Sharp drawing and jerking pains in the muscles, aggravated at night or in bed in the evening, as well as by the heat of the room, mitigated in the open air, and often accompanied by torpor, with paralytic weakness or hard swelling of the parts affected.—*Shootings and sensation of coldness in the parts affected on a change of weather.—*Tension in some limbs, as

if the tendons were too short.—**Shifting pains which pass rapidly from one part to the other, often with swelling and redness of the joints.*—Shocks in the tendons.—**Attacks of pain with shivering, impeded respiration, pale face and trembling of the legs.*—*The more violent the pains the stronger the shiverings.—**Pain as from a bruise or sub-cutaneous ulceration when touching the parts affected.*—**Semi-lateral pains and sufferings.*—*Aggravation and renewal of sufferings in a sitting posture after long-continued exercise; or on rising after having remained seated a long time, as well as during repose, and principally when lying on the side or back.*—The sufferings which have appeared when lying on the back, are mitigated by lying on the side or by rising up, and vice versa.—Movement, walking, pressure, external heat and the open air, equally *ameliorate* many sufferings, while some others are *aggravated* under the same circumstances.—The sufferings are generally greatest in the evening, or at night before midnight, sometimes also in the morning and after a meal.—The sufferings are aggravated every second day in the evening.—Agitation and uneasiness in the whole body, with inability to sleep or to enjoy repose, and constant inclination to stretch the limbs.—Frequent and troublesome pulsations over the whole body, more violent when moving.—**Great disposition of the limbs to go to sleep.*—Frequent trembling of the limbs with anxiety.—Sluggishness and heaviness of the limbs with *paralytic weakness*, painful sensibility of the joints and tottering gait.—Fatigue in the morning, which is increased in a recumbent position.—°Fainting-fits with deadly paleness of the face.—Epileptic convulsions with violent movements of the limbs, followed by weakness, eructations and desire to vomit (after the suppression of the catamenia).—Great sensibility and repugnance to the open air.—Great desire to remain lying or sitting.—*Pain as if from a bruise in the bones of the extremities.—*Emaciation.*

SKIN.—*Itching, mostly burning or pricking* (as if caused by the stings of ants), principally in the evening and at night in the heat of the bed, aggravated by scratching.—**Red spots like measles or nettle-rash.*—Frequent redness, even when the parts are cold.—Eruptions similar to *varicella coniformis*, with violent itching when in bed.—**Chilblains with bluish-red swellings, heat and burning, or pulsative pains.*—°*Phlegmonous erysipelas with hardness, burning heat and shooting pain when touching or moving the parts affected.*—*Furunculi.*—Shining redness, hardness and itching round the ulcers, with easy bleeding and shooting,

burning and gnawing *pains*.—*Inflamed or putrid ulcers*.—*Varices*.

SLEEP.—**Continued sleepiness and comatose sleep, with agitation and uneasy phantasies, day or night.—Great desire to sleep during the day, principally in the evening or afternoon.—Irregular sleep, too early in the evening, or too late in the morning, and sometimes with nocturnal sleeplessness.—*Retarded sleep, sometimes not until two hours after midnight, and often with early waking.—*A great flow of ideas hinders sleep in the evening and at night.—*Agitated sleep, with frequent waking, -and state of stupefaction on waking.—Inability to sleep except when seated, with the head inclined forwards, or to one side.—*During sleep, talking, delirium, convulsive movements of the mouth, eyes and limbs, -tears, cries and moanings, night-mare, *starts with fright, -shocks in the body and jerking in the limbs.—*At night, great agitation and tossing, -inquietude and anguish of heart, ebullition of blood, dry heat, itching, wanderings and fixed ideas.—When sleeping, one lies on the back, with the knees raised and the arms placed over the head, or crossed over the abdomen.—*Frequent, frightful, anxious, confused, vivid, disgusting, voluptuous dreams, of quarrels and of the business of the day, °of spectres and of the dead.—*Frequent yawning.*

**Coldness, shiverings and shudderings, principally in the evening or afternoon, and sometimes with pale face, vertigo and dizziness, pain and heaviness in the head, -anxiety and oppression of the chest, °vomiting of mucus, -desire to lie down and flushes of heat.—Partial coldness and shivering, principally in the back, arms, legs, hands and feet, often with hot head or red face and cheeks.—Semi-lateral coldness, with torpor of the side affected.—*Dry heat, principally at night, in the evening in bed, or in the morning, and often with attacks of anguish, head-ache, red and bloated face, or perspiration on the face, shivering when uncovered, burning in the hands with swelling of the veins, lamentations, sighs and moans, profound or agitated sleep, and anxious and hasty respiration, fainting-fits, with cloudiness of the eyes, inclination to vomit and loose evacuations.—*Partial heat, principally in the face, with redness of the cheeks, hands, feet, &c., and often on one side only, with coldness or shivering in the same parts of the other side.—*Febrile paroxysms composed of heat, which is preceded by shiverings, with *adipsia*, and mixed with or followed by perspiration ; quotidian, tertian or quartan fever ; aggravation in the evening or afternoon ; remission in the morning ; in the *apyrexia*, head-*

ache, painful oppression of the chest, moist cough, bitterness in the mouth, constipation or diarrhœa.—Febrile symptoms with loss of consciousness, delirium, tears and despair, or with gastrico-mucous or bilious symptoms, or with comatose sleep.—Repugnance to external heat.—*Pulse quick and small, -or full and slow, -or feeble and almost suppressed.—*Perspiration, principally at night, or towards the morning; profuse and fetid sweat; -semi-lateral or partial sweat (on the head and face), and sweat with cramps in the arms and hands, fatigue, comatose sleep, numerous dreams and °redness of the face.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy, with sadness, tears, great uneasiness respecting one's affairs, or respecting one's health, fear of death, cares and vexatious humour.—Involuntary laughter and weeping.—*Great anguish and inquietude, mostly in the precordial region, and sometimes with inclination to commit suicide, -palpitation of the heart, heat and want to loosen one's habiliments, trembling of the hands and desire to vomit.—*Attacks of anxiety, with fear of dying or of being struck with apoplexy, with buzzing in the ears, shiverings and convulsive movements of the fingers.—Apprehension, °anthropophobia, *fear of ghosts at night or in the evening, with desire to hide oneself or to run away, mistrust and suspicion.—*Taciturn madness, -with sullen, cold, and wandering air, sighs and constantly sitting with the hands joined, and not complaining of any thing.—°Despair of eternal happiness, with continual prayers.—Discouragement, indecision, dread of occupation, and obstructed respiration.—An envious, discontented, and covetous character, so as to wish to grasp every thing for oneself.—Capricious humour, with desire at one time for this thing, at another time for that, and rejection of them as soon as they are obtained.—*Hypochondriacal humour and moroseness, principally in the evening, often with repugnance to conversation, with great susceptibility of character, disposition to be angry, cries and weeping.—*Ill-humour, sometimes with a dread of exertion, and disgust or contempt for every thing.—Inadvertence, precipitation and absence.—Difficulty in expressing oneself correctly when speaking, and omission of several letters when writing.—°State of stupefaction; unconsciousness as to where one is or what one has done.—Great flow of very changeable ideas.—*Nocturnal raving; °violent delirium and loss of consciousness.—Frightful visions.—Weakness of memory.—Fixed ideas.—°Stupidity.

HEAD.—Fatigue of the head from intellectual labour.—

Sensation of emptiness and confusion in the head*, as if after long watching or after a debauch, and sometimes with great indifference.—Vertigo, as during intoxication*, or vertigo to such an extent as *to fall*, and staggering, principally *in the evening* or morning when rising up, when getting up after lying down, *when sitting, when stooping*, when walking in the open air, or after a meal, as well as on raising the eyes, and often with *great heaviness*, and heat in the head, paleness of the face, desire to vomit, sleep, cloudiness of the eyes, and °buzzing in the ears.—°Meditation and conversation increase the vertigo.—°Attacks of dizziness and loss of consciousness, with bluish redness and bloatedness of the face, loss of the power of movement, violent palpitation of the heart, almost extinct pulse, and rattling respiration.—*Pain as if from a bruise in the brain*, as in typhus fever, or similar to that caused by intoxication from brandy.—*Head-ache, as if from indigestion* caused by eating fat things.—**Pain in the head, as if the forehead would split*, or as if the brain were tight, compressed or contracted.—**Shootings, or sharp drawing and jerking pains*, or crawling pulsation, and boring in the head.—*Roaring, buzzing, -and crackling in the head, -or painful sensation, as if a current of air were crossing the brain.—*The head-ache is often only *semi-lateral*, extending as far as the ear and teeth, attacking the forehead above the eyes and extending into the sockets, or it is experienced in the occiput, with painful contraction in the nape of the neck.—*Appearance or aggravation of the head-aches, *in the evening after lying down*, or at night, or in bed in the morning, as well as when stooping, -when moving the eyes or the head, when walking in the open air, *and during intellectual labour; -compression sometimes mitigates them.—°Head-ache, with nausea and vomiting, *or with congestion and heat in the head, -or else with shuddering and syncope, *vertigo, cloudiness of the eyes and buzzing in the ears, -photophobia and weeping.—Pain in the hairy scalp on turning up the hair.—Tickling and itching in the head.—Purulent pustules and small tumours, with pain in the hairy scalp as if from ulceration.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes as if they were scratched with a knife.—Burning sensation, **pressive pain* as if caused by sand, -or *sharp or shooting pain in the eyes*, or else boring and cutting pain.—Burning itching in the eyes, principally in the evening.—**Inflammation in the eyes and margins of the eye-lids*, with redness of the sclerotica and conjunctiva and copious secretion of mucus.—Swelling and redness of

the eye-lids.—°Trichiasis in the eye-lids.—°Crystalline lens clouded, and of a grayish colour.—*Hordeolum, -with inflammation of the sclerotica and tensive drawing pains, when moving the muscles of the face.—**Dryness of the eyes and eye-lids*, especially during sleep.—**Profuse lachrymation*, principally when in the wind, as well as in the open air, in the cold and in the clear, bright day-light.—°Acrid and corrosive tears.—Abscess near the angle of the eye, like a lachrymal fistula.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids —*Pupils contracted* or dilated.—Fixed and stupid look.—*Cloudiness of the eyes and loss of sight*, sometimes with paleness of the face and desire to vomit (all objects present a sickly hue.)—Loss of sight in the twilight, with sensation as if the eyes were covered with a band.—**Sight confused*, as if through a mist, or *as if caused by something that might be removed by rubbing*, principally when in the open air, in the evening, morning, or on walking.—Diplopia.—**Luminous circles before the eyes*, and diffusion of the light of the candle.—Great sensibility of the eyes to light which causes shootings.

EARS.—Pain in the ears, as if something were about to protrude from them.—**Shootings*, with itching, or *sharp, jerking pains and contraction in and round the ears*; the pains sometimes come on by fits, attack the whole head, appear insupportable and almost cause the loss of reason.—**Inflammatory swelling, heat, and erysipelatous redness of the ear and auditory duct*, as well as of the surrounding external parts.—Painful swelling of the bones behind the ears.—The cerumen is hard and black.—**Discharge of pus, blood, or of a thick, yellowish humour from the ear*.—Sound, like the warbling of birds, pulsative murmurs, *tingling, *roaring and humming in the ears*.—**Hardness of hearing*, as if caused by obstruction of the ears.—Burning, gnawing scabs on the tragus (with swelling of the glands of the neck).—Shootings in the parotids.

NOSE.—Pressure and pain, as if from an abscess in the root of the nose.—**Ulceration of the nostrils* and of the wings of the nose —**Discharge of fetid and greenish or yellowish pus from the nose*.—Blowing of blood from the nose and **nasal hæmorrhage*, sometimes with obstruction of the nose.—**Obstruction of the nose and dry coryza*, principally *in the evening and in the heat of a room*.—Coryza, with loss of taste and smell, or **with discharge of thick and fetid mucus*.—**Tickling in the nose*, -and frequent sneezing, principally in the morning and evening.—Continued shivering during the coryza.—Continual smell before the

nose, as if from a coryza of long standing, or from a mixture of coffee and tobacco.—Swelling of the nose.

FACE.—**Face pale*, and sometimes with an expression of suffering.—**Paleness of the face*, alternately with heat and redness of the cheeks.—Sweat in the face and hairy scalp; *shuddering*, or *semi-lateral sweat* on the face.—°*Face puffed and of a bluish red colour*.—Convulsive movements and muscular twitchings in the face.—Tension and sensation of swelling in the face, or painful sensibility of the skin, as if it were excoriated.—Erysipelas of the face, with shooting pain and desquamation of the skin.—Red nodosities in the region of the cheek-bones.—Swelling, tension and cracks in the lips, with desquamation of the skin.—Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands and those of the neck.

TEETH.—**Sharp, shooting pains in the teeth*, or *drawing jerking pains*, as if the nerve were tightened, then suddenly relaxed, or pulsative, digging, and gnawing pains, often with *pricking in the gums*.—**Tooth-ache*, which affects the sound as well as the carious teeth, *often only semi-lateral*, and frequently extending *to the face, head, ear, and eye* of the side affected, being *sometimes accompanied by paleness in the face, shivering, and dyspnæa*.—**Aggravation or appearance of tooth-ache*, principally *in the evening or afternoon*, or at night, as well as *in the heat of the bed*, or of a room; renewed by eating, as also by partaking of any thing hot and by irritation with the tooth-pick; *mitigated by cold water or fresh air*.—The tooth-ache is sometimes also aggravated by cold water, as well as by fresh air or by wind; but these cases are more rare.—Sensation of burning or swelling, pain as if from excoriation and pulsation in the gums.—Loosening of the teeth.

MOUTH.—**Dryness of the mouth*, -in the morning.—Offensive smell and even *putrid fetor of the mouth*, principally *in the morning*, or at night and in bed in the evening.—**Flow of sweetish and watery saliva from the mouth*, sometimes with desire to vomit.—Sensation, as if the tongue were too large.—Insensibility of the tongue, as if it had been burnt.—**Tongue loaded with a thick coating*, of a grayish, whitish, or yellowish colour.—Accumulation of tenacious mucus in the mouth and on the tongue; these parts are, as it were, coated with a white skin.—Cracks and painful vesicles on the tongue.—Sensation as if the palate were swollen or covered with tenacious mucus.

THROAT.—**Pain, as if from excoriation in the throat*, as if it were all raw, with scraping, burning sensation and

smarting.—*Redness of the throat, tonsils and uvula, with a sensation as if these parts were swollen, principally when swallowing.—Difficult deglutition, as if from paralysis or from contraction of the throat.—*Shootings in the throat, with pressure and tension during empty deglutition.—°Inflammation of the throat with varicose swelling of the veins.—*Dryness in the throat, or accumulation of tenacious mucus, which covers the parts affected.—*The sore throat generally aggravated in the evening or afternoon.

APPETITE.—*Insipid, slimy, putrid taste in the mouth, empyreumatical, earthy, or pus-like taste.—*Sweetish, acid or bitter taste of the mouth, and of food, principally meat, bread, butter, beer and milk, substances which often also appear insipid or cause disgust.—Bitter or sour taste in the mouth, immediately after having eaten, as well as in the morning and evening.—Wine has a bitter and meat a putrid taste.—Food appears either too salt or insipid.—*Want of appetite and dislike to food.—Hunger and desire to eat, without knowing what.—Ravenous hunger, with gnawing pain in the stomach.—Complete adipsia, or excessive thirst, with moisture on the tongue, and desire for beer, or spirituous, tart and acid drinks.—*Sensation of derangement in the stomach, similar to that caused by fat pork or rich pastry.—Dislike and repugnance to tobacco smoke.—*After eating, nausea, and eructations, regurgitation and vomiting, inflation, and pressure in the pit of the stomach, colic and flatulence, head-ache, obstructed respiration, ill-humour and melancholy, or involuntary laughter and weeping, and many other sufferings.—°Bread especially lies heavy on the stomach.

STOMACH.—*Frequent eructations, sometimes abortive, or with taste of food, or acid or bitter, and principally after a meal.—Regurgitation of food.—Flow of water like pituita, from the stomach.—*Frequent hiccough, principally when smoking tobacco, after drinking, or at night, and sometimes with fit of suffocation.—*Nausea and desire to vomit, which are insupportable, sometimes extending to the throat, and into the mouth, with unpleasant sensation as if a worm were ascending in the œsophagus.—Attacks of constriction and choking in the œsophagus.—*Vomitings, which are sometimes violent, of greenish, slimy, or bilious and bitter, or acid matter.—*Vomiting of food.—Vomiting of blood.—*The nausea and vomitings take place, principally in the evening or at night, and after eating or drinking, as well as during a meal, and they are attended often with shivering, paleness of face, colic, pains in the ears or back, burning

sensation in the throat and borborygmus.—**Painful sensibility of the region of the stomach to the least pressure.*—

**Pressive, spasmodic, contractive, and compressive pains in the stomach and precordial region, principally after a meal, or in the evening, or morning, and often with vomiting or nausea, and obstructed respiration.*—Crawling, or pulsations in the pit of the stomach, or shootings on making a false step.—Pain in the epigastrium, which is greatly aggravated when sitting; (during pregnancy.)

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Drawing tension in the hypochondria, or pulsative shootings, as in an abscess.—Hard distention of the abdomen, principally in the epigastrium, with tension and sensation of fulness.—**Spasmodic and compressive pains, sometimes at the bottom of the hypogastrium, with pressure on the rectum, or cuttings, principally round the navel, or sharp and shooting pains in the abdomen.*—*The colics are often accompanied by vomiting or diarrhœa; they manifest themselves mostly in the evening, or after eating or drinking, and sometimes squeezing the abdomen or repose mitigates them, while movement aggravates them.—Circular swelling round the navel, painful when walking.—Retraction and soreness of the abdomen, with great sensibility of the integuments of the abdomen, which appear swollen, with pain as if from a bruise when touching them, or when yawning, singing, coughing, and from every movement of the abdominal muscles.—*Flatulent colic*, principally in the evening, after a meal, or after midnight, or in the morning, with pressive pains, produced by incarcerated flatus; *tumult, borborygmus* and *grumbling* in the abdomen, and escape of fetid flatus.—Purulent pustules in the inguina.

FÆCES.—*Constipation and difficult evacuations, sometimes with painful pressure on the rectum and pains in the back.—*Frequent desire to evacuate, also at night.*—Involuntary and unnoticed evacuations, during sleep.—**Loose evacuations also at night, and sometimes with colic and cuttings, shiverings and shudderings and pains in the anus.*—**Frequent evacuations, of whitish, yellowish, sanguineous mucus, or of greenish, minced, bilious, or watery, and sometimes also of corrosive matter.*—Before and after the evacuations, burning, smarting, and pains as from excoriation in the rectum.—*Discharge of blood from the anus, also when not at stool.*—**Blind and bleeding hæmorrhoides, with itching, smarting and pain, as if from excoriation.*—Protrusion of hæmorrhoides.

URINE.—°Retention of urine, with redness and heat in

the vesical region, anxiety and troublesome pains in the abdomen.—**Tenesmus of the vesica*, and frequent desire to urinate, with painful pressure on the vesica, and drawing pain in the abdomen.—*Involuntary emission of some drops of urine*, when coughing, walking, sitting, and expelling flatus.—**Wetting the bed*.—**Profuse emission of watery urine*, with weakness in the loins and diarrhœa, or scanty red or brown urine, sometimes with a violet-coloured froth.—Urine with red, brick-dust coloured, violet, slimy, ungelatinous sediment.—**Sanguineous urine*, "with purulent deposit and pains in the loins.—**Discharge from the urethra*, as in gonorrhœa.—Contraction of the urethra, with a very small stream of water.—Burning during and after the emission of urine.—Pulling and pressure in the urethra, neck of the vesica, and vesica.—Pressure and constriction in the vesica, with soreness in the vesical region.—Swelling in the region of the neck of the vesica, with soreness when touched, intermittent stream of urine, and spasmodic pain in the pelvis and thighs, after urinating.

GENITAL ORGANS.—**Itching and tickling in the prepuce and scrotum*, principally morning and evening.—**Inflammatory swelling of the testes and of the spermatic cord* (sometimes only on one side) with pressive and drawing pains extending into the abdomen, "and the loins, with redness and heat of the scrotum, with nausea and desire to vomit.—**Dropsical swelling of the scrotum*, of a whitish blue colour.—**Excessive increase of sexual desire almost like priapismus*, with frequent and continued erections, great desire for coition and frequent pollutions.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—**Spasmodic pains or drawing tension in the uterus*, and pains like those of labour.—*Metrorrhagia*.—**Black menstrual blood*, with clots of mucus, or discharge of pale and serous blood.—*Catamenia irregular*, too tardy, or too soon, of too short or too long duration, or entirely suppressed, with colic, hysterical spasms in the abdomen, hepatic pains, gastralgia, pain in the loins, nausea and vomitings, shiverings and paleness of face, megrim, vertigo, moral affections, tenesmus of the anus and vesica, stitches in the side, and many other sufferings before, during or after the period.—**Leucorrhœa*, thick like cream, or corrosive and burning, principally at the period of the catamenia (before, during, or after) and sometimes with cuttings.—Swelling of the mammæ, with tension and pressure as if they were filled with milk.

LARYNX.—**Catarrh*, with hoarseness, roughness, dryness, scraping and pain, as if from excoriation in the

larynx and chest.—**Attacks of constriction in the larynx, principally at night, when lying in a horizontal posture.*—

Shaking cough, principally in the evening, at night, or in the morning, excited by a sensation of dryness, or with scraping and tickling in the throat, aggravated when lying down, and often accompanied with a desire to vomit, with vomituration and vomiting, or by a choking, as if caused by the vapour of sulphur, with bleeding of the nose and rattling respiration.*—Cough with shootings in the chest or sides, and palpitation of the heart.*—**Moist cough, with expectoration of white, tenacious mucus, or of thick, yellowish matter of a bitter taste.*—**Expectoration of black and clotted blood with the cough.*—Shootings in the right shoulder, or in the back, when coughing.

CHEST.—°*Respiration accelerated, short and superficial (during the fever) or rattling and anxious.*—**Respiration impeded, breath short, choking as if from the vapour of sulphur, and attacks of dyspnœa and of suffocation, with anxiety, spasmodic constriction of the chest or larynx, violent hiccough, cough, head-ache and vertigo; principally in the evening after a meal, or at night when lying horizontally.*—Movement, quick walking, and the open and cold air aggravate the asthmatic sufferings.—**Cramp-like and constrictive tension in the chest, principally when breathing, and sometimes with internal heat and ebullition of blood.*—Pain, as if from ulceration, or sharp or cutting pain in the chest.—**Shootings in the chest and sides, principally at night and when lying down, and sometimes with difficulty in taking a deep inspiration, inability to remain lying on the diseased side, short cough and paroxysm of suffocation.*—Congestion of blood to the chest and heart, especially at night.—**Frequent and violent attacks of palpitation cordis, principally after dinner or after moral emotions, or provoked by conversation and often attended with anguish, clouded sight and impeded respiration, especially when lying on the left side.*—Anxiety, heaviness, pressure and burning sensation in the heart.

TRUNK.—**Pains in the loins and back, as if after having stooped a long time, or as if caused by a tight band, with rigidity.*—**Pains in the loins like those of labour.*—**Shootings in the back, loins, and between the shoulder-blades.*—°*Deviation of the spine.*—**Rheumatic, tensive and drawing pain in the nape and neck, sometimes only on one side, and often with swelling of the parts and pains as from sub-cutaneous ulceration, when touched.*—Cracking in the cervical vertebræ and shoulder-blades when moving these parts.—

Itching pimples on the neck.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.

ARMS.—**Sharp, jerking and drawing pains in the shoulder joint, as well as in the arms, hands and fingers.*—Paralytic pains in the scapulary joint, when lifting and moving the arms.—**Burning sensation in the arm, in the evening or at night, with sensation of dryness in the fingers.*—*Pressive heaviness in the arms, with sensation of torpor, principally in the hands.*—Sensation of **swelling and wrenching pain in the joints of the elbows, hands and fingers, with tension and rigidity.*—Easy numbness of the fingers, principally in the morning and at night.—Vesicles between the fingers, with pricking pain.—Pain, as if caused by panaritium in the index finger.

LEGS.—*Pain as if from a bruise, or from ulceration in the psoas.*—Wrenching pain in the hip-joint with painful jerks, as in a wound, extending as far as the knee, principally during repose.—**Pulling and tension in the thighs and legs, principally in the calves of the legs, as if the tendons were too short.*—Pain as from a bruise with sensation of paralytic weakness in the bones and muscles of the thighs and legs.—*Pain as from sub-cutaneous ulceration in the legs and soles of the feet.*—Cracking in the knees.—**Swelling of the knees, sometimes principally above the rotula and often with heat, inflammation, and sharp drawing and shooting pains.*—Weakness and giving way of the knees with tottering gait.—*Pulling and great fatigue in the legs, and principally in the knees with trembling.*—Swelling of the veins and **varices on the legs.*—Numbness in the legs when remaining long standing.—*Pain in the tibia as if from a bruise.*—Tension and drawing in the calves of the legs.—**Hot swelling of the legs, or only of the back or of the soles of the feet, sometimes with shooting pains when touched and during movement.*—Painful sensation of torpor in the soles of the feet and in the balls of the toes.—**Œdematous swelling of the feet, principally in the evening.*—Piercing shootings and cutting pains in the heels.—Shootings in the soles of the feet and extremities of the toes.

NOTA.—Pulsatilla, taken a few hours before sailing, is recommended as a preventive to sea sickness, in cases when the bowels have a tendency to become relaxed during the sickness.

147.—RANUNCULUS BULBOSUS.

RAN.—Bulbous-rooted crow-foot —ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect* : Several weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES : Bry. camph. puls. rhus. — *Alcoholic drinks aggravate its effects : and so also do staph. and sulph. and vinegar.*

COMPARE WITH: *Bry. carb-v. n-vom. puls. ranc-sc. rhus. sassap. sabad. sep. staph.*

[CLINICAL REMARKS.—This remedy deserves attention in rheumatic pleurisy; in rheumatism of the intercostal muscles; in inflammation and abscess of the psoas muscles; in the most violent forms of nettle-rash and *pemphigus*; in malignant and rapidly spreading ulcers, &c. ED.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Pains, as if beaten; shootings, or tearing, rheumatic and arthritic pains in the limbs and muscles.—Jerking of the muscles.—Shocks in the whole body.—Attacks of epilepsy.—(Indurations.—Icteric affections.)—Pains excited by touch, movement, stretching, or change of position, especially in the trunk and extremities.—Many symptoms appear also on a change of temperature, for instance during a transition from coldness to heat and vice versa, as also in the morning and evening and after a meal.—Lassitude and pain as if from having been beaten in all the limbs.—Trembling in the limbs after the slightest fit of passion.—Sudden weakness, as if one were about to faint.*

SKIN.—Frequent and violent itching in different parts of the skin.—Lancinations in the skin, which change to itching.—*Vesicular eruptions, like blisters after a burn.—Deep-blue vesicles, small, deep, transparent, thickly grouped, with burning itching, and hard and tettery scabs.—Flat, eating ulcers, with sharp margins and burning and lancinating itching.—Callous and other excrescences.—Tetters over the whole body.*

SLEEP.—Inclination to sleep during the day.—*Retarded sleep and nocturnal sleeplessness, frequently from oppression of the chest, heat and ebullition of blood, but mostly without any assignable cause.—Waking frequently in the night, and remaining long awake.—Waking early in the morning.—Inability to remain lying on the side.—Anxious dreams of danger (on the water) or vivid and lascivious dreams.*

FEVER.—Attacks of fever *after a meal or in the evening*, consisting principally in *chilliness*, with pains in the abdomen and other inconveniences.—Heat in the head, with coldness of the hands.—Shiverings in the evening, with heat in the face.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Pusillanimity and inquietude, especially in the evening.—Fear of ghosts in the evening.—*Hasty irritability and quarrelsome humour, especially in the morning.—Oppression, with copious tears.—Loss of ideas.—Difficulty in meditating.—Obtuse intellect.*

HEAD.—Weakness, giddiness and confusion of the head.—*Vertigo, to such an extent as to cause one to fall when passing from a room into the open air.—Head-ache, with*

anxiety and weakness during a meal.—Semi-lateral headache, above the eye, with dejection and desire to weep.—Compression and expansive pressure in the sinciput and vertex.—*Sensation, as if the whole head were distended.*—Tearing and pressure in the temples.—Blows in the occiput.—*Sanguineous congestion to the head.*—The majority of the head-aches appear *when passing from a hot to a cold place, and vice versa.*—Painful crawling or burning shootings in the hairy scalp.

EYES AND EARS.—Itching in the eyes.—*Pressure in the eye-balls.*—Smarting and burning pain in the canthi, as if caused by excoriation.—Inflammation of the eyes and lachrymation.—*Shootings in the ears, especially in the evening.*—Cramp-like sensation (in and) on the ears.

NOSE.—Troublesome and painful crawling in the nose.—*Nose, red, swollen, and inflamed, with tensive pain and many scabs in the interior.*—Obstruction of the nose, especially in a room, with pain, as if from excoriation.—Copious discharge of viscous mucus from the nose.

FACE AND TEETH.—Heat in the face, with bright redness of the cheeks.—Crawling in the face, principally in the chin and nose.—Spasmodic and whirling neuralgic pains in the face and jaws.—Cramps in the lips.—Tooth-ache on waking in the morning.—Cutting pains in the molares, as if they were dissevered.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Accumulation of much water in the mouth.—Salivation.—*White saliva with metallic taste.*—*Accumulation of much mucus in the throat.*—Spasmodic sensation of something which mounts in the œsophagus and into the throat.—*Inflammatory burning pains in the throat and palate.*

APPETITE AND STOMACH.—Insipid, sweetish or sour bitter taste.—Bitter, empyreumatic taste, while eating or after having eaten dry food.—Thirst, augmented in the afternoon.—Frequent eructations.—*Spasmodic hiccough.*—Frequent nausea in the afternoon or evening, sometimes with head-ache.—Pains in the stomach.—*Pressure in the scorbiculus.*—Pain, as if from excoriation and burning sensation in the pit of the stomach, as also in the orifice of the stomach, especially when touched.—(Inflammation of the stomach.)

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pain in the hypochondria as if they had been beaten, sometimes when touched.*—Pain, as if from excoriation in the left hypochondrium, principally when moving the trunk.—*Lancinations in the hepatic region.*—Pulsations in the left hypochondrium.—Dull pains in the

abdomen, with tenderness of the intestines during a walk.—*Pinching pains in the abdomen*, with rotary movements, and a sensation from external pressure, as if every thing in the abdomen were bruised and ulcerated.—*Burning pain in the abdomen*, as from excoriation, or as in a slow inflammation.—Frequent expulsion of very fetid flatus.

FÆCES—GENITAL ORGANS.—Slow and hard evacuations.—*Frequent and profuse evacuations*.—Dysuria.—Ulcers in the vesica.—Acrid and gnawing *leucorrhœa*.

CHEST.—*Short and obstructed respiration with oppression in the chest*, as if after grief or vexation, with want to take a deep inspiration and to weep much.—Pressure on the chest.—*Rheumatic pain in the chest*, or pain resembling that of subcutaneous ulceration.—Burning pressure on the chest.—*Lancinations in the chest and its right side*, frequently deep seated and extending to the liver.—Painful sensibility of the exterior of the lower parts of the chest and of the epigastrium.—*Painful sensibility of all the external parts of the chest*, the intercostal muscles, pleura, &c., which manifests itself or is aggravated, especially by movement, touch, and stretching the body.—Pain in the chest, as if from adherence of the pleura.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Rheumatic pains in the whole trunk and between the shoulder-blades, as if from having been beaten.—Spasmodic, tearing, shooting, and jerking pains in the arm.—Coldness of the hands.—Itching in the hands and fingers.—*Tetters on the palm of the hands*.—Crawling in the fingers.—*Tetters, blisters and ulcers in the fingers*.—*Drawing pains along the thighs*.—Spasmodic piercing pains and itching in the middle of the thighs.—Cracking in the knee-joints.—Painful stiffness in the joints of the feet.—Cramps in the instep.—Pulsative lancinations in the heels.—Pains, as if from excoriation and lancinations in the toes.

148.—RANUNCULUS SCLERATUS.

RAN-SC.—Marsh crow-foot.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect* : from 6 to 7 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE : Camph.

COMPARE WITH : Puls. ran. sil. veratr.

[It deserves attention in chronic diseases of the lungs and liver ; in inflammations of the eyes, throat and stomach ; and in chronic erysipelas, &c Ed.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—(*Arthritic affections*)—*Piercing, gnawing, shooting, crawling pains*, which manifest themselves, or are aggravated towards evening.—Pressive and drawing pains.—Periodical affections.—Convulsive

jerks.—Syncope.—*Vesicular eruptions*, with serous, acrid yellowish secretion.—Obstinate ulcers.—*Sleeplessness*, with agitation and *tossing after midnight*, sometimes with anguish and heat.—*Imperfect sleep after midnight*, with *anxious, frightful dreams*.—Early waking with prolonged watching.—*Fever after midnight*, general heat and burning thirst, with full, soft, quick pulse; followed by general perspiration, especially on the forehead.—Shiverings during a meal.—Indolence and unfitness for exertion in the morning.—Sadness and melancholy in the evening.

HEAD.—Vertigo with loss of ideas.—Head-ache, as if the head were compressed in a vice.—*Gnawing*, drawing, spasmodic, dull *pressure*, often affecting only a very small spot on the vertex.—Compressive and expansive pressure in the temples.—Heaviness and *sensation of fulness in the head, which seems to be swollen and increased in size*.—Contraction of the integuments of the head.—Smarting and itching on the hairy scalp.

EYES AND EARS.—Pain in the eyes when moving the eye-balls quickly.—Frequent *pressure in the eye-balls*.—*Smarting in the canthi*, from time to time.—Eyes convulsed.—Lachrymation.—*Otalgia*, with pressure in the head and drawing in the teeth.—Drawing, shooting and boring in the external auditory duct.

FACE AND TEETH.—Smarting and crawling in the nose.—Pricking in the point of the nose.—Frequent sneezing.—Much serous mucus in the nose.—Face as if covered with cob-webs.—*Drawing in the face, with a sensation of coldness*.—Jerking in the face.—Sensation of quivering round the commissuræ of the lips, and in the lower lip.—Tooth-ache with shooting pains and bluntness of the teeth.—*Jerking and shooting drawings in the teeth*.—Red and painful swelling of the gums, which bleed easily.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth.—Frothy salivation.—White coated tongue.—Inflammation of the tongue with burning sensation and redness.—Desquamation and rhagades on the tongue.—Contraction, with choking in the throat, aggravated by eating bread.—*Burning sensation in the throat*.—Swelling of the amygdalæ, with *lancinations*.—Soreness and shootings in the gullet.

STOMACH.—Sweetish taste in the morning, with white and loaded tongue.—Anorexia.—*Eructations with taste of food* after a meal.—Frequent, empty eructations.—Sour, rancid eructations in the evening.—*Nausea*, especially after midnight or in the morning with desire to vomit.—Violent pains in the stomach, with uneasiness.—*Sensation of*

fulness, pressure and tension in the epigastrium, aggravated by external pressure, with aggravation in the morning.—Constrictive pains in the stomach.—Lancinations in the epigastrium.—Pain as from excoriation and burning sensation in the epigastrium.—(Inflammation of the stomach.)

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Dull pressure in the hepatic region, aggravated by taking a deep inspiration.—*Lancinations in the hepatic region.*—Shootings in the splenic region, aggravated by breathing deeply.—Shootings, shocks, and pressure in the lumbar region.—Pains in the abdomen with syncope.—Dull pressure, as if from a plug, or a sensation of twisting *behind the navel*, night or morning.—Spasmodic pains in the abdomen.—Pinchings and cuttings in the abdomen.—Jerks in the abdomen.

FÆCES—GENITAL ORGANS.—Retarded evacuations.—*Frequent and urgent desire to evacuate with soft fæces.*—Serous, fetid diarrhœa.—Pullings in the penis.—Lancinations in the glans.—Smarting in the scrotum.—Pollutions.

CHEST.—Short dry cough, seldom recurring and without exertion.—Obstructed and deep respiration.—Involuntary sighs.—*Pain in the chest as if it had been beaten*, with sensation of fatigue in the same part, especially in the evening.—Oppressive pressure on the chest.—*Pinching and shootings in the chest and region of the heart*, sometimes with suspended respiration, especially in the evening or at night.—Gnawing behind the sternum, which suspends respiration.—*Painful sensibility of the exterior of the chest, especially in the sternum.*

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pain in the loins, as if they had been beaten and were paralytic.—Pricking and crawling in the back and chest.—*Boring shootings in the forearms*, and extending as far as the fingers.—Boring in the bones of the hands.—Gnawing in the palms of the hands.—Gnawing, boring, shooting jerks in the bones of the fingers.—Swelling of the fingers.—*Gnawing and boring in all parts of the legs and feet, especially in the toes.*—Jerking shootings and crawling in the great toes.—Lancinations and burning pains in the corns on the feet.

149.—RATANHIA.

RAT.—Kramenia Triandria, Rhatany root.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

[It deserves particular attention in chronic and habitual metrorrhagia, and in profuse menstruation, &c. Ed.]

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing in the limbs.—Contraction of the flexors.—Shooting pains as if from excoriation.—Jerking in different parts.—*Hæmorrhagia.*—

Desire to sleep, especially after dinner.—Retarded sleep.—Frequent waking, and remaining awake for a long time.—Waking with a start, with trembling, inquietude and fear.—Predominance of coldness and of shiverings, especially in the evening.—Nocturnal perspiration.—Irritability, peevish and quarrelsome humour.

HEAD.—*Pains in the head, as if the cranium were about to burst*, especially when sitting with the body bent forwards.—Jerking, smarting, and shootings in the head.—*Congestion to the head*, with heat and heaviness.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes, as if they were compressed in a vice, and could not be moved.—Contractions and *burning sensation* in the eyes, especially in the evening.—Inflammation of the sclerotica.—Sensation, as if a cuticle were placed before the eyes.—Agglutination of the eyes at night, and lachrymation in the morning.—*Jerks and quivering of the eyes and eye-lids*.—White spot before the eye, which obstructs the sight.—Myopia.

EARS—NOSE.—Tearing in the ears.—Itching and shooting in the ear.—Nocturnal tingling and ringing in the ears.—Itching in the nose.—Nostrils inflamed and scabby, with burning sensation.—*Epistaxis*.—Dryness of the nose, with frequent sneezing.—Dry coryza, with complete stoppage of the nose.

FACE—TEETH.—Heat in the face.—Tearing pain in the face and jaw-bones.—Burning vesicles on the red part of the upper lip.—*Tooth-ache in the evening*, especially when lying down, or in the morning, generally with *tearing or jerking*, or at times with digging pains.—Pulsative pain in the teeth.—*Bleeding of the teeth*.—Painful sensation of coldness and elongation of the teeth.—Acid blood is drawn from the gums when sucking them.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth at night.—Tension and *burning sensation on the tongue*.—Accumulation of water in the mouth.—Sore-throat, generally during empty deglutition.—Spasmodic contraction in the throat, which stops the voice.

STOMACH.—Insipid taste in bed in the morning.—Thirst in the evening.—Anorexia with dislike to food and drink.—Empty eructations, or with taste of the food.—*Violent hiccough*, which causes pain in the stomach.—*Nausea and disgust*, especially at night, with vomituration and vomiting of food.—Vomiting of water.—*Pains, as from ulceration in the stomach*.—*Excessive distention of the stomach*.—Painful constriction of the stomach, which is sometimes removed by eructating.—Sensation in the stomach and above the

scorbiculus, as if the abdomen had been cut.—Heat and burning sensation in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Shootings and lancinations in the hypochondria.—Pullings and a sensation of coldness in the umbilical region.—Pinchings in the abdomen and sides of the abdomen, sometimes with burning sensation.—Movements in the sides of the abdomen, as if from something alive.—Shootings, pinchings and contraction in the inguina.

FÆCES.—*Hard* and interrupted *evacuations*, with urging and protrusion of hæmorrhoidal excrescences.—Ineffectual desire to evacuate, with troublesome pains in the loins.—*Soft, loose evacuations* preceded by cuttings and burning pains in the anus, before and after.—*Sanguineous diarrhœa*.—Pains in the head, as if it would burst, after the evacuation.

URINE—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Frequent and urgent desire to urinate with scanty emission*.—Frequent and profuse emission of urine, also at night.—Pale urine.—Scanty urine which soon deposits a cloud and becomes turbid.—Pressure in the inguina, as if every thing were borne towards the genital organs, followed by leucorrhœa.—*Catamenia too early, of too long duration and too copious*, with pains in the abdomen and loins.—*Metrorrhagia*.—Miscarriage.

CHEST.—Dry cough, with tickling in the larynx and pain of ulceration in the chest.—Pressure on the chest from the least exertion, with shortness of breath.—Painful constriction in both sides of the chest.—*Shootings in the chest*, especially when going up stairs, with obstructed respiration.—Congestion to the chest with heat and impeded respiration.

TRUNK AND EXREMITIES.—Pain in the loins and back, as if they had been beaten.—Drawing tension from the nape of the neck to the bottom of the spine.—Rigidity in the nape of the neck.—Tearing in the nape of the neck, with heaviness of the head.—Tearing in the shoulder, arms, fore-arms and wrists.—Spasmodic and painful contractions in the elbows and fingers.—Drawing and tearing in the thighs, knees, legs, feet and toes.—Tension and burnnig sensation in the thighs.—Jerking in the thighs, calves of the legs and feet.

150.—RHEUM. (PALMATUM.)

RHAB.—Rhubarb.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 2 to 3 days in acute diseases.

ANTIDOTES : Camph. cham. n-vom.

COMPARE WITH : *Ars. bry. carb-v. cham. n-vom. puls. rhus. samb. tart.*

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto employed only against :—*Diarrhœa* in children or

parturient women ; *Sourness, colic, sleeplessness and cries of children.*

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Soreness of the joints when moving.—Pulsative pains.—Twitching in the muscles, especially round the joints.—Numbness of the limbs upon which one has lain.—Lassitude and heaviness in the whole body.*

SLEEP.—Sleep and yawnings.—**Disturbed sleep at night with tossing, cries, moaning and snoring, or with convulsive quivering of the eye-lids, the muscles of the face and fingers, especially in children.—The hands are thrown over the head when going to sleep and during sleep.—Nocturnal raving and walking in sleep, although the eyes are closed.—Head-ache and dizziness, or fetid mucus of a putrid smell and taste in the mouth after sleep.—Anxious, sad, vivid dreams.*

FEVER.—Shuddering without external coldness.—Alternate shivering and heat, with anxiety and repugnance to every thing.—Heat in the hands and feet, with coolness of the face.—*Perspiration easily excited by the least exercise, especially on the forehead and hairy scalp.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Indifference.—Indolence and dislike to conversation.—Vexatious disposition with tears.—Impetuous desire for any particular object.—Dulness of the senses, as if caused by a half-sleep.—Deliria.

HEAD.—*Stupefying cloudiness of the head, as if after intoxication, with prominent eyes.—Vertigo, which causes one to fall sideways when standing.—Head-ache, like a dizziness, with anxiety.—Pressive head-ache, especially in the sinciput, temples and vertex.—Heaviness of the head, with heat and tearings.—Dull and cramp-like tension in the head.—Throbbing in the head, sometimes mounting from the abdomen.—Movement of the brain when stooping.*

EYES.—Eyes weak and downcast, with pressive pain, especially when looking steadily at any object.—Pressure and pullings in the eye-lids.—Smarting in the eyes, as if caused by dust.—*Painful throbbing in the eyes.—Convulsive twitching of the eye-lids.—Lachrymation, especially in the open air.—Pupils contracted.*

EARS AND NOSE.—Otalgia with itching in the ear.—Pressure and *throbbing in the ears.*—Dulness of hearing, as if from relaxation of the tympanum, with gurgling in the ears.—Stunning drawing in the root of the nose and extending as far as the lip, with crawling in that part.—Sensation of heat in the nose.

FACE AND TEETH.—Tension of the skin of the face.—

Frowning and contraction of the muscles of the forehead.—Cold perspiration on the face, especially about the mouth and nose.—Twitching at the commissuræ of the lips.—Digging pains in the carious teeth.—Painful sensation of coldness in the teeth.—Sensation of torpor and insensibility of the tongue.—Contraction of the gullet.

STOMACH.—Loss of taste.—*Insipid, clammy or sour taste.*—Food has a bitter taste.—*Desire for different things, which, however, disgust after the first mouthful.*—Dislike to fat and insipid food.—Repugnance to coffee (not sweetened with sugar).—Hunger without appetite.—*Nausea*, as if proceeding from the stomach, with colic.—*Fulness in the stomach*, with pressure, as if it were overloaded.—Contractions in the stomach.—*Shootings and throbbings in the pit of the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Distention of the abdomen* with tension.—Pressure in the umbilical region.—*Cuttings in the abdomen, which force one to bend oneself double*, frequently occurring a short time after a meal, aggravated by standing.—Incarceration of flatus, with pressure and tension in the chest.—Twitching and jerking in the abdominal muscles.

FÆCES.—*Urgent and frequent desire to evacuate without any result*, aggravated by movement and walking.—**Loose evacuations, generally of a sour smell, liquid, or of the consistence of pap, preceded and followed by tenesmus, with constrictive pinching in the abdomen and shuddering during the evacuation.*—Grayish or brown *diarrhœa mixed with mucus.*—*Profuse diarrhœa with vomiting and great weakness.*

URINE.—*Copious secretion of urine.*—Urine red or greenish-yellow.—Weakness of the vesica; the urine cannot be discharged without effort.—Burning sensation in the vesica.—Burning urine.

CHEST.—Dyspnœa when breathing deeply, as if from a weight on the chest.—Lancinations in the chest.—Twitching of the muscles of the chest.—Pains and lancinations in the breasts.—Milk bitter and yellow.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Stiffness in the loins and hips, which prevents holding oneself upright.—Lancinations in the arms.—Tearing in the arms, fore-arms and joints of the fingers.—Jerking in the arms and hands.—Muscular twitching in the joints of the elbows.—Veins swollen and the hands hot.—Perspiration, sometimes cold, on the palms of the hands.—Jerking in the fingers.—Great lassitude in the thighs.—Jerking in the muscles of the thighs.—Numbness of the legs while they are crossed.—

Muscular twitchings in the hams, legs and toes.—Stiffness of the ham, with pain during movement.—Shootings in the knees and legs.

151.—RHODODENDRON CHRYSANTHUM.

RHOD.—Golden-flowered rhododendron.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: from 4 to 6 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. clem. rhus.

COMPARE WITH: Calc. canth. carb-a. carb-r. clem. lyc. n-vom. rhus. sep. sil. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto employed only against *arthritic affections*, a kind of *hydrocele* and *induration of the testes*.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Rheumatic and arthritic drawing, and tearings, as if in the periosteum of the limbs, excited by rough weather and aggravated by repose.*—Wrenching pain and searching drawings in the joints, with redness and swelling.—*Arthritic nodosities.*—*Uneasiness, crawling, weakness and sensation of paralytic stiffness in some limbs.*—Great dejection and pain, as from fatigue, after the least exercise.—Dropsical swellings.—*Frequent remission and appearance of sufferings in the morning.*—**The sufferings are excited or aggravated by cold damp weather, or by the approach of a storm, and also during repose.*

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep during day, with burning sensation in the eyes.*—*Profound sleep before midnight, after having gone to sleep early in the evening.*—*Sleeplessness after midnight.*—*Sleep in the morning disturbed by uneasiness in the body and pain.*

FEVER.—Shivering alternating with heat.—*Augmented heat, especially in the hands.*—Fever in the evening with heat in the head, coldness of the feet, burning sensation in the eyes and nose, sensation as if beaten and adipsia, followed by nocturnal heat and sleeplessness.—Perspiration with crawling and itching in the skin.—Perspiration which has an aromatic odour.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Mournful, morose humour.—*Excessive indifference with dread of all exertion or occupation.*—*Excessive forgetfulness.*—*Sudden loss of ideas.*

HEAD.—*Head bewildered in the morning, after rising, with sleepiness.*—Intoxication.—Giddiness with anguish.—Turning giddiness in bed, as if the head were about to be turned backwards.—*Head-ache excited or aggravated by wine, or by cold damp weather.*—Tension in the forehead.—*Drawing pressure in the sinciput and temples, principally in the bones.*—Lancinations in the sinciput and sides of the head.—Tearing in the bones of the head.—Throbbing in the

head.—Painful sensibility of the exterior of the head, as if caused by sub-cutaneous ulceration.—Pain, as if caused by contusion or blows in the occiput.—Gnawing *itching on the hairy scalp*, especially in the evening.

EYES.—Pressive shootings in the margin of the sockets, with spasmodic contraction of the eye-lids.—Pressure in the eyes, commencing on one side of the face.—*Sensation of dryness and burning in the eyes* from time to time, especially in the brightness of day and when looking steadily at an object.—Agglutination of the eye-lids.—Quivering jerks in the eye-lids.—Contraction of one pupil while the other is dilated.—Confused sight when reading and writing.

EARS.—*Otalgia with jerking tearings*.—Tearing and boring in and near the ears.—Sensation, as if there were a worm in the ear.—Continued dull humming in the ears, increased by swallowing.

NOSE.—*Epistaxis*.—Diminished smell.—*Semi-lateral obstruction* at the root of the nose, especially in the morning.—Fluent coryza with obstruction of *one* nostril, and loss of smell and taste.—Increased secretion of nasal mucus in the open air.

FACE.—Horripilation running over the face.—Lips dry and burning.—Vesicles on the lips with pain, as if from excoriation when eating.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia with drawing tearing* in the molares, in cold damp weather, or during a storm, aggravated by a touch.—Nocturnal odontalgia with otalgia.—Itching in the gums.—Swelling and pain, as if from excoriation between the lower gums and the cheek.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Copious accumulation of saliva in the mouth with dryness of the gullet and smarting vesicles under the tongue.—Scraping in the throat, as if caused by mucus.—Constriction and *burning sensation in the throat*.

STOMACH.—Dulness of the taste.—The food has no flavour.—Augmented thirst.—*Speedy satiety* with good appetite, followed by uneasiness.—*Nausea* with desire to vomit, *pressure in the stomach* and water-brash, relieved by eructations.—*Pressure in the stomach* at night, or after drinking cold water.—Contractive *pressure in the scrobiculus*, with *obstructed respiration*.—Pressive shootings in the pit of the stomach and the hypochondria.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Spasmodic pains in the hypochondria.—Tension in the region of the spleen after stooping.—*Shootings in the spleen* when walking quickly.—*Distention of the abdomen*, especially in the upper part, with sensation of fulness, which hinders respiration in the morn-

ing and evening.—Painful incarceration of flatus in the hypochondria and loins.—Rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen, with eructations and expulsion of fetid flatus.

FÆCES.—*Urgent desire to evacuate with slow evacuation.*—*Difficult evacuation, even of soft fæces.*—*Fæces of the consistence of pap.*—*Slimy evacuations.*—*Diarrhœa after eating fruit, or in cold, damp weather.*—*Beating in the anus.*—*Drawing from the rectum to the genital organs.*

URINE.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with drawing in the region of the vesica and inguina.*—*Increased discharge of fetid urine.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Pain, as if caused by excoriation between the genital organs and the thighs.*—*Throbbings and shootings under the glans penis.*—*Drawing and pain, as if from a bruise in the testes, extending into the abdomen and thighs.*—*Testes swollen and drawn up.*—*Itching, sweat, and shrinking of the scrotum.*—*Transparent swelling of the scrotum, as if from hydrocele.*—*Induration of the testes.*—*Suppressed catamenia.*—*Too early and too profuse catamenia.*

LARYNX.—*Catarrh and hoarseness of the trachea.*—*Dry, shaking cough with oppression of the chest and roughness of the throat, especially in the night and morning.*—*Scraping cough, with scanty expectoration of mucus.*

CHEST.—*Pressure on the chest, with obstructed respiration.*—*Oppressive constriction of the chest.*—*Warm undulation in the chest and about the heart.*—*Sanguineous congestion to the chest.*—*External pain in the chest, as if it had been beaten.*

TRUNK.—*Pains in the back and loins, as if they had been dislocated or beaten.*—*Rheumatic drawing and tearing in the back and shoulders.*—*Rigidity of the nape of the neck.*—*Rheumatic tension and drawing in the muscles of the nape and neck.*

ARMS.—*Drawing pains in the arms in rough weather.*—*Sensation, as if the circulation of blood in the arms had stopped.*—*Weakness, with crawling and heaviness in the arms, extending as far as the tips of the fingers during repose.*—*Pulling and tearing in the fore-arms and hands, as if in the periosteum, aggravated during repose.*—*Wrenching pain in the joints of the hand.*—*Increased heat in the hands.*

LEGS.—*Wrenching pain in the joints of the hip and knee.*—*Sensation, as if the skin were cold and shrivelled in certain parts of the legs.*—*Perspiration on the legs.*—*Swelling of the legs and feet.*—*Drawing and tearing in the legs*

and feet, as if in the periosteum, especially during repose.—*Excessive coldness of the feet.*—Corns on the feet, with shooting pain.

152.—RHUS TOXICODENDRON.

RHUS.—Poison oak.—Sumach.—HAHNEMANN — *Duration of effect*: from 3 to 6 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Bry. camph. coff. sulph.—*It is used as an antidote against*: Bry. rhod. tart.

COMPARE WITH: Alum. am-c. ant. arn. ars. asa. bell. bry. calc. caus. cham. chin. clem. cocc. coff. con. cupr. dulc. graph. hyos. iod. ign. kal. lach. laur. led. lyc. magn. merc. mur-ac. natr. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos. phos-ac. plat. puls. rhod. rut. samb. sabad. sep. sil. sulph. veratr.—Rhus, when indicated, is particularly efficacious after: arn. bry. calc-ph. cham. lach. phos. phos-ac. and sulph.—Am-c. ars. bry. calc. con. phos. phos-ac. puls. and sulph. are sometimes suitable after rhus.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—*Affections, especially of the tendons, synovial ligaments and membranes; Want of plasticity in the blood, with tendency to a cessation of organic activity, amounting to paralysis; Rheumatic affections with swelling; Local inflammations, with cerebral affections; Rachitic and scrofulous affections; Obstruction and induration of glands; Convulsions and other sufferings caused by a cold bath; Paralysis; Oedematous and inflammatory swellings; Atrophy; Exostosis, caries and other affections of the bones?; Moist, or dry, or lychenoidal herpes; Pemphigus; Erysipelatous inflammations, especially “vesicular erysipelas;” Zona; Petechiæ; Ulcers; Warts; Scarlatina, and morbilli, and affections caused by these diseases; Precursors of small-pox; Bad effects from a strain, dislocation, concussion, and other mechanical injuries, especially when attended with sufferings in the joints and synovial membranes, or with sugillation and ecchymosis; Intermittent rheumatic, gastric, and typhus fevers; Hypochondria; Melancholy; Nervous, hysterical and other cephalalgia; Megrin; Scald-head; Scrofulous (and arthritic?) ophthalmia; Scrofulous photophobia; Amblyopia amaurotica; Parotitis, also when it is a sequela of scarlatina; Nasal hæmorrhage; Erysipelas of the face, especially vesicular erysipelas; Crusta lactea; Arthritic odontalgia?; Anginæ; Gastric affections; Dyspepsia, also with vomiting of food; Contraction of the throat and œsophagus; Inflammatory colic; Enteritis; Icterus; Diarrhœa and dysentery; Incontinence of urine; Puerperal fever; White swelling and unhealthy lochia in parturient women; Inconveniences resulting from weaning, or from a suppression of*

milk; *Grippe*; Pneumonia, with typhoid symptoms (after the use of *acon.* and *bryon.*); Hæmoptysis; Diseases of the heart; Rheumatic pains in the loins, or pains caused by a chill; Coxalgia and spontaneous dislocation; *Erysipelatous inflammation of the feet*; Oedematous swelling of the feet, also when caused by repercussion of herpes, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Rheumatic and arthritic drawings, tension and tearings in the limbs, increased to the highest degree during repose, as well as in bad weather, at night, and in the heat of the bed, often attended with sensation of torpor and numbness in the part affected, after moving it.—Cramp and tension in different parts, as if from contraction of the tendons.—Contraction of some limbs.—*Tensive shootings and stiffness in the joints, aggravated by rising from a seat, and in the open air.—*Paralytic rigidity of the limbs, especially when beginning to move the part, after repose.—*Easy numbness of the parts on which one has reposed.—*Torpor of some parts, with crawling and insensibility.—*Crawling in the parts affected.—*Tendency to suffer a pain in the limbs, as from luxation.—*Paralysis, sometimes semi-lateral.—*Red and shining swellings, with shooting pain, as if from excoriation when touched.—*Pain, as if beaten, or else a sensation as if the flesh were detached from the bones in some places.—Pressive drawings in the periosteum, as if the bones were scraped.—Sensation in the internal organs, as if something were torn away.—Swelling and induration of the glands.—Icterus.—Jerking in the muscles and limbs.—Convulsive movements and other sufferings, resulting from a cold bath.—Semi-lateral affections.—*Aggravation and appearance of pains and symptoms during repose, or at night, as also when entering a room after having been in the open air; mitigation obtained by movement and walking.—Reproduction or aggravation of many sufferings in the cold season.—General excitability of the nervous system, increased by the slightest indulgence in anger.—Drawings in all the limbs when lying down.—Trembling of the limbs, after the least fatigue.—Unsteady gait.—*Great lassitude and weakness, with desire to lie down.—Syncope.—*Inability to bear the open air, whether it is hot or cold; it makes a painful impression on the skin.*

SKIN.—Itching over the whole body, principally in the hairy parts.—*Erysipelatous inflammations.—Nettle-rash.—*Eruptions, generally vesicular and scabby, with burning itching, appearing especially in spring and autumn.—*Erup-*

tion of small pustules, on a red base, like zona.—°Gangrenous ulcers, resulting from small vesicles, with violent fever.—°Petechiæ with great weakness, amounting to entire prostration.—Black pustules.—°*Herpes*, sometimes alternating with asthmatic sufferings and dysenteric looseness.—°*Warts*, principally on the hands and fingers.—Rha-gades on the hands.—Panaritium.—*Crawling* or shootings, or else burning smarting in the ulcers, especially at night.—Chilblains.—Corns on the feet, with burning sensation and pain, as if caused by excoriation.

SLEEP.—*Frequent violent and spasmodic yawnings*.—Great desire to sleep during the day, and also in the morning in bed.—°Somnolency full of troublesome and interrupted dreams.—*Sleeplessness* especially before midnight, and generally caused by a sensation of heat, ebullition of blood, and uneasiness which does not permit one to remain lying down.—°*Disturbed sleep with anxious and frightful dreams*.—°Coma somnolentum, with snoring, murmurs and carpol-ogy—Sleep hindered by gloomy ideas.—Waking caused by bitterness and sensation of dryness in the mouth.—Sleep at night, prevented by a pressure in the stomach, *digging pinchings in the abdomen*, and nausea with desire to vomit.—Inability to remain lying on the side at night.—Starts with fright and jerking of the body, during sleep.—Incomplete and agitated sleep, with tossing, and abundant or troublesome thoughts.—*Vivid dreams of the business of the day*, with talking during sleep.—Weeping while asleep.—*Dreams of fire*.—Sleep with open mouth and short breathing.

FEVER.—*Shivering and coldness*, generally in the evening, and accompanied by paroxysms of pain and other accessory symptoms.—*Shivering and shaking in the open air*, with violent thirst.—Transient shiverings, continually, as if one were deluged with cold water.—Sensation of coldness, when one moves in the least.—Coldness and paleness of the face, alternating with heat and redness.—Shiverings and heat intermixed, either general and simultaneous (internal shivering with external heat, and *vice versa*), or in different parts.—°*Fever in the evening*, first shivering, then heat and thirst (and perspiration), accompanied or followed by cuttings in the bowels and diarrhœa.—°*Tertian* or quotidian fever.—°*Double tertian fever*, first shivering with thirst, then general heat, with shivering from the least movement, lastly perspiration.—°*During the shivering*, pain in the limbs, head-ache, vertigo, pulsative tooth-ache, accumulation of saliva in the mouth, and desire to vomit.—

During the nocturnal heat, drawing in all the limbs.—Transient heat with perspiration, commencing from the umbilical region, and rapidly alternating with shiverings.—*During or after the fever, jerks, tingling in the ears, deafness, dry coryza, sleeplessness, with restless tossing, jaundice and nettle-rash, pressure in the pit of the stomach, palpitation of the heart with anxiety, colic, diarrhœa and other gastric affections and nocturnal thirst.*—*"Malignant fever with loquacious delirium, violent pains in all the limbs, excessive weaknesss, dry or black tongue, dry, brownish or blackish lips, heat and redness of the cheeks, carpology, pulse quick and small, coma somnolentum, with snoring and moaning.*—Sweat during the pains.—Perspiration when seated, often with *violent trembling.*—*Nocturnal sweat, sometimes with miliary and itching eruption.*—*Sweat in the morning, sometimes of an acid smell.*—Continual perspiration.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Anxious sadness and excessive anguish, especially in the evening and at night, with desire for solitude and inclination to weep.*—*Agitation, which does not permit one to remain seated.*—**Anguish, with fear of death and sighing.*—*Fear of being poisoned.*—*Mania, inclining to suicide.*—*Irritability and ill-humour, with repugnance to all labour.*—*"Moral dejection, with anthropophobia.*—*°Uneasiness respecting one's children, affairs and the future, with want of self-confidence.*—*Weakness of memory and forgetfulness.*—*Want of ideas and of intellect.*—*Slow march of ideas and mental dulness.*—*Delusions of the imagination and visions.*—*°Deliria.*

HEAD.—*Head bewildered as if from intoxication.*—*Stupor.*—**Vertigo and staggering, as if one were about to fall ; especially when getting out of bed.*—*Vertigo, with fear of death, when lying down in the evening.*—*Head-ache immediately after a meal, or after drinking beer, and also when moving the arms.*—*°Attacks of head-ache, with desire to lie down ; every vexation and exercise in the open air renews the attacks.*—*°Periodical head-ache.*—**Pain in the head, as if the brain were bruised, especially in the morning and aggravated by moving and lifting up the eyes.*—*Heaviness and pressive fulness in the head, with sensation when stooping, as if the brain were about to burst.*—*Sensation of compression or expansion in the head.*—*Drawings and tearings in the head and especially in the temples, principally in the evening and at night.*—*"Lancinating head-ache, day and night, extending as far as the ears, the root of the nose and the zygomatic region, with*

teeth set on edge.—Beating and pulsations in the head, especially in the occiput.—Pains, especially in the occipital protuberances.—Sanguineous congestion to the head.—Burning sensation, especially in the forehead and occiput.—**Painful crawling in the head.*—Buzzing and noise in the head.—*Balancing and sensation of fluctuation in the head at every step, as if the brain were loose.*—Painful sensibility of the exterior of the head, as if from subcutaneous ulceration, especially when turning up the hair and on touching it.—Contraction of the hairy scalp, as if the hair were pulled.—Drawing and tearing in the hairy scalp.—*Swelling of the head.*—Gnawing, crawling in the hairy scalp.—*Dry herpes on the hairy scalp.*—*Periodical scald-head, re-appearing every year.*—*Scald-head, with thick scabs, which destroy the hair, with greenish pus and violent itching at night.*—Small, soft tubercles on the hairy scalp.

EYES.—*Pains in the eyes, when moving the ball of the eye.—Pressure and burning sensation in the eyes.—*Fixed, dull and downcast eyes.*—Smarting in the eyes and lids.—**Inflammation of the eyes and lids, with redness and nocturnal agglutination.*—Profuse lachrymation, with œdematous swelling round the eyes.—*Photophobia.*—Swelling of the eye-lids.—*Swelling of the whole eye and surrounding parts.*—Hordeolum in the eye-lids.—Paralytic rigidity of the eye-lids.—Jerking and quivering of the eyes and lids.—Veil before the eyes and weak sight; all objects appear pale.

EARS.—Otalgia.—Painful throbbing in the ear at night.—Swelling of the ears.—Discharge of sanguineous pus from the ears with deafness.—**Swelling and inflammation of the parotids with fever.*

Nose.—Redness of the point of the nose, with *pain as if from excoriation*, when touched.—Swelling of the nose.—*Dryness of the nose.*—*Discharge of greenish, fetid pus from the nose.*—**Epistaxis, also at night, and when stooping or hawking.*—Frequent, violent, and almost spasmodic sneezings.—Abundant discharge of mucus from the nose, without coryza.

FACE.—**Face pale, sickly, wan, with eyes surrounded by a blue circle, and nose pointed.*—**Face disfigured and convulsed.*—**Face red, with burning heat.*—**Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the face, with pressive and tensive shootings, and burning crawling.*—**Vesicular erysipelas, with yellow serum in the vesicles.*—*Humid eruption and thick scabs on the face, with running of fetid and*

sanguineous serum.—*Eruption on the face, like copperas.
 —Herpetic, crusty eruption round the mouth and nose,
 with itching, jerking and burning sensation.—Desquama-
 tion of the face.—Cutting contractions and burning spas-
 modic pains in the cheeks (which are red and hot).—°Cold
 sweat on the face.—Eruptions of burning pimples round
 the lips and chin.—Spasmodic pain in the maxillary joint,
 with cracking on the least movement.—°*Spasms in the jaw.*
 —Hard and painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.—
 *Lips dry and brownish.

TEETH.—**Odontalgia*, as if from excoriation, or with
tearings, shootings, jerkings, digging and crawling, frequent-
 ly at night, or aggravated in the open air, and mitigated by
external heat, sometimes also in consequence of a chill.—
 Loosening of the teeth.—Fetid exhalation from the carious
 teeth.—Burning pain in the gums, as from excoriation, also
 at night.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth, with violent thirst.—
Copious accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—A yellow and
 sometimes also a sanguineous saliva flows from the mouth
 at night.—Copious accumulation of viscous mucus in the
 mouth, with frequent expectoration.—*Tongue dry, red
 or brownish.—Sensation, as if the tongue were covered
 with a skin.

THROAT.—Sore-throat, as if caused by internal swell-
 ing, with pain, as if from a bruise, also when speaking, and
 with *pressure and shootings during deglutition.*—Sensation
 in the throat, as if something were torn out of it.—**Diffi-*
iculty in deglutition and pain in swallowing solid food, as if
from contraction of the throat and œsophagus.—Brandy
 causes an extraordinary burning sensation in the throat.—
 Copious accumulation of mucus in the throat with frequent
 hawking in the morning.—Pulsative pain in the bottom of
 the gullet.

APPETITE.—*Putrid taste*, especially in the morning and
 after a meal.—Insipid, clammy, or acrid bitter, sour, or
 metallic taste.—Sweetish taste in the mouth.—*Bitter taste*
of food, especially of bread, which seems rough and dry.—
 **Anorexia, with repugnance to all food, especially bread,*
meat, coffee and wine.—Sensation of fulness and satiety in
 the stomach, which takes away all appetite.—*After a meal*
great desire to sleep, pressure and fulness in the stomach
and abdomen, nausea with desire to vomit, lassitude, ver-
tigo and shuddering.—Bread lies heavy in the stomach.—
 Pain and heat of the head after drinking beer.—*Thirst,**
 most frequently from a sensation of dryness in the mouth,

also *at night*, or in the morning, with a desire principally for water and cold milk.—Great desire for fried things.

STOMACH.—Eructations with taste of the food.—Empty eructations after a meal or after drinking.—*Violent eructations with crawling in the stomach*, mitigated by lying down, renewed every time that one rises.—Pituita in the stomach.—*Nausea and desire to vomit*, principally after a meal and after drinking, as also night or morning after rising, mitigated by lying down.—Vomiting immediately after eating.—**Pains in the stomach as if there were a stone in it*, especially after a meal.—**Pressure in the stomach and scorbiculus*, often with obstructed respiration.—*Beating and shooting in the epigastric region.—°Squeezing sensation of swelling and *pain, as from ulceration in the pit of the stomach*.—Sensation of coldness in the stomach.—Sensation in the pit of the stomach, as if something were torn away from it, especially when stooping or making a false step.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Distention of the abdomen, especially after a meal.—Pressive heaviness in the abdomen, as if from a weight.—Contractive *spasms in the abdomen*, which force one to bend double.—Hard and visible contraction of the abdomen across the navel.—Digging turning in the abdomen, as if caused by a worm.—Cutting tearings, jerks and *pinchings in the abdomen*.—Burning sensation in the abdomen.—Relaxation of the abdomen with internal shaking at every step.—*Violent colic*, often *at night*, or aggravated by any food or drink whatever, sometimes with sanguineous evacuations.—Sensation in the abdomen, as if something were torn away.—Scarlet redness of the hypogastrium.—Pain in the integuments of the abdomen, as if they were ulcerated, especially when stretching in the morning.—Pressure in the inguina towards the exterior, as if a hernia were about to protrude.—Great flatulence with rumbling, fermentation and pinching movements in the abdomen.—Exceedingly offensive flatus.

FÆCES.—*Constipation, sometimes alternating with diarrhœa.—Hard and slow evacuations.—**Tenesmus*, sometimes with nausea and tearing, or pinchings in the abdomen.—**Loose, sanguineous, -serous or slimy*, frothy, gelatinous, red *evacuations*, or streaked with white and with yellow.—**Obstinate or dysenterical diarrhœa*.—Fæces perfectly white.—°*Nocturnal diarrhœa* with violent colic, headache and pains in all the limbs.—Involuntary evacuations when asleep at night.—Short respiration during the evacuation.—Crawling and itching in the anus and rectum.—

Protrusion of hæmorrhoides from the anus after a soft evacuation, with pain like excoriation.

URINE.—Retention of urine.—**Frequent and urgent desire to urinate* day and night, with *profuse emission*.—*Incontinence of urine*, especially during repose.—Emission, drop by drop, of blood-red urine with tenesmus.—Diminished emission of urine though one drinks much.—Deep-coloured urine, which soon becomes turbid.—White, turbid urine.—Urine clear as water, with a snow-white sediment.—Swelling of the urethra.—Double stream of water.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Profuse eruption on the genital organs.—Inflammation of the glans.—Running vesicles on the gland.—*Swelling of the glans and prepuce*.—Paraphymosis of the prepuce.—Red spot on the interior of the prepuce.—Swelling and thickening of the scrotum.—Moist eruption on the scrotum.—Frequent erections at night with desire to urinate.—Great desire for coition in the morning.—Catamenia too early and too profuse.—Catamenia of too long duration.—Discharge of blood during pregnancy.—Pain, as if from excoriation and shootings in the vagina.—Discharge of blood and clots of blood from the uterus with labour-pains.—Diminished secretion of milk.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness and roughness of the throat with a sensation in the chest as if it were raw.—Sensation of coldness in the throat when inspiring.—Tendency to be choked when swallowing.—Burning exhalation from the larynx.—Sensation of constriction in the pit of the throat after a short walk.—*Cough excited by a tickling in the ramifications of the bronchi*, generally short and dry, with anguish and short breath, and principally *in the evening before midnight*.—Cough with vomiting of food, especially in the evening and when lying on the back.—*Cough after waking in the morning*.—Short cough with bitter taste in the mouth, in the evening after lying down, and in the morning after waking.—Cough with pain in the stomach, or with shaking in the chest and head.—*Cough with expectoration of bright-red blood*, and sensation of insipidity in the chest.

CHEST.—Difficult respiration after a moderate walk.—*Anxious oppression on the chest*, also at night.—Respiration impeded by a pressure and squeezing in the pit of the stomach.—Short breath in the evening with tension in the chest.—Frequent want to take a deep inspiration.—Weakness in the chest which renders speech difficult after a walk in the open air.—Sensation of constriction in the chest.—**Shootings and lancinations in the chest and its sides*,

-especially when sitting with the body bent forwards, when speaking, when breathing deeply, seldom when walking or when using vigorous exertion.—*Crawling in the chest* with tension of the muscles of the chest, aggravated by repose.—Sanguineous congestion to the chest.—°Weakness and *sensation of trembling in the heart*.—Violent palpitation of the heart when sitting quietly.—*Shootings in the region of the heart with painful sensation of paralysis and torpor of the left arm.—Transient coldness in the back.

TRUNK.—*Pains in the loins, as if beaten*, especially when touched and during repose.—Painful rigidity in the loins.—°Painful exostosis on the sacrum.—°Deviation of the vertebral column.—**Pains in the loins, back and nape of the neck, as if from lifting too great a weight*—Drawing and shootings in the back, especially when seated and stooping, —Rheumatic tearing between the shoulder-blades, aggravated by coldness, mitigated by heat.—°*Opisthotonus*.—Rheumatic stiffness of the nape and neck, with painful tension when moving.—Painful swelling of the axillary glands.

ARMS.—°*Tearing and burning sensation in the shoulder, with paralysis of the arm*, especially in the cold season, during repose, and in the heat of the bed.—°Coldness, paralysis and insensibility of the arm.—°Exostosis on the arm, with burning sensation and ulcers, which discharge a sanious pus.—**Erysipelatous swelling and pustules, with burning itching in the arms, hands and fingers* —Red spots on the arms.—Jerks, shootings, and tearing in the arms.—Jerking tearing in the elbows, wrists and joints of the fingers.—Digging in the bones of the fore-arm.—Weakness and rigidity of the fore-arm and fingers, when moving, and trembling of these parts, after the least exertion.—Hot swelling of the hands in the evening.—Vesicular eruption, in clusters, on the wrist.—*Smarting in the back of the hands*. —°*Warts on the hands and fingers*.—Swelling of the fingers.—Jerking in the thumbs.—Contraction of the fingers.

LEGS.—*Shootings and tearings from the hip-joint into the ham*, especially when resting on the foot, or with dull drawings and burning sensation during repose, and *painful sensibility of the joints on rising from one's seat*, or going up stairs.—Tension and stiffness in the muscles and joints of the hips, thighs, legs, knees and feet.—*Paralysis of the lower extremities.—*Cramps* in the buttocks, thighs, and calves of the legs, especially at night in bed, or when seated, after walking.—Tension in the knee, as if the tendons were too short.—Drawing and jerking tearing in the thighs

and legs.—Lancinations in the thighs, legs, knees, feet and toes.—*Heaviness in the legs*, especially in the hams and calves of the legs.—*Paralysis of the legs and feet.—Shootings and *wrenching pain* in the ankle-bones, when resting on the foot.—**Inflammatory swelling of the instep*, sometimes with pustules and miliary pimples on the part affected.—**Erysipelatous swelling of the feet*.—Swelling of the feet in the evening.—Torpor and paleness of the feet.—Distortion of the toes.—Corns on the feet, with burning sensation and pain as from excoriation.

153.—RHUS VERNIX.

RHUS-V.—Japan varnish-tree.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—A medicine as yet little known.

ANTIDOTE: Nitr-ac.

SYMPTOMS.—Phlyctænoidal eruptions on several parts of the skin, especially on the fingers.—*Violent itching* in the body, as if it had been stung by gnats, *especially after midnight and towards morning*.—Red and excessively elevated callosities in different parts of the skin.—Dreams of murder and of misfortune.—Insupportable heaviness of the head.—Eyes red.—A mist before the eyes, when reading.—Great sensibility of the eyes to the light of day, on waking in the morning.—Red spots on the face.—*Swelling of the face and forehead, especially on the left side, with callosities and red spots*, and sensation of heaviness in the parts affected.—Burning sensation in the lips.—Pain in the throat, as if from excoriation, (on the left side) when swallowing.—Blood of the catamenia coagulated, like lumps of flesh.—Acute shootings across the lungs.—Rheumatic pains in the joints of the shoulder and elbow.—Hard tubercles and phlyctenæ on the hands.—Wrenching pain in the hip.—Cramps in the feet.

154.—RUTA GRAVEOLENS.

RUTA.—Garden-rue.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 8 to 15 days.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.?

COMPARE WITH: Acon. am-c. arn. ars. asa. bell. bry. con. hyos. ign. n vom. op. plumb. puls. rhus. stram. veratr.—Ign. may be sometimes administered alternately with *ruta*.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases against which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Sufferings caused by mechanical injuries, (contusion, fall, dislocation, injury of the bones, or of the periosteum); Caries?; Aching pains?; Paralysis, caused by ex-

ternal injuries; Sufferings caused by rainy and cold weather; Rheumatic affections, principally in the joints of the hands and feet; Amblyopia amaurotica, especially when caused by fine work, reading, &c.; Copper-coloured spots; Vermiculous affections of children, especially with vomiting; Dyspepsia, especially that caused by frequent vomiting; Vermiculous colic; Chronic pneumonia, with supuration, caused by mechanical injury in the chest; Paralysis in the joints of the hands and feet, whether caused by rheumatic affections or by dislocations, &c.

[Ruta has been used with benefit in a peculiar form of hysterical head-ache, attended with the eruption of large flat or oval tumours, varying from the size of a hazelnut to that of a pigeon's or hen's egg upon the hairy scalp, and coupled with derangement of the stomach and liver; also in profuse menstruation, and in abortion with flooding, &c., &c.—*Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Pains in the limbs, joints and bones, as if beaten, or as if caused by a contusion, fall, or bruise, especially when touched.*—Burning or gnawing pains in the periosteum of the limbs.—Pressive, spasmodic tearings and drawings in the limbs.—Sensation of fulness in the whole body, with obstructed respiration.—Lassitude, weakness and heaviness in all the limbs, especially when seated, with great uneasiness in the legs.—Tottering, unsteady gait, from weakness of the thighs.—Sensation in all the limbs as if they had been severely beaten, with painful sensibility of the sacrum and loins when sitting down, after a short airing.

SKIN.—Gnawing itching on the skin.—Erysipelatous inflammations.—Tendency to excoriation in children when walking and riding on horseback.—Inflamed ulcers.—Anasarca.—Warts.

SLEEP.—Frequent yawnings and stretchings.—Great desire to sleep in the evening, and after a meal, and waking with a start, and piercing cries from the least touch.—Nocturnal agitation, with tossing and frequent waking.

FEVER.—Shuddering, coldness and shivering, even when near the fire.—Coldness in the hands and feet, with heat in the face, confusion in the head and thirst.—General heat, with agitation and excessive uneasiness, suffocating respiration and pressive head-ache.—Frequent flushes of heat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety, as if resulting from a troubled conscience.—Inclination to quarrel and to contra-

dict.—Unfitness for labour.—*One is dissatisfied with oneself and others*, and disposed to weep.—Melancholy and moral dejection.—Slow march of ideas.—Frequent absence of mind.

HEAD.—Head bewildered as if from too little sleep.—Turning vertigo to such an extent as to fall when rising in the morning, as also when seated and when walking in the open air.—*Head-ache* as if from *stunning pressure* on the whole brain, with great inquietude.—Throbbing or tearing pain in the forehead, with confusion of the head, in the evening before lying down and in the morning on waking.—Heat in the head.—Tensive drawing or lancinating *pains* in the exterior of the head, as if *from a blow or contusion*, especially in the periosteum.—*Gnawing itching* in the hairy scalp.—Nodes and abscesses on the hairy scalp, with pain as from excoriation when touched, originating after a tearing has been felt in the part which they occupy.—Small ulcers and running sores on the hairy scalp.

EYES.—**Pains in the eyes when viewing an object minutely*.—Itching smarting in the canthus.—*Pressure in the eyes*.—Burning sensation in the eyes when reading by candle-light.—Lachrymation in the open air.—Specks on the cornea.—Red areola round the candle in the evening.—Quivering and jerking in the muscles of the eye-brows.—*Spasms in the eye-lids*.—Tendency to stare.—**Sight confused as if looking through a mist*, and complete cloudiness at a distance.—Dancing spots before the eyes.

EARS AND NOSE.—Otalgia with scraping pressure.—Itching lancinations in the ear.—Pain in the cartilage of the ear, and under the mastoid process as if from a bruise.—Acute and hard pressure on the root of the nose.—Perspiration on the back of the nose.—Epistaxis, with pressure, at the root of the nose.

FACE AND TEETH.—*Pains in the face*, in the periosteum, as if caused by *contusion or blows*.—Spasmodic tearing in the cheek-bone.—Itching and gnawing in the face and cheeks.—Erysipelas of the forehead with swelling.—Eruption of pimples on the lips.—Copper-coloured spots.—Odontalgia, with digging pain.—Painful sensibility and ready bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Mouth dry and viscous.—Cramp in the tongue, with embarrassed speech.—Sore throat as if caused by a tubercle in the bottom of the gullet, during empty deglutition.—Sensation as from excoriation and pressure on the velum palati, when swallowing.

APPETITE.—Insipid and dry taste of food, like that of

wood.—Violent thirst for cold water in the afternoon.—Disgust at the first mouthful, with a sensation of fulness and satiety in the abdomen; the appetite being good at other times.—Sudden nausea when eating, with vomiting of food.—Pains in the stomach after eating bread, or crude and indigestible food.

STOMACH.—Empty eructations, or with the taste of food.—Iliccough when smoking.—Putrid eructations after eating meat.—Eructations like those of hysterical women.—Nausea at the pit of the stomach.—Vomiting also of food.—Pains in the stomach after having eaten raw things or indigestible food.—Pinching in the stomach after eating bread.—*Gnawing*, burning, or pressive *pains in the stomach*.—Tearing shootings in the epigastrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Gnawing pressure in the hepatic region*.—Pulsation and pricking in the hypochondrium.—Painful swelling of the spleen.—*Pain in the abdomen as if from a bruise*, with digging in the lumbar region.—Pressive pinchings in the hypogastrium.—Cutting pinchings in the sides of the abdomen.—Shootings which mount into the abdomen, when sitting down.—Sensation of coldness, or of heat, and burning sensation in the abdomen.—*Gnawing in the abdomen*.—*Colic*, as if from worms.—Lancinations in the muscles of the abdomen, which force one to draw in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Difficult fæces*, evacuated only with great effort, as if from inactivity of the rectum.—Fæces scanty, hard, knotty, like sheep-dung.—Slimy diarrhœa, alternating with constipation.—Frequent desire to evacuate, with scanty, but soft evacuations.—Ineffectual desire to evacuate, with prolapsus recti.—Prolapsus recti with every evacuation.—Discharge of blood during the evacuation.—Tearings and shootings in the rectum.

URINE AND GENITAL ORGANS.—*Desire to urinate, sometimes very urgent*, with pressure on the vesica, and scanty emission of green urine.—*Pressure on the vesica*, sometimes also after the emission of urine, and at other times.—Frequent and profuse emission of urine, also at night.—Continued desire to urinate, even immediately after an emission.—Retention of urine.—Involuntary emission of urine at night, in bed, and by day, during movement.—Urine charged with gravel.—Increased sexual desire.—Pollutions.—Sterility.—Catamenia very irregular.—Catamenia of too short duration, preceded and followed by leucorrhœa.—Leucorrhœa after the catamenia.

LARYNX.—Pain in the larynx, as if from contusion.—

Cough in the evening after lying down, with copious expectoration of viscous mucus and tendency to vomit.—Croaking cough at night, with scraping in the chest.—Cough with copious expectoration of purulent matter.—Expectoration of thick, yellowish mucus, almost without cough, but with a sensation of fatigue in the chest.

CHEST.—*Breath very short, with dyspnœa.*—*Pressure in the chest*, with sensation of fulness.—Nocturnal compression in the lower part of the chest.—*Lancinations in the chest, often with suspended respiration*, principally when going up stairs.—Sensation of coldness or heat in the chest.—Gnawing sensation in the chest.—A part in the sternum is painful when touched.—Palpitation of the heart with anxiety:

TRUNK.—*Pains in the back and loins as if beaten*, often with obstructed respiration.—Drawing in the nape of the neck and shoulder-blades.—Pain in the loins and sacrum, as if from contusion.—Shootings in the loins when walking and stooping, or only when seated.

ARMS.—Wrenching pain in the shoulder-joint, especially when permitting the arms to hang down or when resting on them.—Shocks in the arms, as if in the bones.—Dull tearings in the bones of the arms and joints of the elbow.—*Pain as if from contusion*, in the joint of the elbow.—*Pain in the fore-arms*, as well as in the bones and joints of the hands, as if *they had been beaten*.—Pressive and spasmodic drawings and tearings in the fore-arms, hands and fingers.—*Paralytic stiffness of the wrist.—*Wrenching pain or shootings in the wrists.—Pain in the wrist when lifting a weight.—Torpor and crawling in the hands after exertion.—Spasmodic contraction of the fingers.—Swollen veins on the hands.

LEGS.—Spasmodic drawing in the thighs, extending into the hip-joint and sacrum.—*Pain as if beaten, in the hip-joint and bones of the legs*, like that caused by contusion, especially when touching and stretching them.—*Weakness in the thigh bones* when rising from a seat, as if they had been beaten.—*Weakness, trembling*, and paralytic heaviness of the knees and legs, which prevents standing firmly.—Fatigue and heaviness of the legs after walking.—Sensation of contraction in the tendons of the knee.—Fistulous ulcers in the legs.—*Foundering of the knees*, especially when going down stairs.—Burning, gnawing pain, in the bones of the feet, not permitting them to be rested on.—Paralytic stiffness of the instep.

155.—SABADILLA.

SABAD. — Indian caustic barley. — ARCHIVES OF STAFF. — *Duration of effect:* from 2 to 3 weeks.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. puls.

COMPARE WITH: Ant. ars. caps. cham. chin. cin. con. ign. natr-m. n-vom. plat. plumb. puls. rhus. sep. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be:—Intermittent fevers, especially in spring; Obstinate, chronic angina; Vermiculous affections, especially sufferings from *tæniæ*; *Œsophagitis*?; Gastritis; Grippe; &c., &c.

[The action of this remedy is very similar to that of *veratrum*; it has been used with success in obstinate quartan intermittent fevers which would not yield to any other remedies, and also when complicated with pleurisy; it deserves attention in diseases of the heart, and in *Hydrops pericardii*; &c., &c. *Ed.*]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Putrid *drawings in the limbs*, as if in the marrow of the bones, with inclination to stretch the limbs, mitigated during repose.—*Scraping and cutting pains in the bones*, as if caused by knives, especially in the joints, aggravated by the touch, mitigated by a quick movement of the part affected.—Pricking, pressive, and dull lancinations in different parts.—Crawling in the limbs.—Convulsions.—Heavy tread and movements.—*Painful sensation of paralysis in the limbs, and especially in the knees.—*Lassitude and *heaviness in all the limbs*, aggravated *in the evening*, or towards noon, at which time the pains in the limbs are also aggravated.—Better when lying down, than when walking or standing.—Several symptoms appear first on the right, and then on the left side.—*Great sensitiveness to cold air, which aggravates the uneasiness and pains.

SKIN.—Crawling and burning shootings under the skin.—Red bands, spots and points in different parts of the skin, appearing with greatest intensity when in the cold air.

SLEEP.—Great inclination to sleep during the day, with continued yawnings and stretchings.—Sleep retarded by abundance of thoughts.—Imperfect sleep in the evening, with a mind fatigued by strange thoughts.—*Disturbed and unrefreshing sleep at night, with anxious dreams.

FEVER.—Fever without thirst, consisting only of coldness, and of isolated attacks of heat, which are more perceptible in the face and hands, than in the other parts of the body.—Shivering, or external coldness, with trembling of the limbs,

without shivering, and *with violent thirst, or complete adipsia*; then heat, with moderate thirst, accompanied or followed by perspiration.—Pain in the upper ribs, dry spasmodic cough, and tearings in all the limbs and bones during the shivering.—Delirium, yawnings, and stretching during the heat.—Sleep during the perspiration.—Quotidian, tertian, quartan fever, at a certain hour, with anorexia, pressive inflation of the stomach, pains in the chest, cough, shivering, weakness and thirst, between the shiverings and the heat.—During the apyrexia, pain, as if from fatigue in the limbs, without any other sufferings.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Uneasiness and anguish with great agitation.—Disposition to be frightened.—Ill-humour and passion.—Dislike to labour.—Fury.—The spirits are excited, while the mind is depressed, and vice versa.—Difficulty in thinking.—Delusions of the imagination, with respect to oneself; the body seems to be collapsed, like a corpse, the stomach to be corroded, &c.*

HEAD.—Vertigo, with nausea, mitigated by supporting the head.—Vertigo, with loss of consciousness and cloudiness of the eyes, when rising from the seat.—Head-ache, with tensive pain especially *during intellectual fatigue*.—**pressive and stupefying head-ache* in the forehead and temples.—Painful heaviness of the head.—Boring pains in the head, after every exercise.—Pulsative and painful throbbing in the head.—Burning, crawling and pricking in the forehead and hairy scalp.

EYES.—Burning smarting in the eyes.—Pressure on the eyeballs, especially when looking into the air.—*Redness of the margin of the eyelids.—*Lachrymation, especially during exercise in the open air, when looking at any thing bright, when coughing, yawning, and from the slightest pain in other parts.—Weakness of sight.

EARS.—Otalgia, with troublesome pressure.—*Tickling in the ears*.—Burning itching, and shootings in the tips of the ears.—Deafness, as if there were a band over the ears.—Humming, gurgling, and thundering in the ears.—Burning in the parotids.

NOSE.—*Itching crawling in the nose*, and contractive smarting.—Epistaxis.—Great sensitiveness to the smell of garlic.—Violent sneezing.—Obstruction at one time of one nostril, then of the other.—Fluent coryza, with altered features and bewildered head.—Large masses of white and transparent mucus are blown from the nose, with coryza.

FACE.—*Heat of the face, with fiery burning redness*, especially after drinking wine.—Blue circles round the eyes.

—Marbled and herpetic skin of the face.—Burning sensation, pain, as if from excoriation, pricking, and itching crawling in the lips.—Boring in the lower jaw and submaxillary glands.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with drawing and pulsative pain.—*Shooting pains in the molares.*—Caries of the teeth.—Gums bluish.—Pricking in the gums.

MOUTH.—Sensation in the mouth and tongue, as if they were burnt and excoriated.—Pricking in the extremity of the tongue.—End of the tongue bluish.—^oTongue loaded with a thick, yellowish coating.—Dryness of the mouth, without thirst.—*Copious accumulation of (sweetish) saliva in the mouth.*

THROAT.—*Sore-throat, as if caused by a plug*, or an internal swelling, during deglutition and at other times.—Sensation of constriction in the throat.—*Pressure and burning sensation in the throat*, during deglutition and at other times.—*Dryness in the throat.*—*Roughness and scraping in the throat*, with continued want to swallow or to hawk.—Inflammation of the uvula.

APPETITE.—*The taste is bitter (or disagreeably sweet).*—*Violent thirst for cold water*, milk or beer, also in the morning.—Hunger, with *dislike to all food*, especially meat (coffee, wine and acid things).—*Bulimy* especially in the morning and evening (and principally for honey or food, prepared from flour).

STOMACH.—Eructations, generally empty, and sometimes with shuddering.—Painful and imperfect eructations.—*Pyrosis.*—**Nausea with desire to vomit*, -often with shuddering, mitigated by eating.—*Vomiting of lumbrici.*—Softness, uneasiness, and coldness in the stomach.—Digging in the epigastric region, with *pains, as if from excoriation*, when pressing upon it.—A frequent sudden sensation of obstructed respiration in the scorbiculus, with anxiety.—Sensation of heat in the scorbiculus and *burning in the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressive scraping in the hepatic region.—Digging drawing in the liver, with pain, as if from excoriation, when pressing upon it.—Sensation of heat in the hepatic region.—*Pain in the abdomen, as if caused by worms.*—Constriction in the abdomen.—(*Cuttings, as if caused by knives.*)—Violent shootings in the sides of the abdomen, which force one to bend double.—Boring, digging, and rolling in the abdomen.—Sensation of coldness, or *burning in the abdomen.*—Spasmodic contraction of the

muscles of the abdomen.—Red spots and specks on the abdomen.

FÆCES.—*Constipation.*—*Interrupted*, hard, insufficient evacuation.—Urging to evacuate, with scanty evacuation.—*Loose* brown, or fermented *fæces*, mixed with mucus and blood.—Pinchings, tearing, and *crawling in the rectum*.

URINE.—*Urgent desire to urinate*, especially in the evening, with tenesmus and scanty emission.—Copious secretion of urine.—Turbid, thick urine, like clay-water.—*Burning sensation when urinating*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Digging and pressive pain in the testes.—Diminished sexual desire.—Tensive and painful erections, without desire for coition.—Pollutions, with flaccidity of the penis.—(Catamenia retarded, but more profuse, and of longer duration.)

LARYNX.—Hoarse, rough voice.—Hawking up a bright red blood, which comes from the choana.—Short, dry cough, also at night, caused by a scraping in the throat.—Cough, with vomiting, shootings in the vertex, and pain in the stomach.—Dull cough, sometimes with hæmoptysis.—Cough, as soon as one lies down.—Cough, with expectoration and lancinations in the chest.

CHEST.—Respiration obstructed, as if there were a stone in the chest.—*Short, difficult respiration.*—Wheezing respiration.—Pressure on the chest.—Burning sensation in the chest.—*Shootings in the sides of the chest*, especially when taking an inspiration and coughing, which disturbs the sleep at night, and does not permit one to lie on the side.—(Inflammation of the pleura.)—Palpitation of the heart, with pulsation in the whole body.—Red spots and points on the chest.

TRUNK.—Pain, as if beaten, in the back and loins, especially when seated.—Sensation of constriction extending from the shoulder-blades to the chest, with a sensation, as if the blood did not circulate, aggravated in the cold air.

ARMS.—Convulsive movements of the arms.—Trembling of the arms and hands.—Red spots, bands, and points on the arms and hands.—Pricking lancinations in the fore-arms.—Dryness of the skin of the hands.—Distortion of the fingers.—Yellow spots on the fingers.—Desquamation of the skin round the nails.

LEGS.—Shootings in the thighs and knees.—Weakness and bending of the knees.—Tearing and *tension in the calves of the legs*, also at night.—Heaviness of the feet.—Swell-

ing of the feet, with painful sensibility of the soles of the feet.—Profuse perspiration on the soles of the feet.

156.—SABINA.

SABIN.—Savine-tree.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: from 3 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. *arn.* bell. cham. cocc. graph. ipec. puls. *thuy.* veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used will be found to be:—Acute and chronic arthritic affections; Diseases of the bones?; Rheumatic odontalgia; Amenorrhœa; Leucorrhœa; *Active metrorrhagia*, especially when resulting from plethora, and in women who have early and very profuse catamenia; Metrorrhagia, in consequence of accouchement or abortion; *Disposition to miscarriage*, especially in the third month of pregnancy; *Podagra*; &c., &c.

[Among the most prominent effects of *Sabina* we may mention, bleeding from the uterus and rectum; it appears to act specifically upon the rectum, and to excite inflammation of it. It has been used with benefit in irregularity of menstruation and its consequences, especially about the critical period, and when the menses are readily and suddenly suppressed, and re-appear again as suddenly; it deserves particular attention in gouty and hæmorrhoidal affections, even in Hæmorrhoides of the bladder; it also appears to possess specific virtues in the cure of gonorrhœa, phimosis, hard swellings on the dorsum of the penis, in condylomata, &c.; also in Ovarian dropsy and in hydrocele; in hæmoptysis from the suppression or metastasis of menstrual or hæmorrhoidal discharges; &c., &c.—ED.]

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*'Shooting and tearing, arthritic pains, especially in the joints, and sometimes with red and shining swelling of the parts affected.—'Gouty nodosities.—Lancinating drawing in the hollow bones.—Burning, pressive sensation in the periosteum, which is swollen.—Hæmorrhagia.—Jerking throbbing in all the arteries.—General uneasiness, as if from long watching.*

SKIN.—Itching in the skin, with excoriation and ulceration, or scabby places after scratching.—Burning sensation in the parts of the skin that are affected, when they are touched.

SLEEP.—*Disturbed sleep, with frequent waking, ebullition of blood, heat and perspiration.—Anxious dreams.—Con-*

tinued dreams, full of imagination and intellectual efforts.—Talking and loud snoring during sleep.—Disposition to lie on the left side, when sleeping.

FEVER.—*Shuddering and shivering*, with cutis anserina, and cloudiness of sight.—Burning heat over the whole body, with great agitation.—Heat in the face, with icy coldness of the feet and hands.—Fever in the evening; first shivering, then heat, and lastly perspiration.—Nocturnal perspiration.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Dejection, discouragement and sadness.—Moroseness, with dislike to conversation, especially when exercising in the open air.—Disposition to be angry, with tears and sobs.—Indifference.—Weakness of memory.

HEAD.—Stupefying vertigo, which occasions falling, with cloudiness of the sight.—Attacks of megrim.—*Heaviness* and troublesome pressure in the head, often extending from the *sinciput* as far as the nape of the neck.—Sensation in the forehead and temples, as if they were severed.—Drawing pains in the head, especially in the forehead and temples.—*Shooting pains in the head*, with smarting or pressure, often in the entire brain.—Digging and boring in the head.—Pulsative head-ache, with heaviness and stupefaction.—The head-aches often appear suddenly, diminish slowly, and return frequently.

EYES AND EARS.—Tensive pains in the eyes, as if the muscles were too short.—*Eyes dull and downcast*.—Heat in the eyes.—Smarting tears.—Jerking quivering of the eyelids.—Clouds before the eyes.—Pinching in the ears.—Hardness of hearing.

FACE.—Face pale, with blue circles round the eyes.—Black pores in the cheeks and round the nose.—Paralytic pain and pressure in the zygomatic process.—Lancinations extending from the lower jaw to the cheek bone.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia during and after a meal* and mastication.—*Pressure and throbbing in the teeth, especially in the evening and at night, with sensation as if the tooth were about to be pulled out, aggravated by drinking, smoking, and by the heat of the bed, mitigated after rising.—Drawing in the teeth, when drinking, eating, and from contact with the air.—Painful sensibility and white swelling of the gums, round a carious tooth.—Ulcer in the gums.

MOUTH.—Putrid exhalation from the mouth.—Reddish or white saliva, which becomes frothy when speaking.—*Hæmoptysis*.—Tongue loaded with a white or brownish coating.

THROAT.—*Sore-throat during deglutition*, as if from a foreign body, or an *internal swelling* in the gullet, with *pressure and choking*.—Dull lancinations in the throat.

APPETITE.—Taste in the mouth and throat, as if from an inveterate coryza.—Insidid, fat or sanguineous taste in the mouth.—*Bitter taste in the mouth, and of food, especially of milk and coffee*.—Desire for acid things, especially for lemonade.—Sourness in the stomach after a meal.

STOMACH.—*Empty eructations*.—Nausea, with fulness in the stomach.—*Vomiting of bile*, *or of food.—Fulness and inflation in the region of the stomach.—*Pressure in the stomach*.—Lancinations from the pit of the stomach, across the back.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure in the hepatic region.—Distention of the abdomen.—Contractive pains in the abdomen.—Pressive pinchings in the abdomen, as if from a chill or diarrhœa.—Inflammation of the intestines.—Pain as if from a bruise in the abdominal muscles, in bed, in the evening.

FÆCES.—Evacuations, at first soft, then hard.—**Loose soft fæces*, with noise and abundant expulsion of flatus.—Discharge of sanguineous mucus from the anus.—*Discharge of blood from the anus*, after a hard evacuation.—Painful hæmorrhoidal pimples about the anus.—Crawling in the anus.

URINE.—Retention of urine, with emission drop by drop and burning sensation.—Urging to urinate, with scanty stream.—Profuse emission of urine, also at night.—Painful inflammation of the urethra, with discharge of pus, as in gonorrhœa.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Hard swelling on the dorsum of the penis.—Shootings in the glans.—Deep redness of the glans.—Painful sensibility of the prepuce, with difficulty of retracting it.—Frænum swollen and tight.—Pain in the condylomata, as from excoriation.—*Increased sexual desire*, with violent and prolonged erections.—Sexual desire in females greatly increased.—Contractive pain in the region of the matrix.—Sanguineous congestion to the uterus.—**Metrorrhagia*, with discharge of *clotted or bright-red blood*, and pains, resembling labour pains in the loins and inguina.—**Catamenia too copious*.—Suppressed catamenia with leucorrhœa.—Miscarriage.—Swelling of the mammæ.—Crawling in the mammæ.—**Leucorrhœa*, itching, yellowish, fetid and thick like starch.

LARYNX AND CHEST.—*Dry cough, excited by a tickling*, or followed at a later period, by expectoration of mu-

cus streaked with blood.—Pressure on the chest.—Pressive, spasmodic tension in the chest, principally in the middle of the sternum.—Shooting and pain as if from excoriation in the xiphoid cartilage, with aggravation when taking a deep inspiration and when touched.—Trembling in the lungs, with dull rattling and crackling.—Augmented and extended beating of the heart.—Lancination in the outside of the chest and about the clavícula.

TRUNK.—Pressive drawing in the loins as far as the inguinal region.—Pressive tearing and shootings in the spine.—Pain in the muscles or vertebra of the neck, as if beaten.

ARMS.—Wrenching pain in the joints of the shoulder and hands.—Pressive tearings and shootings in the arms, fore-arms and fingers.—*Arthritic rigidity and swelling in the joint of the wrist*, with tearing and shootings.—Drawing and tearing in the bones of the hands—Weakness of the hands (when writing).—Distorted fingers.

LEGS.—Furunculus, with shooting pain in the buttock.—Shooting pains in the hip-joints when resting on the foot.—Pressure and drawing in the thighs and knees.—Tearing tension in the thighs, with sensation when squatting as if the muscles were too short.—*Purulent and suety ulcer on the tibia*.—Pressive tearing in the bones of the feet.—**Red and shining swelling of the great toe*, with boring and lancinating pain.

157.—SAMBUCUS NIGRA.

SAMB.—Elder-tree.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: frequently only 3 or 4 hours, but longer in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Ars. camph.—*It is used as an antidote against*: Ars.

COMPARE WITH: Arn. ars. bell. chin. cupr. hep. ipec. merc. n-vom. op. rhus

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—Dropsical affections; Intermittent fevers; Hydrocele, caused by mechanical injury; Coryza in new-born infants; Croup; *Spasmodic asthma and cramps in the chest*, in adults, especially arthritic subjects; or when resulting from a chill; Catarrh?; Hooping-cough?; *Asthma millari*; Croup; Phthisical sufferings, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—General ebullition of blood in the evening after lying down, with sensation of trembling.—Sudden drawing through the whole surface of the body, frequently recurring when seated.—The majority of

the symptoms manifest themselves during repose, and are dispersed by movement.—^oDropsical swelling of the whole body.—^oGreat emaciation.—*Desire to sleep, without being able to sleep.*—*Frequent waking with a start, with anguish, trembling and obstructed respiration, amounting almost to suffocation.—*Incomplete sleep, with mouth and eyes half-open.—Lascivious dreams.—Shuddering, with shivering, icy coldness of the hands and feet, and pricking crawling in the skin.—Shivering and shaking before going to sleep.—Insupportable *heat without thirst*, with dread of being uncovered.—*Fever, with excessive perspiration, especially at night.—Great tendency to be frightened.—Peevishness, during which every thing makes a disagreeable impression.—*Delirium*, from time to time, with frightful visions.

HEAD—FACE.—Dizziness and confusion in the head, especially during movement.—Head-ache as if from intoxication.—Tension in the head during movement, as if it contained water.—Pressure and expansion in the head.—*Pressive, tearing head-aches* in the forehead and temples.—Sudden shocks in the brain.—Digging pain in the vertex.—Pupils, first contracted, then greatly dilated.—Lancination and spasmodic pains in the ears.—Itching crawling in the ears.—*Sensation of torpor in the nose*, with itching on the back of the nose.—Sanguineous congestion to the nose, with sensation of heaviness in the point of the nose.—Obstruction of the nose, with accumulation of thick and viscous mucus in the nostrils.—*Face, bluish and bloated, ^oor pale and earthy.—^oCircumscribed redness of the cheeks.—Sensation of torpor and tension in the cheeks, as if they were swollen.—Red, burning spots on the cheeks.—Gnawing pressure in the bones of the upper jaw.

TEETH—GENITAL ORGANS.—Odontalgia, with *tearing and lancinations in all the teeth*, and with a sensation as if the cheeks were swollen.—Itching crawling in the throat.—Thirst without relishing the drinks.—Vomiting in the morning, first of milk that has been taken with mucus, then of bile.—Pressure in the stomach.—Acute lancinations below the stomach, aggravated by pressing upon it.—*Pinchings in the abdomen* as if from a chill, with expulsion of flatus.—Shootings in the left side of the hypogastrium.—Pain in the abdomen as if from a bruise.—Spasmodic tearings, shootings and pinchings in the abdominal muscles.—Pressive pain in the abdomen, with nausea, when resting it against a hard body.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with copious emission*, also at night.—Dark, yellow urine.—Emission of urine in too small a stream.—^oSwelling of the scrotum.—*Catamenia too profuse*, like metrorrhagia.

LARYNX—CHEST.—Hoarseness from accumulation of viscous mucus in the larynx.—Deep, hoarse, hollow cough, with agitation and thirst.—^cContinued cough, with *abundant saltish expectoration*, or of sweetish mucus.—**Attack of suffocating cough, with cries*, in children.—^cCough, with cries as if from a pain in the gullet.—**Wheezing* and quick respiration.—Obstructed respiration, when lying down.—**Spasmodic paroxysm of suffocation at night*, with tears, great agitation and tossing of the hands.—*Great difficulty in breathing.—Oppression of the chest, with lancinations in the side, or with pressure under the sternum.—^cPressive pain in the chest.—Sudden sensation of contraction in the sides of the chest.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pains in the loins, with drawing pressure.—Cutting blows in the loins.—*Pressure in the middle of the spine*, during repose and movement.—Lancinations in the shoulder-blades.—Pressive heaviness in the nape of the neck.—Deep, cutting lancinations in the muscles of the neck.—Drawing in the fore-arms and bones of the hands.—Paralytic heaviness in the elbow-joint.—Lancinations in the wrists.—Trembling of the hands (when writing).—Tearings in the joints of the fingers.—Spasmodic drawings and shootings in the thighs.—Tension in the tendons of the ham as if they were too short.—Acute lancinations in the tibia.—*Œdematous swelling* of the feet, extending as far as the knees.—Tearing in the legs and ankles.

158.—SANGUINARIA CANADENSIS.

SANG.—HERING.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been employed against: *Arthritic and rheumatic pains*; *Pharyngitis and other anginae*; *Croup*.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Rheumatic pains in the limbs*, especially in the shoulders, arms and thighs, and *aggravated at night*.—Burning sensation in the soles of the feet and palms of the hands, *aggravated at night*.—*Pain in the tips of the fingers as from ulceration*.—Sleeplessness.—Waking with a start and in a fright.—Dreams of sea-voyages, with sensation as if one were rocked.—Sensation of heaviness in the head.—Pains in the head which pass rapidly from one place to another, like electric shocks.—Sensation of mobility in the hairy scalp.—Distention of the veins of the head.—Face bloated, with redness, burning heat, sensation of rigidity and fulness.—Sight confused, as if there were hairs in the eyes.—Pains in the

carious teeth during mastication.—Loosening of the teeth.—*Sensation of swelling in the throat, especially during deglutition.*—*Inflammation of the throat.*—Spasmodic throbbing in the abdomen.—Ineffectual desire to evacuate, with a sensation as if there were a thick mass in the rectum.—Frequent evacuations.—Frequent emission of urine also at night.—Shootings in the bosom and pain in the mammæ, as if from excoriation.

159.—SAPO DOMESTICUS.

SAP.—Soap.—A medicine, the primitive symptoms of which are not known as yet, but which has been employed internally and externally against burns.

160.—SASSAPARILLA.

SASS.—Sassaparilla.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* for 5 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: ?

COMPARE WITH: Amm. cham. clem. cocc. merc. puls. ran. sep. sil. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—Rheumatic and arthritic affections, especially when caused by a chill in the water, or after suppressed gonorrhœa; *Ulcers* and other sufferings from abuse of mercury; Herpes; Urinary and renal calculi; Constipation, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Shooting, tearing, pressive pains.*—Paralytic tearing in all the joints and limbs, often accompanied with trembling of the hands and feet, painful tearings in the head and pinchings in the abdomen.—*Arthritic pains* with diminished secretion of urine.—Rigidity and immobility of the limbs.—Hot and thick swellings.—Great lassitude, especially in the lower limbs.—Lassitude in the hands and feet.—*Emaciation.*—The pains affect the mind and depress the spirits.

SKIN.—*Itching*, sometimes over the whole body, especially in the evening in bed and in the morning when rising.—Red and dry pimples which itch only in the heat.—Miliary eruption on going into the fresh air, or coming out of a warm room.—Nettle-rash.—Purulent vesicles.—*Herpes* on almost all parts of the body.—Warts.—*Shrivelled skin.*—Deep, burning, painful *rhagades* (on the fingers).

SLEEP.—Sleep early in the evening.—Nocturnal sleeplessness and frequent waking.—*Frightful dreams* with frequent starts.

FEVER.—Shiverings night and day.—*Coldness*, even

near the fire, over the whole body, except the face and chest, but principally *in the feet*.—Heat in the evening, with ebullition of blood, palpitation of the heart and perspiration on the forehead.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Anxiety, with trembling of the feet.—Moroseness and ill-humour, with unfitness for exertion.—Irascibility and susceptibility.—Fickleness.

HEAD.—Vertigo, after gazing on an object for some time.—Vertigo with nausea and sour eructations.—Head-ache with nausea and sour vomiting.—*Lancinating* or *pressive* head-ache, or else *pressive and lancinating at the same time*.—Semi-lateral spasmodic pains in the head, as if the head were fastened in a vice, with cloudiness of the eyes, desire to lie down and vibration in the brain at every word that is uttered.—*Throbbing pains in the head*.—Noise and buzzing in the head.—Pressive and cutting, or *pressive, lancinating*, drawing and tearing pains *in the exterior of the head*, aggravated by the touch and by walking.—Tenderness of the hairy scalp.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—Pains in the eyes from the brightness of daylight.—Pressure in the eyes, especially in the evening when reading by candle-light.—*Shootings in the eyes*.—Burning sensation in the eyes and lids.—Agglutination of the eye-lids in the morning.—Internal canthi blue and swollen.—*Cloudiness before the eyes*, like a fog.—A red colour is reflected from white paper, in the evening.

EARS AND NOSE.—Shootings in the ears.—Contraction and pressure in the ears.—Burning, itching scabs on the lobes of the ear.—Tingling and ringing in the ears.—Epistaxis.—Scabious eruption upon, under, and in the nose.—Dry coryza and obstruction of the nose.—Very thick mucus in the nose.

FACE.—*Facial eruption*.—Itching eruption on the forehead, with burning sensation, and running after having scratched it.—Rough, pale-red spots on the forehead.—*Thick scabs on the face.—Rigidity and *tension in the masseters* and maxillary joints.—Herpes on the upper lip.—Purulent and itching vesicles on the chin.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with drawing tearings, from a cold current of air, or from cold drinks.—Upper teeth set on edge.—Tearing in the gums.—Gums swollen with pain, as if from excoriation.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth.—Aphthæ on the tongue and palate.—Sore-throat with shooting pain during deglutition.—Spasmodic pressure in the throat, *like constriction*, with obstructed respiration.—Dryness and

roughness in the throat, especially in the morning.—Accumulation of viscous mucus in the throat.

APPETITE.—*Bitter*, or acid and clammy, or else sweetish, metallic and herbaceous *taste*.—Bitter taste of bread.—Food is insipid.—After a meal, sensation of emptiness in the stomach, as if one were fasting, or else disgust, even when thinking of what one has eaten.—Thirst, especially for water, also in the morning.

STOMACH.—*Eructations and regurgitations*, especially during and after a meal, generally *bitter or sour*.—*Frequent or continued nausea with ineffectual desire to vomit.—Sour vomitings.—Constrictive pains in the stomach.—Pressure in the pit of the stomach.—Heat and burning sensation in the stomach, especially after eating bread.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pain in the left hypochondrium, as if beaten.—Shootings in the left hypochondrium.—Great sensitiveness of the abdomen to external pressure.—Constrictive and spasmodic pains in the intestines.—Cuttings, especially in the umbilical region.—*Shootings in the sides of the abdomen*, especially in the left side.—Sensation of coldness, or heat and burning sensation in the abdomen.—*Sensation of emptiness and borborygmus in the abdomen*.—Abundant expulsion of fetid flatus.—Inertia of the intestines.

FÆCES.—Hard, retarded and scanty *fæces*, often with urging to stool.—*Painful, difficult evacuations*, with contractive pains in the abdomen and violent pressure downwards.—Obstinate constipation with frequent desire to urinate.—Glutinous, tenacious evacuation.—Loose, acrid, corrosive evacuations, with pains in the abdomen.—Syncope during evacuation.—Pain, as if from excoriation and burning itching in the anus.

URINE.—*Stranguria*, with pressure on the vesica and discharge of a white and turbid matter, mixed with mucus.—Frequent and ineffectual desire to urinate, or with scanty emission.—*Frequent and profuse emission of pale urine day and night*, often without any sensation in the urinary organs.—Turbid urine, like clay-water.—Fiery, scanty, red urine.—Thread-like flakes in the urine.—Blood mixed with the urine, towards the end of an emission.—°Urine charged with gravel or small pebbles.—*Burning sensation when urinating*.—Cramps in the vesica, with contractive pain.—Discharge of pus from the urethra, like gonorrhœa.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Fetid exhalation from the genital organs.—Inflammation and redness of the glans.—Herpes on the præputium.—Desire for coition, with frequent and

painful pollutions.—Catamenia retarded, scanty and acrid.—During the catamenia, desire to urinate, excoriation between the thighs, pinchings in the abdomen and squeezing, as if from a claw in the loins and pit of the stomach.—Mucous leucorrhœa.

LARYNX.—Violent cough from a tickling sensation of ulceration in the gullet, or excited by a roughness in the throat.—Short and obstructed respiration.—Violent dyspnoea and choking, from a sensation of constriction in the throat, and which forces one to remove all clothing from the throat and chest.—*Spasmodic oppression in the chest.*—Frequent recurrence of deep respiration.—Sensation, as if a foreign body had stopped in the back when taking a deep inspiration.—Offensive breath.—Pressure on the chest, often with short breath.—Shootings in the sides of the chest, which often force one to bend double.—Palpitation of the heart.—Tensive pain in the exterior of the chest, as if from contraction, when rising up.—Flaccid and insensible mammæ.

TRUNK.—Pain in the loins, as if beaten, especially while stooping and afterwards.—Crawling in the loins.—Tensive pain extending from the loins to the hips on the least movement.—Painful pressure and tension in the back and nape of the neck, with *lancinations on the least movement* of the trunk or of the head.—Lancinations between the shoulder-blades and in the muscles of the neck.—Swelling on one side of the neck, painful when touched.

ARMS.—*Tearings and pressive shootings* in the arms, fore-arms and joints of the hands and fingers.—Perspiration in the hands.—Herpes on the hands.—Numbness of the fingers.—Pain in the extremities of the fingers, as if caused by sub-cutaneous ulceration.—Purulent vesicles on the fingers.—Deep *rhagades in the skin of the fingers.*

LEGS.—*Pressive tearings and shootings* in the thighs, knees and legs.—Lassitude in the thighs and knee-joints.—Swelling and stiffness of the knees, with shootings.—Red, herpetic spots on the calves of the legs.—Rigidity of the legs, as if from contraction.—Cramps in the legs and calves of the legs.—Painful sensibility of the soles of the feet.—Tension and swelling of the feet, with heat and redness.—*Coldness in the feet, "especially before lying down.

161.—SECALE CORNUTUM.

SEC.—Ergot of rye.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—*Duration of effect:* for 7 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Camph. (solan-nigr.)

COMPARE WITH: Arn. camph. ign. laur. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—*Hæmorrhagia*, especially in weak, consumptive subjects; *Hysterical spasms* in women of a feeble constitution; *Convulsions* caused by fright; *Gangræna senilis* ??; *Amblyopia amaurotica*; *Nasal hæmorrhagia*; *Sufferings of children during dentition*; *Gastric and bilious affections*; *Colic*; *Gastritis* ??; *Enteritis* ??; *Asiatic and sporadic cholera*; *Diarrhœa*, especially in old men; *Metrorrhagia* of weak and consumptive women; *Precursors of miscarriage*, especially in the third month; *Absence of labour-pains*; *Spasmodic labour-pains*; *Adherence of the placenta*; *Lochia of too long duration*; *Metritis from suppressed lochia*; *Hysterical affections from want of vitality in the uterus*?; *Gangrenous affections of the uterus, &c.*

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Drawing, tearing and *tingling in the limbs and joints*.—Violent and wandering *spasmodic pains*.—Burning sensation in all joints of the body, as if caused by sparks of fire.—*Distortion of the limbs*.—*Tonic spasms*.—Jerks and *convulsive movements in the limbs*, which manifest themselves, especially *at night*, often also periodical and mitigated by stretching the parts violently.—*Tetanus*.—Attacks of *epilepsy*.—General atrophy and *emaciation*.—Unsteady gait.—*Syncope*.—Great *lassitude and indolence*.—Trembling of the limbs.—*Weakness, heaviness and torpor of the limbs*.—*Paralysis*.—Complete *mortification of some parts*.

SKIN.—Sallow, lead-coloured, flaccid and shrivelled skin.—Rough and dry skin.—Torpor and insensibility of the skin.—*Miliary eruption*, especially on the chest and nape of the neck.—*Sub-cutaneous crawling*.—General *desquamation of the epidermis*.—*Petechiæ*.—*Furunculi*.—Black, gangrenous pustules.—Sanguineous vesicles, which become gangrenous.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep and coma*.—Deep, lethargic sleep.—*Sleeplessness*, with agitation and dry heat.—*Coma*, with delirium, starts and fright.

FEVER.—Violent shivering, followed by burning heat, with violent thirst.—*Excessive coldness in the back, abdomen and limbs.—°Dry heat, with quick pulse, agitation and sleeplessness.—°Small, suppressed pulse.—*Cold perspiration.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Discouragement and timidity.—*Sadness and melancholy.—*Great anguish.—*Furor*, with

desire to jump into the water.—Madness and inclination to bite.—*Fear of death*.—Mania.—Weakness of the intellectual faculties.—Mental alienation.—*Delirium.—*Loss of consciousness*.

HEAD.—*Head confused and stupified*.—Intoxication.—**Attacks of vertigo of different kinds*, also chronic.—Head-ache with dull and painful confusion, especially *in the occiput*.—Semi-lateral head-ache.—*Falling off of the hair*.

EYES.—**Eye-balls sunk deep in the sockets*.—Pupils spasmodically contracted, or else dilated.—Convulsed eyes.—*Fixed, wild look*.—Diplopia.—Mist, spots and a veil before the sight.—Weak sight.—Sparkling before the eyes and cloudiness of sight.

EARS AND NOSE.—Humming in the ears and *hardness of hearing*.—Transient deafness.—**Epistaxis*.

FACE AND TEETH.—**Face pale, discoloured, yellow, wan, with the eyes hollow and surrounded by a blue circle*.—Distorted features.—Livid spots on the face.—Face of a dark red colour.—Swelling of the face.—*Crawling in the face*.—Lips and mouth painfully contracted.—*Trismus*.—Grinding of the teeth.—*Loosening and falling out of the teeth*.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth, with thirst.—*Hæmoptysis*.—Sanguineous or yellowish green foam before the mouth.—Tongue discoloured, brown or black, or else loaded with a thick coating.—Painful *crawling in the tongue*.—Swelling of the tongue.—*Stammering*, embarrassed, indistinct, weak speech.—Dryness of the throat.—*Burning sensation, or troublesome crawling in the throat*.—(Inflammation of the œsophagus.)

STOMACH.—Loss of taste.—**Burning, insatiable thirst*.—Insatiable hunger, especially for acid things.—Frequent eructations.—**Disgust and nausea*.—**Vomiturition and vomiting of bilious crude matter*.—Easy vomiting.—*Vomiting of food, with great debility*.—Vomiting of lumbrici.—*Vomiting of mucus*.—Vomiting of black bile.—*Pressure in the stomach*.—Cramp in the stomach.—*Excessively painful sensibility, troublesome oppression and anguish in the pit of the stomach, with ineffectual desire to vomit*.—*Burning sensation in the scorbiculus and epigastrium*.—Inflammation and cancer of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—**Abdomen excessively inflated and distended*.—Cuttings and tearing pains in the abdomen.—*Fixed, burning pains in the splenic and lumbar regions*.—*Colic, with pains in the loins and thighs, frequent eructations and vomitings*.—**Painful colic, with convulsions*.—Sensation of excessive coldness in the abdomen

and back.—*Burning sensation in the abdomen.—Borborismus.

FÆCES.—Constipation, with continued and ineffectual desire to evacuate.—*Loose, frequent evacuations, with serous, slimy, or else discoloured or brownish fæces.*—Diarrhœa of putrid smell.—**Diarrhœa*, with "sudden prostration of strength.—*Involuntary evacuations.*—Expulsion of worms.

URINE.—Suppressed secretion of urine.—"Scanty, hot, burning urine.—Emission of urine drop by drop, difficult and scanty, with continued urging to urinate.—White urine, *clear like water.*—Increased secretion of urine.—*Hæmorrhagia* from the uterus.—**Catamenia too profuse and of too long duration*, sometimes attended with violent spasms.—*Metrorrhagia*, of a black, liquid blood, flowing especially during a slight movement, sometimes with crawling in the legs and great debility.—*Miscarriage.*—Defective contraction of the uterus, after miscarriage.—Swelling and warts on the mouth of the uterus, which is partially open.—Sanguineous congestion to the uterus.—Lochia scanty, and fetid, or of too long duration and sanguineous.

CHEST.—Voice hoarse and hollow.—Anxious and obstructed respiration, with sighs and sobs.—Dyspnœa and oppression of the chest.—*Suffocating oppression in the chest*, with cramp in the diaphragm.—Violent *spasmodic palpitation of the heart.*

TRUNK.—*Crawling and insensibility in the back.*—Stiffness of the nape of the neck.—Sensation of coldness in the back.—*Profuse miliary eruption on the nape of the neck*, *and chest.

ARMS.—Spasmodic contraction of the arm, with drawing in it.—*Burning sensation in the hands.*—Swelling of the hands which are covered with black pustules.—*Œdematous swelling of the wrist.*—Distortion of the hands.—*Tingling in the ends of the fingers*, with torpor and insensibility in them.—Contraction, distortion and retraction of the fingers.—*Sphacelus of the fingers.*

LEGS.—Lassitude and soreness in the legs.—Contraction of the legs and toes.—**Troublesome cramps in the calves of the legs and soles of the feet*, especially at night.—*Burning sensation in the feet.*—Distortion of the feet.—*Swelling of the feet*, with black pustules.—Mortification of the toes.—*Crawling in the toes.*

162.—SELENIUM.

SEL.—Selenium.—HERING.—*Duration of effect*: from 5 to 6 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Ign. puls.—Vin. and chin. aggravate the sufferings.

COMPARE WITH : Carb. cinnab. graph. ign. lach. merc. nitr-ac. puls. rubr. sulph. thuy. Selen., when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious after *cinnab.*

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pains in all the limbs, as if caused by a chill.—Excessive *emaciation*, especially of the face, hand and legs.—Cinchona produces severe sufferings, and aggravates those that are already in existence to an insupportable extent.—*Great desire to lie down and to sleep*, especially during the heat of the day.—*Aggravation of the symptoms after sleep*.—*Inability to bear a current of air*.

SKIN.—Frequent crawling in circumscribed parts of the skin, with great desire to scratch.—Miliary eruption.—*Long continued running from parts which have been scratched*.—Flat ulcers.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep early in the evening, with imperfect sleep and frequent waking during the night.—Retarded sleep in the evening.—Jerks in the body, when going to sleep.—*Light sleep at night*, and waking from the least noise.—*Waking early in the morning and always at the same hour*.—Dreams of quarrels and unnatural cruelty.

FEVER.—Burning heat, extending over large portions of the skin (of the chest, abdomen, loins and ribs).—Constant alternation of heat and cold.—*Tendency to too profuse perspiration*, when walking or sleeping in the afternoon.—Perspiration (on the chest, under the axillæ) which causes white spots on the linen and stiffens it.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Religious and melancholy fanaticism*.—*Great loquacity*.—Excessive forgetfulness, especially with regard to business.—Absolute incapacity to execute any labour whatever.

HEAD.—The head becomes fatigued with intellectual labour.—Vertigo when rising.—Head-ache, every afternoon.—*Head-ache after drinking lemonade, wine or tea*.—Violent attacks of lancinating pains in the head, above the eye, with desire to lie down, tenderness of the exterior of the head, scanty emission of urine, anorexia and melancholy, excited by walking and strong smells.—Falling out of the hair, when combing it.—Pain in the hairy scalp, as if the hair were pulled out.

EYES—NOSE.—Pains in the depth of the sockets.—Itching vesicles in the eye-brows and on the margin of the eye-lids.—Falling out of the eye-brows.—Increased secretion of cerumen, which becomes hard in the ear and causes deafness.—Itching in the nose, and on the margins of the wings of the nostrils.—Desire to put the fingers into the nose.—Obstruction of the nose.—Fluent coryza in the evening.—Yellow, thick, gelatinous mucus in the nose.

FACE—THROAT.—Greasiness of the skin of the face.—Jerking in the muscles of the face.—Cracked upper-lip.—Odontalgia, which forces one to use the toothpick, till the blood comes.—Boring in the molares.—The teeth become hard, smooth, and jar when they are rubbed.—Dryness in the throat.—Pain under the root of the tongue.—Tongue, hard and loaded with a thick white coating in the morning.

APPETITE.—Sweetish, disagreeable taste after smoking.—Anorexia in the morning.—Hunger at night.—Dislike to salt things.—*Frequent desire for brandy.*—Hiccough and eructations after smoking.—*Throbbing of the arteries* in the whole body, *especially in the abdomen*, after a meal.

ABDOMINAL REGION AND FÆCES.—*Pain in the liver*, especially *when inspiring*, extending to the renal region, with sensibility to external pressure.—Red, itching miliary eruption on the hepatic region.—Violent shootings in the spleen, when walking.—Constipation.—Hard evacuations, followed by a discharge of mucus or of blood.—Discharge of liquid fæces with tenesmus.—Filaments, like hairs, in the fæces.

URINE.—Urine scanty and dark coloured.—*Urine red in the evening.*—Red sediment, like coarse sand, in the urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Tickling and itching in the genital organs, especially in the scrotum.—*Impotence*, with lascivious ideas.—Pollutions, with flaccidity of the penis.—Discharge of semen, drop by drop, during sleep.—*Flow of prostatic fluid*, during evacuation and at other times.—Serous and scentless semen.—Slow, feeble erection and too prompt emission during coition.—Debility and peevishness after coition.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness when beginning to sing.—Hawking up of mucus and of small clots of blood.—Cough in the morning which fatigues the whole chest, with expectoration of blood and small globules of mucus.—Respiration obstructed, when walking in the open air.—Frequent want to breathe deeply, as when sighing.—Respiration obstructed at night when lying down, by pains in the chest, side and loins.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Sensation of paralysis in the loins.—Rigidity of the muscles of the neck and nape, which prevents turning the head.—Miliary in the fore-arm.—Nocturnal tearing in the hands.—Itching on the wrist, in the palms of the hands, as well as on and between the fingers.—Scabious pimples on the hand.—Emaciation of the hands.—Itching pimples on the buttocks and thighs, near the scrotum.—Emaciation of the legs.—The knees crack

when they are bent.—Flat ulcers on the legs.—*Itching in the feet, especially round the ankles, in the evening.*

163.—SENEGA.

SENEG.—Rattlesnake root, milk-wort.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect: for 5 weeks in chronic affections.*

ANTIDOTES : Arn. bell. bry. camph.

COMPARE WITH : Arn. ars. bar. bell. bry. canth. euphr. squill. stann. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be;—*Affections of the mucous membranes*; affections of plethoric persons with relaxed fibres; Anasarca and dropsy of the internal organs?; Internal inflammations; Wounds from the bite of venomous animals; Catarrhall and mucous anginae?; Grippe; Chronic laryngitis?; Laryngeal phthisis?; Blenorrhœa of the lungs; Mucous phthisis?; Pneumonia?; Hydrothorax?; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Sensation of great general lassitude*, with trembling, especially in the lower limbs.—*Great moral and physical depression*, with stretching of the limbs, heaviness, emptiness and throbbing in the head.—*Great weakness*, which seems to proceed from the chest.—*Fainting*, when walking in the open air.—Several sufferings, especially those of the chest, are aggravated by repose, and mitigated by walking in the open air.—*Great desire to sleep in the evening*, and *deep, lethargic sleep* soon after going to bed.—*Sleep*, disturbed by affections of the chest, or else by cramps in the stomach, towards morning.—*Frequent shivering*, proceeding from lassitude in the limbs.—*Shuddering in the back*, with heat in the face, burning sensation in the eyes, dyspnœa, shootings in the chest, and throbbings in the head.—*Hypochondriacal melancholy*, with *great readiness to be offended*.—*Excessive anguish*, often with accelerated and hasty respiration.—**Gaiety*, with irritability and disposition to give oneself up to paroxysms of rage and fury.

HEAD.—Head bewildered with dizziness.—*Confusion and emptiness in the head*, with pressure over the eyes.—*Vertigo*, with noise in the ears.—*Head-ache*, which affects the eyes, at the same time is aggravated by the heat of a room and mitigated in the open or in the cold air.—*Pressive cephalalgia*, in the forehead and sockets of the eyes.—*Drawing in the sinciput and temples*, as far as the face.—*Sanguineous congestion to the head and eyes*, when stooping.—

Pulsative cephalalgia, with pressure in the eyes.—*Shuddering and itching on the hairy scalp.*—Eruption on the head.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes as if they were enlarged and forced outwards from the sockets.—*Pressure in the eyes in the evening, especially by candle-light and when stooping.*—Congestion of the blood to the eyes, when stooping.—Burning sensation in the eyes when reading and writing (in the evening).—Swelling of the eye-lids with burning pressure and creeping.—Dryness of the eyes.—*Lachrymation* in the open air and when gazing at an object.—*Accumulation of dry mucus, on the eye-lids, in the morning.*—Jerking and spasmodic drawing in the eye-lids.—Lower eye-lids convulsively contracted.—Staring look.—Opacity of the cornea.—*Amblyopia*, with the appearance of a bright light before the eyes, increased by rubbing them.—Confusion of the letters, and dazzling, when reading.—All objects appear to be enveloped in shade.—Brilliant spots before the sight.—Photophobia.

EARS AND NOSE.—*Pressure in the ears, during mastication.*—Painful acuteness of hearing.—Itching in the interior of the nose.—*Smell of pus in the nose.*—Sneezing, with pain as if from excoriation in the chest.—Troublesome dryness of the nose.

FACE AND TEETH.—Sensation, as if the muscles of the face were paralyzed.—*Burning vesicles on the commissuræ of the lips* and on the upper lip.—The teeth are set on edge.—Digging in the teeth, when inspiring (damp and cold air).

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth, especially in the morning.*—*Copious secretion of saliva.*—Putrid breath.—Tongue loaded with a white coating.—Burning sensation on the tongue and in the palate.

THROAT.—Sore-throat, as if it were excoriated and raw.—*Scraping, burning sensation and dryness in the throat, with irritation, which excites cough, and embarrassed speech.*—Sensation of constriction in the gullet.—*Inflammatory swelling of the palate and uvula.*—*Copious accumulation of viscous mucus in the throat and palate, which is detached in small clots.*

APPETITE.—Food has less flavour.—*Metallic taste in the mouth, or taste like that of urine.*—Clammy taste in the mouth.—*Anorexia, especially in the morning.*—Gnawing hunger, with sensation of emptiness in the stomach.—*Burning thirst.*

STOMACH.—Eructations.—Disgust and nausea, with desire to vomit, *which seems to proceed from the stomach, with vomituration.*—Vomiting, with diarrhœa and great anguish.

—*Spasms in the stomach with pressive pain, also at night.*—*Burning sensation in the stomach.*—*Sensation of emptiness in the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Boring and digging pains in the abdomen, especially in the epigastrium and hypochondria.*—*Gnawing in the hypogastrium.*—*Burning and squeezing in the epigastrium, when inspiring.*—*Drawing between the integuments of the abdomen, as if caused by a foreign body.*—*Flatulent affections, with a sensation as if all were borne down towards the hypogastrium.*

FÆCES.—*Slow, hard and scanty evacuation, with effort, and followed by pressure on the anus and rectum.*—*Frequent, loose evacuations of the consistence of pap.*

URINE.—*Diminished secretion of urine.*—*Increased secretion of urine.*—*Wetting the bed at night.*—*Urine frothy, or mixed with slimy filaments, and becoming turbid and cloudy, when it cools.*—*Reddish sediment, with flakes of mucus in the urine.*—*Sensation, as if the urethra were obstructed, when urinating.*—*Shootings and burning sensation in the urethra, after and during the emission of urine.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Increased sexual desire, with painful erections.*—*Slimy leucorrhœa.*

LARYNX.—*Great dryness of the larynx, especially in the morning and forenoon.*—*Hoarseness and roughness in the throat.*—*°Tickling and burning sensation in the larynx, especially when lying down, with danger of suffocation.*—*Abundant accumulation of mucus in the larynx and trachea, with short respiration.*—*Dry and shaking cough, excited by a tickling in the larynx, more violent in the open air.*—*Expectoration of transparent and yellow mucus when coughing.*—*Cough, with profuse expectoration of viscous mucus.*

CHEST.—*Dyspnœa, with sensation of stagnation in the lungs.*—*Short breath, when walking quickly and going up stairs.*—*Troublesome oppression of the chest, especially in the open air, and when stooping, as if the thorax were too narrow.*—*Pressure in the chest, especially during repose, and in the morning or at night, on waking.*—*Great tenderness in the interior coats of the chest, when touched.*—*Squeezing and spasmodic pains in the chest, with agitation and anxiety, especially when lying on the side.*—*Shootings in the chest, especially when coughing and taking an inspiration.*—*Pain, as if from excoriation in the chest, aggravated by external pressure, movement, coughing and sneezing.*—*Drawing and burning sensation in the chest.*—*Creeping in the chest.*—*Violent congestion of blood to the chest, with pulsation and ebullition, even causing syncope.*

—Violent, shaking palpitation of the heart.—Pressure and boring in the region of the heart.—The major part of the *sufferings are more violent during repose* and do not obstruct respiration.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pressure and drawing in the back and shoulder-blades, as well as between and under the shoulder-blades.—Burning sensation and sub-cutaneous itching over the whole back.—Paralytic drawing in the fore-arms, extending as far as the fingers.—Wrenching pain in the joint of the hand.—*Sensation of excessive lassitude in the legs, with sensation of paralysis in the joints.*—Wrenching pain in the hip-joint.—Trembling in the legs.

164.—SENN.

SENN.—Senna.—A medicine as yet very little known, but which has been recommended against *sleeplessness and colic in new-born infants*.

SYMPTOMS.—*Ebullition of blood*, especially at night, disturbing the sleep.—**Sleeplessness*, with cries and tossing, especially in nurses.—Heaviness of the head, when stooping, as if it were depressed.—Pain in the nape of the neck when raising the head.—Commissuræ of the lips, covered with small burning vesicles.—Anorexia.—Thirst.—Empty or watery and fetid eructations.—Disgust and nausea, with desire to vomit.—**Colic*, especially in *little children*.—Sensation of coldness in the abdomen, with emptiness and uneasiness in the stomach.—Accumulated flatulence, with rumbling and fermentation in the abdomen and discharge of fetid flatus.—*Loose evacuation* with tenesmus, and followed by a burning sensation in the anus.

165.—SEPIA.

SEP.—The juice of the cuttle-fish.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 7 to 8 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Acetum. acon. nitr-spir. tart.—*It is used as an antidote against*: Calc-ph. chin. merc. sassap. ? sulph.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. ambr. ant. ars. bar. bell. carb-v. caus. cham. chin. coff. con. fer. graph. ign. led. lyc. merc. natr. natr-m. nitr-ac. n-mos. n-rom petr. phos. phos-ac. plumb. puls. rhod. rhus sabad. sass. sil. sulph. tart. veratr. zinc.—Sepia, when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious after:—Caus. led. merc. puls. sil. and sulph.—After Sepia: Carb-v. caus. puls. are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—*Affections of females*, and especially women of a weak constitution, having a delicate and tender skin; Affections of the capillary vessels and of the nervous system; Affections

caused by vexation ; Physical and nervous debility caused by onanism ; Scrofulous (and rachitic ?) affections ; Obstruction and inflammation of the glands ; Lymphatic, inflammatory tumours ; Rheumatic affections, especially in persons who have grown fast ; Chronic eruptions and herpes ; Scabies ; Livid spots on pregnant or nervous women ; Scirrhus indurations ; Warts ; Intermittent fevers ; Mania ; Hysteria ; Nervous and hysterical cephalalgia ; *Megrim* ; Scald-head ; Scrofulous and other ophthalmia ; Amblyopia amaurotica ; Nasal hæmorrhagia ; Crusta lactea ; Stomacace and scorbutic affections of the gums ! ; *Odontalgia*, especially in hysterical or pregnant women ; Chronic disposition to angina ; Dyspepsia, sourness, gastralgia and other gastric affections ; *Enlargement of the abdomen in old women* ; Ascites ; Diarrhœa, also in scrofulous subjects ; Blenorrhœa of the rectum ? ; Chronic constipation ; Chronic gonorrhœa ; Pollutions in consequence of onanism ; Dysmenia of young girls ; *Dysmenorrhœa* ; Metrorrhagia ; *Amenorrhœa* ; Chlorosis ? ; *Leucorrhœa* ; *Odontalgia*, constipation or diarrhœa, gastric affections, with vomiting, yellow spots on the skin, and other sufferings of pregnant women ; Disposition to abortion ; Excoriation of the mammae ; Excoriation of infants ; Cough of different kinds ; Hooping-cough ? ; Pneumonia ? Hæmoptysis ; Phthisical sufferings ; Panaritium, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Shootings and pricking pains* in the limbs and other parts of the body.—**Burning pains* in different parts of the body.—**Tension* in the limbs as if they were too short.—Drawing and tearing in the limbs and joints.—Pains, which are mitigated by external heat.—Pains, by fits, with shuddering.—**Wrenching pain*, especially when exerting the part affected, and also at night in the heat of the bed.—**Rheumatic pains* with swelling of the parts affected, perspiration easily excited, chilliness or shivering, alternating with heat.—**Great disturbance caused by vexation*.—**Easy numbness* of the limbs (arms and legs) especially after manual labour.—Stiffness and want of flexibility in the joints.—Easy wrenching and spraining of the limbs.—**Tendency to suffer strains*.—**Commotions and jerks in the limbs*, night and day.—**Jerking* in the muscles.—Attacks of uneasiness and hysterical spasms.—Swelling and suppuration of the glands.—Aggravation and renewal of several sufferings, during and immediately after a meal.—*The symptoms disappear during every violent exercise, except on horseback, and are aggravated*

during repose, as also *in the evening*, at night, in the heat of the bed, (and in the forenoon.)—Painful sensibility of the whole body.—Drawing in all the limbs.—*Frequent stretchings.—**Uneasiness and throbbing in all the limbs*, with agitation, which admits of no rest in any place.—**Violent ebullition of blood*, also during the night, with pulsation in the whole body.—General swelling of the body, with shortness of breath, without thirst.—Heaviness and physical indolence.—Want of stability in the limbs.—*Paroxysms of weakness and hysterical or other forms of syncope.—Fainting fits.—*Lassitude with trembling.—**Want of vigour*, sometimes only *on waking*.—*Speedy fatigue, when walking in the open air.—**Great tendency to take cold*, and sensitiveness to cold air, especially to the north wind.—Feverish shivering, syncope and afterwards coryza, after getting wet.

SKIN.—Excessive tenderness of the skin.—Itching in different parts, which changes to a burning sensation.—Itching and eruption of pimples on the joints.—*Excoriation, especially about the joints.—Dry and itching *eruptions*, like scabies.—**Brown*, or red-wine coloured, or else *reddish and liver spots*, on the skin.—Circular desquamation (annular herpes).—*Moist, scabious herpes, with itching and burning sensation.—*Furunculi*.—*Obstructed glands.—Scirrhus indurations.—*Eruption of vesicles, like pemphigus.—Itching, lancinating, burning, or sometimes *indolent ulcers*.—Corns on the feet, with shooting pain.—Deformity of the nails.—*Liver spots.

SLEEP.—**Great desire to sleep during the day*, and early in the evening.—Attacks of coma, returning in a tertian type.—Retarded sleep in the evening.—Sleeplessness from over-excitement—Early waking and lying awake for a long time.—**Frequent waking*, without apparent cause.—**Agitated sleep*, with violent ebullition of blood, continued tossing, fantastic, *anxious*, *frightful dreams*, and frequent starts, with fright.—One fancies to hear oneself called during sleep.—*Unrefreshing sleep; sensation in the morning, as from not having slept enough.—**Lascivious dreams*.—Talking, cries and jerking of the limbs, during sleep.—Wanderings, anguish, feverish heat and agitation in the body, tooth-ache, colic, cough, and many other sufferings at night.

FEVER.—Shuddering during the pains.—**Want of vital heat*.—Frequent shivering, especially in the open air in the evening.—**Paroxysm of heat (transient)*, especially when seated and walking in the open air, as also when angry, or engaged in important conversation.—Paroxysm of heat

(and of shivering) with thirst.—Continued heat with redness of the face and violent thirst.—*Fever, with thirst, during the shivering*, pains in the limbs, icy coldness of the hands and feet and deadness of the fingers.—*Perspiration while seated.*—**Profuse perspiration from the slightest movement.*—**Nocturnal perspiration, sometimes cold.*—*Perspiration in the morning, sometimes of an acid smell.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Sadness and dejection with tears.*—**Melancholy and moroseness.*—**Anguish and inquietude, sometimes with a flush of heat, generally in the evening, and sometimes in bed.*—*Great uneasiness respecting the state of one's health.*—*Pensiveness.*—**Great tendency to be frightened.*—**Discouragement, often to such an extent as to be disgusted with life.*—**Indifference to every thing, even to relations.*—*Repugnance to accustomed business.*—*Susceptibility and peevishness, with great inclination to anger and rage.*—*Quarrelsome and caustic disposition.*—**Weakness of memory.*—*Distraction.*—*Aptness to make mistakes in speaking and writing.*—**Unfitness for intellectual labour.*—*Slow march of ideas.*

HEAD.—**Bewilderment of the head.*—*Attacks of vertigo, especially when walking in the open air, or when writing, or else after the slightest movement of the arms.*—*Vertigo, as if all objects were in motion, or as if something were rolling round in the head.*—*Vertigo in the morning, on rising, or in the afternoon.*—**Attacks of head-ache, with nausea, vomiting and shooting or boring pains which force one to cry out.*—*Head-ache every morning.*—**Head-ache, which renders the act of opening of the eyes oppressive.*—*Head-ache with excessive desire for coition.*—*Cephalalgia, when shaking or moving the head, and also at every step, as if the brain were shaken about.*—*Semi-lateral head-ache, sometimes in the evening, after lying down, preceded by heaviness of the head.*—**Heaviness of the head.*—**Pressive cephalalgia above the eyes, in the clear day-light.*—**Expansive pressure in the head, sometimes when stooping, as if it were about to burst.*—*Contraction in the head.*—**Drawing and tearing in and on the head, sometimes semi-lateral.*—*Lancinating cephalalgia, often semi-lateral or frontal.*—*Jerks and shocks in the head.*—**Throbbing cephalalgia, especially in the occiput.*—**Violent congestion of blood to the head, with heat, especially when stooping.*—*Coldness of the exterior of the head.*—**Involuntary trembling and shocks in the head.*—*Mobility of the hairy scalp.*—**Itching on the head.*—**Humid scabs on the head.*—*Falling off of the hair.*—*Swelling of the head, especially of the forehead.*

EYES.—**Heaviness and depression of the upper eye-lid.*

—**Pressure on the eye-balls.*—Itching and smarting in the eyes and eye-lids.—Pricking in the eyes by candle-light in the evening.—Burning sensation in the eyes, especially in the morning on waking.—**Inflammation of the eyes*, with redness of the sclerotica and *shootings*.—*Inflammation, redness and swelling of the eye-lids*, with styas.—°Pustules on the cornea.—*Swelling of the eyes, °especially in the morning on waking.—Scabs in the eye-brows.—Glassy, watery eyes in the evening.—Fungous hemætodes on the cornea.—Dry scabs on the eye-lids, especially on waking in the morning.—Yellow colour of the sclerotica.—Lachrymation, especially in the morning, or **nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids*.—Quivering and jerking of the eye-lids.—°Paralysis of the eye-lids, and *inability to open them*, especially *at night*.—Confused sight when reading and writing.—°*Presbyopia*.—°Weakness of sight, as if from amaurosis, with contracted pupils.—**Appearance of a veil, black spots, points and streaks of light before the eyes*.—Green reflection round the candle in the evening.—**Great sensitiveness of the eyes to the light of day*.

EARS.—Otalgia.—*Shootings in the ears*.—Pain in the ear, as if from excoriation.—Swelling and purulent eruption in the external ear.—Herpes on the lobe of the ear.—Discharge of liquid pus from the ear, with itching.—°Excessive acuteness of hearing for music.—°Hardness of hearing.—Sudden deafness, as if caused by a plug in the ears.—*Buzzing and roaring before the eyes*.—°Herpes behind the ears and on the nape of the neck.

Nose.—**Swelling and inflammation of the nose*, especially *at the extremity*.—Scabs on the tip of the nose.—*Scabby and ulcerated nostrils*.—Hardened mucus in the nose.—*Epistaxis* ; and *frequent blowing of blood*, °also after being overheated in the slightest degree, or after the most trifling contusion on the nose.—°*Anosmia*.—°Fetid smell in the nose.—**Obstruction or troublesome dryness of the nose*.—*Dry coryza.—Dry mucus, which causes an obstruction in the nose.—Violent fluent coryza, with sneezing, pain in the occiput and drawing in the limbs.

FACE.—*Paleness of the face*, with blue circles round the eyes, which are red and dull.—**Yellow colour of the face*.—°Face emaciated.—°*Yellow streak on the nose and cheeks in the form of a saddle*.—Violent heat in the face.—Pale bloatedness of the face.—°Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of one side of the face (arising from a carious tooth).—Inflammatory swelling of the face, with scurfy pimples, thickly grouped.—°Herpes and scurf on the face.

—°Warts on the face.—Black pores on the face.—Itching and eruption on the face and forehead; sometimes with redness and roughness of the skin.—Tumours on the forehead.—Drawing facial pains.—Spasmodic pain and tearing in the bones of the face.—°Dryness and exfoliation of the lips.—Tension of the lower lip.—Yellow colour and herpetic eruption round the mouth.—Moist and scabious eruptions on the red part of the lips and on the chin.—Painful ulcer on the internal surface of the lips.—Obstruction and painful sensitiveness of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—Odontalgia when compressing the teeth, when touching them, and when speaking, as also from the slightest current of cold air.—Nocturnal odontalgia, with excessive excitement.—Pulsative, or shooting, or else drawing odontalgia, extending sometimes into the ear, or into the arms and fingers.—Tooth-ache, with impeded respiration, swelling of the cheek, obstruction of the sub-maxillary glands, and cough, or else with violent ebullition of blood, and pulsation in the whole body.—Tearing shocks in the teeth.—Bluntness, looseness, easy bleeding, and caries of the teeth.—*Swelling, excoriation, ulceration, and easy bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—Fetid breath.—Swelling of the interior of the mouth.—*Dryness of the mouth and tongue.—Saline salivation.—Pain in the tongue and palate as if burnt.—Excoriation of the tongue.—Vesicles on the tongue.—*Tongue loaded with a white coating.

THROAT.—Sore-throat, with swelling of the glands of the neck.—Pressive sensation as if there were a plug in the throat, or *pain as if from excoriation, and shootings during deglutition.—*Jerking in the throat.—Swelling and inflammation of the gullet.—Inflammation, swelling, and suppuration of the amygdalæ.—Dryness in the throat, with tension and scraping.—Clammy sensation in the throat.—Accumulation of mucus in the throat and on the velum palati.—*Hawking up of mucus, especially in the morning.—Expulsion of sanguineous mucus by hawking.

APPETITE.—Putrid or sour taste.—Too salt taste of food.—*Adipsia, or excessive thirst, especially in the morning and in the evening, sometimes with anorexia.—*Great voracity.—*Bulimy, -with sensation of emptiness in the stomach.—Eager desire for wine.—*Repugnance and dislike to food, especially to meat, and milk, -which produces diarrhœa.—Tobacco-smoke does not agree.—Disagreeable cructations with nausea after fat food.—Weak digestion.—*Sourness in the mouth, -frequent cructations, scraping and burning

sensation in the throat, pulsation in the scorbiculus, hic-cough, *inflation of the abdomen*, sweat, feverish heat, palpi-tation of the heart, cephalalgia, nausea, vomitings, pains in the stomach, &c., *after a meal*.

STOMACH.—**Frequent eructations*, generally sour or bitter, -or else like rotten eggs, or with the taste of food.—*Painful eructations*, during which blood comes into the mouth.—*Sourness*, with disgust of life.—*Nausea*, some-times *when fasting in the morning*, mitigated by eating some mouthfuls.—Nausea, with bitter taste and eructa-tions.—*Nausea from the motion of a carriage*.—°*Nausea and vomiting after a meal*.—*Vomiting of bile and of food*.—**Pains in the stomach after a meal*, sometimes in the eve-ning.—Violent pains in the cardia, while digesting food.—°Pain in the scorbiculus while walking.—**Pressure in the stomach*, as if from a stone, especially during or *after a meal*, or else at night.—*Contractive spasm in the stomach*.—*Pituita from the stomach*, especially after drinking, or preceded by a sensation of winding in the stomach.—Vom-iting of milky serum (in pregnant women).—Nocturnal vomiting, with head-ache.—Cramps in the stomach and chest.—*Tearing boring in the cardiac region*, extending as far as the loins.—**Pressive shootings in the scorbiculus and region of the stomach*.—**Burning in the stomach and scor-biculus*.—*Throbbing in the pit of the stomach*.—°*Painful sensation of emptiness in the stomach*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the liver, when riding in a carriage.—Pressure, throbbing, and *shootings in the hepa-tic region*.—°*Boring, -or tensive shootings in the hypochon-dria*, especially during movement.—Shootings in the left hypochondrium.—Pain in the abdomen when in bed in the morning.—**Pressure and heaviness in the abdomen*, with sensation of distention, as if it were about to burst.—*Ex-cessive distention of the abdomen*.—Heaviness and *hardness in the abdomen.—°*Enlargement of the abdomen (in women who have had children)*.—**Dropsical swelling of the abdo-men*.—*Abdominal spasms*, with a clawing pain as if the in-testines were twisted.—**Cutting colic*, especially *after cor-poreal exercise*, or at night, with desire to evacuate.—*Dig-ging, cuttings, and pressure in the abdomen.—Pain, as if from a bruise in the intestines.—Coldness in the abdomen.—**Burning sensation and shootings in the hypogastrium*, es-pecially the left side, and sometimes extending into the thigh.—Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen.—Lancina-tions in the inguina.—Burning spots on the abdomen.—**Movements and borborygmus in the abdomen*, especially af-

ter a meal.—Excessive production and incarceration of flatulency.

FÆCES.—**Ineffectual desire to evacuate, or with emission of slime and flatus only.*—*Slow, insufficient evacuations, like sheep-dung.—Scanty evacuations, with urging and tenesmus.—**Fæces too soft.*—Gelatinous evacuations, with gripings.—*Debilitating diarrhœa.*—*Greenish diarrhœa*, often with putrid or sour smell, or especially in children.—*Discharge of blood during the evacuation.—*Contractive pain and tension, *itching, crawling, burning sensation, and shootings in the anus and rectum.*—Oozing from the rectum.—*Slimy discharge from the rectum, with shooting and tearing pains.—**Prolapsus recti*, especially during an evacuation.—Congestion of blood to the anus.—*Protrusion of hæmorrhoides from the rectum.—Bleeding hæmorrhoides.—Excoriation between the buttocks.—Contractive pain in the perinæum.

URINE.—*Frequent desire, with inability to urinate.*—**Pressure in the vesica.*—*Emission of urine at night.—*Wetting the bed during the first sleep.*—*Dark-coloured urine, red like blood.—*Turbid urine, with red, sabulous, or brick-coloured sediment.—Profuse fetid urine, with white sediment.—Urine with a sanguineous deposit.—Cramp in the vesica.—Burning sensation in the vesica and urethra.—**Smarting in the urethra*, especially when urinating.—Cutting pains and shootings in the urethra.—Discharge of mucus from the urethra, like chronic gonorrhœa.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Profuse perspiration of the genital organs and especially of the testes.—*Itching round the genital organs.—Itching eruption on the glans and præputium.—*Pseudogonorrhœa* of an acid salt smell.—Ulcers on the glans and præputium.—*Pains in the testes.—Swelling of the scrotum.—Weakness of the genital organs.—Increased sexual desire, with frequent erections.—**Frequent pollutions.*—Discharge of prostatic fluid, after urinating and during a difficult evacuation.—Intellectual, moral, and physical fatigue after coition, and pollutions.—**Excoriation of the vulva and between the thighs*, sometimes before the catamenia.—^oInternal and external heat in the genital organs.—Contractive pain in the vagina.—Swelling, and itching, *moist eruption on the labia minora.*—**Bearing down in the uterus*, which obstructs respiration.—*Prolapsus uteri.*—*Metrorrhagia*—*Catamenia too profuse.*—*Induration of the neck of the matrix.*—*Catamenia suppressed, or too feeble, or else too early.*—Colic, before the catamenia.—*During the catamenia*, melancholy, odontalgia,

cephalalgia, and **pains in the limbs as if beaten*, or spasmodic colic and pressure towards the parts.—Sterility.—

**Leucorrhœa*, of a yellow or greenish red water, -or purulent and fetid, "sometimes with inflation of the abdomen, or shootings in the vagina.—*Itching, corrosive leucorrhœa.—Shootings in the mammæ.—*Excoriation of the mammæ —*Excoriation in children.

LARYNX.—Hoarseness with coryza.—Sensation of dryness in the trachea.—*Cough excited by a tickling* in the larynx or chest.—**Dry cough*, which seems to arise from the stomach, especially when *in bed in the evening*, and often with *nausea and bitter vomiting*.—Moist cough, after a chill.—**Cough, with copious expectoration of mucus* generally putrid, or salt, often only in the *morning or evening*, and frequently accompanied by noise, weakness and pain, as from excoriation in the chest (as if it were raw).—*Nocturnal cough, with cries, suffocation and vomituration.—*Cough like whooping cough*.—Cough excited by a tickling, and accompanied with constipation.—*Expectoration, which is detached with difficulty.—Yellow-greenish purulent expectoration during the cough.—Sanguineous expectoration, when coughing, in the *morning and evening*, with expectoration of mucus by day.—Lancinations in the chest or back during the cough.

CHEST.—**Dyspnœa*, oppression of the chest, and short breath, when walking and ascending, as well as when lying in bed, in the evening, and *at night*.—*Pain in the sides of the chest, when inspiring or coughing.—Oppression of the chest produced by obstruction of mucus, or by too profuse expectoration.—*Pain in the chest from movement.—*Pressure in the chest, especially when in bed in the evening.—Heaviness, fulness and tension in the chest.—*Pain in the chest, as from excoriation.—Cramps in the chest.—*Shootings and prickings in the chest and its sides*, sometimes when inspiring or coughing, as well as from intellectual exertion.—**Ebullition of blood in the chest, and violent palpitation of the heart*.—Intermittent palpitation of the heart.—Brownish spots on the chest.

TRUNK.—**Pains in the loins and back*, with burning tearing.—*Throbbing in the loins.—Weakness in the loins when walking.—*Cutting pains, pressure, digging and spasmodic *tearings in the back*.—**Rigidity of the back and nape of the neck*.—Shivering in the back.—Brownish spots on the back.—Reddish herpetic spots above the hip and on both sides of the neck.—Itching eruption on the back.—*Tetters on the nape of the neck and behind the ears.—

Vinous red spots on the neck and under the chin.—Furunculus on the neck.—Perspiration under the axillæ.—Swelling and suppuration of the axillary glands.—Humid herpes under the axillæ.

ARMS.—*Wrenching pain in the shoulder-joint, especially when lifting or holding an object.—Lassitude in the arms.—Sensation of stiffness or coldness in the arms, as if they were paralyzed.—**Drawing paralytic pain* in the arm and shoulder-joint, extending as far as the fingers.—*Shootings in the arms and wrist-joint*, after fatiguing or moving those parts.—**Painful tension in the arms* and elbow and finger-joints, as if caused by contraction.—Inflammatory, deep-red, hard, marbled swelling in the middle of the arms.—Pustules on the arms, with violent itching.—**Stiffness of the elbow and wrist joints*.—Brownish spots, herpetic and itching scabs on the elbow.—*Itching vesicles on the back of the hand and points of the fingers.—Herpes on the back of the hands.—Swelling of the hand, with eruption of vesicles, like pemphigus.—Shootings in the wrist when moving the hand.—Burning heat in the palms of the hands.—Cold sweat on the hands.—**Malignant scabies and scabs on the hands*.—Arthritic drawing and shootings in the finger-joints.—Distortion of the fingers.—Painless ulcers on the joints and on the points of the fingers.—Warts on the hands.—Flaws on the fingers.—Deformed nails.—*Panaritium, with throbbing and shooting pains.

LEGS.—*Pain in the hips, with tearing shootings.—Pain in the buttocks and thighs after sitting for some time.—**Paralytic weakness of the legs*, especially after a paroxysm of passion.—**Stiffness of the legs*, extending as far as the hip-joint, after sitting a short time, *—Coldness of the legs and feet.—Swelling of the legs and feet.—Cramp in the thighs when walking.—**Tearing lancinations or shocks in the thighs and tibia*, so as to cause one to cry out.—Furunculi on the thigh and hams.—Drawing and tearing shootings in the knees, hams and heels.—Painful swelling of the knees.—**Stiffness in the knee and ankle joints*.—**Cramps in the calves of the legs*, sometimes at night.—Uneasiness in the legs in the evening.—Itching pimples on the legs and insteps.—Drawing pain in the legs and great toes.—Shootings in the tibia and instep.—Sensation in the legs, as if a mouse were running over them.—*Jerking in the feet when sleeping.—Ulcers on the instep.—Stiffness in the heels and joints of the feet, as if from contraction.—Pricking and burning sensation of the feet.—*Crawling and numbness in the soles of the feet.—Profuse, or else suppressed perspiration of the feet.—Ulcers

on the heel, arising from corrosive vesicles.—Indolent ulcers on the joints and points of the toes.—*Corns on the feet with shooting pain.—Deformity of the toe nails.

166.—SILICEA.

SIL.—Silicious earth.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 7 to 8 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. hep.—*It is used as an antidote against*: Merc. sulph. (psorinum.)

COMPARE WITH: Alum. am-c. bar-c. bell. calc. carb-an. carb-v. chin. cin. cycl. graph. hep. kal. lach. lyc. magn. merc. natr. petrol. phos. puls. ran. rhod. rhus. sass. sep. spig. sulph. veratr.—Silicea, when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious after: Calc. hep. lyc. sulph.—After silicea: Hep. lach. lyc. sep. are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the totality of symptoms, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—Bad effects from the abuse of mercury; Hysterical sufferings; Physical weakness in children, with difficulty in learning to walk; Paralysis; Epilepsy; Nervous excitement, with sleeplessness; Chronic rheumatic and arthritic affections; Phlegmonous inflammations; Lymphatic tumours; Scrofulous and rachitic affections also with enlargement of the head, and slow closing up of the fontanello; Obstruction, inflammation, induration and ulceration of the glands; Inflammation, softening, ulceration and other diseases of the bones; Abscess; Scirrhus induration; Ulcers, almost of all kinds, especially in squalid, cachectic persons, and those who are addicted to spirituous drinks; Scrofulous, mercurial and scorbutic ulcers; Cancerous ulcers; Hydarthra?; Hysteria; Megrin; Vertigo; Scald-head; Falling off of the hair in consequence of acute diseases; Fungous hemætodes in the eye; Ulcers on the cornea; Cataract; Amblyopia amaurotica; Hardness of hearing; Cancer in the lips; Fever during dentition; Bulimy, pituita in the stomach, gastralgia, dyspepsia, and other gastric affections; Hepatic abscess; Vermiculous affections, especially in scrofulous subjects; Chronic gonorrhœa; Hydrocele, especially in scrofulous subjects; Excoriated mammæ; Ulceration and also cancerous affections of the mammæ; Chronic coryza and obstinate disposition to take cold in the head; Phthisical sufferings; Inflammatory swelling of the knee; Panarium; Paralysis of the hands, also in leprous subjects; &c., &c.

See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Drawing, tearing and shootings in the limbs (arms and legs).—Nocturnal shootings in all the joints.—*Liability of the limbs to become

numbed.—*Pain, as if beaten, and paralytic weakness in the limbs, especially in the evening.—*Tendency to suffer a strain.—*Cramps in the arms and legs.—*Swelling and *induration of the glands*, generally without pain, but sometimes with troublesome itching.—*Jerks in the limbs, day and night.—**Epileptic fits*.—Several affections and pains are aggravated and *manifest themselves at night* and in the evening, and also when moving.—**Aggravation of the symptoms at the new or 'full moon*.—Pains on change of weather—*Uneasiness in the whole body after sitting long*.—Ebullition of blood and thirst after drinking wine.—Excessive emaciation.—Children are slow in learning to walk.—Careless, slovenly gait.—Weakness of the joints (they give way when walking).—*Lassitude and trembling in the limbs, especially in the morning.—*General inertia and *great nervous debility*.—°Syncope when one lies on the side.—Great fatigue, lassitude and desire to sleep on the approach of a storm.—**Great tendency to suffer from chills, even from only uncovering the feet*.

SKIN.—*Painful sensation of the skin*.—*Itching often with crawling or shooting over the whole body.—Eruption like varicella over the whole body.—°Tuberous moist spots on the skin.—*Lymphatic tumours and abscesses, also with fistulous ulcers.—Obstruction and induration of the glands.—°Inflammation, softening and ulceration of the bones.—°Scirrhus indurations.—°Fistulous, putrid, phagedenic, and fungous ulcers, with proud flesh or fetid and corroding sanies.—*Mild and malignant suppurations*, especially in membranous parts.—Unhealthy skin; every injury tends to ulceration.—*Pressure, itching, smarting and boring *shootings* in the ulcers.—Furunculi.—°Carbuncles of a malignant kind.—°Ganglions.—Warts.—**Panaritium*.

SLEEP.—**Excessive sleepiness*, without being able to go to sleep.—*Frequent yawnings.—*Sleep early in the evening*.—*Retarded sleep.—°Sleep too light at night, like dozing.—**Sleeplessness*, caused especially by *ebullition of blood, heat in the head*, and great flow of ideas.—*Frightful visions at night and *many anxious and fantastic dreams*, with tears, talking, cries and frequent waking with a start.—**Jerking of the body during sleep*.—Lascivious dreams.—*Snoring while sleeping.—Nightmare.—*Somnambulism*.—Dreams of robbers, assassins, dogs, voyages, spectres, &c.—*Congestion of blood to the head, with pulsative pains and throbbing in the brain, pain in the stomach, nausea and vomiting, or shootings in all the joints, dryness of the nose, and many other sufferings, at night.

FEVER.—**Excessively chilly disposition*, and shuddering with frequent shiverings, also from the least movement.—Frequent heat, sometimes transient —*Fever, with excessive heat*, generally without shivering and with little perspiration, commonly from ten in the morning till eight in the evening.—*Perspiration during a moderate walk.—**Profuse perspiration at night*, °sometimes of an acid smell.—°Debilitating perspiration in the morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholy and desire to weep.—Nostalgia.—**Anxiety and agitation* —Taciturnity; one is concentrated in oneself.—*Inquietude and ill-humour for the least thing, °arising from excessive nervous debility.—Scruples of conscience.—*Great liability to be frightened, especially by noise.—*Discouragement —**Moroseness*, ill-humour and despair, with rooted dislike of life.—*Disposition to fly into a rage, obstinacy and great irritability.—°Repugnance to labour.—°Apathy and indifference.—Weakness of memory.—*Incapacity for reflection.—Great distraction.—Tendency to misapply words when speaking.—°Fixed ideas; one thinks only of pains, fears them, searches for them, and constantly counts them.

HEAD.—**Cloudiness*.—*The head is fatigued by intellectual labour* (reading, writing or reflecting).—*Dizziness, °especially in the evening, as if one were intoxicated.—**Vertigo of different kinds*, especially in the morning, and principally when lifting up the eyes, or when riding in a carriage, and also when stooping, or after moral emotions.—*Vertigo with nausea and vomituration*, or else which mounts from the back to the nape of the neck and head.—*Vertigo, which causes one to fall backwards.—**Pain, which mounts from the nape of the neck into the vertex*, sometimes hindering sleep, at night.—°Cephalalgia when over-heated.—Cephalalgia, with shivering, lassitude and desire to lie down.—**Head-ache, every morning*.—*Pressure in the head*, with ill-humour and heaviness in all the limbs, sometimes in the morning.—**Heaviness of the head*; the forehead seems ready to split, sometimes every day, from morning till evening.—*Tension and pressure in the head, as if it were about to burst.—Drawings in the head, which seem to go out at the forehead.—**Tearing pains in the head*, °often semi-lateral, with shootings which seem to pass through the eyes, and extend into the bones of the face and the teeth, or which manifest themselves every morning, with *heat in the head, principally in the forehead.—*Lancinations in the head*, especially in the temples.—**Throbbing cephalalgia*, generally from congestion of blood to the head.—Painful

shocks in the head.—Movements and whirling in the head, as if every thing in it were alive.—Shaking and vibration in the brain, at every step.—The head-aches are aggravated principally by intellectual labour, talking and stooping.—Clouded sight after the pains in the head.—Painful sensitiveness of the exterior of the head to the least touch.—*Perspiration on the head in the evening.*—Tuberous elevations on the hairy scalp.—Violent itching in the hairy scalp.—*Moist scald-head, *which itches.*—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes in the morning, as if arising from too great dryness, or from sand being introduced into them.—Pressure and smarting in the eyes and eye-lids.—Shootings, which seem to issue forth through the eyes.—**Itching, smarting and burning in the eyes.*—**Redness of the eyes, with smarting pain in the canthi.*—**Inflammation of the eyes.*—*Swelling of the lachrymal gland.*—*Lachrymal fistula.*—*Lachrymation, especially in the open air.*—**Agglutination of the eye-lids, at night.*—**Fungous hæmatodes and ulcers in the cornea.*—Specks and scars on the cornea.—Quivering of the eyes.—Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids.—*Presbyopia.*—The letters appear confused, when reading.—Objects seem to be pale, when reading.—Confused sight, as if through a grayish veil.—**Momentary attacks of sudden blindness.*—**Cloudiness of the crystalline lens.*—Cloudiness of the sight, as if from amaurosis.—*Sparks, and *black spots before the sight.*—*Photophobia, and dazzling in broad daylight.*

EARS.—Otalgia, with drawing pain.—*Boring and *throbbing in the ears.*—Shootings in the ears, from within outwards.—Itching in the ears.—Inflammation and running from the edges of the ears.—Scabs behind the ears.—Swelling of the exterior of the ear, *with discharge from the ear, accompanied by a sort of whistling.*—Copious accumulation of moist cerumen.—Excessive sensitiveness of the ear to noise.—**Obstruction of the ears, °which sometimes disappears on blowing the nose, or else with a loud report.*—**Hardness of hearing, sometimes without noise in the ears, or else exclusively for the human voice.*—*Hardness of hearing, increased with the full moon.*—Tingling, clucking and noise, as if a bird were fluttering its wings in the ears.—Caries of the mastoid apophysis.—**Swelling and induration of the parotids.*

NOSE.—Bones of the nose, painful when touched.—*Gnawing pains high up in the nose, with heaviness when stooping, and excessive sensibility to pressure.*—Pulsative pain, as if from ulceration in the nose and extending into

the head.—*Inflammation in the nostrils.—*Itching and redness of the nose (at the extremity) which is covered with scabious vesicles.—Furunculi on the nose.—*Scabs, pimples and *ulcers in the nose*.—**Epistaxis*.—°Anosmia.—°Abortive, interrupted sneezing.—*Too frequent immoderate sneezing*.—*Obstinate obstruction of the nose, °sometimes arising from mucus.—°Troublesome dryness of the nose, sometimes at night.—*Dry coryza.—*Continued coryza.—*Frequent *fluent coryza*, "which removes an obstinate obstruction of the nose.—Acrid and corrosive mucus in the nose.

FACE.—Pale and earthy complexion.—White spots on the cheeks from time to time.—Red, burning spots, on the cheeks and nose, especially after a meal.—Heat in the face.—°Shootings in the bones of the face.—Itching in the whiskers.—Furunculus on the cheek.—°Cracks and rhagades in the skin of the face.—°Scirrhus induration in the face and upper lip.—Swelling of the lips.—Ulceration of the commissuræ of the lips.—*Scabious eruption on the lips*, with smarting pain.—**Ulcers on the red part of the lip*.—Furunculi on the chin.—**Herpes on the chin*.—°Cramp in the maxillary joint.—°Nocturnal shootings and drawings in the lower jaw.—°Swelling and caries in the bones of the lower jaw.—**Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands*, with pain when touched, or also with induration.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia from hot food, or the introduction of cold air into the mouth.—*Drawing, jerking and *tearings in the teeth* and cheeks, *aggravated at night*, or else only when eating.—*Nocturnal, generally *shooting odontalgia*, which disturbs sleep, aggravated by cold or hot things.—°Tooth-ache with swelling of the bone or periosteum of the jaw, and universal nocturnal heat, which hinders sleep.—°Digging and boring in the teeth.—Bluntness of the teeth.—Painful inflammation, swelling excoriation and *easy bleeding of the gums.

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth*.—Fetid breath, especially in the morning.—°Stomacace.—°Mucus constantly in the mouth.—Sensation as if there were a hair on the tongue.—Excoriation of the tongue.—Ulcer on the palate.—Tongue loaded with a brownish mucus.

THROAT.—Sore-throat, with *much mucus in the throat*.—Pain as if from excoriation, and *pricking as if from pins in the throat during deglutition.—Swelling of the uvula.—Difficult deglutition as if from paralysis of the gullet.—Tendency of food to mount into the choana during deglutition.

APPETITE.—°Loss of taste.—**Bitter taste in the mouth*, also

in the morning.—*Sour, putrid taste, or as if there were blood or mucus in the mouth.*—**Violent thirst, sometimes with absence of appetite.*—**Repugnance to all food, especially cooked and hot things, with desire for cold things only.*—°*Disgust for meat, which remains undigested.*—°*Aversion of the child to its mother's milk, with vomiting after sucking.*—**After a meal, great desire to sleep, pyrosis, sour taste in the mouth, sour eructations, fulness in the stomach or abdomen, or else (often consecutively) pressure in the stomach, water-brash, vomiting, febrile shiverings, congestion to the head, heat in the cheeks.*

STOMACH.—°*Eructations with taste of food, sometimes after every meal.*—**Sour eructations.*—Pyrosis.—Hic-cough, sometimes in the evening in bed.—**Nausea every morning, with pain in the head and eyes when turning the eyes, or else followed by vomiting of bitter water.*—°*Continued nausea and vomiting, also at night.*—°*Water-brash, sometimes with shuddering.*—°*Vomiting every time that one drinks.*—**Vomiting of food also at night.*—**Pressure in the stomach, sometimes after every meal, or when drinking quickly.*—°*Painful sensitiveness of the scorbiculus, when pressing upon it.*—Heaviness in the stomach.—**Squeezing in the scorbiculus as if with claws, sometimes after a meal.*—**Burning sensation in the pit of the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—°*Swelling and induration of the hepatic region.*—°*Pain as if from ulceration in the hepatic region, with throbbing; the pains are aggravated by touch and by walking.*—°*Shootings in the hypochondria, especially in the left side.*—Colic, during which the hands turn yellow and the nails blue.—Pressure in the abdomen, especially after a meal.—**Abdomen hard, tight, hot (also in children), and sometimes painful when touched.*—**Enlargement of the abdomen.*—**Colic from constipation.*—**Cuttings, or pinching in the abdomen, with or without diarrhœa.*—**Burning sensation in the abdomen.*—The pains in the abdomen are mitigated by the application of hot linen.—**Painful inguinal hernia.*—Inflammation and swelling of the inguinal glands.—**Incarceration of flatus.*—Gurgling and borborygmus in the abdomen, especially when moving the body.—**Difficult expulsion of flatus.*—Very offensive flatulence.

FÆCES —**Constipation and slow, hard, difficult, knotty fæces.*—**Hard fæces, with frequent tenesmus.*—**Fæces, of the consistence of pap, several times a day.*—Diarrhœa with colic.—Reddish fæces, or discharge of sanguineous slime.—Frequent discharge of fetid serum, which smells

like a corpse.—Shootings and *itching in the anus* and rectum, also during the evacuation.

URINE.—*Urinary tenesmus*.—Continued desire to urinate, with scanty emission.—*Frequent emission of urine, also at night.—°*Wetting the bed*.—Reddish sand, or yellow, sabulous sediment in the urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Itching and red spots on the glans.—*Excoriation, itching and redness of the præputium.—Swelling of the præputium, which is covered with itching and moist pimples.—*Dropsical swelling of the scrotum.—Perspiration and itching on the scrotum.—**Itching and moist spots on the scrotum*.—°Absence of sexual desire, with weakness of the genital functions, or else *immoderate excitement of sexual desire*, with numerous wanton ideas, and violent and frequent erections.—Flow of prostatic fluid during evacuation.—Pain in the limbs, as if from fatigue, or sensation of paralysis on one side of the head after coition.—**Catamenia, too early and too feeble*, or else *too profuse*.—**Suppression of the catamenia*.—*Metrorrhagia*.—°*Diarrhœa*, before the catamenia.—During the catamenia, pains in the abdomen, pale appearance of objects, or burning sensation and excoriation in the vulva.—**Itching in the vulva*.—°Discharge of blood from the uterus, while suckling.—°*Abortion*.—**Leucorrhœa*, which flows when urinating, or after the catamenia.—°*Leucorrhœa*, like milk, flowing at intervals, and preceded by gripings in the umbilical region.—**Acrid corrosive leucorrhœa*.—°Inflammation of the mammæ.—°Abscess in the breast, also with fistulous ulcers.—Induration of the breast.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness, with roughness and excoriation in the larynx.—Cough, from cold drinks, or from speaking ever so little.—Shaking cough, excited by a suffocating tickling in the pit of the throat.—*Fatiguing cough, day and night, aggravated by movement, with scanty expectoration of mucus.—*Nocturnal, suffocating cough.—Spasmodic cough.—Dry cough, with pain in the chest, as if from excoriation.—Cough, with vomiting of mucus.—*Profuse expectoration of transparent mucus, when coughing.—*Expectoration of pus*, when coughing.—Expectoration of blood, with deep, hollow cough.

CHEST.—**Obstructed respiration*, °when lying on the back, or else when stooping, or coughing.—Deep, sighing respiration.—°*Shortness of breath*, during light manual labour, or else when walking quick, sometimes with dyspnœa, during repose.—Panting respiration, when walking quick.—Oppression of the chest, as if from constriction of the

throat.—**Pressure in the chest*, sometimes only when coughing or sneezing.—**Shootings and pricking in the chest and side*, sometimes across the back.—Beating in the sternum.—Pain in the chest as if beaten, when taking an inspiration and when coughing.

TRUNK.—**Pain in the loins*, whether touched or not.—^c*Spasmodic drawing in the loins*, which prevents one from rising up, and forces one to remain lying down.—^c*Inflammatory abscess in the lumbar region*.—**Weakness and paralytic stiffness in the back, loins, and nape of the neck*.—**Tearings and shootings in the back*.—^c*Shootings in the loins, when seated or lying down*.—^c*Swelling and deviation of the spine*.—^c*Pain, as if beaten between the shoulder blades*.—Tensive drawings, tearings and shootings in and between the shoulder-blades.—^c*Purulent ulcer on the nape of the neck*.—Pimples and furunculi on the nape of the neck.—**Swelling of the glands of the nape of the neck*, on and under the axillæ, sometimes with induration.—**Suppuration of the axillary glands*.—Caries in the clavícula.

ARMS.—**Drawings and tearings in the arms, hands and fingers*.—**Heaviness and paralytic lassitude of the arms, which tremble*, from the least exertion.—**Numbness of the arms, after lying upon them*, or leaning the elbows on a table.—Throbbing and jerking of the muscles of the arm.—Skin cracked, on the arms and hands.—Furunculi and warts on the arms.—*Paralytic weakness of the fore-arm*; every thing is dropped from the hands.—Induration of the cellular tissue of the fore-arm.—^c*Nocturnal shootings in the joint of the hand, extending as far as the top of the arm*.—Spasmodic pain in the hands and fingers.—Numbness of the hands at night.—*Paralytic weakness of the hands*.—Ganglion on the back of the hand.—^c*Ulcer on the back of the hand*.—^c*Crawling in the fingers*.—*Burning sensation in the ends of the fingers*.—Pain in the joints of the fingers, when pressing upon them.—**Weakness, rigidity, and want of flexibility in the fingers*.—Gnawing, purulent vesicles, with burning in the fingers.—**Panaritium*, especially with proud flesh, cries and insupportable pains day and night.

LEG.—*Drawing, tearing, and tension in the legs*.—Easy numbness of the limbs, especially when seated.—Paralytic weakness of the legs.—**Pressure, tearing, and shootings in the muscles of the thighs*.—^c*Itching ulcers on the thighs and ankles*.—**Furunculi on the thighs and calves of the legs*.—Softening and ulceration of the femur.—^c*Tearings in the knee*.—*Inflammatory swelling of the knee*.—Fungus on the knee.—Drawing pain in the legs.—Coldness of the

legs.—Swelling of the legs, as far as the feet.—°*Ulcers on the legs*, often with sickly complexion.—Red, smarting spot on the tibia.—°*Caries in the tibia*.—*Tension in the calves of the legs*, as if from contraction.—*Cramps in the calves of the legs, especially in the evening, after corporeal labour.—°Torpor in the calves of the legs.—Itching miliary eruption on the calves of the legs.—Tearing and shootings in the calves of the legs, heels and toes.—°Lancination in the ankle, when treading, or resting on the foot.—Numbness of the feet in the evening.—**Coldness of the feet*, °sometimes after suppressed perspiration of the feet.—Burning sensation in the feet and their soles, especially in the evening and at night.—**Swelling of the feet*, generally in the morning.—**Offensive smell from the feet*.—**Perspiration of the feet*, with excoriation between the toes.—°Suppressed perspiration of the feet.—°Hard and painful callosities on the soles of the feet.—°Voluptuous tickling in the soles of the feet, to such an extent, as to drive one almost mad, after scratching a little.—Cramp in the soles of the feet.—Gnawing vesicles in the heel.—Stiffness of the toes.—°**Ulceration of the great toe*, with shooting pain.—*Corns on the feet, with shooting pains.

167.—SOLANUM MAMMOSUM.

SOL-M.—A medicine as yet very little known, but which has been employed against a case of *varicella* (Chicken-pox).

SYMPTOMS.—Vesicular erysipelas.—Herpes.—Great desire to sleep and lassitude without being able to sleep.—Deep sleep, with imperfect waking.—Agitation which constantly drives one from one side to the other.—Disposition to be angry, on account of imaginary grievances.—Incapacity for thinking or writing in a connected manner.—Sensitiveness to tobacco smoke.—Jerking of the muscles in the back.—Paralytic shootings in the hip-joint, when walking.

168.—SOLANUM NIGRUM.

SOL-N.—Garden night-shade.—A medicine which has not as yet been investigated as regards its effects on a healthy subject, but which has been found efficacious in some cases of *poisoning by secale cornutum*.

SYMPTOMS (which in these cases of poisoning have been cured by this medicine).—°*Crawling in the limbs*.—°Jerking.—°Contraction of the flexores, as if one were about to jump.—°*Spasmodic distortion of the limbs*.—°Tonic spasms.—°Epileptic convulsions.—°*Fury*.—°Imbecility.—°Sardonic laughter, with distortion of the muscles of the

face.—*Contraction of the hands.*—*Drawing in the fingers.*
—*Cramps in the calves of the legs.*—*Feet turned inwards.*

169.—SPIGELIA.

SPIG.—Indian pink.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* from 3 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.—*It is used as an antidote against:* merc.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. aur. chin. dig. euphr. laur. merc. natr-m. sil. spong. tar. veratr.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases, in which this medicine may be used, appear to be:—Convulsions; Mucous and worm fevers?; Larvated intermittent fevers?; Intermittent, nervous, and rheumatic cephalalgia, prosopalgia and odontalgia, especially in women of a nervous constitution; Rheumatic and arthritic ophthalmia; Nervous pains in the eyes, especially after having fatigued the sight; Vermiculous affections; Grippe; Catarrhal fevers; Hydrothorax; *Diseases of the heart*; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Arthritic, shooting, or tearing pains* in the limbs.—Tearing in the vicinity of the joints, as if the bone were scraped.—Heaviness and sensation in the limbs as if beaten.—Convulsions.—*Lassitude*, especially *after slight exercise and in the open air.*—Syncope, especially when making an effort to evacuate, or in a warm room.—Great sensitiveness to cold air with sufferings from walking in the open air.—*Great liability to suffer from a chill.

SKIN.—Painful sensitiveness of the entire skin of the body, when touched.—Red pimples, with pain, as if from excoriation, when touched.

SLEEP.—Great *inclination to sleep by day* and also *in the morning or evening*; one does not go to sleep, however, till long after lying down.—Sleep at night, unrefreshing, agitated, with uneasiness in the limbs.—Heavy, stupefying sleep.

FEVER.—Frequent *shiverings*, especially *in the morning, or during slight exercise.*—Frequent heat, sometimes in flushes.—Thirst for beer, during the heat.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sadness and discouragement.—Agitation and *anxiety, with restless care concerning the future.*—Timidity.—Moroseness, with a great desire to commit suicide.—*Weakness of memory.*—Absence of ideas.—Unfitness for intellectual labour.

HEAD.—Head confused, as if from intoxication or dizzi-

ness.—Vertigo, to such an extent as to fall down, when walking, standing, or looking down.—Vertigo, with nausea.—Head-ache, when shaking the head, with vertigo and sensation of heaviness.—*Pains in the head, aggravated by the slightest movement, or least noise, and by opening the mouth.*—*Painful tenderness of the occiput, with sensation of numbness and stiffness in the nape of the neck.*—*Periodical head-aches.*—*Pressure in the head, compressive or expansive, aggravated by stooping.*—Pain, as if the head were about to burst, when coughing and speaking loud.—*Tearing, digging or boring head-ache, especially when moving.*—Pulsative and tight lancinations in the forehead, with noise, as if of hammering, before the ears.—*Commotions and blows in the head, while walking in the open air.*—Shaking in the brain, at every step, and from every movement of the head.—Burning pain in the exterior of the forehead and temples, extending as far as the eyes.—Tension of the hairy scalp.—Painful tenderness of the hairy scalp, when touched.

EYES.—**Pains in the eyes, deeply seated in the sockets.*—*Pressure on the eye-balls, especially when turning them.*—**Pains in the eyes when moving them, as if the eye-balls were too large.*—**Digging, boring, and shootings in the eyes, and into the head, sometimes with pain which drives one to despair.*—**Movement of the eyes and muscles of the face aggravates the pains.*—Crawling in the eyes.—Dry heat and *burning sensation in the eyes, which forces one to close them.*—**Redness of the sclerotica, with injection of the blood vessels.*—**Inflammation of the eyes and of the cornea.*—*Inflammation and ulceration of the eye-lids, with smarting pain, as if from excoriation.*—**Eyes confused and dull.*—*Profuse lachrymation.*—Acrid smarting tears.—**Great sensitiveness of the eyes to light.*—**Hanging down of the eye-lids, as if from paralysis.*—*Tendency to wink.*—Difficulty in raising the eye-lids, with sensation of painful stiffness.—Contraction and involuntary movements of the eyes.—Dilated pupils.—Loss (momentary suspension) of sight.—Presbyopia.—**Luminous rays before the sight.*

EARS.—*Otalgia, with pressive, troublesome pain, as if there were a plug in the ear.*—Jerking tearing in the ears.—Jamming, itching, and burning sensation in the external ear.—*Obstruction of the ears, with or without dysecoia.*—**Periodical deafness.*—Humming, buzzing and pulsation in the ears.—Noise of hammering before the ears.

Nose.—*Itching in the nose, with tickling.*—Crawling, shooting, boring, *smarting and itching in the nose.*—Herpetic eruption on the nose, with pain as if from excoriation.

—Obstruction and dryness of the nose, with *copious discharge* of whitish or yellowish *mucus* from the nose-pits.—
°Fluent coryza, which recurs frequently, especially after the slightest chill.

FACE.—**Face pale and emaciated*, with yellow circles round the eyes.—°Cheeks and lips, at one time a deep-red, at another time pale.—**Bloatedness of the face*, especially after sleeping.—Jerking tearings, burning sensation and pressure in the region of the zygomatic process, or violent pains, which cannot bear the slightest touch or the least movement, with shining swelling of the side affected.—°Semi-lateral pains in the face with *anxietas præcordium* and great agitation.—Exostosis of the temporal part of the orbit.—Lips tense and burning.—Small blackish pimples on the upper lip.—*Pressive pain in the angle of the lower jaw*, as if in the jaw or in the teeth, proceeding from the ear.

TEETH.—Odontalgia after smoking.—*Pain*, as if from a pressing asunder in the teeth immediately after a meal, or at night, which does not permit one to remain lying down.—*Jerking tooth-ache, or pulsative tearings, especially in the carious teeth, aggravated by cold water, or by contact with the open air.—°Tooth-ache, with prosopalgia, paleness and bloatedness of the face, yellowish circles round the eyes, palpitation of the heart, shivering and agitation.

MOUTH—THROAT.—*Offensive exhalation from the mouth*.—Lancinating dryness in the mouth on waking in the morning.—Much white, frothy saliva in the mouth.—White or yellow mucus in the mouth and palate.—Tongue cracked.—Vesicles, with burning pain, on the tongue and palate.—Sore throat with lacerations and swelling of the palate.

APPETITE.—Putrid, fetid taste.—*Anorexia*, with violent thirst.—Repugnance to tobacco-smoke and snuff.—Dislike to coffee.—*Bulimy*, sometimes with nausea and thirst.

STOMACH.—Eructations after every meal.—Sour eructations.—*Nausea when fasting, with a sensation as if something were mounting from the stomach into the throat.—Accumulation of mucus in the stomach.—*Pressure in the stomach and scorbiculus, as if from a heavy body*.—Lacerations in the pit of the stomach and diaphragm, sometimes with obstructed respiration.—°Inability to bear tight clothing round the scorbiculus; the least touch causes anguish with redness and heat in the face, and sensation as if something were torn away in the chest.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Abdomen hard and painfully

tight.—*Pressure in the umbilical region, as if from a hard body*—Colic, with pinching pains, cuttings in the umbilical region, with shivering, diarrhœa, and copious secretion of urine.—Lancinations in the abdomen.—Tensive pain in the inguina, when touched.—Rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Expulsion of fetid flatus.

FÆCES.—Urgent and ineffectual desire to evacuate.—Soft, liquid fæces.—Hard, difficult evacuations with much mucus.—Discharge of mucus from the anus, without fæces.—Liquid diarrhœa of fæcal matter and of mucus.—Diarrhœa, with pinchings in the abdomen and coldness in the body.—*Lumbrici and ascarides from the rectum*.—Itching and sensation as if something were creeping in the rectum and anus.

URINE.—Urine, with whitish sediment.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse emission*, also at night.—Involuntary oozing of urine, with burning sensation in the anterior part of the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Crawling round the glans penis.—Semi-lateral swelling of the glans.—Erections, with lascivious ideas, without voluptuous excitement.—(Discharge of prostatic fluid.)

LARYNX.—Catarrh, with hoarseness, continual discharge of mucus from the nose, dry heat, without thirst, prominent eyes, troublesome head-ache and desire to weep.—Nocturnal catarrh, with cough.—Cough, in the open air, with pain in the chest, as if from excoriation.—*Dry cough, violent and hollow, with respiration obstructed, even to suffocation*.

CHEST.—Pressure in the chest, with painful oppression.—*Short breath, especially when speaking, with anxiety and redness of the cheeks and lips*.—^o*Danger of suffocation from the least movement, and especially when raising the arms*.—Great difficulty of respiration, when moving in bed, with inability to lie for any time, except on the right side and almost sitting.—*Sudden attack of suffocation with palpitation of the heart and anguish*.—*Contraction of the chest, with anguish, and obstructed respiration*.—^o*Noise in the chest, like that made by a spinning wheel, especially in the region of the heart*.—^o*Pressure, burning or cutting sensation, pain, as if from ulceration and tearing in the chest, especially when lifting the arms*.—^c*Sensation of trembling in the thorax, aggravated by moving the arms*.—^{*}*Spasmodic sensation in the chest, proceeding from the pit of the stomach and causing choking*.—Tensive lancinations in the chest, especially when taking an inspiration.—*Violent palpitation of the*

heart, perceptible to the sight and hearing, *often attended with anxious oppression of the chest*, aggravated by stooping the chest forwards and by sitting down.—*Lancinations in the region of the heart.—Sensation of trembling in the heart.—The beatings of the heart do not correspond with those of the pulse.—Undulating movement of the heart.

TRUNK.—Pain in the back as if beaten, also when moving.—*Lancinations in the back*, sometimes when taking an inspiration.—Red pimples on the neck, with pain, as if from excoriation, when touched.—Hard and painful swelling of the glands of the neck.

ARMS.—Heaviness and trembling of the arms.—Easy numbness of the arms and hands.—Jerking of the muscles of the arms and fore-arms.—Violent *lancinations* and shocks *in the bend of the elbow* and joints of the hands and fingers.—Spasmodic drawings and tearings in the bones of the hands.—Hard nodosities in the palms of the hands, with burning itching.—Hands of a pale-yellow colour.—Contraction of the fingers.—Purulent pimples on the fingers.

LEGS.—Pain, as if beaten, tension and *shootings in the thighs*, almost exclusively *when walking or during rapid movements*.—Violent lancinations in the knee, when bending it.—Painful stiffness in the knee joint.—Lancinating shocks in the joints of the feet.—Excrescences, like warts on the toes.

170.—SPONGIA TOSTA.

SPONG.—Burnt sponge.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 3 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. ars. cupr. dros. hep. iod. merc. phos. spig.—Spong., when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious (in croup) after acon.—Hep. is sometimes suitable after spong. (in croup.)

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—*Affections of the glands and lymphatic vessels*; Croup (before hep., or alternately with it); Phthisis laryngea; Bronchitis; Asthmatic sufferings; Diseases of the heart; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Swellings and indurations of the glands*.—Pain in the arms and legs, as if beaten.—Sensation of torpor in the lower part of the body.—Heaviness of the body.—*Excessive moral and physical dejection*.—The symptoms are more alleviated when lying down quietly than in any other position.—Itching shootings in the skin, especially on becoming warm in bed.—Sensation of

sometime creeping over the skin, with redness and heat of the part, after having scratched.—Red, itching spot on the skin.—Itching eruptions.—Miliary eruptions.—*Herpes*.—*Sleeplessness, with fantastic dreams and delirium on going to sleep*.—Sad, anxious, frightful dreams.—Frequent shiverings over the whole body, especially the back.—Flushes of heat.—*Feverish heat, with hot and dry skin*, continual thirst, head-ache and delirium.—Pulse hard and quick.—Nocturnal perspiration.—*Fit of anguish*, with pain in the region of the heart.—Inconsolableness and weeping.—Timidity and tendency to be frightened.—Contradictory and boasting humour.—Immoderate and mischievous gaiety.—Great inclination for singing.—Mental obtuseness, with complete incapacity for attending to intellectual labour.

HEAD.—*Vertigo*, with giddiness to such an extent as to fall, sometimes in the evening, or else with a sensation as if the head were about to incline to one side.—*Vertigo*, with nausea, on waking at night.—Heaviness and fulness of the head.—Dull, semi-lateral head-ache, on entering a warm room after coming in from the open air.—Head-ache with lachrymation, when fixing the eyes on an object.—**Pressive head-ache*, sometimes with compression.—*Pains in the head as if it were about to split*, especially in the forehead.—**Throbbing and pulsation in the head*.—*Congestion of blood to the head*.—Disagreeable tenderness of the exterior of the head.—**Troublesome itching in the hairy scalp*.

EYES.—Eyes dull and clouded, with puffing of the eye-lids.—*Pressure and shootings in the eyes*.—**Eyes burning, red, and weeping*.—Agglutination of the eye-lids.—Eruption of yellow scabies, in the eye-brows.—*Pressive heaviness of the eye-lids*.—Contraction of the eye-lids in the morning.—*Myopia*.

EARS AND NOSE.—Otalgia, with contractive pain.—Pressure in the ears.—Ulceration of the external ear.—*Dyscoia*.—*Epistaxis*, especially after blowing the nose.—Eruption on the point of the nose.

FACE.—Paleness of the face, with sunken eyes.—*Face bloated, red or bluish, with anxious expression of countenance*.—*Swelling of the cheeks*.—Itching and shootings in the cheeks.—*Eruption on the lips*.—Spasmodic pain in the maxillary joints.—*Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands, with tensive pain*.

TEETH.—Sensation of bluntness and looseness of the teeth when masticating.—Itching and shootings in the teeth.—Swelling of the gums, with pain during mastication.

MOUTH.—Mouth and tongue covered with vesicles, with

burning and shooting pain.—*Salivation*.—Weak voice.—‘Tongue dry and brownish.—Burning sensation and shootings in the throat.

APPETITE.—Diminished taste.—**Bitter taste*, sometimes only in the throat.—Sweetish taste in mouth.—Moderate appetite and speedy satiety.—*Violent insatiable hunger*.—*Thirst, ‘sometimes insatiable.—Tobacco smoke disagrees.—After a meal, fulness and sufferings in the abdomen, as if from difficult digestion.

STOMACH.—*Eructations, ‘sometimes with cuttings and tearings in the stomach.—Bitter eructations.—Sour regurgitations.—Frequent hiccough.—Nausea, with excessive sourness in the mouth.—Vomiting after having partaken of milk.—Stomach, as if relaxed, with sensation as if it were open.—Pressure in the stomach and scorbiculus.—Pressure of the clothing on the stomach.—Contractive pains in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Abdomen hard and tight.—Spasms in the abdomen.—Digging and obstruction in the abdomen.—Gripings in the abdomen, after a meal.—*Rumbling in the abdomen*, especially in the evening, and in the morning when lying down.—Pain, as if from a hernia, in the inguinal ring.—Swelling of the inguinal glands.

FÆCES.—*Hard and retarded evacuations.—Loose, whitish evacuations.—Before the evacuation, shootings in the anus and rumbling in the abdomen.—*During the evacuation, tenesmus in the anus*.—Itching, smarting, and pain, as if from excoriation, in the anus.—Passage of ascarides from the rectum, and crawling in the rectum.

URINE.—Increased secretion of urine.—‘Frequent desire to urinate with scanty emission.—Incontinence of urine.—Small stream of urine.—Frothy urine.—Thick, whitish, grayish or yellowish sediment in the urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Spasmodic contraction of the testes.—*Hard swelling of the testes* and of the spermatic cord, with pressive pain.—Slight sexual desire.—Absence of erections.—Catamenia too early and too profuse.—Before the catamenia, palpitation of the heart and pain in the back.—During the catamenia, drawing in the thighs.

LARYNX.—**Hoarseness*, sometimes with cough and coryza.—Weak, husky voice, which fails when singing or talking.—**Pain in the larynx, on touching it and on turning the head*.—Pressure in the larynx, when singing.—**Sensation of obstruction in the larynx*, with impeded respiration.—*Roughness and dryness in the throat.—*Burning pain in the larynx and trachea.—Cough, proceeding from the

bottom of the chest, with pain, as if from excoriation and burning sensation.—*Cough, with yellowish expectoration and hoarseness.—**Hollow, dry, °barking or whistling cough, day and night*, increased towards the evening, and sometimes with pain in the larynx.—*Cough, with expectoration of °viscous mucus.—Dry cough, excited by a burning tickling in the larynx.

CHEST.—Slow and deep respiration as if from weakness.—°*Wheezing respiration*.—°Attacks of rattling from mucus in the trachea.—°Respiration, quick, anxious and difficult, sometimes with a fit of suffocation and mucous rattling in the chest.—Fixed, lancinating and pressive pain in the region of the bronchia.—Spasmodic, constrictive pains in the whole chest.—Pain in the chest, with dyspnæa.—Fullness and obstruction in the chest.—Shootings in the chest.—*Burning sensation, which mounts into the chest*.—*Ebullition of blood in the chest after the slightest effort and the least movement*, with obstructed respiration, anguish, nausea, and weakness to such an extent as to cause fainting.—Pains and anxiety in the region of the heart.

TRUNK.—Sensation of torpor in the loins and buttocks.—°Drawing, tearing, and pressive pains in the loins.—*Painful tension and rigidity in the muscles of the neck and nape*.—Large and hard *strumous swellings*, with pressure, crawling and shootings.—Cramps in the muscles of the neck.

ARMS.—Jerking of the muscles in the axillary joints.—Heaviness and trembling of the fore-arms and hands.—Drawings in the fore-arms and joints of the hands.—Large blisters in the fore-arm.—Swelling of the hands, with stiffness of the fingers.—Redness and swelling in the joints of the fingers, with tension when they are bent.—Torpor in the points of the fingers.

LEGS.—Jerking of the muscles of the buttocks.—Spasmodic drawing of the legs, before and behind.—Rigidity of the legs.—Drawing and tearing in the legs and feet, sometimes at night only.

171.—SQUILLA MARITIMA.

SQUIL.—Sea onion.—Squill root or bulb.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 2 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE : Camph.

COMPARE WITH : Bry. magn. mur. ac. n-vom. puls. rhab. rhus. seneg. spong.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases, in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be :—Dropsi-

cal affections?; Gastritis?; Enteritis?; Ascites?; Catarrhal affections; Grippe; *Pneumonia*; *Pleuritis*, and sufferings in consequence of these diseases, when phlebotomy has been resorted to, as a remedy for them; Hydrothorax?; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Dull, rheumatic pains in the whole body, *aggravated by movement and mitigated by repose*.—Muscular twitchings.—*Convulsions* and spasms.—Induration of the glands.—Heaviness, fatigue and drawing in the limbs.—Inquietude in the limbs.—Burning and itching sensation in the skin.—Eruption, like a pustulous scabies, with burning itching,—Excoriation in the bend of the limbs.—Sphacelus.—Restless sleep, with frequent dreams and tossing.—Sleeplessness.—Chilliness.—Icy coldness of the hands and feet, with heat in the body.—**Dry, burning heat*, with shivering and pain, when uncovered in the least.—After the heat, paleness of the face, without shivering.—*Anguish*, with fear of death.—Moaning.—Peevish irritability.—Dislike to intellectual or corporeal labour.

HEAD.—Vertigo, with nausea.—Vertigo in the morning, which causes one to fall to one side.—Head-ache, *after waking* in the morning, like a pressive and painful heaviness.—Painful sensibility of the vertex, every morning.—Compressive pain in the sides of the head.—Contraction in the temples.—*Drawing, lancinating head-ache*.—Throbbing in the head when lifting it.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, with sensation of contraction.—Tearing in the eyes, as if behind the balls.—Burning sensation in the external canthi.—Swelling of the upper eye-lids.—Widely distended eyes.—Fixed look.—Pupils contracted, or greatly dilated.—Whirling and cloudiness before the eyes.

EARS AND NOSE.—Tearing in the ears.—Nostrils sore, as if they were excoriated.—Moist eruption under the nose, with lancinating itching.—Fluent coryza, with ulcerated nostrils, and frequent sneezing.—Acrid, corrosive mucus in the nose.

FACE.—Expression of the countenance, at one time dejected, at another time animated.—Heat in the face, easily excited by the least movement or talking.—Features of the face, drawn and contracted, especially during feverish heat; after the heat, paleness.—Lips and teeth black.—Lips cracked, with brownish scabs.—*Face deep-red.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Mouth* clammy and full of mucus.—Mouth dry and open.—Vesicles on the tongue.—Rough-

ness and scraping in the throat,—*Burning sensation in the palate and throat.*—Dryness in the throat.

APPETITE.—Insipidity of food.—Empyreumatic taste, in the throat while eating.—*Sweetish, or *bitter taste of food, especially of meat and soup.*—*Dislike to food.—Desire for acids.—Loss of appetite.—*Violent thirst, especially for cold water.—“Notwithstanding the thirst, obstructed respiration hinders drinking, except drop by drop.—*Voracity and bulimy.*—Weakness of digestion.

STOMACH.—Nausea, sometimes with desire to vomit.—°Continual nausea in the morning, during the cough.—Nausea, with desire to vomit, constantly alternating with movements, as if preparatory to diarrhœa.—Violent vomituration.—“Bitter eructations.—*Pressure in the stomach, as if from a stone.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Painful sensitiveness of the abdomen, with inflation without hardness.—Drawing and tearing across the abdomen.—Pinchings, rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Frequent expulsion of flatus.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—Hard, insufficient evacuation.—*Diarrhœa of brownish mucus, with abundant expulsion of flatulence.*—Loose, black evacuations.—Ascarides and many white filaments, with the evacuation.—Fetid, undigested fæces.—Sanguineous evacuations.

URINE.—Diminished secretion of urine.—*Great desire to urinate with profuse emission of watery urine.*—Flow of urine.—Frequent emission of urine at night.—Continued pressure on the vesica, which is sensitive.—*Red, hot, deep-coloured urine, with red sediment.—*Hæmaturia.*—Tenesmus, after the emission of urine.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Pain in the testes, with compressive sensation.—*Metrorrhagia.*

LARYNX.—Cough, excited by a tickling under the xiphoid cartilage, or when taking a deep inspiration.—Cough, so as to excite vomituration.—*Violent cough with lancinations in the sides of the chest.*—Cough, with painful shaking in the abdomen.—*Short, dry cough every time that an inspiration is taken, especially in the evening and at night.—Cough after drinking something cold.—Rattling of mucus before the cough.—*Cough with expectoration of mucus, and short breath.—“Cough, with hæmoptysis.—Expectoration of reddish mucus.—Head-ache and suffocation when coughing, with pressure on the vesica, and involuntary emission of urine.

CHEST.—Quick and anxious respiration, with dyspnœa and desire to lie with the head and chest high.—Moaning

respiration with open mouth.—Pressure on both sides of the chest, especially when taking an inspiration.—Broad, pressive, or jerking *lancinations in the chest and its sides*, when taking an inspiration and when coughing.—*Sensation of heaviness in the chest.—Congestion of blood to the chest.—Pains in the chest, aggravated in the morning.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Itching eruption on the back.—*Stiffness of the nape and neck*.—Rheumatic drawing and squeezing in the muscles of the neck.—Pimples on the neck, painful only when scratched.—Sweat under the axillæ.—Convulsive jerking of the arms.—Shootings in the joints of the hands.—*Convulsive jerking in the legs*.—Rheumatic drawings in the thighs and legs.—Burning sensation in the ball of the foot, as if it were frost-bitten.—Sweat on the toes.—Cold sweat on the feet.

172.—STANNUM.

STAN.—Tin.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 6 to 7 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Puls.

COMPARE WITH: Ars. bell. cann. caus. cham. chinn. hell. ign. puls. seneg. stram. valer. verb.—Stann., when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious after: caus.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole* of the symptoms, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—Paralysis; Epilepsy, especially during dentition; Slow fevers?; Prosopalgia; Gastralgia and spasmodic colic, especially in hysterical women or hypochondriacal persons; Tænia?; *Leucorrhæa*; Catarrh of the bronchia; Grippe; *Phthisis pituitosa*; Phthisis laryngea; Hydrothorax, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Pressive and drawing pains*, especially *in the limbs*, insensibly aggravated till they become very violent, and decreasing in the same way.—**Attacks of epilepsy*, 'with retraction of the thumbs and jactitation, or else with throwing back of the head, paleness of the face, convulsive movements of the hands and eyes, and loss of consciousness; the attacks come on sometimes in the evening.—**Excessive emaciation*.—"Paralysis.—Great heaviness and indolence.—*Excessive dejection and *physical* and moral *depression*, with trembling, especially when making a gentle exertion, °and with disposition to perspire easily.—Nervous excitement.—°Insupportable uneasiness in the body.—°Excessive fatigue from talking.—The sufferings seem to disappear during a walk, with

the exception of the depression, which is then excessive; they reappear as soon as one is quiet.

SKIN.—Itching (burning) shootings over the whole skin of the body.—Chilblains.—Flaws in the nails.

SLEEP.—Desire to sleep during the day.—Frequent yawning, with oppression on the chest, as if it were surrounded with a circle.—*Sleep retarded*.—In the morning one has not slept enough.—Deep sleep.—*Nocturnal agitation and *many vivid dreams*, anxious or lascivious.—Moaning, weeping, and plaintive lamentations while sleeping.

FEVER.—Shivering and shuddering in the morning, with coldness in the hands and torpor in the points of the fingers.—Shivering which runs over the back, or only in the head, with thirst in the evening.—°Burning heat in the limbs, especially in the hands.—*Sensation of anxious heat from the least movement*.—°Small quick pulse.—**Very debilitating perspiration at night*.—*Profuse perspiration in the morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Sad, hypochondriacal humour.—**Great agitation and anguish*, melancholy and disposition to weep.—Continued occupation without completing any thing.—*Discouragement.—*Ill-humour, with taciturnity and dislike to society and conversation.—Sudden choleric passion.—°Nervous excitement.

HEAD.—Vertigo, as if all objects were at too great a distance.—Vertigo when sitting down, with loss of ideas.—Head-ache, with nausea and vomituration, sometimes with burning sensation in the sinciput, eyes and nose, or else in the morning, with ill-humour.—**Heaviness and stunning pressure in the head*, especially traversing *the forehead*.—*Shooting pains in the head, especially in the forehead, and °principally after a fit of coughing.—Spasmodic pains in the head, as if from tension or squeezing.—Pressive drawing and tearing in the head.—Boring pains in the head.—Throbbing pains in the temples.—Painful shocks across the head.

EYES.—Eyes sore, and, as it were, excoriated by rubbing them.—*Pressure in the eye-lids* and canthi.—Burning lancinations in the eye-lids.—Itching, smarting and burning sensation in the eyes.—Hordeolum.—*Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids*.—Ulcer in the internal canthi, like a lachrymal fistula.—*Eyes dull and cloudy*.—Jerking and quivering of the eyes.—Convulsed or prominent eyes.—Variegated areola round the candle.

EARS AND NOSE.—Otalgia, with drawing tearings.—Ulceration of the holes pierced for ear-rings.—Tinkling in

the ears.—Cries in the ears on blowing the nose.—Heaviness and sensation of obstruction in the upper part of the nose.—Inflammation of the interior of the nose.—Burning sensation in the nose.—Dry coryza, on one side only, with swelling and redness of the nostrils.

FACE.—*Pale and wan countenance*, with *hollow eyes*.—Pains in the face, with pressive drawing, especially in the zygomatic process and in the orbits.—Burning, lancinating pain in the muscles of the face.—*Swelling of the cheeks* and upper jaw.—Spasm in the jaw.—Painful swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—Odontalgia after a meal, with jerking pain and heat in the face.—*Sensation of elongation and loosening of the teeth.—Ulcers on the gums, with swelling of the cheeks.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Fetid exhalation from the mouth.—Flow of acid saliva.—*Voice embarrassed and low*, from weakness.—Tongue red.—Sore-throat, as if from internal swelling, with drawing and tension.—*Sensation of dryness in the throat*, with lancinations.—Roughness and scraping in the throat, especially in the evening.—*Accumulation of mucus in the throat and mouth*, with desire to hawk, followed by a sensation of excoriation.

APPETITE.—Bitter and sour taste.—Bitter taste of all food.—Bitter, herbaceous taste of beer.—Increased hunger, which cannot be satisfied.—Increased thirst.—Nausea and vomiting after a meal.—^cExcessively weak digestion.

STOMACH.—Bitter eructations, or with a taste of rotten eggs.—*Sour eructations, with scraping in the throat.—Frequent hiccough.—*Nausea, especially after a meal, followed by bitter and watery vomiting.—*Violent vomituration, followed by vomiting of food.—*Pressure in the stomach, sometimes very violent.—Tensive pressure on the scorbiculus, which is painful when touched, as if from sub-cutaneous ulceration.—*Cramps in the stomach, ^csometimes with bitter eructations, sensation of hunger and diarrhœa, or else with nausea and pale and sickly complexion.—Squeezing, as if from a claw in the stomach and umbilical region, with nausea.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Dull blows across the hypochondria.—Cramps in the region of the diaphragm.—Pressure and *burning sensation in the hepatic region.—*Pressure, -spasmodic pain and shootings in the left hypochondrium.—Abdomen painfully distended and sensitive to the touch.—Spasms in the abdomen, with pains above and below the navel.—Digging, pinching and gripings in the abdomen.—

Burning sensation and shootings in the abdomen.—Sensation, as if from excoriation in the abdomen, aggravated on being touched.—Squeezing, as if from a claw in the umbilical region, followed by nausea.—Sensation of emptiness in the abdomen.—*Incarcerated flatulency.*

FÆCES.—Constipation.—*Frequent ineffectual desire to evacuate.*—Hard, dry, knotty fæces, or else scanty and greenish.—*Slimy evacuations.*—°Violent diarrhœa.

URINE.—Retention of urine.—Scanty emission of urine.—**Frequent desire to urinate*, sometimes with scanty emission.—Diminished desire to urinate, as if from atony of the vesica.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Increased sexual desire.*—Violent and voluptuous excitement during emission.—*Frequent pollutions.—Catamenia too profuse.—Before the catamenia, anxiety and melancholy.—°During the catamenia, colic.—Cramps in the uterus.—*Leucorrhœa of transparent or yellowish mucus, with considerable prostration of strength.—The child abandons the breast of the mother and will suck no more.

LARYNX.—**Hoarseness and roughness in the throat*, with tickling which excites a cough.—°Catarrh with hoarse voice, sensation of fatigue in the chest, obstructed respiration and cough with expectoration.—**Great accumulation of mucus in the trachea*, which is easily detached by a slight cough.—The voice is louder for singing after having hawked up the mucus.—°Cough excited by laughter, talking and singing, *or by tickling in the chest.—**Dry, violent, shaking cough*, in bed, *in the evening*, until midnight, or more violent in the morning.—°Cough excited by lying on the right side.—°Cough, with vomituration and vomiting of food.—°Cough, with frequent expectoration of mucus.—**Expectoration when coughing*, which is greenish, sweetish, or yellow, saltish, -or else viscous and in lumps; serous and composed of liquid mucus, or of a putrid smell.—*During and after the cough, pain, as if from excoriation and shootings in the chest.

CHEST.—**Obstructed respiration at night*, especially when lying down, or by day on the least movement.—**Dyspnœa*, *in the evening*, especially with sensation of emptiness in the scorbiculus and anguish which drives one to tear one's clothing.—*Oppression of the chest when walking and ascending.—Rattling of mucus and wheezing in the chest.—Agreeable sensation of lightness when taking a deep inspiration.—Pain in the chest, as if beaten.—*Deep pressure in the chest, as if from a weight.—*Tension in the chest.

—*Constriction of the chest, sometimes in the evening, with anguish.—*Lancinations in the left side of the chest, when taking an inspiration or lying on the right side.*—**Pain in the chest, as if from excoriation.*—**Sensation of weakness in the chest, as if it were empty, especially after speaking or expectorating.*

TRUNK.—Opisthotonus.—Lancinations in the shoulder-blade and nape of the neck.—Weakness of the muscles of the nape of the neck and cracking of the vertebræ of the neck, when shaking the head.

ARMS.—Paralytic pain in the shoulder-joint.—*Paralytic heaviness in the arms.*—Pressive tearings in the muscles and joints of the arms, hands and fingers.—Weakness and trembling of the hands.—**Swelling of the hands, especially in the evening.*—Jerking of the hands.—Violent *burning sensation in the hands.*—Small red spots on the backs of the hands.—Chilblains on the hands.—Contraction of the fingers.—Retraction of the thumbs.—Shootings in the points of the fingers.—Painful hang-nails.

LEGS.—Drawing and pressive tearings in the hips, extending to the sacrum and also to the legs and knees.—*Paralytic lassitude and heaviness of the legs.*—Bending of the knees when walking.—Stiffness and tension in the ham.—Sensation of heat and *burning sensation in the feet.*—Tearing shocks in the ankles, extending as far as the toes.—**Swelling of the feet, especially in the evening.*—Red swelling of the feet.

173.—STAPHYSAGRIA.

STAPH.—Stavesacre.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect:* from 3 to 4 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.—*It is used as an antidote against:* Thuy.

COMPARE WITH: Amb. arn. coloc. con. ign. lyc. merc. mos. magn-m. phos-ac. puls. sabin. thuy.—Staph., when otherwise indicated, is particularly useful after thuy.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—*Bad effects from crosses, with anger and indignation, or from vexation, with uneasiness; Nervous weakness caused by onanism; Sufferings from abuse of mercury; Scrofulous and scorbutic affections; Wounds from sharp instruments; Cancerous affections?; Inflammation, mollities, ulceration and other affections of the bones; Scabious eruptions; Intermittent fevers, with scorbutic affections; Hysteria; Hypochondria; Scald-head; Prosopalgia; Blepharophthalmia; Polypus in the nose and ears; Stomacace and*

scorbutic affections of the gums; Odontalgia; Gastric and bilious affections; Gastralgia; Dysentery; Dysuria; Cancer of the womb?; Goitre?; Sciatica?; Coxalgia, with tendency to suppuration?; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Paralytic drawing in the joints*, especially when moving or taking a false position of the part.—*Drawing tearing in the muscles*, especially when seated.—Acute, penetrating, deep lacerations in different parts.—Cramps in the limbs.—*Painful inflammations of the bones.—Swelling of the bones.—*Semi-lateral paralysis, after being in a passion.—Syncope.—Painful sensibility of all the muscles, when touched, and of the joints when using them.—*Pain, as if from fatigue and excessive lassitude*, especially during movement, mitigated by sitting or lying down.—Continued desire to remain lying down.—Great fatigue, early in the morning, with stiffness in all the joints.—After a siesta, cloudiness and heaviness in the limbs.

SKIN.—Crawling, as if from insects over the whole body, especially in the morning.—**Chronic miliary eruptions*, sometimes with convulsive jerks at night.—Eruption of itching, running nodosities, with burning pain.—Herpetetic eruptions, with itching in the evening, and burning sensation after scratching them.—*Dry, crusty herpes about the joints.—*Obstruction and induration of the glands.—*Unhealthy skin, easily suppurating.—*Frequent furunculi.—Ulcers, with tearing shootings, or itching smarting.—Jerking and tearing round the ulcers, especially in the morning and evening.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep by day.—Violent yawnings and stretchings which cause tears to come into the eyes.—Sleep retarded by flow of ideas, or in consequence of an itching and burning sensation in the herpes and ulcers, or violent pains in the calves of the legs.—Jerking of the limbs, when sleeping.—Disturbed sleep, with unquiet dreams and frequent waking with a start.—Lascivious dreams.

FEVER.—Frequent shivering and shuddering, also at night.—Fever in the evening, consisting only of coldness.—Tertian fever, with bitter taste, bleeding gums, anorexia and constipation.—External burning heat, with ebullition of blood, and thirst.—Burning heat in the hands and feet at night, which forces one to uncover.—Great tendency to perspire by day, also when sitting quietly, or else inability to perspire, with paleness of the face and head-ache.—

*Profuse perspiration at night, sometimes with putrid smell.—Cold sweat on the forehead and feet.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Hypochondriacal humour*, with indifference to every thing.—*Sadness*, with fear for the future.—**Weeping* and vexation about one's condition.—**Susceptibility*.—Desire for death.—Anxiety and agitation which allow no rest.—**Ill-humour, irascibility and excessive anger*, so as to fling about violently whatever is at hand.—Dislike to conversation, meditation and all intellectual and serious labour.—*Weakness of memory*.—Instability of ideas.—*Excessively dull intellect*, with inability to devote oneself to any occupation.—Delusions, with respect to past events.—Illusion, as if all surrounding objects were beneath, and as if one were much taller.

HEAD.—Head confused and embarrassed.—*Vertigo*, sometimes in the evening in bed, or during the day, when sitting or lying, and mitigated by walking.—Head-ache in the morning on waking, as if the brain were bruised.—*Stunning pain in the head*, sometimes alternating with boring.—*Heaviness in the head*, especially when in the forehead, above the root of the nose.—Drawing, tearing, or lancinating pressure in the head.—Head-ache, as if the forehead were about to split, when moving it or stooping.—*Compressive or expansive pains in the head*.—Semi-lateral head-ache, as if from a nail driven into the brain.—Lancinating head-ache.—Sensation, as if the brain were loose.—Rheumatic and drawing pains in the exterior of the head.—Crawling itching, sometimes also gnawing in the hairy scalp, with pain, as if from excoriation.—*Much itching dandriff on the hairy scalp*—**Moist, fetid scald-head, with violent itching*.—Falling off of the hair.

EYES.—Eyes sleepy.—Pressure in the eyes, eye-lids and canthi.—Itching in the margins of the eye-lids.—Itching and biting smarting in the internal canthi.—Smarting and burning sensation in the eyes when writing.—Violent lancinations in the eyes, after fatiguing them.—*Inflammation in the eyes*, which are surrounded with pimples.—**Inflammations of the margins of the eye-lids*—Great dryness of the eyes.—Much purulent, dry mucus in the canthi.—**Nocturnal agglutination of the lids*—Spasmodic closing of the eye-lids.—Diminished sight.—*Confused sight*, as if there were water in the eyes.—Black flashes and luminous sparks before the eyes.—Sparkling before the eyes in the dark.—Areola round the candle in the evening.

EARS AND NOSE.—*Shootings in the ears*.—Eruption behind the ears.—°*Hardness of hearing*, as if from enlarge-

ment of the *amygdalæ*, principally after abuse of mercury.—Tingling in the ears.—Nose ulcerated, with scabs, deep in the interior.—Violent fluent coryza, with obstruction of one side of the nose, frequent sneezing and lachrymation.—*Coryza, with ulcerated nostrils.—Obstruction of the nostrils, with nasal voice.

FACE.—Face wan, and sharp, with eyes hollow and surrounded by a blue circle.—Bluish and brownish colour of the face when in a rage.—*Troublesome, pressive and throbbing pain the face, extending from the teeth into the eye.—Inflammation of the bones of the face, with burning shootings, or cutting drawings and pressive tearings.—Facial eruptions, with itchings and shootings.—Lips covered with ulcers, and scabs, with burning pain.—*Swelling of the lips.—Easy dislocation of the maxillary joint.—*Painful swelling and induration of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia, immediately after a meal, and after mastication, and also after cold drinks and the introduction of cold air into the mouth, principally at night or in the morning.—Tearings and pressive drawings in the carious teeth, or in the roots of those which are sound, and also in the gums.—*Gnawing pain in the carious teeth.—Blackness, brittleness, and caries of the teeth.—Painful sensitiveness, swelling and easy bleeding of the gums.—*Painful nodosities and excrescences on the gums.—Gums pale, white, ulcerated.

MOUTH.—Mouth and tongue covered with vesicles — °Painful excrescences on the interior of the cheek.—Ulcers in the mouth.—Salivation.—Sanguineous saliva.—Swelling of the glands under the tongue.—Shootings in the tongue, as if from splinters.—Low voice from weakness of the organs of speech.

THROAT.—Roughness, and scraping in the throat, with sensation as from excoriation, when swallowing and speaking.—Continual swallowing when speaking.—Dryness and shootings in the palate and throat.—Swelling of the *amygdalæ*.—Painful drawing from the hyoidal arch into the throat.

APPETITE.—Insipid and watery taste, with normal taste of food.—Bitter taste of all food.—Sour taste of bread.—Appetite, with insipidity of food.—*Voracious hunger.—Bulimy, also after a meal, sometimes with pituita from the stomach.—Great desire for milk.—Tobacco has an acrid taste and produces pyrosis.—Desire for liquid foods only.—Excessive desire for wine and tobacco.

STOMACH.—*Eructation*, generally empty or scraping.—Bitter eructations after acid food.—Salt and bitter eructations after eating meat.—Sobbing eructations.—Water-brash.—Nausea, with desire to vomit every morning.—*Frequent nausea.—*Pressure in the stomach, as if from a weight, -in the morning in bed.—Tension and pressure in the stomach, aggravated or mitigated by eating, especially bread.—Fulness, pressure and shootings in the scorbiculus.—Digging pain in the stomach.—Anxious tension across the hypochondria in the morning, with obstructed respiration.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Tensive pressure in the abdomen*.—*Enlargement of the abdomen* in women.—Drawing across the abdomen.—Sensation of weakness in the abdomen, as if it were about to fall.—Gripings after all foods and all drink.—*Spasmodic cuttings*, with desire to evacuate.—Frequent production and incarceration of flatulency.—Frequent discharge of hot or fetid flatus.—**Swelling of the inguinal glands*.—Inguinal hernia.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*.—*Hard evacuations*.—Frequent desire to evacuate, with scanty and hard, or else soft evacuations.—Evacuation tardy, without being hard.—Difficult evacuation.—**Loose evacuations*, preceded, accompanied, and followed by tenesmus and gripings.—*Loose evacuations, -with frequent expulsion of fetid wind.—Involuntary evacuation of liquid fæces.—Burning cuttings, pressure and constriction in the anus, during the fæcal discharge.

URINE.—**Very frequent desire to urinate*, with emission drop by drop, or else a slender stream of deep-coloured urine.—*Excessively painful emission of urine.—Frequent emission of clear watery urine.—Frequent emission of red urine.—Involuntary emission of urine when coughing.—After having urinated, a fresh urging desire is felt, as if the vesica were again full.—*Burning sensation in the urethra, especially when urinating*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Soft, moist excrescences, upon and behind the glans.—*Inflammation of the testes*, with burning shootings, or pressive drawing and tearings.—*Greatly increased sexual desire*, with frequent erections, especially at night.—Voluptuous itching on the scrotum, which excites seminal emissions.—*Frequent pollutions*, even during a siesta.—Dyspnœa, after coition.—Discharge of prostatic fluid, during a hard evacuation.—Painful sensitiveness of the genital organs.—Smarting and lancinating itching in the vulva.—Catamenia too early.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness, -with accumulation of mucus, adhering to the larynx and chest.—Sensation of pressure

and contraction in the throat-pit, after being in a passion, aggravated by deglutition.—Roughness in the larynx, after talking too much.—Dry, hollow cough, *excited by a tickling in the larynx*.—Violent cough, with expectoration of viscous mucus, in the evening, after lying down.—*Cough, with purulent, yellow expectoration, especially at night.—Expectoration of blood, when coughing.—Pain in the chest, as if from ulceration while coughing.

CHEST.—*Pressure on the chest, with heaviness in that part, when sitting, which is mitigated by walking.—*Contractive oppression and great agitation in the chest.—Lancinations in the chest.—Pain in the chest, as if from excoriation and ulceration.—Cramp in the diaphragm, after being in a passion.—Tremulous palpitation of the heart, from the least movement, and after the least intellectual fatigue, as also when listening to music and after a siesta.—Miliary eruption on the chest, with redness and itching when heated.—Herpetic eruption on the lower ribs, with burning itching.

TRUNK —Pain in the loins as if beaten, or sensation in the loins, as if suffering from a sprain, especially during repose and principally at night and in the morning.—Pain in the loins when rising from a seat, or turning in the bed.—Violent lancinations in the upper part of the back.—Lumbar abscess.—Drawing rheumatic pressure, and tension in the nape of the neck with rigidity.—Weakness of the muscles of the nape of the neck and neck.—Eruption of itching pimples on the nape of the neck.—*Swelling of the glands of the neck, nape and axillæ.—Lancinations under the axillæ.

ARMS.—Pressure on the shoulder.—Stiffness of the shoulder-joint in the morning.—Aching pain in the arms, when moving.—Pressive paralytic drawing and lancinating tearings, in the arms and fore-arms, shoulders, hands and fingers.—Painful pressure in the bone of the arm.—Herpes on the hands.—Torpor in the end of the fingers.—Jerking tearing in the fingers, especially in the extremities.—°Arthritic nodosities on the joints of the fingers.—Cramps in the fingers.—Convulsive movements of the fingers.

LEGS.—Stiffness of the thigh-joint in the morning.—Painful weakness of the thighs and legs, and especially of the knee-joint.—Pain in the thighs, as from having been beaten when walking.—Itching herpes on the thighs and legs.—Drawing shootings in the knee and knee-joints.—Drawings and pressive tearings in the tibia and in the bones of the feet.—Nocturnal cramps in the calves of the

legs and soles of the feet.—Swelling of the instep.—Swelling of the metatarsal bones.—*Burning itching in the toes, as if they had been frost-bitten.*

174.—STRAMONIUM. (DATURA.)

STRAM.—Thorn-apple.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: 24 hours.

ANTIDOTES: Acetum. citr. ac. n-vom. tabac. Vegetable acids.—*It is used as an antidote against*: Merc. plumb.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. asar. bell. bry. camph. canth. carb-v. cham. cocc. hell. hep. hyos. merc. mosch. v-vom. op. plumb. puls. rut. stann. veratr. zinc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be:—Convulsions, epileptic fits, St. Vitus' dance, catalepsy, and other *spasmodic affections*, especially when caused by fright, or by breathing the vapour of mercury; Affections, in consequence of measles; Typhus fever; Imbecility; *Delirium tremens*, especially from abuse of beer; Mania; Hydrophobia; Nymphomania of pregnant women; Encephalitis; Hydrocephalus; Convulsive hiccough; Cramp in the chest, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Spasmodic, drawing, paralytic pains in the muscles and joints of the limbs.*—Sensation, as if the limbs were separated from the body.—Contractive cramp in the limbs.—*Crawling in the limbs.*—Contraction and slow extension of the limbs.—**Attacks of cramps of different kinds.*—*Tetanus.*—*Opisthotonus.*—°*Cramps and other hysterical sufferings.*—Stiffness and contraction of some limbs.—*Attacks of cataleptic stiffness of the body, with loss of consciousness, preceded by headache with vertigo.—*Easy movements of the limbs, or great heaviness of these parts.*—*Convulsions, which resemble St. Vitus' dance.—*Convulsive jerking of the limbs, with weeping.—*Convulsive movements and jerks*, especially when touched, or from fixing the eyes on brilliant objects (such as a candle, a mirror, or water) or else appearing periodically.—°*Convulsions, as in epilepsy, but without loss of consciousness.*—Syncope, with snoring.—*Trembling of the limbs.*—The limbs totter, when one is walking and standing upright.—*Paralysis as after an attack of apoplexy.*—Weakness, with want to lie down.—*Suppression of all secretions and excretions.*

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep by day.—**Deep sleep, with snoring, cries and howling.*—*Comatose somnolency*, with ridiculously solemn countenance when waking.—Ag-

itated sleep, with vivid dreams.—*Kneeling position in bed and starting from the least touch, with shrieks and wild gestures.

FEVER.—*Coldness of the whole body, especially of the limbs, with shaking and shivering and general jerking.—Coldness of the hands and feet, with redness of the face.—Heat with anxiety, and redness of the cheeks, or else with thirst and vomiting.—At first heat in the head, then general coldness, followed by heat and thirst.—Small quick pulse.—Frequent profuse sweat, also at night.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Melancholy.—Sadness with deadly anguish, and copious tears, especially in the evening when in bed.—Distracted conscience.—Inconsolableness and easy irritation about trifles.—Great activity and rapidity of movement.—Obstinacy and caprice.—*Bursts of laughter, alternating with choleric passion or moaning.—Howling and groans.—Murmurs or continued cries.—Ungovernable fury, desire to bite, to strike and to kill.—At one time great indifference about one's affairs, at another time fear of not being able to acquit oneself properly.—*Desire to run away.—Desire for society, candle-light and sun-shine, because darkness and solitude aggravate the moral symptoms.—*The moral symptoms are aggravated, after the autumnal equinox.—*Loss of memory.—*Dulness of all the senses and indifference to external influences.—*Dizziness, with internal agitation.—*Deliria, generally frightful, with visions of terrific spectres.—Loss of consciousness, to such an extent as not to know one's relations.—Fixed ideas; the body seems to be cut in two.—Delusions of fancy, as if all surrounding objects were very small, and the sufferer himself was very large and elevated.—*Deliria, with strange ideas.—Mental alienation, with praying and pious actions (prayers, hymns, and devout air, &c.).—*Mania, generally with endless fictions of the imagination, lascivious talking, conversation with spectres, affected importance, dancing, laughing and fighting, or with ridiculous buffoonery, in constant alternation with sad and serious behaviour.*

HEAD.—Intoxication and dizziness.—Vertigo, with giddiness and staggering, or with clouded eyes and head-ache.—*Head-ache, with clouded eyes and dysecoia.—Troublesome sensation of lightness and weakness in the head.—*Throbbing pains in the vertex with syncope.—Congestion of blood to the head, with heat in it.—Retraction and convulsive movements of the head.—When lying down, one lifts the head frequently from the pillow.

EYES.—Eyes red and swollen.—Pressure and tension in

the eyes and eye-lids.—*Inflammation of the margin of the eye-lids.*—*Ulcerated eye-lids.*—*Discharge of mucus from the eyes.*—*Nocturnal agglutination of the lids.*—**Eyes fixed and sparkling.*—*Unmeaning, sad look.*—*Paralysis and spasmodic closing of the eye-lids.*—*Eyes convulsed.*—**Pupils dilated and insensible.*—*Cloudiness of the sight.*—*Transient blindness.*—*Myopia.*—*Diplopia.*—*Indistinct, confused sight.*—*Amblyopia.*—*Confusion of the letters, when reading.*—*Errors of vision; objects appear oblique or coloured.*—*Illusions of vision.*

EARS AND NOSE.—*Air escapes from the ears.*—*Deafness.*—**Obstruction of the nose.*—^o*Spasmodic sneezing.*

FACE AND TEETH.—*Dull and bewildered air, with timid behaviour.*—*Painful distortion of the features of the face.*—*Face shrivelled and deeply wrinkled.*—**Face bloated and puffed up with blood, sometimes with an idiotic expression.*—*Circumscribed redness of the cheeks.*—**Deep red colour, or great paleness of the face.*—*Erysipelas of one side of the face and nose.*—*Lips dry and glued together.*—*A yellow streak on the red part of the lips.*—*Quivering of the lips.*—*Distortion of the mouth.*—*Grinding of the teeth.*—*Pulsative odontalgia, as if the teeth were going to fall out.*

MOUTH.—*Dryness of the mouth.*—*Copious salivation.*—*Sanguineous froth before the mouth.*—*Hæmoptysis.*—*Tongue swollen and paralyzed.*—**Imperfect speaking and stammering.*—*Continued murmurs.*—*Complete loss of speech.*

THROAT.—**Spasmodic constriction of the throat.*—**Impeded deglutition, with shootings in the throat, or pressure in the sub-maxillary glands.*—**Deglutition obstructed, sometimes by dryness of the throat.*

APPETITE.—*Ageusia.*—*Food tastes like sand or straw.*—*Continued bitterness in the mouth, with bitter taste of food.*—*Burning thirst, generally with dread of water and all liquids.*

STOMACH.—*Eructations, with sour taste.*—*Vomiting of water, with colic and diarrhœa.*—*Vomiting of greenish or sour mucus.*—*Vomiting of green bile after slight exercise.*—^c*Convulsive hiccough.*—*Pain in the stomach, with smarting or pressive sensation.*—*Great anxiety in the scrobiculus cordis, with obstructed respiration.*—*(Inflammation of the stomach.)*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Abdomen painful when touched.*—*Abdomen inflated, hard and distended.*—*Pain in the abdomen, as if beaten, when moving.*—*Violent tearings in the abdomen, as if the navel would be torn out.*—*Hysterical*

spasms in the abdomen.—Swelling of the inguinal glands.—Borborygmus and fermentation in the abdomen.—Expulsion of much flatulence.

FÆCES AND URINE.—**Constipation.*—Tenesmus.—Fetid fæces, which smell like that of a corpse.—Diarrhœa, with pain and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Discharge of coagulated blood from the anus.—**Suppressed secretion of urine.*—Emission of urine, drop by drop, with frequent urging.—Involuntary emission of urine.—(Flow of urine.)

GENITAL ORGANS.—Lasciviousness.—Impotence.—*Increased catamenia*, with discharge of black blood, in large, coagulated masses.—*Metrorrhagia.*—During the catamenia, rank odour from the body, great loquacity, and drawings in the abdomen and thighs.—Sobs and moaning after the catamenia.

CHEST.—Voice loud and bawling.—Want of breath.—Difficult and sighing respiration.—Suffocating obstruction of respiration.—Constrictive oppression of the chest.—Pressure in the chest, excited by speaking.—Sensation, as if something were turning round in the chest.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pain in the back, as if beaten, when moving.—Drawing and tearing in the back and loins.—**Opisthotonus.*—**Convulsive movements of the arms*, above the head.—Contractive pain in the arm, with acute lancinations in the fore-arm.—**Distortion of the hands.*—**Clenched fists.*—Cramps in the hands.—**Trembling of the hands.*—Numbness of the fingers.—*Jerking in the legs*, as if from a shock, with retraction of these parts.—Drawings in the thighs.—Bending of the legs when walking.—**Trembling of the feet.*—Contractive cramps in the feet.

175.—STRONTIANA.

STRONT.—Strontiana carbonica.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—*Duration of effect* : for about 40 days in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE : Camph.

COMPARE WITH : Merc. plat.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has as yet been employed in one case of *gastralgia* only.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tearing* in the limbs, and especially *in the joints*, more violent in the evening and at night when in bed.—Unwieldiness of the limbs, of one side only, as in paralysis, in the evening.—*Excessive emaciation.*—*Trembling of the limbs.*—The majority of the pains, the locality of which it is difficult to determine, seem to be seated in the medulla of the bones(?).—The affections im-

perceptibly increase to a certain intensity and diminish in the same manner.—Majority of symptoms affect only one side of the body.—Alleviation in the open air, principally in the heat of the sun, and in the warmth generally.—Great lassitude and depression, morning and evening.

SKIN.—Tension of the skin in different parts, when in bed, in the evening.—Eruption of small pimples on different parts, with burning itching, especially after scratching.

SLEEP.—Retarded sleep.—Jerking in the body and starts when sleeping.—*Frequent waking at night*, principally caused by a dry cough.—Sleep, with many fantastic dreams.

FEVER.—Shiverings, morning and evening.—Heat proceeding from the nose and mouth, with thirst.—Dry heat at night.—*Profuse perspiration at night*, and when a limb is uncovered, immediate pain in that part.—Perspiration of the parts affected.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Inquietude and anguish.—Peevishness, with propensity to passion and anger.—Excessive forgetfulness.

HEAD.—Head-ache, with nausea and vertigo.—Troublesome pressure in the forehead.—*Tensive cephalalgia*, as if all the skin were being drawn towards the vertex, and as if things were pressed towards the outside.—*Lancinating head-ache*.—Vibration in the temples in the evening.—Sensation of burning heat in the head and face when walking, in the afternoon, with redness of the face, anguish and desire to sleep.

EYES.—Burning sensation in the eyes.—Pressure on the upper part of the eye-ball.—Violent jerking and quivering of the eye-lids.—Red and blue circles before the eyes after rubbing them, with aching, as if caused by sand.—Sparkling before the eyes.—Green spots before the eyes in the dark.

EARS, NOSE AND FACE.—Tearings in the ears.—Humming in the ears.—Quivering on one side only of the nose.—Sanguineous scabs blown from the nose.—Redness of the face, with burning heat.—Itching in the face.—Jerking, tearing and *boring in the zygomatic process*.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with jerking pain.—Tearing in the roots of the teeth.—Grasping pain in the teeth, preceded by copious accumulation of saliva.—Gums swollen and painful when touched.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—*Sensation of torpor* and of dryness *in the mouth* in the morning, without checked flow of

saliva.—Roughness and dryness of the throat.—Inflammation of the palate, with pain when swallowing.

APPETITE.—Earthy taste in the mouth.—Violent thirst, especially for beer.—Desire for brown bread only.—Hunger after dinner.

STOMACH.—Nausea, with burning heat in the face.—Violent hiccough.—*Pressure in the stomach, with sensation of fulness in the abdomen, especially after a meal.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Abdomen distended and painfully inflated.—Colic in the umbilical region.—*Gripings*, with *diarrhœa* and shiverings.—Lancinations in the sides.—Rumbling in the abdomen, with abundant expulsion of very fetid flatus.

FÆCES.—*Slow, hard, knotty fæces*, evacuated with effort and great pain.—*Diarrhœa*, of yellow water, with gripings and pinchings in the abdomen.—Burning sensation in the anus, during and after an evacuation.—Pain, as if from hæmorrhoides in the rectum.

URINE—GENITAL ORGANS.—Diminished secretion of urine.—Increased secretion of yellow, dark-coloured urine.—Nocturnal emission of urine.—*Pale urine*, with a strong ammoniacal smell.—Retarded catamenia, first serous, then in clots.

CHEST.—Hoarseness and roughness in the throat, which excites a cough.—Dry cough, excited by an irritation in the trachea, and aggravated at night.—Dyspnœa, when walking, with heat in the face.—Pressure in the chest.—Drawing pain in the muscles of the chest.—Palpitation of the heart.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Pain in the loins and back as if beaten.—Drawing pain in the back and lumbar region.—Tearings in the arms, hands and fingers, especially in the joints.—Almost paralytic torpor of the fore-arms and hands.—Paralytic drawings in the limbs.—Jerking of the legs.—Jerking and tearings in the legs, feet and toes, especially in the joints.—Swelling of the feet.

176.—SULPHUR.

SULPH.—Sulphur.—HAHNEMANN — *Duration of effect*: from 35 to 40 days in chronic diseases, and even for a longer time.

ANTIDOTES: Acon. camph. cham. chin. merc. n-vom. puls. sep. — *It is used as an antidote against*: Chin. iod. merc. nitr-ac. rhus. sep.

COMPARE WITH: Acon. am-c. ant. ars. bar. bell. bry. calc. canth. caps. caus. cham. chin. coff. con. cupr. dulc. graph. ign. iod. ipec. lach. lyc. magn. magn-m. merc. natr. natr-m. nitr-ac. n-vom. phos-ac. puls. rhus. sass. seneg. sep. sil. sulph-ac. veratr. — Sulphur, when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious after: Acon. ars. cupr. merc. nitr-ac. n-vom. puls. and rhus. — Acon. bell. calc. cupr. merc. nitr. ac. n-vom. puls. rhus. sep. sil., are sometimes suitable after sulphur.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be :—Affections, especially in persons of a *lymphatic constitution*, disposed to eruptions, herpes, enlarged glands, &c., &c., or of a *bilious constitution*, with tendency to hæmorrhoides, hypochondria, and melancholy; or else of a weak and leucophlegmatic or exhausted constitution, with *sickly complexion*, inclined to blenorrhagia, to suffer from chills, to easy and profuse perspiration, to colds in the head and diarrhœa, with colic; Sufferings from abuse of wine, or of mercury, and other mineral poisons; Sufferings caused by a chill from exposure to the wind (a current of air) or in the water; Periodical and intermittent sufferings; Arthritis, and acute and chronic rheumatisms, with or without swelling; Wandering gout; Arthroace; Hydrarthra; *Articular rheumatism*; *Chronic local inflammations*; Spasmodic and convulsive attacks, also during dentition; *Epilepsy*; *Nervous weakness* caused by onanism, or other debilitating losses, and also by excessive study and long watching; Muscular weakness, with unsteady gait, stooping of the body, or difficulty (in children) in learning to walk; Trembling of the limbs, also in drunkards; Paralysis, principally from weakness; *Atrophy of scrofulous children* and exhausted persons; Affections caused by a strain, or other mechanical injuries; Icterus; *Chlorosis*; Cachexia from the abuse of cinchona; *Dropsical affections*; Suppurations; *Inflammation, swelling and suppuration of the glands*, and other scrofulous and rachitic sufferings; Swelling, inflammation and other diseases of the bones; *Miliary and scabious herpes*; *Chronic eruptions*; Eruptions after vaccination; *Scabies* and bad effects from repercussion of scabies or herpes; Liver spots; Sugillation and other sufferings caused by a contusion; *Maculæ maternæ*; Aneurisms; Warts; Chilblains; *Measles* and affections caused by that disease; *Scarlatina* (malignant), and affections arising from repercussion of the eruption; Small pox (during the eruptive period); *Erysipelatous inflammations*; *Excoriations*; *Rhagades*; *Ulcers* (also those arising from abuse of mercury); *Fistulous ulcers*; Encysted tumours; *Abscess*; *Nocturnal somnambulism*; Inflammatory fevers, with gastric and nervous affections; Typhus fever; Intermittent fever; Hectic fever; Melancholy; Religious and philosophical excitement; Mania; Fatigue of the head, or even mental alienation, from excessive study; Hypochondria; Hysteria; Imbecility; Cerebral congestion; Rheumatic catarrhal, nervous

cephalalgia, &c., *Megrim* ; Cephalalgia of those who work in metals ; Encephalitis ? ; *Scald-head* ; *Baldness*, and also after severe acute diseases, in lying-in women, or caused by frequent megrims, &c. ; *Scrofulous traumatic*, catarrhal *ophthalmia*, &c. ; Opacity of and ulcers on the cornea ; *Blepharophthalmia* ; *Amblyopia amaurotica* ; *Myopia* ; *Presbyopia* ; *Cataract* ; Hardness of hearing ; Purulent otorrhœa ; Phlegmonous inflammation of the nose ; *Dry or fluent, acute or chronic coryza* ; Nasalhæmorrhage ; Erysipelas of the face ; Crusta lactea and other facial Eruptions ; Ephelis ? ; Cancer of the lips ? ; Inflammation of the gums ; Rheumatic or congestive odontalgia ; Difficult dentition, with propensity to convulsions ; *Aphthæa in the mouth* ; Salivation, caused by abuse of mercury ; Chronic catarrhal angina ; Gastric sufferings ; Dyspepsia, with *acrid eructations*, *pyrosis*, and vomiting of food ; Gastric blenorrhœa ; *Obstinate anorexia* ; *Gastralgia* ; *Inclination to drunkenness* ; *Chronic hepatic affections* ; Swelling and induration of the liver ; Icterus ; Obstruction of the abdomen ; *Spasmodic flatulent and hæmorrhoidal colic* ; *Ascites* ; Enteritis ? ; Peritonitis ? ; Herniæ, which protrude easily ; *Incarcerated herniæ* (after the use of aconit.) ; *Scrofulous and mercurial buboes* ; *Obitinate constipation*, or disposition to diarrhœa ; Mucous diarrhœa ; Dysentery ; Lienteria ? ; Prolapsus recti ; Vermiculous affections ; *Blind or bleeding hæmorrhoides* ; Bad effects from suppression of the hæmorrhoidal discharge ; Ischuria ; Dysuria ; Diabetes ? ; Hæmaturia ; Incontinence of urine in children (wetting the bed) ; Urethritis ; Secondary gonorrhœa ; Blenorrhœa of the vesica ? ; Urinary fistula ; Stricture of the urethra ? ; Inflammation and phymosis of the præputium ; Pseudo-gonorrhœa ; Induration of the testes ? ; Hydrocele ? ; Impotence ; Weakness of the genital organs, in consequence of onanism ; *Menostasis* ; *Dysmenorrhœa* ; Menstrual colic ; Metrorrhagia ? ; Sterility ? ; Abortion ? ; *Leucorrhœa* ; Chlorosis ; Excoriation, inflammation and ulceration of the mammæ ; Induration (and cancer ?) of the mammæ ; Excoriation, constipation, *aphthæ* and *ophthalmia* of new-born infants ; *Pulmonary catarrh with hoarseness*, also in consequence of measles ; Inveterate catarrh ; Blenorrhœa of the lungs in old men ; Grippe ; Aphonia ; Catarrhal, spasmodic nervous cough, &c. ; Hooping cough ? ; *Hæmoptysis* ; *Asthmatic sufferings* ; *Chronic pneumonia* ; *Phthisis* ; *Pain in the chest caused by an effort, or by lifting a weight* ; Affections of the heart ; Pain in the loins ; Rachitic distortion of the spine ; Trem-

bling of the hands, also in drunkards; Rhagades on the hands; *Panaritium*; Coxarthrocace; Coxalgia; Spontaneous dislocation; *Arthritic or rheumatic gonitis*; White swelling?; Gout in the hands and feet; Ulcers on the legs; Erysipelatous inflammation of the feet or legs, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Sharp and drawing pains, *or shooting in the limbs, principally in the joints, and sometimes with want of strength, stiffness, and sensation of torpor in the parts affected.—*Wrenching pains as if from contraction of the tendons, with cramps and spasms in several parts.—*Cracking in the joints, principally those of the knee and elbow.—*Inflammatory swelling of the joints, with heat and redness.—*Crawling in the limbs, principally in the calves of the legs and arms.—*Propensity of the limbs to become numbed easily.—*Muscular twitchings.—*Jerks and shocks in certain parts or in the whole body, principally when sitting or lying down.—*Attacks of spasms.—Epileptic convulsions, -excited by fright, or by running, *and sometimes attended with cries, rigidity of the limbs, compression of the teeth, and sensation as if a mouse were running over the back or arms.—*Fainting fits, -or hysterical or hypochondriacal uneasiness, sometimes with vertigo, vomiting and perspiration.—*Trembling of the limbs, principally the hands.—Sensation of trembling in the interior of the body.—Attacks of *uneasiness in the whole body*, which does not permit one to remain seated, with desire to stretch and contract the limbs alternately.—Violent ebullition of blood, sometimes with burning heat in the hands.—Great exhaustion, with *excessive fatigue after the least conversation and the shortest walk with desire to remain always seated, and profuse perspiration, even when sitting, reading, eating, lying down or walking.—The sensation of fatigue is sometimes removed by walking.—Muscular weakness, principally in the knees and arms, and also in the legs with unsteady gait.—*Stooping gait.—*Extraordinary emaciation, sometimes with weakness, fatigue, and burning sensation in the hands and feet.—*Great sensitiveness to the open air and to the wind, -with pains in the limbs from a change of weather, disposition to take cold, and many sufferings produced by exposure to the open air.—The affections of the head and stomach are principally aggravated when in the open air.—The majority of the sufferings are aggravated or appear at night or in the evening, and also during repose, when standing for

a long time, and by exposure to cold air ; they disappear when walking or moving the parts affected, and also in the warmth of a room ; but *the heat of the bed renders the nocturnal pains insupportable*.—*Several sufferings appear periodically or at intervals.

SKIN.—**Itching in the skin*, even of the whole body, -more violent *at night* or in the morning *in bed*, and often attended with pain, as if from excoriation, and with heat, itching, or bleeding of the part which has been scratched.—*Eruptions, like those which often follow vaccination.—**Scabious eruptions and herpes* of a greenish yellow colour, commencing with small itching phlyctænæ surrounded by a red areola.—**Herpetic*, red, irregular, furfuraceous spots, covered with small phlyctænæ, discharging a serous lymph.—**Scabious eruptions*.—**Miliary eruptions*, principally on the extremities.—**Nettle-rash*.—**Burning itching of the eruptions*.—**Liver spots* of a yellow or brownish colour.—°*Erysipelatous inflammation*, with pulsative and shooting pains.—°*Extravasation*, even from the slightest contusion.—°*Bright, scarlet redness* over the whole body.—*Crawling in the skin* of the whole body.—**Red, swollen and ulcerated chilblains*, with itching in the heat of a room.—**Callous warts*, principally round the fingers.—*The skin cracks easily, especially in the open air ; cracks, with pain, as if from excoriation.—**Desquamation and excoriation of the skin* in several places.—Unhealthy skin ; the slightest injuries become inflamed and ulcerated.—**Ulcers with elevated margins*, surrounded by itchy pimples and red or bluish areola, with sharp, lancinating and tensive pains ; which bleed easily and secrete a fetid and sanious, or yellow and thick pus.—**Proud flesh* in the ulcers.—*Fistulous ulcers*.—*Furunculi*.—*Encysted tumours*, or °pale, tight, and hot tumours ; inflammatory abscess.—**Inflammation, swelling, and induration, or suppuration of the glands*.—°*Nodosities* on the skin of the whole body, from swelling of the subcutaneous glands, but principally on the breast.—°*Inflammation, swelling, and painful sensitiveness of the bones*.—**Repugnance to ablutions*.

SLEEP.—**Insurmountable desire to sleep*, principally, in the afternoon and evening, by candle-light.—**Frequent yawning*.—*Retarded sleep at night*, *or *sleeplessness*, sometimes caused by a great flow of ideas, or as if it were from over excitement.—**Sleep too light*, -or agitated, with frequent waking, often with frightened starts.—*Waking too early*, with inability to go to sleep again.—**Sleep in the morning too prolonged*, -sometimes deep and lethargic, with

difficulty in rising in the morning.—**Unrefreshing sleep.*—**Pains, uneasiness and crawling in the limbs, with heat and colic at night, -gastralgia, vertigo, head-ache, visions and illusions of the senses, palpitation of the heart, asthmatic sufferings, *hunger and thirst.*—Inability to sleep otherwise than on the back, with the head high.—**When sleeping, agitation and tossing, shocks in the body, and jerks in the limbs, starts and fright, talking, -cries, murmurs, wanderings, delirium, lamentation and moaning, snoring, eyes half-open, lying on the back, with the arms above the head, night-mare and somnambulism.*—**On waking, illusions of the senses, -frightful visions and fear of ghosts.*—**Frequent, fantastic, anxious, frightful and horrible, angry, disgusting and agitated dreams : dreams of fire, of dogs that bite, of fine clothes, which one possesses, of falling, of danger, of death ; dreams with a presentiment of what will take place on the morrow.*

FEVER.—**Chilliness, -coldness, shivering and shuddering, principally in the evening or at night, in bed, as well as in the afternoon, and when walking in the open air.*—Partial shiverings, principally *in the back, chest and arms, with *coldness of the hands, feet and nose.*—During the shiverings, paleness or heat in the face, head-ache, at times flushes of heat —**Frequent flushes of heat.*—**Heat, principally at night, or in the evening, or in the morning, and also in the afternoon, and often with (circumscribed) redness of the cheeks, excessive thirst, burning sensation in the hands and feet, -partial shiverings, *partial sweats, principally in the head, face and hands, -fatigue and pain in the limbs as if beaten, hoarseness and cough, anxiety, &c.*—**Febrile attacks, both in the forenoon and afternoon, or in the evening, consisting of heat, which is preceded by shiverings, and followed or mixed with perspiration, or else in -heat of the face, followed by shiverings.*—**Palpitation of the heart, delirium, weakness, obstruction and scabs in the nose with violent thirst during the fever, and also before the shiverings.*—**Pulse hard, quick and full.*—**Frequent and profuse perspiration day and night, evening and morning when in bed, with *aptness to perspire when working, partial perspiration, principally on the head, nape of the neck, hands, &c, *acid perspiration.*

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Melancholy and sadness, -with angry thoughts, uneasiness about one's condition and affairs, to such an extent as to feel exceedingly unhappy, to be disgusted with life, and even to despair of eternal salvation.*—**Great propensity to weep, and frequent weeping, sometimes alternating with involuntary laughter.*—**Inconsolableness and scruples of conscience, even for the most innocent ac-*

tions.—*Attacks of anguish*, principally in the evening, *timidity and great tendency to be frightened.—Precipitation, inquietude and impatience.—*Ill-humour, moroseness, quarrelsome disposition, desire to criticise and dislike to conversation.—*Irritability, choler, disposition to be angry, and to fly into a rage.—Great indolence and repugnance to all exertion, both mental and bodily.—*Indecision*, awkwardness, inadvertence, anthropophobia and giddiness.—Stupidity and imbecility, with difficulty in understanding and answering correctly.—*Great weakness of memory, principally for proper names.—What was just about to be uttered escapes the memory.—*Great flow of ideas*, for the most part, sad and unpleasant, but sometimes gay and mixed with musical airs.—*Great tendency to religious, and philosophical reveries, *with fixed ideas.—Wanderings.—Mania, with a fixed idea of having all things in abundance, and possessing beautiful things, &c.—*Delirium, with carapologia.—Errors respecting objects, a hat is mistaken for a bonnet, a rag for a handsome gown, &c.

HEAD.—*Confusion of the head, with difficulty in meditating, or with weakness and dizziness, and stupor, sometimes with desire to lie down, and occurring principally in the morning or evening, or when walking in the open air, or when ascending.—*Vertigo and staggering, principally when seated or after a meal, or when exercising in the open air, when stooping, walking, ascending, rising from a seat, lying on the back, passing over running water, and also in the morning, evening or at night, and often attended with nausea, fainting, weakness, and bleeding from the nose.—Head-ache, as if caused by incarcerated flatulence, by obstruction in the head, or as if in consequence of a debauch.—*Painful sensitiveness of the head, and principally of the vertex, from the least movement, with pain at every step, or when coughing, blowing the nose or chewing.—*Fulness, pressure, and heaviness in the head, principally in the forehead and occiput.—Tension and painful contraction in the brain, sometimes with a sensation as if the head were compressed by a band.—*Expansive pressure, as if the head were about to burst, principally in the temples.—Sharp and jerking pains, or *drawing and shootings in the head.—Painful sensation, as if the brain were wounded or bruised.—When moving the head, the brain strikes against the cranium.—*Congestion of blood to the head, with pulsative, clucking, hammering sensations, and feeling of heat in the brain (characteristic).—*Crawling, buzzing, roaring and vibration in the head.—*The head-aches are often

only *semi-lateral*, or they occupy the vertex, or the occiput or the forehead above the eyes, and are attended with inclination to frown, or to close the eyes, confusion of sight, **unfitness for meditation*, humming in the ears, and nausea, with desire to vomit.—**Quotidian, periodical, and intermittent head-aches*, appearing principally at night, or in the evening in bed, or in the morning, or after a meal.—**Movement, walking, the open air and meditation* often excite or aggravate the head-aches.—Itching and pimples on the head, principally on the forehead.—^o*Dry, or thick yellowish scabs in the hairy scalp*, with secretion of a thick and fetid pus, but always with great itching.—**Coldness in the head*, sometimes only in circumscribed places.—Painful sensitiveness of the roots of the hair, and of the hairy scalp, when touched.—Mobility of the hairy scalp.—**Falling out of the hair*.—*Head, bent forward when walking*.—Itching in the head, with impatience.

EYES.—Heaviness, *and pressure in the eyes and eye-lids, with a sensation of rubbing, as if from sand.—Itching, **tickling and burning sensation in the eyes, canthi, and eye-lids*.—Pains as if from a bruise, or wound, and smarting in the eyes and eye-lids.—**The pains in the eyes often extend into the head* and are aggravated by movement of the eyes, and also by the light of the sun, which sometimes increases them, so as to render them insupportable.—**Inflammation, swelling, and redness of the sclerotica, conjunctiva and eye-lids*.—**Ulceration of the margin of the eye-lids*.—*Pustules and ulcers round the orbits, as far as the cheeks*.—Inflammatory redness of the iris.—*Opacity of the cornea*, as if covered with dust, or clouded, with a deposit of grayish lymph between the lamellæ.—^c*Specks, vesicles, and ulcers on the cornea*.—Injection of the vessels of the conjunctiva.—Pupil irregular, or dilated and immovable.—Cloudiness of the crystalline lens.—Nodosity, like hordeolum on the eye-lids.—**Profuse lachrymation*, especially when in the open air, or great dryness of the eyes, principally when in a room.—Greasy tears.—**Copious secretion of mucus from the eyes, day and night*.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—*Twitching and quivering of the eye-lids*.—**Contraction of the eye-lids in the morning*.—Trembling of the eyes.—**Confused sight*, as if looking through a mist, as if there were down, or a veil before the eyes.—**Presbyopia*.—^c*Myopia*.—Clouded sight, when reading.—The eyes are dazzled by the day-light.—Sparks and white spots, or dancing flies, black points and spots before the eyes.—Objects appear to be yellow.—**Great*

sensitiveness of the eyes to the light, principally to that of the sun, and during warm and oppressive weather.—^o*Yellowish colour of the sclerotica*.

EARS.—*Itching in the ears*.—**Sharp or drawing pains*, or *shootings in the ears*, sometimes extending into the head or into the throat.—*Burning heat* which proceeds out through the ears.—*Gurgling in the ears*, as if there were water in them.—^o*Discharge of pus from the ears*.—*Furunculus on the tragus*.—*Hearing excessively acute*; the least noise is insupportable, and nausea is experienced when touching the keys of the piano.—*Dysecoia*, principally for the human voice.—**Obstruction and sensation of stoppage in the ears*, on one side only, and often when eating or blowing the nose.—*Tinkling*, **humming and roaring in the ears*, sometimes with congestion of blood to the head.—*Cracking in the ear*, as if a vessel full of water were broken.—^o*Excoriation behind the ears*.

NOSE.—*Boring in the root of the nose*.—*Burning in the nostrils*.—**Inflammatory swelling of the nose*, principally of the point, or in the alæ nasi.—*Inflammation, ulceration, and scabs in the nostrils*.—*Cracking in the nose* as if a vessel full of air had burst.—*Ephelides and black pores on the nose*.—**Obstruction of the nose*, sometimes on one side only.—**Great dryness of the nose*.—**Dry, or fluent coryza, with copious secretion of mucus*.—*Discharge of burning mucus*, or **secretion of a thick yellowish, and puriform mucus from the nostrils*.—**Blood, or sanguineous mucus is blown from the nose*.—**Bleeding of the nose*, principally in the morning and sometimes with vertigo.—*Frequent, also spasmodic sneezing*, sometimes preceded by nausea.—*Smell increased or diminished*, and also entirely lost.—*Smell as in inveterate coryza*, of burnt horn, or of smoke in the nose.

FACE.—**Face pale*, or yellowish, with *sickly complexion*, and deep sunken eyes surrounded by a blue circle.—**Heat and burning sensation in the face*, with dark redness of the whole face, circumscribed redness of the cheeks, or red spots, on the neck also.—**Pale or red swelling of the face*.—*Swelling of the cheeks*, with lancinating pain.—*Drawing, sharp pain*, with bruised pressive and burning sensation in the cheek-bones.—*Phlegmonous erysipelas of the face*, principally affecting the eye-lids, nose and (left) ear.—*Roughness and redness in the skin of the face*.—*Eruption of pimples on the face and forehead*.—*Itching and moist herpes*, over the whole face, principally above the nose, round the eyes, and on the eye-lids; small, white

vesicles, in groups, and forming scabs.—*Ephelides and black pores in the face, principally on the nose, lips, and chin.—Lips dry, rough and cracked.—*Burning sensation and continued heat of the lips.*—°Liver spots on the upper lip.—Trembling and jerking of the lips.—**Swelling of the lips.*—Scabious ulcer on the red part of the lip.—Herpetic eruption on the corner of the mouth.—Painful eruption round the chin.—Sharp, lancinating, and drawing pains, and **painful swelling of the jaws.*—*Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands*, with pains when touched, and shooting.

TEETH.—Great tenderness of the teeth.—Jerking, shocks, **sharp or drawing pains*, -shootings, or **throbbing pains*, with -boring and burning sensation, **both in the carious and in the sound teeth* —*The tooth-ache often extends as far as the ears or into the head, and is sometimes accompanied by congestion of blood to the head, with shiverings and desire to sleep, or with swelling of the cheek.—*Appearance or aggravation of tooth-ache, *principally in the evening, at night, or in the open air*, and also from a current of air, *from cold water*, eating and masticating, *and sometimes also from taking any thing hot.—Brownish mucus on the teeth.—*Painful loosening, -elongation, setting on edge, and easy bleeding of the teeth.—Bleeding, **sensation of opening, and swelling of the gums*, sometimes *with throbbing pains.*—°Hard, round swelling of the gums, with discharge of pus and blood.

MOUTH.—Dryness, heat, and burning sensation in the mouth, sometimes in the morning with moist tongue.—*Accumulation of saliva in the mouth ; sanguineous or salt, or acid or bitter saliva.*—*Fetid*, sometimes acid smell from the mouth, principally *in the morning or in the evening, or after a meal.*—Vesicles, blisters, and **aphthæ in the mouth and on the tongue*, -sometimes with burning or with pain, as if from excoriation, when eating.—Exfoliation of the skin of the mouth.—Burning sensation and tickling on the tongue.—*Tongue dry, rough and cracked, °of the colour of cinnabar ; or *loaded with a white coating*, or covered with brownish mucus, thick and viscous.—Stammering, when speaking.—Accumulation of mucus, of a salt taste in the mouth.

THROAT.—Scraping, roughness, and *dryness in the throat.*—**Pressure, as if from a plug, or from a tumour in the throat*, sometimes with difficult deglutition.—Sensation, as if a ball were mounting in the throat.—*Contraction, and *painful sensation of constriction in the throat*, when swallowing.—Pain, as if from excoriation, burning sensation and

shootings in the throat, principally during empty deglutition.—Sensation during empty deglutition as if a piece of meat were being swallowed.—Sensation, as if there were a plug in the throat, with empyreumatic taste.—Sore throat with swelling of the glands of the neck.

APPETITE.—**Bad taste in the mouth*, mostly acid, bitter, or putrid and sweetish, or insipid, principally in the morning on waking.—*Bitter, or too salt taste, or insipidity of food.—*Complete absence of appetite and dislike to food, principally to meat, rye-bread, -fat and milk.—*Dislike to sweet and acid things, or great desire for these things, with want of appetite.—Continued thirst even at night, often with desire for beer.—°Desire (in drunkards) to drink wine.—*Immoderate appetite, and attacks of bulimy, sometimes with head-ache, lassitude, and desire to lie down.—Great weakness of digestion, principally of meat, fat, milk, acids, and food made from flour, all of which occasion at times great suffering.—Food sweetened with sugar, aggravates the pains in the stomach and abdomen.—Milk produces sour eructations, an acid taste in the mouth and also vomiting.—Beer leaves a long after-taste, and causes ebullition of blood.—*Oppression in the chest, nausea, pressure and cramps in the stomach, colic, inflation of the abdomen, flatulence, vomiting and great fatigue after a meal.—Shivering, confusion and pain in the head, heat in the face, burning sensation in the hands, flow of water from the mouth, and many other sufferings.

STOMACH.—*Continued eructations principally empty, or with taste of food, *or acid and burning, or bitter, or fetid, with taste of rotten eggs, *principally after a meal, or at night.—*Abortive eructations.—*Regurgitation of food and drink, often with acid taste.—*Pyrosis, -often with burning and crawling in the chest.—Hiccough.—*Nausea, -sometimes even to fainting, with trembling, weakness and frequent eructations, principally *after a meal, -in the morning, at night, or when riding in a carriage.—*Water-brash, principally in the morning, or after a meal, "sometimes with pressure and digging in the abdomen.—*Vomiturition and vomiting, both of food, and of acid or bitter, blackish, *or sanguineous substances, &c., -principally in the morning, or evening, *after a meal, -or at night, and sometimes with nausea, pains in the stomach, and cold perspiration on the face.—Heaviness and fulness, or pressure and compression, or else contractive and spasmodic pains, or digging, and -shootings in the stomach and precordial region, *principally after a meal at night, -or in the morning, *often with

nausea and vomiting, anxiety and inflation of the abdomen.—Sensation of coldness, or heat and *burning* sensation in the stomach.—Great sensitiveness in the region of the stomach, when touched.—Swelling of the precordial region.—Pulsation in the pit of the stomach.—Swelling of the pit of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Painful sensitiveness of the hypochondria, as if they were wounded.—Drawing, *pressure, tension, and *shootings* in the region of the liver and spleen, *swelling and hardness in the regions of the liver, °and spleen.—Fulness, *heaviness, tension, and pressure as if from a stone in the abdomen, and principally in the epigastrium and in the hypochondria.—Enlargement and hardness of the abdomen.—Gripings, or *sensation of tearing, or *contractive and spasmodic pains* in the abdomen.—*Shootings in the abdomen, principally in the left side when walking, or taking a deep inspiration.—The pains in the abdomen have generally a tendency to attack the left side or extend into the stomach, and as far as the chest and back, causing obstructed respiration, nausea, anxiety, and hypochondriacal humour.—*Pains in the abdomen, principally at night, or after eating and drinking, or else periodical, and aggravated by food sweetened with sugar; *mitigated by bending forwards.—Movement and digging in the abdomen, or sensation as if something were pushed outwards.—Pains, as if from contusion and bruising in the integuments of the abdomen.—*Painful sensitiveness of the abdomen, when touched, as if all within were raw or one large wounded surface.—*Inflation of the abdomen with *pressive pains* from incarcerated flatus, principally in the left side.—*Borborygmus and rumbling in the abdomen.—Frequent escape of very fetid flatus.—*Painful swelling and also suppuration of the inguinal glands.—*Violent protrusion of hernia, °with incarceration.

FÆCES.—*Constipation and hard, -knotty and insufficient evacuations.—*Frequent and often ineffectual desire to evacuate, principally at night, and sometimes with pressure on the rectum and vesica, and pain in the anus.—Urgent desire to evacuate.—*Diarrhœa with frequent evacuations, principally at night, and often attended with colic, tenesmus, -inflation of the abdomen, dyspnœa, shivering and weakness to such an extent as to cause fainting.—Mucous, watery, frothy, acid or putrid smelling evacuations, -or of undigested substances.—*Whitish, greenish, discoloured, or brownish red fæces.—*Involuntary evacuations.—*Evacuations with pieces of mucus, blood, °and purulent matter.—

Discharge of mucus, even with hard fæces.—Escape of lumbrici, ascarides, and also of pieces of tænia from the rectum.—**Prolapsus recti*, principally when evacuating.—Sharp and pressive pains, *itching, shootings, and burning in the anus and rectum*, also during evacuation.—**Hæmorrhoides* which protrude, -ooze and bleed.—Excoriation and swelling of the anus.—*Hæmorrhoides* with diarrhœa.—**Tenesmus* from protrusion of hæmorrhoides.

URINE.—°Suppressed, or very scanty urine.—**Frequent* and sometimes very urgent *desire to urinate*.—*Frequent and profuse* flow of watery urine, sometimes gushing out with much force, *also at night*.—Involuntary emission of urine, principally when coughing or expelling flatus.—**Wetting the bed*.—°Red urine with sediment, -or else whitish, turbid, or dark-coloured.—Greasy pellicle over the urine.—Fetid urine.—Whitish like flour, thick, reddish sediment in the urine.—°*Painful emission of some drops of sanguineous urine*, with much effort.—*Discharge of blood and of mucus with the urine.—Itching, sharp pains, **shootings*, and *burning sensation in the urethra*, principally when urinating.—Redness and inflammation of the orifice of the urethra and pain as in the commencement of gonorrhœa.—*Discharge of mucus from the urethra.—Shootings in the vesica.—Small and intermittent stream of urine.—Spasmodic pains in the loins and groins.—°Gonorrhœa secundaria.

GENITAL ORGANS.—°Fetid perspiration of the parts.—**Excoriation between the thighs and groins*, principally when walking.—Shootings in the penis and glans.—Præputium stiff, hard, like leather, with copious secretion of fetid smegma.—Inflammation, *swelling and phimosis of the præputium*, with deep cracks, burnings and redness.—Deep ulcer with elevated margins, on the glans and præputium.—Pressure, tension and shootings in the testes and spermatic cords.—Swelling and thickening of the epididymis.—°Excoriation and running in the scrotum.—Increased sexual desire and voluptuous irritation of the parts, often without erection.—**Weakness of the genital functions* -often with icy coldness, bluish colour of the glans, prepuce and penis, and -retraction of the prepuce.—Testes relaxed and hanging low down.—Frequent pollutions, also at noon.—Watery semen.—*Escape of prostatic fluid*, *principally when urinating and evacuating.—°(Induration of the testes.)

CATAMENIA.—**Pressure on the parts*.—°Excoriation, *itching and burning sensation in the parts.—Inflammation of the labia.—**Catamenia too early -and too profuse*, or *too

feeble, or *entirely suppressed*, with *colic, abdominal spasms, head-ache, pains in the loins, pressure in the stomach, congestion to the head and nasal hæmorrhage, agitation and also attacks of epilepsy*.—**Before the catamenia, head-ache, itching in the parts, -spasmodic colic, inquietude, cough, tooth-ache, pyrosis, epistaxis, leucorrhœa and asthmatic sufferings*.—After the catamenia, itching in the nose.—**Menstrual discharge too pale or with an acid smell*.—**Leucorrhœa sometimes corrosive, -gnawing and yellowish, preceded by colic*.—**Excoriation and itching in the mammæ*.—*Cracks in the mammæ with burning sensation, easy bleeding and ulceration*.—Mammary glands obstructed and inflamed.—Erysipelatous inflammation of the breast.

LARYNX.—Catarrh, with fluent coryza, cough, pain, sensation of rawness in the chest and shivering.—**Hoarseness, roughness and scraping in the throat, with accumulation of mucus in the chest*.—Pain as if from excoriation and **crawling or tickling in the larynx*, with desire to cough.—**Voice hoarse and low or entirely extinct, generally in cold and damp weather*.—**Sensation as if the larynx were swollen, or as if there were a foreign body in it*.—**Dry cough, sometimes fatiguing and shaking, with vomituration, vomiting and spasmodic constriction of the chest, generally in the evening, or at night when in a recumbent position, or in the morning after a meal*.—**Moist cough, with profuse expectoration of thick whitish or yellowish mucus, like that in an inveterate coryza*.—°*Fetid expectoration of a greenish yellow colour, resembling pus and of a salt or sweetish taste, while coughing*.—°*Feverish cough, with hæmoptysis*.—**When coughing, pain as if from excoriation, or shootings in the chest, pain as if from a bruise or shootings in the head, pain in the abdomen, cloudiness before the eyes, and pains in the hips and loins*.—Respiration and conversation sometimes excite the cough.

CHEST.—**Short breath, -frequent chokings, obstructed respiration, dyspnœa, and attacks of suffocation, principally when lying down at night, and also during sleep, and sometimes also when speaking or walking in the open air*.—Inability to take a deep inspiration, with sensation as if the chest were contracted.—Frequent, short, or wheezing respiration.—°*Snoring and rattling of mucus in the chest*.—Shooting in the back and sacrum when inspiring.—°*Painful sensation in the chest, as if something were falling forwards in it, when turning in the bed*.—°*Painful obstruction in the left side of the chest, with anguish and inability to lie on the side affected*.—**Heaviness, fulness and pressure as if from a stone*

*in the chest and sternum, principally in the morning, °and also when coughing, sneezing and yawning.—Pain when coughing and sneezing, as if the chest were about to burst.—*Periodical spasms in the chest, with sensation of constriction, spasmodic pains, °shortness of breath, bluish colour of the face and inability to speak.—Pulsations in the chest and sternum.—*Weakness of the chest, felt particularly when speaking, °with great fatigue in the lungs after speaking or singing.—*Shootings in the chest or sternum, or extending as far as the back, or into the left side, principally when coughing, inspirating or lifting the arms.—*The pains in the chest tend more to affect the left side.—Sensation of coldness or *burning in the chest, sometimes extending as far as the face.—Shootings and blows in the region of the heart.—Violent congestion of blood towards the chest and heart, sometimes with ebullition in the chest, pressive pain, uneasiness, faintness and trembling of the arms.—Sensation of emptiness in the region of the heart, or pressure and sensation as if the heart had not room enough.—*Frequent palpitation of the heart, sometimes also visible and attended with anxiety, principally when ascending.*

TRUNK.—*Pain, as if from a bruise in the thorax, when touched.—*Weakness and wrenching pains, or as if from a bruise in the loins and back principally when walking and rising from a seat.—*Pain in the back after manual labour.—Shootings in the loins, back and shoulder-blades, sometimes with obstructed respiration.—*Sharp and rheumatic pains, drawing, tension and stiffness in the loins, back and nape of the neck.—Pinching and burning sensation between the shoulder-blades.—°Distortion of the spine.—Herpes on the nape of the neck.—Swelling and inflammation of the glands of the nape and neck.—Fetid perspiration in the axillæ.—Swelling and suppuration of the axillary glands.*

ARMS.—*Pressure on the shoulders, as if from a weight.—Jerking of the shoulders, hands and fingers.—*Jerking, sharp pains and shootings in the joints and muscles of the arms, hands and fingers, and also in the shoulders, and principally at night in bed.—Nocturnal cramps in the arms.—*Crawling in the arms and fingers.—*Swelling of the arms, °sometimes with heat, hardness and lancinating or tensive pains.—Exostosis on the arm.—Warts on the arms, *or itching miliary eruption, -or red, burning spots, which appear after washing.—Purulent vesicles in the bend of the neck.—*Paralytic weakness of the arms and hands.—Cracking in the neck.—*Swelling of the hands and thumbs.*

—Rigidity and wrenching pain in the joints of the hands and fingers.—**Trembling of the hands*, principally when occupied with fine work.—Involuntary contraction of the hands, as if in order to lay hold of something.—Coldness of the hands and fingers.—**Perspiration of the hands* and between the fingers.—Eruption of small, red, itching pimples on the hands and fingers.—°Warts on the fingers.—Desquamation, dryness and cracks in the skin of the hands.—Cramps and jerks in the fingers.—Contraction of the tendons of the hands and fingers.—*Large and shining swelling of the fingers.—**Fingers benumbed*.—Nodosities on the fingers.—Flaws in the nails.—Chilblains on the fingers, with itching in the warmth.—°Swelling and inflammation of the points of the fingers, with sub-cutaneous ulceration, and boring and pulsative pains at night.

LEGS.—Pain, as if from sub-cutaneous ulceration in the buttocks, and ischiatic tuberosities, principally when touched, and after remaining seated for a long time.—Purulent and painful tumours in the buttocks.—Pain, as if from a wrench, or bruise in the hip, from the least movement, with *shootings at every step*.—°Pain in the hip, with contraction of the leg.—**Sharp and drawing pains in the legs*, principally at night, in bed.—**Heaviness of the legs*, sometimes with tension in the thighs and knees, principally at night.—Red, running, painful spots on the internal surface of the thighs.*—*Tension in the hams, as if from contraction of the tendons*.—°*Large and shining swelling of the knee*, with stiffness and pain, as if beaten.—*Cracking, *drawing, sharp pains and *shootings in the knees*.—Herpes on the hams.—*Uneasiness in the legs and feet.—Torpor and numbness of the legs.—Painful fatigue and **paralytic weakness of the legs*, principally of the knees, which bend frequently.—°*Fugitive shooting pains in the joints*.—*Red spots and itching miliary eruption on the legs.—°Transparent swelling of the legs.—°Erysipelas of the leg and foot.—*Bluish spots and swollen and °varicose veins on the legs.—Pain in the calves of the legs when walking.—*Cramps in the calves of the legs and soles of the feet*, principally at night.—Painful sensitiveness of the soles of the feet when walking.—Easy dislocation of the foot when walking.—Stiffness and wrenching pain in the instep.—*Crawling in the legs and calves.—°*Burning and inveterate ulcers on the legs or feet*.—Herpes on the ankles.—**Shootings in the feet*.—*Coldness of the feet, principally in the evening, in bed, or burning sensation, principally in the soles of the feet.—**Perspiration of the feet, with coldness of*

the same.—Swelling of the feet, and especially of the ankles.—*Chilblains on the feet and toes.—Gnawing vesicles on the soles of the feet.—Ulcers on the instep.—Cramps and contraction of the toes.—°Coldness and stiffness of the toes.—*Crawlings in the ends of the toes.—**Large and shining swelling of the toes.*—Ulcerated and gnawing vesicles in the toes.—Corns, with pressive or shooting pains.

177.—SULPHURIS ACIDUM.

SULPH-AC.—Sulphuric acid.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect* : from 4 to 7 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTE : Puls.

COMPARE WITH : Ammon. *arn.* *con.* *dig.* *mur-ac.* *nitr-ac.* *phos-ac.* *puls.* *rut. sulph.*—Sulph-ac., when indicated, is particularly efficacious after *arn.*—*Puls.* is sometimes suitable after sulphuric acid.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be :—Excoriations ; Bad effects from mechanical injuries, wounds, contusions, &c. ; Typhus fever ; Chronic ophthalmia ; Aphthæ of children ; Hæmoptysis ; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing in the whole body, and also in the face.—Cramps in the limbs.—Pains, perceptible during sleep.—*Pains which increase, then disappear suddenly*, generally as if caused by dull pressure.—Icteric sufferings.—Jerking of the tendons.—Appearance or aggravation of the symptoms, in the morning and evening.—One feels worse in the open air.—The left side seems to be more particularly affected.—Lassitude in the whole body, with sensation of trembling.

SKIN.—Itching over the whole body.—Red, itching spots on the skin, *or small, red, livid and bluish spots, as if from a bruise.—°Excoriation of the skin, also with ulceration, like gangrene.—Furunculi.—Gnawing in the ulcers.—Chilblains.—Corns on the feet, with tearings and shootings.—Warts.

SLEEP.—*Retarded sleep* and early waking.—Sleeplessness from mental excitement.—Jerkings during sleep.—Anxious dreams.—Jerking of the fingers during sleep.

FEVER.—Predominant sensation of heat.—Small, feeble pulse.—Perspiration from the least movement.—Profuse perspiration in the morning.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholic dejection.—Inclination to weep.—Anxious apprehension and mistrust.—Agitation, precipitation and impatience.—Irritability, nervous fatigue and disposition to be frightened.—Peevish *moroseness* and

dislike to conversation.—Disgust of life.—Seriousness, alternating with buffoonery.—Excessive distraction.—Dulness of intellect.

HEAD.—Head bewildered, on one side only, as if it contained smoke.—Vertigo when seated, disappearing in the open air.—*Head-ache which increases at first, then suddenly disappears.*—Sensation of weakness in the head.—Cephalalgia, as if the brain were lacerated.—Pressive head-ache.—Sensation of heaviness and fulness in the brain, as if the head would burst.—Sensation of constriction in the head.—*Shocks and blows in the head.*—*Head-ache, with dull lancinations, or drawings and tearings.*—*Sensation, as if the brain were loose.*—Sensation in the exterior of the head, as if it were ulcerated.—Itching and eruption in the hairy scalp.—The hair turns gray and falls off.

EYES.—Burning pressure in the eyes in the open air, or when fixing the eyes on an object in a room.—Tension in the eye-lids in the morning.—Smarting, burning sensation in the eyes, and *lachrymation*, especially when reading.—Eyes red, with photophobia.—*Chronic inflammation of the eyes.*—Difficulty in opening the eye-lids.—Myopia.

EARS.—Tearing in the ears.—Dysecoia, as if there were a band over the ears.—Ringing of bells before the ears.—*Humming in the ears*, in the evening.

NOSE.—Epistaxis in the evening.—*Dry coryza, with loss of smell.*—Flow of water from the nose, with obstruction of one nostril.

FACE.—Paleness of the face.—Pain in the zygomatic process, as if from contusion.—Tearing in the bones of the face.—Sensation, as if the face were swollen, and as if it were covered with the white of eggs dried.—Lips are cracked and exfoliate.—Pain, as if from excoriation in the commissuræ of the lips.—Inflammation and swelling of the *sub-maxillary glands*.

TEETH.—*Odontalgia*, more violent *in the evening in bed*, aggravated by cold air, mitigated by warmth, generally with tearing grubbing or gnawing.—*Bluntness of the teeth.*—Swelling and easy bleeding of the gums.—Ulceration of the gums.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—**Aphthæ in the mouth.*—Sensation of dryness in the mouth.—Dry tongue.—*Profuse salivation.* Hæmoptysis—Sore-throat during deglutition, with lancinating pain, especially in the evening.—*Roughness in the throat.*

APPETITE.—Putrid taste.—Bread has a bitter taste and lies heavy on the stomach.—Bulimy, with rumbling and

borborygmus in the abdomen.—Desire for fruits (prunes).—Agitation, gripings and digging in the abdomen, or excessive inflation of the stomach, after a meal.—Cold perspiration immediately after hot food.—Lassitude and flatulence after drinking milk.—All drinks chill the stomach, if a little spirit is not added to them.

STOMACH.—*Empty or bitter eructations.*—Acid, bitter, saltish or sweetish regurgitations.—*Pyrosis.*—Nausea in the stomach, with shivering.—*Vomiting*, first of water, then of food.—Very painful sensitiveness in the region of the stomach.—Fulness and pressure in the stomach.—*Squeezing and pinching in stomach in the evening*, as if from a chill.—Contraction in the stomach and scorbiculus.—Cuttings round the stomach.—Sensation of coldness or burning in the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Shootings in the spleen.*—Shooting in the loins.—*Colic in the abdomen like labour pains*, extending into the hips and loins.—Movements, *gripings and pinchings in the abdomen*, sometimes at night.—Sensation of heat in the umbilical region.—Jerking in the whole extent of the hypogastrium, especially in the muscles.—Throbbing, tearings and shootings in the groins.—Smarting in the inguinal region.—**Inguinal hernia, much protruded.*—Flatulent colic in the hypogastrium, with *rumbling and borborygmus*, and sensation, as if a rupture were about to take place.

FÆCES.—*Tenesmus.*—Evacuatioas retarded, hard, knotty and black.—Fæces of a very large size.—**Chronic relaxation of the abdomen.*—Loose evacuations of the consistence of pap, greenish and watery.—Diarrhœa, of frothy slime only, with burning sensation in the rectum.—Evacuations of mucus, streaked with blood.—Chopped-like fæces (in children).—*Very fetid, putrid smelling fæces.*—Discharge of blood during the evacuation.—Sanguineous congestion to the rectum.—Hæmorrhoidal excrescences about the anus, with shootings, burning, itching and oozing.

URINE.—*Diminished secretion of urine*, with burning when urinating.—Emission of urine at night.—Watery urine.—Brownish-red urine, which becomes cloudy, like clay-water, after standing.—Slimy sediment in the urine.—Sediment, like blood, in the urine, which is covered with a fine pellicle.—Pain in the vesica, when the desire to urinate is not immediately satisfied.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Excessive heat in the genital parts and testes.—Emission of semen without voluptuous sensation.—Great inclination for coition, from irritation of the

external genital organs (in females).—**Catamenia too early and too profuse.*—*Catamenia of too long duration.*—*Metrorrhagia.*—*Night-mare before the catamenia.*—During the catamenia, lancinations in the abdomen and vagina.—*Sterility, with catamenia too early and too profuse.*—*Acrid and burning, or milk-like leucorrhœa.*—Discharge of sanguineous mucus from the vagina.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness, with dryness and *roughness in the throat and larynx.*—Pain in the larynx, with embarrassed speech, as if the parts were not sufficiently elastic.—*Cough, excited by the open air.*—*Dry, short, panting cough, sometimes in the morning, after rising.*—*Moist cough, with slimy expectoration.*—**Cough, with hæmoptysis.*—Eructation and regurgitation of food after coughing.

CHEST.—**Dyspnœa.*—Great weakness in the chest, with difficult speech.—Pressure in the left side of the chest and scorbiculus.—*Lancinations in the chest.*—Palpitation of the heart.—*Lancinations across the heart.*

TRUNK.—Sensation, as if from excoriation and as if beaten in the back and loins.—Drawing in the back and loins.—Furunculi on the back.—Stiffness of the back, in the morning.—Painful sensitiveness and swelling of the axillary glands.

ARMS.—Heaviness of the arms.—Spasmodic, paralytic contractions of the arms.—Shootings in the shoulder joint, when lifting the arm.—Tensive pain in the elbow-joint.—Bluish spots on the fore-arm, as if from ecchymosis.—Cramps in the hands.—Shocks and blows in the bones of the hand when writing.—Eruption on the hands and between the fingers.—Lancinations in the joints of the fingers.—Chilblains in the fingers.

LEGS.—Heaviness of the legs.—Torpor and numbness of the legs.—Inclination to stretch and retract the limbs.—Tearing in the varices of the legs.—Painful weakness of the knees, with dull lancinations, shocks and blows in those parts.—Red, itching spots on the tibia.—Stiffness of the ankles.—Coldness of the feet.—Swelling of the feet.—Tearing and lancinations in the corns of the feet.

178.—TABACUM.

TAB.—Tobacco.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—*Duration of effect : ?*

ANTIDOTES : Camph. ipec. n-vom.—*It is used as an antidote against : Cic. stram.*

COMPARE WITH : Acon. ars. bell. cham. cin. cocc. con. hell. hyos. ipec. n-vom. op. stram. veratr.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Pressive pains, with agitation in the whole body and anxious perspiration.—*Cramps*

and crawling in the limbs.—Excessive emaciation.—Paralytic and painful weakness of the limbs.—Trembling of the limbs.—Great general lassitude.—Jerkings in the whole body, with pulsation and palpitation of the heart.—Amelioration in the open air.

SKIN.—Itching in the skin, as if from flea-bites.—Eruption of itching pimples or vesicles, with yellow serum and red areola.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep, especially after a meal and towards evening, with frequent yawnings.—Retarded sleep in the evening, and difficulty in waking in the morning.—Disturbed sleep at night with fright.—Incubus.

FEVER.—Coldness and shivering, sometimes with chattering of the teeth.—Frequent attacks of shuddering, sometimes with flushes of heat.—Continual shuddering from morning till evening.—Perspiration at night.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Gloomy melancholy.—Anguish and inquietude generally in the afternoon, mitigated by weeping.—Agitation, which drives one from one side to the other.—Dislike to labour and conversation.—Over-excitement and increased gaiety, with singing, dancing and great loquacity.—Flow of confused ideas.

HEAD.—Emptiness and confusion in the head.—Dizziness.—Vertigo, often to such an extent as to cause loss of consciousness, with nausea and pains in the head and eyes.—Cephalalgia with nausea and vertigo.—Excessive heaviness of the head.—Pressive head-ache, especially above the eyes, in the vertex, and temples.—Shootings in the head.—Congestion of blood to the head, with internal heat, and throbbing in the temples.—Mitigation of head-ache in the open air.—Burning sensation and crawling in the exterior of the head.—Trembling of the head.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, as if from weeping too much.—Pressure in the eyes, extending into the bottom of the orbits.—Sensation, as if there were a hair in the eye.—Smarting in the eyes.—Heat and burning sensation in the eyes, with redness.—Contraction of the eye-lids.—Loss of sight when looking steadily at any thing white.—Confused sight in the evening, as if looking through a veil.—Sparks and black specks before the eyes.—Photophobia.

EARS AND NOSE.—Shootings in the ears, especially in the open air, and when listening to music.—Burning heat and redness of the ears.—Hard, reddish tumour, behind the ear, with shootings.—Burning sensation and crawling in the nose.—Diminished smell, though sensitive to wine.—Frequent sneezing.—Dryness and obstruction of the nose.

FACE.—*Deadly paleness of the face* (during the nausea).—*Burning heat in the face*, with redness, sometimes of one cheek only, with paleness of the other.—Red spots on the face.—Tearings in the bones of the face.—Granulated tuberosities on the cheeks.—Emaciation of the face.—Lips dry, burning, rough, and cracked.—Eruption on the commissure of the lips.—Lancinations in the maxillary joint when laughing.

TEETH—*Odontalgia*, with drawing and tearing pains.—Lancinations in the carious teeth, when masticating.—Drawing pain in the gums.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Dryness of the mouth and tongue, with violent thirst.—Swelling of the glands under the tongue.—Weak, interrupted speech.—Drawling, monotonous style of reading.—Roughness, dryness, and scraping in the throat, as if from a foreign body.—*Much viscous mucus in the throat*.

APPETITE.—Insipid and clammy, or bitter and sour taste.—Acid taste of all food.—Acidulated taste of water, as if it were mixed with wine.—Adipsia and *dread of water*.—Absence of hunger and appetite.—Continued hunger, with nausea, if it is not satisfied.

STOMACH.—*Frequent empty and noisy eructations*.—Sour, burning eructations.—Pyrosis.—Spasmodic hiccough.—*Frequent nausea*, especially when moving, often to such an extent as to faint, with deadly paleness of the face, disappearing generally in the open air.—Nausea, with desire to vomit, sensation of coldness in the stomach, or pinchings in the abdomen.—Vomiting of water only, with yellow and greenish appearances before the eyes.—*Vomiting of acid serum, often mixed with mucus*.—The vomiting is renewed from the slightest movement.—Pressure in the stomach.—Squeezing, contractive cramps in the stomach, sometimes after a meal, often accompanied with nausea and an accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—*Shootings in the scorbiculus*, passing through the back.—Relaxation and sensation of coldness or burning in the stomach.—*Sea-sickness.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Hepatic pain, when pressing on the part.—Pressure in the hepatic region, as if from a heavy body.—*Shootings in the hepatic region*.—Shootings in the left hypochondrium.—Great sensitiveness of the abdomen to the slightest touch.—Painful distention of the abdomen.—Pressive pains in the abdomen, especially in the umbilical region, with spasmodic retraction of that part.—Nocturnal tearings in the abdomen.—Pinchings and *borborygmus in the abdomen*.

FÆCES.—Constipation.—Frequent tenesmus.—Soft fæces of the consistence of pap, also at night.—*Violent diarrhœa*, fetid, or yellowish green, also at night, accompanied and followed by *violent tenesmus and burning in the anus*.

URINE.—Red, yellowish and increased secretion of urine.—Inflammation of the orifice of the urethra.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Frequent erections.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—Retarded and more profuse catamenia.—Leucorrhœa, like sanguineous water.

LARYNX.—*Dry cough, excited by a tickling in the throat*, in the morning and towards evening.—*Cough, with hic-cough*, almost suffocating.

CHEST.—*Oppression of the chest*, with anguish.—Constriction of the chest.—Pressure in the chest and sternum.—*Shootings in the chest and its sides*, sometimes *when taking an inspiration*.—Pain in the chest, as if from excoriation during a meal.—*Palpitation of the heart*, when lying on the left side.—Itching pimples on the chest.

TRUNK.—Contractive pains in the loins, especially after evacuation.—Emaciation of the back.—Red, itching eruption on the back.—Stiffness of the neck.

ARMS.—*Painful weakness of the hands and arms, which are, as it were, paralyzed*.—Continual desire to stretch the arms.—Shootings and drawing in the shoulders.—Red spots on the shoulder, which burn when they are touched.—Tension in the arm, especially in the elbow.—Pain and *shootings in the arm*, which do not permit one either to use or extend it.—*Trembling of the hands*.—Cold perspiration on the hands.—Cramps, and crawling in the fingers.—Swelling of the fingers.—Itching pimples on the fingers.

LEGS.—Burning pain in the knee and soles of the feet.—Shooting in the knee and ham.—Bending of the knees, when walking.—Cramp and crawling in the eyes, extending into the toes.—Tension in the leg when walking, extending from the knee to the foot.—*Trembling and paralytic weakness of the feet*.

179.—TANACETUM VULGARE.

TANAC.—Common tansey.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—Uncommon activity with extraordinary movements, extravagant attitudes and gestures, and *violent retraction of the feet and legs*, without any pain.

180.—TARAXACUM.

TAR.—Dandelion:—*Duration of effect*:?

ANTIDOTE: Camph.

COMPARE WITH: Con. kal. n-vom. puls. spig. valer.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been recommended against *gastric affections* and a sort of *cephalalgia*.—The homœopathic physician, by studying the following symptoms, will see in what cases he may employ this medicine.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Painful tenderness of all the limbs, especially when touched and in a false position.—Sensation of weakness and uneasiness in the whole body, with continued desire to lie down or to sit.—Almost all the symptoms appear when sitting, or disappear when walking.—*Great desire to sleep during the day*, with frequent yawnings.—Sleep, with many dreams during the night, and frequent waking and tossing.—Shiverings, with pressive head-ache.—General heat, especially in the face and hands, without thirst.—General perspiration at night, just when going to sleep.—Irresolution and dislike to labour.—Loquacity and desire to laugh.

HEAD.—Vertigo, with giddiness and staggering, when walking in the open air.—Head-ache, as if from contraction or expansion of the brain.—Heaviness and *pressure in the head*.—Lancinations in the forehead and temples.—*Violent head-ache, perceptible only when standing and walking*.—Tension of the hairy scalp.

EYES AND EARS.—Pain in the eyes, as if a grain of sand were introduced into the internal canthus.—Burning sensation, and burning shootings in the eyes.—Inflammation of the eyes, with lachrymation and photophobia.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—Shootings in the ears.—Dysecoia in the evening.

FACE AND TEETH.—Purulent pimples on the face, cheeks, wings of the nose, and commissures of the lips.—Sensation of heat and redness in the face.—Shootings and pressure in the cheeks.—Upper-lip cracked.—Odontalgia, with drawing pain in the carious teeth, extending as far as the eye-brows.—Pressive pains in the teeth.—Flow of acid blood from the carious teeth.—*The teeth set on edge*.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Accumulation of acid saliva in the mouth.—Tongue *loaded with a white coating*.—Tongue dry, loaded with a brown coating on waking in the morning.—Sore throat with pressive pain, as if from internal swelling.—Dryness, shootings and bitter mucus in the throat.—*Hawking up of acid mucus*.

APPETITE.—*Bitter taste in the mouth*, with normal taste of food.—Salt or acid taste of food, principally of butter and meat.—Tobacco-smoke is disagreeable, causes pyrosis, and interrupts respiration.—*Great chilliness after drinking or eating*.

STOMACH.—Bitter eructations.—Empty eructations, especially after drinking.—*Nausea, as if from too fat food, with anxiety and pressive head-ache, mitigated in the open air.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pinching in the abdomen.—*Pressive shootings in the abdomen and its side, principally in the left.*—Rumbling and movement in the abdomen, as if the vessels in it were bursting.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Evacuations several times a day, but accomplished with difficulty.—Fæces of the consistence of pap, followed by tenesmus.—Voluptuous itching in the perinæum.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse emission.*

GENITAL ORGANS.—Pain in the testes.—Permanent erections.—Frequent pollutions.

CHEST.—Pressure in the chest.—*Shootings in the chest and its side.*—Jerking in the muscles of the sides.

TRUNK.—Pressive pains in the loins.—Pressive and tensive shootings in the back and loins, when lying down, with obstructed respiration.—Gurgling and swelling in the shoulder-blades, and shoulders, with general shivering.—Pressive jerkings and shootings in the muscles of the neck and nape.

ARMS.—Pulsative throbbing and jerking in the shoulders and arms.—Jerking in the muscles of the arms.—Shootings in the arms and elbows.—Drawings and tearings in the fore-arm and wrist.—Eruption of pimples on the hands and fingers.—Icy coldness in the ends of the fingers.

LEGS.—Shootings in the thighs, knees, calves of the legs, soles of the feet and toes.—Burning sensation in the knees, legs and toes.—Profuse perspiration between the toes.

181.—TARTARUS EMETICUS.

TART.—Tartar emetic.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect: from 3 to 5 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.*

ANTIDOTES: Cocc. ipec. puls.—It is used as an antidote against sep.

COMPARE WITH: Ant. asa. bar-c. cham. cocc. ign. ipec. nitra-ac. n-vom. puls. sep. veratr.—Tartar emetic, when indicated, is particularly efficacious after; puls. or bar-c.—After tartar emetic: Bar-c. ipec. puls. sep. are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—Rheumatic fever; Varioloides; Gastric and bilious affections; Asphyxia of new-born infants; Hooping-cough; Croup, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Arthritic and rheumatic *tearings and drawings in the limbs*, with sensation as if beaten.—Contraction of the limbs.—Jerking of the muscles.—*Convulsive jerks and spasms*.—Attacks of epilepsy.—*Trembling of the limbs*.—Shootings in the varices.—*Aggravation of the symptoms when sitting down*, or else when seated and rising from the seat.—General heaviness of all the limbs and great indolence.—Violent pulsations in the whole body.—Great debility, weakness and excessive lassitude.—A child wishes to be carried continually.—*Syncope*.—Excessive tenderness of the whole body.—When the child is touched it utters piercing cries.

SKIN.—Itching in the skin.—Itching pimples and *miliary eruption*.—Eruptions like scabies.—*Eruption of pustules, like varioloides, with red areola, afterwards covered with a crust and leaving a scar.—Itching round inveterate ulcers.

SLEEP.—*Great desire to sleep during the day, with frequent stretchings and yawnings.—°*Invincible drowsiness, with deep and stupifying sleep*.—In the morning, sensation as if from not having slept enough.—Retarded sleep and nocturnal sleeplessness.—Light *sleep, with many fantastic dreams*.—Much talking during sleep.—Cries during sleep, with fixed eyes and trembling limbs.—*Shocks and blows during sleep*, which sometimes cause only one limb to jerk, at other times, the whole body—Lying on the back while sleeping, with the left hand passed under the head.

SHIVERING.—*Predominance of shivering and coldness*.—Shiverings, with excessive paleness of the face, and trembling of the whole body.—*Burning heat of the whole body*, principally of the head and face, increased by the least movement.—*Pulse quick*, weak or full.—*Fever, with adipisia* and excessive drowsiness.—*Profuse, frequent* and sometimes *cold perspiration*.—Perspiration on the parts affected.—*Profuse nocturnal perspiration*.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Inquietude and agitation, with palpitation of the heart and trembling.—Anxious apprehension respecting the future (in the evening).—*Discouragement and despair*.—Mania for suicide.—°Wild gaiety (by day only).

HEAD.—Dulness, confusion, and *embarrassment in the head*, which is benumbed, as it were, by desire for sleep.—Attacks of vertigo, with sparkling before the eyes and dizziness when walking.—Dulness of all the senses—Headache, with palpitation of the heart and vertigo.—Heaviness of the head, especially in the occiput.—Semi-lateral head-

ache.—*Pressive pains in the head, with compressive tension as if the brain were contracted into one hard mass, often attended with dizziness, and extending into the root of the nose, sometimes in the evening and at night.*—Drawing, tearing and digging in the head.—*Lancinating pains in the head, sometimes extending into the eyes, with desire to close them.*—Boring in the forehead.—Throbbing in one half of the forehead.—*Chronic trembling of the head.*

EYES.—*Eyes fatigued, wanting sleep, and requiring to be constantly closed.*—Pain, in the eye-ball, as if it were bruised, when touching it.—*Pressure on the eyes.*—Shootings, burning sensation, and smarting in the internal canthi, with redness of the conjunctivæ.—Eyes confused, swimming in tears.—*Incipient amaurosis.*—Confused sight, with *sparkling before the eyes*, especially on rising from a seat.

EARS AND NOSE.—Humming in the ears.—*Violent fluent coryza*, with frequent sneezing, ulcerated nostrils; shivering, and loss of smell and taste.

FACE AND TEETH.—*Face pale and wan, or red and bloated, with anxious expression.*—Dull, drawing pressure, in the zygomatic process.—Convulsive jerking of the muscles of the face.—Parched, and desquamating lips.—Cracked lips.—Odontalgia, with very violent pain in the morning.

MOUTH.—Copious accumulation of saliva in the mouth.—Tongue moist, clean, or loaded with a brown coating.—Aphonia.

APPETITE.—Insipidity of food.—Salt taste in the mouth.—*Bitter taste in the mouth.—Thirst for cold water.—Moderate appetite, with burning thirst.—*Strong appetite, with prompt disgust, on partaking of any food.*—Bulimy, when walking in the open air.—*Excessive desire for acid things, or for raw fruits (apples).*—*Aversion to all food, especially milk.*—Every mouthful produces a painful sensation, extending to the stomach.

STOMACH.—*Empty eructations.*—Sobbing eructations.—*Eructations with taste of rotten eggs, at night.*—Regurgitation of acrid, or salt, or else sourish fluid.—Regurgitation of milk, after having partaken of it.—**Continued nausea, sometimes, with desire to vomit, anguish, pressure in the scorbiculus and head-ache, mitigated by expelling flatulence, upwards and downwards.*—*Violent vomituration, with copious flow of saliva, sweat on the forehead, and lassitude in the legs, or else *with diarrhœa and excessive debility.*—*Much vomiting, with violent efforts, pains in the stomach and abdomen, trembling of the body, necessity for bending*

oneself double, shiverings, and great inclination to sleep.—*Vomiting of mucus*, with mucous diarrhœa.—Sour vomiting of food.—*Vomiting of sour and bitter substances, especially at night.—Excessive sensitiveness of the stomach; the smallest mouthful causes a painful sensation.—*Pain in the stomach, as if from its being over-loaded*.—Uneasiness and emptiness in the stomach.—*Pressure in the stomach and scorbiculus* especially after a meal.—Violent throbbings and pulsations in the region of the stomach.—Shootings in the pit of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Pains in the abdomen, with great moral and physical agitation*, and dislike to all kinds of labour.—Uneasiness in the epigastrium and hypogastrium, which obliges one to lie down and to stretch himself.—Fulness and *pressure in the abdomen, as if it contained stones, especially when stooping forward while sitting*.—Spasmodic colic in the abdomen, with violent contraction of the eyelids, and invincible inclination to sleep.—Cutting pains in the abdomen, as if the intestines were wounded.—Pulsations in the abdomen.—Abundant production of flatulence, with rumbling, borborygmus, and pinchings in the abdomen.

FÆCES.—Constipation, alternating with diarrhœa.—*Fæces of the consistence of pap*—*Slimy diarrhœa*, or yellow, bright brown, or else watery diarrhœa, often preceded by gripings and movements in the abdomen.—*Sanguineous fæces*.—Involuntary evacuations.—During the evacuation, palpitation of the heart.—Violent burning tickling, extending from the rectum into the glans penis.—Lancinations in the rectum.

URINE—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Very profuse and unpleasant emission of urine*, with tension in the perinæum, burning sensation in the urethra, and *scanty stream*, which is *sanguineous* towards the end, with violent pains in the vesica.—Nocturnal calls to urinate, with burning thirst and scanty emission.—Involuntary emission of urine.—*Red, fiery urine*, which forms blood-red filaments after standing.—*Deep-brown, acrid, turbid urine*.—Pressure and tension on the vesica.—Shootings in the urethra and lower part of the vesica.—Catamenia of watery blood.—Eruption of pimples on the genital organs.

LARYNX—Catarrh with irritation, which excites a cough, *copious accumulation of mucus and rattling of mucus in the chest*.—Hoarseness.—Painful tenderness of the larynx when touched.—Cough, excited by much tickling in the trachea.—Child coughs, when angry.—*Paroxysms of coughing*

with suffocating obstruction of respiration (suffocating cough).—Cough, with heat and moisture of the hands, and perspiration on the head, principally on the forehead.—Cough, with vomiting of food, after a meal.—Hollow cough, with rattling of mucus in the chest.—Cough, with expectoration of mucus, sometimes at night only, principally after midnight.

CHEST.—Frequent fits of obstructed respiration, especially in the evening or in the morning, in bed, so as almost to cause suffocation.—Short breath.—Difficult respiration.—*Paralysis of the lungs.*—Anxious oppression on the chest, with a sensation of heat, which mounts to the heart.—*Rattling of mucus in the chest, on taking an inspiration.*—Pain in the chest, as if from excoriation, especially on the left side, and at intervals.—Rheumatic pain in the left side of the chest.—Burning sensation in the chest, which mounts into the throat.—Inflammation of the lungs.—*Visible and anxious palpitation of the heart*, sometimes during evacuation.—Whirling digging and blows in the region of the heart, at night, not ceasing till perspiration begins to be established.—Miliary eruption on the chest.

TRUNK.—*Pain in the back and loins, when seated*, as if from fatigue.—Rheumatic pain in the back.—Weakness of the muscles of the neck, which hinders holding the head up.—Miliary eruption on the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—Cracking in the shoulder joints, with *tearing in the arms* and extending into the hands.—Excessive heaviness of the arms.—Jerking of the muscles of the arms and hands.—Miliary eruption on the arms.—Itching pimples on the arms and wrists.—Red spots on the hands like flea bites.—*Trembling in the hands.*—Coldness of the hands.—Icy coldness of the points of the fingers.—Finger-ends dead, dry and hard.—Deep yellow spots on the fingers.—Distortion of the fingers.

LEGS.—Heaviness and rheumatic pains in the hips and legs.—Painful weakness in the knee-joint, in bed in the morning.—Tension of the tendons of the hams and instep when walking.—Cramp in the calf of the leg.—Coldness of the feet.—Numbness of the feet when sitting down.

182.—TARTARI ACIDUM.

TAR-AC.—Tartaric acid.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—Pain, as if beaten in the whole body, especially in the lower limbs.—Melioration in the open air.—Frequent stretchings and yawnings.—Sensation of coldness in the evening after lying down.—*Lips dry and burning*, with black or brown margins.—Teeth set on edge.

—Insidious and clammy taste in the mouth.—Disgust.—Sensation of coldness in the abdomen.—Pinchings in the hypogastrium, with expulsion of flatus.—Acute tearings in the soles of the feet after a meal, which hinder treading.

183.—TAXUS BACCATA.

TAX.—Yew.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—Head-ache, with burning or compressive pain.—Pressure in the temporal bones.—Heat in the forehead.—Coldness in the teeth.—Pinching and burning pressure in the region of the stomach.—Pressure in the epigastrium and troublesome tension as if after too hearty a meal.—Hard, difficult evacuations.—Stitches in the sides of the chest.—Violent, fatiguing cough.—Crawling in the legs and feet.—Profuse perspiration at night.

184.—TEREBINTHINA.

TEREB.—Turpentine —HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine which is not as yet sufficiently known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Drawing in the limbs.*—Heaviness of the limbs.—*Sensation of stiffness in all the muscles*, with difficult, slow, stooping gait, as if from old age.—Dropsy.—Cutaneous eruption, like scarlatina.—Lethargy.—Retarded sleep.—*Agitated sleep at night*, with tossing and frequent waking.—*Many dreams.*—Nightmare.—Natural heat increased.—Fever with violent thirst.—Profuse perspiration on the legs, in bed in the evening.—Mania.—Easy conception.

HEAD — TEETH.—Dizziness, with nausea.—Attack of vertigo, so as almost to fall down, with cloudiness before the eyes.—*Head-ache with pressive pain* and desire to sleep.—Excessive heaviness and *troublesome and pressive fulness of the head.*—Tearing cephalalgia.—Spots and black points before the eyes.—Tinkling in the ears.—Epistaxis.—Discharge of serum from the nose, without coryza.—Odontalgia, with drawing pain.—*Gums pressed asunder, easily bleeding*, with pain, as if from a burning wound, every morning.

STOMACH.—Diminished appetite.—Aversion to food.—Pressure in the scorbiculus and distention of the abdomen after a meal.—*Vomiturition and vomiting of mucus.*—Excessive sensitiveness in the region of the stomach to the touch.—Pressure in the stomach and scorbiculus.—*Burning sensation in the stomach.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Burning sensation* and pressure in the hypochondria.—Pressure, burning sensation and drawing in the renal region.—Abdomen very sensitive, when

touched.—Heaviness, fulness and *pressure in the abdomen*.—Cuttings in the epigastrium and hypogastrium, often extending into the thighs.—*Sensation of excessive coldness in the abdomen*, especially in the exterior of the umbilical region, which is drawn back.—Inflammation of the intestines.—Noise, gurgling and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Sensation of pressure outwards in the groins as if caused by a hernia.—Painful swelling of the inguinal glands.

FÆCES.—Constipation with distention of the abdomen.—Tenesmus.—*Scanty hard fæces*.—Dry, brown evacuations.—Fæces of the consistence of pap, with pinchings in the abdomen and burning sensation in the anus.—*Loose, liquid fæces of a greenish yellow colour with expulsion of tænia and lumbrici*.—Burning sensation and crawling in the anus, during the evacuations and at other times.

URINE.—*Suppressed secretion of urine*.—Diminished secretion of urine.—Secretion of urine considerably augmented.—*Urine smelling strongly of violets*.—Thick, slimy, yellowish white sediment in the urine.—Hæmaturia.—*Burning sensation in the urethra*, perceptible also when urinating.—Burning sensation, cutting pains and spasmodic tenesmus of the vesica.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Spasmodic and cutting drawings in the testes and spermatic cords.—Catamenia retarded and scanty.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES —Respiration impeded by obstruction of the lungs.—*Drawing pain in the back and loins*, especially in the evening, when seated.—Drawing in the nape of the neck, extending to the occiput.—Wrenching pain and drawing in the arms.—Drawing and tearing in the hips and thighs.

185.—TEUCRIUM MARUM VERUM.

TEUCR.—Chamædrys.—Wall-germander.—Teucrium Chamædris. (Palma.)

—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: from 2 to 3 weeks in some cases of chronic disease.

ANTIDOTE: Camphora.

COMPARE WITH: Con. ign. magn-arct.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be:—*Polypus in the nose* and some affections brought on by *ascarides*.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearing in the limbs, but especially in the joints.—Jerking of the muscles.—*Great irritability and nervous excitement*, with trembling and dizziness.—Staggering and placing of one foot over another when walking.—Numbness and crawling in the limbs.—

Desire to exercise in the open air.—Itching shootings in different parts.

SLEEP.—Sleep retarded in the evening.—Unrefreshing sleep and difficulty in waking in the morning.—*Agitated sleep at night from excessive excitement*, with vivid dreams and frequent starts.

FEVER.—Shivering and shaking, often with icy coldness of the hands and frequent yawning.—Heat augmented in the evening.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*State of irritability and disposition to be angry*, aggravated even by the conversation of others.—Moroseness.—Indolence and great aversion to labour.—*Excessive moral excitement* and loquacity.—*Irresistible desire to sing*.

HEAD.—Cephalalgia, with dull spasmodic pain.—*Pressive pains in the head*, principally *in the eyes, forehead and temples*.—Tearing by paroxysms, in the right side of the head.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes with pressure, as if a grain of sand were introduced into them.—*Smarting in the eyes*, especially in the internal canthi, with redness of the conjunctiva.—Eyes red and inflamed.—Eyes watery, with an appearance as if one had been weeping.

EARS.—Otalgia.—Shootings and tearings in the ears.—Whistling in the ears, when speaking or when producing any sound whatever.—Eruption of scaly herpes on the lobes of the ear.

NOSE.—Sensation of obstruction in the nose.—Crawling in the nose.—Frequent sneezing, with crawling in the nose.—*Obstruction of the nose*.—Fluent coryza in the open air.

FACE.—Sickly, pale complexion with hollow eyes.—Flushes of heat on the face without redness.—Pressive tearing in the zygomatic process, extending to the teeth.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, with tearing pain in the roots of the teeth and the gums.—Pain in the teeth and gums, during mastication.

MOUTH AND THROAT.—Mouth clammy.—*Smarting and scraping in the bottom of the gullet* and on the root of the tongue.—Sore throat with shooting pain and impeded deglutition.—Pressure or drawing and tearing in the throat.—Frequent desire to hawk and *hawking up of much mouldy tasting mucus*.

APPETITE.—Bitter taste in the gullet after dinner.—Appetite more decided.—*Sensation of hunger*, as if the food did not satisfy, hindering sleep.—Cuttings or nausea, with desire to vomit, after drinking water.

STOMACH.—Regurgitation of food with bitter taste.—Troublesome hiccough when eating, with violent blows in the scorbiculus.—*Pain in the stomach as if from emptiness with gurgling.*—Insipidity in the pit of the stomach.—Pressure and anxious oppression in the scorbiculus.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Colic with tearing drawings, under the hypochondria.—*Incarceration of flatulence*, with drawing, pinching and gurgling in the abdomen.—Pressure in the abdomen.—Pressure towards the inguinal ring.—*Expulsion of much flatus* of the smell of rotten eggs.

FÆCES.—Copious, fetid evacuation of the consistence of pap.—*Expulsion of ascarides.*—*Itching and frequent crawling in the anus*, after the evacuations.

URINE.—Increased and watery secretion of urine.—Troublesome sensation, as if from excoriation and smarting in the upper part of the urethra.—Burning sensation during and after the emission of urine.—Diminished sexual desire.

CHEST.—Chest loaded, with sensation of dryness in the trachea.—Dry cough, excited by a tickling in the trachea, as if dust had been inspired.—Squeezing pressure in the lower part of the chest with anxious uneasiness.

EXTREMITIES.—Rheumatic drawing and tension in the back.—Painful heaviness in the arms and fore-arms.—Jerking of the muscles of the arms.—Drawing *tearing in the bones and joints* of the arms, *hands* and fingers.—Painful pulsations and drawing in the index finger.—Jerking of the muscles in the legs.—*Tearings in the joints and bones* of the legs, *feet* and toes.—Pain in the great toe, as if the nail were entering the flesh.

186.—THEA CÆSAREA.

THE.—Tea of China.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—*Sensation of great general fatigue.*—Fear of movement and *desire to lie down.*—*Sleeplessness.*—*Peevishness*, with aversion to every thing and to the least fatigue.—*Dislike to conversation.*—Vertigo with dizziness when walking in the open air.—Heaviness and confusion of the forehead, principally when walking.—Fetid breath on waking in the morning.—Sensation of *hunger*, with copious accumulation of watery saliva in the mouth.—When eating, speedy satiety, with troublesome sensation of dryness in the mouth.—Dislike to all food.—*Nausea and insipidity*, with great *relaxation of the stomach*, which hangs down like an empty purse.—Pressure and gurgling in the region of the stomach.

187.—THERIDION CURASSAVICUM.

THER.—Theridion of Curagoa.—HERING.—*Duration of effect:?*

ANTIDOTE: ?

COMPARE WITH: Calc. lye., medicines, after which theridion, when indicated, is particularly efficacious.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the totality of symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be used appear to be:—*Sea-sickness; Gastric affections, &c., &c.*GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Great general weakness*, with trembling of the limbs.—*Excessive uneasiness*, which hinders the accomplishment of any labour.—*Great desire to sleep*, and sleep full of dreams.—*Deep sleep at night*.—*Violent shivering*, with heaviness in all the limbs.—*Desire to sleep and inclination to lie down after breakfast*.—*Discouragement and want of self-confidence*.—*Great propensity to be frightened*.—*The time passes too rapidly*.—*Excessive fear of exertion*.—*Difficulty of thinking and especially in drawing comparisons*.HEAD.—*Confusion in the head*, which hinders exertion.—*Frequent vertigo*, especially when stooping.—*Vertigo, with nausea, so as almost to vomit*.—*Head-ache deep-seated in the orbits*.—*Sensation, as if there were a foreign body in the head*.—*Violent frontal cephalalgia*, with pulsation extending into the occiput.—*Head-ache from every movement that one makes*.—*Tensive pressure round the head*, as if from an iron hoop, from the root of the nose, round and above the ears.—*Head-ache in the evening*, with great dejection.EYES—FACE.—*Frequent paroxysms of sparkling before the eyes*.—*Humming in the ears*.—*Roaring in the ears as if from a water-fall*.—*Great acuteness of hearing, vertigo and nausea on hearing any loud sound*.—*Violent itching behind the ears*.—*Frequent sneezing and flow of water from the nose, without coryza*.—*Lower jaw sometimes immovable, especially on waking in the morning*.MOUTH—ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Mouth clammy, and as if burnt*.—*All sounds and coldness produce a painful sensation across the teeth*.—*Desire for acid things, wine, brandy and tobacco*.—*Continued desire for food and drink, without knowing which*.—*Nausea and vomiting, at night, preceded by vertigo, and renewed by the slightest movements or by shutting the eyes*.—*Nausea excited by all loud sounds*.FÆCES—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Constipation*.—*Scanty evacuations of the consistence of pap, with urging*.—*Prolapsus ani, painful when seated*.—*Increased secretion of urine*.—*Immoderate excitement of sexual desire*.—*Contraction of the scrotum*.

CHEST AND TRUNK.—*Violent lancinations* in the upper part of the chest.—Want to take a deep inspiration and to sigh.—Itching and nodosities on the buttocks.

188.—THUJA OCCIDENTALIS.

THUI.—The tree of life.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: for 3 weeks in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. puls. ? *It is used as an antidote against*: Thea. and merc.

COMPARE WITH: A-a. bry. cann. chin. cic. fer. led. lyc. mang. merc. nitr-ac. phos-ac. puls. sabin. selen. staph. Thuja, when otherwise indicated, is particularly efficacious after nitr-ac. After thuja, Nitr-ac. puls. staph. are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by *the whole of the symptoms*, the cases in which this medicine may be employed will be found to be: Rheumatic and arthritic affections; Syphilitic herpes and obstinate chancres; *Sycotic affections* (Condylomata); Warts; Intermittent fevers; *Ozæna* ??; Prosopalgia; *Ranula*; Colic, from obstruction of the intestines; Gonorrhœa; Cancer uteri ?; Warts on the hands, in onanists; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Shootings in the limbs and joints*.—Cracking in the joints on stretching the part.—Swelling of the veins of the skin.—*Jerking of some limbs and of some muscles.—*Tearing and pulsative pains, as if the parts affected were ulcerated.—*Inflammatory swelling with redness*.—Sufferings, after being over-heated, drinking tea, or eating fat meat, or onions.—Trembling of certain limbs. —*Easy numbness of the limbs*, especially at night, on waking.—The symptoms are generally aggravated in the afternoon, or in the night, towards three o'clock in the morning; they hinder sleep in the evening.—*Many symptoms are aggravated during repose and by the heat, especially by that of the bed; they are mitigated by movement, cold and perspiration.—Many of the symptoms seem to manifest themselves, principally on the left side.—Stiffness and general heaviness over the whole body, especially in the shoulders and thighs.—Physical weakness, with full mental powers.—Frequent jerking of the upper part of the body.—Violent ebullition of blood in the evening, with pulsation in all the arteries, aggravated by movement, mitigated by sitting.—Fear of movement.

SKIN.—Painful sensitiveness of the skin.—*Itching shootings in the skin*, especially in the evening and at night.—Parulent pimples, like variola.—Condylomata.—Furunculi.—Chilblains.—Brown or red marbled spots on the skin.—*The majority of cutaneous sufferings are mitigated by touch*.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep in the evening.—**Sleep retarded*, in consequence of agitation and dry heat.—Nocturnal sleeplessness, with agitation and coldness of the body.—*Unrefreshing nocturnal sleep*.—**Troublesome, anxious dreams*, of dangers and death, or else with starts and cries, especially *when lying on the left side* soon after falling asleep.—*Lascivious dreams*, without emission of semen, with painful erections on waking.

FEVER.—Shivering, with yawning, after midnight.—Shivering, every morning without thirst.—Shivering and shaking, with internal and external coldness (and thirst) followed immediately by perspiration.—Shivering every evening (at six o'clock), with external heat, dryness of the mouth and thirst.—*Heat in the evening, in the face* especially.—Perspiration at the commencement of sleep.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—**Mental dejection*.—Anxious apprehensions respecting the future.—*Agitation*, which renders every thing troublesome and repugnant.—The least trifle produces *deep thoughtfulness*.—Aversion to life.—Moroseness and peevishness.—*Slowness of speech* and of reflection; *one searches for words in conversation*.—Incapacity for reflection.

HEAD.—The head feels empty, as in intoxication, especially in the morning, with nausea.—Weakness and confusion of the head, as if from *torpor, or paralysis of the brain*.—Vertigo, as if one were in a swing.—*Vertigo, when rising from a seat and when lying down*, or else when looking into the air.—*Head-ache in the morning*, as if from stooping or too profound sleep, with redness of the face.—Dull, stupifying cephalalgia.—Cephalalgia, aggravated by stooping, mitigated by bending the head backwards.—*Heaviness of the head, in the occiput*, especially *in the morning on waking*, with ill-humour and dislike to conversation.—Cephalalgia, as if the forehead would split, with internal shivering, mitigated by walking in the open air.—*Pressive head-ache*, with shocks in the forehead and temples.—Compressive head-ache, especially in the temples.—*Pain in the head as if a nail were driven into the vertex*.—Semi-lateral tearing in the sinciput and face, extending into the zygomatic process, principally morning and evening.—Tearing jerking in the occiput.—Lancinations across the brain.—*Congestion of blood to the head*.—Pulsation in the temples.—*Excessively painful tenderness of the left side of the head*, and also of the hair, at night, when lying down and when touched.—Pressive drawing in the muscles of the temples, especially when chewing.—Shootings in the temples.—*Swelling of the*

veins of the temples.—Itching and gnawing in the hairy scalp.

EYES.—*Pressure in the eyes*, and smarting, as if a grain of sand were introduced into them.—Tearing in the eye-brows.—Shootings in the eyes, in a bright light, or in the sharp air.—*Burning sensation in the eyes.*—*Sclerotica, inflamed and red like blood.*—*Inflammatory swelling of the eye-lids*, with hardness.—Red and painful nodosities on the margins of the eye-lids.—Purulent and itching pimples between the eye-brows.—*Condylomata in the eye-brows.*—Sensation of heat and dryness in the external canthi.—Lachrymation, especially in the left eye, when walking in the open air.—Nocturnal agglutination of the eye-lids.—*Clouded sight*, when reading, with sleepy sensation.—Sight confused, as if looking through a veil.—*Myopia.*—Black specks, dancing before the eyes.

EARS.—*Otalgia*, with squeezing compression and *violent shootings*, especially in the evening.—*Spasmodic pain in the external ear.*—Hammering and *tearing in the ear*, in the evening, in bed, with frequent emission of urine and coldness of the legs and feet.—Pressive pain behind the ears.

NOSE.—Swelling in the wings of the nose, with hardness and tension.—Drawing tension in the bones of the nose.—**Painful scabs in the nose.*—Blowing of blood from the nose.—Frequent epistaxis, especially after being overheated.—*Dry coryza*, which becomes fluent in the open air, with continued head-ache.—Fluent coryza, with cough and hoarseness.—Greenish and fetid discharge from the nose.

FACE.—*Heat in the face*, sometimes only transient, or else with burning redness.—Perspiration on the face.—Scabious, itching eruption on the face.—Red and painful nodosities on the temples.—*Boring and digging pain in the face and cheek-bones*, mitigated by touch.—*Jerking of the lips.*—Eruption of pimples on the lips and chin.—Shootings in the lower jaw, extending through the ear, outwards.—Swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.—*Prosopalgia?*

TEETH.—Odontalgia after drinking tea, with pressive pain, extending into the jaw.—Odontalgia with acute drawings, especially during mastication.—*Gnawing in the (carious) teeth*, with painful sensitiveness of the whole side of the head, greatly aggravated by contact with cold things or by mastication.—Gums swollen with pain, as if from excoriation.

MOUTH.—*Aphthæ in the mouth.*—Excessive swelling of the salivary glands, with increase of saliva in the mouth.

—*Sanguineous*, or bitter *saliva*.—Pain, as if from excoriation on the end of the tongue, when touched.—Swelling of tongue, painful when touched.—*Ranula*, on both sides of the tongue, transparent, bluish red, gray, and, as it were, gelatinous.—*Slow speech*.

THROAT.—Roughness and scraping in the throat.—Pressure and pain, as if from excoriation in the throat and palate, during deglutition.—Want to swallow.—Shootings from the gullet to the ears.—Swelling of the amygdalæ and throat.—*Ulcers* of the throat and mouth, like chancres.—Hawking up of mucus of a red colour like blood.

APPETITE.—*Insidious* and sweetish taste in the mouth, in the evening and after a meal.—Bread has a bitter taste.—Food never seems sufficiently salt.—*Thirst* only at night and in the morning.—Desire for cold drinks and food.—*Speedy satiety*, when eating.—Inconveniences after eating fat food or onions.—After a meal, great indolence, or dejection, with anguish, and palpitation of the heart, or great inflation and sufferings from flatulence.

STOMACH.—*Eructations* of food, after a meal.—*Bitter* or putrid *eructations*.—Rancid eructations, especially after eating fat food.—Nausea and uneasiness in the region of the stomach.—Vomiting of acid serum and of food.—Cramp in the stomach, with excessive aggravation towards the evening.—Pressure in the scorbiculus after a meal, with pain when touched.—Throbbing in the scorbiculus.—Anguish in the scorbiculus, which mounts into the head.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Painful pressure in the hepatic region.—Pressure in the region of the loins.—Inflation of the abdomen, often with contractive and spasmodic pains.—Constrictive tension in the abdomen.—Pressive pains in abdomen, especially towards the side (before evacuation).—Sensation, as if something alive were in the hypogastrium.—Pain in the abdomen, as if from obstruction of the intestines.—Rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Depressing pain in the groins.—Drawing in the groins, when walking and standing, with shootings along the thighs when sitting.—**Painful swelling of the inguinal glands*, sometimes with drawing, as far as the knee.

FÆCES.—**Constipation* which continues several days, sometimes after pollutions.—**Tenesmus*, with rigidity of the penis.—**Difficult evacuation*, of hard, large fæces, covered with blood.—Discharge of blood, during the evacuation.—*Painful contraction of the anus*, during the evacuation.—Burning sensation in the anus and between the but-

tocks.—*Condylomata about the anus.*—Tearings along the rectum.

URINE.—*Frequent desire to urinate, with profuse emission of watery urine, also at night.*—Cloudy sediment in the urine.—Sanguineous urine.—Prolonged trickling of urine, after having urinated.—*Sensation, as if a drop were flowing into the urethra, after the emission of urine and at other times.*—*Burning sensation in the urethra, especially in the morning and during the day, and also after and during the emission of urine.*—Shootings in the urethra, during the emission of urine and at other times.—Smarting in the sexual parts of the females, during the emission of urine.—*Itching in the urethra.*—*Yellowish discharge from the urethra, with chordee.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Profuse perspiration on the genital organs, especially the scrotum.—*Pseudo-gonorrhœa* (gonorrhœa with condylomata).—**Condylomata on the glans and prepuce, moist, itching, and suppurating, especially while the moon is increasing.*—*Ulcers, like chancres in the prepuce.—Swelling of the prepuce.—Swelling of the prepuce.—Shootings in the scrotum, penis, and along the spermatic cord, as far as the navel.—Drawing in the testes, with retraction of (the left) one of them.—*Continued painful erections, especially night and morning, with lancinations in the urethra.—Pollutions, with sensation of stricture in the urethra.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—Profuse and watery discharge from the penis.—Itching and burning smarting, as if from excoriation in the genital organs.—Pressure on the genital organs.—Contractive and spasmodic pain in the genital organs, extending to the hypogastrium.—Swelling and excoriation of the labia.—*Warts on the orifice of the uterus, with shootings and burning sensation when urinating.*—Catamenia too scanty.—Leucorrhœa.

LARYNX.—*Hoarseness, as if from contraction of the larynx.*—Shootings and crawling in the trachea.—Cough in the morning, excited by a tickling in the trachea.—Cough, excited by a choking sensation.—Expectoration of small gray, yellow or green lumps when coughing.—Cough, with expectoration of yellow mucus, and pains in the scorbiculus in the afternoon.

CHEST.—Obstructed respiration, with violent thirst for water and great anxiety.—Dyspnœa, with want to take a deep inspiration.—Oppression, at one time in the left side of the chest, at another time in the left hypochondrium, with irritation which excites a cough.—*Pain in the chest, as if from internal adhesion.*—Pressure in the chest, some-

times after a meal.—Agitation and sensation of swelling in the chest.—*Lancination in the chest, especially after drinking any thing cold.*—Ebullition of blood in the chest, and *violent and audible palpitation of the heart, especially when going up stairs.*—*Palpitation of the heart, with nausea.—Painful sensitiveness in the region of the heart.—*Blue colour of the skin round the claviculæ.*

TRUNK.—Pain, as if beaten, and stiffness in the loins, back, and nape of the neck, especially in the morning, after rising.—Drawing in the back and loins, when seated.—Boring in the back.—Pulsation in the spine.—*Furunculi on the back.*—Uneasiness in the nape of the neck, neck, and chest.—*Tension in the skin of the nape of the neck when moving the head.*—Swelling of the glands of the neck.—*Swelling of the veins of the neck.*—*Profuse perspiration under the axillæ.*—Brown spots under the arms, like mother marks.

ARMS.—Throbbing in the shoulder-joint.—**Pain, as if from ulceration, tearing and throbbing, from the shoulder to the ends of the fingers.*—Wrenching pain in the shoulder and arm, with cracking.—Digging drawing in the arms, as if in the bones and periosteum.—*Involuntary jerking of the arms by day.*—Sensation of coldness in the arms at night.—*Lancinations in the arms and joints.*—Cracking in the elbow-joint, when stretching the arms.—Red, marbled spots on the fore-arm.—Trembling of the hands and arms, when writing.—Sensation of dryness in the skin of the hands.—*Perspiration on the hands.*—*Swollen veins in the hands.*—°Warts on the hands.—Coldness, *torpor and paleness in the fingers and ends of the fingers*, extending sometimes to the fore-arms.—Crawling and shootings in the ends of the fingers.—*Red and painful swelling in the ends of the fingers.*—*The pains in the arms are aggravated by allowing them to hang, or by heat; they are mitigated by movement, coldness, and after perspiration.

LEGS.—Drawing in the legs.—*Shootings in the legs and joints.*—Great weakness and *lassitude in the legs*, especially when going up stairs.—Heaviness and stiffness of the legs when walking.—Profuse perspiration on the thighs and genital organs.—Itching on the thighs.—Eruption of pimples on the buttocks, thighs and knees.—Ulcers on the thighs.—Cracking in the joints of the knees and feet, when stretching them.—Suppurating pustules on the knees.—White nodosities, with violent itching in the toes.—*Inflammatory and red swelling in the ends of the toes*, or instep, with pain and tension when treading and during movement.

—Red, marbled spots on the instep.—Perspiration on the feet, principally on the toes.—*Chilblains* on the toes.

189.—TONGO.

TONG.—Tonkin bean.—HARTLAUB AND TRINKS.—A medicine as yet very little known.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Tearings in the limbs, mitigated by external pressure and movement.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves when seated and during repose.—Vinegar dissipates many of the pains.—Peevishness and ill-humour.—Dislike to labour and conversation.

HEAD.—Head bewildered, especially in the occiput, with drowsiness.—*Heaviness of the head*, especially on rising up after stooping.—Drawing head-ache.—Pressure, *tearings and shootings in the head*, especially on coming into a room, with tearings in one side of the face and ill-humour.—Shootings in the head, when laughing.—*Pulsative head-ache*, especially on the left side.—The head-aches disappear after taking vinegar.—Excessive sensitiveness of the exterior of the head.

EYES—TEETH.—*Burning sensation and dryness* of the eyes, when reading in the evening.—Drawing, tension and quivering in the eye-lids.—Tearing in the ears.—Coryza, with obstruction of the nose.—*Pale complexion* with red cheeks.—Tearing in the maxillæ.—Tearing on one side of the face only.—*Odontalgia with tearing pain*, especially in the molares, aggravated by pressing upon them, disappearing after the use of vinegar.—*Acid blood* from the teeth and gums.

MOUTH—GENITAL ORGANS.—*Copious accumulation of water in the mouth*.—Roughness and scraping in the throat.—Eructations with taste of bitter almonds.—Burning sensation and cuttings in the hypochondria, as if externally.—Movements and pinchings in the abdomen.—Tenesmus.—Hard fæces, evacuated with an effort.—Diarrhœa, followed by excessive sensibility of the abdomen.—Scanty urine with white sediment.—Urine of the colour of white wine, with much slimy sediment.—Red urine with abundant clay-coloured sediment.—Catamenia too early.—Leucorrhœa, when walking.—Discharge of thick mucus *from the vagina (when making an effort to evacuate).

CHEST.—*Hoarseness, with burning sensation in the larynx*.—Shootings and burning sensation under the sides of the chest.—Pains in the loins, with excessive sensitiveness when touched.

190.—URTICA URENS.

URT.—Stinging nettle.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been employed against *burns*, some cases of *dysentery* and of *nettle-rash*.

191.—UVA URSI.

UVA.—Bear's berry.—A medicine almost entirely unknown, but which has been employed against *urinary calculus*.

SYMPTOMS.—*Painful emission of urine*, with burning sensation.—*Slimy urine like pus*.—Hæmaturia.

192.—VALERIANA OFFICINALIS.

VALER.—Valerian.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: from 3 to 10 days in some cases.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. coff.

COMPARE WITH: Arn. bell. cham. cocc. coff. con. ign. merc. n-vom. plat. puls. stann.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been employed against some cases of *Intermittent fever* and also against *Cephalalgia* and *colic* in *hysterical* persons.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Rheumatic tearing in the limbs*, generally not in the joints, *principally during repose*, after movement and mostly *mitigated by movement*, or transformed by walking into other sensations and transferred to other parts.—*Jerking and shaking pains*, appearing suddenly and by fits.—Pains, which manifest themselves after a long rest in any position, and are mitigated by changing it.—Drawing and jerking in the limbs, as if in the bones.—Pain, as if from paralysis in the limbs, towards the end of a walk.—Periodical sufferings which appear again after two or three months.—Epileptic fits.—Paralytic torpor of the limbs.—The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves in the evening and after dinner.—General *morbid excitement and irritability* with lassitude in the limbs, great gaiety and appearance of vigour.—Pain, as if from fatigue, especially in the lower extremities, after rising in the morning.—Eruption of small nodosities, at first red and confluent, then white and hard.

SLEEP.—*Sleeplessness*.—Disturbed sleep, with tossing and anxious and confused dreams.

FEVER.—*Fever with continued heat*, after a short fit of shivering, accompanied by *confusion in the head* and *thirst*.—Accelerated pulse.—*Frequent perspiration*, especially on the face and forehead (often appearing and dispersing speedily).

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Anxious hypochondriacal sensation*, as if all around were desolate, disagreeable or strange.—*Joyous, tremulous excitement*.—Fear in the evening.—De-

spair.—*The most opposite moral symptoms appear alternately.*—*Excessive instability of ideas.*—General illusions and errors of the mind.

HEAD.—Head confused as after intoxication.—Intoxication and dizziness, with absence of ideas.—*Whirling in the head, when stooping forwards.*—Cephalalgia which appears suddenly or by fits.—*Pressive cephalalgia or with pressive shootings especially in the forehead, towards the orbits, often alternating with confusion and dizziness in the head.*—Drawing pain on one side of the head, from a current of air.—Stupifying contraction in the head, as if from a violent blow on the vertex.—Sensation of icy coldness in the upper part of the head, from the pressure of the hat.

EYES.—Eyes down-cast as if from a nocturnal debauch, especially after a meal.—Pressure, burning sensation and smarting in the eyes.—Redness and pain, as if from excoriation in the margin of the eye-lids.—Swelling and painful sensibility of the eye-lids.—*Myopia.*—Brightness and light before the eyes in the darkness, so that objects become almost distinguishable.—Sparks before the eyes.

EARS—TEETH.—Otalgia, with spasmodic drawings.—Jerking in the ears.—Tinkling and ringing of bells in the ears.—Pain in the face with spasmodic drawing in the zygomatic process.—Redness and heat of the cheeks in the open air.—White blisters on the tongue and upper lip, painful when touched.—Odontalgia with shooting pain.

APPETITE.—*Taste in the mouth (and smell before the nose) as if from fetid tallow.*—Bitter taste on the tip of the tongue, when passing it over the lips, after a meal.—Insipid and slimy taste in the mouth after waking in the morning.—Bulimy with nausea.

STOMACH.—*Eructations with the taste of rotten eggs, on waking in the morning.*—Frequent, empty, or rancid and burning eructations.—*Nausea, with desire to vomit, and a sensation as if there were a thread extending from the gullet to the abdomen with copious accumulation of saliva.*—Nausea and syncope, with white lips and cold body.—*Vomiting of bile and mucus with violent shivering and shaking.*—Nocturnal vomiting.—Weak stomach and digestion.—*Pressure in the scorbiculus appearing suddenly and dispersing speedily, with a gurgling in the abdomen.*

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pains in the hepatic region and epigastrium, when touched.—Painful shocks in the right hypochondrium.—Lancinations in the region of the loins when sitting.—*Abdomen inflated and hard.*—Violent sensation of expansion in the abdomen, as if it were about to

burst.—Tendency to retract the abdomen.—*Spasms in the abdomen, generally in the evening in bed, or after dinner, allowing no mitigation in any position whatever.*—Hæmorrhoidal colic.—Gripings and painful pinchings in the abdomen, when retracting it.—*Pains in the left side of the abdomen, in the evening, as if from subcutaneous ulceration.*—Drawing, pressure and pains as if from a bruise in the hypogastrium, groins and abdominal muscles, as if caused by a chill or strain.—Digging pains in the abdomen.

FÆCES—URINE.—*Loose evacuations.*—Greenish fæces of the consistence of pap mixed with blood.—Painful burnings in the rectum.—Discharge of blood from the anus.—*Ascarides from the rectum.*—*Profuse and frequent emission of urine.*

CHEST.—Obstructed respiration and anguish in the chest.—Oppressed respiration with pressure on the lower part of the chest.—*Lancinations in the chest sometimes on the left side (in the region of the heart), when taking an inspiration.*—Eruption of small, hard, nodosities on the chest.

TRUNK.—Drawing pains in the loins and back.—*Pain in the region of the loins, as if from a chill or the effects of a strain.*—Rheumatic pains in the shoulder-blades.

ARMS.—Spasmodic drawings and jerkings, or else tearing in the arms.—Paralytic pain in the shoulder and elbow joints towards the end of a walk.—Eruption of small, hard, nodosities on the arms.—Trembling of the hands when writing.—Painful shocks across the hand.

LEGS.—Burning pain in the hips when in bed in the evening.—Spasmodic drawing and jerking in the thighs.—Great heaviness and lassitude in the legs, but especially in the calves of the legs.—Pain, as if beaten in the thighs and tibia.—Paralytic pain in the knees towards the end of a walk.—Tensive pains in the calves of the legs.—Tearings in the calves of the legs, especially when crossing the legs.—Drawing in the joints of the feet when sitting down.—Wrenching pain in the joints of the foot and ankles.—*Pains and shootings in the heels, especially when seated.*—Tearing in the soles of the feet and the toes.

193.—VERATRUM ALBUM.

VERAT.—White hellebore.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect: from 2 to 3 weeks in some chronic affections.*

ANTIDOTES: Acon. camph. chin. coff.—*It is used as an antidote against: Ars. chin. fer.*

COMPARE WITH: Acon. arn. ars. bry. camph. caps. caus. chin. cic. coff. coloc. cupr. droz. fer. hell. hyos. ign. ipec. laur. lyc. magn-m. merc. mez. op. phos. phos-ac. puls. rhus. rut. sabad. sec. sep. sil. spig. stram.

sulph. tart. zinc —Veratrum, when otherwise indicated, is especially efficacious after : *Ars. chin. cupr. phos-ac.* —After veratrum : *Ars. arn. chin. cupr. ipec.* are sometimes suitable.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—Allowing ourselves to be guided by the *totality of symptoms*, the cases, in which this medicine may be employed, will be found to be : Chronic affections from the abuse of cinchona ; Bad effects from fear, fright, or vexation with rage ; Rheumatic sufferings ; Hysterical spasms ; Physical and nervous weakness, caused by violent acute diseases ; Scabious eruptions ; Gastric fevers ; Intermittent fevers ; Mania ; Megrim ; Nervous cephalalgia, in hysterical young girls and young women ; Amblyopia amaurotica ; Rheumatic and other odontalgia ; Ravenous hunger, also during the period of convalescence from acute diseases ; *Sporadic or Asiatic cholera* ; Dyspepsia with vomiting of food ; Hæmatemesis ; Diarrhœa, of different kinds, also those produced by cold drinks, when one is over-heated ; Obstinate constipation ; Dysmenia of young girls ; Vomiting and other gastric sufferings of pregnant women ; Nymphomania of lying-in women ; Puerperal fever ; Hernia in children, produced by crying ; Hooping cough ; Grippe, &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—**Paroxysms of pain, which always occasion delirium and insanity for a short time.*—Drawing pain in the limbs, especially during a long walk.—*Pressive pains as if beaten in the limbs*, similar to that which is felt after great fatigue or exhaustion.—Tearing in the extensores, when seated.—^o*Pains in the limbs, which are rendered insupportable by the heat of the bed*, which are mitigated after eructating, and which disappear completely when walking, and generally manifesting themselves towards four or five o'clock in the morning.—Pains in the limbs, aggravated in spring and autumn, by cold and damp weather.—Pain aggravated by hearing another speak.—Relaxation of the muscles.—Numbness of the limbs.—Stiffness of the limbs, principally in the morning, and after a walk.—*Trembling of the limbs.*—Shooting in the limbs, as if from electric sparks.—Paroxysms of cramp and *convulsive movements of the limbs.*—^oAttack of spasm, with squeezing of the jaws, loss of sense and movement, and convulsive jerking of the eyes and eye-lids ; before the attack, anguish, discouragement, and despair.—(Epileptic fits.)—Tonic spasms, sometimes with contraction of the palms of the hands and soles of the feet.—*Several symptoms are renewed by rising up and mitigated by lying down.—**Sudden, general, and para-*

lytic *prostration of strength*.—**Excessive chronic weakness*, which does not permit one to be seated, nor remain lying down, or else excited by the least movement.—Tottering gait.—**Syncope*, sometimes also from the least movement, (characteristic).—*General emaciation*.—Crawling in the whole body, as far as the ends of the fingers and toes.—One is affected by the open air.

SKIN.—Miliary eruption, which itches in the heat and burns after being scratched.—Nettle-rash.—**Dry eruption resembling scabies*, with nocturnal itching.—Dry herpes.—Desquamation of the epidermis.—Skin flabby and without elasticity.—Whitish colour of the skin.

SLEEP.—*Drowsy insensibility*, or *coma vigil*, with imperfect consciousness, starts with fright, and eyes half open, or shut only on one side.—*Nocturnal sleeplessness*, with great anguish.—Sleep, too profound.—Sleep, with the arms passed over the head.—*Anxious dreams*.—Moaning during sleep.

FEVER.—**General coldness of the whole body*, and cold, clammy perspiration, especially on the forehead.—Shuddering and shivering, with thirst for cold water.—Shuddering and cutis anserina, after drinking.—*Fever with external coldness*.—*Violent shivering*, and shaking (followed by heat and slight thirst), then perspiration, which soon changes to coldness.—*Shivering*, at first with violent thirst, followed by shivering alternating with heat, then by permanent heat with thirst.—**Fever with internal heat only* and dark-coloured urine, or with vomiting and diarrhœa, or with constipation; during the shivering, vertigo, nausea and pains in the loins and back.—**During the heat*, continual coma, or delirium with red face.—*Fever before midnight* and in the morning, quotidian, tertian or quartan.—*Pulse slow*, and almost extinct, or small, quick, and intermittent.—*Perspiration easily excited through the day*, by the least movement.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Melancholic dejection, sadness and inclination to weep.—Inconsolable affliction, with howlings and cries for imaginary misfortunes.—*Excessive anguish and inquietude*, with apprehension and troubled conscience, especially at night or in the morning, often also every time that one rises from the bed or from a seat.—*Great tendency to be frightened and timidity*.—**Deadly anguish*.—**Discouragement and despair*.—*Busy restlessness*, one is constantly in motion, with great inclination for labour.—*Disposition to be angry* for the least thing, often followed by anxiety and palpitation of the heart.—*Great propensity to silence*, with abusive language from the slightest provocation.—Dispo-

sition to converse about the faults of others.—Immoderate gaiety and loquacity.—*Fury*, with desire to bite, tear every thing, and to run away.—Loss of memory.—*Absence of ideas*.—Loss of sense.—**Mental alienation and insanity*, with singing, whistling, laughing, want to run from side to side, extravagant and haughty ideas and actions, or else again a disposition to ascribe to oneself affections, which have not the slightest foundation, and are altogether imaginary.—*Paroxysms of amorous or religious alienation.—*Violent delirium.

HEAD.—Confusion in the head, as if all within it were in motion, especially in the morning.—Dulness of all the senses.—*Whirling vertigo*.—Intoxication and dizziness.—*Attack of head-ache, with paleness of the face, nausea and vomiting*.—Head-ache, with painful stiffness of the nape of the neck.—Head-ache, with flow of urine.—Head-ache, by paroxysms, as if *the brain were bruised or torn*.—*Pressive cephalalgia*, often in the vertex, or else semi-lateral, with pain in the stomach.—Constrictive pain in the head (and gullet).—Cutting pain in the vertex.—Shaking in the head, with jerking in the arms and paleness of the fingers.—Violent congestion of blood to the head when stooping.—*Pulsative head-ache*.—Burning pain in the brain.—Sensation of coldness and heat in the exterior of the head, with **painful sensitiveness of the hair*.—*Coldness on the vertex, as if there were ice upon it.—*Cold perspiration on the forehead.

EYES.—*Pain in the eyes*, as if the eye-ball were bruised.—*Painful tearing or compression in the eyes*.—*Permanent burning in the eyes*.—Redness of the eyes.—*Painful inflammation of the eyes, especially the right eye*, and sometimes with violent head-ache and nocturnal sleeplessness.—Eyes dull, clouded, yellowish.—Blueness of the eyes.—Eyes watery and as if they were covered with albumen.—*Excessive dryness of the eye-lids*.—*Profuse lachrymation*, often with burning, cutting pains and sensation of dryness in the eyes.—Agglutination of the eye-lids during sleep.—*Paralysis of the eye-lids*.—Eyes convulsed, prominent.—*Pupils greatly or perceptibly contracted or dilated*.—Loss of sight.—Diplopia.—*Nocturnal blindness*.—Sparks and black spots before the eyes, especially when rising from the seat or bed.

EARS.—Shootings in the ears.—Forcible pressure in the ears.—Alternate sensation of coldness and heat in the ears.—*Deafness*, as if from obstruction in the ears.—Roaring in the ears, especially when rising from a seat.

NOSE.—*Icy coldness of the nose.—Inflammation and

pain, as if from ulceration in the interior of the nose.—Contractive or depressing pain in the nasal bone.—Nocturnal epistaxis, or only from one nostril.—Smell of smoke before the nose.—Unpleasant sensation of dryness in the nose.—Violent and frequent sneezing.—Coryza.

FACE.—**Face pale, cold, hippocratic, wan, with the nose pointed, and a blue circle round the eyes.*—Bluish colour of the face.—°*Yellowish colour of the face.*—Redness of one of the cheeks while the other is pale.—**Alternate redness and paleness of the face.*—Redness of the face when lying down, paleness when rising up.—**Burning heat, deep redness, and perspiration on the face.*—°*Cold perspiration on the face.*—Drawing and tensive pains in the face, on one side only and extending to the ear.—Jerking and pinchings in the muscles of the face.—Pustules on the face, with pain as if from excoriation when touched.—Copper-coloured pimples on the face.—Miliary eruption on the cheeks.—Bloatedness of the face.—*Lips dry, blackish and cracked.*—Eruption on the commissure of the lips.—Copper pimples round the mouth and chin.—*Cramp in the jaw.*—Pain and swelling of the sub-maxillary glands.

TEETH.—Odontalgia with head-ache, and red, bloated face.—**Odontalgia (sometimes pulsative), with swelled face, cold perspiration on the forehead, nausea and vomiting, and pain as if from fatigue and coldness of the whole body, prostration of strength, even to fainting, internal heat and insatiable thirst.*—Pressure and sensation of excessive heaviness in the teeth with drawing when chewing, even of soft food.—*Grinding of the teeth.*—Loosening of the teeth.

MOUTH.—*Mouth dry and clammy.*—Salivation with nausea or with acrid or salt taste.—Froth before the mouth.—Sensation of coldness, or *burning in the mouth and on the tongue.*—Internal inflammation of the mouth.—*Tongue dry, blackish, cracked, or red and swollen.*—Tongue loaded with a yellow coating.—Stammering.—*Loss of speech.*—Sensation of torpor and great dryness in the palate.

THROAT.—*Sore-throat, with constrictive pain of contraction, especially during deglutition.*—*Contraction of the gullet, as if from a pressive swelling.*—Swelling of the gullet, with danger of suffocation.—Sensation of coldness, or *burning in the back of the mouth and gullet.*—Dryness in the throat, which cannot be mitigated by any drink.—Roughness and scraping in the throat.

APPETITE.—*Insipidity of the saliva in the mouth.*—*Bitter, bilious taste in the mouth.*—*Putrid and herbaceous taste in the*

mouth, as if from smoke.—Cooling or sharp taste in the mouth and throat.—**Insatiable thirst*, with desire principally for cold drinks.—Appetite and desire for food, also in the intervals between vomiting and evacuation.—Raging and voracious hunger.—**Bulimy*.—*Ardent and continued desire for acid or cool things (fruits).—Aversion to hot food.—*Immediate vomiting and diarrhœa*, however little is eaten.—*Nausea*, with hunger and pressure in the stomach, when eating.—After a meal, hiccough, desire to vomit, and regurgitation of bitter serum.

STOMACH.—Eructations with taste of food.—*Violent empty eructations*, also after a meal.—*Bitter or sour eructations*.—Frequent and violent hiccough.—*Violent nausea with desire to vomit*, often so as almost to faint, and generally with excessive thirst.—*Frequent or continued nausea, also in the morning.—Water-brash.—**Violent vomiting*, with continued nausea, great exhaustion and desire to lie down, preceded by coldness of the hands, with shuddering over the whole body, accompanied by general heat and followed by ebullition of blood and hot hands.—**Vomiting of food*.—*Bitter, or sour vomiting*.—**Vomiting of froth and of yellowish green or white mucus*.—Vomiting of mucus at night.—*Vomiting of black bile and blood*.—Continued vomiting, with diarrhœa and pressure in the scorbiculus.—*The least drop of liquid and the slightest movement excites the vomitings*.—Painful contraction of the abdomen when vomiting.—Pain in the stomach, with hunger and burning thirst.—*Excessive sensibility in the region of the stomach and scorbiculus*.—*Excessive anguish in the pit of the stomach.—Emptiness and uneasiness in the stomach.—Cramp in the stomach.—*Pressure in the scorbiculus*, extending sometimes into the sternum, the hypochondria, and the hypogastrium, especially after a meal.—*Burning sensation in the pit of the stomach*.—Inflammation of the stomach.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Colic in the umbilical region.—*Excessively painful sensitiveness of the abdomen, when touched*.—Nocturnal pains in the abdomen, with sleeplessness.—Swelling of the abdomen.—*Abdomen hard and inflated*.—Tension in the hypochondria and umbilical region.—*Cramps in the abdomen, and colic*.—Pressive, drawing pains in the abdomen, when walking in the evening.—*Cuttings as if from knives*, accompanied by diarrhœa, or thirst with flow of urine.—*Burning sensation through the whole extent of the abdomen*, as if from hot coals.—Pain in the entrails, as if they were bruised.—Inflammation of the intestines.—*Inguinal hernia*.—*Flatulent colic*, with noisy

gurgling borborygmus in the abdomen.—The longer the flatulence is in being expelled, the greater the difficulty with which it escapes.—Violent expulsion of flatus, upwards and downwards.

FÆCES.—*Constipation* sometimes *obstinate*, mostly from inactivity of the rectum and often accompanied by heat and head-ache.—Contraction of the abdomen.—Fæces hard, and of too large a size.—**Violent and painful diarrhœa* often with tension of the abdomen, preceded and followed by *gripings*.—Diarrhœa of acrid matter, with burning sensation in the anus.—Nocturnal diarrhœa.—*Loose blackish, greenish, brownish evacuations*.—Loose, sanguineous evacuations.—*Unnoticed evacuation of liquid fæces*, when expelling flatus.—*During the evacuation, great lassitude, shivering, with shuddering, paleness of the face, cold perspiration on the forehead and anxiety, with fear of apoplexy.—Burning sensation in the anus, during evacuation.—Pain, as if from excoriation in the anus.—Pressure towards the anus, with blind hæmorrhoides.—Vermiculous symptoms.

URINE.—Retention of urine.—Desire to urinate, while the vesica is empty, with pain as if the urethra were constricted behind the glans.—Urine diminished, yellow and turbid even during emission.—*Flow of urine*, with raging hunger and thirst, head-ache, nausea with desire to vomit, colic, hard fæces, and coryza.—*Involuntary emission of urine*.—Acrid urine.—*Deep-coloured or greenish urine*.—Pressive pain in the vesica and *burning sensation when urinating*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Excessive tenderness of the genital organs.—Excoriation of the prepuce.—Drawings in the testes.—*Catamenia too early and too profuse*.—*Catamenia suppressed*.—Before the catamenia, head-ache, vertigo, epistaxis, and nocturnal perspiration.—‘At the commencement of the catamenia, diarrhœa, nausea and shivering.—During the catamenia head-ache in the morning, with nausea and desire to vomit, humming in the ears, burning thirst and pains in all the limbs.—Towards the end of the catamenia, grinding of the teeth and bluish face.—‘Suppressed catamenia, with delirium.

LARYNX.—Chest loaded with mucus, with roughness and scraping in the throat.—*Cough excited by tickling, deeply seated in the bronchia*, with easy expectoration, or else dry.—Violent cough, with continued eructations, as if about to vomit.—*Cough in the evening*, with salivation.—*Dry, burning cough*, generally in the evening and morning.—*Cough, with pain in the side*, weakness and obstructed

respiration.—*Hollow, deep cough*, as if proceeding from the abdomen, with cutting pains in the abdomen.—*Lancinations* towards the inguinal ring when coughing.—*Cough* like *hooping-cough*, with vomiting.—*Cough* with yellowish expectoration on coming into a warm room, followed by pain as if from a bruise in the chest.—*Cough*, with copious expectoration.

CHEST.—*Obstructed respiration*, frequently so as almost to cause suffocation, generally produced by a spasmodic constriction of the throat or chest.—*Short breath* on the least movement.—*Dyspnœa and impeded respiration*, also when seated.—*Chest very much oppressed*, with pain in the side when inspiring.—*Pressure in the chest*, especially in the region of the sternum, and principally after eating or drinking.—*Sensation of fulness* in the chest, with necessity for frequent eructation.—*Squeezing* in the chest, especially after drinking.—*Cramp in the chest*, with painful constriction.—*Spasmodic contraction* of the muscles of the chest.—*Cutting pain* in the chest.—*Shootings*, by paroxysms in the chest, with obstructed respiration.—*Violent palpitation of the heart*, which causes heaving of the chest, with choking and severe attack of *anxietas præcordium*.

TRUNK.—**Pain in the loins and back as if beaten*, with drawing pressure especially when stooping and rising.—*Squeezing* between the shoulder-blades.—*Rheumatic stiffness* in the nape of the neck, with vertigo when moving it.—*Paralytic weakness of the muscles of the neck*; they are no longer able to support the head.

ARMS.—*Paralytic pain, as if beaten in the arms*, from the joint of the shoulder to the wrist.—*Jerking* in the arms.—*Coldness* or sensation of fulness and of swelling in the arms.—*Continued sensation of numbness* in the arms.—*Trembling* in the arms, when grasping an object.—*Concussion* in the elbow, as if from electric sparks.—*Dry herpes* on the hands.—*Crawling* in the hands and fingers.—*Numbness and paleness* of the fingers.—**Icy coldness* of the hands.—*Drawings and cramps* in the fingers.

LEGS.—*Paralysis* of the hip joint, with difficulty in walking.—*Paralytic pain, as if beaten in the legs*.—*Arthritic tearing and drawings* in the legs and feet.—*Continued sensation of numbness* in the legs.—*Tension* of the tendons of the ham, as if they were too short.—*Pain* in the knees, as if beaten, when going down stairs.—*Concussions* in the knee as if from electric sparks.—*Excessive and painful heaviness* in the knees, legs and feet, with difficulty of walking.—**Violent cramps* in the calves of the legs and

feet.—Rapid swelling of the feet.—*Icy coldness of the feet.—Trembling of the feet, with coldness, as if cold water were running in the veins.—*Shootings in the (great) toes.*—Painful gout in the feet.—Lancinations and pains, as if from excoriation in the corns of the feet.

194.—VERBASCUM.

VERB.—The yellow mullein.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 4 to 5 days.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.?

COMPARE WITH: Plat. stann.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—The cases in which this medicine may be used, appear to be:—*Catarrhal coughs, especially in children*, the only affection in which it has been employed as yet.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—General indolence, and desire to sleep, after rising in the morning.—*Stretching* and frequent yawning.—*Tearings*, sometimes lancinating, in different parts.—Tottering when walking.—*Great desire to sleep after a meal.*—Disturbed sleep at night, with tossing.—Short sleep at night, only till four o'clock in the morning, with anxious, frightful dreams of wars and dead bodies.—*Coldness of the whole body.*—Shuddering, especially on one side of the body, as if it were bathed in cold water.—Apathy.—Moroseness, ill-humour and irascibility.—Gaiety with laughter.—Mental excitement, with voluptuous images.—Weakness of memory.—Distraction.—Flow of ideas and liveliness of imagination.

HEAD.—Dulness and confusion in the head.—*Attacks of vertigo*, as if from pressure in the head, or else when pressing one cheek.—Head-ache, as if all were about to protrude through the forehead.—*Pressive, stupifying head-ache*, principally in the forehead, or semi-lateral, and mostly when passing from the warmth into the cold air.—Heaviness of the head, with dull pain.—Pinching in the temples.—Stupifying shooting in the temples.—Vibration in the head, when walking.

EYES—EARS.—Pains in the eyes, as if from contraction of the sockets, with burning in the eyes.—Sight confused, as if looking through a veil.—*Tearing in the ears*, sometimes when eating, with lancinations.—Sensation, as if the ear were drawn inwards.—*Deafness*, as if something obstructed the ear.—Sensation, as if the ears were obstructed, when reading aloud.

FACE AND TEETH.—*Facial neuralgia*, generally with *stupifying, pressive or tensive* pains, principally in the cheek-

bones, and commencing from the maxillary point, aggravated by pressing the teeth together, and by external pressure.—Shootings in the cheek-bones, with dull pressure.—Violent tension in the integuments of the chin and the masseters.—Odontalgia, with tearing pain in the molares.

MOUTH—APPETITE.—Copious accumulation of saltish saliva in the mouth.—Tongue brownish yellow, loaded with viscous mucus, in the morning and after dinner.—Insipid taste with fetid breath.—Hunger, without desire for food, which is disagreeable.—Insatiable thirst.

STOMACH.—Regurgitation of insipid serum.—*Empty*, or else bitter *eructations*, with desire to vomit.—Frequent hic-cough.—Pressure in the stomach.—Sensation of emptiness in the pit of the stomach, which is dispersed by gurgling.—Frequent gurgling under the ribs, in the left side.—Cut-tings and shootings in the left hypochondrium.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Inflation of the abdomen.—*Vio-lent and painful pressure on the navel, as if from a stone, mitigated by bending double.*—Spasmodic constriction of the hypogastrium, towards the umbilical region.—Pains in the abdomen which extend deeply downwards, with desire to evacuate and spasmodic contraction of the anus.—Pinch-ings and gripings in the abdomen.—*Shootings in the abdo-men*, principally in the umbilical region, sometimes tearing and tending downwards.—Sensation as if the intestines were adhering to the umbilical region and were torn away.

FÆCES AND URINE.—Suppressed evacuations.—Fæces hard, like sheep-dung, and expelled with effort.—*Frequent want to urinate, with profuse emission.*—Pollutions.

LARYNX.—^oSensation of obstruction in the larynx and nose, with **hoarseness*, when reading aloud.—^o*Catarrh, with hoarseness and oppression of chest.*—^o*Cough, especially in the evening, and at night when sleeping, generally rough and dry, or hollow and dull.*

CHEST AND TRUNK.—*Shootings in the chest*, sometimes with oppression and obstructed respiration.—Tension in the chest, with lancinations in the region of the heart, in the evening, after lying down.—Lancinations in the back and shoulder-blades.—Red nodosity near the xiphoid car-tilage, painful when pressed upon.

EXTREMITIES.—Tearing in the shoulder, back of the hand, and elbow.—Spasmodic pressure in the fore-arm, hand and thumb.—Tearing *shootings in the hands and fin-gers.*—Tensive pain in the wrist—Wrenching pain in the joint of the hand.—Paralytic pain in the joints of the fin-gers.—Excessive heaviness and lassitude in the legs and

feet, especially when going up stairs.—Spasmodic pressure in the thighs, legs, and soles of the feet.—Trembling of the knees.—Dull lancinations in the rotula (knee-pan), bones of the feet, and toes.—Tearing along the legs.

195.—VINCA MINOR.

VINC.—The lesser periwinkle.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been employed against *scabs in the hairy scalp and in the face*, and recommended against *plica polonica*.

196.—VIOLA ODORATA.

VIOL-OD.—Sweet violet.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—*Duration of effect*: from 2 to 4 days.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been used as yet, only against *hysterical* sufferings.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Relaxation of all the muscles.—Drawing pains in the limbs.—Pain, as if beaten, in all the joints, on waking in the morning.—Trembling of the limbs.—Burning and flushes of heat in different parts.—The sufferings are mild, but however very distinct, and the same in all positions.—Yawning, every morning, with lachrymation.—One lies on the back, while asleep at night, with the left hand passed under the head, and the knees bent.—Febrile shuddering.—Nocturnal perspiration.—Gloomy melancholy and sadness.—*Hysterical humour, with constant weeping*, without knowing the reason.—Aversion to conversation.—*Great weakness of memory*, and forgetfulness.—*Great flow of unsettled and confused ideas*.—Remarkable clearness and great activity of mind.—*Predominance of intellect over sensation and feeling*.

HEAD.—Dull and painful confusion in the head.—*Turning vertigo*, also when seated.—Cephalalgia, sometimes with cramps in the eyes, and luminous circles before the sight.—Heaviness of the head, with a sensation of weakness in the muscles of the nape of the neck.—Congestion of blood to the head, with prickings in the *sinciput*.—*Tension in the integuments of the head*, extending into the face, nose and ears, frequently forcing one to knit the brows.—Burning in the forehead.

EYES.—Cramps in the eye-lids.—*Closing of the eyes*, as if from a sleepy sensation in the eyes and eye-lids.—Heaviness of the eye-lids.—Sensation as if the eye-ball were compressed.—Heat and burning sensation in the eyes.—Myopia.—Flames before the eyes.

EARS.—*Shootings in the ears*.—Aversion to all kinds of

music, principally the violin.—Roaring and tinkling before the ears.

NOSE.—FÆCES.—Torpor in the end of the nose, as if from a blow.—Pain in the face, with drawing pressure in the zygomatic process.—*Tension in the integuments of the face*, especially above the eyes.—Tearings in the lower jaw, passing in the direction of the ear, outwards.—Odon-talgia, with tearing pain in the lower teeth.—Constipation, with ineffectual desire to evacuate.—Pollutions, followed by head-ache.

LARYNX—EXTREMITIES.—Respiration difficult and scarcely perceptible, with painful expiration, excessive anguish and violent palpitation of the heart.—Short breath.—*Violent oppression of the chest and dyspnœa*, with pressure in the chest, as if from a stone.—Tension in the muscles of the neck.—Drawing pain in the elbow-joint and back of the hand.—Pressive pain in the wrist.

197.—VIOLA TRICOLOR.

VIOL-TR.—Heart's ease. ARCHIVES OF STAFF. *Duration of effect* : from 8 to 15 days.

ANTIDOTE: Camph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been employed as yet, only against some cases of *crusta lactea*.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Dejection, sometimes as if from not having slept enough.—Lancinating pains in the limbs.—Miliary eruption over the whole body, with lancinating gnawing sensation.—*Desire to sleep in the afternoon*.—Disturbed sleep, with frequent waking.—Sleep retarded by flow of ideas with difficulty in waking in the morning.—*Vivid and amorous dreams*.—Jerking of the hands and retraction of the thumbs, when sleeping, with red face and general dry heat.—Chilliness and coldness in the open air.—Nocturnal perspiration.—Sadness respecting domestic affairs.—Precipitation, as if from internal anguish, with sensation of great weakness.—Desire to weep, *ill-humour*, *moroseness* with dislike to conversation.—Great susceptibility and quarrelsomeness.—Disobedience.—Aversion to labour.

HEAD.—Head bewildered and perplexed.—Vertigo and dizziness, when walking.—Cephalalgia, extending from the root of the nose, to the brain, disappearing when in the open air.—Heaviness of the head, which draws it backwards, principally when rising up, mitigated by stooping.—*Pressive cephalalgia*, especially in the forehead and tem-

ples.—Shootings in the occiput day and night.—The brain shakes, when walking.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes, as if there were a hard body, between the upper eye-lid and the eye-ball.—Smarting, and cutting and itching shootings in the eye.—*Contraction and closing of the eye-lids*, with desire to sleep.—(Myopia.)

FACE.—Heat in the face, in bed at night, sometimes semi-lateral in the cheek on which one has not lain.—Thickness and hardness of the skin of the face.—*Scabs on the face with burning itching, especially at night, and running of a yellow and viscous pus.—*Tension in the integuments of the face and forehead*.—Sore throat in the evening.—Tongue loaded with whitish mucus, of a bitter taste.—Accumulation of saliva in the mouth, with sensation of dryness.

STOMACH.—Loss of appetite and insipidity of food.—After a meal, general heat, especially in the face (with perspiration), oppression of the chest and violent anguish, which renders it impossible to remain in one place.—Nausea and vomituration.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Cutting pains in the abdomen*, which force one to cry out, with desire to evacuate, and expulsion of much flatulence and of large lumps of mucus.—Shootings in the abdomen.—Pressive shootings in the diaphragm.

FÆCES.—Evacuation of mucus and flatus.—*Fæces soft*, as if chopped.—Hard fæces.—Very urgent desire to evacuate.

URINE AND GENITAL ORGANS.—*Desire to urinate, with profuse emission*.—Tenesmus of the vesica.—Burning urine.—*Fetid urine*; like that of cats.—Very turbid urine.—Lancinations in the urethra.—Shootings and pressure in the penis, in the direction of the glans.—Burning sensation in the glans.—Itching and swelling of the prepuce.—Erections.—Pollutions.—Leucorrhœa.

CHEST—EXTREMITIES.—Shootings in the chest.—Oppression and lancinations in the region of the heart, when bending forwards while sitting.—Anxietas præcordium, with palpitation of the heart when lying down.—Spasmodic pain and contraction, with pinching between the shoulder-blades.—Swelling of the glands of the neck.—Lancinations in the joints of the shoulder, elbows, fore-arms and fingers.—Pain in the thighs, as if beaten on waking in the morning.—The knees bend when walking, with drawings in the thighs and calves of the legs.—Jerking of the muscles in the calves of the legs.—Shootings in the knee pans tibiæ and feet.

198.—ZINCUM.

ZINC.—Zinc.—HAHNEMANN.—*Duration of effect*: from 30 to 40 days in chronic affections.

ANTIDOTES: Camph. hep. ign.—*Zinc is an antidote against*: bar-c.—Wine, and also cham. and n-vom. aggravate the sufferings.

COMPARE WITH: Ant. arn. bell. canth. carb-reg. hep. ign. plumb. puls. sep. stram. sulph.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine, when indicated by the *totality of the symptoms*, may sometimes be useful in some of the following affections:—Spontaneous dislocation; Paralysis; Herpes; Amblyopia amaurotica; Inflammatory swelling of the nose; Flatulent colic; Renal gravel and calculi?; Orchitis?; Disposition to abortion, with varices on the parts?; Nymphomania of pregnant women??; &c., &c.

☞ See note, page 1.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—*Tearing in the limbs, aggravated whenever one is over-heated or takes exercise.*—Drawing tearing in the hollow bones, with pain so violent that the limbs have no support.—*Pain as if from excoriation.*—Spasmodic pain and cramp in the limbs.—Visible quivering and jerking in different parts of the muscles.—Crawling in the limbs.—Varices.—Pain, which sometimes seems to be between the skin and the flesh.—*The symptoms are aggravated in an extraordinary degree by camomile, nux-vomica and wine, substances which also excite them, particularly the nocturnal uneasiness and constipation.*—*The majority of the symptoms manifest themselves after dinner and towards the evening.*—General insensibility of the body.—“Sensation of coldness in the bones.—Violent pulsation in the whole body.—*Violent trembling of the whole body, particularly after every mental emotion.*—*Heaviness, lassitude and excessive weakness, principally when walking, or on waking in the morning.*—“Aversion to movement.

SKIN.—Itching in the joints.—Itching with violent lacerations, especially in the evening, in bed, disappearing immediately when touched.—Crawling between the skin and the flesh.—Chronic eruptions.—*Herpes and herpetic ulcers.*—Ganglia, chilblains and liability of the external parts to suffer from the cold.—Rhagades.—Small furunculi.

SLEEP.—*Sleep by day and continued desire to sleep, especially *in the morning, or after a meal, -with inclination to yawn.*—Retarded sleep.—Disturbed sleep with frequent waking.—*Unrefreshing sleep.—*Fantastic, frightful, agitated, or disgusting and terrific dreams, with talking and cries during sleep, excessive coldness of the feet at night.—Shocks in the brain during sleep, and frequent starts.

FEVER.—Febrile shuddering along the back.—Continued shivering, with increased internal heat.—*Febrile shuddering*, with flushes of heat; *violent trembling of the limbs*, short and hot breath and pulsation in the whole body.—°Tendency to perspire in the day.—*Nocturnal perspiration.

MORAL SYMPTOMS. — Hypochondriacal humour. — °Thoughts of death, as if the end were approaching.—Fear of robbers or of frightful spectres.—*Fretful, peevish humour*, with *dislike to conversation, especially in the evening*.—One is powerfully affected by conversation, or by any noise whatever.—Irascibility and impatience.—*Propensity to passion* and great uneasiness when left alone.—**Aversion to labour*.—*Fickleness*, with sadness towards noon and joy in the evening, and *vice versa*.—Weak memory.—Forgetfulness.—Absence of ideas.—Difficult conception.—Incoherent ideas.

HEAD.—Continued confusion and cloudiness in the head.—*Vertigo* deeply seated in the brain, principally *in the occiput*, so as to cause one to fall sideways.—Vertigo, as if the seat were undulating when rising up in bed, in the morning.—Stupifying vertigo, with clouded sight and general weakness.—Cephalalgia at night, or in the evening after lying down.—Head-ache after drinking wine.—Attack of cephalalgia, with nausea and vomiting.—*Pressive cephalalgia, in the forehead*, with confusion, or else in the temples and occiput, principally *in the morning*.—Compressive boring or expansive pressure in the head.—*Drawing in the occiput and forehead*.—Shootings and *tearing in the head*, especially *in the sides, temples, forehead and occiput, aggravated after dinner*.—°Pain, as if from excoriation in the head.—Pulsative pains in the head.—°Buzzing in the head.—The head-aches are mitigated in the open air and aggravated in a room.—Itching and *sensation of excoriation in the hairy scalp*, or *pain, as if from ulceration.—Sensation, as if the hair were standing on end.—*Baldness.

EYES.—Pain in the eyes in the evening, after lying down or drinking wine.—*Pressure on the eyes*, or sensation, as if they had sunk into the head.—Pressive and lancinating tearing in the eyes.—Itching, smarting and *sensation, as if from excoriation in the eyes, eye-lids and internal canthi*.—Burning and inflammation of the eyes and eye-lids.—Redness and inflammation of the internal canthi, with suppuration.—°Dryness of the eyes.—°Falling down and *paralysis* of the upper eye-lids.—Pupils contracted.—Luminous flocks before the eyes when looking into the air.

EARS.—**Otalgia*, with *tearing lancinations* and external swelling, especially in children.—Flow of fetid pus from the ears.—**Humming* in the ears.

NOSE.—*Pain*, as if from *excoriation* in the interior of the nose.—Troublesome pressure at the root of the nose, as if it were squeezed.—**Swelling of the nose internally and externally*, sometimes on one side only, with anosmia.—Obstruction of the nose.—Fluent coryza, with hoarseness and burning sensation in the chest.

FACE.—Pale and earthy countenance.—Gloomy and wandering look.—*Tearing and pain*, as if beaten, in the bones of the face.—The lips and commissuræ of the lips are cracked, with internal ulceration.—Thick, viscous mucus on the lips.—Itching eruption and redness on the chin.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, during mastication.—*Tearing*, lancinating or drawing odontalgia, especially in the molares.—**Pain in the teeth*, as if from *excoriation*.—°Loosening of the teeth.—Copious bleeding of the teeth.—Copious bleeding of the teeth and *gums.—Gums white, swollen with pain, as if from *excoriation*.——Ulcers in the gums.

MOUTH—Small, yellow ulcers in the mouth, on the internal surface of the cheeks, and *copious secretion of saliva*, with metallic taste.—Vesicles on the tongue.

THROAT.—Drawing tearings in the bottom of the gullet, especially when not swallowing.—Sensation of contraction and *cramp in the œsophagus*, in the region of the throat-pit.—Dryness and roughness in the palate and throat with smarting and scraping.—*Pain*, as if from *excoriation in the throat*.—*Copious accumulation of mucus in the throat*.

APPETITE.—Taste of blood in the mouth.—**Salt taste in the mouth*.—Violent thirst.—Diminished appetite.—Sharp hunger and *insatiable voracity*.—Dislike to meat (veal), sweet things, fish and cooked and hot food.—Pressure in the stomach, with nausea, after eating bread.—Hypochondriacal humour, with pressure under the false ribs, choking, clawing, in the abdomen and fulness, pressure, or burning in the stomach after a meal.

STOMACH.—Eructation with pressive pain in the chest.—*Sour eructations*, after a meal, especially after drinking milk.—*Pyrosis* after things sweetened with sugar.—Hiccough especially after breakfast.—Nausea with vomituration and vomiting of bitter mucus, renewed by the slightest movement.—Vomiting of blood.—Pressure in the stomach.—Unpleasant sensation in the cardia and along the œsophagus.—Squeezing and pressure in the scorbiculus.—*Tearing and shootings in the scorbiculus*.—*Burning sensation in the epigastrium*.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—*Spasmodic pains in the hypochondria*, alternating with oppression on the chest.—*Violent pressure in the hypochondria* and sides of the abdomen, aggravated by movement and walking.—Squeezing, pressure and shootings in the hepatic region.—*Shootings in the region of the spleen*.—Pressure, shootings and pain as if from excoriation in the lumbar region.—Pains in the abdomen, in the evening, after lying down.—Violent pressure and tension in the abdomen (and sides) with distention.—Sensation of uneasiness produced by a pressure on the internal surface of the trunk, as if proceeding from the nerves without flatulency.—Spasmodic pain in the umbilical region.—Squeezing in the abdomen.—Gripings and pinchings in the abdomen, with diarrhœa.—Tearings and shootings in the abdomen.—*Accumulation of much flatulence with grumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen, especially after a meal.—*Flatulent colic*, especially in the evening.—Frequent expulsion of hot and putrid flatus.—*Inguinal hernia*.

FÆCES.—**Constipation*.—Hard, dry, insufficient fæces, often evacuated with violent effort.—**Loose, soft evacuations* of the consistence of pap, or liquid and often with discharge of bright red blood.—°Involuntary evacuation.—Pain in the abdomen during and after the evacuation.—Tearings, shootings, burning, *sensation as if from excoriation and violent itching in the anus*.—*Crawling in the anus*, as if from worms.

URINE.—°Retention of urine, when beginning to urinate.—Violent pressure of the urine on the vesica.—Painful emission of urine.—*Involuntary emission of urine*, °especially when walking, coughing or sneezing.—Frequent emission of a clear yellow urine, which afterwards deposits a white flocky sediment.—The urine becomes turbid like clay-water after standing.—Sanguineous urine.—Burning sensation during and after emission of urine.—*Cutting pains in the orifice of the urethra*.—*Discharge of blood from the urethra*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—*Testes retracted, swollen, painful.—Drawing in the testes and along the spermatic cord.—*Pain, as if from excoriation in the scrotum*.—Contraction of the scrotum and shuddering in that part.—Strong excitement to coition, with difficult or too speedy emission.—Permanent erections at night.—Flow of prostatic fluid.—*Excessive sensitiveness of the genital organs*.—Sensation of bearing down towards the genital organs.—Suppressed lochia.—°*Catamenia* too early or suppressed.—*Catamenia* retarded.—°Spasmodic colic on the appearance of the catamenia.—°Distention of the abdomen, cuttings and pressure

towards the abdomen and loins, with great heaviness and lassitude in the legs during the catamenia.—*Leucorrhœa of thick mucus*, sometimes preceded by pains in the abdomen.—Pain, as if from excoriation in the mammæ.—Milk suppressed.

LARYNX.—*Roughness and dryness in the throat* and chest, especially in the morning and after dinner.—Discharge of black blood, when hawking.—*Dry cough* also at night, with lancinations and pain in the chest, as if it would burst.—*Cough with expectoration of viscous mucus*, followed by a sensation of coldness and excoriation in the chest as if it were raw.—*Cough with expectoration of blood*, burning sensation and pain, as if from excoriation in the chest.

CHEST.—Difficult respiration and *oppression with pressive pain in the chest*, especially in the evening.—*Spasmodic dyspnoea*.—Shortness of breath, caused by flatulence after a meal.—*Chest loaded with mucus*.—*Pressure in the chest*.—*Tensive pain in the sternum*.—*Tearings in the chest*.—*Shootings in the chest*, especially *in the region of the heart*.—Burning sensation in the chest.—**Palpitation of the heart* with and without anxiety.—*Irregular movements of the heart*.—*Shocks in the heart* and intermission of the palpitation *with choking*.

TRUNK.—**Pains in the loins*, especially when walking and seated.—Sensation of paralytic weakness in the back and loins.—**Rheumatic pains in the back*.—Itching herpes on the back.—Tension and shootings in and between the shoulder-blades.—*Lancinating tearings*, stiffness and tension in the nape of the neck.

ARMS.—**Rheumatic drawing and lancinating tearings in the shoulders, arms, elbows, and in the joints of the hands and fingers*.—*Painful sensation of paralysis in the arms*.—*Furunculi on the arms*.—*Paleness and paralysis of the hands*.—*Weakness and trembling of the hands*, when writing.—*Herpetic, rough and itching spots on the hands*.—**Dry skin*, with rhagades on the hands.—*Cracks between the fingers*.—*Numbness of the fingers*, when rising in the morning.

LEGS.—*Rheumatic drawings and tearings in the legs, knees, joints of the foot and feet*.—*Varices in the thighs and legs*.—*Tensive pain in the knees*.—*Nocturnal pains in the knees*.—Sensation as if the blood did not circulate in the legs.—*Drawing and tensive stiffness in the calves of the legs*, when walking.—*Crawling in the calves of the legs*.—*Erysipelatous inflammation and swelling of the tendo-Achillis*.—*Stiffness of the ankle joint after sitting*.—

Wrenching pain in the joints of the feet and toes.—Burning sensation in the feet.—Inflammatory swelling of the feet.—Weakness and trembling of the feet.—Paralysis of the feet.—*Painful chilblains on the feet.—Itching, heat, redness and swelling of the toes as if they were frost-bitten.—Pulsative lancinations in the toes.

199.—ZINCUM SULPHURICUM.

ZINC-S.—Sulphate of zinc.—A medicine as yet entirely unknown, but which has been employed against a kind of *St. Vitus' dance*.

200.—ZINGIBER.

ZING.—Ginger.—ARCHIVES OF STAFF.—A medicine as yet very little known.

SYMPTOMS.—Drawing and pressive pains in the head, especially in the sinciput.—Pressure in the eyes as if from sand.—Obstruction of the nose, with great dryness of the nose and the nasal fossæ.—Insupportable, itching crawling in the nostrils.—Painful sensitiveness of the teeth with pressive drawing pain in the roots.—Bread causes pains in the stomach and head.—Contractive pains in the abdomen, with desire to evacuate.—Cough, excited by a burning smarting in the larynx and sometimes with expectoration of thick mucus.—Pain in the loins, as if they were bruised.—Burning and pricking, crawling in the feet.—Rheumatic drawing in the back of the hands.—Heat in the palms of the hands and face.—Soreness of the heels, after standing long.

201.—MAGNES ARTIFICIALIS.

M. G. S.—Artificial magnet.—HAHNEMANN.—*Method of using it*:—The patient touches the north or south pole for one minute with the end of one finger. *Duration of effect*: from 10 to 14 days in some cases of chronic diseases.

ANTIDOTES: Ign. zinc. and the opposite pole.

A.—MAGNETIS POLI AMBO.

M. G. S. Both poles of the magnet without distinction.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Burning sensation in the limbs, and joints.—Burning lancinations in the fleshy parts.—Wrenching pain in the limbs.—*Pains, as if beaten in the joints*, especially in the evening and morning when in bed, and principally when moving.—*Burning lancinations across all parts of the body*, in different directions.—Shuddering, which traverses the whole body.—*Shaking in the body*,

with fright, or shocks, which causes it to bend and to rise again with violence, sometimes with loss of consciousness.—Tendency of all old wounds to bleed afresh.—Painful ulcers, as if from new wounds.—Small furunculi.—Small pustules, with lancinating; drawing pain.

SLEEP.—Disturbed sleep, with talking, snoring and continued tossing.—Waking at three o'clock in the morning; one falls into a *drowsy lethargy towards sunrise*.—One lies on the back, with the hand under the head, the legs wide apart, and the mouth half open, with snoring respiration.—Amorous, lascivious dreams.—Jerking of the body, before going to sleep.—After waking in the morning, head-ache, with pain as if beaten in all the joints, which forces one to change the position of the limbs continually.—Dry heat, with desire to be uncovered, at night, and in the morning in bed.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Busy precipitation.—Distraction.—Irresolution.—Inadvertence.—Propensity to anger and rage.

HEAD.—Vertigo, especially in the evening after lying down, as if about to fall, or as from concussion in the head.—Vertigo, with staggering when walking; objects seem to undulate before the eyes.—Head-ache from tension of memory and reflection.—Pain in the head, as if bruised, on waking in the morning.—Digging, stupifying head-ache, which is immediately dispersed after discharge of flatulency.—*Cephalalgia*, as if a nail were driven in, or as if from a wound, especially after being angry.—Jerking tearing in the head, appearing at intervals.—Buzzing in the head.

EYES—NOSE.—*Itching in the eyes*, especially in the eyelids.—Pupils dilated.—Scintillation of white light, beyond the visual range, in the twilight.—Sparks before the eyes.—Humming in the ears.—Diminished hearing.—Aberration of smell; a smoky or mouldy scent is perceived.

FACE.—Perspiration on the face, without heat, in the morning.—Jerking tearing in the upper-jaw.—Violent burning lancination in the muscles of the face in the evening.—Swelling of the lips, with salivation in the evening.—Small pimples, with pain, like that of a wound, on the lips.

TEETH.—Odontalgia, after drinking any thing cold, or from contact with cold air.—Pressive, jerking odontalgia, by isolated shocks.—Odontalgia in the carious teeth, with swelling of the gums.

APPETITE.—Fetid breath.—Metallic taste in the mouth.—Tobacco and beer are insipid.—Many things have a

mouldy taste.—Speedy satiety.—Decided hunger in the evening.

STOMACH.—Abortive eructations.—Eructations with smell and taste of the scrapings of horn.—Sour regurgitation, when stooping.—*Pressure in the stomach*, with cramps towards the upper parts, agitation, which allows no rest whatever, heaviness of the tongue, paleness of the face and coldness of the body.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pressure and anxious fulness in the abdomen, especially during mental exertion.—Noisy rumbling and borborygmus in the abdomen.—Production of much flatulence.—Flatulent colic.—Expulsion of flatulence with painful pressure.

FÆCES.—Constipation, as from contraction of the rectum.—Painless diarrhœa, with flatulence.—Hæmorrhoidal, smarting pain in the anus, after the evacuation, with constriction in the rectum.—Hæmorrhoides coecæ.—**Prolapsus recti*.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Burning sensation in the region of the spermatic vesicles, which excites to coition.—Want of intense sexual desire and aversion to coition.—Erection, with amorous thoughts.—Retraction of the prepuce behind the glans.—Swelling of the epididymis, with pain when moving and when touched.—Catamenia too early, too profuse and of too long duration.

CHEST.—Paroxysms of *dry cough* at night.—Spasmodic cough, especially after midnight when awake or reflecting.—Nocturnal dyspnœa, excited by mucus in the trachea, which is easily detached in the morning.—Burning, insupportable lancinations in the muscles of the chest.

TRUNK AND EXTREMITIES.—Jerking in the spine, as if from something alive.—Painful sensibility of the joint of the sacrum, in the morning in bed, when lying on the side, or by day, when stooping.—Wrenching pain in the joint of the shoulder, or like the jerking of a tendon in the wrist.—Drawing pains in the joints and muscles of the arms, often from the head into the fingers.—Tearing jerking in the muscles of the arms, after remaining some time in the cold.—Red spots in the palms of the hands, like vesicles.—Attacks of cramp in the calves of the legs and toes, after waking in the morning.—Burning lancinations in the heels and in the corns on the feet.

B.—MAGNETIS POLUS ARCTICUS.

M. G. S.—A. R. C.—North pole of the magnet.

ANTIDOTES: Mgs-aus. ign. zinc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This remedy has hitherto been employed against: *Nervous excitement*; *Nervous odontalgia*; and precursors of inguinal hernia.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Great lassitude and pain, as if from fatigue in the whole body, with dejection, especially in the morning and in the open air, as when the weather is sultry.—Drawing sensation in the periosteum of all the bones, as at the commencement of intermittent fever.—Digging lancinations, which are more painful the deeper they are, in different parts of the body.—Lancinating shocks, throbbing, trembling, coldness, and sensation as if the blood were carried towards the parts touched by the magnet.—**Over-excitement, with trembling, uneasy restlessness in the limbs and great nervous weakness.*—Crawling and lancinating itching in the skin.—Burning sensation or burning tearing in the herpes.—*Panaritium.*

SLEEP.—Violent spasmodic yawnings, with pain in the maxillary joint, as if it were about to be dislocated.—**Great desire to sleep by day.*—*Coma.*—Profound sleep at night, during which one generally lies on the back.—Many vivid dreams (sometimes lascivious) and singing during sleep.—Waking in the evening, after going to sleep, from a violent shock in the head and muscles of the neck.—Tossing during sleep, with troublesome heat, and desire to be uncovered, without thirst.—Imperfect waking in the morning, with full self-consciousness, vivid memory, great flow of ideas, and reflections on some important subject.

FEVER.—Sensation of coldness, or of coolness over the whole body.—*Chilliness.*—Cool hands, with cool perspiration on these parts and over the whole body.—Shuddering, followed by transient heat and swelling in the veins of the hands.—Sensation of heat over the whole body, with the hands and legs cold.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—Peevishness and inclination to weep, *with shivering.*—*Mildness, submission.*—Indolence when seated, as if the power of moving were lost.—Irresolution, followed by prompt execution, after a resolution has been once formed.—Speaking loud while quite alone, and engaged in occupation.—Fickleness.—*Anxious hesitation and restlessness.*—Loss of sense.—Loss of ideas.—Weakness of memory.—Tendency to make mistakes when writing.

HEAD.—Vertigo, as from intoxication, with staggering, when walking in the open air, and want of stability when standing.—Semi-lateral drawing with vertigo passing from the middle of the head towards the ears, like the oscilla-

tion of a pendulum.—Cephalalgia, when lifting and moving the eyes.—Depressing cephalalgia, as if from a weight.—Cephalalgia, as if the brain were about to burst.—Tension of the integuments of the head, as if they adhered too closely to the cranium.

EYES.—Eyes prominent and fixed.—*Icy coldness of the (weak) eyes.*—Restless movements of the eyes.—Lancinations, itching, and jerking drawing in the eye-lids, with lachrymation.—Painful sensation of dryness in the eye-lids, on waking in the morning.

EARS AND NOSE.—Roaring in the ears and internal heat, as if from boiling water.—Deafness, as if caused by a band over the ears.—Aberration of smell, as if one smelt rotten eggs, or fresh plaster and dust.—Epistaxis, preceded by pressive cephalalgia in the forehead.—Redness and heat in the point of the nose, followed by red spots, hot and sharply circumscribed, on the cheeks.

FACE.—Paleness in the face.—Tension in the face.—Painful squeezing in the maxillary joint, with sensation, while moving it, as if it were dislocated.—*Swelling of one cheek only.*—Trismus.

TEETH.—**Odontalgia in the carious teeth*, at intervals, as if they were being extracted.—**Pains in the carious teeth, with gums swollen and painful when touched.*—**Pains in the (carious) teeth, augmented after a meal, and in the heat, mitigated in the open air, and when walking.*—**Odontalgia, with red, hot, swollen cheeks.*—**Odontalgia with shocks, which traverse the periosteum of the jaw*, or with drawing, pressive, or else tearing, digging, or burning lancinating pains.—Incisor teeth set on edge, when breathing through the mouth.—Torpor and insensibility of the gums, after the tooth-ache ceases.—°*Carious teeth.*

STOMACH.—Loss of taste.—Acid taste in the mouth.—Tobacco has a bitter taste.—Frequent empty eructations.—Continued *pyrosis*, especially after supper.—Voraciousness in the evening.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Production and incarceration of much flatulence.—Flatulent, pressive colic.—Shocks in the abdomen, as if something in it were falling, or blows proceeding from the abdomen and mounting into the chest and as far as the throat.—*Inflation of the abdomen.*—**Pressure and boring towards the inguinal ring, as if preparatory to a rupture, with relaxation of the inguinal ring.*

FÆCES—GENITAL ORGANS.—**Obstinate constriction of the abdomen* and constipation.—Hard fæces, of a large size, difficult to evacuate, often preceded by drawing, dysenteric

pains in the hypogastrium.—Increased secretion of urine.—Deep-coloured urine.—*Immoderate erections with frequent pollutions.*—Excitement to coition.—*Catamenia too feeble.*—Catamenia suppressed.

LARYNX.—Dry, asthmatic suffocating cough, aggravated by walking in the open air.—*Spasmodic shaking cough, in the evening, when going to sleep,* and which hinders sleep.—Spasmodic, suffocating cough, towards midnight, produced by irritation in the bronchia, jarring the head and the whole body and exciting heat, till a general perspiration ensues, when the cough ceases.—Continued want to cough, in the evening, which is removed only by restraining the cough.

TRUNK—EXTREMITIES.—Pains in the back, as if beaten, when bending it backwards.—Cracking in the cervical vertebræ during movement.—Inflammation of the back of the hand, with pulsative pain.—Heaviness in the arms, hands, and fingers.—Pains in the hip-joints and lower-limbs, as if beaten.—Great lassitude in the lower extremities; they appear as if they were just about to break, when walking.—Pain, as if from excoriation in the toes and corns on the feet.

C.—MAGNETIS POLUS AUSTRALIS.

MAGS.—AUS.—South pole of the magnet.

ANTIDOTES: Mgs-arc. ign. zinc.

CLINICAL REMARKS.—This medicine has been hitherto employed against:—Paralytic state of the neck of the vesica; Impotence; Varices of pregnant women and panaritium.

GENERAL SYMPTOMS.—Drawings in the fingers, joints of the fingers and feet, and in the ankles.—Lancinating, pulsative pains in the roots of the nails, as if they were about to suppurate.—Pains, with pinching or burning lacerations, in different parts of the body.—Pains, as if beaten in the limbs, and their joints, as if one had lain upon flints.—Liability to suffer from a chill.—Tendency of the nose, ears, hands and feet, to feel as if they were frost-bitten, from a moderate degree of coldness.—Sudden lassitude when walking, with anxiety and heat, or sudden inclination to sleep.

SLEEP.—Great desire to sleep, in the evening and morning; one closes the eyes without being able to sleep.—Sleeplessness with over-excitement before midnight.—Confused, frightful dreams.—Prolonged dreams on the same subject, with fatiguing meditation.—Slow, noisy, snoring expiration before midnight; after midnight, the same thing

happens with respect to inspiration.—Lying on the back, during the night.—Congestion to the head in the morning, which forces one to lie with the head high.

FEVER.—Excessive dread of the open air, which penetrates to the very marrow of the bones, even when the weather is hot, with ill-humour and inclination to weep.—Shuddering, with cloudiness before the eyes, trembling and tossing of the limbs, without shivering, followed by heat in the head and face.

MORAL SYMPTOMS.—*Moroseness and ill-humour, with aversion to conversation.—Dislike to society and to smiling faces.—*Passion and rage*.—Instability of ideas.

HEAD—THROAT.—Vertigo, as if from intoxication, with staggering gait.—Heaviness, crawling and digging in the head.—Shocks in the head, sometimes with tearing.—Dryness and smarting in the eye-lids, especially when moving them, and principally in the morning and evening.—Lachrymation.—Amblyopia.—Tearing, jerking odontalgia, aggravated by hot things.—Accumulation of watery saliva in the mouth.—Speech embarrassed, as if from a swelling of the tongue.—Burning sensation in the gullet.

STOMACH.—Metallic taste, at one time sweetish, at another acidulous on and under the tongue.—All food is too insipid.—Excessive indifference to food, drink, and tobacco-smoke.—Bulimy at noon and in the evening, sometimes during the febrile shiverings.—Pressure in the scrobiculus during mental exertion.

ABDOMINAL REGION.—Pinching in the abdomen caused by a current of air.—Noisy borborygmus and rumbling in the abdomen.—Pressive, flatulent colic, with pinchings and inflation of the abdomen.—Sensation, as if the inguinal ring were dilated preparatory to a rupture, with painful sensitiveness of that part, every time that one coughs.

FÆCES.—Soft, loose *fæces*, preceded by gripings.—Evacuation of liquid *fæces*, with a sensation as if flatus were about to be discharged.—Contraction and painful constriction in the rectum and anus, which prevent the expulsion of wind.

URINE.—**Involuntary emission of urine from paralysis of the sphincter vesicæ*, especially at night.—Emission of urine, drop by drop, with torpor of the urethra.—Very feeble stream of urine.—*Frequent emission of urine, at night.

GENITAL ORGANS.—Ready emission of semen.—**Impotence, with sudden disappearance of all enjoyment, in the moment of greatest excitement*.—Pain in the penis, as if some fibres were being torn or plucked away.—Painful retrac-

tion of the testes at night.—Swelling of the testes, with tearing shocks and sensation of contraction in these parts.—*Catamenia too early and too profuse.*—*Metrorrhagia.*

CHEST.—Cough and coryza, with expectoration of greenish mucus, and shortness of breath.—Paroxysms of cough, at night, when sleeping.—Desires to take a deep inspiration, like sighing, with involuntary deglutition.—Oppression of the chest, as if the respiration were tremulous and with sensation of coolness.—Drawing pressure in both sides of the sternum, with anguish of conscience, which does not allow any rest whatever.—*Violent palpitation of the heart.*—Palpitation of the heart, during which it seems that it is not the heart that palpitates.

TRUNK.—Pressive, burning pain in the loins, during repose and movement.—Pain, as if they had been beaten or dislocated, in the joints of the sacrum and lumbar vertebræ.

ARMS.—Crawling along the arms, like slight shocks.—Painful and rapid jerking along the arms.—Heaviness and lassitude in the arms.—Gurgling along the arms and in veins of the arms.—Crawling and throbbing in the ends of the fingers.—**Panaritium.*

LEGS.—Jerking throbbing in the tendons of the ham, with contraction of the legs, especially when moving.—Pressive tearing in the patella.—Throbbing in the muscles of the feet, after walking.—The knees give way, during movement.—Easy dislocation of the joint of the foot, when making a false step.—Sensibility and pain, as if from a wound, in the nail of the great toe.—*The toe-nails penetrate the flesh.—°*Varices.*

ADDITIONS.

ARNICA.—Fever, with coldness in the hands and feet.—°Malignant fever, with loss of consciousness and carpol-ogy, without delirium.—°Fever (puerperal) of a tertian type and watery diarrhœa.—°In the apyrexia, tension and fulness in the epigastrium, pressure at the liver and undigested evacuations.—°Pulse small, filiform, or strong, full and intermittent.—°Fever in the morning; at first, shivering, then heat.

BELLADONNA.—*Delirium, with vision of spectres or devils, with *desire to pull out the teeth*; or which causes to talk about military affairs, war, bulls, &c., with desire to hide oneself.—Mania, with oaths, or with conversation with the dead.

CAPSICUM.—°*Shiverings, with violent thirst, then heat accompanied (or not) by thirst and perspiration.*—°During the shiverings, head-ache, salivation, vomiting of mucus, painful swelling of the spleen, pains in the back, tearing and contraction of the limbs.—°During the heat, lancinating pain in the head, bad taste in the mouth, gripings, with ineffectual desire to evacuate, pain in the back and chest, tearing in the legs.—°Quotidian and tertian fever.

CARBO VEGETABILIS.—°*Febrile shivering with violent thirst; then heat with little thirst, or shivering without thirst, followed by heat with thirst.*—°Before the shivering, throbbing in the temples, pains in the bones and teeth, cold feet and stretchings.—°During the shivering, lassitude.—°During the heat, head-ache, vertigo, redness of the face, clouded sight, nausea, pains in the stomach, abdomen and chest, oppression and pains in the legs.—°After the attack, head-ache.—°Quotidian, tertian and quartan fevers.

CINA.—°Maculæ corneæ.—°*Shivering with or without thirst, then violent heat without or with thirst, followed or accompanied by perspiration.*—°Fever with *thirst during the coldness* and followed by vomiting.—°Before the shivering, desire to vomit, with drawing in the limbs.—°During the shivering, head-ache, paleness of the face, nausea and bil-

ious vomiting.—°During the heat, delirium, head-ache, paleness of the face, bulimy and pain in the chest when taking an inspiration.—°Intermittent fevers, the nature of which has been changed by *abuse* of cinchona.

IGNATIA.—°*Shiverings with thirst, followed by heat without thirst*, with the feet cold and with or without perspiration.—°During the shivering, nausea, pallid face, pain in the back, and paralytic sensation in the legs.—°During the heat, delirium, vertigo, pulsative *cephalalgia*, pain in the back, aching pains and sleep.—°Quotidian, tertian and quartan fever.

IPECACUANHA.—°*Shiverings of short duration*, then *excessive heat* (often in the head only), *with thirst* and followed by perspiration.—°Before the shivering, drawing in the back.—°During the fever, head-ache, dulness, cough and shootings in the chest.—°Quotidian and tertian fever.

NUX VOMICA.—°Desire to leave the house and to ramble abroad; frightful visions; unreasonable answers and actions.

PLATINA.—°Wandering over past events, with singing, laughing, weeping, dancing and gesticulation.

PULSATILLA.—Frightful visions, with fear and desire to hide.

In the *Clinical Remarks* of the *second part* will be found other additions also, which have been joined to the INDICATIONS for choosing medicines.

